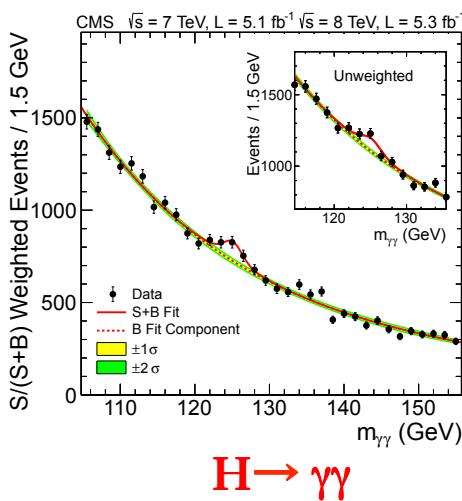


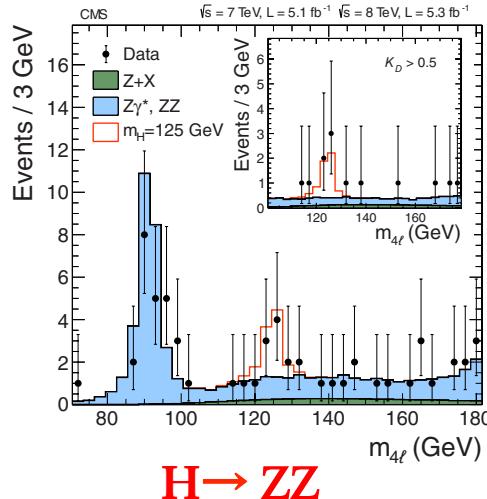


Motivation

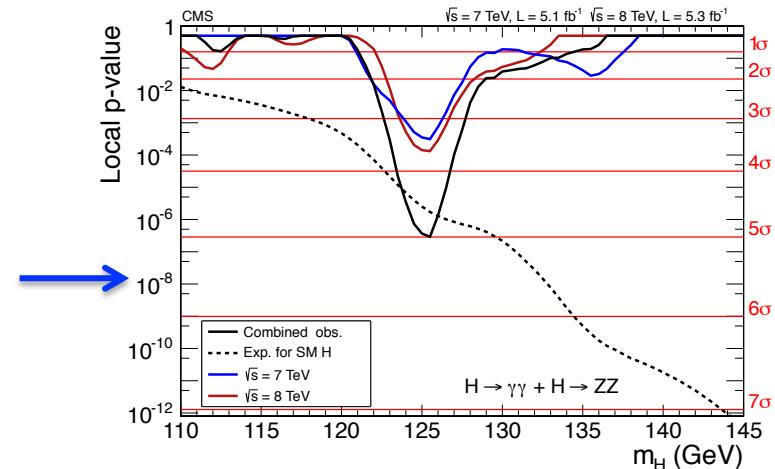
- New Higgs boson discovered at LHC with a mass around 125 GeV in 2012.



$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$



$H \rightarrow ZZ$

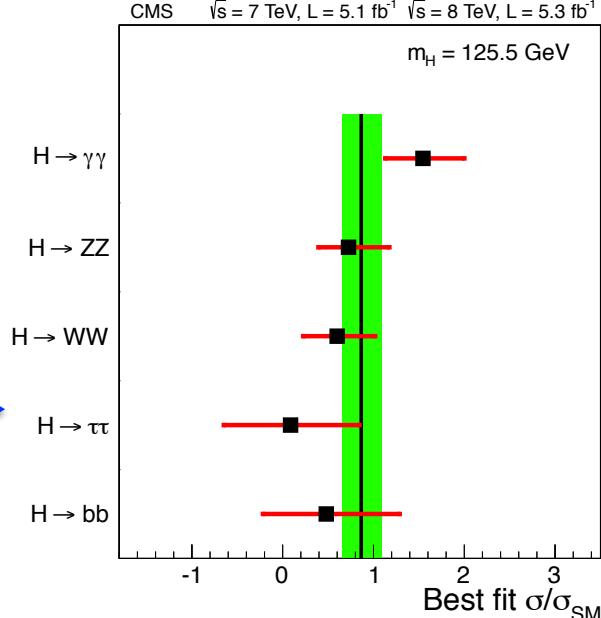


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- Is it THE SM Higgs boson?
- How does it couple to Fermions?

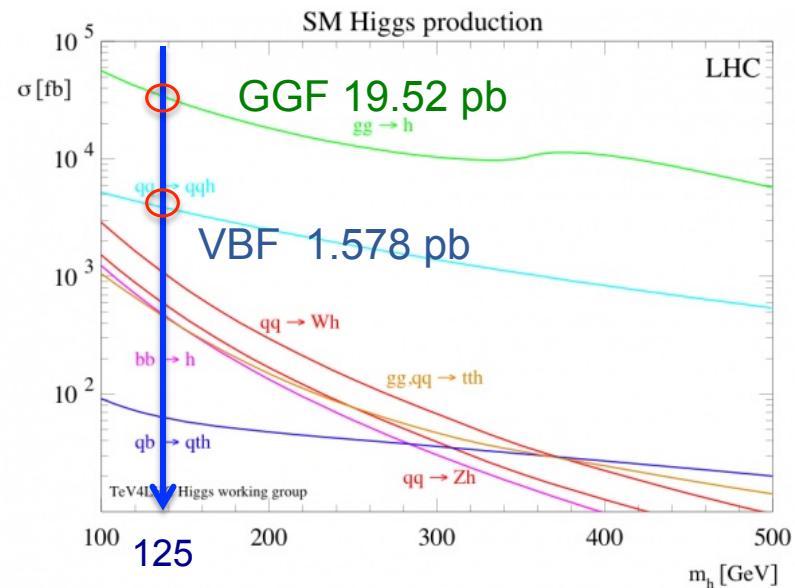
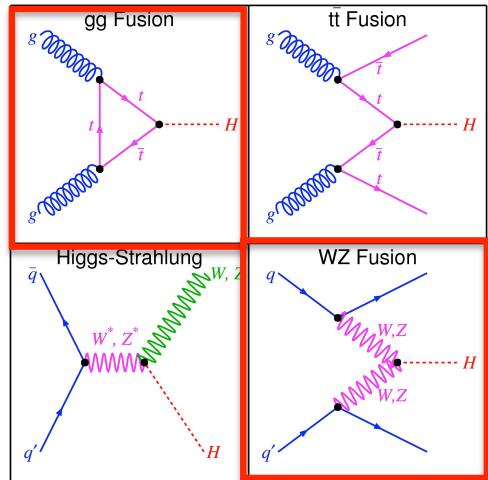
$$h \dashv \begin{array}{c} f \\ \circlearrowleft \\ f \end{array} = \frac{g M_f}{2 M_W} \quad ?$$

- $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ is the best available channel that can probe coupling to Leptons.



Higgs search at the LHC

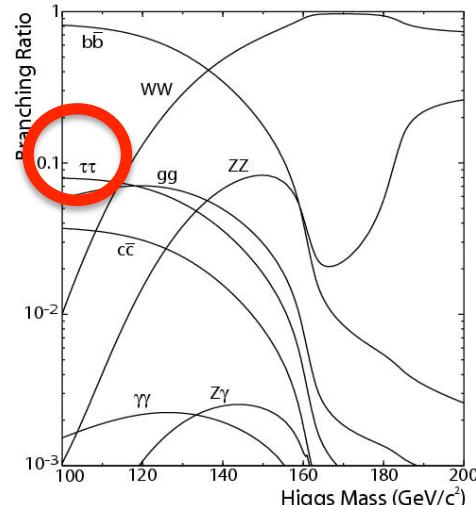
- Higgs production modes at LHC :



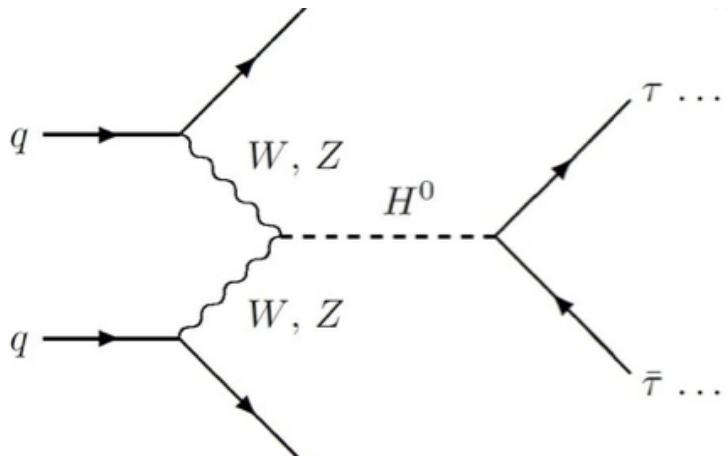
- Different production modes lead to different topologies for the signal events.

$$BR(\text{SM } H_{125} \rightarrow \tau\tau) \sim 6\%$$

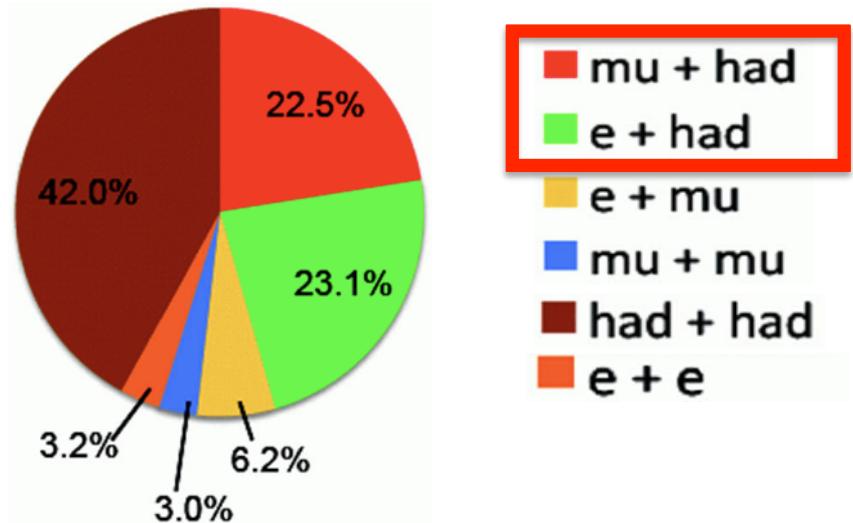
- Favorable branching ratio at low mass
- The only channel available today able to probe the Higgs couplings to leptons



$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ channel



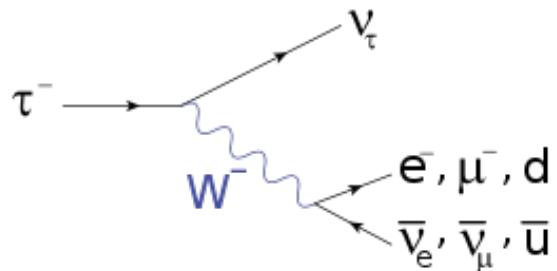
Final states



- **Analysis strategy :** Look for an excess in the reconstructed di- τ mass distribution.
- **Key ingredients :**
 - Hadronic τ reconstruction
 - Missing energy estimation (presence of neutrinos)
 - Di- τ mass reconstruction
 - Event categorization

τ lepton reconstruction in CMS

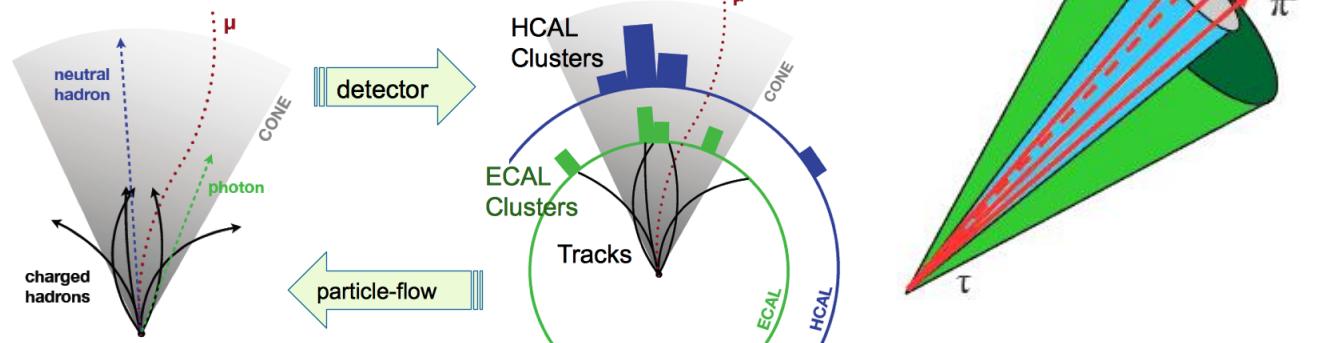
- τ lepton
 - Mass = 1.78 GeV
 - $c\tau = 87 \mu\text{m}$
 - The only lepton that can decay hadronically :



~2/3 of times

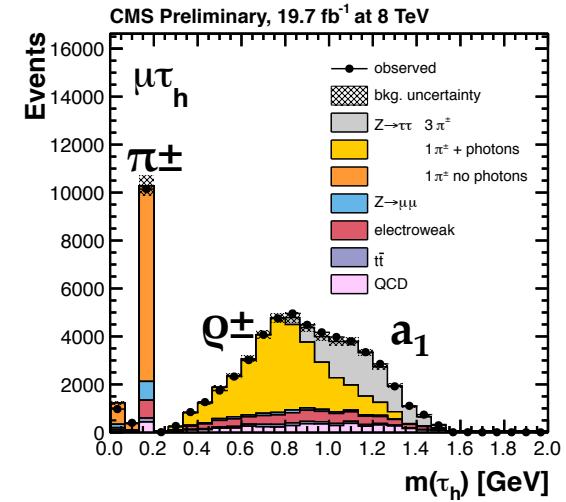
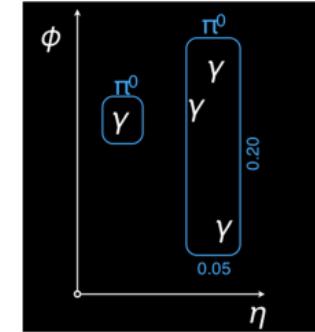
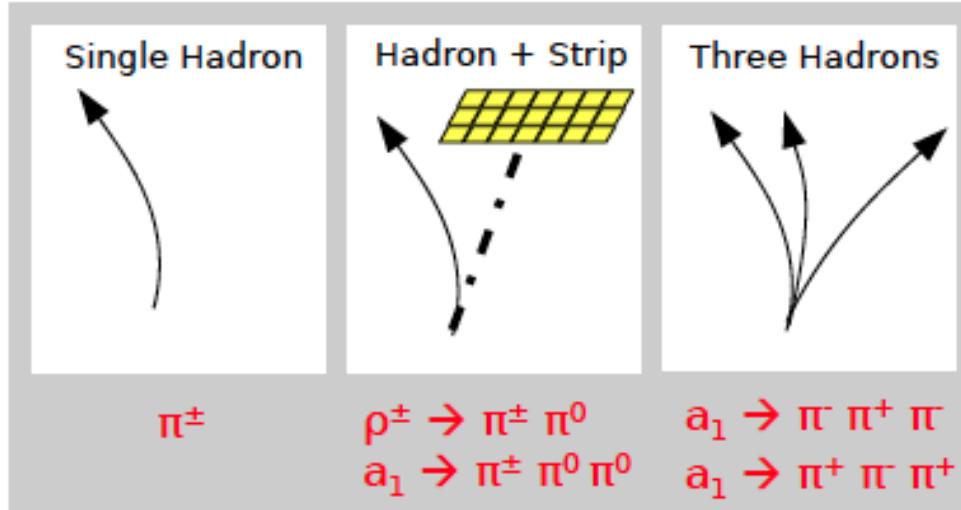
Decay channel	BR (%)
$\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau$	17.36
$\tau^- \rightarrow e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau$	17.85
$\tau^- \rightarrow h^- \nu_\tau$	11.6
$\tau^- \rightarrow h^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	26.0
$\tau^- \rightarrow h^- \pi^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	9.5
$\tau^- \rightarrow h^- h^+ h^- \nu_\tau$	9.8
$\tau^- \rightarrow h^- h^+ h^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	4.8
others	3.1

- Based in the Particle Flow algorithm



Hadron Plus Strips Algorithm

- π^0 s candidates
form clusters in the ECAL ($\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$).
- π^\pm candidates : track + Energy deposit
in the ECAL + HCAL.
- Combine Charged hadrons (π^\pm s) and π^0 s for each decay mode.

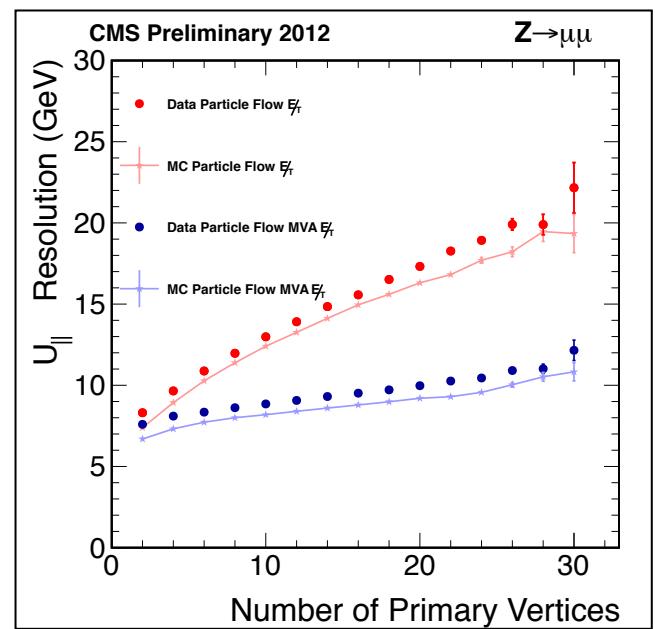
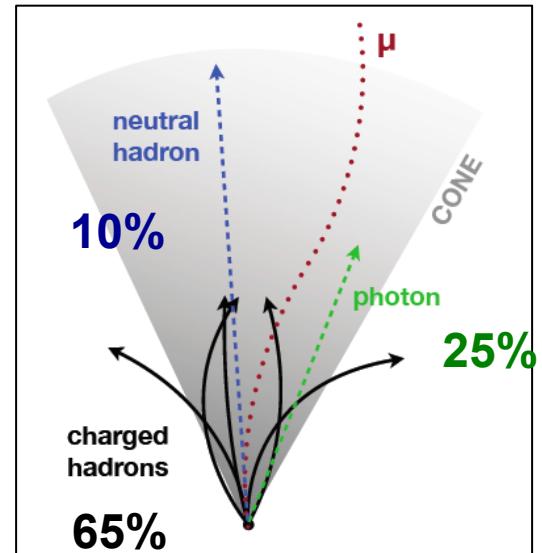


- Jet $\rightarrow \tau$ fake rate in the order of ~3% for 70 % efficiency.
- Dedicated cut based isolation.
- Lepton (e/ μ) $\rightarrow \tau$ fake rate in the order of per mil level.
- Dedicated anti-muon (cut based) and anti-electron (MVA based) discriminators.

Missing transverse energy

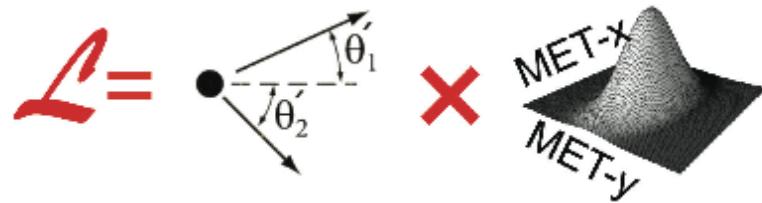
$$\vec{p}_T^{\text{miss}} = - \sum_{\text{all PF particles}} \vec{p}_T$$

- Uses Particle Flow to determine jet constituents contribution.
- ME_T resolution degrades with Pile-up
- MVA ME_T regression corrects for the pile-up contribution.
 - Pile-up robust.
- Key ingredient for the di- τ mass reconstruction.



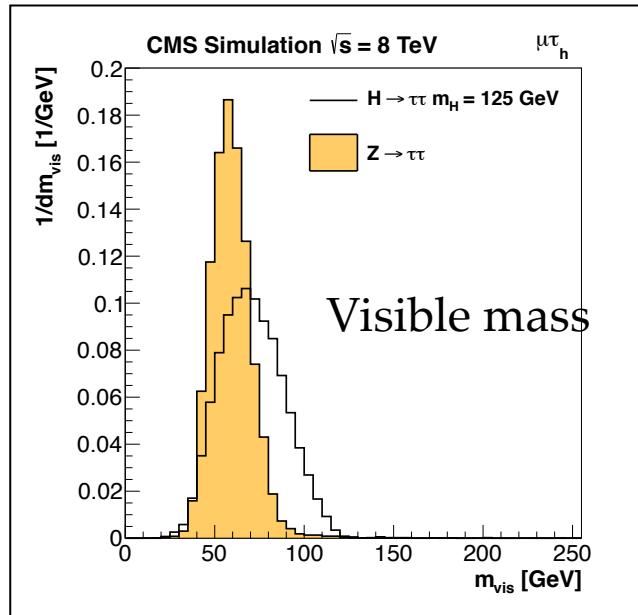
Di- τ mass reconstruction

- Maximum Likelihood method
 - Estimate the tau decay kinematics using : $E_T^{\text{miss}}_{x,y}$, $P_t^{\text{vis}}(\tau_{1,2})$ observables.
- Test hypothesis : $M_{\tau\tau}$ from M_τ to 2 TeV
⇒ maximisation of $L(M_{\tau\tau})$.
- 15-20% resolution of the reconstructed mass.

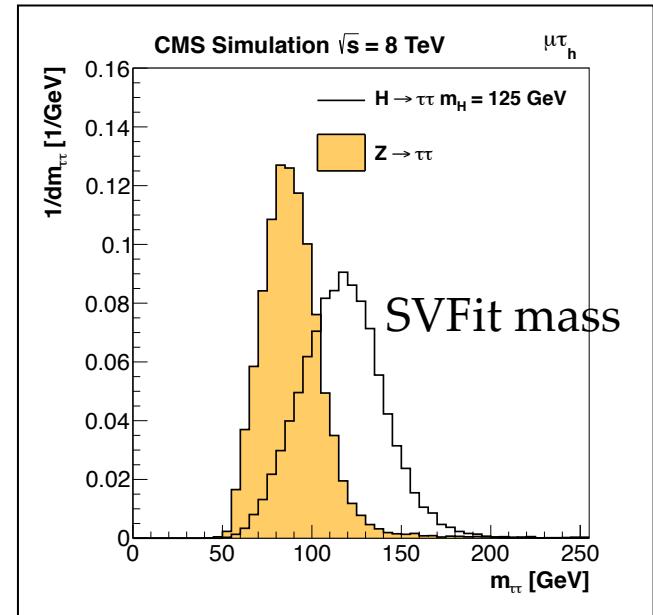


Tau decays
phase-space

Expected
 ME_T resolution



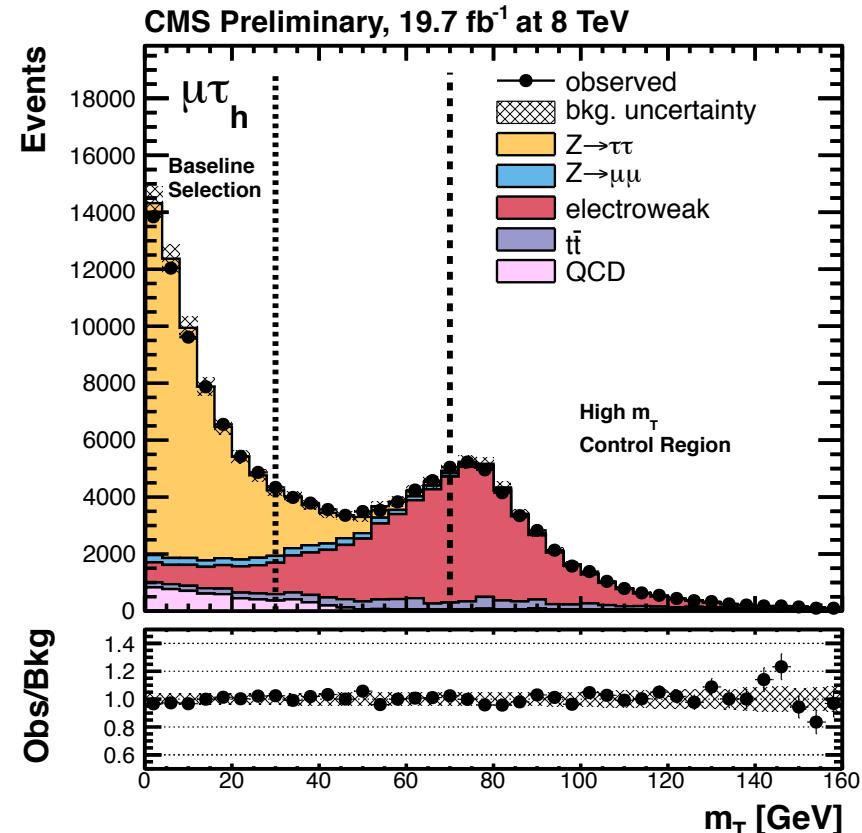
Better separation
between
 H_{125} and $Z\tau\tau$
dominant
background



H $\rightarrow\tau\tau$ candidate selections

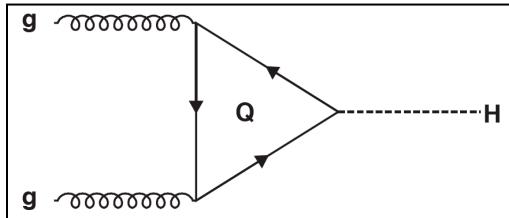
- Here we focused in the semileptonic H $\rightarrow\tau\tau \rightarrow e/\mu + \tau$ channels.
- Lepton selection : electron (muon)
 - $P_T > 24(20)$ GeV $|\eta^*| < 2.1$
- Tau selection
 - $P_T > 30$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.3$
- Event selection
 - Opposite sign between lepton and Tau
 - $M_T(\text{lep}+\text{ME}_T) < 30$ GeV
(W+jets Bkg rejection)
 - Third lepton veto

$$^*\eta = -\ln[\tan(\frac{\theta}{2})]$$

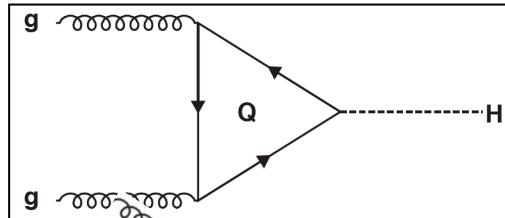


Topologies/Categories

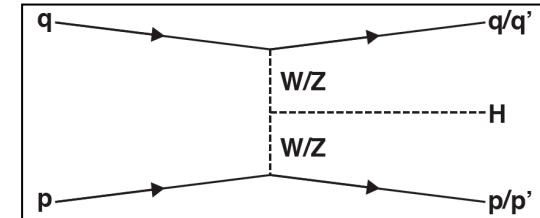
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0-jet



1-jet (boosted Higgs)



2-jet (VBF enhanced)

		$p_T^{\tau\tau} > 100 \text{ GeV}$		$m_{jj} > 500 \text{ GeV}$ $ \Delta\eta_{jj} > 3.5$	$p_T^{\tau\tau} > 100 \text{ GeV}$ $m_{jj} > 700 \text{ GeV}$ $ \Delta\eta_{jj} > 4.0$
		high $p_T(\tau_h)$ ($\mu\tau_h$ only)	high $p_T(\tau_h)$ boost	loose VBF tag	tight VBF tag (2012 only)
$p_T(\tau_h) > 45 \text{ GeV}$	high $p_T(\tau_h)$				
Baseline $p_T(\tau_h) > 30 \text{ GeV}$	low $p_T(\tau_h)$	low $p_T(\tau_h)$			

- Calibration of backgrounds.**

- Jet Pt > 30 GeV
- Improved resolution of mass reconstruction.**

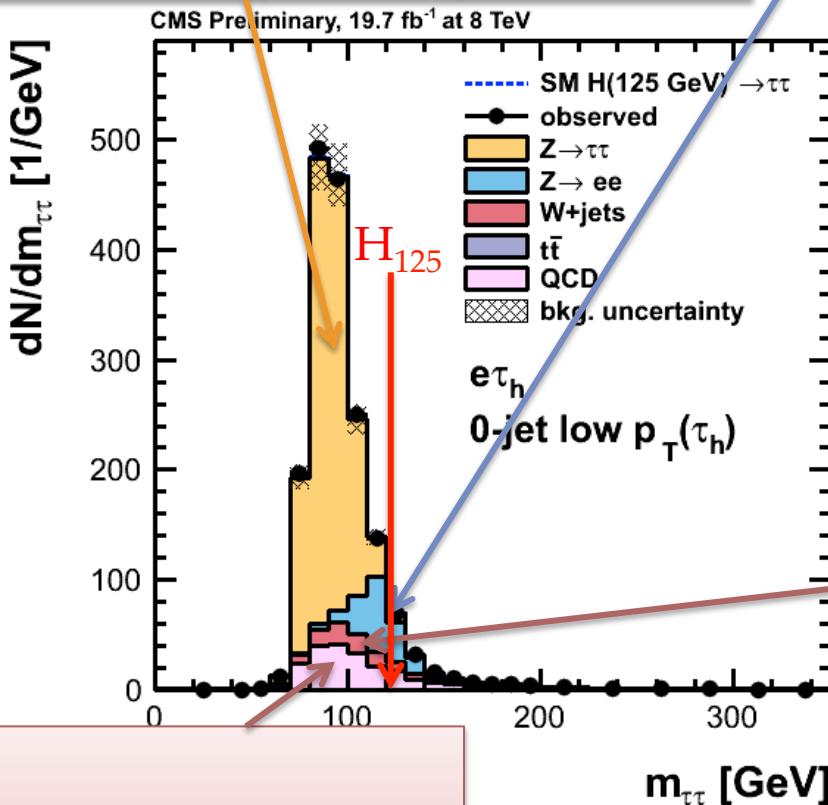
- 2 “tag” jets Pt > 30 GeV
- Central jet veto

Background estimation

$Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$:

Embedded technique.

Data $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$, μ replaced by MC τ .



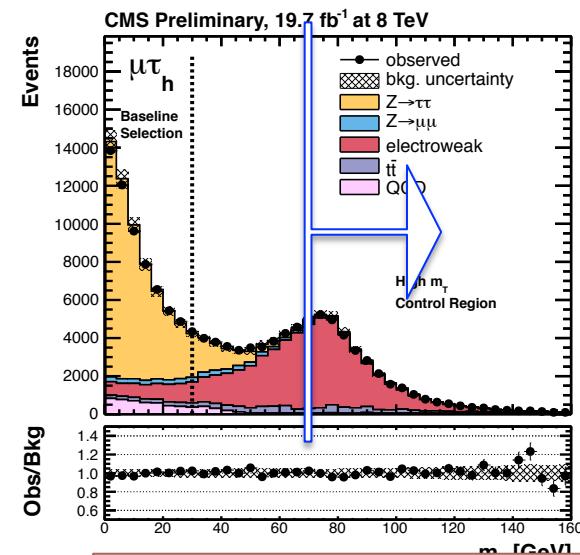
QCD :

Data driven.

SS not isolated events.

$Z \rightarrow ee$:

MC simulation.



ElectroWeak :

MC simulation, normalized from Data extrapolation from sideband.

TTBar:

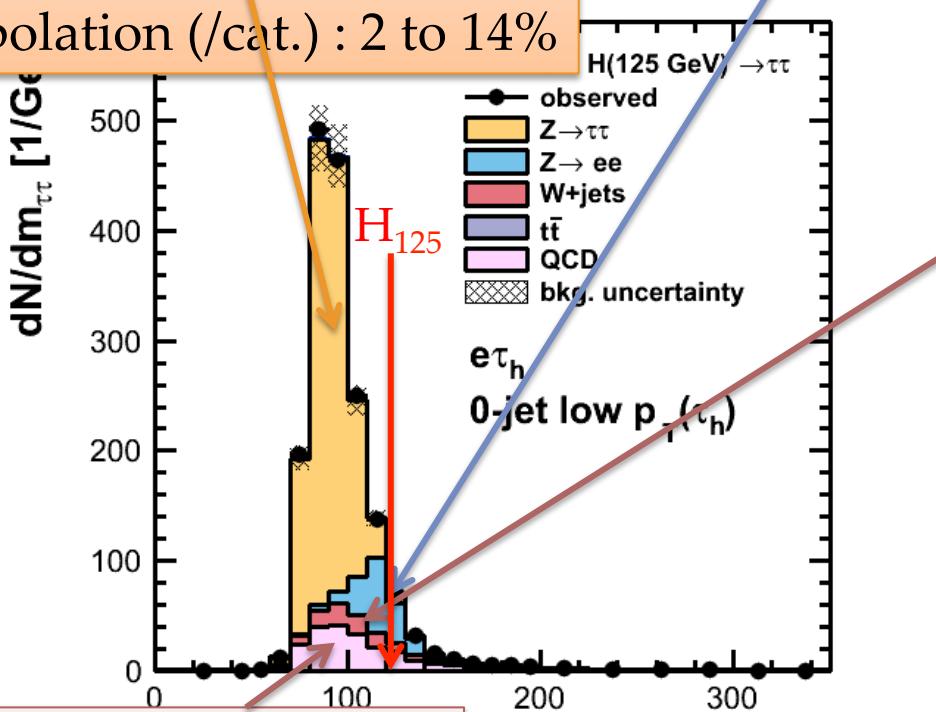
MC simulation

normalized from Data extrapolation.

Systematic uncertainties

$Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$:

τ Id efficiency : 8-19%
 τ energy scale : 3% (shape)
 Norm (σ) : 3%
 Extrapolation (/cat.) : 2 to 14%



QCD :

Norm QCD : 6 to 70%
 Shape QCD : bin by bin

$Z \rightarrow l^+l^-$:

$l \rightarrow \text{Tau}$ Fake-rate : 20 to 74%.

ElectroWeak :

Norm W : 10 to 100%
 - extrapolation
 - control region

Norm VV : 15 to 45%

$Z + \text{Jets} \rightarrow \tau$:

- $j \rightarrow \tau$ fake-rate : 20 à 80 %
 - shape : bin by bin

COMMON

- e/μ selection : 2 to 6%
- jet energy : 0 to 20%
- MET : 1 to 12%
- PDF : 4 to 10%
- H scale : 3 to 41%

TTBar:

Norm ttbar

$\sigma + \text{stat}$: 8 to 35%.

Systematic uncertainties

HIG-13-004

Experimental

Bkg estimation

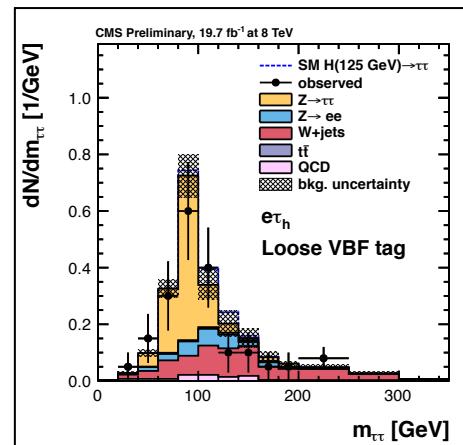
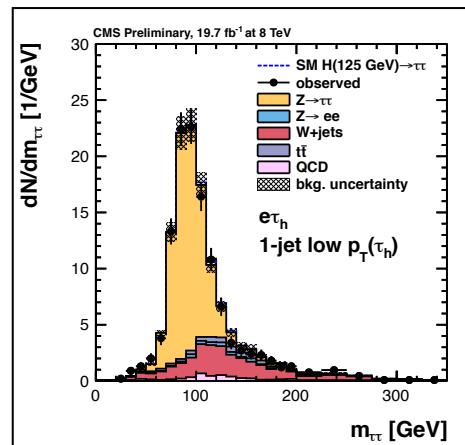
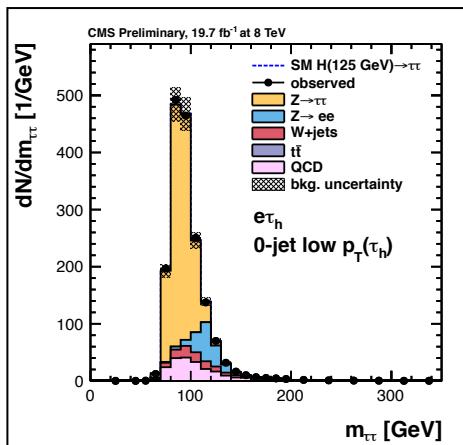
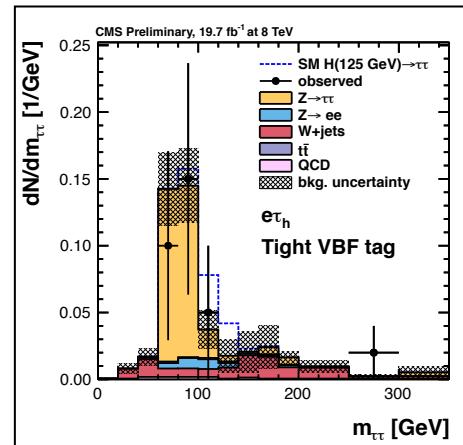
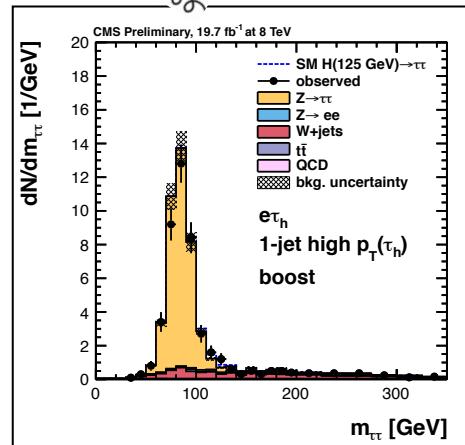
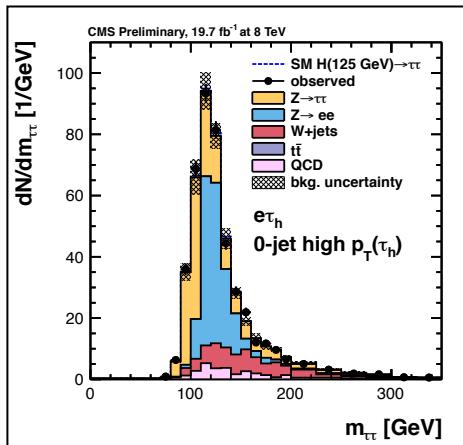
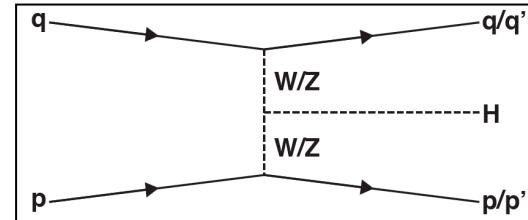
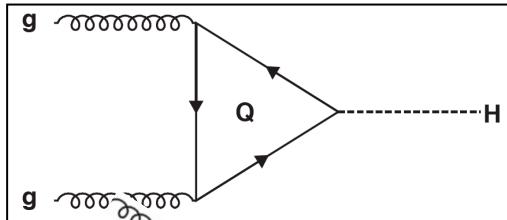
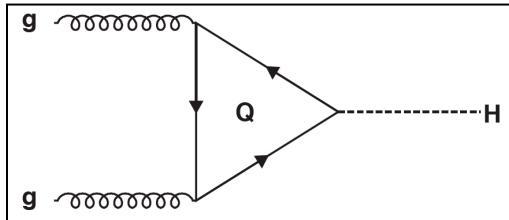
Theory

Uncertainty	Affected samples	Change in acceptance
Tau energy scale	signal & sim. backgrounds	shape
Tau ID & trigger	signal & sim. backgrounds	8–19%
e misidentified as τ_h	$Z \rightarrow ee$	20–74%
μ misidentified as τ_h	$Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$	30%
Jet misidentified as τ_h	Z boson plus jets	20–80%
Electron ID & trigger	signal & sim. backgrounds	2–6%
Muon ID & trigger	signal & sim. backgrounds	2–4%
Electron energy scale	signal & sim. backgrounds	shape
Jet energy scale	signal & sim. backgrounds	0–20%
E_T^{miss} scale	signal & sim. backgrounds	1–12%
$\varepsilon_{\text{b-tag}}$ b jets	signal & sim. backgrounds	0–8%
$\varepsilon_{\text{b-tag}}$ light-flavoured jets	signal & sim. backgrounds	1–3%
Norm. Z production	Z	3%
$Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$ category	$Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$	2–14%
Norm. W+jets	W+jets	10–100%
Norm. $t\bar{t}$	$t\bar{t}$	8–35%
Norm. diboson	diboson	15–45%
Norm. QCD multijet	QCD multijet	6–70%
Shape QCD multijet	QCD multijet	shape
Luminosity 7 TeV (8 TeV)	signal & sim. backgrounds	2.2% (2.6%)
PDF (qq)	signal & sim. backgrounds	4%
PDF (gg)	signal & sim. backgrounds	10%
Scale variation	signal	3–41%
Underlying event & parton shower	signal	2–10%
Limited number of events	all	bin-by-bin

- Perform a simultaneous binned maximum likelihood fit in all channels /categories.
- Treat the uncertainties as nuisance parameters to the fit.

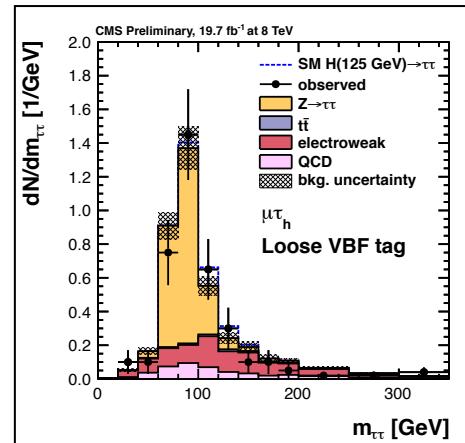
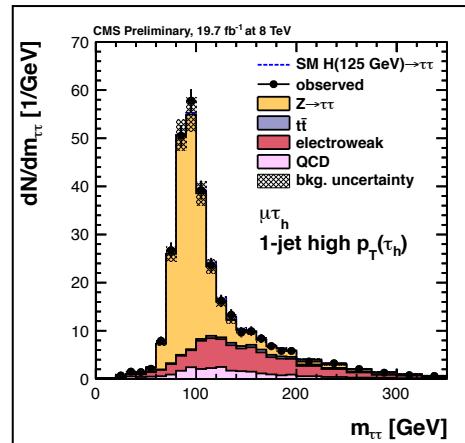
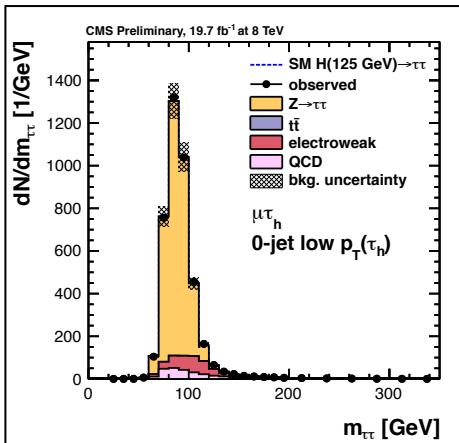
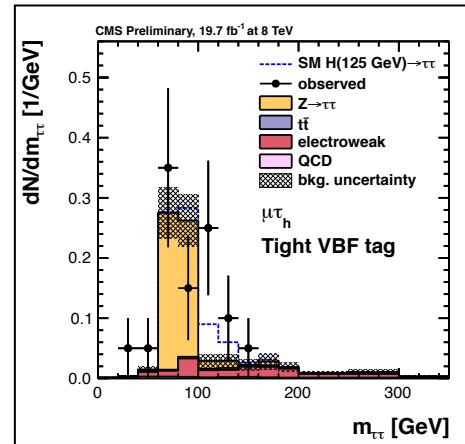
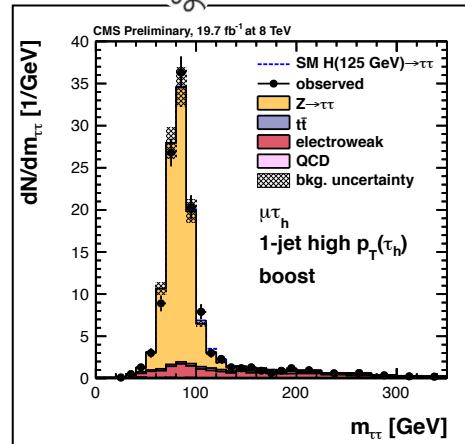
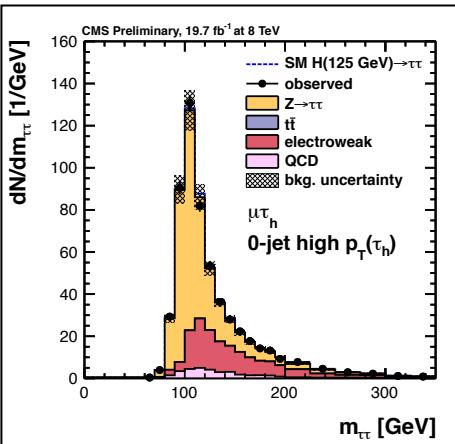
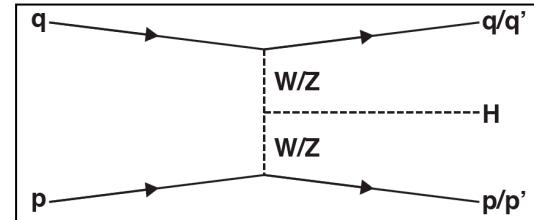
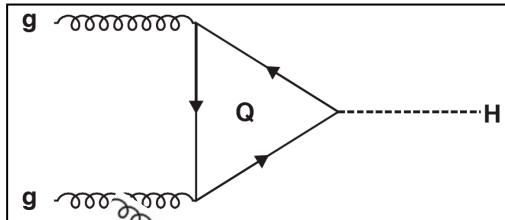
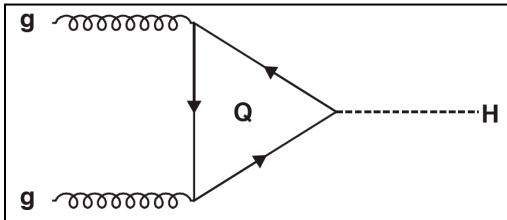
Mass plots $e\tau_h$

HIG-13-004



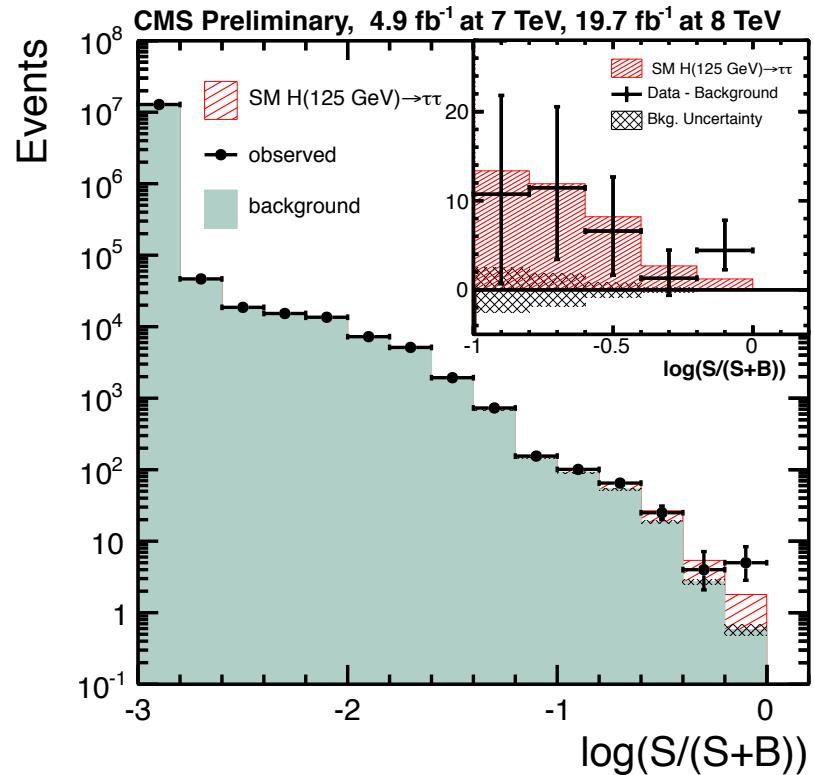
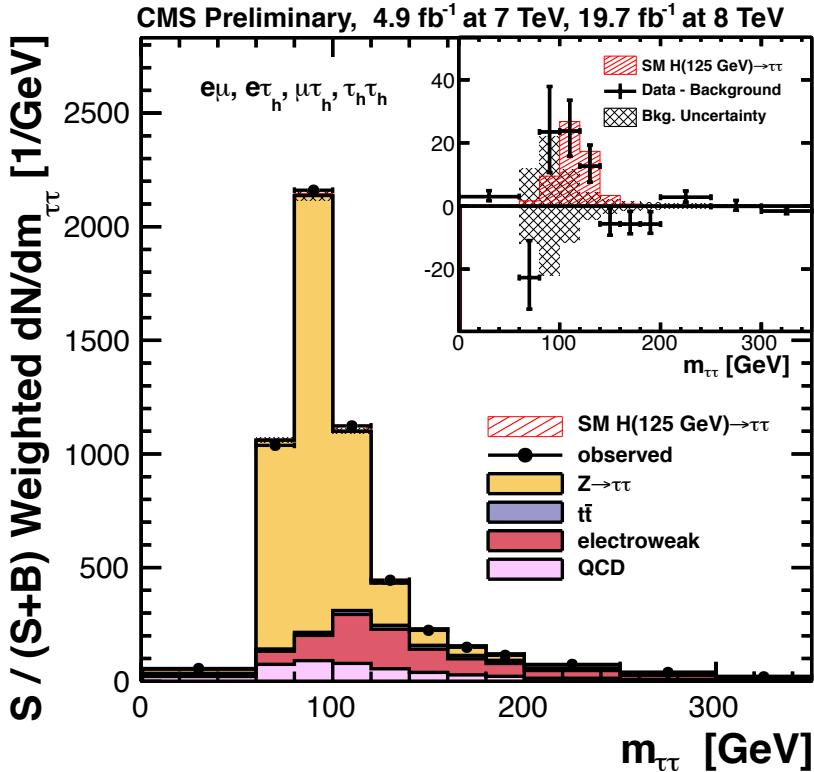
Mass plots $\mu\tau_h$

HIG-13-004



Weighted distributions

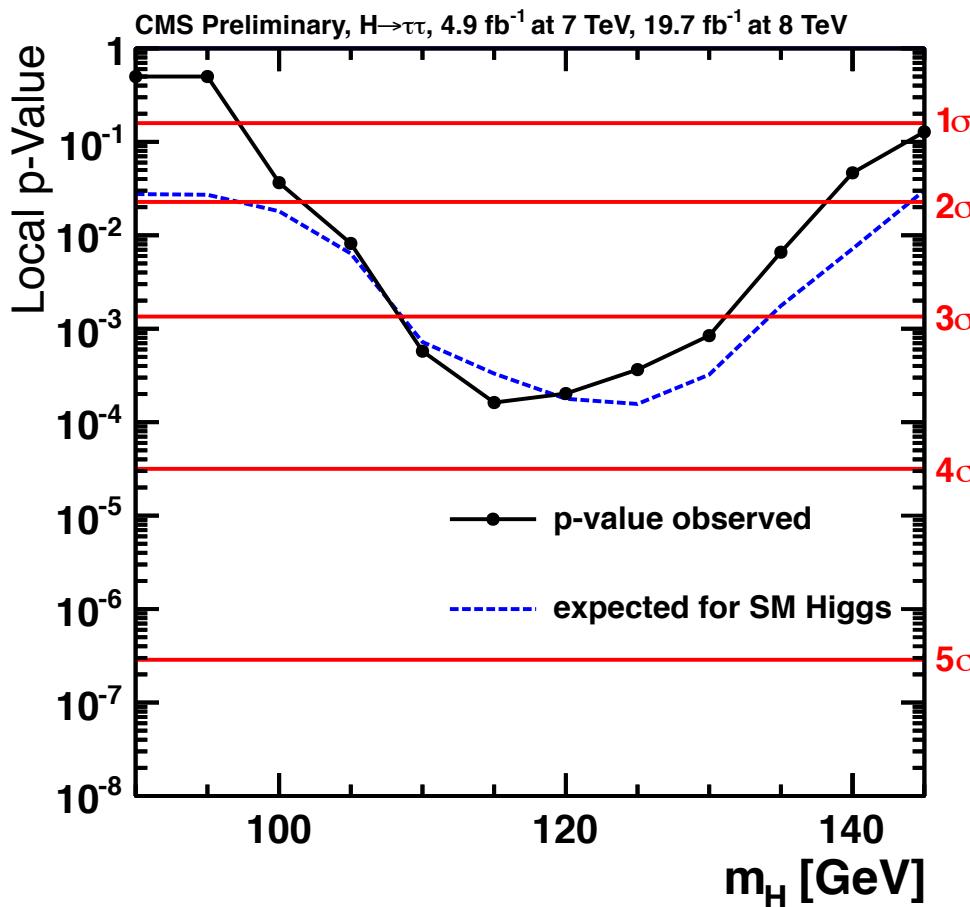
HIG-13-004



- Weighted S/S+B mass distribution.
- Combined distribution for all final states.
- Ordered in $\log(S/S+B)$ shows **clear excess** of events in the most sensitives bins.

Results : Evidence for a Higgs boson

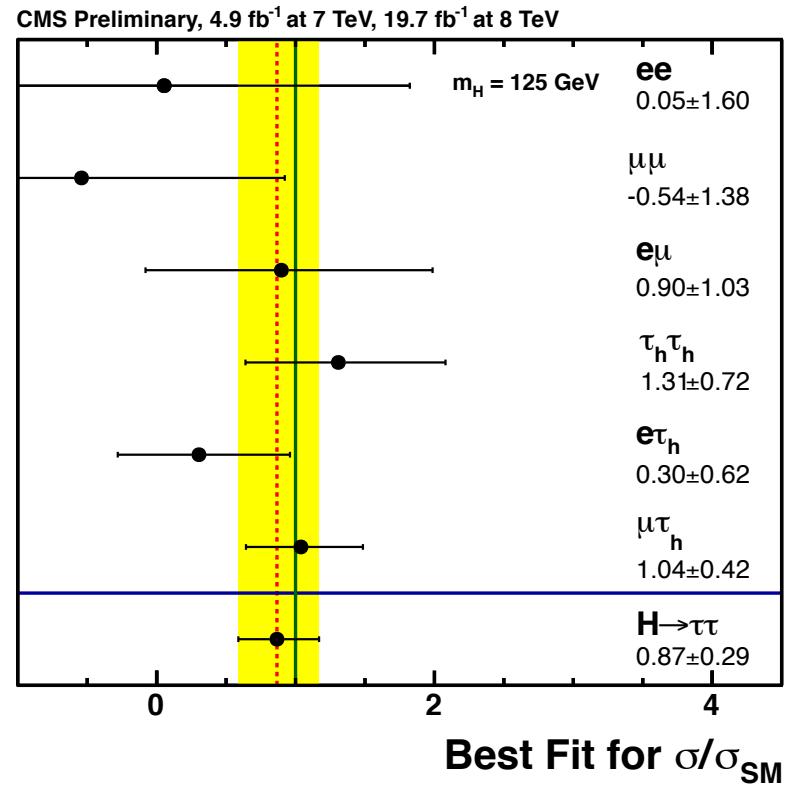
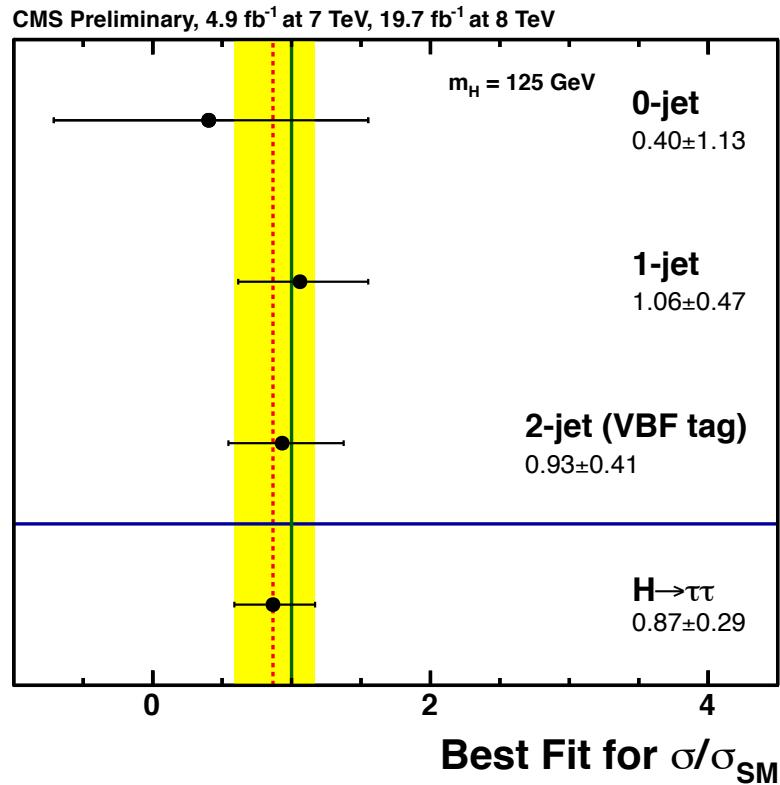
HIG-13-004



- Observed significance at $125 \text{ GeV} = 3.38 \sigma$
- Observed significance at $115 \text{ GeV} = 3.59 \sigma$
- **Excess $> 3 \sigma$ for $110 < M_H < 130 \text{ GeV}$.**

Results : signal strength modifier

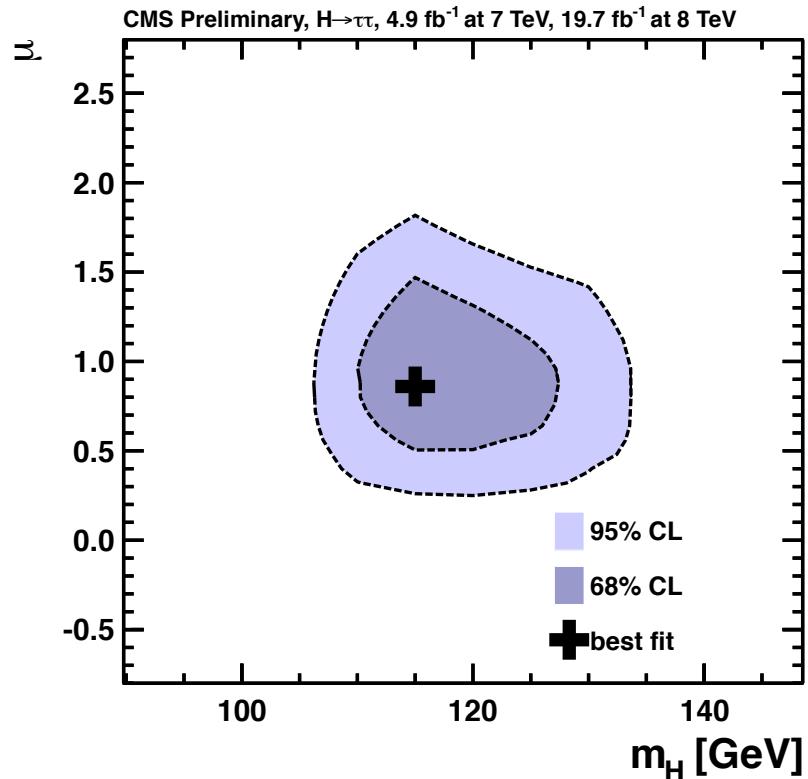
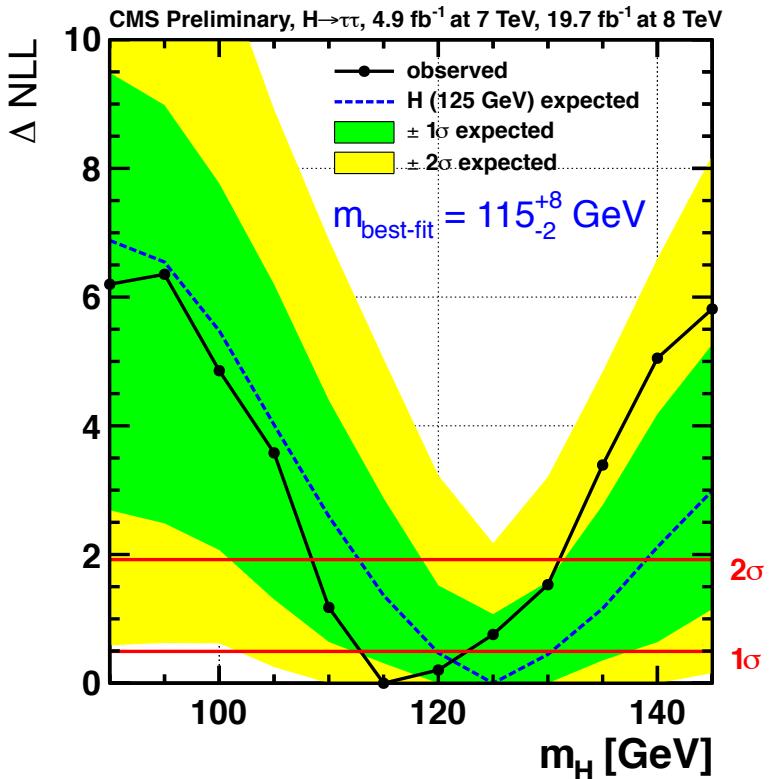
HIG-13-004



- Best fit $\mu = \sigma/\sigma_{\text{SM}} = 0.87 \pm 0.29$
- Compatible with the SM Higgs boson (125 GeV) prediction.

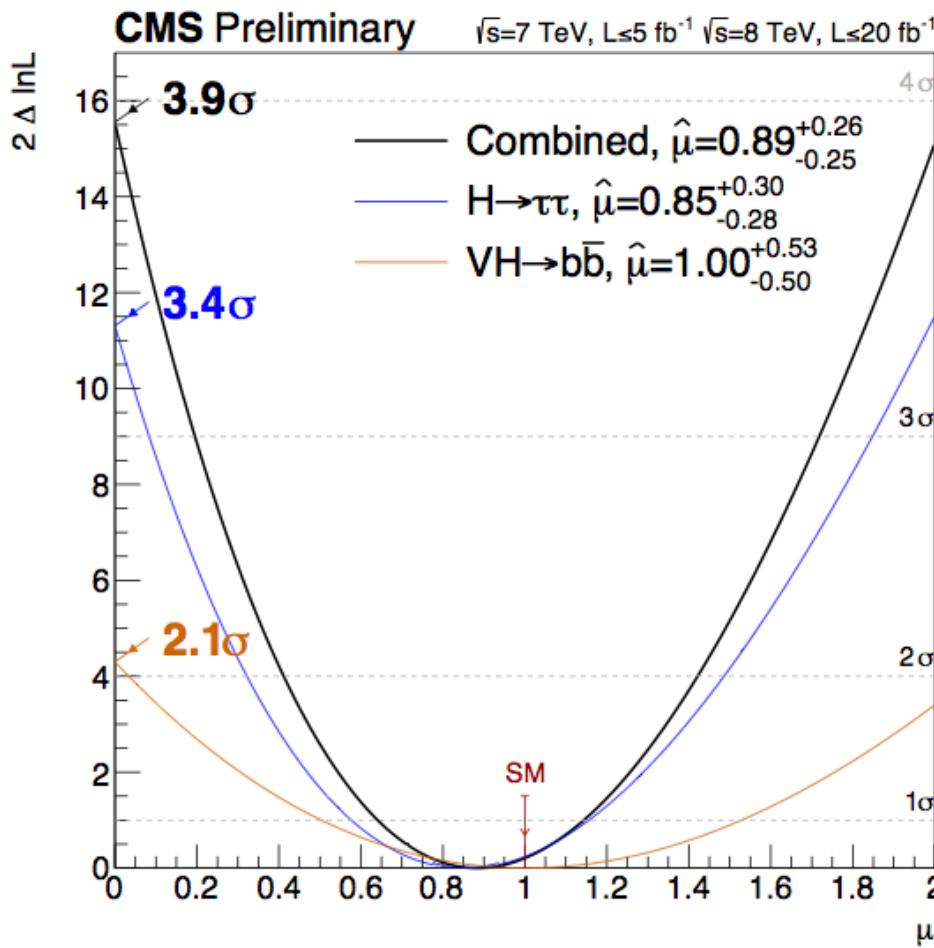
Results : mass measurement

HIG-13-004



- Likelihood scan gives $m_H = 115^{+8}_{-2} \text{ GeV}$.
- Compatible with the measurements in high resolution channels ($\gamma\gamma$, ZZ). $m_H = 125.7 \pm 0.3(\text{stat}) \pm 0.3(\text{syst}) \text{ GeV}$
- Best fit of μ shows compatibility with H_{125} .

Combination with $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ at $m_H = 125$ GeV

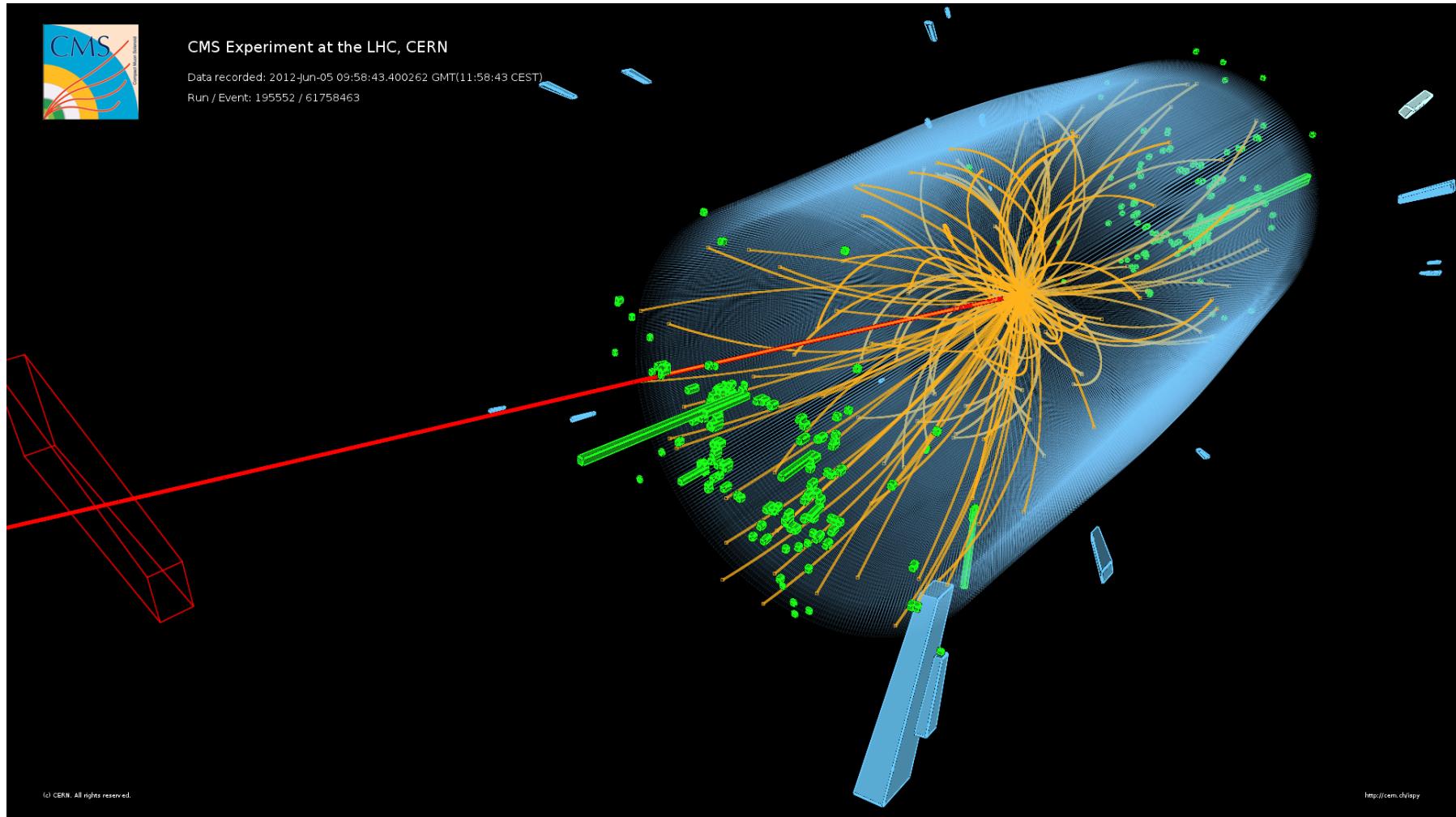


- $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ observed (expected) significance at 125 GeV = 2.1 (2.3) σ
- $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ observed (expected) significance at 125 GeV = 3.4 (3.6) σ
- **Combination observed (expected) significance at 125 GeV = 3.9 (4.3) σ**

Summary

- $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ analysis successful thanks to Particle Flow, τ lepton, ME_T and di- τ mass reconstruction.
- **Excess of more than 3σ for $110 < M_H < 130$ GeV.**
- Significance at 125 GeV = 3.38σ
- Best fit $\mu = \sigma/\sigma_{SM} = 0.87 \pm 0.29$
- $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ analysis shows compatibility with SM $H(125)$. **Evidence** that the new boson discovered couples to τ leptons.
- Combination with $H \rightarrow bb$ leads to **3.9σ evidence of fermionic Higgs decays**.

Thank you. Questions?



Back up Material

Yields $\mu\tau_h$

Event category	ggH	VBF	VH	tot Signal	tot. Background	Data	S/(S+B)	H125 width [GeV]
0-jet low p_T^τ 7 TeV	21.9	0.2	0.1	22.3 ± 3.3	11969 ± 716	11959	0.002	17.4
0-jet low p_T^τ 8 TeV	82.9	0.8	0.4	84.1 ± 11.6	40839 ± 2316	40353	0.003	16.2
0-jet high p_T^τ 7 TeV	16.6	0.2	0.2	17.0 ± 2.5	1595 ± 95	1594	0.021	15.1
0-jet high p_T^τ 8 TeV	65.4	0.7	0.7	66.8 ± 9.3	6000 ± 302	5789	0.020	15.2
1-jet low p_T^τ 7 TeV	8.7	1.6	0.8	11.0 ± 1.6	2021 ± 133	2047	0.012	18.8
1-jet low p_T^τ 8 TeV	36.0	6.2	3.1	45.3 ± 6.0	9035 ± 430	9010	0.010	18.6
1-jet high p_T^τ 7 TeV	7.3	1.1	0.6	9.0 ± 1.2	796 ± 45	817	0.032	19.1
1-jet high p_T^τ 8 TeV	29.6	4.4	2.5	36.5 ± 4.7	3182 ± 153	3160	0.029	19.7
1-jet high p_T^τ , higgs boosted 7 TeV	2.4	0.7	0.5	3.6 ± 0.6	282 ± 19	269	0.052	17.7
1-jet high p_T^τ , higgs boosted 8 TeV	11.3	3.0	2.1	16.5 ± 2.6	1264 ± 73	1253	0.071	17.2
VBF tag 7 TeV	0.2	1.3	-	1.5 ± 0.2	22 ± 2	23	0.14	19.6
loose VBF tag 8 TeV	1.2	3.5	-	4.7 ± 0.4	80 ± 7	76	0.18	17.0
tight VBF tag 8 TeV	0.4	2.1	-	2.5 ± 0.2	15 ± 2	20	0.51	18.1

Yields $e\tau_h$

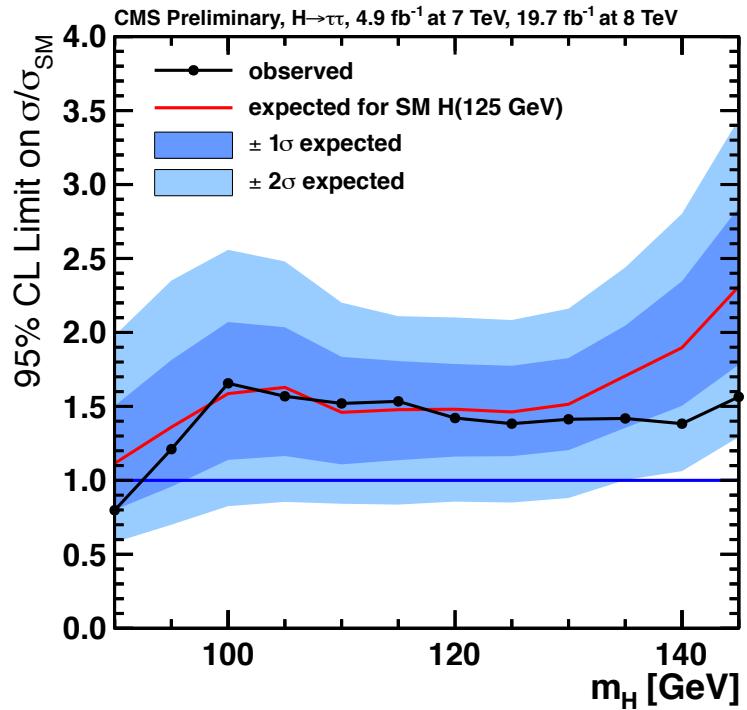
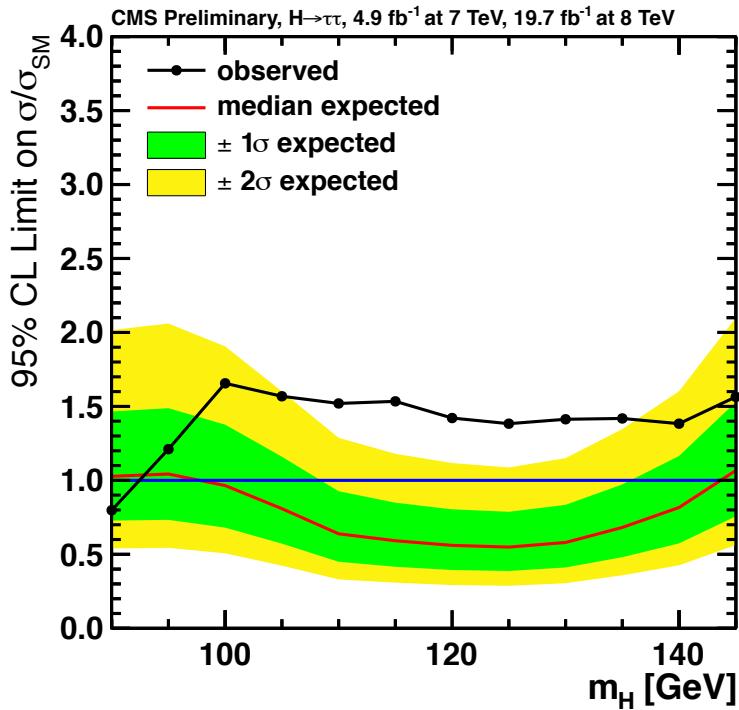
Event category	ggH	VBF	VH	tot Signal	tot. Background	Data	S/(S+B)	H125 width [GeV]
0-jet low p_T^τ 7 TeV	11.7	0.1	0.1	11.9 ± 1.8	6153 ± 368	6238	0.002	16.4
0-jet low p_T^τ 8 TeV	35.0	0.4	0.2	35.6 ± 4.9	16825 ± 879	17109	0.003	15.8
0-jet high p_T^τ 7 TeV	11.0	0.1	0.1	11.2 ± 1.7	1169 ± 69	1191	0.015	14.3
0-jet high p_T^τ 8 TeV	32.7	0.3	0.3	33.4 ± 4.7	4393 ± 194	4536	0.010	15.4
1-jet low p_T^τ 7 TeV	3.1	0.6	0.3	4.0 ± 0.6	368 ± 27	385	0.028	19.6
1-jet low p_T^τ 8 TeV	9.6	1.9	1.1	12.6 ± 1.7	1208 ± 64	1214	0.026	16.5
1-jet high p_T^τ , higgs boosted 7 TeV	1.2	0.3	0.2	1.8 ± 0.3	151 ± 10	167	0.088	15.4
1-jet high p_T^τ , higgs boosted 8 TeV	5.4	1.5	1.0	7.9 ± 1.2	500 ± 30	476	0.11	15.5
VBF tag 7 TeV	0.2	0.7	-	0.9 ± 0.1	14 ± 2	13	0.23	15.9
loose VBF tag 8 TeV	0.6	1.8	-	2.5 ± 0.2	45 ± 4	40	0.15	16.8
tight VBF tag 8 TeV	0.3	1.3	-	1.6 ± 0.1	9 ± 1	7	0.52	16.1

Yields $\tau_h\tau_h$ and $e\mu$

Event category	ggH	VBF	VH	tot Signal	tot. Background	Data	S/(S+B)	H125 width [GeV]
1-jet boost 8 TeV	7.3	2.1	1.0	10.4 ± 1.7	1130 ± 56	1120	0.055	15.2
1-jet large-boost 8 TeV	5.6	1.6	1.2	8.4 ± 1.2	375 ± 26	366	0.14	13.1
VBF tag 8 TeV	0.5	2.5	-	3.1 ± 0.3	29 ± 4	34	0.33	14.3
Event category	ggH	VBF	VH	tot Signal	tot. Background	Data	S/(S+B)	H125 width [GeV]
0-jet low p_T^μ 7 TeV	21.4	0.2	0.2	21.8 ± 3.1	11320 ± 324	11283	0.002	24.4
0-jet low p_T^μ 8 TeV	72.3	0.7	0.7	73.7 ± 9.9	40496 ± 1085	40381	0.002	23.6
0-jet high p_T^μ 7 TeV	7.8	0.1	0.1	8.0 ± 1.1	1638 ± 60	1676	0.007	22.7
0-jet high p_T^μ 8 TeV	24.6	0.2	0.5	25.4 ± 3.4	6005 ± 178	6095	0.006	20.7
1-jet low p_T^μ 7 TeV	8.6	1.6	1.0	11.2 ± 1.4	2470 ± 83	2482	0.007	23.7
1-jet low p_T^μ 8 TeV	40.4	6.5	3.7	50.6 ± 6.1	10910 ± 299	10926	0.006	23.8
1-jet high p_T^μ 7 TeV	4.4	1.0	0.6	6.0 ± 0.8	918 ± 39	901	0.012	23.4
1-jet high p_T^μ 8 TeV	18.1	3.4	2.6	24.0 ± 3.0	4039 ± 120	4050	0.011	23.1
VBF tag 7 TeV	0.2	0.9	-	1.1 ± 0.1	18 ± 1	12	0.10	22.8
loose VBF tag 8 TeV	0.6	2.6	-	3.2 ± 0.3	97 ± 6	112	0.050	23.5
tight VBF tag 8 TeV	0.2	1.4	-	1.6 ± 0.1	14 ± 1	17	0.18	17.9

Results : 95% CL_s upper limits on σ

HIG-13-004



- After a binned maximum likelihood fit in all channels / categories
- Excess of events over a broad range vs m_H hypothesis.
- Excess compatible with the SM Higgs boson (125 GeV) prediction.

Fermion/Vector couplings

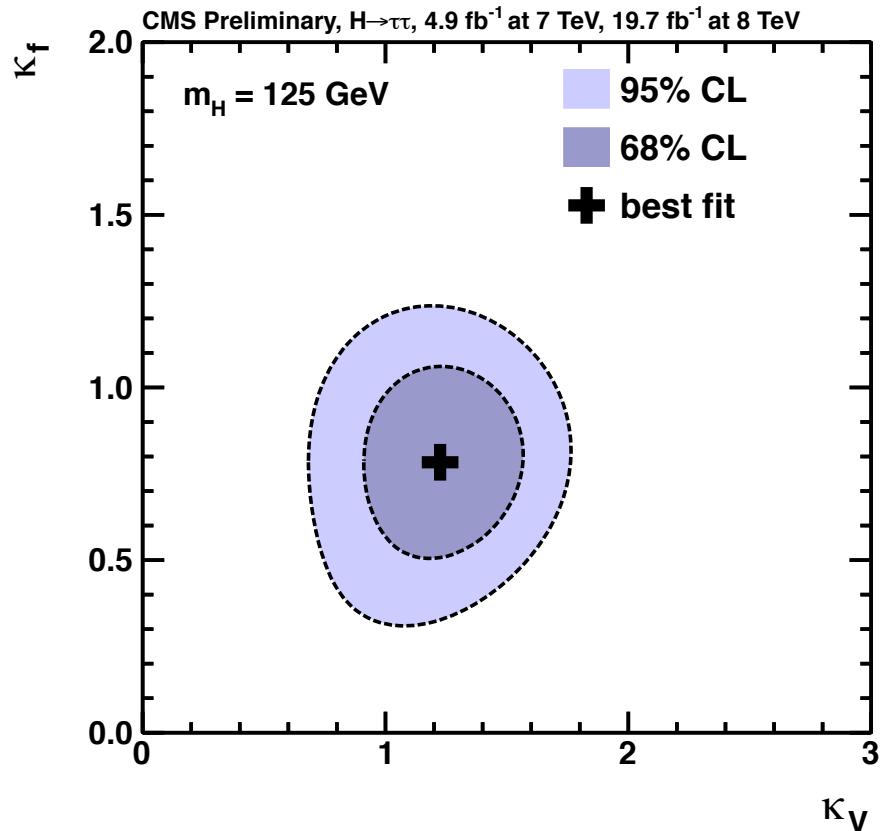
HIG-13-004

Vector and fermion
couplings grouped

κ_V : $\kappa_W = \kappa_Z$

κ_F : $\kappa_t = \kappa_b = \kappa_\tau = \kappa_g$

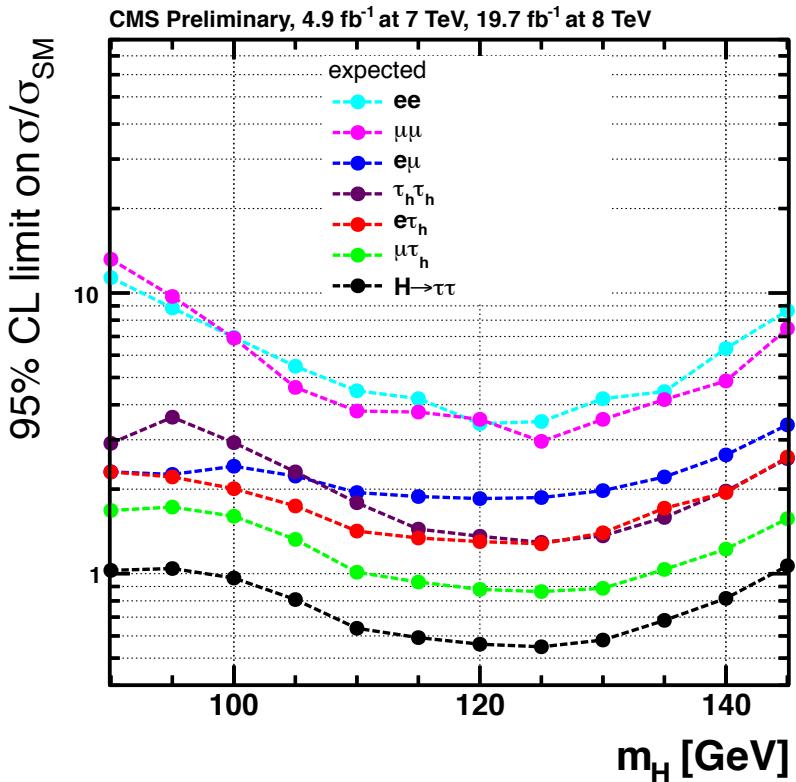
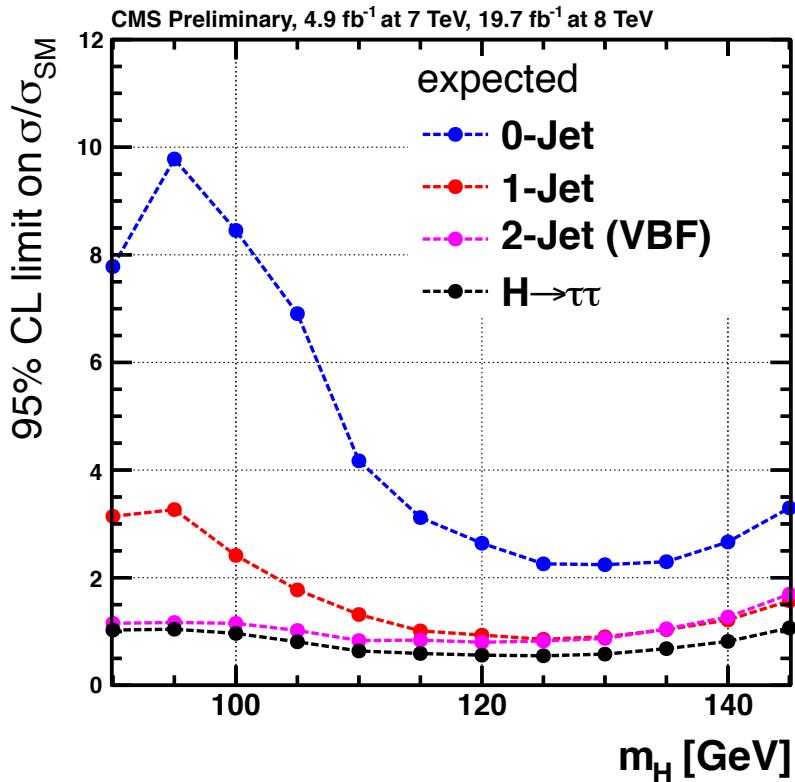
Only SM particles in the
loop for κ_g & κ_γ



- Likelihood scans as a function of κ_V and κ_F .
- $H \rightarrow WW$ contribution is considered as part of the signal.
- Compatible with the SM ($\kappa_V = \kappa_F = 1$)

Channels/categories sensitivity

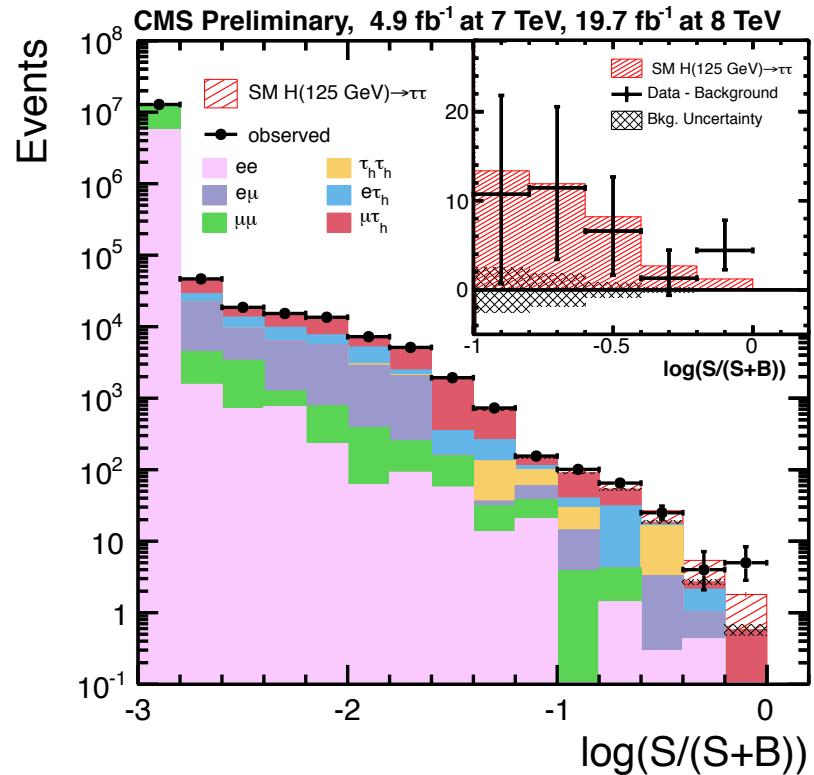
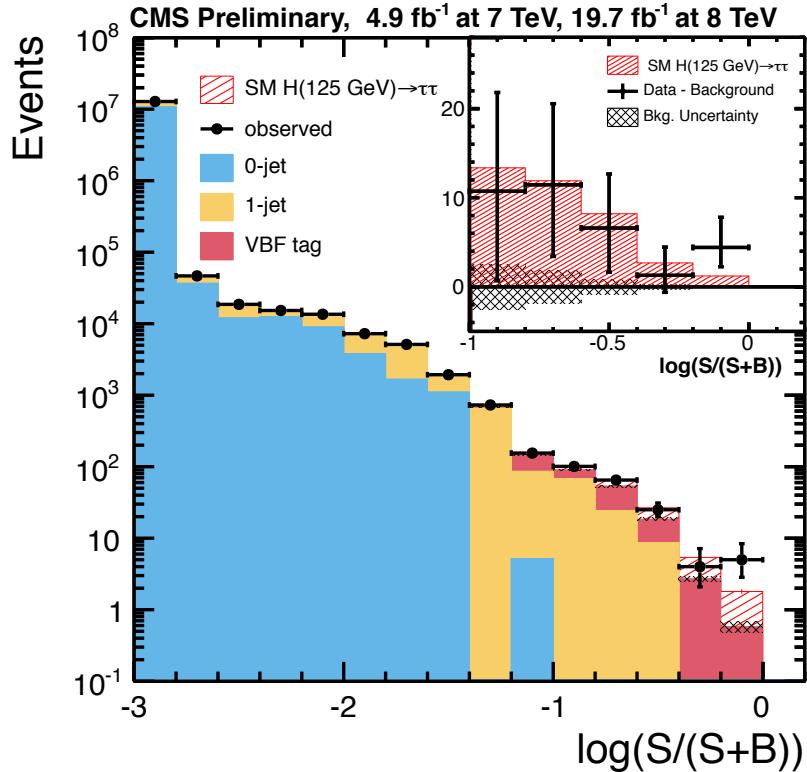
HIG-13-004



- VBF tag most sensitive category followed by 1jet.
- $\mu\tau_h$ most sensitive channel followed by $e\tau_h$ and $\tau_h\tau_h$.

Combined distributions

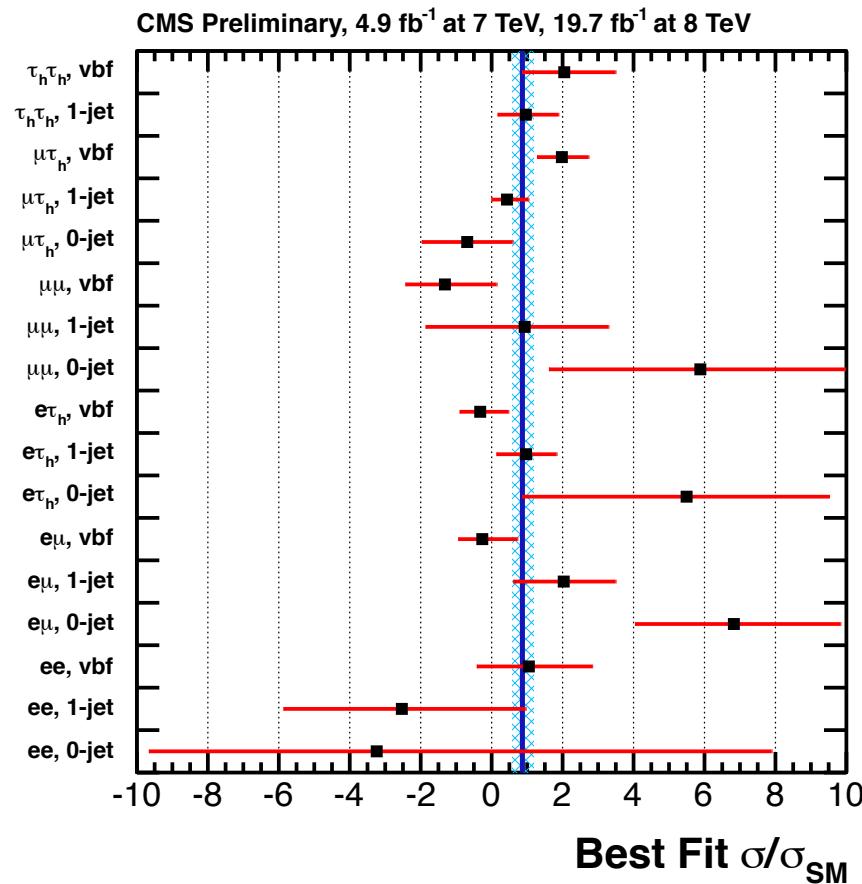
HIG-13-004



- Combined distribution ordered in $\log(S/S+B)$ shows clear excess of events in the most sensitives bins.
- Separately for category (left) and channel (right).

Channel compatibility

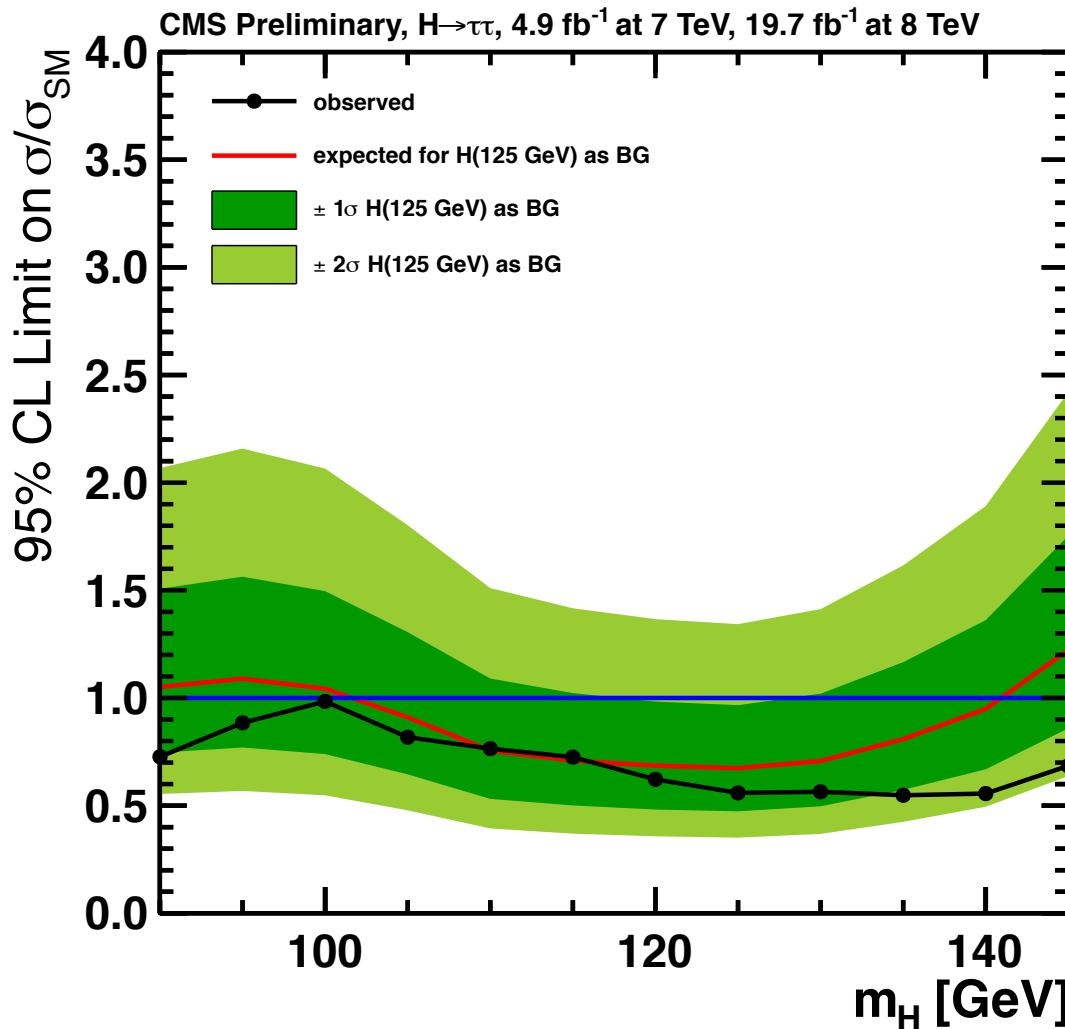
HIG-13-004



- All channels are fairly compatible.

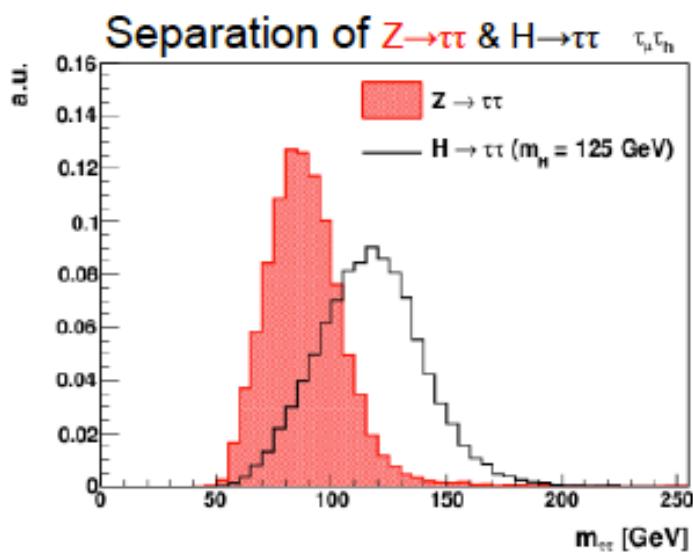
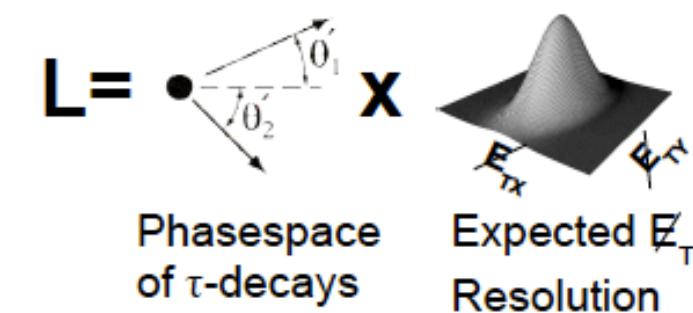
H_{125} as background

HIG-13-004



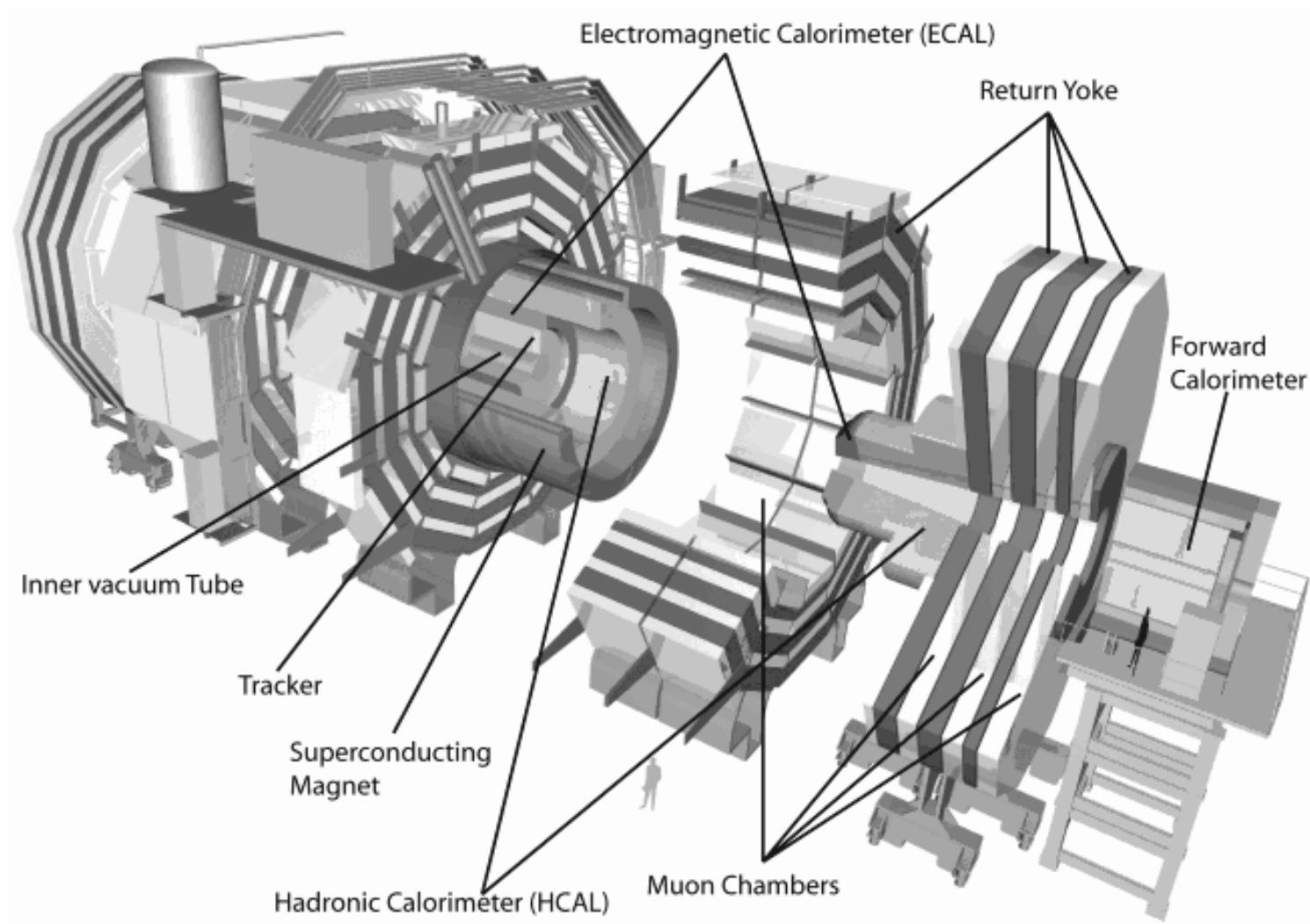
DiTau mass reconstruction

- Determine invariant mass of di- τ system with **maximum likelihood** method.



- Estimate for di- τ system, to be real for given value of $m_{\tau\tau}$.
- Inputs: four-vector information of **visible leptons**, x- and y- component of E_T on event by event basis.
- Free parameters: $\phi, \theta^*, (m_{vv})$ per τ -lepton (4-6 parameters).
- Full integration of kernel. Scan of $m_{\tau\tau}$ from m_τ up to 2TeV.
- 15-20% resolution** of the reconstructed $m_{\tau\tau}$ mass.

CMS detector



Limits

Explanatory figure (not actual data)

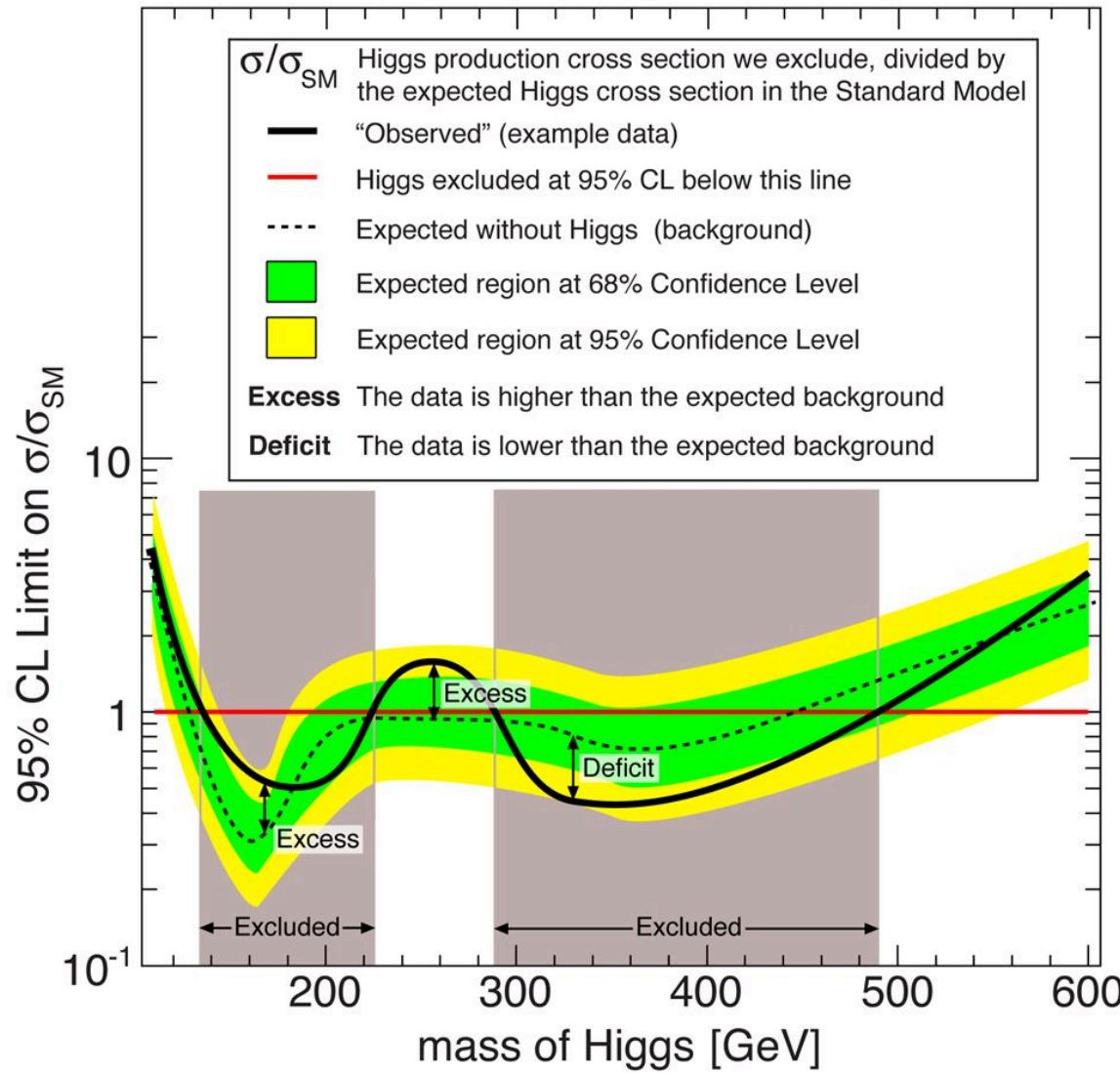
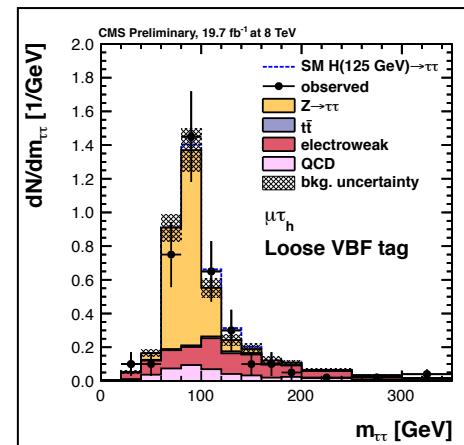
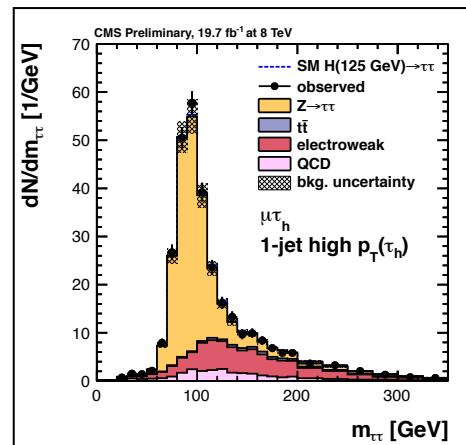
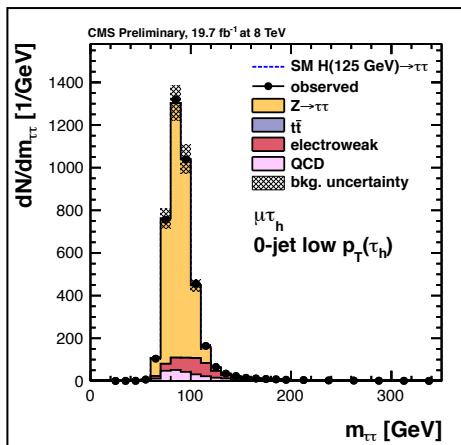
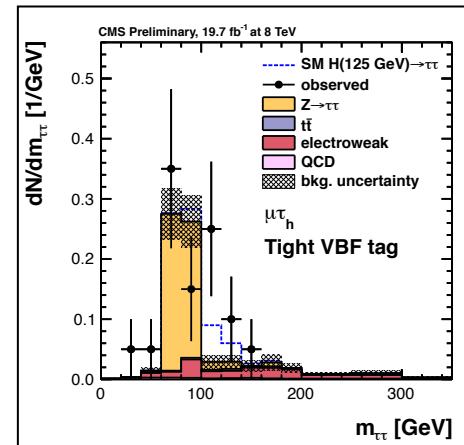
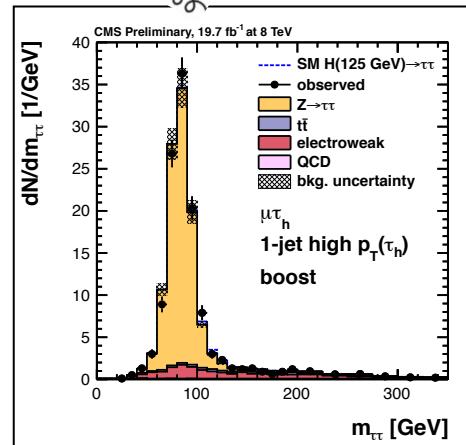
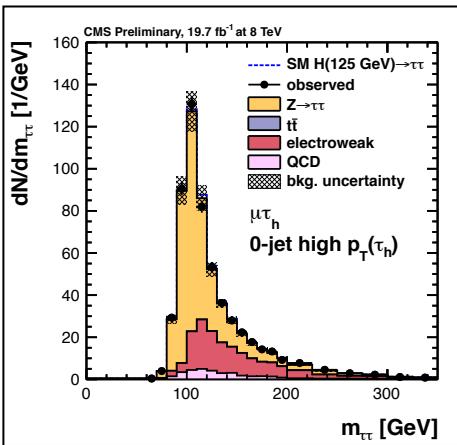
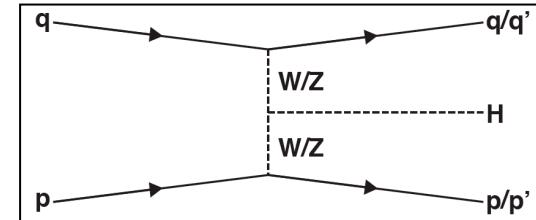
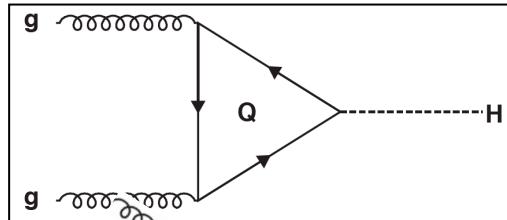
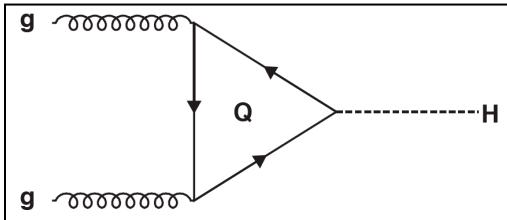


Figure A

Mass plots 8 TeV

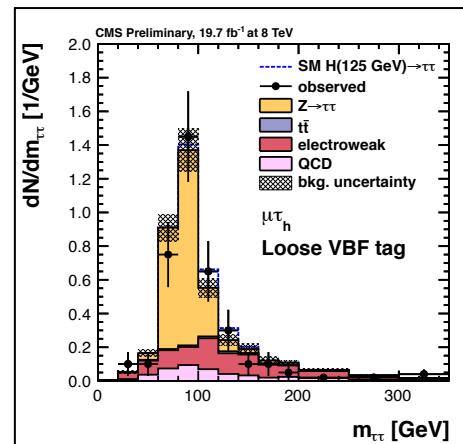
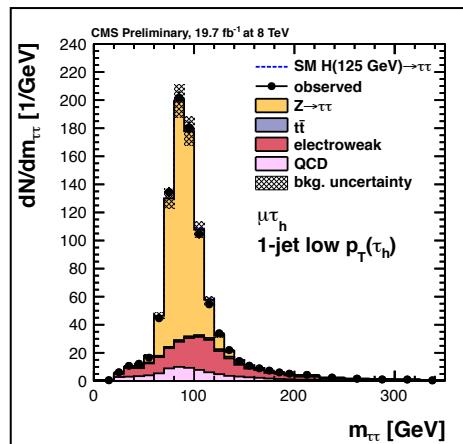
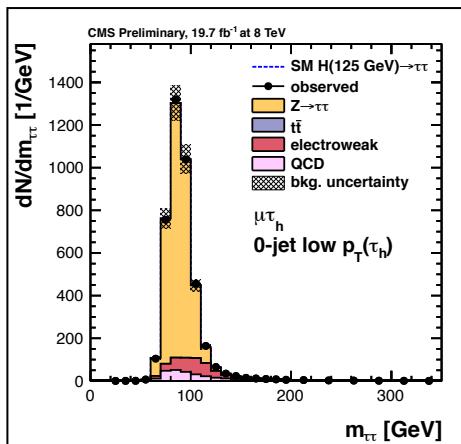
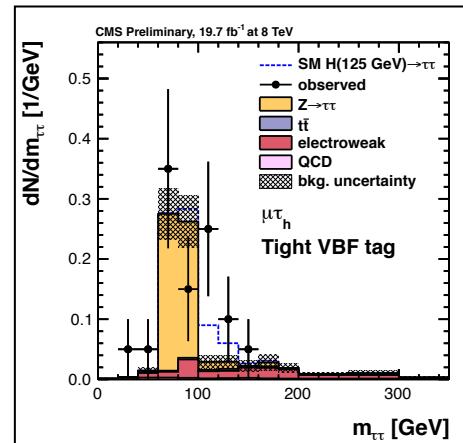
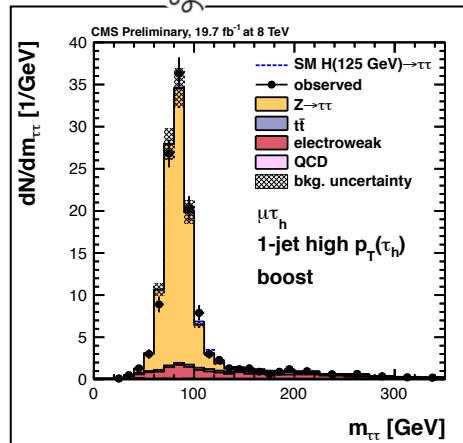
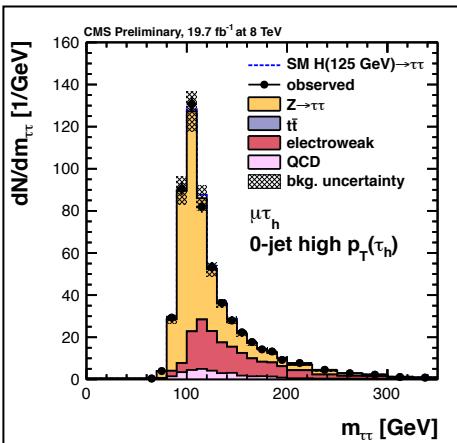
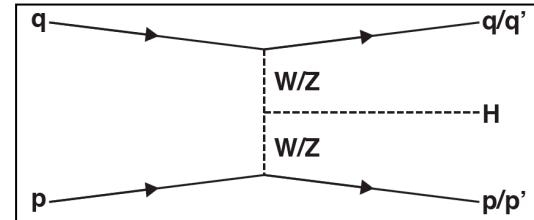
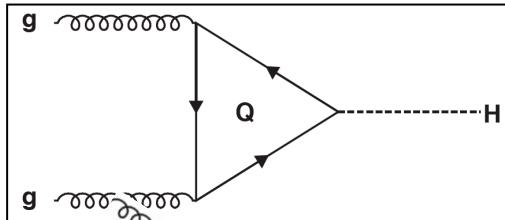
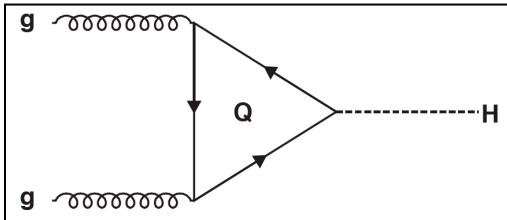
Mass plots $\mu\tau_h$

HIG-13-004



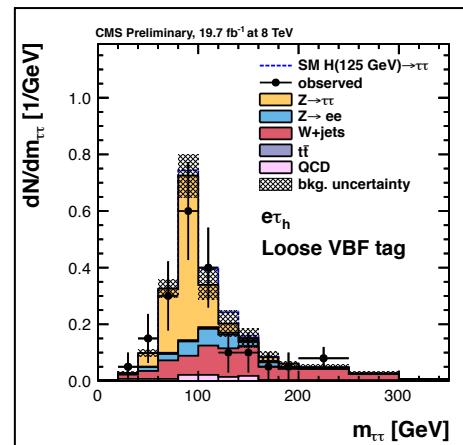
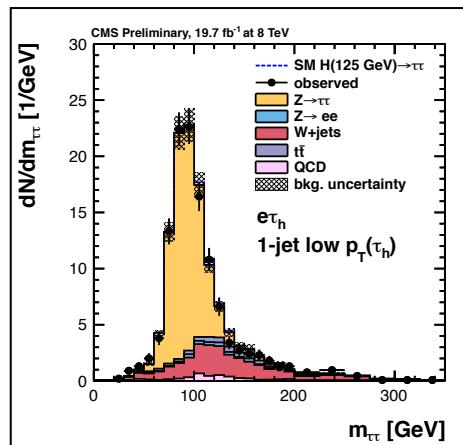
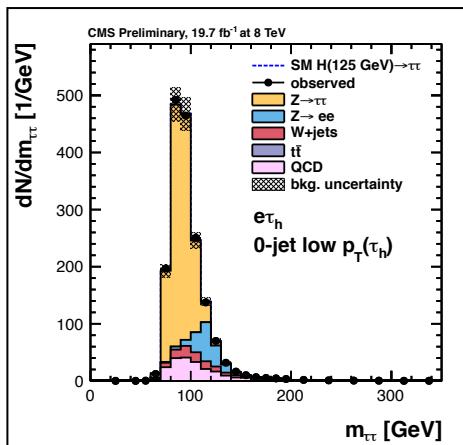
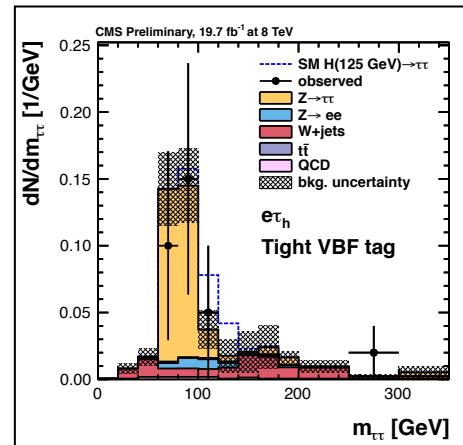
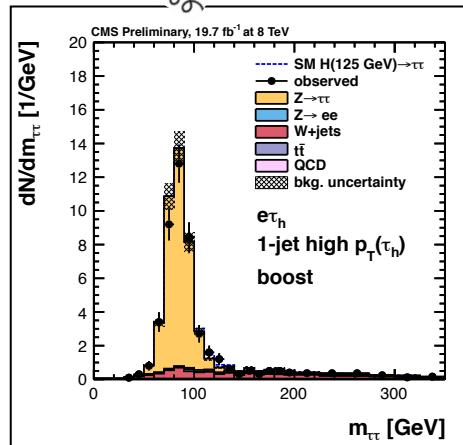
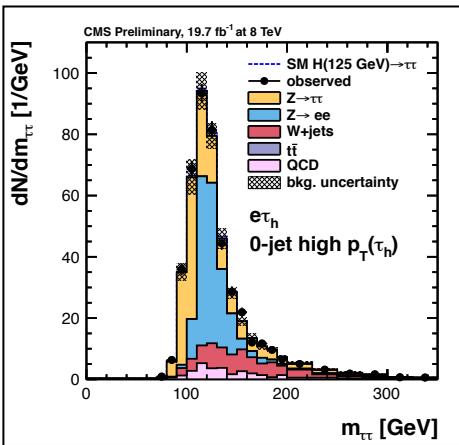
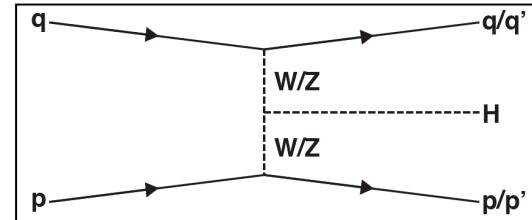
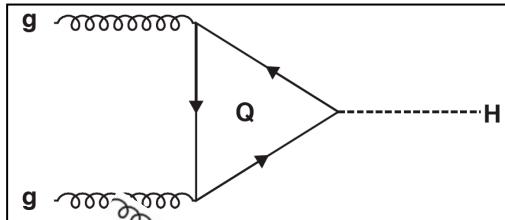
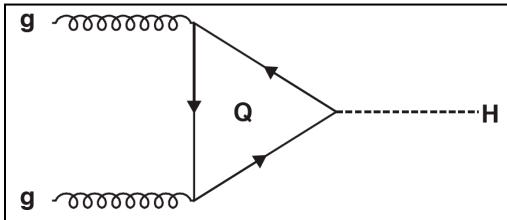
Mass plots $\mu\tau_h$

HIG-13-004



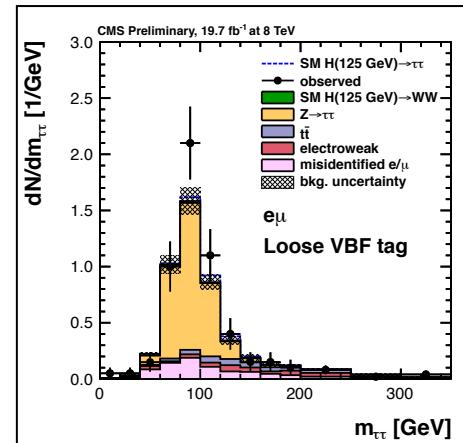
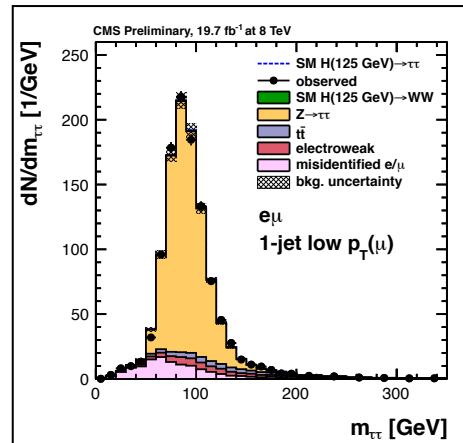
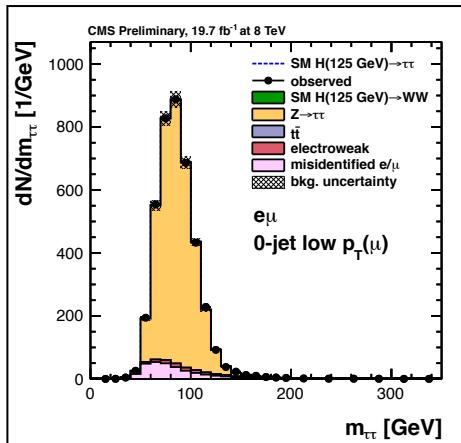
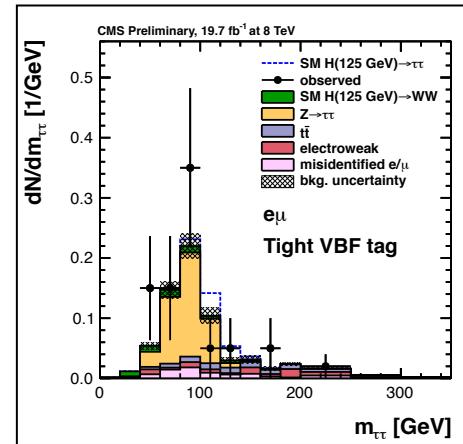
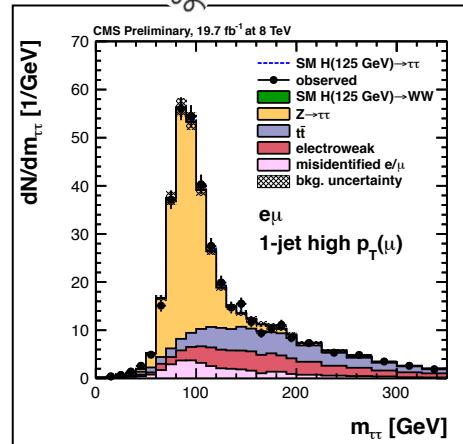
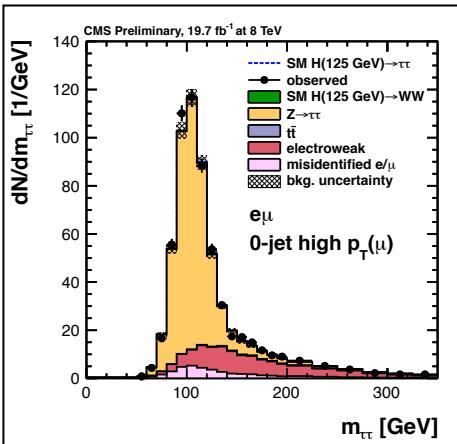
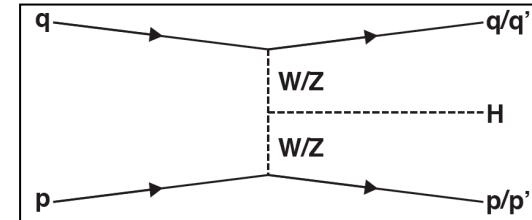
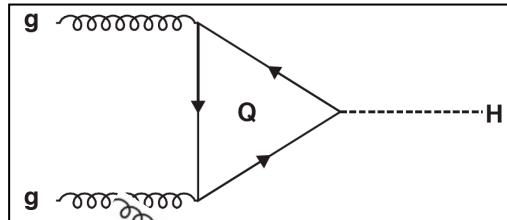
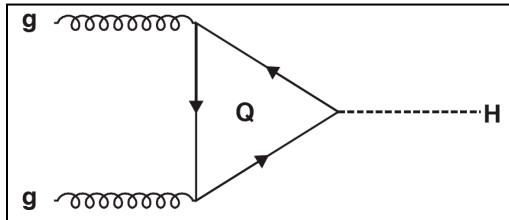
Mass plots $e\tau_h$

HIG-13-004



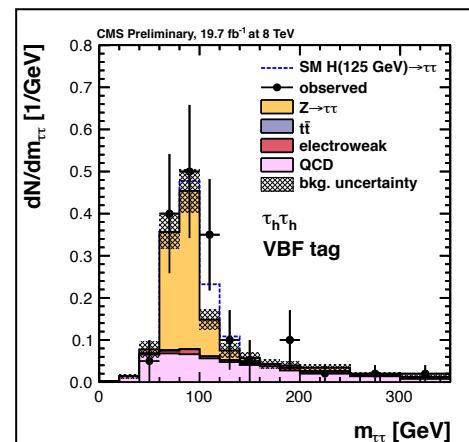
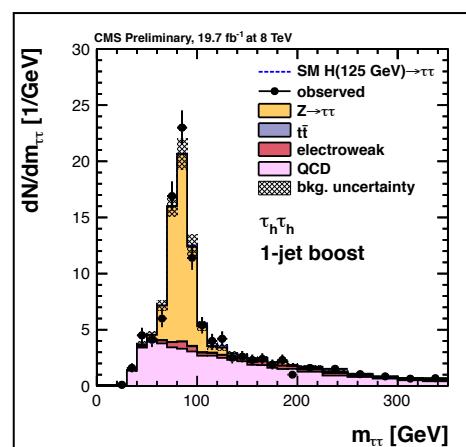
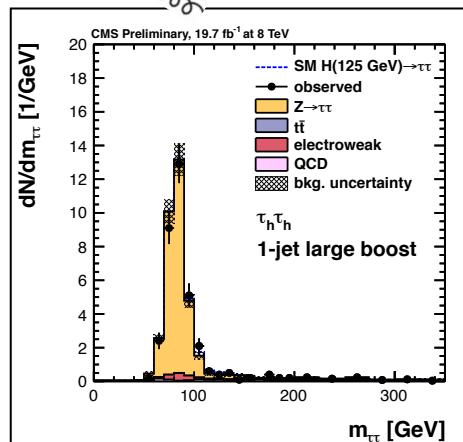
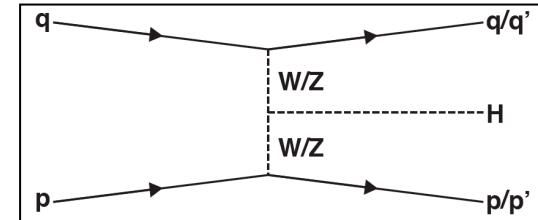
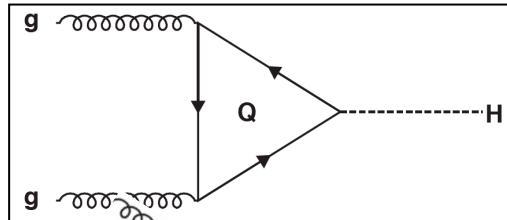
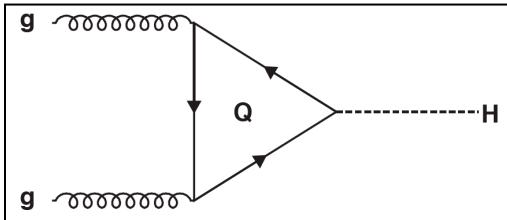
Mass plots $e\mu$

HIG-13-004



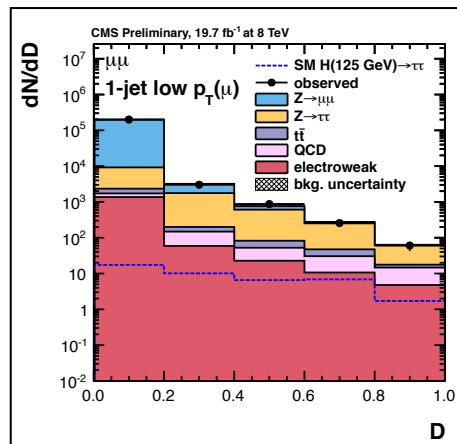
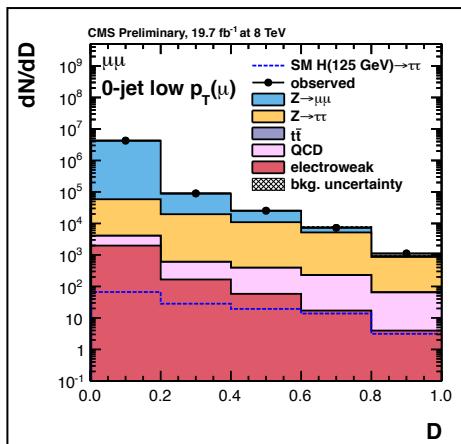
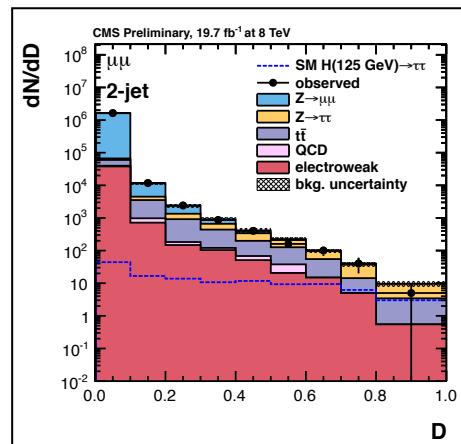
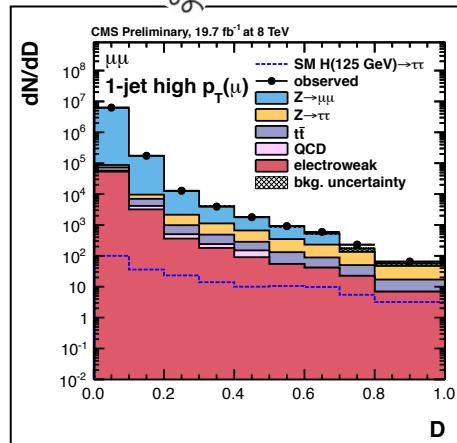
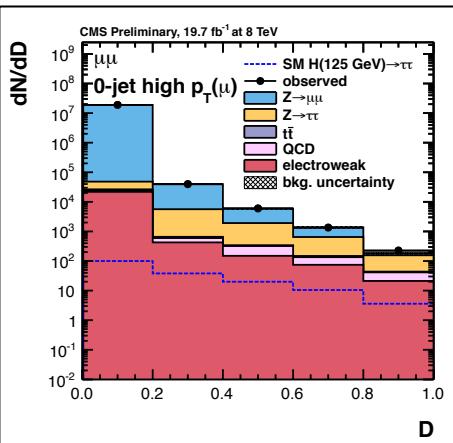
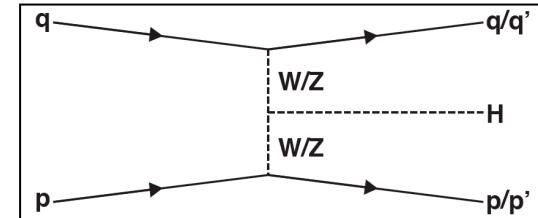
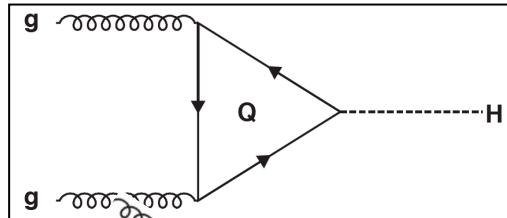
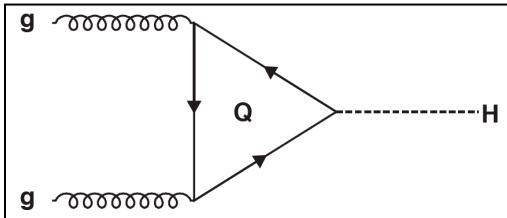
Mass plots $\tau_h \tau_h$

HIG-13-004



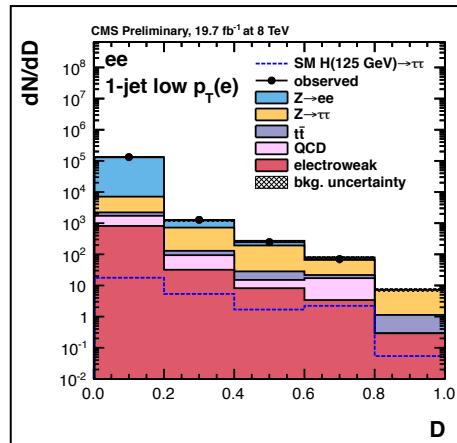
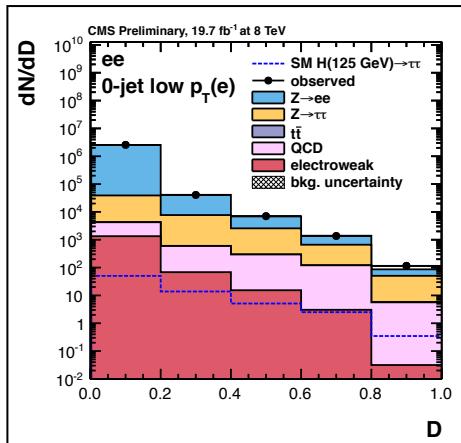
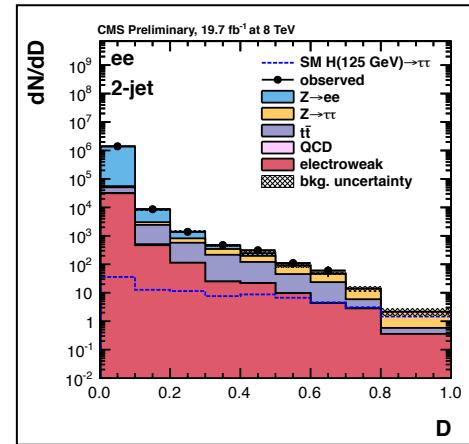
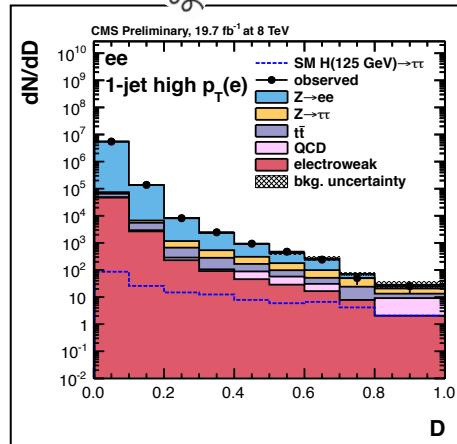
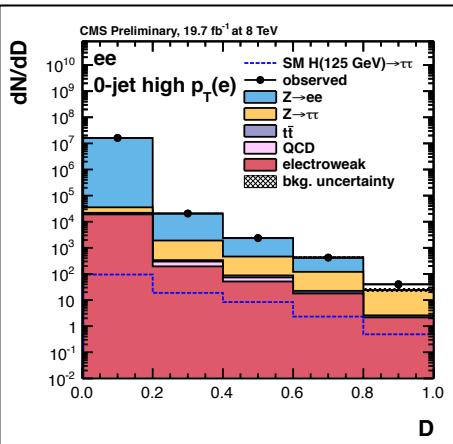
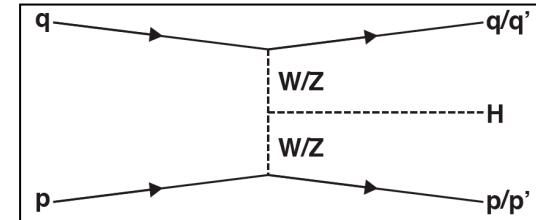
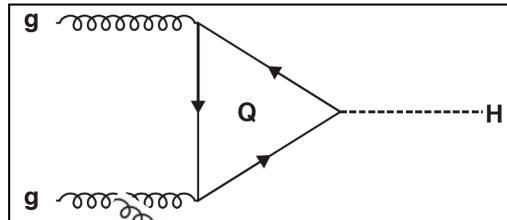
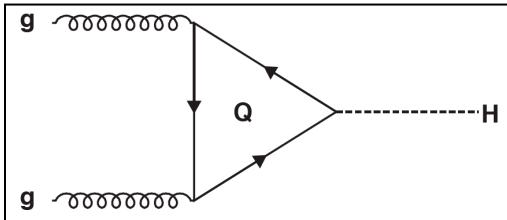
Mass plots $\mu\mu$

HIG-13-004



Mass plots ee

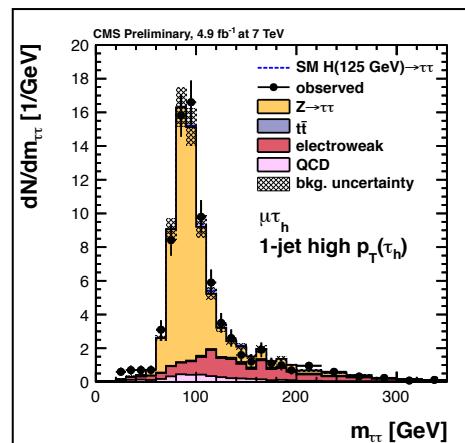
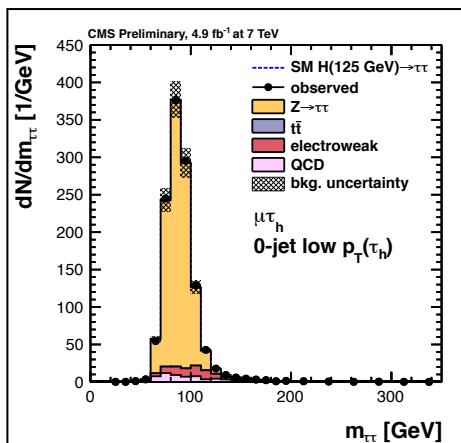
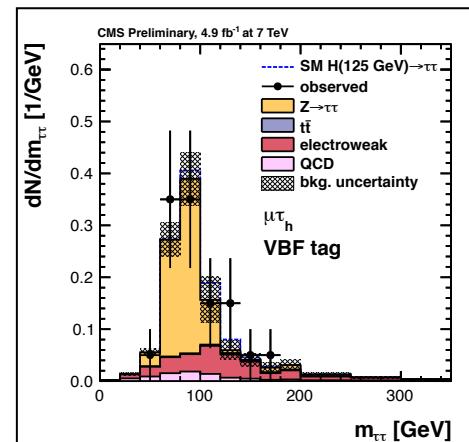
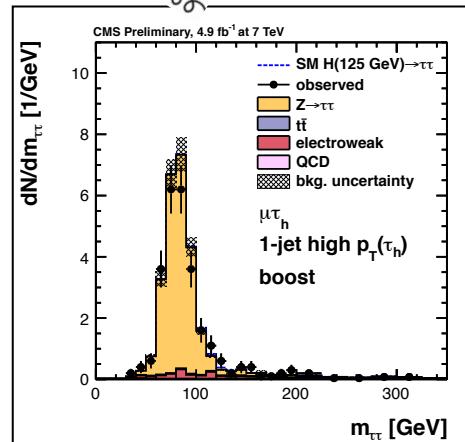
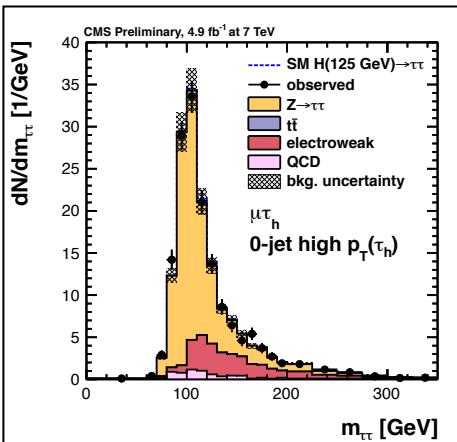
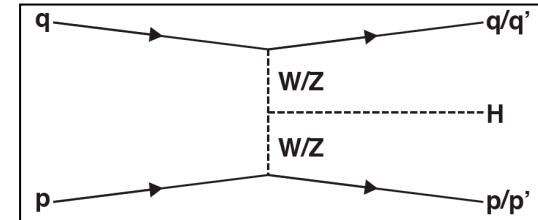
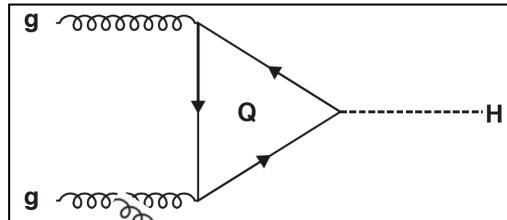
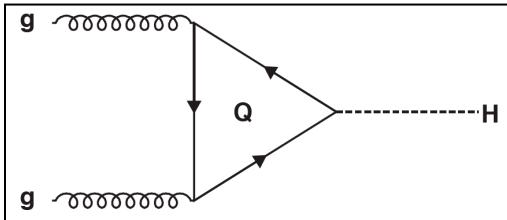
HIG-13-004



Mass plots 7 TeV

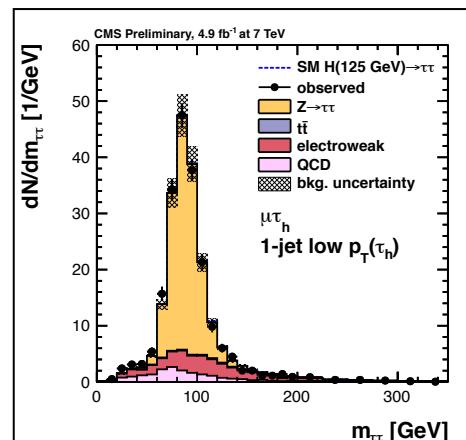
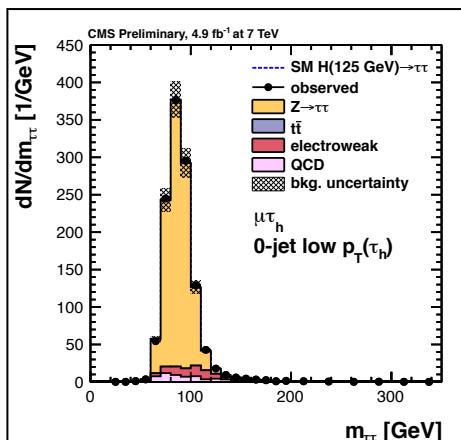
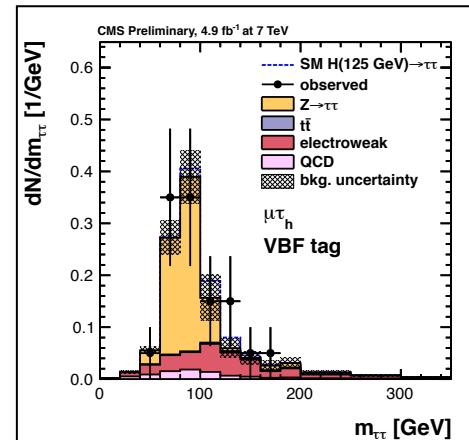
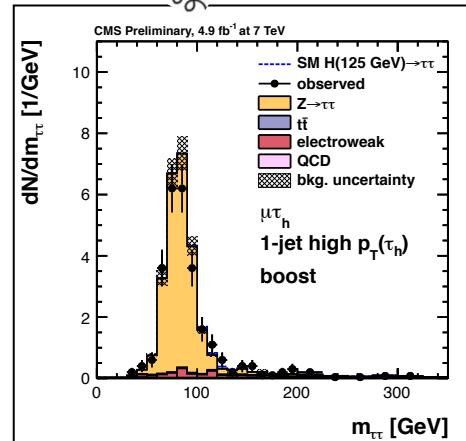
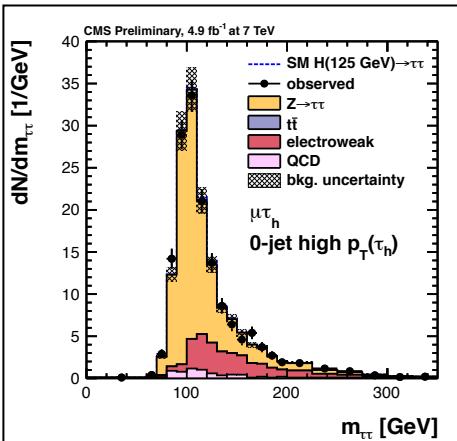
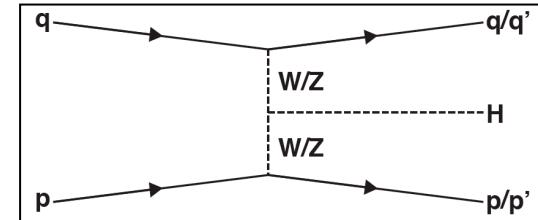
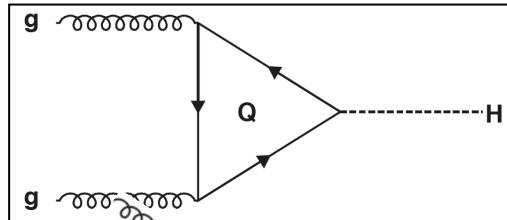
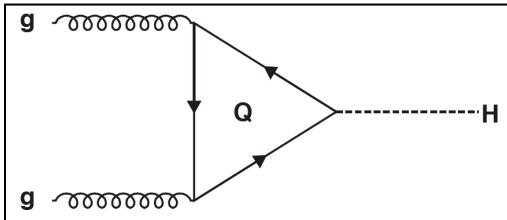
Mass plots $\mu\tau_h$

HIG-13-004



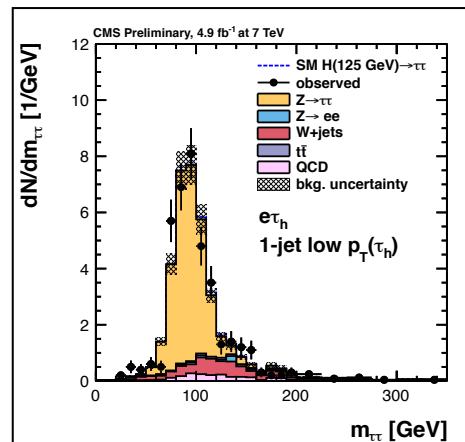
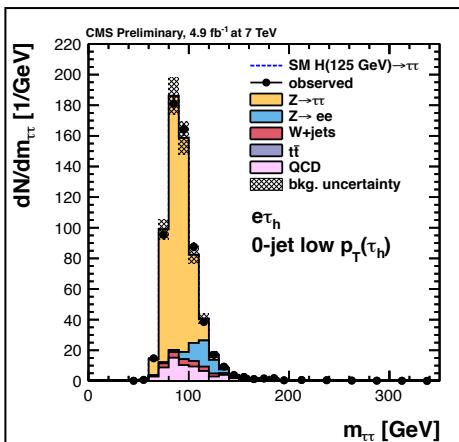
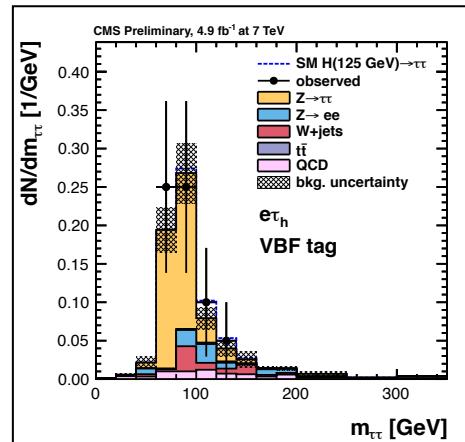
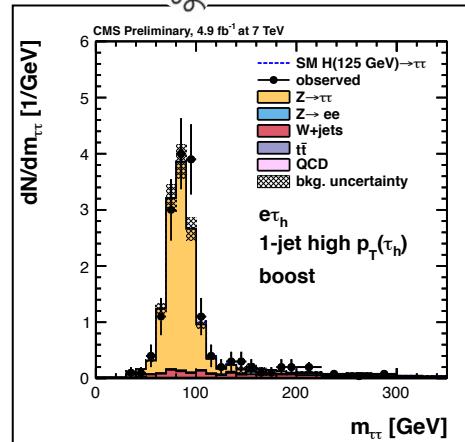
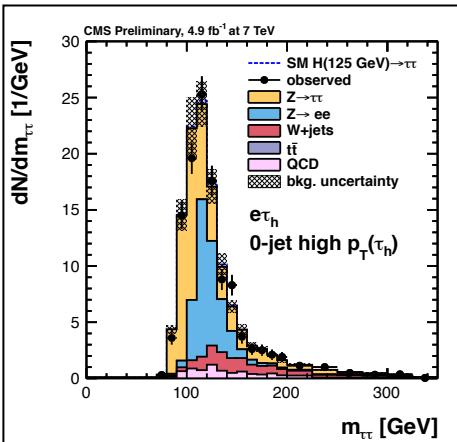
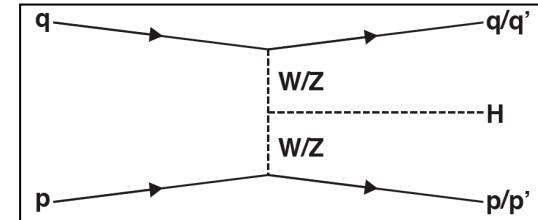
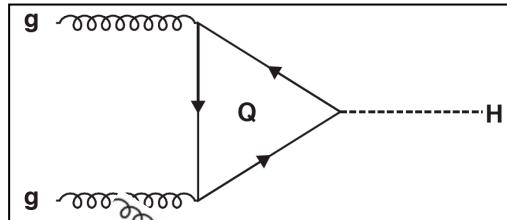
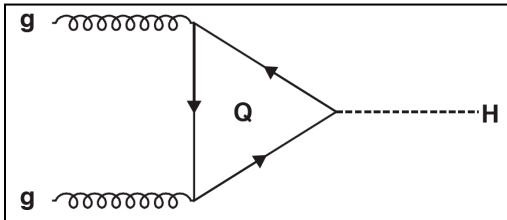
Mass plots $\mu\tau_h$

HIG-13-004



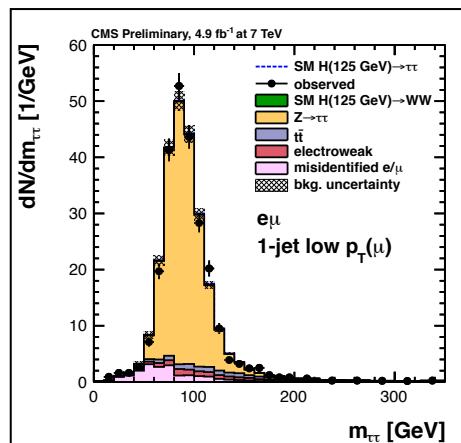
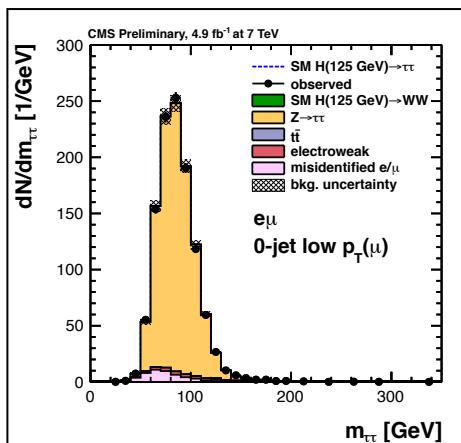
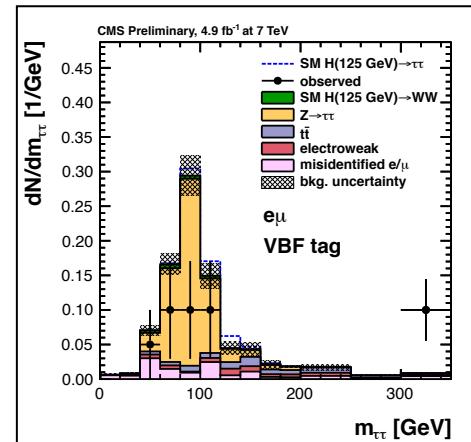
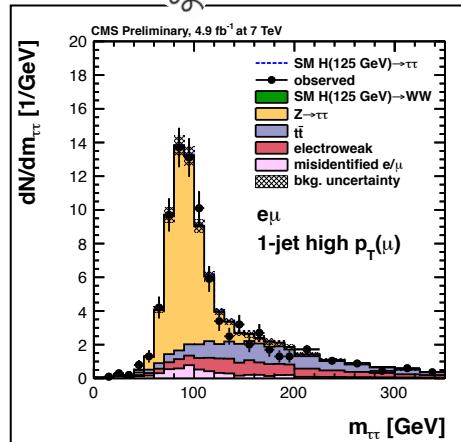
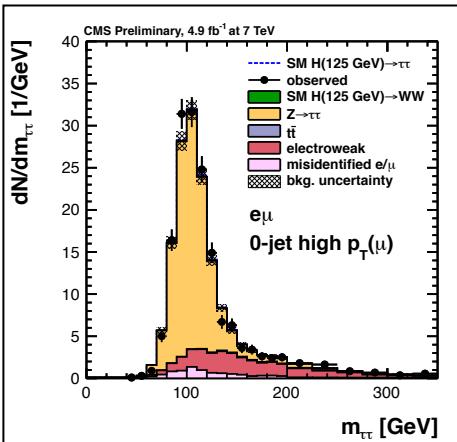
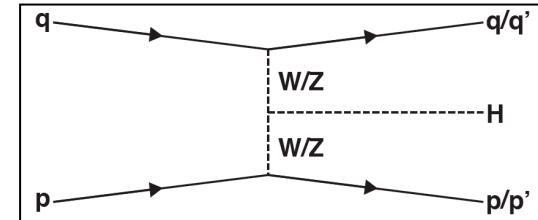
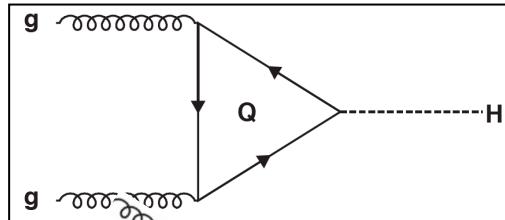
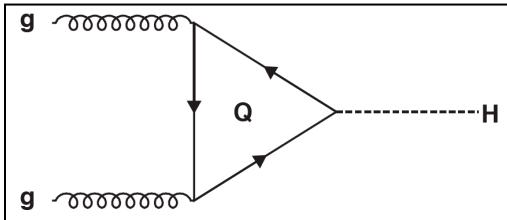
Mass plots $e\tau_h$

HIG-13-004



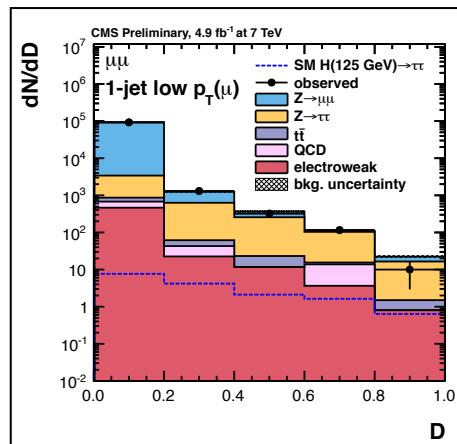
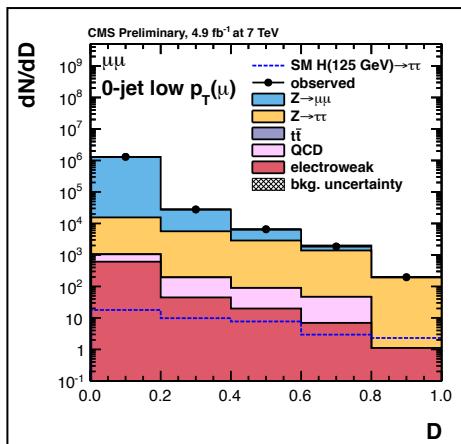
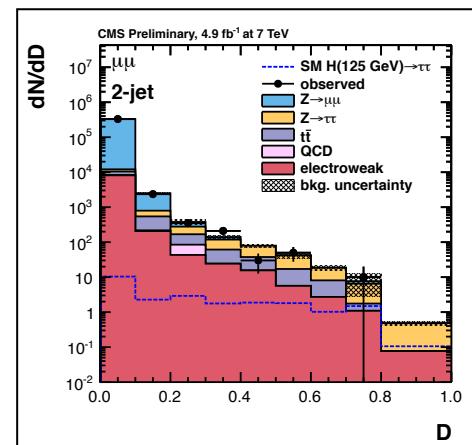
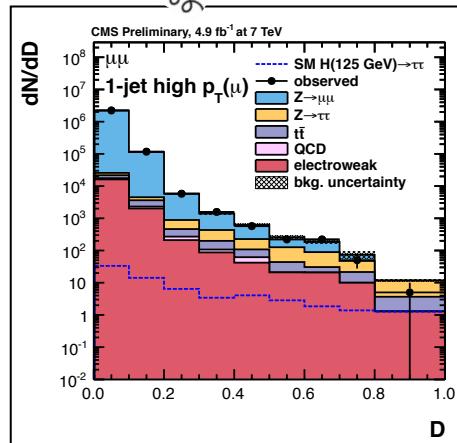
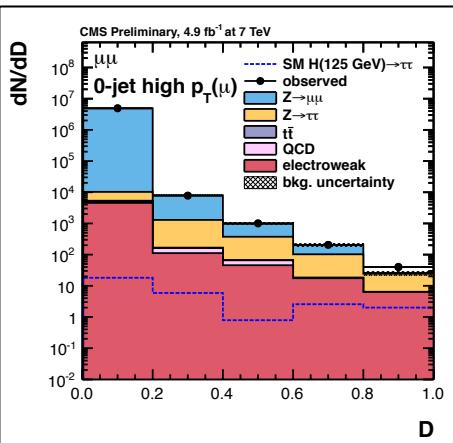
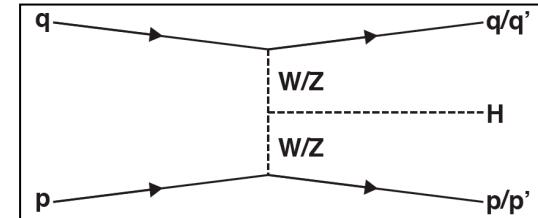
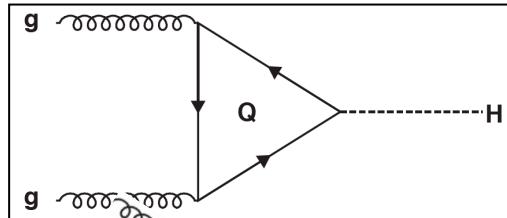
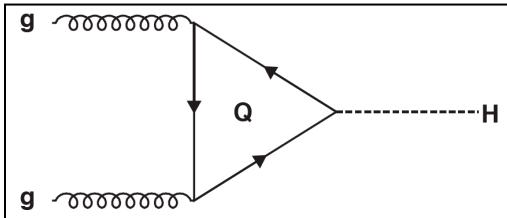
Mass plots $e\mu$

HIG-13-004



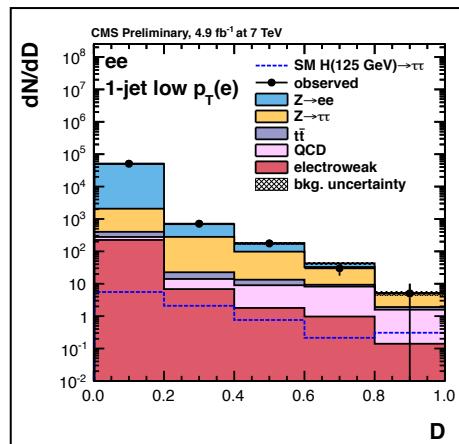
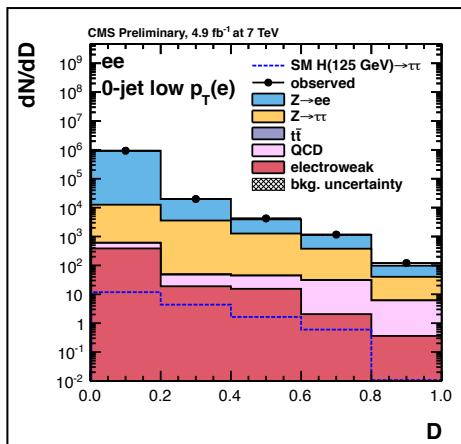
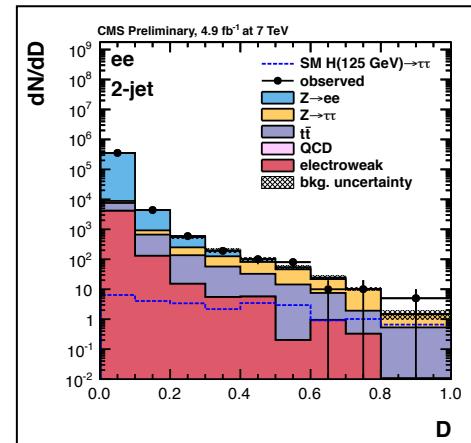
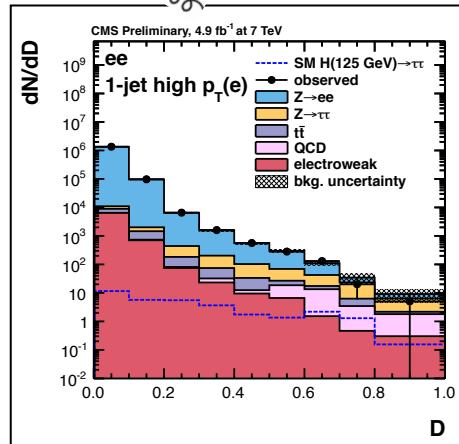
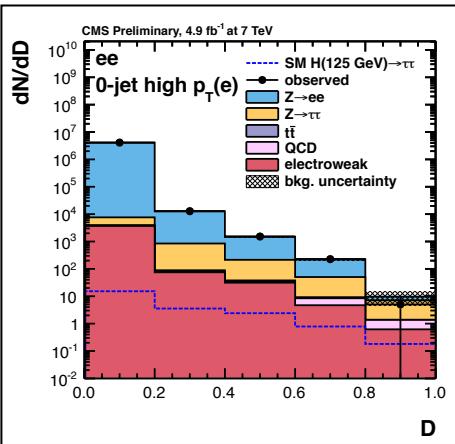
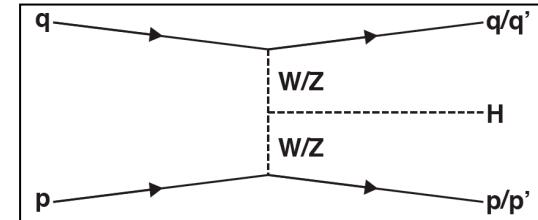
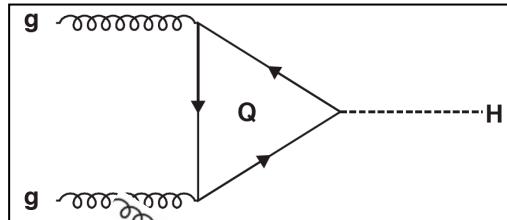
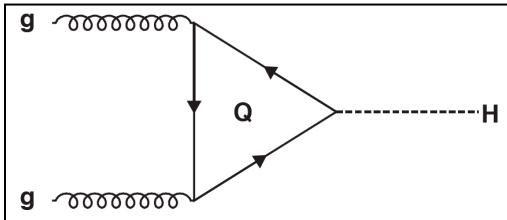
Mass plots $\mu\mu$

HIG-13-004



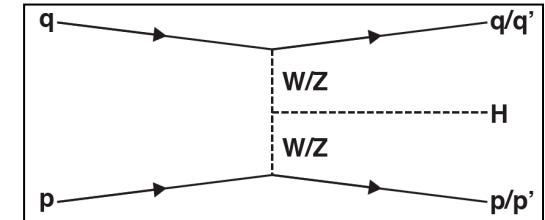
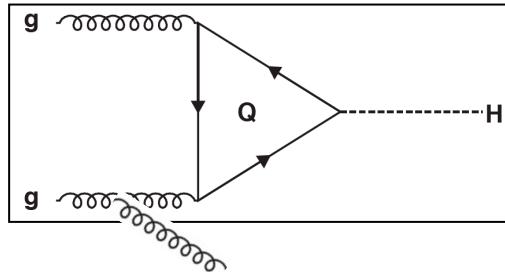
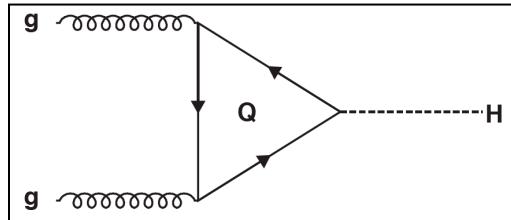
Mass plots ee

HIG-13-004



Moriond'13

Topologies/Categories Moriond'13



0-jet

1-jet

2-jet

$p_T(\tau_h) > 45 \text{ GeV}$

high $p_T(\tau_h)$

high $p_T(\tau_h)$

$m_{jj} > 500 \text{ GeV}$
 $|\Delta\eta_{jj}| > 3.5$

baseline

low $p_T(\tau_h)$

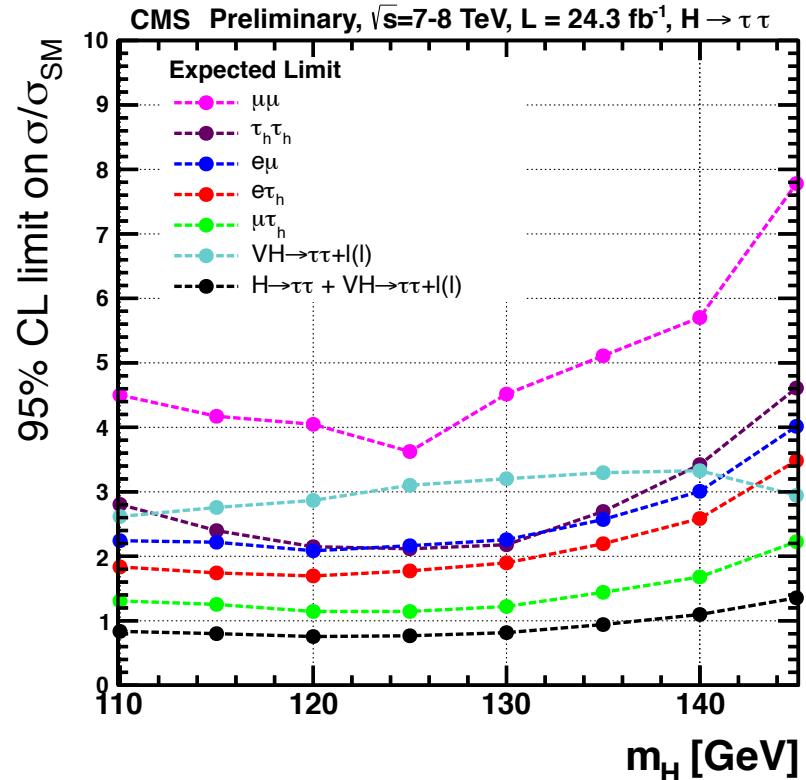
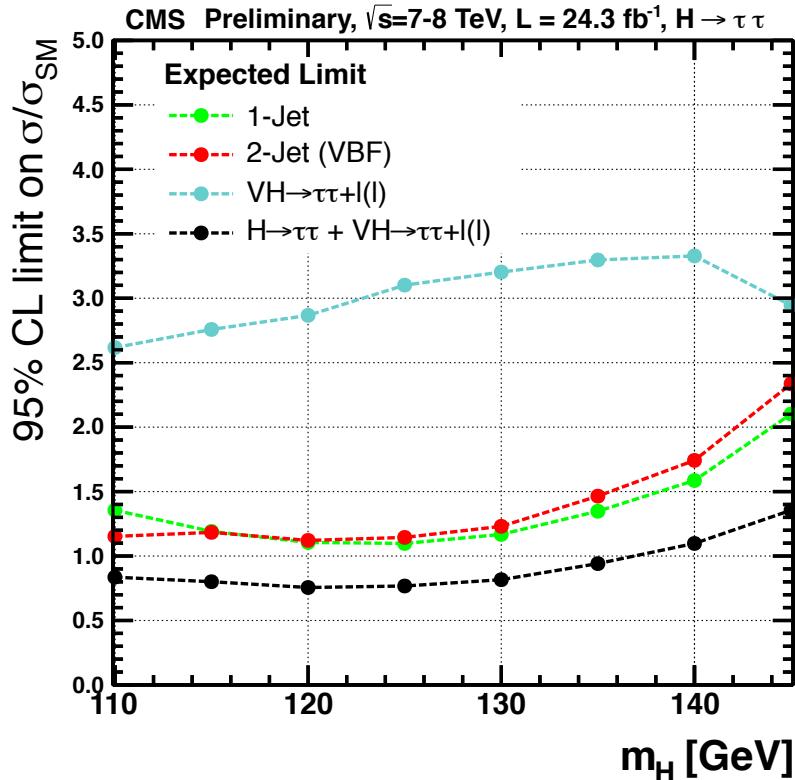
- **Calibration of backgrounds.**

- Jet Pt > 30 GeV
- **Improved resolution of mass reconstruction.**

- 2 “tag” jets Pt > 30 GeV
- Central jet veto

Results

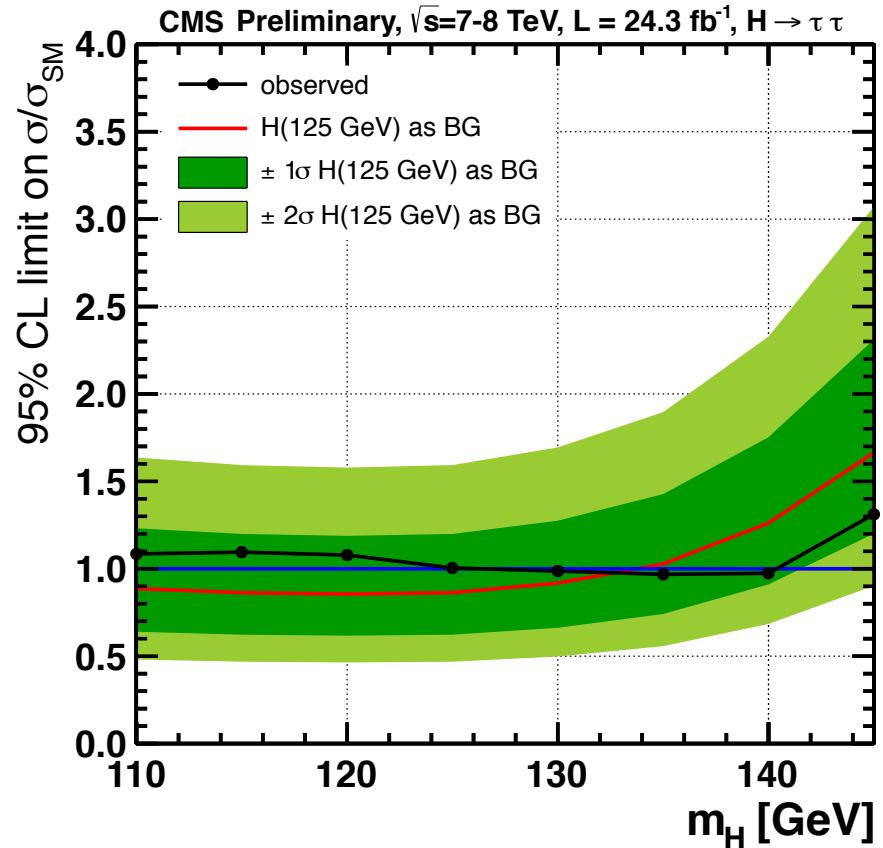
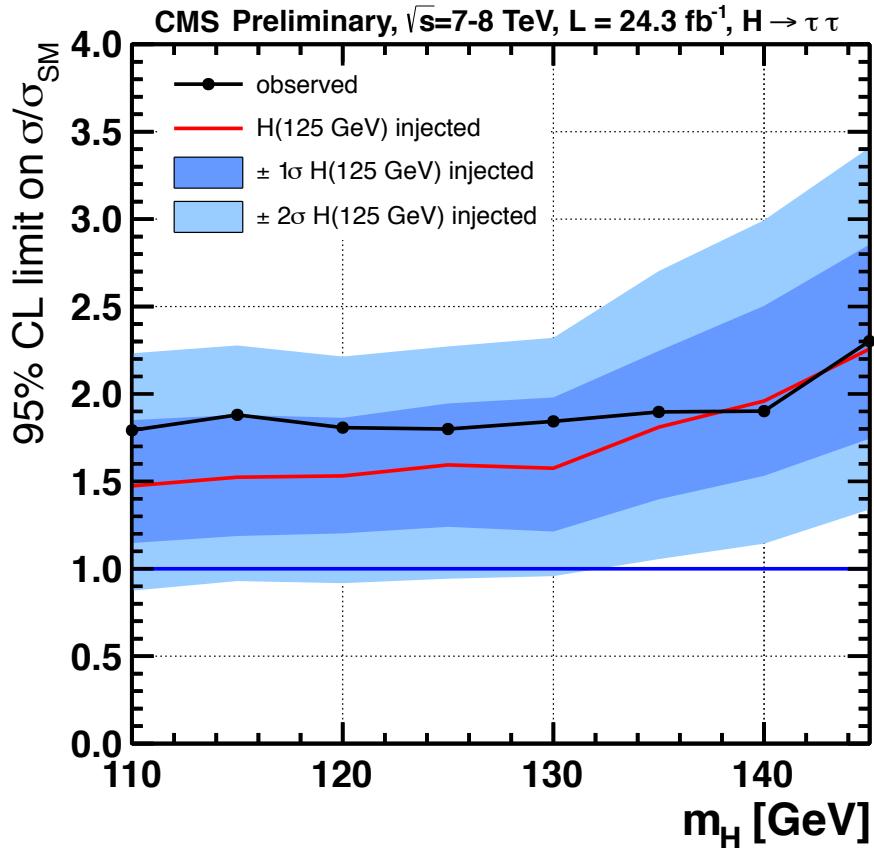
Moriond'13



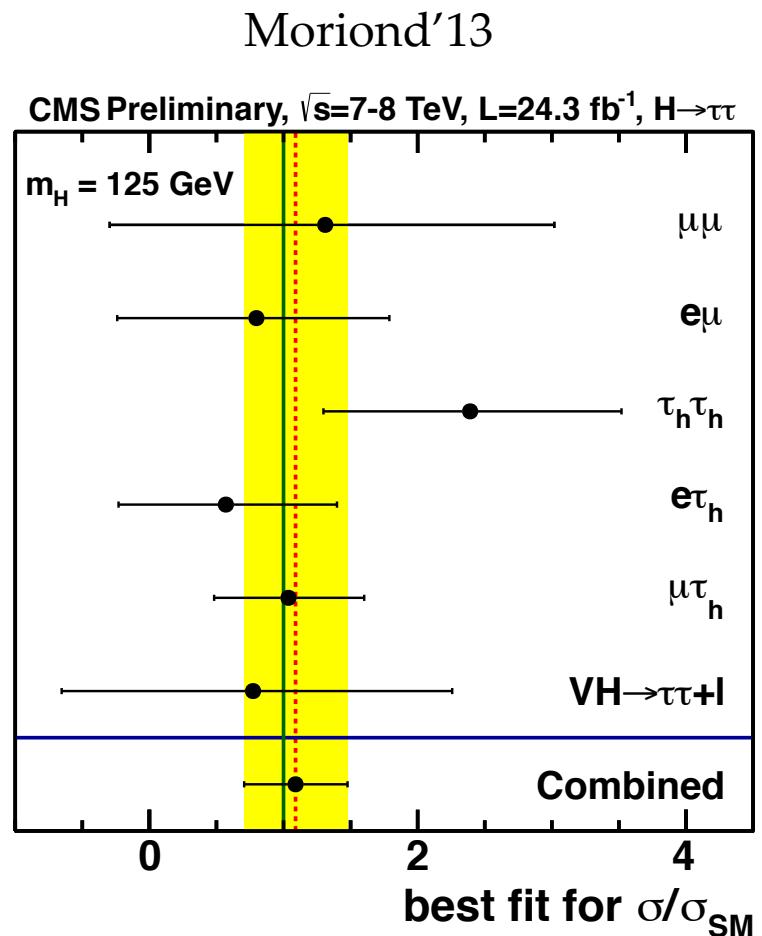
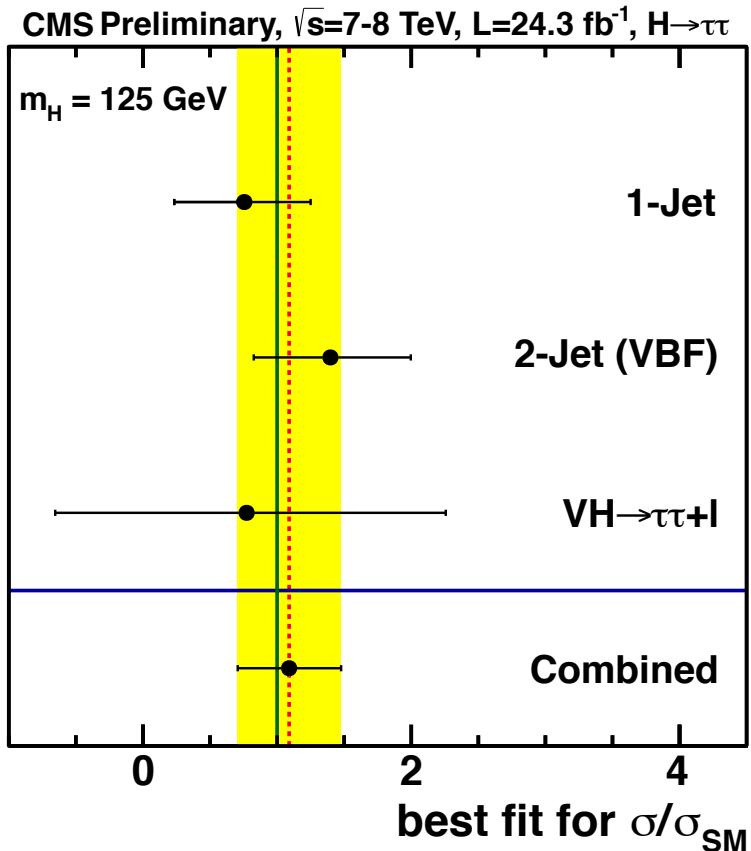
- 1 jet and VBF categories of similar power.
- Driving channel $H \rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow \mu + \tau$. Then semileptonic : $e + \tau$.

Expected Limits injecting Higgs signal with $m_H=125$ GeV

Moriond'13



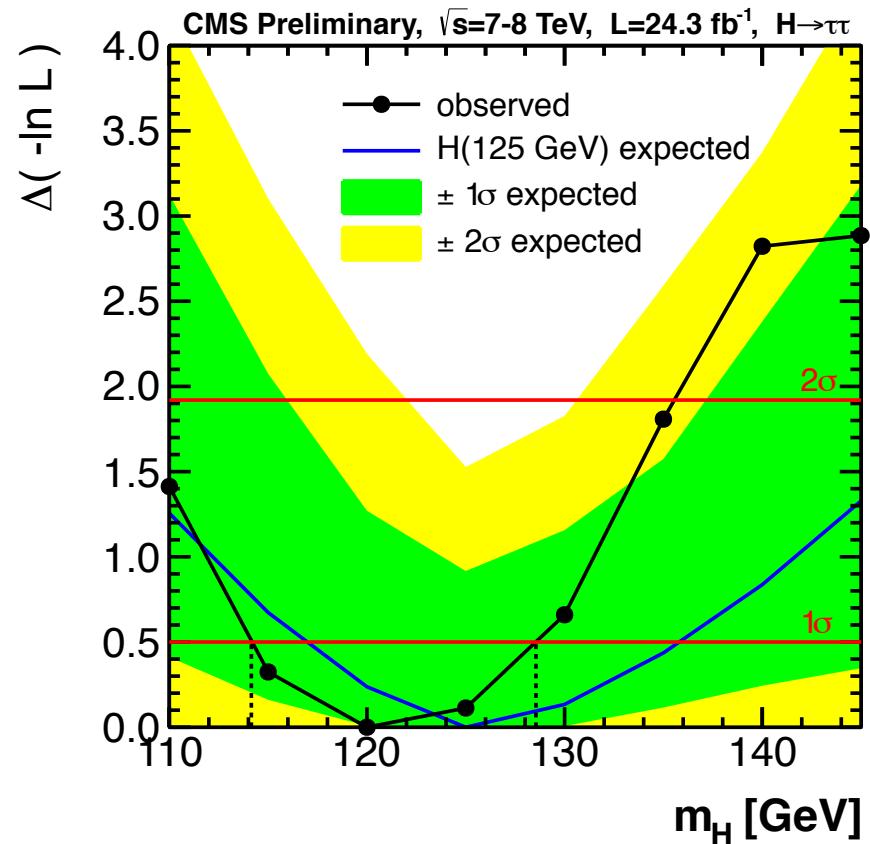
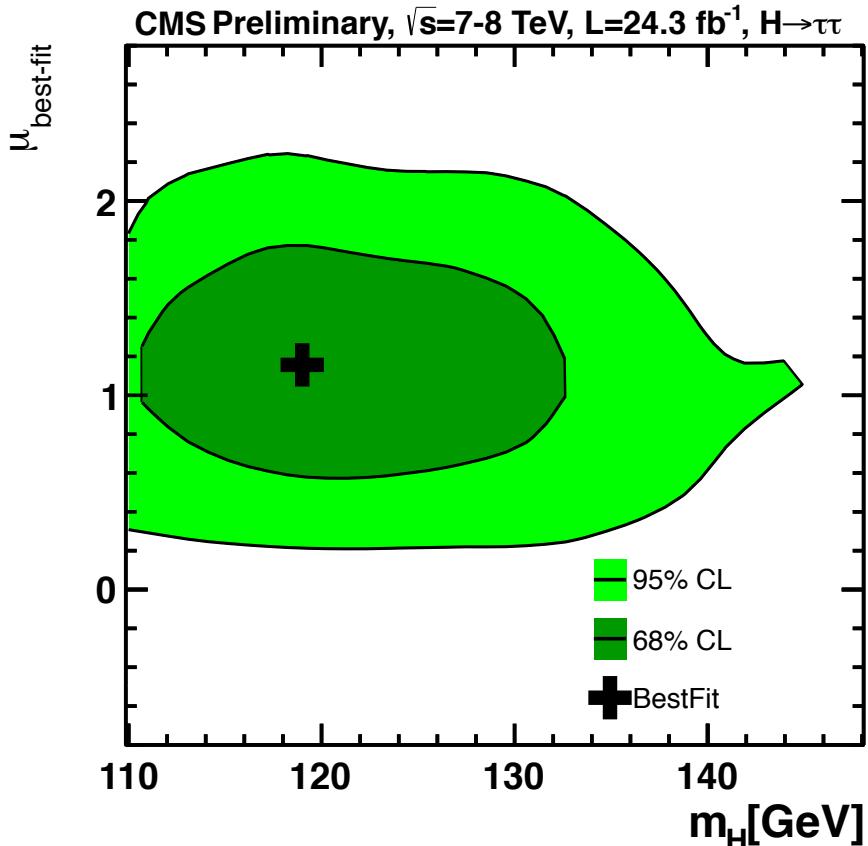
Best fit for signal strength



- Signal strength $\mu = 1.1 \pm 0.4$, obtained in the global fit combining all channel

Best fit for signal strength

Moriond'13



- Signal strength $\mu = 1.1^{+0.4}_{-0.4}$
- Log likelihood versus SM Higgs boson fit mass, combining all search channels. $m_H = 120^{+9}_{-7}(\text{stat+syst}) \text{ GeV}$

Yields

Moriond'13

Table 3: Observed and expected event yields, and expected signal efficiency in the $\mu\tau_h$ channel.

Process	<i>0-Jet</i>	<i>1-Jet high p_T</i>	<i>VBF</i>
$Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$	84833 ± 1927	4686 ± 232	109 ± 11
QCD	18313 ± 478	481 ± 38	48 ± 7
EWK	8841 ± 653	1585 ± 153	63 ± 9
$t\bar{t}$	11 ± 1	155 ± 11	5 ± 1
Total Background	111998 ± 2090	6908 ± 281	225 ± 16
$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$	- ± -	73 ± 13	11 ± 2
Observed	112279	7011	240

Signal Eff.

$gg \rightarrow H$	-	$1.99 \cdot 10^{-3}$	$8.51 \cdot 10^{-5}$
$qq \rightarrow H$	-	$4.09 \cdot 10^{-3}$	$3.46 \cdot 10^{-3}$
$qq \rightarrow Ht\bar{t}$ or VH	-	$3.00 \cdot 10^{-3}$	$1.60 \cdot 10^{-5}$

Table 4: Observed and expected event yields, and expected signal efficiency in the $e\tau_h$ channel.

Process	<i>0-Jet</i>	<i>1-Jet high p_T</i>	<i>VBF</i>
$Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$	25161 ± 708	792 ± 62	47 ± 6
QCD	7706 ± 307	3 ± 0.3	17 ± 4
EWK	9571 ± 510	365 ± 53	44 ± 6
$t\bar{t}$	4 ± 0.5	47 ± 4	4 ± 1
Total Background	42443 ± 924	1207 ± 82	113 ± 9
$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$	- ± -	15 ± 3	5 ± 1
Observed	42481	1217	117

Signal Eff.

$gg \rightarrow H$	-	$3.94 \cdot 10^{-4}$	$3.33 \cdot 10^{-5}$
$qq \rightarrow H$	-	$1.10 \cdot 10^{-3}$	$1.78 \cdot 10^{-3}$
$qq \rightarrow Ht\bar{t}$ or VH	-	$8.30 \cdot 10^{-4}$	$1.46 \cdot 10^{-6}$

MSSM

Standard Model and Supersymmetry

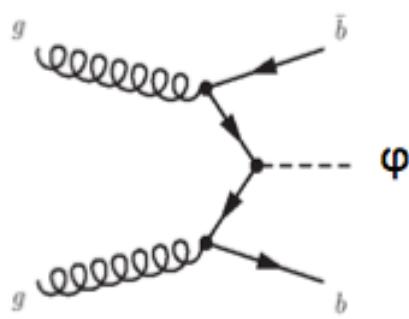
- SM describe physics at weak scale, but Hierarchy problem in Higgs sector.
 - There are no high-mass particles which couple to the Higgs field (even indirectly)
 - Striking cancellation are needed in high-order loop corrections to m_H
- SUSY solution to hierarchy problem at TeV scale
 - Introduces super-partners of SM particles and cancels problematic loop corrections
- MSSM
 - 2 Higgs doublets \rightarrow 5 physical Higgs states: H^\pm, h, A, H .
 - Result interpretation in the m_h^{\max} scenario where :
 $m_h \sim 130$ GeV and $m_H \sim m_A$.
 - 2 free parameters m_A and $\tan\beta = v_2/v_1$.

MSSM Neutral Higgs $\rightarrow\tau\tau$ search

- 2 main production modes
- Specific analysis categories :

b-tag category

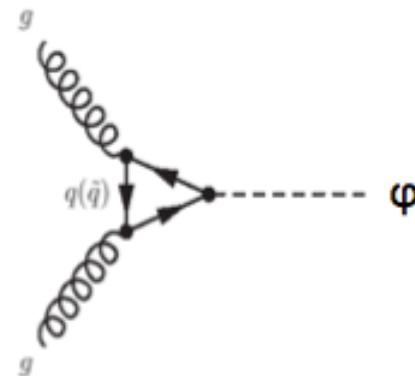
≥ 1 b-tag jet with
 $p_T > 20$ GeV



$gg \rightarrow bb\phi$

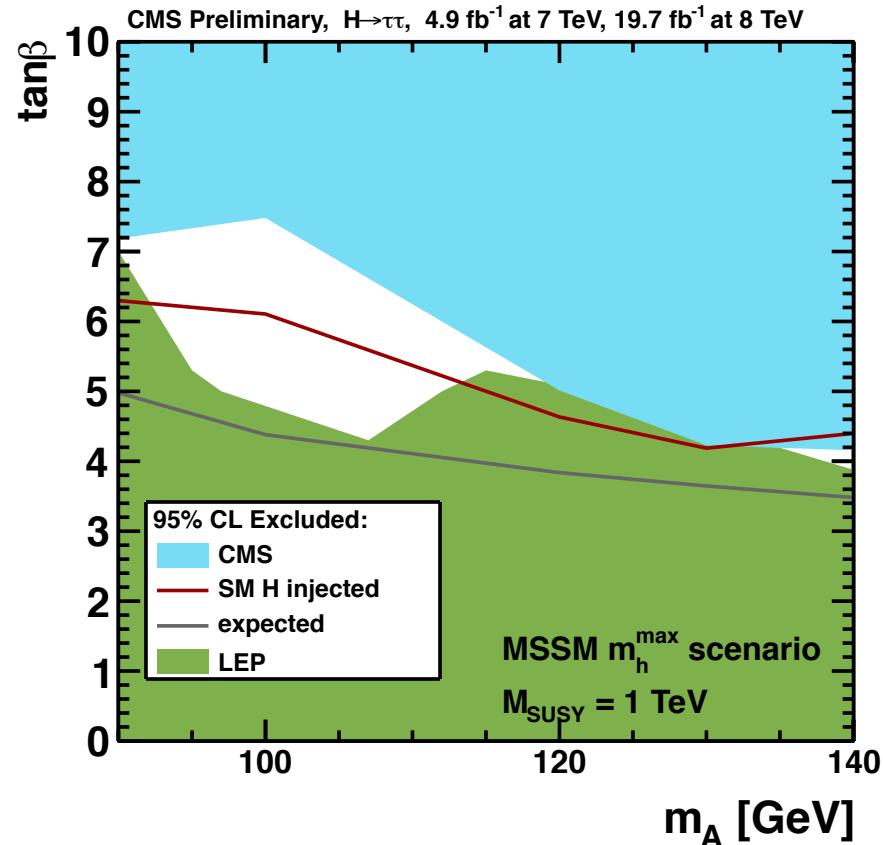
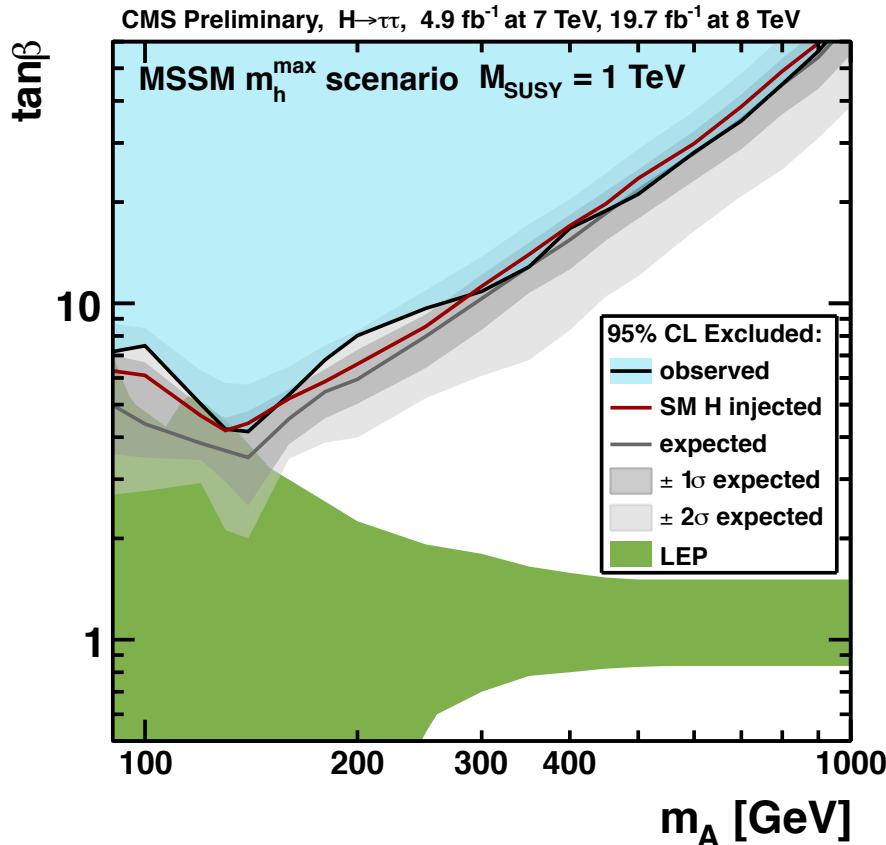
No b-tag category

No b-tag jets with
 $p_T > 20$ GeV



$gg \rightarrow \phi$

MSSM Neutral Higgs $\rightarrow\tau\tau$ search results



- No excess observed.
- Large m_A -tan β plane excluded.