$B_q \to \mu^+ \mu^-$
The Standard Model Prediction

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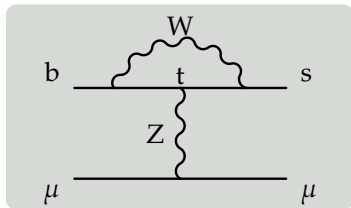Vienna, Austria

September 10, 2014

In collaboration with:

C. Bobeth, M. Gorbahn	arXiv:1311.1348
C. Bobeth, M. Gorbahn, T. Hermann, M. Misiak, M. Steinhauser	arXiv:1311.0903

$B_s \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ within and beyond the SM

W

b ——————————— s

t

Z

μ ——————————— μ

Within the SM

- ○ FCNC
- ○ helicity suppressed
- ○ CKM suppressed

- → loop-induced
- → BR $\propto \frac{m_\mu^2}{M_{B_s}^2}$
- → BR $\propto |V_{tb}^* V_{td}|^2 \propto \sin^4 \theta_c \sim 0.0016$
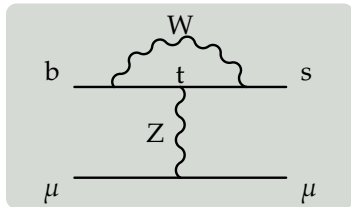
rare decay BR $\sim 10^{-9}$

- ○ single dim-6 vectorial operator $Q_{10} = [\bar{s}_L \gamma_\nu b_L][\bar{\mu}\gamma^\nu\gamma_5\mu]$
  (B_s pseudo-scalar, no γ-penguin, scalar operators suppressed)
- ○ single hadronic quantity, decay constant f_{B_s} at the 2% level

  [follow-up talk by M. Wingate]

  theoretically clean decay

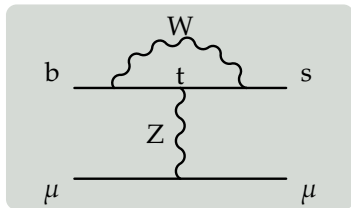# $B_s \to \mu^+ \mu^-$ within and beyond the SM
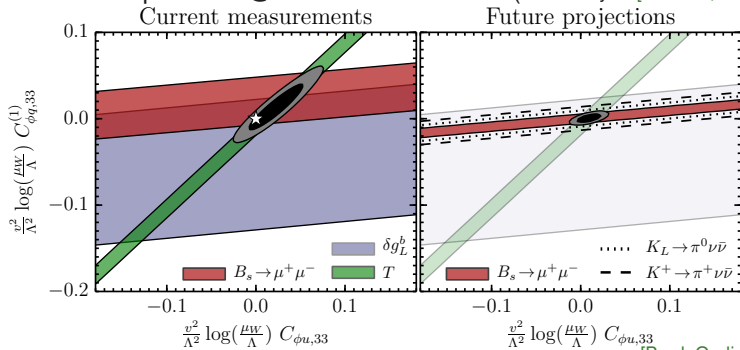

Beyond the SM

[talk by W. Altmannshofer]

○ **sensitive** to scalar and pseudo-scalar operators in models with **extended Higgs sector** (2HDM, MSSM)

   i.e. in MSSM BR $\propto \tan^6 \beta$.

○ constraints on effective Z couplings to quarks **comparable** with **electroweak precision** tests

   i.e. MFV, models with partial compositeness

   [Haisch, Weiler '07, Guadagnoli, Isidori '13]

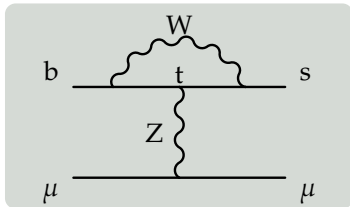# $B_s \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ **within and beyond the SM**

○ sensitive to anomalous *ttZ* couplings [talk by A. Greljo]
○ first time possible @ LHC (NLO analysis [Röntsch, Schulze '14])

[Brod, Greljo, ES, Uttayarat '14]

$B_s \to \mu^+\mu^-$ within and beyond the SM

Experimental status [talk by F. Archilli]

- LHCb and CMS measure the time-integrated BR

$$\mathbf{BR}(B_s \to \mu^+\mu^-) = (2.8^{+0.7}_{-0.6}) \times 10^{-9}$$
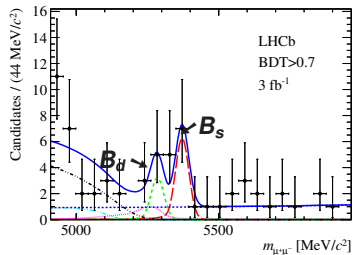$$\mathbf{BR}(B_d \to \mu^+\mu^-) = (3.9^{+1.6}_{-1.4}) \times 10^{-10}$$

[new average, see talk by F. Archilli]
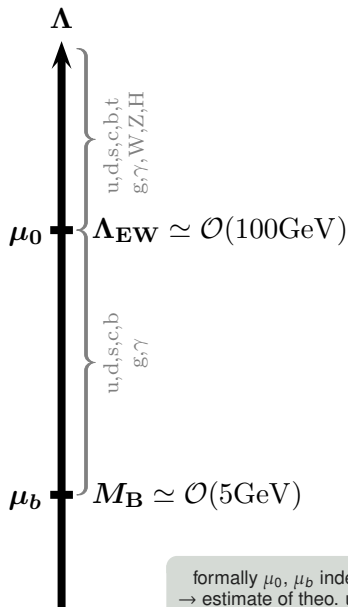
- in SM related to instantaneous $\mathrm{BR}^{[t=0]}$:

$$\mathrm{BR} = \frac{1}{1-\tau_{B_s}\Delta\Gamma_s/2}\mathrm{BR}^{[t=0]}$$

[De Bruyn, Fleischer, Knegjens, Koppenburg, Merk '12, arXiv:1204.1737]

Outline

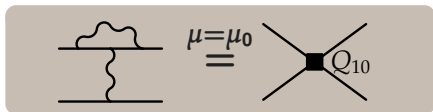- Recent developments in the SM prediction of $B_s \to \mu^+ \mu^-$

  → **NNLO QCD corrections**   **(1.8% → 0.2%)**
  [Hermann, Misiak, Steinhauser '13, arXiv:1311.1347]

  → **NLO electroweak corrections**   **(8% → 0.6%)**
  [Bobeth, Gorbahn, ES '13, arXiv:1311.1348]

- **New** BR prediction in the SM

  → error budget
  [Bobeth, Gorbahn, Hermann, Misiak, ES, Steinhauser '13, arXiv:1311.0903]

The multi-scales of B Decays

Λ

u,d,s,c,b,t
g, γ, W, Z, H

μ_0 — $\Lambda_{\text{EW}} \simeq \mathcal{O}(100\text{GeV})$

u,d,s,c,b
g, γ

μ_b — $M_B \simeq \mathcal{O}(5\text{GeV})$

formally μ_0, μ_b independent
$\rightarrow$ estimate of theo. uncertainty

$\mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}}$

Matching

$\mu = \mu_0$ Q_{10}

$\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{QCD}} + \mathcal{L}_{\text{QED}} + \sum_i \boldsymbol{C_i}(\boldsymbol{\mu}) \underbrace{Q_i}$

RGE   non-renorm.

- simple for QCD, no mixing
  (Q_{10} conserved current)

- operator mixing under QED
  (mixing of Q_9, Q_2 & QCD penguins)

$\langle 0|\bar{s}\gamma_\nu\gamma_5 b|\overline{\text{B}}_{\text{s}}(p)\rangle = i\boldsymbol{f}_{\textbf{B}_\textbf{s}} p_\nu$ computed
on the lattice

$$\text{BR} \propto \boldsymbol{f}_{\textbf{B}_\textbf{s}}^2 \, |\boldsymbol{C_{10}}(\boldsymbol{\mu_b})|^2$$

NNLO QCD

$B_s \to \mu^+\mu^-$ at LO, NLO & NNLO QCD

$$C_{10} = G_F \frac{\alpha_{em}}{4\pi s_w^2} \left(c_{10}^{\mathrm{LO}} + \dots \right)$$
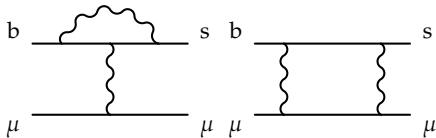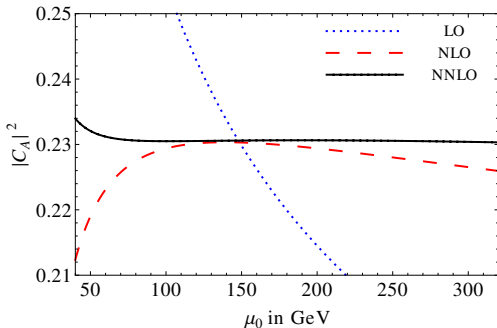
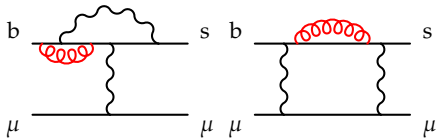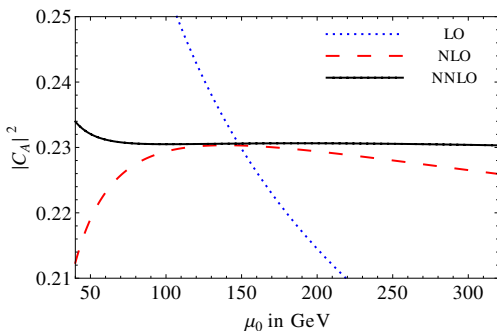[Inami, Lim '81]

- neglect EW scale/scheme dependence for now

- LO has large μ_0 dependence from $m_t(\mu_0)$
- $m_t(\mu_0)$ $\overline{\mathrm{MS}}$ mass w.r.t. QCD and on-shell w.r.t. EW interactions
  ($m_t(50\mathrm{GeV}) = 180.8$ GeV, $m_t(163.5) = 163.5$ GeV, $m_t(300\mathrm{GeV}) = 156.2$ GeV)

$$C_{10} = G_F \frac{\alpha_{em}}{4\pi s_w^2}\left(c_{10}^{\mathrm{LO}} + \frac{\alpha_s}{4\pi}c_{10}^{\mathrm{NLO\,QCD}} + \dots\right)$$

[Buchalla, Buras '93; Misiak, Urban '99]

- neglect EW scale/scheme dependence for now

- @NLO strong reduction of scale uncertainty on BR (1.8%)
- @NLO good convergence for $\mu \simeq m_t$, $\sim +2.2\%$ on BR
- **1.8%NLO $\rightarrow$ 0.2%NNLO scale uncertainty on BR**

[Hermann, Misiak, Steinhauser '13, arXiv:1311.1347]

$$C_{10} = G_F \frac{\alpha_{em}}{4\pi s_w^2} \left(c_{10}^{\text{LO}} + \frac{\alpha_s}{4\pi} c_{10}^{\text{NLO QCD}} + \frac{\alpha_s^2}{(4\pi)^2} c_{10}^{\text{NNLO QCD}} + \dots \right)$$

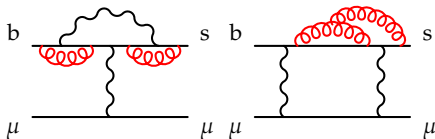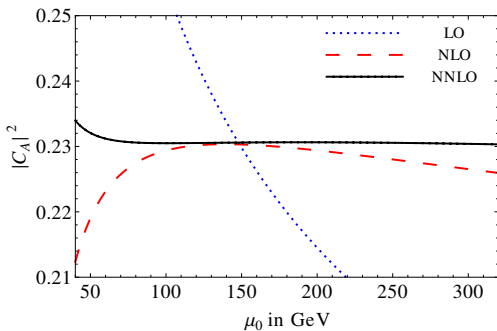[Hermann, Misiak, Steinhauser '13, arXiv:1311.1347]

○ neglect EW scale/scheme dependence for now

- ○ @NLO strong reduction of scale uncertainty on BR (1.8%)
- ○ @NLO good convergence for $\mu \simeq m_t$, ~ +2.2% on BR
- ○ **1.8%NLO → 0.2%NNLO scale uncertainty on BR**

[Hermann, Misiak, Steinhauser '13, arXiv:1311.1347]

NLO EW

Turning on Electroweak Interactions

- so far we treated EW parameters as numbers

  Questions
- which numbers?
  EW parameters G_F, M_Z^{pole}, M_W^{pole}, M_H^{pole}, M_t^{pole}, $\alpha_{em}^{\overline{\mathrm{MS}}}$, $s_w^{\overline{\mathrm{MS}}}$ are not all independent
- how does the BR depend on this choice (EW renormalisation scheme)?
  i.e. $s_w^{2\,\overline{\mathrm{MS}}} = 0.231$ VS $s_w^{2\,\mathrm{on-shell}} = 0.223$
- what about scale dependence?

  ### ➜ 8% uncertainty on the BR

- uncertainty was not included in SM prediction so far
- ambiguities removed at NLO in EW interactions

Step 1: effective Lagrangian normalisation

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{4 G_F}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{\alpha_{em}}{4\pi s_w^2} \left(c_{10}^{\mathrm{LO}}\left(\frac{m_t^2}{M_W^2} \right) + \frac{\alpha_{em}}{4\pi} c_{10}^{\mathrm{EW}}(m_t, M_Z, s_w, \dots) + \dots \right)$$

$$\tilde{\mathcal{L}} = \frac{G_F^2 M_W^2}{\pi^2} \left(\tilde{c}_{10}^{\mathrm{LO}}\left(\frac{m_t^2}{M_W^2} \right) + \frac{\alpha_{em}}{4\pi} \tilde{c}_{10}^{\mathrm{EW}}(m_t, M_Z, s_w, \dots) + \dots \right)$$

○ $\tilde{\mathcal{L}} \to$ no EW ambiguity at LO   [Misiak '11, arXiv:1112.5978]

○ only the product invariant under EW scheme

Step 2: choice of numerical input

$$G_F, \quad \alpha_{em}^{\overline{\mathrm{MS}}}, \quad M_Z^{\mathrm{pole}}, \quad M_H^{\mathrm{pole}}, \quad M_t^{\mathrm{pole}}$$

Step 3: EW renormalisation schemes (α_{em} always $\overline{\mathrm{MS}}$)

OS masses, $s_w^2 \equiv 1 - M_W^2/M_Z^2$

$\overline{\mathrm{MS}}$ everything, "unbroken" parameters v, g_1, g_2, y_t, λ
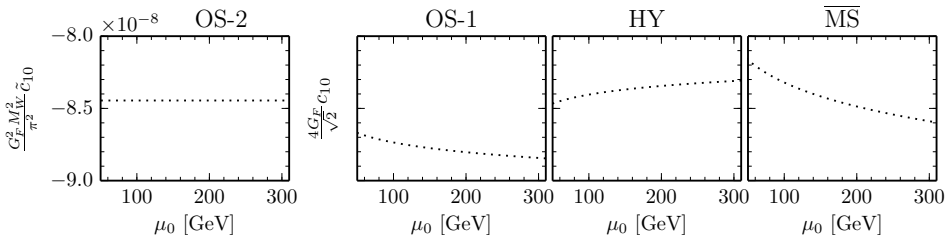
HY masses on-shell, s_w^2 $\overline{\mathrm{MS}}$

Electroweak Corrections II/II

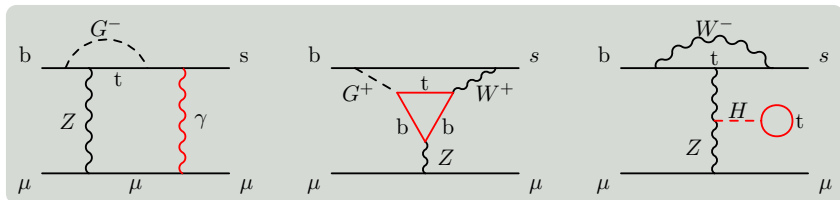○ 2-loop matching calculation in $R_\xi = 1$ gauge, divergences cancel,...
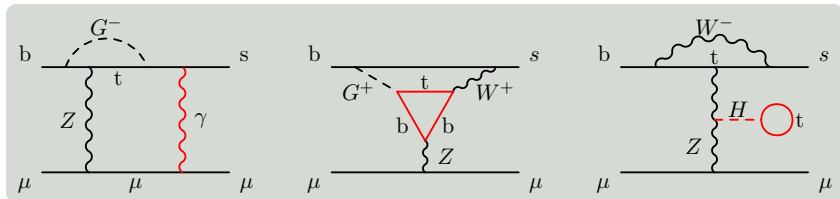
○ here, switch off QCD and neglect mixing   [Bobeth, Gorbahn, ES '13, arXiv:1311.1348]

○ @LO large shifts → ±8% on BR
○ @LO considerable μ_0-dependence in single G_F normalisation

Electroweak Corrections II/II

○ 2-loop matching calculation in $R_\xi = 1$ gauge, divergences cancel,...

○ here, switch off QCD and neglect mixing   [Bobeth, Gorbahn, ES '13, arXiv:1311.1348]

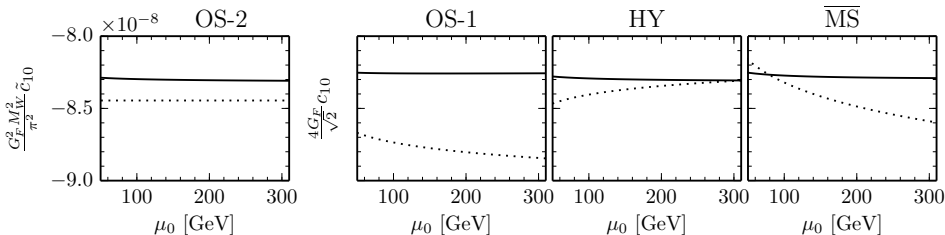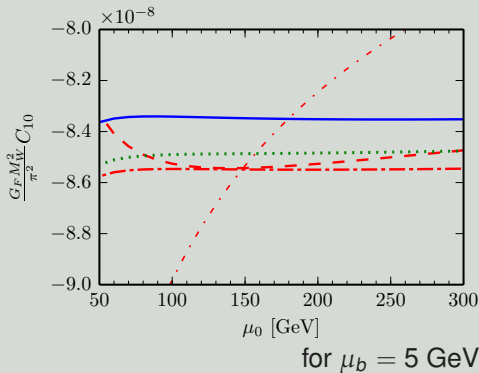○ @NLO prediction aligns in diff. schemes
○ large shift in OS-1, better convergence in HY

○ **EW scheme uncert.**
   ±8% → ±0.8%

LO + NLO QCD + NNLO QCD + Log QED + NLO EW

- Choose OS-2 as default scheme
- RGE evolution
  $C_{10}(\mu_b) = \sum_i U(\mu_b, \mu_0) C_i(\mu_0)$
- Log-enhanced QED corrections known
  [Bobeth, Gambino, Gorbahn, Haisch '03 hep-ph/0312090, Huber, Lunghi, Misiak, Wyler '05, hep-ph/0512066]
- **NLO EW reduce BR by 4% w.r.t. NNLO QCD**

for $\mu_b = 5$ GeV

Estimate of higher-order uncertainties
- μ_0 variation between $[m_t/2, 2m_t]$ ➜ **±0.2% (QCD) ±0.2% (EW)**
- residual scheme dependence from OS-2 & HY ➜ **±0.2%**

Residual μ_b Dependence

LO + NLO QCD + NNLO QCD + Log QED + NLO EW

- the Log enhanced QED corrections further reduce the BR

- the residual μ_b dependence cancels by yet **unknown** virtual QED corrections at μ_b.

- variation of μ_b gives a measure of uncertainty

  ±0.3% residual μ_b dependence

for $\mu_0 = 160$ GeV
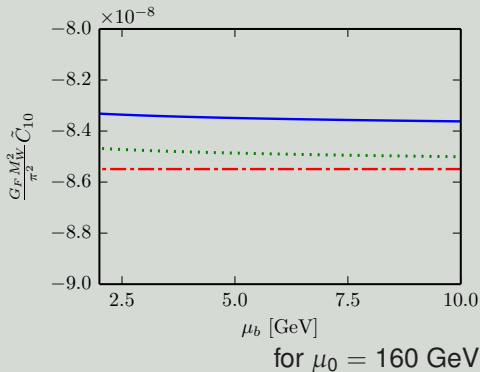
Soft and Hard Photons

Soft photons from muons
Theoretical prediction is fully inclusive in bremsstrahlung. Otherwise sizeable corrections from phase-space cut.
[Buras, Girrbach, Guadagnoli, Isidori '12, arXiv:1208.0934]

B_s μ γ μ

Direct emission
Is phase-space supressed for invariant mass $m_{\mu\mu}$ close to M_{B_s}.
[Aditya, Healey, Petrov '12, arXiv:1212.4166]

B_s B_s^* μ μ γ
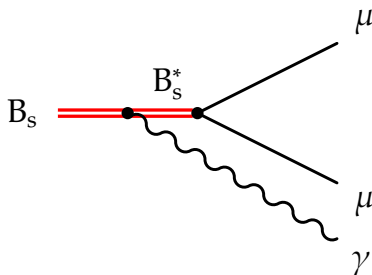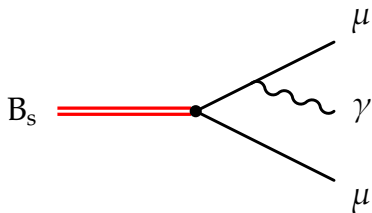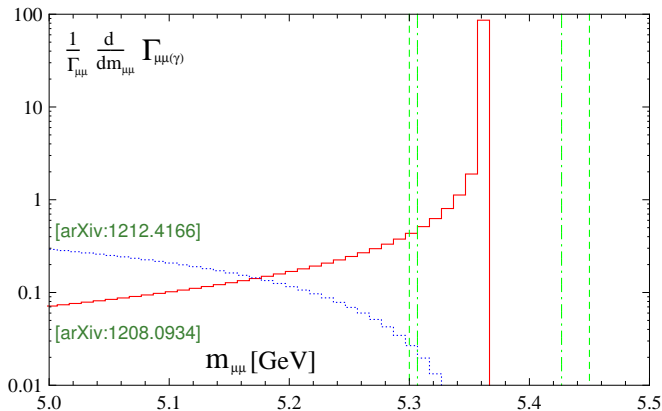
Suppose collaborations were using simple signal windows:

(they do not, analysis more involved)

- direct emission treated as background, tiny in signal window
- simulate signal fully inclusive in bremsstrahlung (PHOTOS)

$$\text{BR}(B_q \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)$$

The new SM Prediction & Error Budget

$$BR(B_s \to \mu^+\mu^-)^{\exp} = (2.8^{+0.7}_{-0.6}) \times 10^{-9}$$

[new average, see talk by F. Archilli]

$$BR(B_s \to \mu^+\mu^-)^{\mathrm{SM}} = (3.65 \pm 0.23) \times 10^{-9}$$

[Bobeth, Gorbahn, Hermann, Misiak, ES, Steinhauser '13, arXiv:1311.0903]

Error Budget

f_{B_s}	CKM	τ_H^s	M_t	α_s	other param.	**non-param.**	$\sum$
4.0%	4.3%	1.3%	1.6%	0.1%	< 0.1%	1.5%	6.4%

param.

○ $f_{B_s} = 227.4(4.5)$ MeV

[FLAG '13, arXiv:1310.8555]

○ V_{cb} from recent inclusive fit

[Gambino, Schwanda '13, arXiv:1307.4551]

[Update! See talk by P. Gambino]

non param.

○ 0.3% from $\mu_b \in [m_b/2, 2m_b]$

○ $2 \times 0.3\%$ from $O(\alpha_s^3, \alpha_{em}^2, \alpha_s\alpha_{em})$ for
$\mu_0 \in [m_t/2, 2m_t]$

○ 0.3% from top-mass conversion

○ 0.5% additional uncertainties ($O(m_b^2/M_W^2) + \ldots$)

The new SM Prediction & Error Budget

$$BR(B_d \to \mu^+ \mu^-)^{\exp} = (3.9^{+1.6}_{-1.4}) \times 10^{-10}$$

[new average, see talk by F. Archilli]

$$BR(B_d \to \mu^+ \mu^-)^{\rm SM} = (1.06 \pm 0.09) \times 10^{-10}$$

[Bobeth, Gorbahn, Hermann, Misiak, ES, Steinhauser '13, arXiv:1311.0903]

Error Budget

f_{B_d}	CKM	τ_H^s	M_t	α_s	other param.	**non-param.**	$\sum$
4.5%	6.9%	0.5%	1.6%	0.1%	< 0.1%	1.5%	8.5%

param.
- $f_{B_d} = 190.5(4.2)$ MeV

[FLAG '13, arXiv:1310.8555]

non param.
- 0.3% from $\mu_b \in [m_b/2, 2m_b]$
- $2 \times 0.3\%$ from $O(\alpha_s^3, \alpha_{em}^2, \alpha_s \alpha_{em})$ for $\mu_0 \in [m_t/2, 2m_t]$
- 0.3% from top-mass conversion
- 0.5% additional uncertainties ($O(m_b^2/M_W^2) + \ldots$)

Conclusions

We revisited and improved the SM prediction of the rare decay $B_q \to \mu^+\mu^-$

(actually of all $B_q \to \ell^+\ell^-$ decays)

- NNLO QCD corrections reduce μ_0 dependence from $m_t(\mu_0)$
  from 1.8%@NLO QCD $\to$ 0.2%@NNLO QCD

- NLO EW corrections reduce EW scheme dependence
  from 8%@LO $\to$ 0.6%@NLO EW

- the size of the NLO EW corrections is
  $(3-5)\%$ depending on μ_0 and scheme

- the theory uncertainty of the BR is
  $\leq 7\%$ mainly from $f_{B_s}(4\%)$, $V_{cb}(4.3\%)$, non.-param.(1.5%)

The SM prediction is
  $$BR(B_s \to \mu^+\mu^-)^{\mathrm{SM}} = (3.65 \pm 0.23) \times 10^{-9}$$
in good agreement with the LHCb and CMS measurements.

Backup

The Branching Ratio of $B_s \to \mu^+\mu^-$

- LHCb, CMS report average time-integrated BR
- within the SM it is related to instantaneous $BR^{[t=0]}$:
$$\mathrm{BR} = \frac{1}{1-\tau_{B_s}\Delta\Gamma_s/2}\mathrm{BR}^{[t=0]}$$

[De Bruyn, Fleischer, Knegjens, Koppenburg, Merk '12, arXiv:1204.1737]

$$\mathrm{BR}(B_s \to \mu^+\mu^-) = \frac{M_{B_s}^3 f_{B_s}^2}{32\pi\Gamma_H^s}\beta r^2|V_{tb}^* V_{ts}|^2 \left|\frac{G_F^2 M_W^2}{\pi^2}C_{10}(\mu_b)\right|^2 + O(\alpha_{em})$$

with $r = 2m_\mu/M_{B_s}$ and $\beta = \sqrt{1-r^2}$

r^2: helicity suppression

$1/\Gamma_H$: effect of $B_s^0 - \bar{B}_s^0$ mixing

f_{B_s}: decay constant from lattice input

$|\ldots|^2$: perturbative Wilson coefficient