





$\begin{pmatrix} V_{ud} & V_{us} & V_{ub} \\ V_{cd} & V_{cs} & V_{cb} \text{ experimental review} \\ V_{td} & V_{ts} & V_{tb} \end{pmatrix}$

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Vcb measurements

- Mainly B-factories (Belle, BaBar) at Y(4S) resonance
 - Low background

Institute of High Energy Physics

- Many $B\overline{B}$ pairs
- Measure V_{cb} with semileptonic decays (lepton = e,μ)
- Inclusive: $B \rightarrow Xc \ell v$
 - reconstruct lepton
 - sum over all final states with charm quark
 - measure moments of lepton energy and hadronic mass
- Exclusive: $B \rightarrow D^{(*)} \ell \nu$
 - Describe differential decay width using form factors
 - Extract Vcb times a form factor constant F(1) or G(1)
 - F(1) and G(1) can be calculated by Lattice QCD or Light Cone Sum Rules













Analyses (the more recent ones)

- Inclusive: $B \rightarrow Xc \ell v$
 - Lepton energy moments BaBar [PRD 69:111104, 2004; PRD 81:032003, 2010]
 - Lepton energy moments Belle [PRD 75:032001, 2007]
 - Hadronic mass moments BaBar [PRD 81:032003, 2010]
 - Hadronic mass moments Belle [PRD 75:032005, 2007]
- Exclusive
 - $B \rightarrow D^* \ell \nu$ BaBar [PRD 77:032002, 2008]
 - $B \rightarrow D^* \ell \nu$ Belle [PRD 82:112007, 2010]
 - $B \rightarrow D \ell \nu$ BaBar [PRD 77:032002, 2008]
 - $B \rightarrow D \ell \nu$ Belle ["Semileptonic and leptonic B and Bs decays at Belle" ICHEP 2014, <u>preliminary</u>]
 - BaBar Global Fit [PRD 79:012002, 2009]







Inclusive-Exclusive discrepancy: up to 3σ

Exclusive $B \rightarrow D^* \ell v$ $F(1) V_{cb} = (35.90 \pm 0.11_{stat} \pm 0.44_{syst}) \times 10^{-3}$	F(1)	Vcb (10 ⁻³)
Lattice QCD [PoS LATTICE2010, 311 (2010)]	0.908 ± 0.017	$39.54 \pm 0.50_{exp} \pm 0.74_{th}$
Lattice QCD [arXiv:1403.0635]	0.920 ± 0.013	$39.04 \pm 0.49_{exp} \pm 0.56_{th}$
Sum rules [PRD 81: 113002 (2010)]	0.866 ± 0.020	$41.47 \pm 0.52_{exp} \pm 0.96_{th}$
Exclusive B→D ℓ v		
$G(1) V_{cb} = (42.64 \pm 0.72_{stat} \pm 1.35_{syst}) \times 10^{-3}$	G(1)	Vcb (10⁻³)
Lattice QCD [NPPS 140, 461-463 (2005)]	1.081 ± 0.024	$39.44 \pm 1.42_{exp} \pm 0.88_{th}$
Sum rules [PLB585, 253-262 (2004)]	1.047 ± 0.020	$40.73 \pm 1.46_{exp} \pm 0.78_{th}$
Inclusive		Vcb (10 ⁻³)
[PRD 89:014022 (2014)]		42.42 ± 0.86







Important tool for inclusive analyses and $B \rightarrow D l \nu$: Hadronic tagging

- Y(4S) decays into two B mesons
- Reconstruct one of them in a hadronic mode (B_{tag})
- Reduces background
- Constrains kinematics







Inclusive $B \rightarrow Xc \ell v$

BaBar	[PRD	69:111104,	2004]	52×10 ⁶ BB pairs
BaBar	[PRD	81:032003,	2010]	232×10 ⁶ BB pairs
Belle	[PRD	75:032001,	2007]	152×10^{6} BB pairs \sim
Belle	[PRD	75:032005,	2007]	152×10 ⁶ BB pairs

e.g.

- Measure moments of lepton energy and hadronic mass
- Reconstruct lepton
- (Most analyses) use hadronic tag:
 - Second B meson is known
 - Especially useful for measuring hadronic mass: \rightarrow Sum up 4-momenta of everything that is not B_{tag} or signal lepton
- For lepton energy: only electrons used in analyses so far
- Measured moments include resolution and acceptance effects, corrected with:
 - Linear correction factors at BaBar
 - Unfolding function at Belle
- For theory and most recent fit paper [PRD 89:014022 (2014)] see the next talk Extraction of Vcb from the inclusive decay $B \rightarrow X c l v$
 - Biggest errors from theory







Exclusive $B \rightarrow D^* \ell \nu \& B \rightarrow D \ell \nu$

- Theory:
 - Express differential decay width with form factors (describing the hadronic part)

$$\frac{d\Gamma_{B^- \to D^0 \ell^- \bar{\nu}}}{dw} = \frac{G_F^2 m_D^3}{48\pi^3} (m_B + m_D)^2 (w^2 - 1)^{3/2} \times |\eta_{\rm EW}|^2 |V_{\rm cb}|^2 |\mathcal{G}(w)|^2$$
$$\frac{d\Gamma_{B^- \to D^{0*} \ell^- \bar{\nu}}}{dw} = \frac{G_F^2 m_{D^*}^3}{4\pi^3} (m_B - m_{D^*})^2 (w^2 - 1)^{1/2} \times |\eta_{\rm EW}|^2 |V_{\rm cb}|^2 \chi(w) |\mathcal{F}(w)|^2$$
$$w = (M_B^2 + M_{D^{(*)}}^2 - q^2) / (2M_B M_{D^{(*)}})$$

- Parametrize form factors
 - currently with method by Caprini et al [Nuc.Phys.B, 530(1), 153-181]
 - D*: F(1), ρ_{D^*} , R1(1) and R2(1)
 - D: G(1), ρ_D

Calculate from LQCD, LCSR









- Simultaneous fit in all 4 parameters: statistics too low \rightarrow fit 1D projections (40 bins instead of 10000)
- Biggest error source: tracking (e.g. low momentum pion)



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Exclusive $B \rightarrow D \ell \nu$

- In comparison to $B \rightarrow D^* \ell \nu$:
 - Easier form factor
 - No low momentum pion
- But:
 - Best theory prediction at w=1 ($w = (M_B^2 + M_{D^{(*)}}^2 - q^2)/(2M_BM_{D^{(*)}})$) but high phase space suppression there
 - D* decay has very small phase space available \rightarrow almost no background
 - D has lots \rightarrow much more background also from D*
- Help comes from: hadronic tagging
 - second B meson is reconstructed in a hadronic decay mode







$B \rightarrow D \ell \nu$ (Belle): reconstruction

- 4 samples: $\bar{B}^0 \to D^+ e^- \bar{\nu_\ell}, \bar{B}^0 \to D^+ \mu^- \bar{\nu_\ell}, B^- \to \bar{D}^0 e^- \bar{\nu_\ell}, B^- \to \bar{D}^0 \mu^- \bar{\nu_\ell}$
- Tracks and photons from B_{tag} are removed
- Reconstruct D in multiple hadronic channels
- Combine D with a lepton (e, μ) to B_{sig}
- Determine the missing mass $M_{miss}^2 = (p_{\rm beam} p_{B_{\rm tag}} p_{B_{\rm sig}})^2$
- If only the neutrino is missing (i.e. genuine reconstruction) $M_{miss}^2 = 0$



 $D^+ \rightarrow K^0_s \pi^+ \pi^0$ $D^+ \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+$ $D^+ \rightarrow K^0_s K^+$ $D^+ \rightarrow K^0_s \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^ D^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$ $D^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^0$ $D^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^ D^0 \rightarrow K^0_s \pi^+ \pi^ D^0 \rightarrow K^0_s \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$ $D^0 \to K^0_s \pi^0$ $D^0 \to K^+ K^ D^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$

 $D^+ \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^+$

 $D^+ \to K^0_s \pi^+$

 $D^+ \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^0$

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$B{\rightarrow}D\boldsymbol{\ell}\nu$ (Belle): Signal yield extraction and final fit

• Extract signal yield in 10 different w-bins (from 1.0 to 1.6)



- χ^2 fit of predicted yield (based on differential decay width) to measured yield





$B \rightarrow D \ell \nu$ (Belle): results (preliminary)

["Semileptonic and leptonic B and Bs decays at Belle" ICHEP 2014, preliminary] 711fb⁻¹

Sample	$\eta_{\rm EW} \mathcal{G}(1) V_{cb} \; [10^{-3}]$	$ ho^2$	correlation
$\bar{B}^0 \to D^+ e^- \bar{\nu_\ell}$	$40.01 \pm 1.89(\text{stat}) \pm 1.66(\text{syst})$	$1.010 \pm 0.106 ({\rm stat}) \pm 0.029 ({\rm syst})$	0.692
$\bar{B}^0 \to D^+ \mu^- \bar{\nu_\ell}$	$40.66 \pm 2.07 (\text{stat}) \pm 1.70 (\text{syst})$	$1.075 \pm 0.115 ({\rm stat}) \pm 0.031 ({\rm syst})$	0.713
$B^- o \bar{D}^0 e^- \bar{\nu_\ell}$	$43.70 \pm 1.86(\text{stat}) \pm 1.67(\text{syst})$	$0.909 \pm 0.099 (\rm stat) \pm 0.014 (\rm syst)$	0.711
$B^- o \bar{D}^0 \mu^- \bar{\nu_\ell}$	$46.73 \pm 1.87(\text{stat}) \pm 1.79(\text{syst})$	$1.075 \pm 0.091 ({\rm stat}) \pm 0.014 ({\rm syst})$	0.680
Average	$42.63 \pm 0.96(\text{stat}) \pm 1.39(\text{syst})$	$1.001 \pm 0.051(\text{stat}) \pm 0.018(\text{syst})$	0.494

$B \rightarrow D \ell \nu (BaBar)$: results [PRD 77:032002, 2008] 417fb⁻¹

Sample	$\eta_{\rm EW} \mathcal{G}(1) V_{cb} \ [10^{-3}]$	$ ho^2$	correlation
$\bar{B}^0 \to D^+ \ell^- \bar{\nu_\ell}$	$45.6\pm3.3(\mathrm{stat})\pm1.6(\mathrm{syst})$	$1.29\pm0.14(\mathrm{stat})\pm0.05(\mathrm{syst})$	0.950
$B^-\to \bar{D}^0\ell^-\bar{\nu_\ell}$	$41.7 \pm 2.1 (\mathrm{stat}) \pm 1.3 (\mathrm{syst})$	$1.14\pm0.11(\mathrm{stat})\pm0.04(\mathrm{syst})$	0.943
Average	$43.0\pm1.9(\mathrm{stat})\pm1.4(\mathrm{syst})$	$1.20 \pm 0.09 (\text{stat}) \pm 0.04 (\text{syst})$	0.952







$B{\rightarrow} D\boldsymbol{\ell}\nu \text{ results}$









The future

- Belle II: Limitting factors will be theoretical or systematical (see talk *Prospects of Belle II in B-meson semileptonic decays* on Thursday)
- Need to consistently apply electroweak corrections on all analyses
- Vcb via $Bs \rightarrow Ds^{(*)} \ell \nu$, $\Lambda b \rightarrow \Lambda c \ell \nu$
 - At LHCb
 - Big dataset, but kinematics and background are difficult
 - Use separation of primary and secondary vertex
 - Direct Vcb or Vub not possible
 - But: ratio Vub/Vcb can be measured with exclusive Bs and Ab is currently investigated
 - See talk *Semileptonic b-hadron decays at LHCb* on Wednesday
 - At Belle (or Belle II)
 - Bs→Ds^(*)Xℓv at the Belle Y(5S) resonance currently in progress see ["Semileptonic and leptonic B and Bs decays at Belle" ICHEP 2014, preliminary]
 - Maybe hadronic tag for Y(5S) can help advance to $Bs \rightarrow Ds^* \ell v$







The future

- $B \rightarrow D^{(*)} \ell \nu$:
 - Error on form factor parametrization by Caprini et al not quantified (<2% is all we know)
 - Switch from using form factor parametrization and calculation of G(1) and F(1) to modelindepent fits fitting LQCD parameters and reconstructed data together



Plots by HPQCD, from private communication with Heechang Na. Preliminary fit using preliminary $B \rightarrow D l \nu$ data from Belle. MILC data points are from LATTICE 2013 proceedings [arXiv: 1312.0155] Left plot shows example of fit for a subsample of preliminary $B \rightarrow D l \nu$. Red bands are the form factors (f_+ and f_0) from a lattice simulation by HPQCD.

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Summary

- Vcb currently measured with semileptonic decacys at B-factories
- Inclusive and exclusive analyses have different experimental and theoretical approach \rightarrow complimentary
- Vcb is now determined to an accuracy of $\sim 2\%$
- Exclusive Inclusive Vcb discrepancy still present
- $B \rightarrow D^{(*)} \ell \nu$: Fitting data and LQCD parameters together seems promising
- Alternative decays $(B_s \rightarrow D_s \ell \nu, \Lambda_b \rightarrow \Lambda_c \ell \nu)$ at LHCb (and maybe Belle/Belle II) could add insights







Thank you!

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Back Up



B



B-factory luminosity









Measuring V_{cb} = semileptonic decays

- Pure leptonic: Bc decays experimentally difficult
 - At B-factories: not available
 - At LHCb: low production rate, low BR to $\mu\nu$
- Pure hadronic: very hard theoretically
- Semileptonic:
 - Theory can handle it well:
 - In Hamiltonian leptonic and hadronic currents factorize
 - Small electroweak corrections necessary
 - Experimentally:
 - Branching fractions are good (\sim 20% of B decays are semileptonic with charm)
 - Only one neutrino not reconstructable





$B{\rightarrow}D\boldsymbol{\ell}\nu$: extracting $|Vcb|G(1)\eta_{_{EW}}$ and ρ^2

- Measured the signal yield in each w-bin
- Calculate the predicted signal yield for given $|V_{cb}|G(1)\eta_{ew}$ and ρ^2 : (relative to MC)









$B \rightarrow D \ell \nu$: systematic errors

	relative error in $\%$			
	$\bar{B}^0 \to D^+ \ell^- \bar{\nu_\ell}$		$B^- o \bar{D}^0 \ell^- \bar{\nu_\ell}$	
Source	$\eta_{\rm EW} \mathcal{G}(1) V_{cb} $	$ ho^2$	$\eta_{\rm EW} \mathcal{G}(1) V_{cb} $	$ ho^2$
Charged track reconstruction	2.00	0.00	1.50	0.00
Neutral reconstruction	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
Lepton ID	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
D branching fractions	0.60	0.20	0.30	0.20
Background branching ratios and F.F.	1.63	2.22	1.39	1.00
Hadronic tag calibration	2.90	1.65	2.90	0.90
Total	4.17	2.77	3.83	1.36