

# HERE BE DRAGONS: THE UNEXPLORED CONTINENTS OF THE CMSSM

---

Jay Wacker  
(SLAC)

with Tim Cohen

[arXiv:13XX.soon](#)

PCTS After the Higgs Workshop  
April 25, 2013

# Disclaimer

This is not a talk on the Higgs boson,

but

the Higgs boson mass plays a central role.

# Disclaimer

This is not a talk on the Higgs boson,

but

the Higgs boson mass plays a central role.

The 8 TeV LHC just began to exploring  
CMSSM

Need 13 TeV (and beyond)

# Outline

- I) Motivation
- II) CMSSM Cartography
- III) Circumnavigating the CMSSM
- IV) Conclusions

# MOTIVATION

---

# The MSSM in the Era of Higgs Discovery

- A SM-like Higgs has been discovered at 125 GeV.
  - Profound implications for spectrum

ATLAS [arXiv:1207.7214]  
 CMS [arXiv:1207.7235]

$$m_{h^0}^2 \simeq m_{Z^0}^2 \cos^2 2\beta + \frac{3g^2 m_t^4}{8\pi^2 m_{W^\pm}^2} \left( \log \frac{m_{\tilde{t}_1} m_{\tilde{t}_2}}{m_t^2} + \frac{A_t^2}{m_{\tilde{t}_1} m_{\tilde{t}_2}} \left( 1 - \frac{A_t^2}{12m_{\tilde{t}_1} m_{\tilde{t}_2}} \right) \right)$$

$$m_{h^{0'}} - m_{h^0} \simeq \frac{3g^2 m_t^4}{16\pi^2 m_{W^\pm}^2 m_{h^0}} \log \frac{m_{\tilde{t}'_1} m_{\tilde{t}'_2}}{m_{\tilde{t}_1} m_{\tilde{t}_2}} \implies m_{\tilde{t}'_1} m_{\tilde{t}'_2} \simeq m_{\tilde{t}_1} m_{\tilde{t}_2} 2^{\frac{\Delta m_h}{5.6 \text{ GeV}}}$$

- This measurement is “consistent” with MSSM.
  - Stops 500 GeV to 100 TeV - 4x heavier than pre-Higgs
- The motivation for weak-scale superpartners remains:
  - Solves the hierarchy problem;
  - Explains the dark matter;
  - Predicts gauge coupling unification.

# The MSSM in the Era of Higgs Discovery

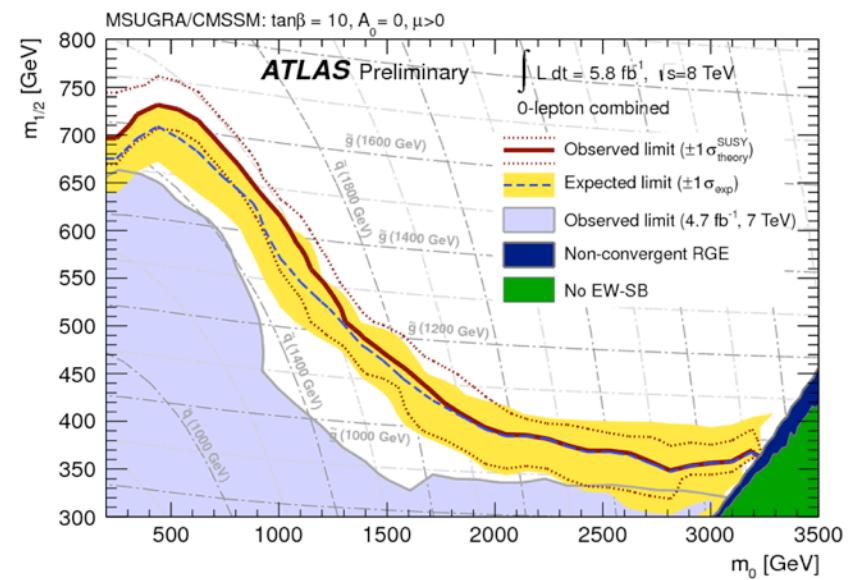
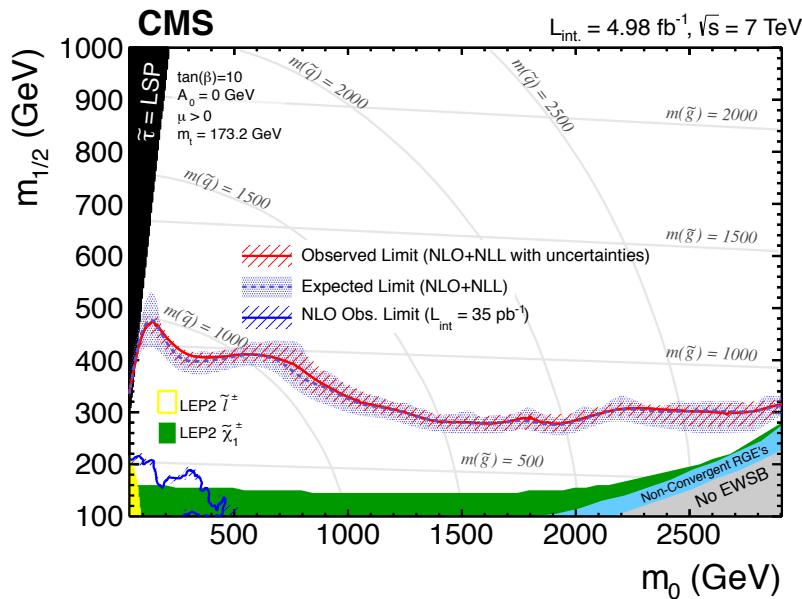
- The parameter space of the MSSM is enormous.
  - The soft supersymmetry breaking Lagrangian includes more than 120 new parameters.
- How can we map out all possible signatures?
  - Simplified models: isolate particles for specific signature. Parameter space is tractable; only a few masses and branching ratios to specify.
  - pMSSM: phenomenologically motivated reduction to 19 parameters.  
[Berger, Gainer, Hewett, Rizzo \[arXiv:0812.0980\]](#)
  - CMSSM/mSUGRA: 4 parameters.  
[Chamseddine, Arnowitt, Nath \[PRL 49 \(1982\)\]](#); [Barbieri, Ferrara, Savoy \[PLB \(1982\)\]](#); [Hall, Lykken, Weinberg \[PRD \(1983\)\]](#)
- 4 parameters is potentially tractable.
- Can we understand all predictions of this ansatz?

# A Simple Ansatz - a wide range of dynamics

- CMSSM is 4-dimensional subspace of the  $R$ -parity conserving MSSM.
- Defined at the GUT scale by the following (real) inputs:
  - The unified scalar soft mass  $M_0$
  - The unified gaugino mass  $M_{1/2}$
  - The unified  $A$ -term  $A_0$
  - The ratio of the Higgs vevs  $\tan \beta$  (traded for  $B_\mu$  term).
- Parameters are evolved to  $M_W$  using the RGEs.
- $\mu$ -term determined by requiring  $m_Z$
- 19 coupled RGEs integrated over 32 e-folds  $\Rightarrow$  relation between input parameters & low energy spectrum is non-linear.

# The State of the Art

- Both ATLAS and CMS put limits on the CMSSM:



- Exclusions are regions of the  $M_{1/2}$  versus  $M_0$  plane at fixed  $A_0$  &  $\tan \beta$ .
- What is the Higgs mass?
- Does the neutralino overclose the Universe?

# Classification

- “Quadrants” defined by sign  $A_0$  & sign  $\mu$  with  $M_{1/2} > 0$ .

- Schematically RGEs for  $A$  and  $B$  terms are

$$16\pi^2 \frac{d}{dt} A = A (|y|^2 - g^2) + y g^2 M,$$

$$16\pi^2 \frac{d}{dt} B = B (|y|^2 - g^2) + \mu (A y^\dagger + g^2 M),$$

- Low energy spectrum is different depending quadrant.
- What process determines the relic abundance?

# Classification

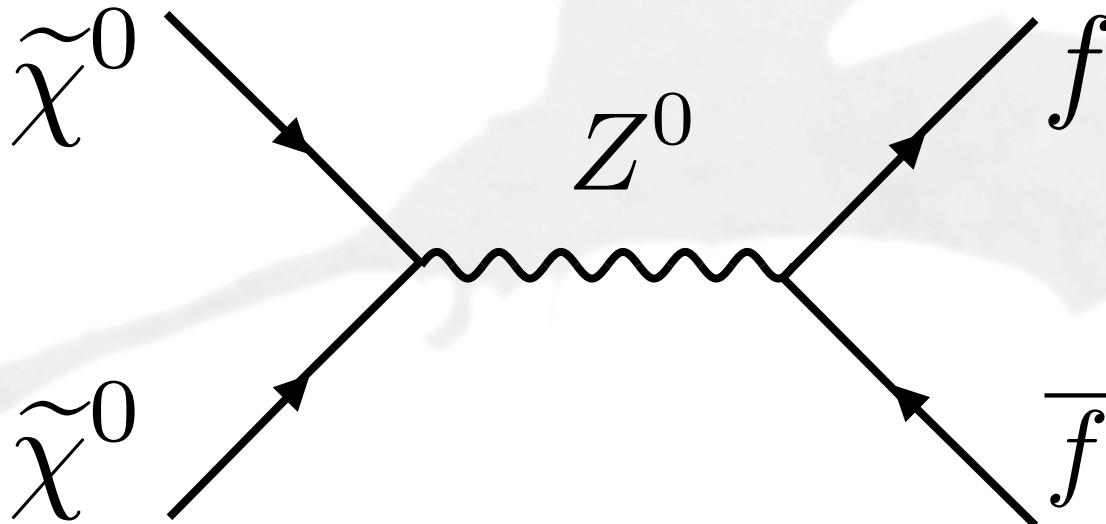
- What process determines the relic abundance?
  - “light  $\tilde{\chi}^0$ ”: annihilation is dominated by the  $Z^0$  and  $h$  poles.
  - “well-tempered”: annihilation via Higgsino/Bino mixing to  $W^+ W^-$ .
  - “ $A^0$  pole”: annihilation is dominated by an s-channel  $A^0$  resonance.
  - “stau coannihilation”
  - “stop coannihilation”

# Classification

- What process determines the relic abundance?

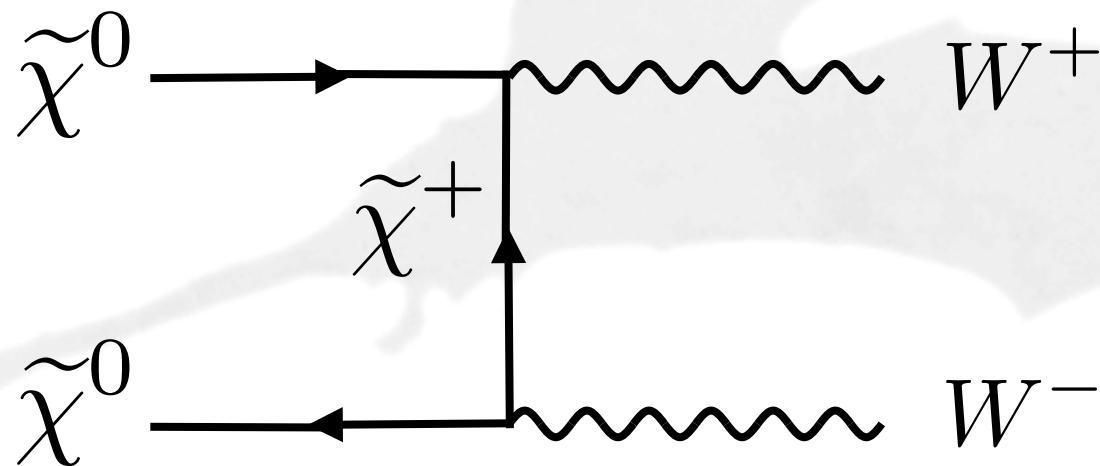
→ “light  $\tilde{\chi}^0$ ”: annihilation is dominated by the  $Z^0$  and  $h$  poles.

- “well-tempered”: annihilation via Higgsino/Bino mixing to  $W^+ W^-$ .
- “ $A^0$  pole”: annihilation is dominated by an s-channel  $A^0$  resonance.
- “stau coannihilation”
- “stop coannihilation”



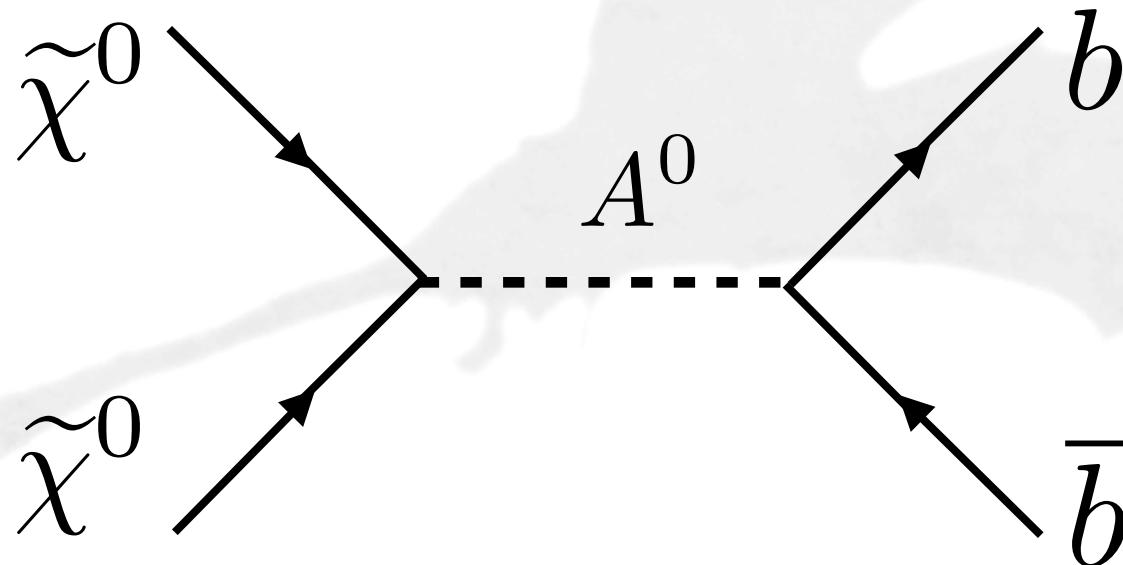
# Classification

- What process determines the relic abundance?
  - “light  $\tilde{\chi}^0$ ”: annihilation is dominated by the  $Z^0$  and  $h$  poles.
  - “well-tempered”: annihilation via Higgsino/Bino mixing to  $W^+ W^-$ .
  - “ $A^0$  pole”: annihilation is dominated by an s-channel  $A^0$  resonance.
  - “stau coannihilation”
  - “stop coannihilation”



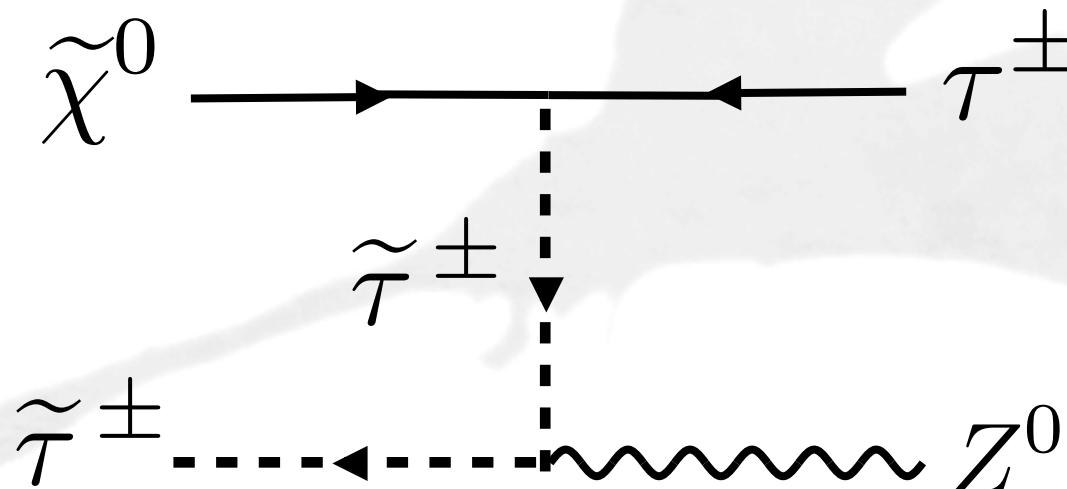
# Classification

- What process determines the relic abundance?
  - “light  $\tilde{\chi}^0$ ”: annihilation is dominated by the  $Z^0$  and  $h$  poles.
  - “well-tempered”: annihilation via Higgsino/Bino mixing to  $W^+ W^-$ .
  - “ $A^0$  pole”: annihilation is dominated by an s-channel  $A^0$  resonance.
  - “stau coannihilation”
  - “stop coannihilation”



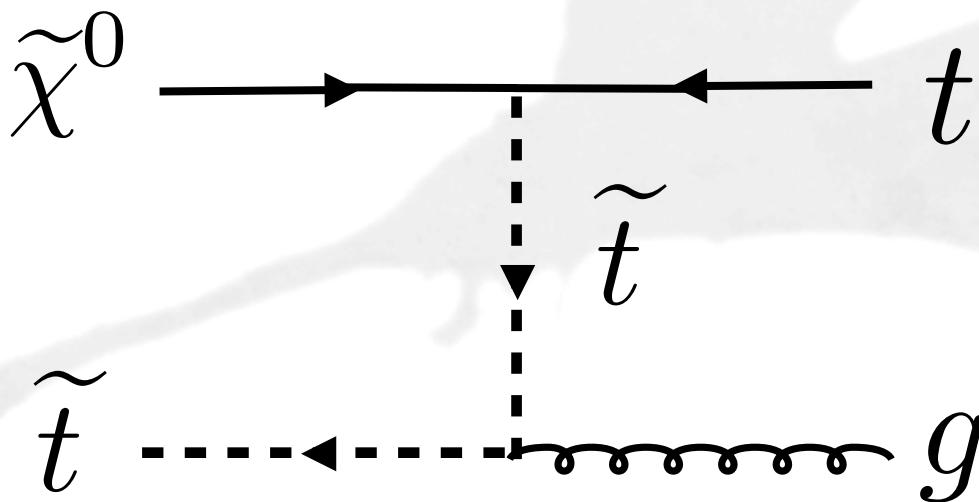
# Classification

- What process determines the relic abundance?
  - “light  $\tilde{\chi}^0$ ”: annihilation is dominated by the  $Z^0$  and  $h$  poles.
  - “well-tempered”: annihilation via Higgsino/Bino mixing to  $W^+ W^-$ .
  - “ $A^0$  pole”: annihilation is dominated by an s-channel  $A^0$  resonance.
  - “stau coannihilation”
  - “stop coannihilation”



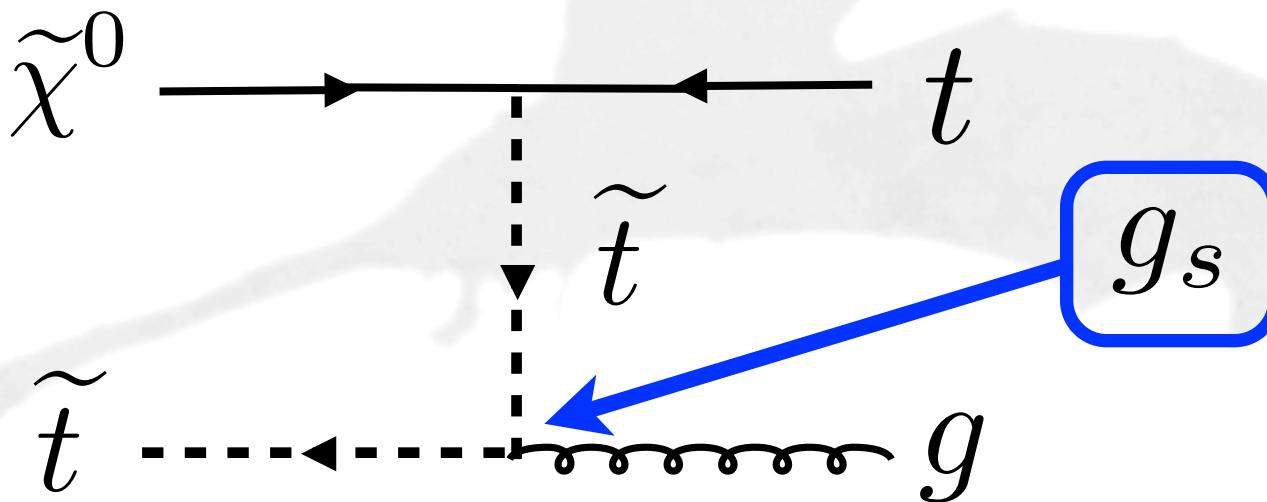
# Classification

- What process determines the relic abundance?
  - “light  $\tilde{\chi}^0$ ”: annihilation is dominated by the  $Z^0$  and  $h$  poles.
  - “well-tempered”: annihilation via Higgsino/Bino mixing to  $W^+ W^-$ .
  - “ $A^0$  pole”: annihilation is dominated by an s-channel  $A^0$  resonance.
  - “stau coannihilation”
  - “stop coannihilation”



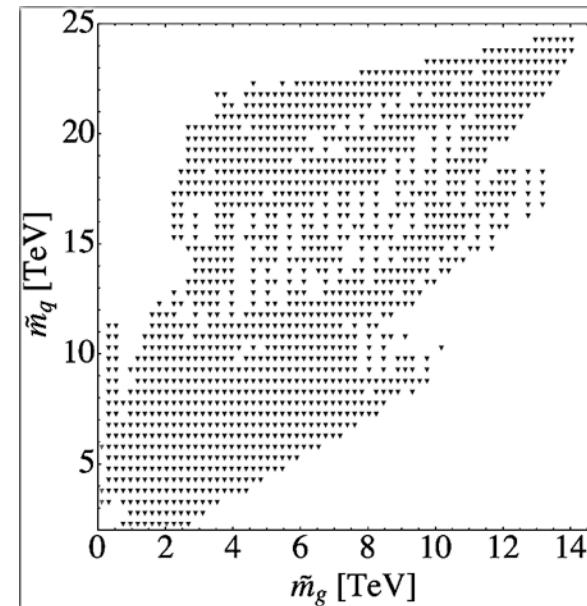
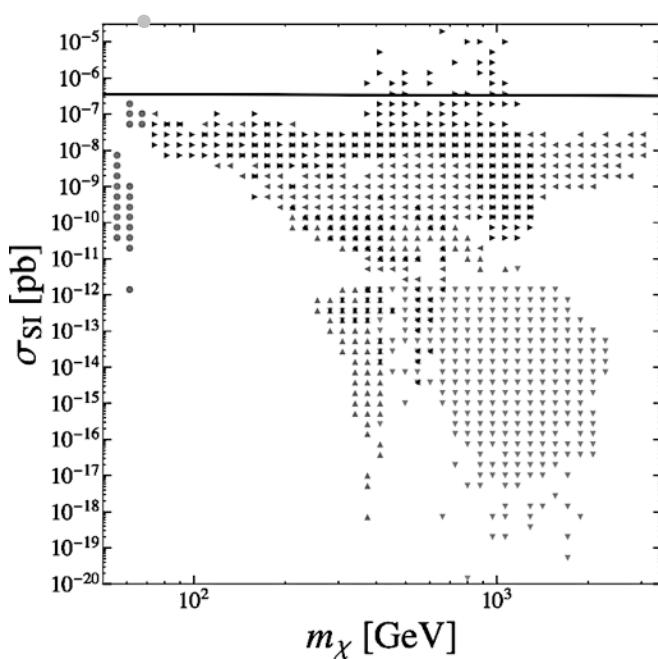
# Classification

- What process determines the relic abundance?
  - “light  $\tilde{\chi}^0$ ”: annihilation is dominated by the  $Z^0$  and  $h$  poles.
  - “well-tempered”: annihilation via Higgsino/Bino mixing to  $W^+ W^-$ .
  - “ $A^0$  pole”: annihilation is dominated by an s-channel  $A^0$  resonance.
  - “stau coannihilation”
  - “stop coannihilation”



# Grading The Post- $h^0$ Discovery CMSSM Literature

- Light  $\chi^0$
- Well Tempered
- $A^0$ -pole
- Stau Coannihilation
- Stop Coannihilation
- A (Excluded by LHC gluinos)
- B- (“will be excluded by DD soon”)
- D (nothing said recently)
- B (“will be excluded by LHC soon”)
- F (Last paper in 2001)



# CMSSM CARTOGRAPHY

---

# The CMSSM is compact

- 125 GeV Higgs mass means  $M_0$  not arbitrarily large.
- Relic density: not overclosing
  - Bounds  $M_{1/2}$  from being too large
- Lifetime of vacuum being longer than 14Gyr bounds  $A_0$ .
- Perturbativity of bottom Yukawa coupling bounds  $\tan \beta$ .

# The CMSSM is compact

- 125 GeV Higgs mass means  $M_0$  not arbitrarily large.
- Relic density: not overclosing
  - Bounds  $M_{1/2}$  from being too large
- Lifetime of vacuum being longer than 14Gyr bounds  $A_0$ .
- Perturbativity of bottom Yukawa coupling bounds  $\tan \beta$ .

## Consequence

*Every MSSM particle discoverable  
by a human-buildable accelerator*

# Tools

- SoftSUSY v3.3.7 computes low energy spectrum from CMSSM inputs. [Allanach \[arXiv:hep-ph/0104145\]](#)
  - Two loop MSSM RGEs (leading log decoupling is accounted for by the inclusion of all 1-loop finite terms).
  - The two loop contributions to the Higgs potential are included.
- DarkSUSY v5.1.1 computes the relic density and direct detection cross sections.
  - All 2-2 scattering processes are included.  
[Gondolo, Edsjo, Ullio, Bergstrom, Schelke \[arXiv:astro-ph/0406204\]](#)
- SUSY-HIT v1.3 computes the decay tables.  
[Djouadi, Muhlleitner, Spira \[arXiv:hep-ph/0609292\]](#)

# Constraints

- 3 GeV error for the theoretical prediction for the Higgs mass:

$$122 \text{ GeV} < m_h < 128 \text{ GeV}$$

Allanach, Djuadi, Kneur, Porod, Slavich [arXiv:hep-ph/0406166]

- Require the relic density be in the range:

$$0.08 < \Omega h^2 < 0.14$$

- Require that the lifetime of vacuum decay to a charge/color breaking minimum be longer than 14Gyr:

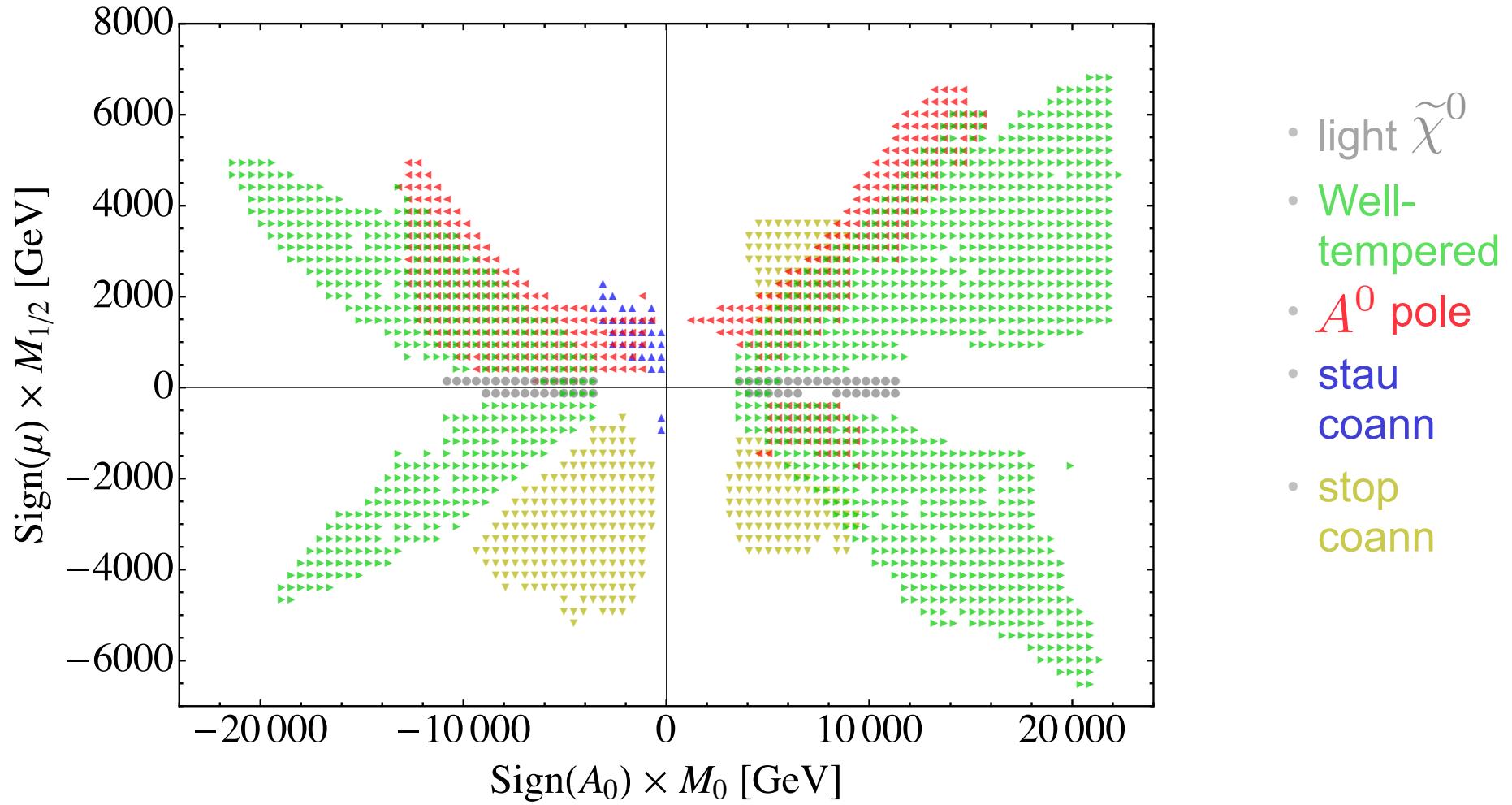
$$|a_t|^2 < (7.5 m_{q_3}^2 + 7.5 m_{u_3^c}^2 + 3 (m_{H_u}^2 + |\mu|^2))$$

Kusenko, Langacker, Segre [arXiv:hep-ph/9602414]

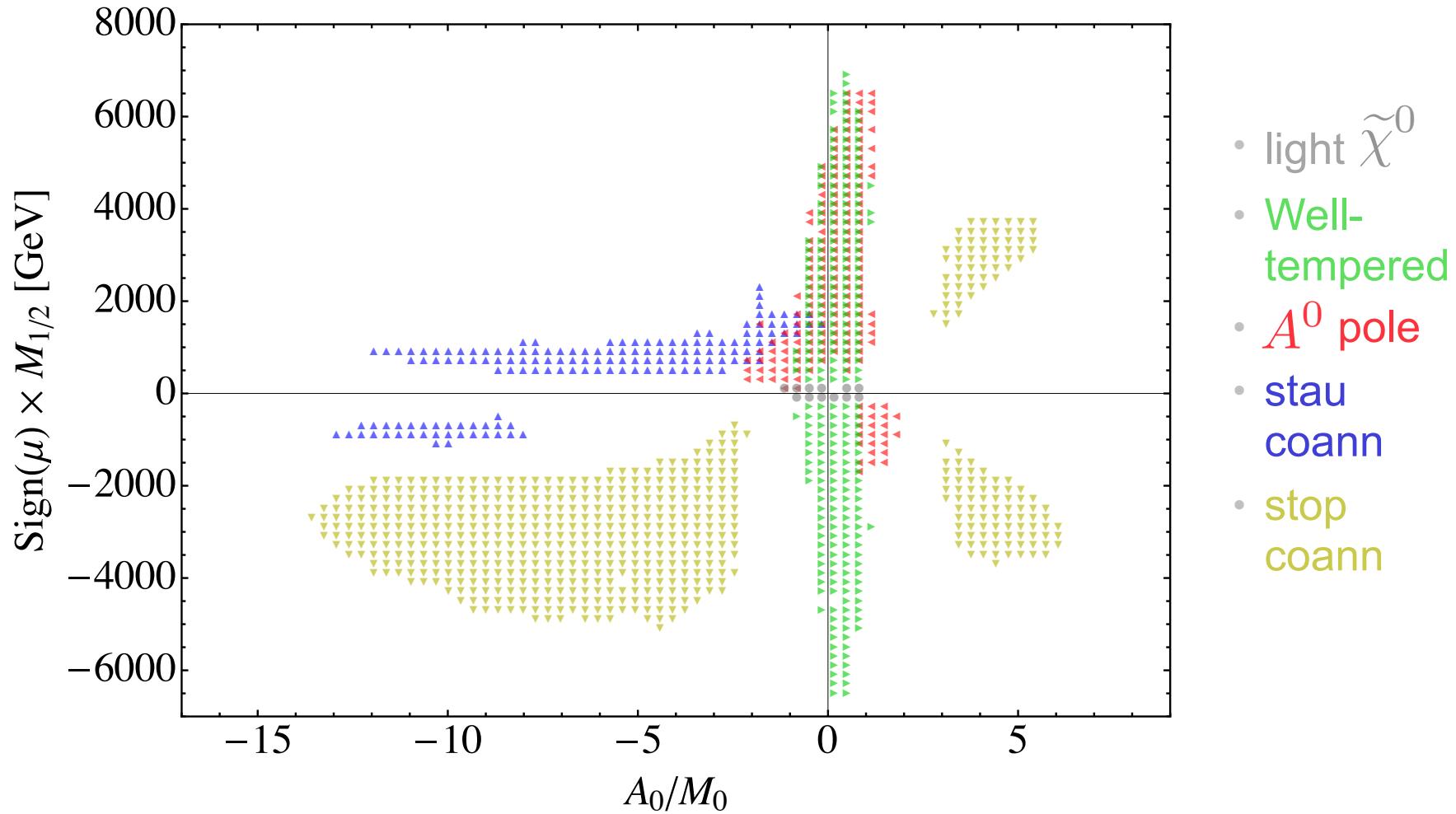
- Require that the chargino mass satisfy LEP bound:

$$\tilde{m}_{\chi^+} > 100 \text{ GeV}$$

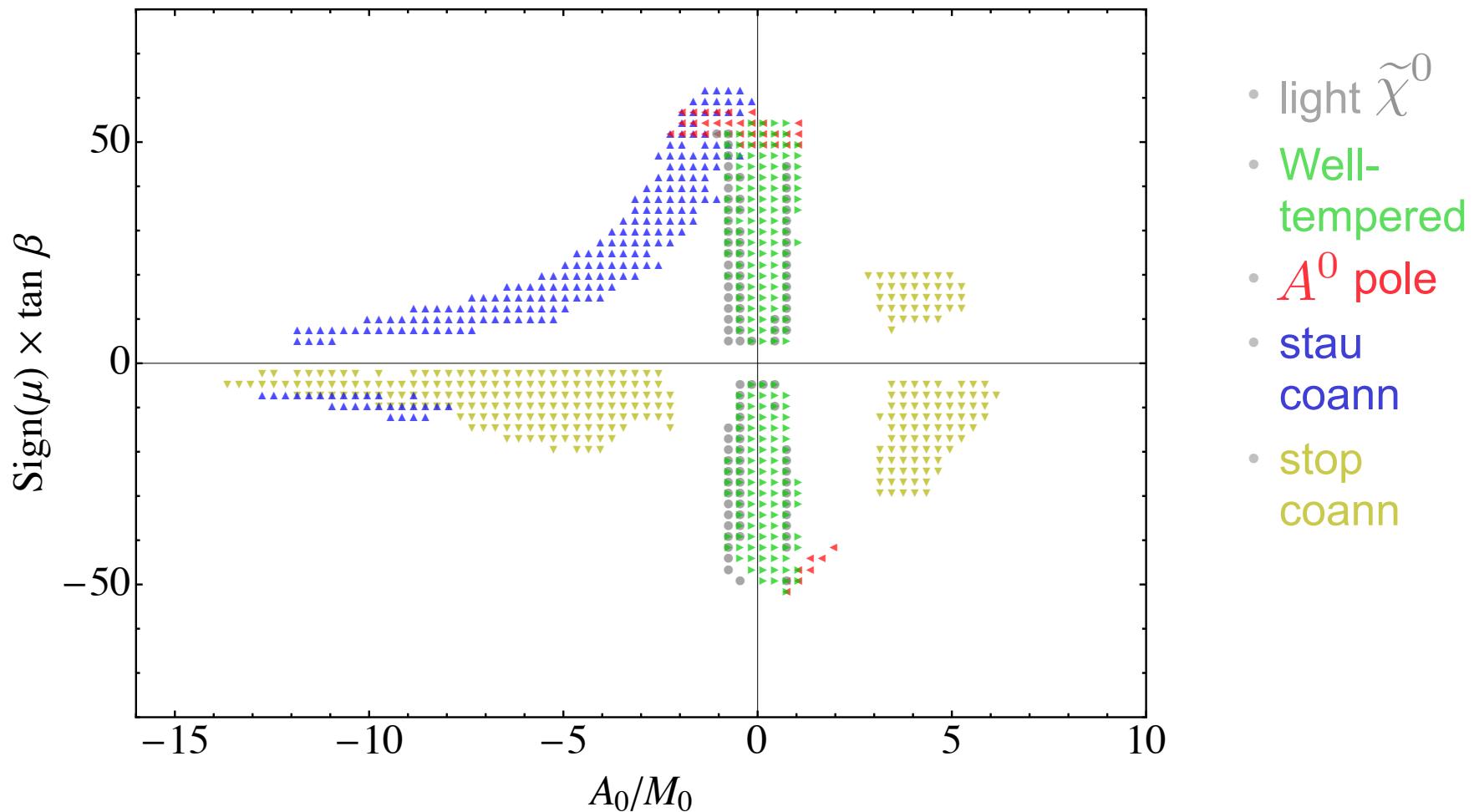
# Charting the CMSSM



# Charting the CMSSM



# Charting the CMSSM

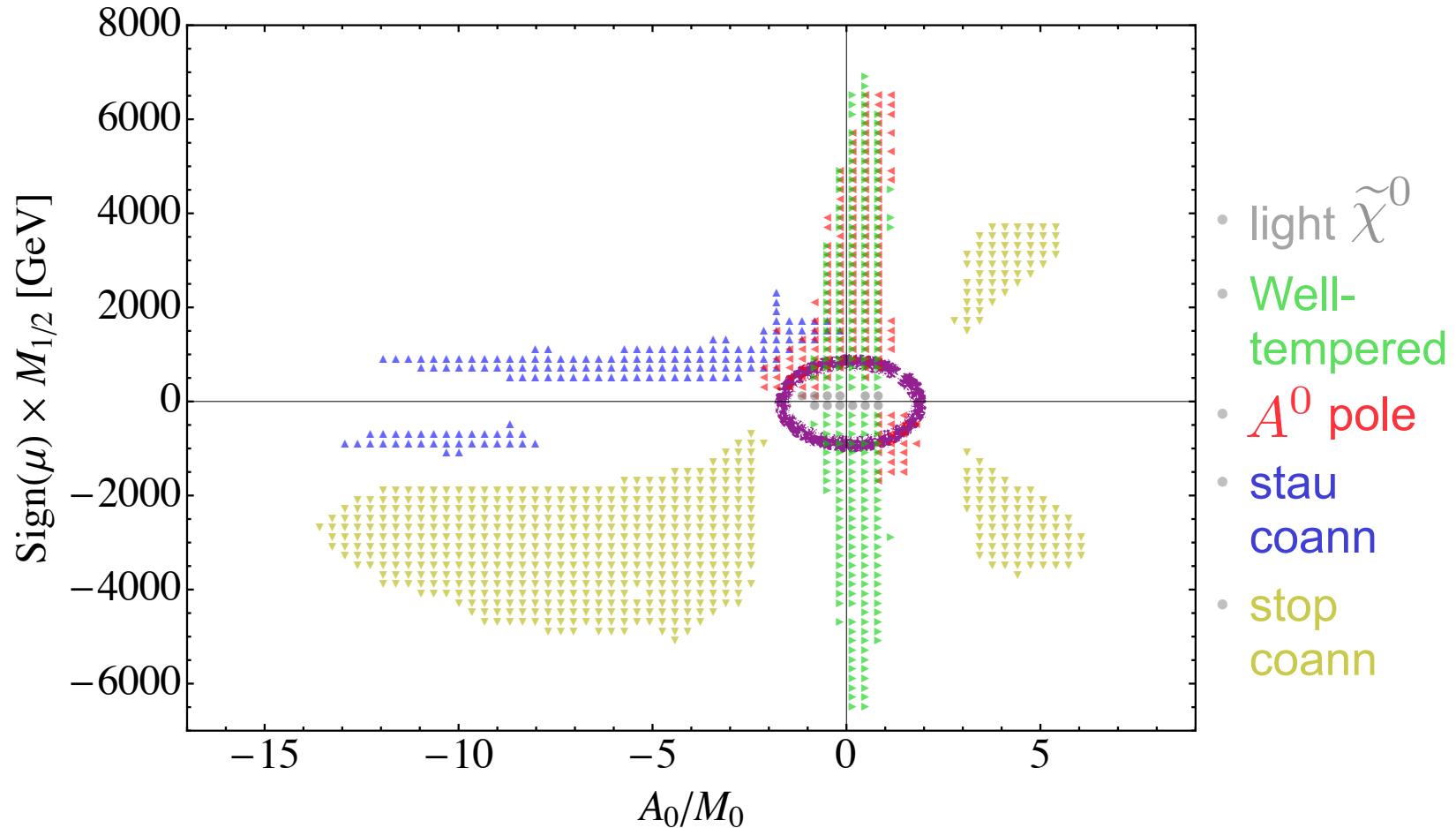


# CIRCUMNAVIGATING THE CMSSM

---

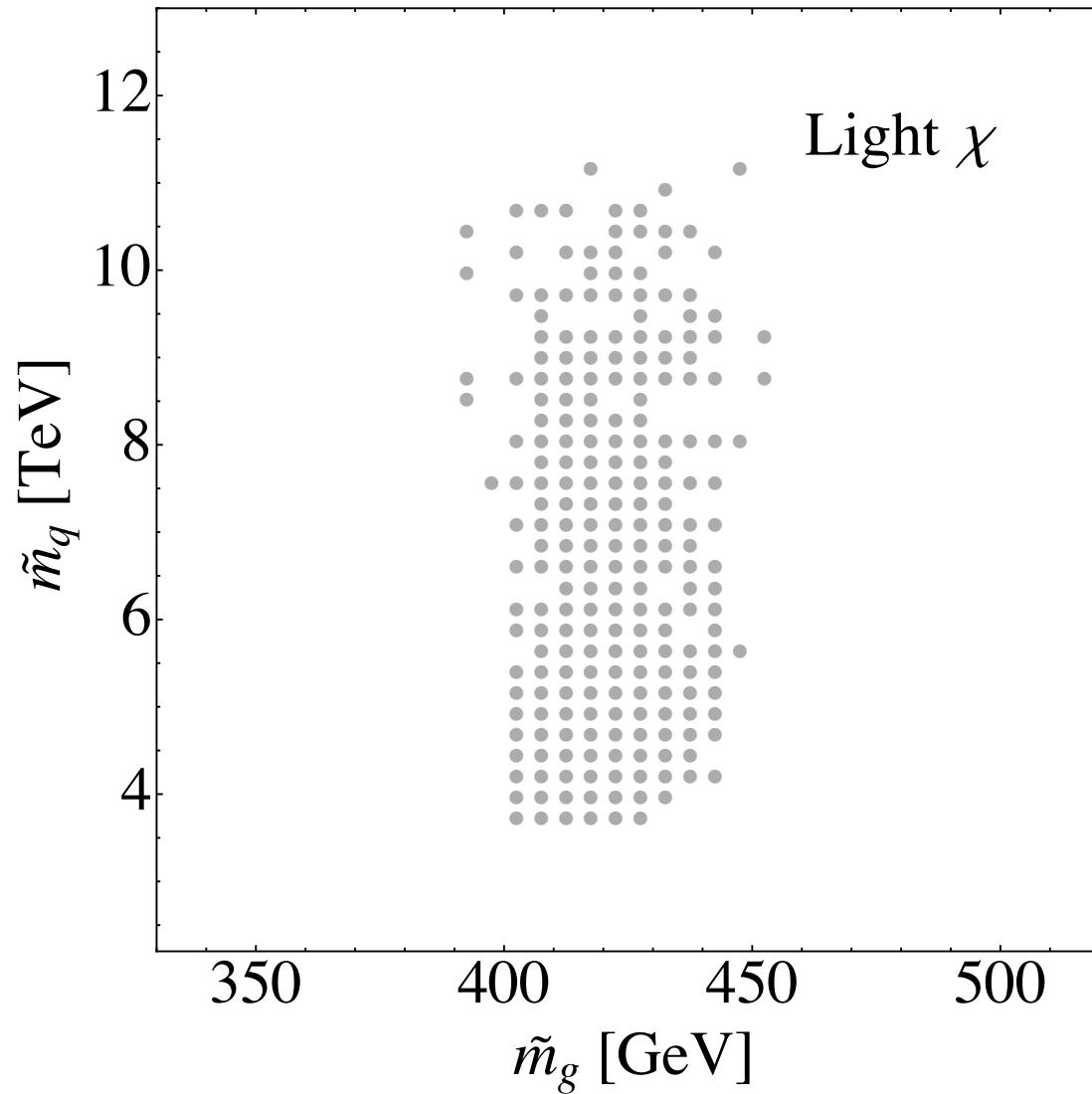
Light  $\tilde{\chi}^0$

# Setting sail for light $\tilde{\chi}^0 \iff \tilde{m}_{\chi^0} < 75$ GeV



- $2 \text{ TeV} \lesssim M_0 \lesssim 12 \text{ TeV}$
- $5 \lesssim \tan \beta \lesssim 50$

# Light $\tilde{\chi}^0$ implies light gluinos



$\tilde{m}_g$	$\tilde{m}_q$	$\tilde{m}_{t_1}$	$\tilde{m}_{\tau_1}$	$m_\chi$	$m_{\chi_1^\pm}$	$m_h$	$m_{A^0}$
409.28	5393.5	3098.7	5327.3	57.139	111.1	124.14	5214.8

Probably Excluded

- $\tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{B} q \bar{q}$  1.9%
- $\tilde{g} \rightarrow \widetilde{W}^\pm q \bar{q} \rightarrow \widetilde{B} W^\pm q \bar{q}$  46%
- $\tilde{g} \rightarrow \widetilde{W}^0 q \bar{q} \rightarrow \widetilde{B} Z^0 q \bar{q}$  34%

Have separate searches for

- $\tilde{g} \tilde{g} \rightarrow W^\pm W^\pm q \bar{q} q \bar{q} \chi \chi$
- $\tilde{g} \tilde{g} \rightarrow Z^0 Z^0 q \bar{q} q \bar{q} \chi \chi$
- $\tilde{g} \tilde{g} \rightarrow q \bar{q} q \bar{q} \chi \chi$

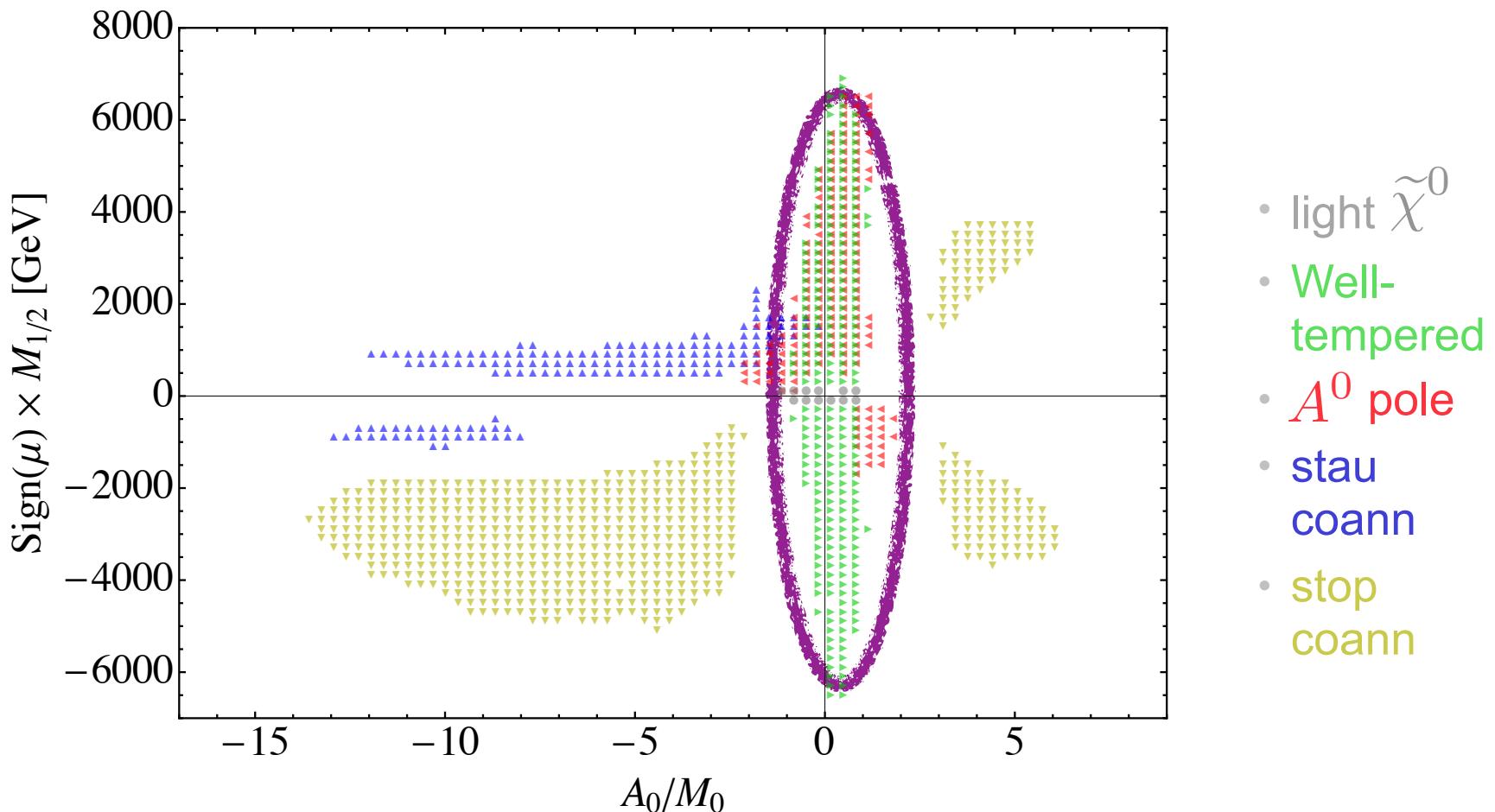
Don't provide efficiencies of  
alternate simplified models

# CIRCUMNAVIGATING THE CMSSM

---

Well-tempered

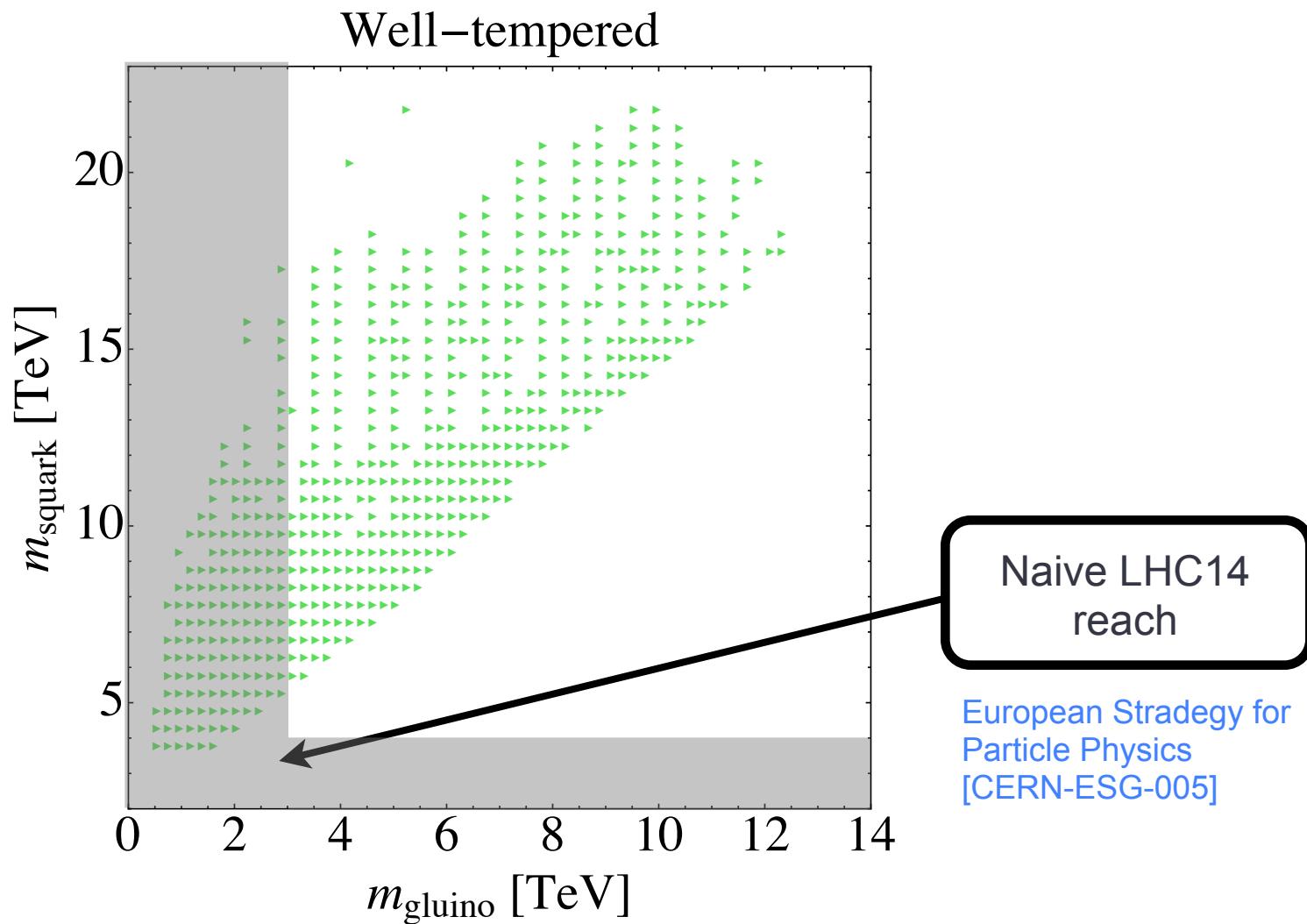
# Setting sail for well-tempered



- light  $\tilde{\chi}^0$
- Well-tempered
- $A^0$  pole
- stau coann
- stop coann

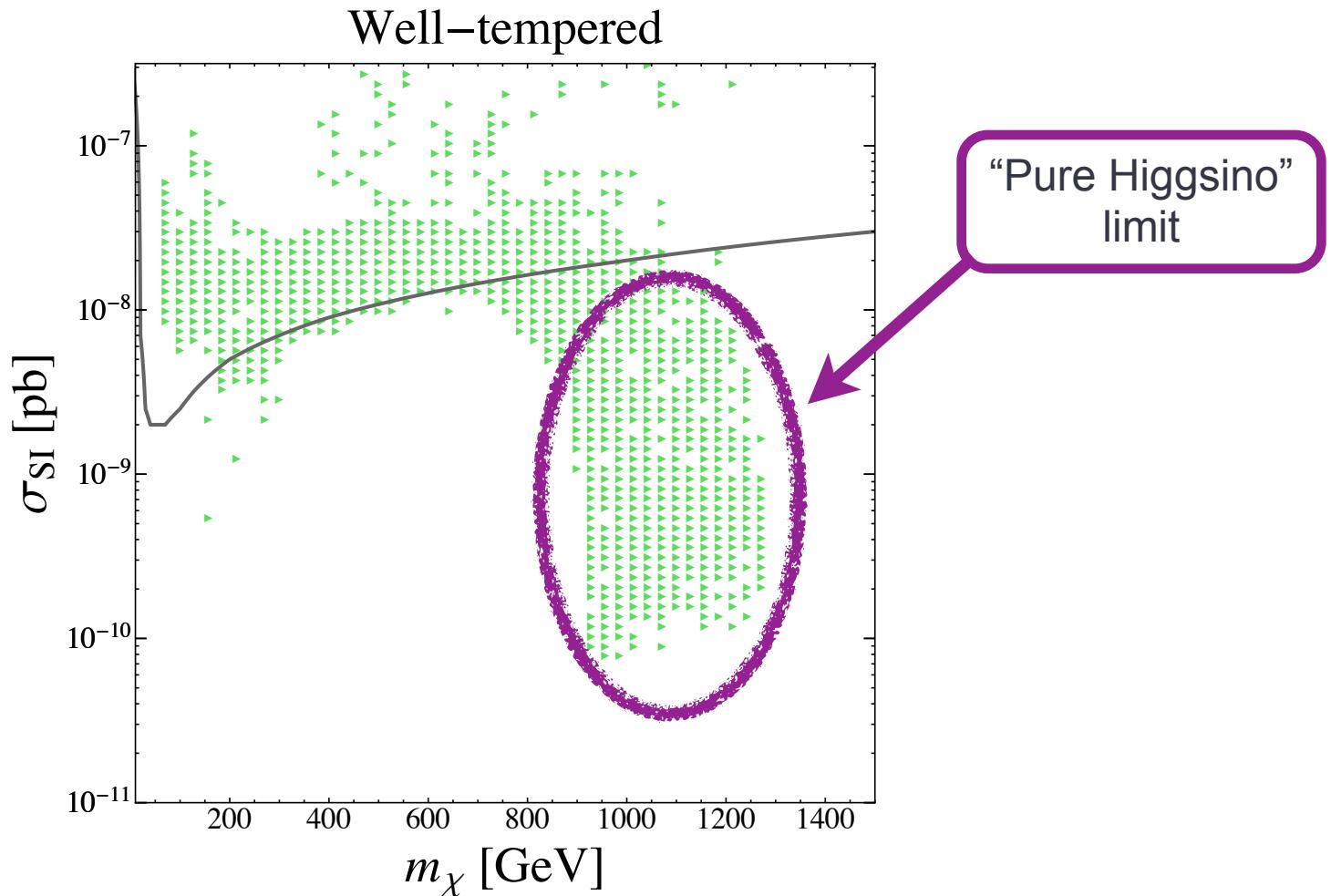
- $4 \text{ TeV} \lesssim M_0 \lesssim 20 \text{ TeV}$
- $5 \lesssim \tan \beta \lesssim 50$

# What about the LHC?



- The LHC will have little impact on the well-tempered spectra.

# Will direct detection exclude this region?



- A 1-ton Xenon experiment can reach spin-independent cross sections of  $5 \times 10^{-12}$  pb at 300 GeV.

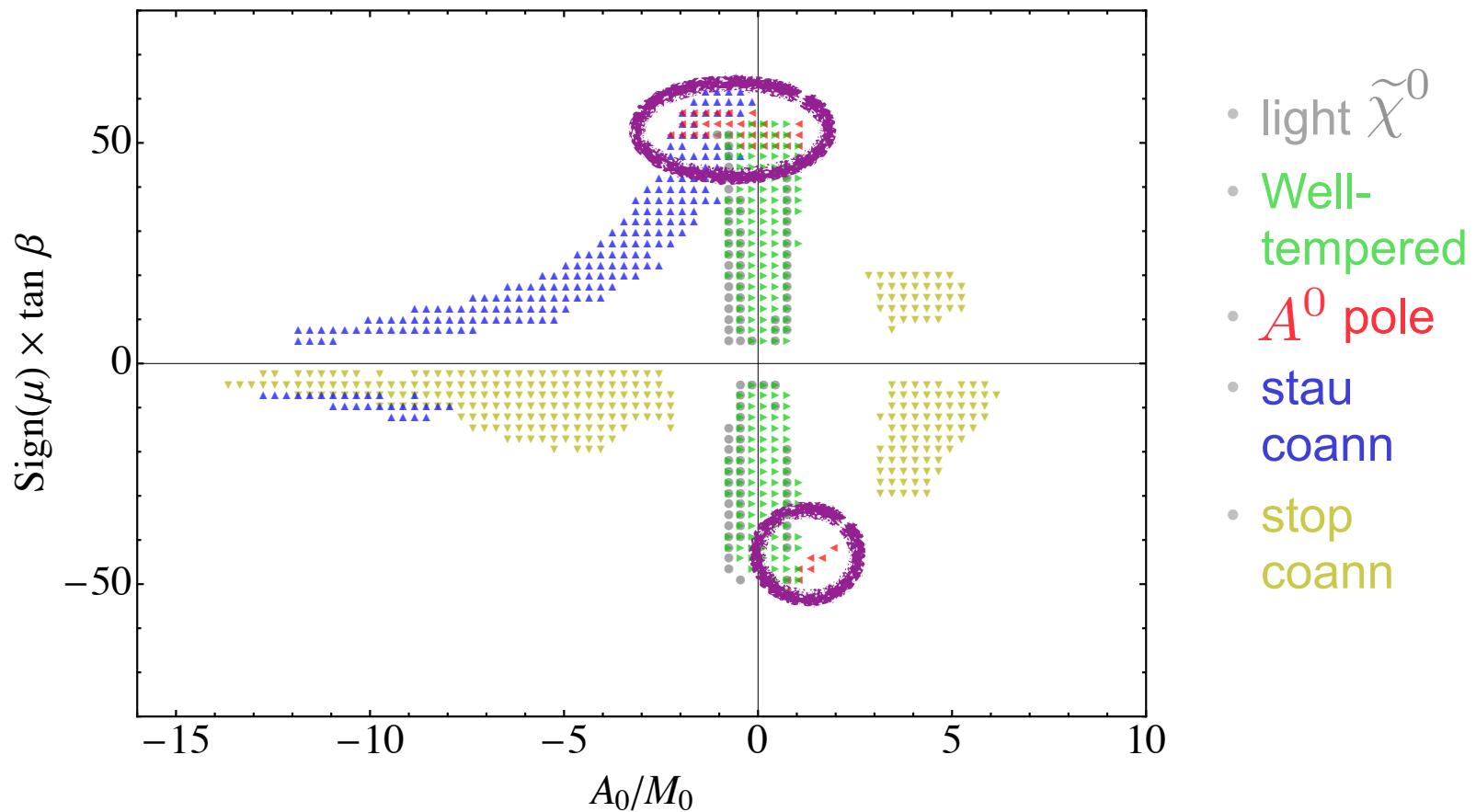
Dark matter limit plotter  
[\[http://dmtools.brown.edu/\]](http://dmtools.brown.edu/)

# CIRCUMNAVIGATING THE CMSSM

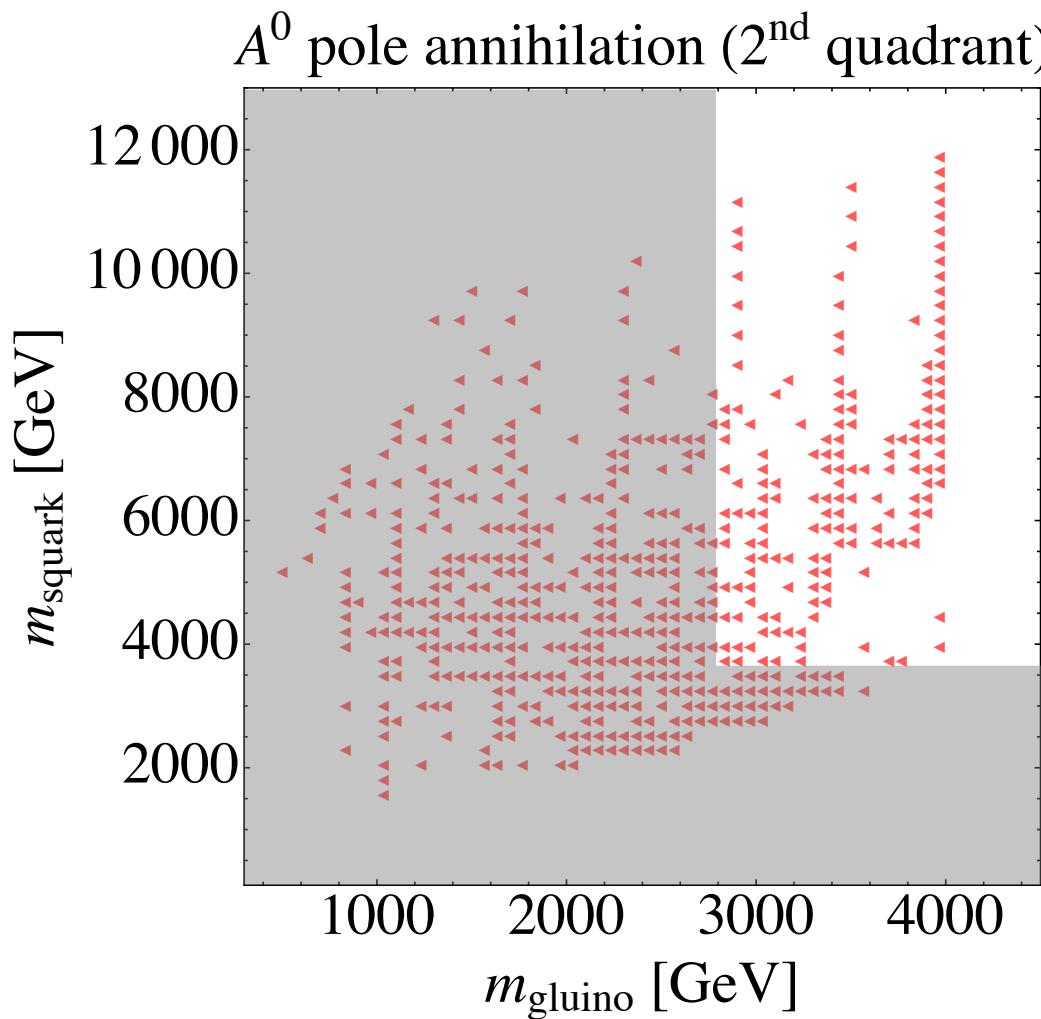
---

$A^0$  pole annihilation

# Setting sail for $A^0$ pole annihilation

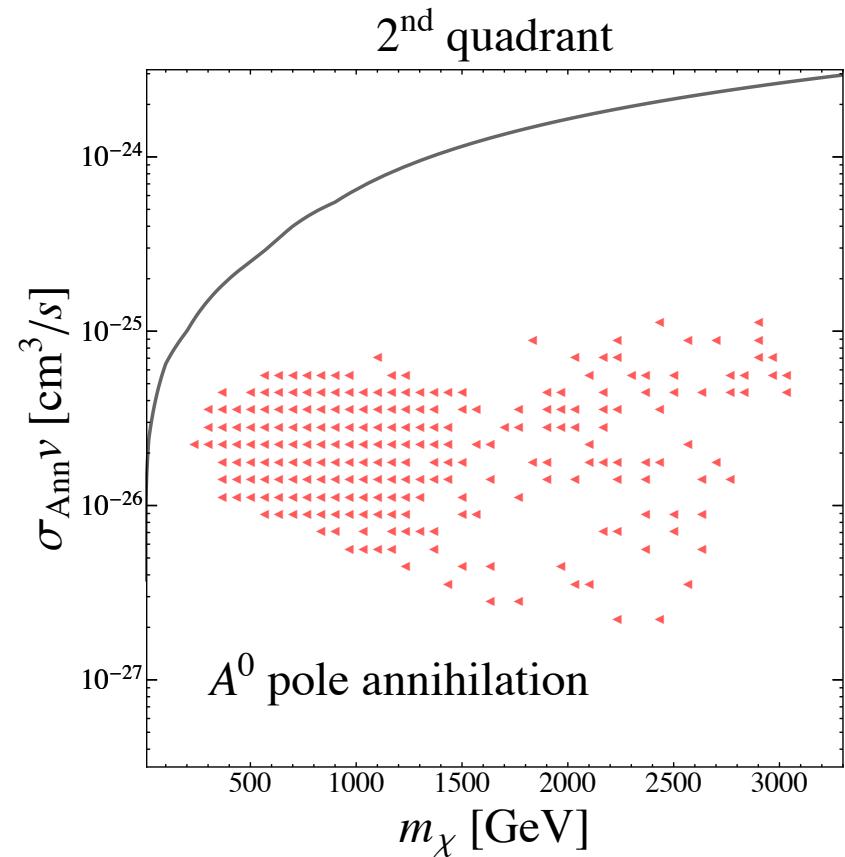
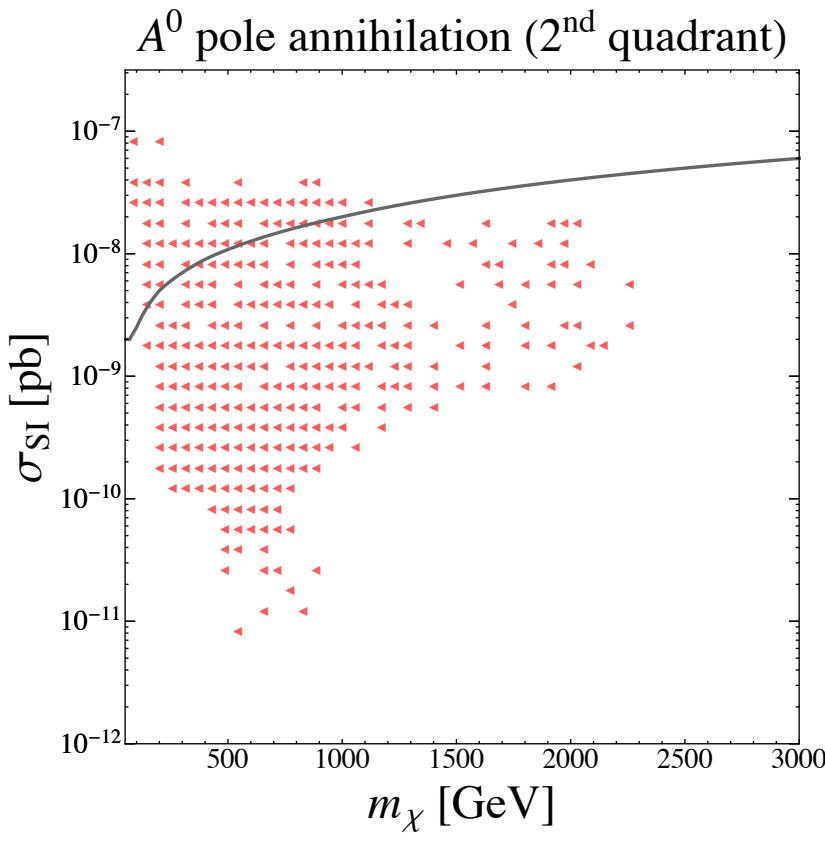


# The squark-gluino plane



- 1<sup>st</sup> quadrant is similar.

# Direct & Indirect Detection

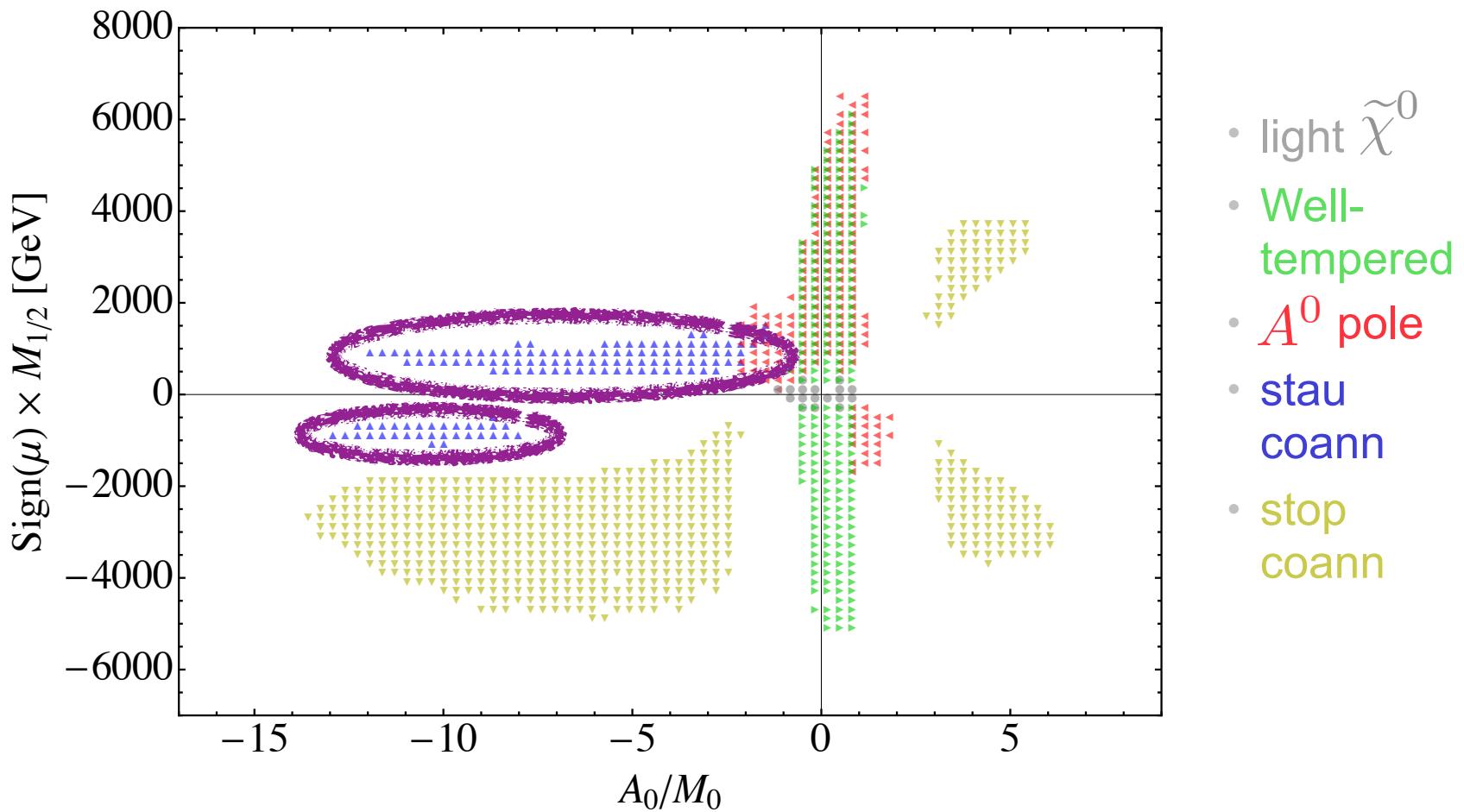


# CIRCUMNAVIGATING THE CMSSM

---

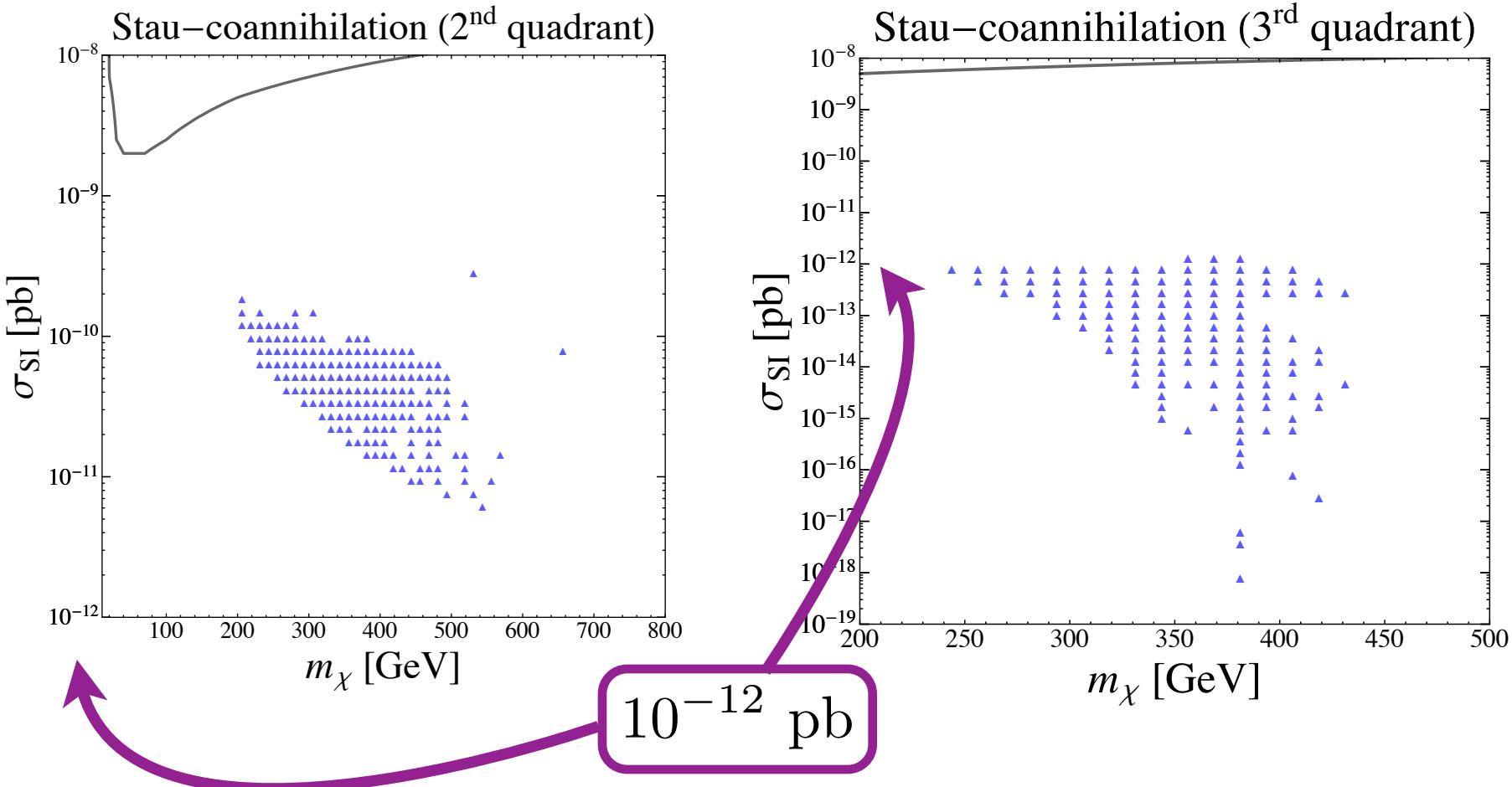
Stau coannihilation

# Setting sail for stau coannihilation



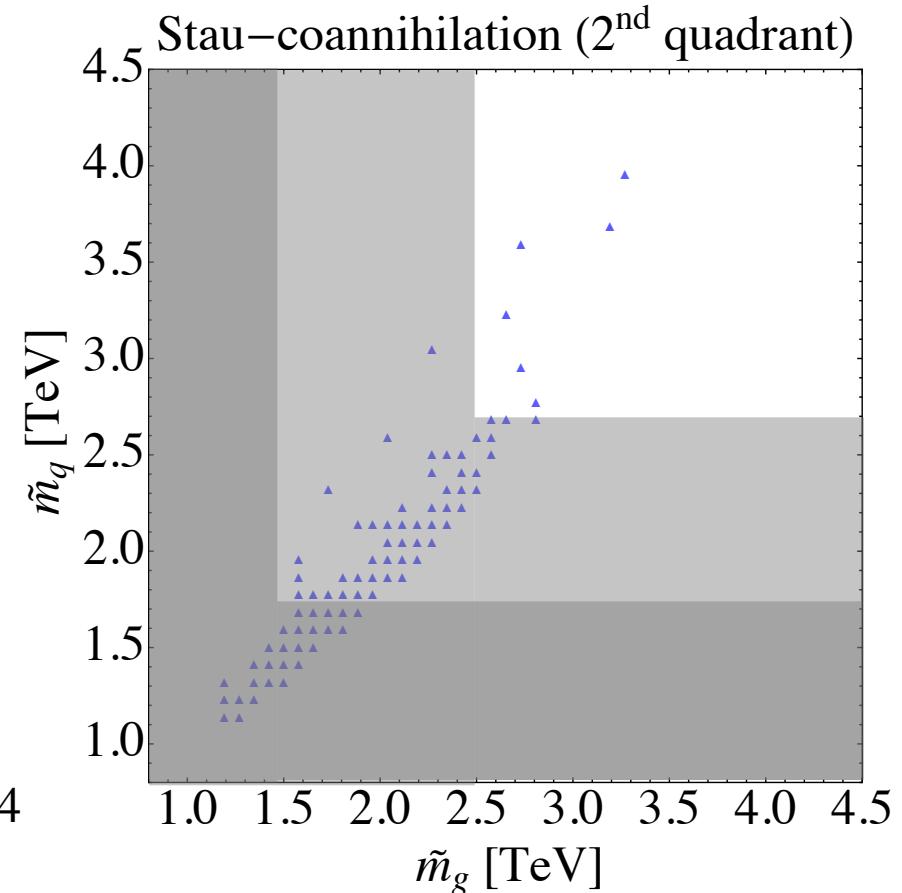
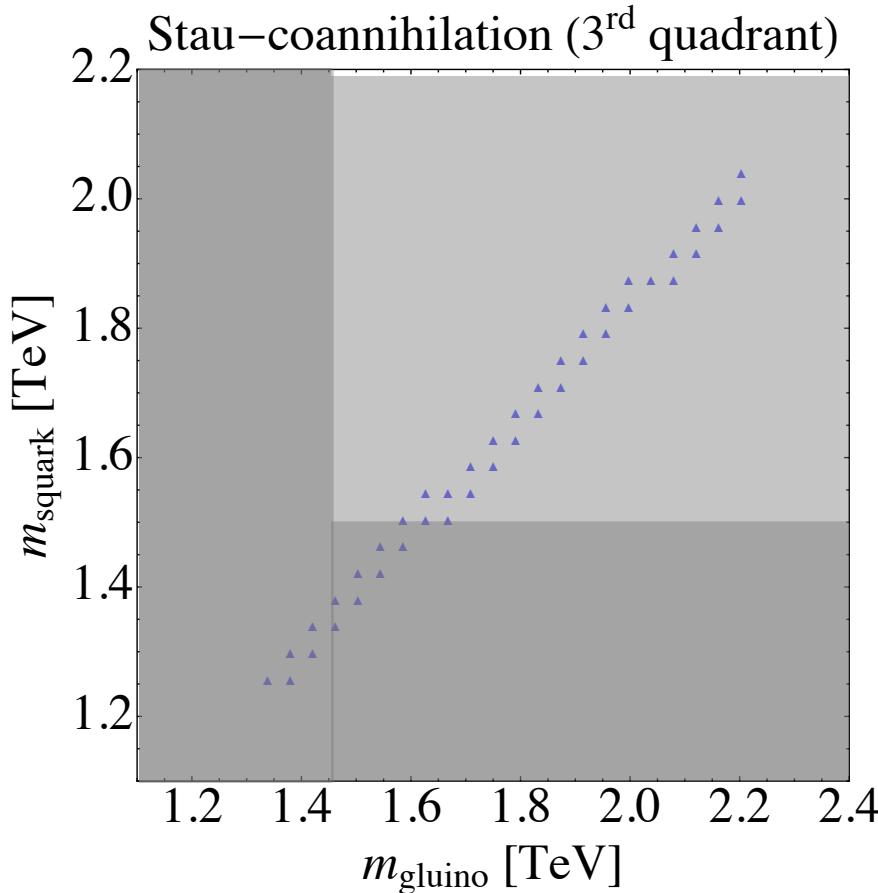
- $200 \text{ GeV} \lesssim M_0 \lesssim 3 \text{ TeV}$
- $5 \lesssim \tan \beta \lesssim 60$

# Stau-coannihilation: direct detection



- A 1-ton Xenon experiment can reach spin-independent cross sections of  $5 \times 10^{-12} \text{ pb}$  at 300 GeV. Dark matter limit plotter [<http://dmtools.brown.edu/>]
- Direct detection can probe all of the 2<sup>nd</sup> quadrant.

# Stau-coannihilation: squark-gluino plane



- Are these spectra discoverable at the LHC?

# A stau-coann benchmark (3<sup>rd</sup> quad)

Input parameters						
$M_0$	$M_{1/2}$	$A_0$	$\tan \beta$	$\text{sign}(\mu)$	$ \mu $	$B_\mu$
259.515	900.862	-2296.71	9.23077	-1	-1555.68	$7.574 \times 10^7$

- The LSP is 383.52 GeV; the stau is 383.8 GeV.
  - The stau lifetime is  $O(10^{-2} \text{ s})$ . Probed via long-lived stau searches?  
[Citron, Ellis, Luo, Marrouche, Olive, Vries \[arXiv:1212.2886\]](#)
- The gluino is 1980 GeV.
- The squark masses are
 

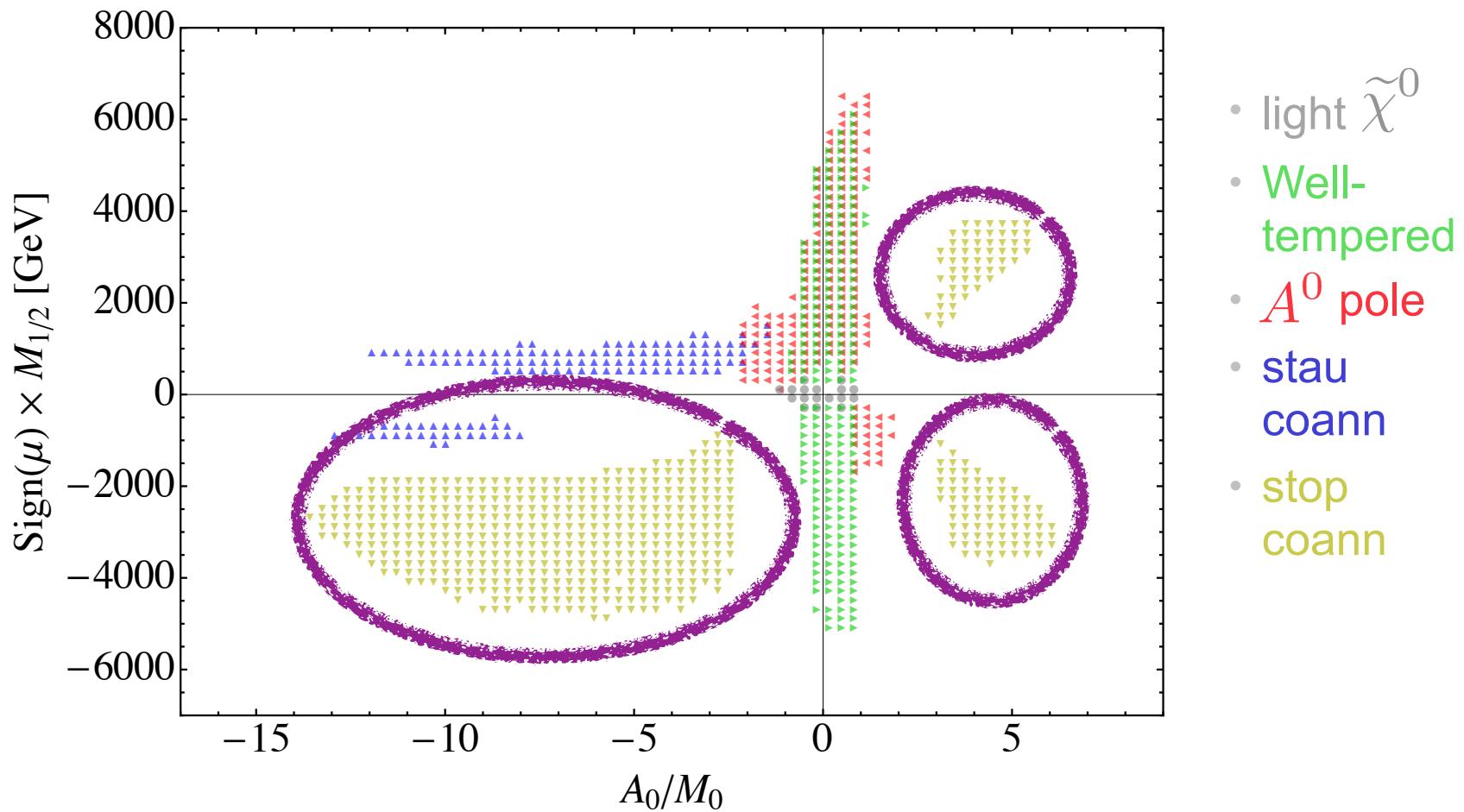
	$\tilde{q}$	$\tilde{b}_1$	$\tilde{b}_2$	$\tilde{t}_1$	$\tilde{t}_2$
$m$ [GeV]	1780.8	1529.9	1715.3	1067.2	1562.9
- The gluino branching ratios are
  - $\tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{t}_{1,2} + \bar{t}$  [52%]
  - $\tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{b}_{1,2} + \bar{b}$  [20%]
  - $\tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{q} + \bar{q}$  [28%]
- Probed via gluino pair production?

# CIRCUMNAVIGATING THE CMSSM

---

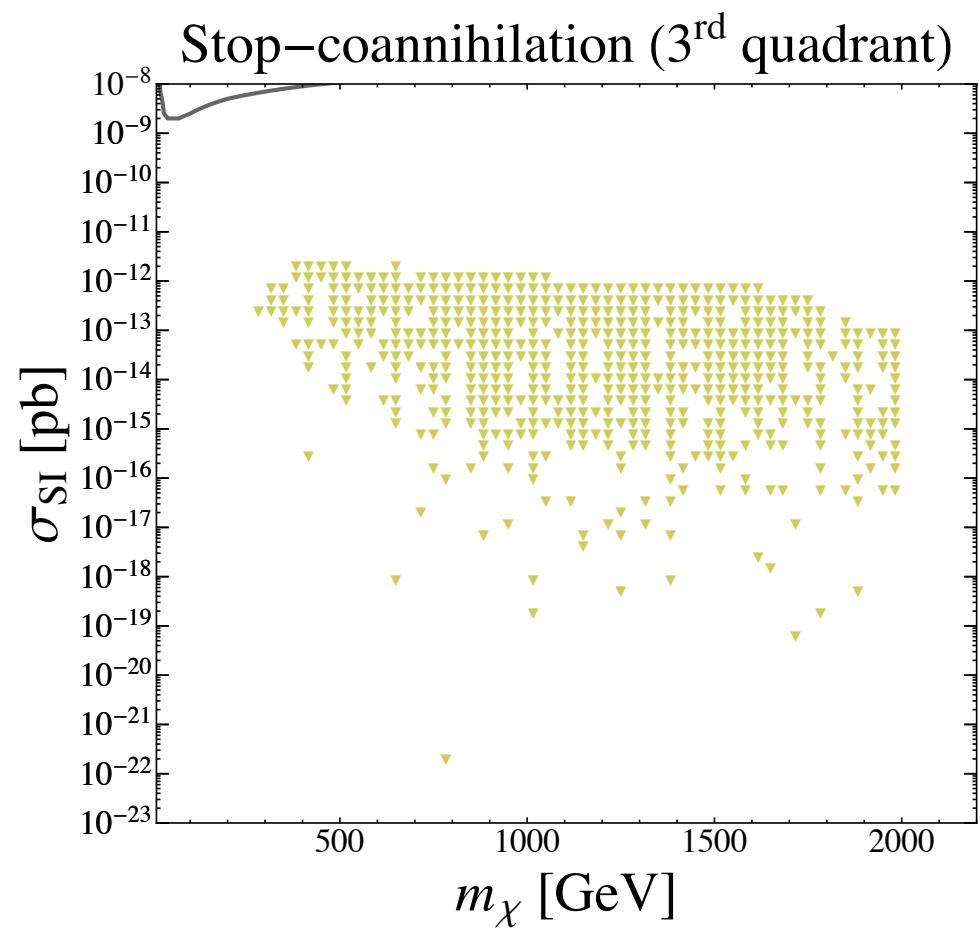
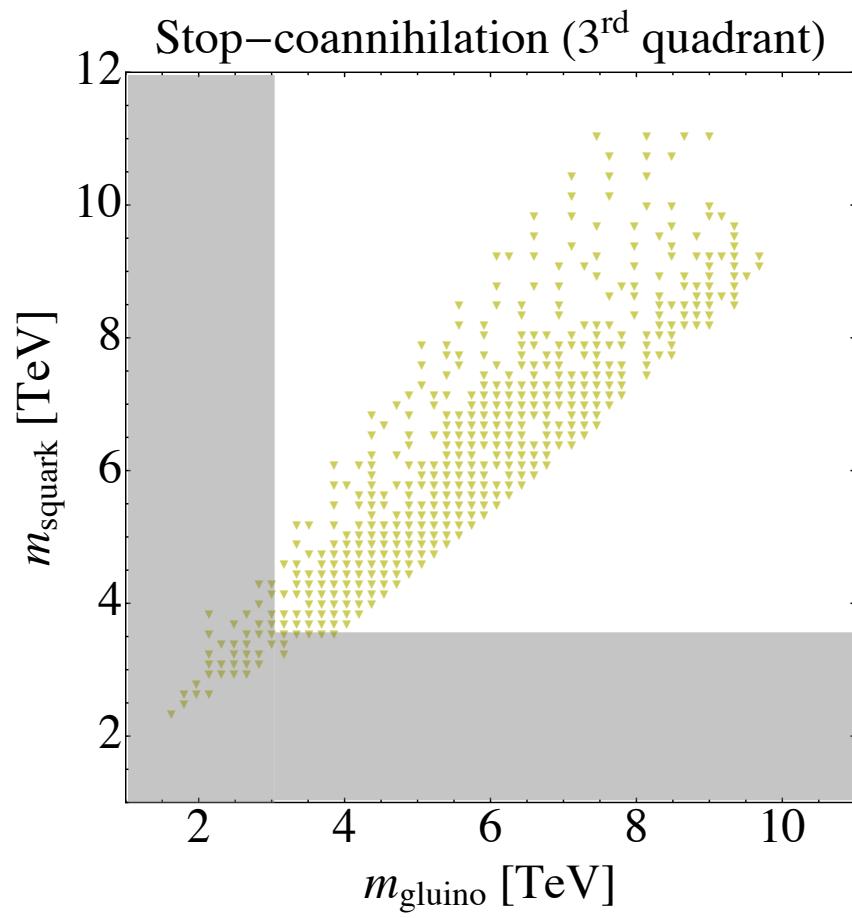
Stop coannihilation

# Setting sail for stop coannihilation



- $2 \text{ TeV} \lesssim M_0 \lesssim 12 \text{ TeV}$
- $\tan \beta \lesssim 50$

# Stop-coannihilation phenomenology



- A large portion of these spectra will require a machine beyond the 14 TeV LHC.

# A Missing Simplified Model

- A new simplified model appears in stop coannihilation

$\tilde{m}_g$	$\tilde{m}_q$	$\tilde{m}_{t_1}$	$\tilde{m}_{\tau_1}$	$m_\chi$	$m_{\chi_1^\pm}$
2174.1	3200.3	445.51	2636.4	410.64	790.82

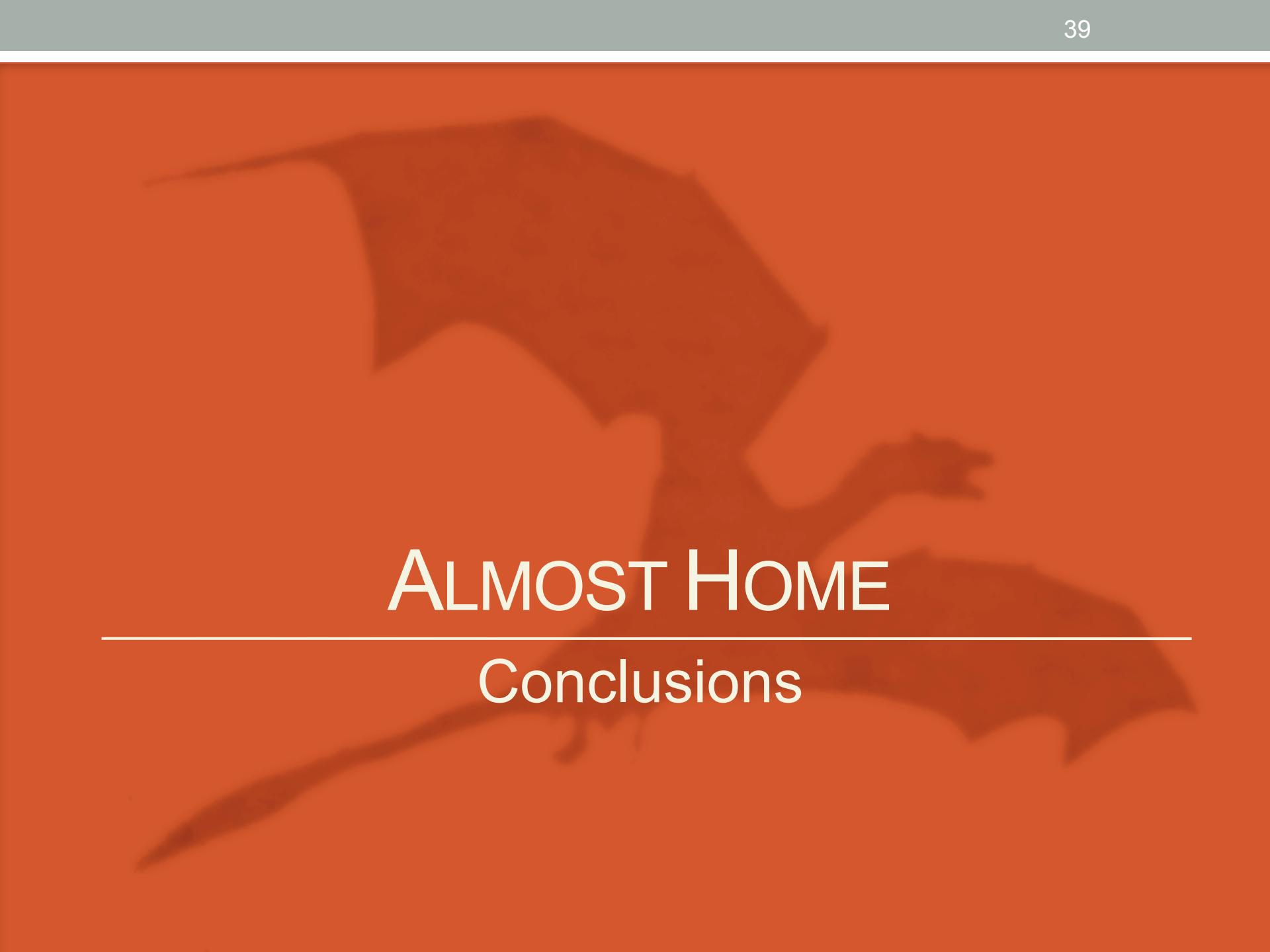
$$\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow \begin{cases} c \chi_1^0 & 69\% \\ b (W^+)^* \chi_1^0 & 31\% \end{cases} \quad \sigma(p p \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 \tilde{t}_1) = 1.21 \text{ pb.}$$

$$\tilde{g} \rightarrow \bar{t} \tilde{t}_1 + \text{c.c.} \quad 100\% \quad \sigma(p p \rightarrow \tilde{g} \tilde{g}) = 0.42 \text{ fb}$$

$$\tilde{q}_R \rightarrow q \tilde{g} \quad 100\% \quad \sigma(p p \rightarrow \tilde{g} \tilde{q}) = 0.43 \text{ fb.}$$

$$\tilde{q}_L \rightarrow \begin{cases} q \tilde{g} & 88\% \\ q' \chi_1^+ & 8\% \\ q \chi_2^0 & 4\% \end{cases} \quad \begin{array}{l} \sigma(p p \rightarrow t t \not{E}_T X) = 0.41 \text{ fb} \\ \sigma(p p \rightarrow t \bar{t} \not{E}_T X) = 0.42 \text{ fb} \end{array}$$

Same Sign Tops  
(boosted)

A blurry, orange-tinted background image of a person running on a path, with trees and foliage visible in the distance.

# ALMOST HOME

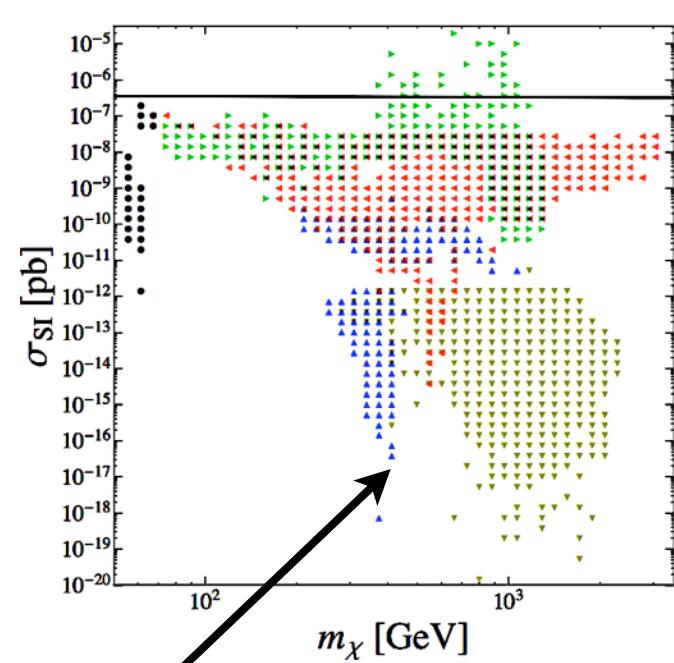
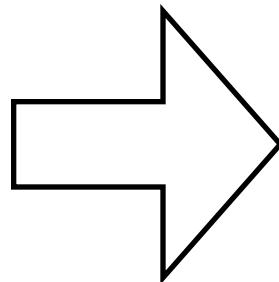
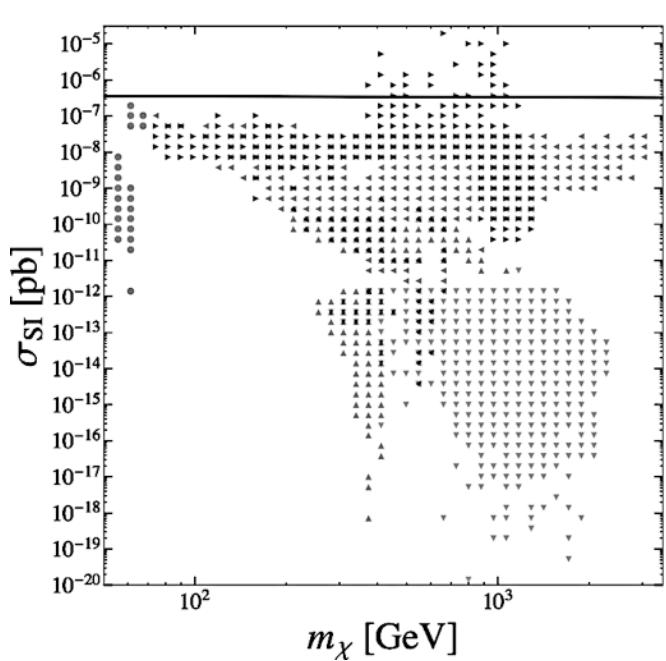
---

## Conclusions

# Conclusions

- CMSSM provides tractable ansatz & allows study of full parameter space.
- Provided a map of the CMSSM consistent with Higgs mass & thermal dark matter.
- Demonstrated that parameter space is compact.
- Regions will remain unconstrained after LHC14 and Ton scale spin-independent direct detection?
  - Large portions of the stop coannihilation regions.
- LHC results to be presented as generally as possible so it is easy to interpret bound for non-trivial models
  - More Simplified Model efficiency plots needed.

# Colors in the CMSSM



HERE BE DRAGONS