

Prospects of Belle II on B-meson Semileptonic Decays

Guglielmo De Nardo
University of Napoli *Federico II* and INFN
on behalf of the Belle II Collaboration



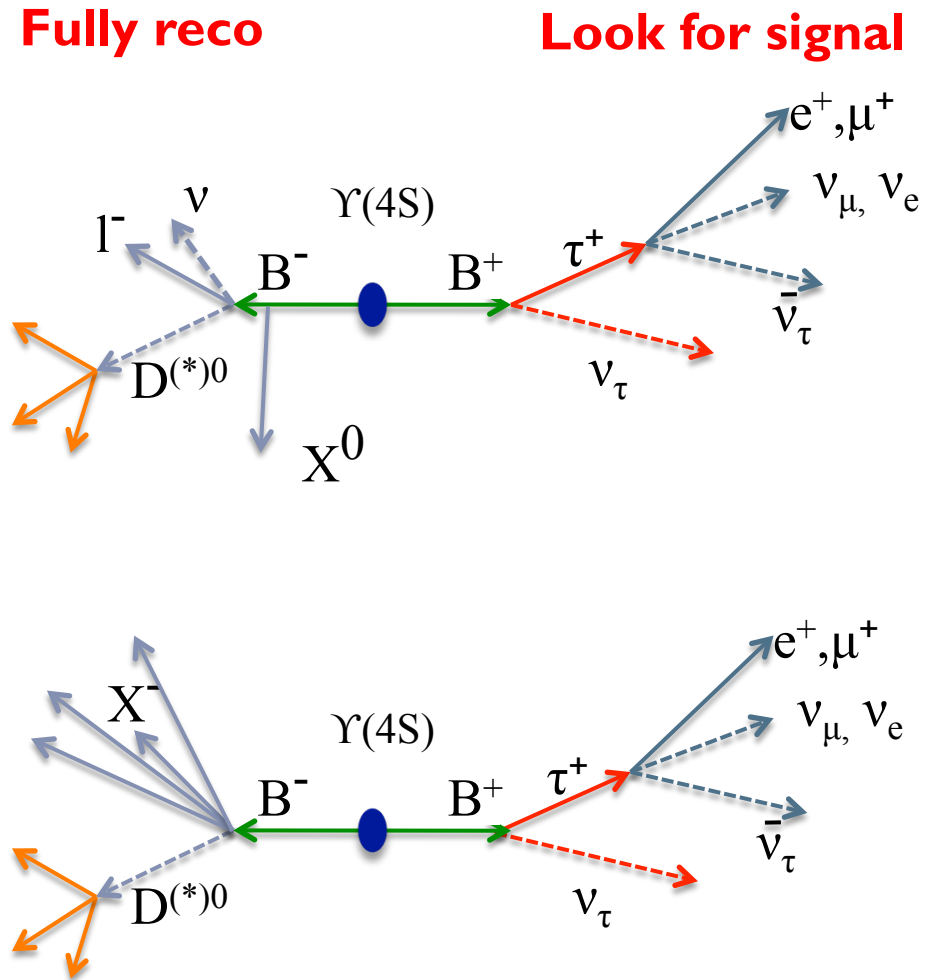
8th International Workshop on the CKM Unitarity Triangle
8-12 September 2014, Vienna, Austria

Outline

- ▶ Common experimental techniques
- ▶ Prospects of Belle II
 - ▶ $b \rightarrow c$ with exclusive and inclusive decays
 - ▶ $b \rightarrow u$ with exclusive and inclusive decays
 - ▶ Semileptonic decays with τ in the final state
 - ▶ (Purely leptonic decays in backup slides)

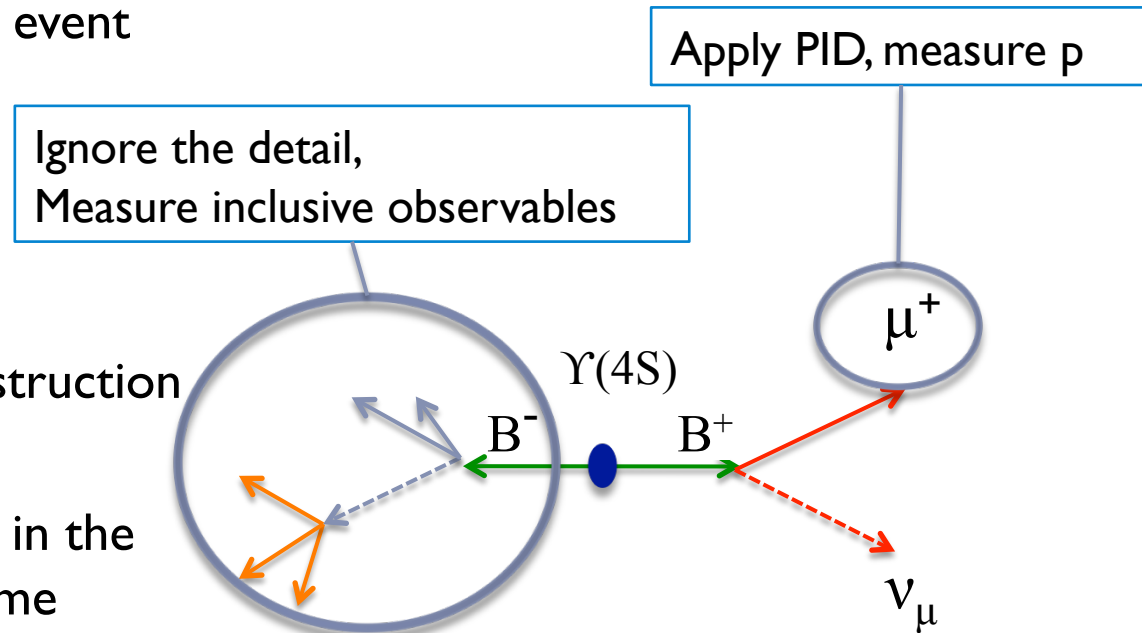
Experimental techniques (tagged analyses)

- For signal with weak exp. signature like
 - Decay with missing momentum (many neutrinos in the final state)
 - Inclusive analyses
- background rejection improved fully reconstructing the companion B (tag)
- Tag with semileptonic decays
 - PRO: Higher efficiency $\epsilon_{\text{tag}} \sim 1.5\%$
 - CON: more backgrounds, B momentum unmeasured
- Tag with hadronic decays
 - PRO: much cleaner events, B momentum reconstructed
 - CON: smaller efficiency $\epsilon_{\text{tag}} \sim 0.2\%$



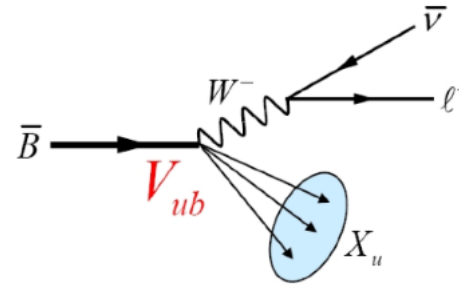
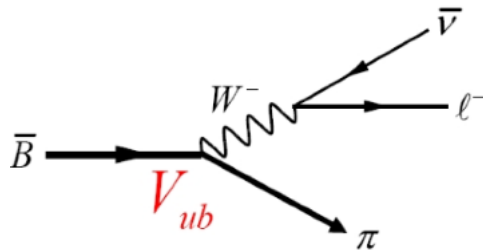
Experimental technique (untagged)

- Inclusive on the rest of the event when the signal signature strong enough
- $B \rightarrow \pi l \nu$
 - Loose neutrino reconstruction
- $B \rightarrow \mu \nu$
 - Monochromatic muon in the final state in B rest frame
 - Smeared in the CM frame



High efficiency but large backgrounds, too

|V_{ub}| extraction from b → u



$$\frac{d\Gamma(B \rightarrow \pi l \nu)}{dq^2} = \frac{G_F^2}{24\pi^3} p_\pi^3 |V_{ub}|^2 \times |f(q^2)|^2$$

$$\Gamma_{SL} = |V_{ub}|^2 \frac{G_F^2 m_b^5}{192\pi^3} \times A_{pert} \times A_{non-pert}(1/m_b)$$

Theory input: form factors from Lattice and sum rules

Experimentally more constrained

Both untagged & tagged analyses

Theory input: OPE

Huge b → c l ν background

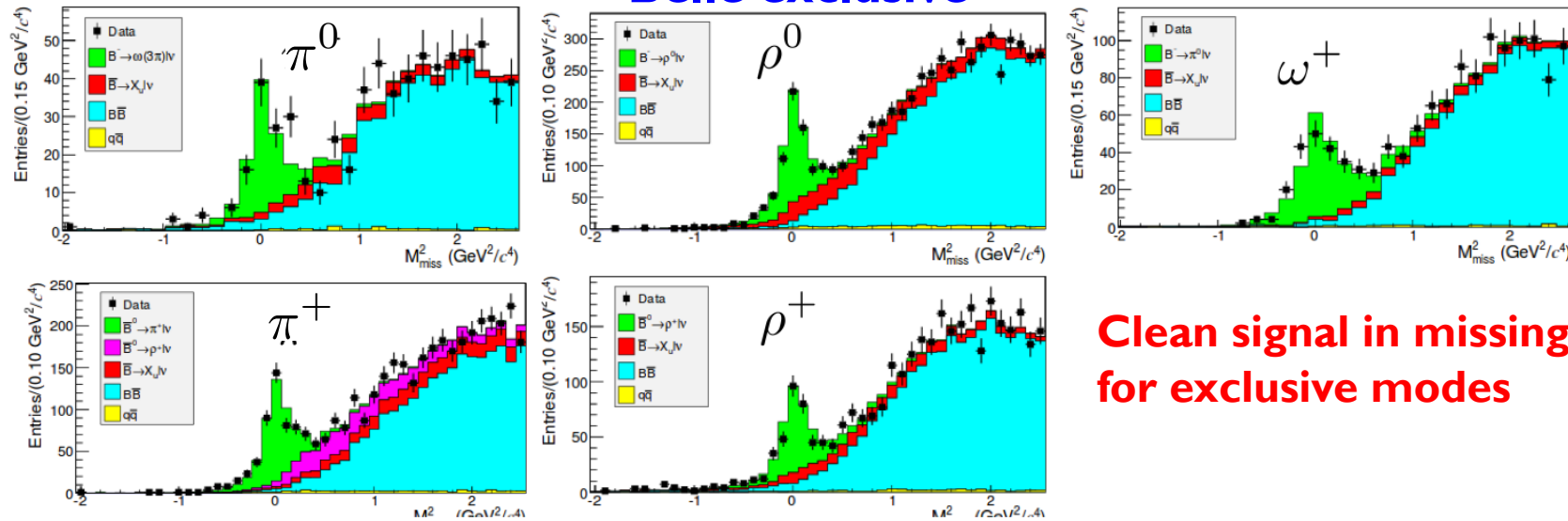
Must select phase space region (M_x, q², p_l) to enhance B → u signal

Need theory to extrapolate to full rate

Tight selections jeopardize theory extrapolation

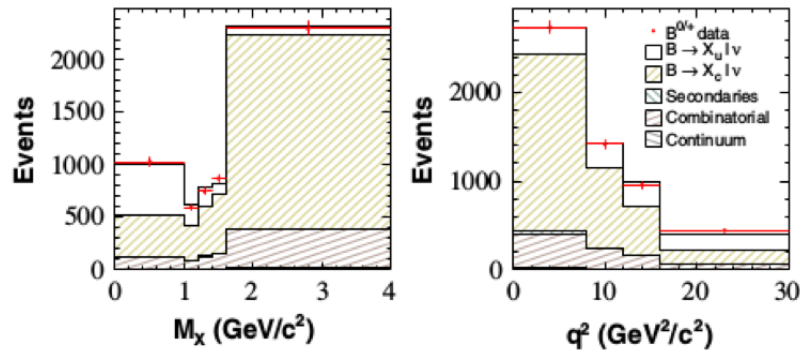
Current Measurements with hadronic tag

Belle exclusive



Clean signal in missing mass for exclusive modes

Belle inclusive



$b \rightarrow u l \nu$ signal enhanced w.r.t. $b \rightarrow c$ backgrounds in low M_X and high q^2 but

important: control on systematic effects from charm background composition and u quark fragmentation \rightarrow can be improved with Belle II

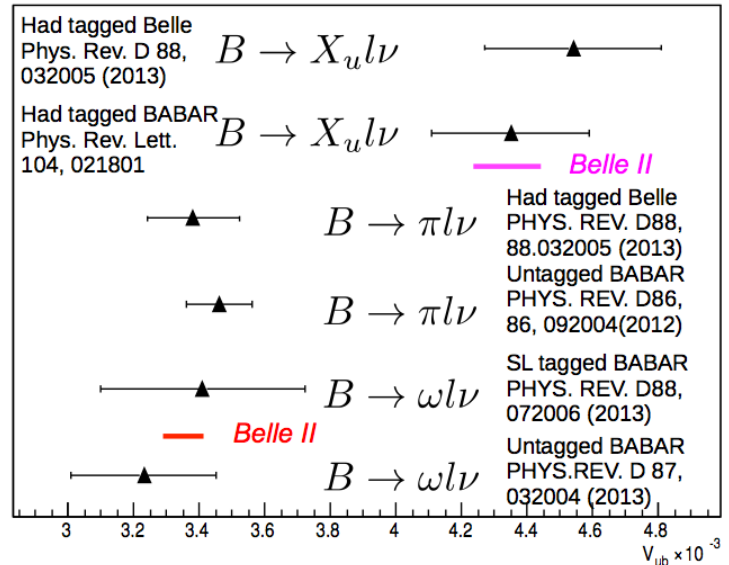
Extrapolation to Belle II (1)

Alexander Ermakov (FPCP14):

$|V_{ub}|_{\text{exc}}$ vs $|V_{ub}|_{\text{inc}}$ “tension” is still here after years of experimental and theoretical efforts
Just statistics?

A systematic effect in experiment. or theory or both?

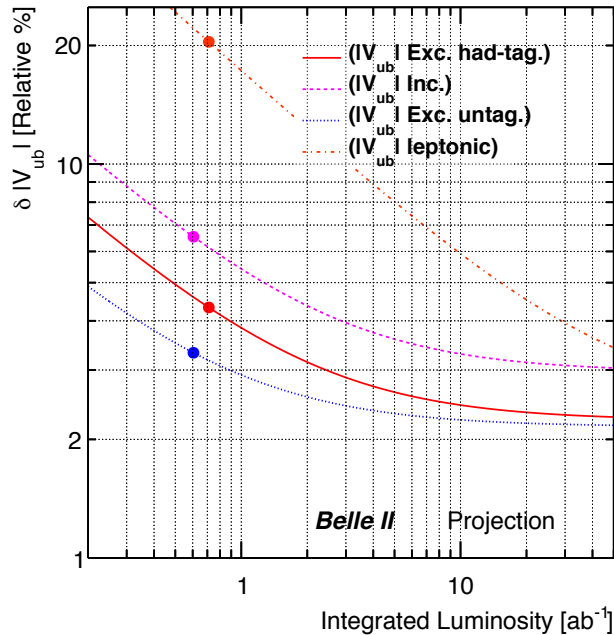
Belle II expected to settle this.



Belle II will reduce the uncertainties on $|V_{ub}|$

But also provide much more consistency checks for theory and experimental effects

|V_{ub}| extrapolation for Belle II (2)



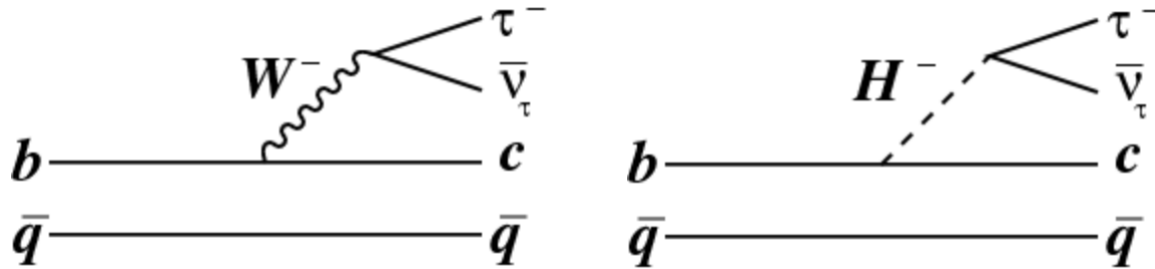
	Statistical	Systematic	Total Exp	Theory	Total
	(reducible, irreducible)				
V _{ub} exclusive (had. tagged)					
711 fb ⁻¹	3.0	(2.3, 1.0)	3.8	8.7 (2.0)	9.5 (4.3)
5 ab ⁻¹	1.1	(0.9, 1.0)	1.7	4.0 (2.0)	4.4 (2.6)
50 ab ⁻¹	0.4	(0.3, 1.0)	1.1	2.0	2.3
V _{ub} exclusive (untagged)					
605 fb ⁻¹	1.4	(2.1, 0.8)	2.9	8.7 (2.0)	9.1 (4.0)
5 ab ⁻¹	0.5	(0.8, 0.8)	1.2	4.0 (2.0)	4.2 (2.4)
50 ab ⁻¹	0.2	(0.3, 0.8)	0.9	2.0	2.2
V _{ub} inclusive					
605 fb ⁻¹ (old B tag)	4.5	(3.7, 1.6)	6.0	2.5–4.5	6.5–7.5
5 ab ⁻¹	1.1	(1.3, 1.6)	2.3	2.5–4.5	3.4–5.1
50 ab ⁻¹	0.4	(0.4, 1.6)	1.7	2.5–4.5	3.0–4.8

Assumption is theory error down to 2% for exclusive and 2-4 % for inclusive modes

Most promising are exclusive analysis with hadronic tags: to perform clean and detailed exploration of exclusive $b \rightarrow u$ modes spectra. Improvements on theory predictions need as well ($B \rightarrow \rho | \nu$ lattice)

Untagged analyses still competitive for |V_{ub}| measurement

$$B \rightarrow D^* \tau \nu$$



Input for SM prediction:

exp: $|V_{cb}|$ measurement

theory: form factor

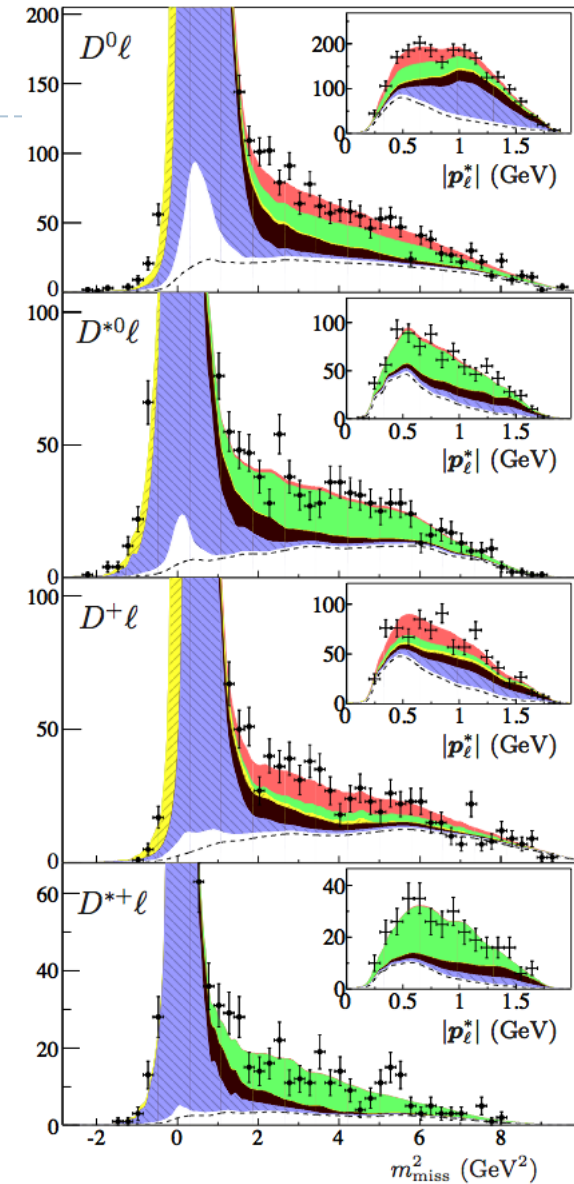
New Physics from Charged Higgs

Measure a ratio $R = B(B \rightarrow D^{(*)} \tau \nu) / B(B \rightarrow D^{(*)} \ell \nu)$

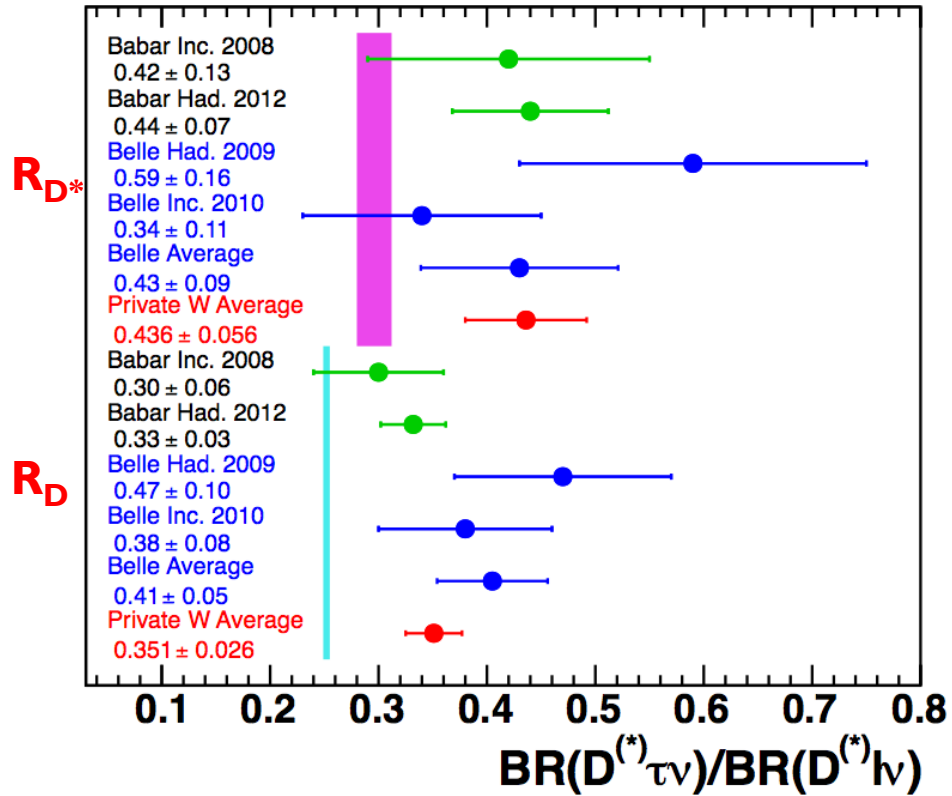
Experimentally hard: signature is not a peak on a smooth background!

Data driven methods to control the backgrounds (combinatorial and D^{**} backgrounds)

■ $\bar{B} \rightarrow D\tau^- \bar{\nu}_\tau$
 ■ $\bar{B} \rightarrow D\ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell$
 ■ $\bar{B} \rightarrow D^{**}(\ell^- / \tau^-) \bar{\nu}$
■ $\bar{B} \rightarrow D^* \tau^- \bar{\nu}_\tau$
 ■ $\bar{B} \rightarrow D^* \ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell$
 □ Background

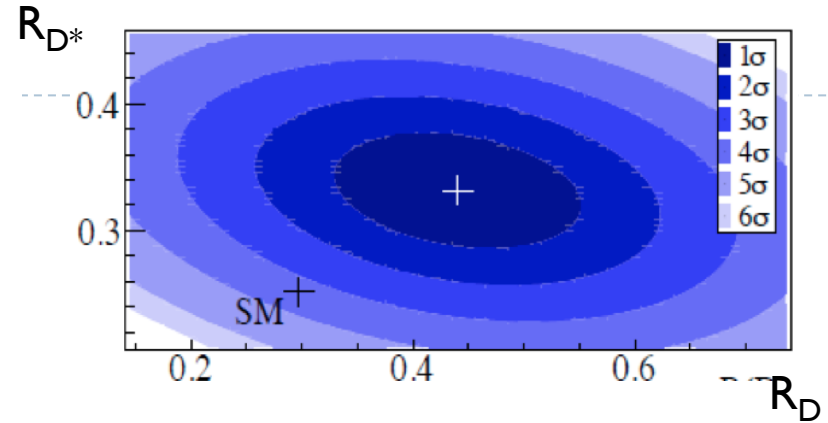


$$B \rightarrow D^* \tau \nu$$

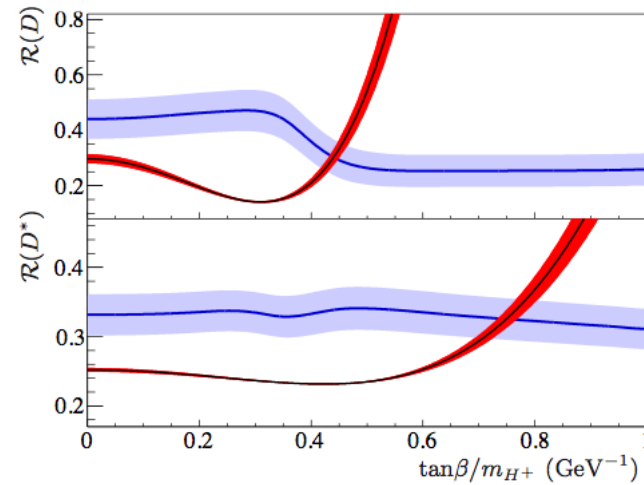


Belle is working on update
BaBar working on adding more τ decay modes

Surprise: 3σ excess over SM prediction!



Surprise: kills the 2HDM Type II



Belle II improvements

Confirm the excess with few ab^{-1}

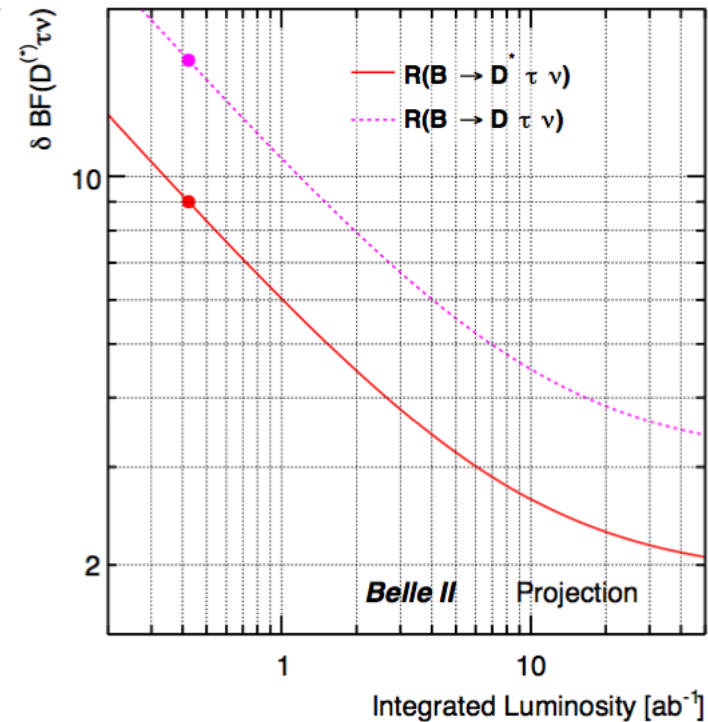
With more data, better understanding of backgrounds tails under the signal.

We also expect a better understanding of $B \rightarrow D^{**} \ell \nu$ (most delicate BG)

Measure differential distribution

Expected Uncertainties

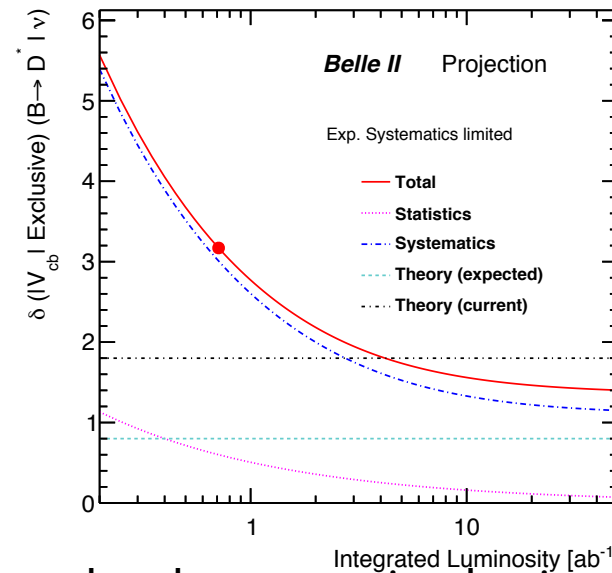
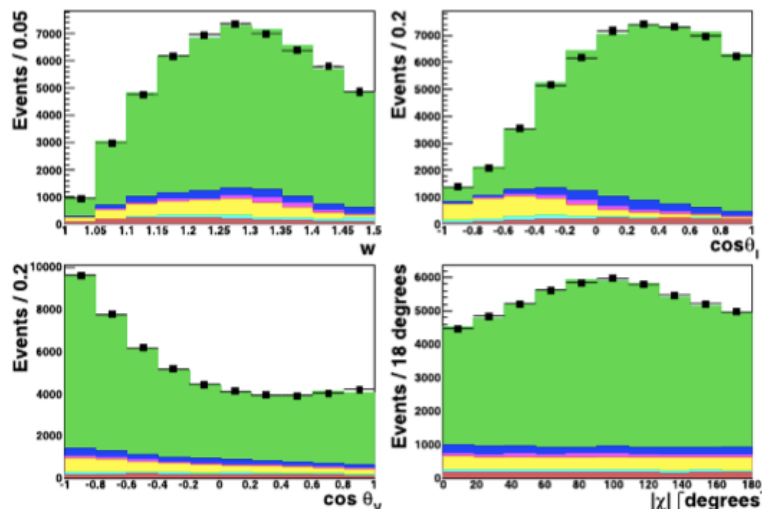
Ratio	5 ab^{-1}	50 ab^{-1}
R_{D^*}	3%	2%
R_D	6%	3%



Uncertainty dominated by systematics

$|V_{cb}|$ exclusive $B \rightarrow D^* l \nu$

- Currently most accurate measurement of $|V_{cb}|$ from $B \rightarrow D^* l \nu$ exclusive decay



Current Belle measurement has 5% total uncertainty, already systematics dominated

Expect theo uncertainty from 2% \rightarrow below 1% with Belle II taking data

Most of the systematics are detector related and can improve with Belle II apparatus and scale with luminosity.

Experimental irreducible component estimated at 1% level

$B \rightarrow D^* l \nu$ and $B \rightarrow D l \nu$

	Statistical	Systematic	Total Exp	Theory	Total
	(reducible, irreducible)				
$ V_{cb} $ exclusive : F(1)					
711 fb ⁻¹	0.6	(2.8, 1.1)	3.1	1.8	3.6
5 ab ⁻¹	0.2	(1.1, 1.1)	1.5	1.0	1.8
50 ab ⁻¹	0.1	(0.3, 1.1)	1.2	0.8*	1.4
$ V_{cb} $ exclusive : G(1)					
423 fb ⁻¹	4.5	(3.1, 1.2)	5.6	2.2	3.6
5 ab ⁻¹	1.3	(0.9, 1.2)	2.0	1.5*	2.7
50 ab ⁻¹	0.6	(0.4, 1.2)	1.4	1.0*	1.7

Similar level of accuracy from $B \rightarrow D^* l \nu$ and $B \rightarrow D l \nu$

$B \rightarrow X_c \ell \nu$ inclusive at Belle II

(Modest) improvement of experimental uncertainties expected.

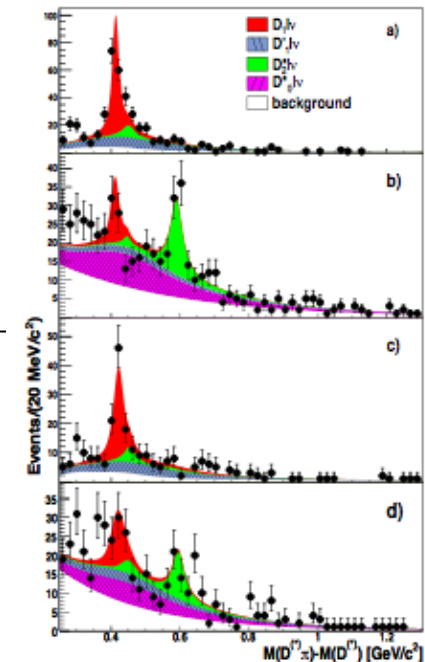
- Better determination of $B \rightarrow D^{**} \ell \nu$ component
- Improved control on the tag B normalization
- Largest experimental sys effect from PID and tracking

We expect a 0.5% ultimate systematic uncertainty

We assume theory uncertainty at 1% that will saturate the error budget

Detailed exploration of $B \rightarrow D n \pi \ell \nu$

Hopefully will solve “puzzles” like the gap between inclusive and exclusive rates (and V_{cb} tensions)



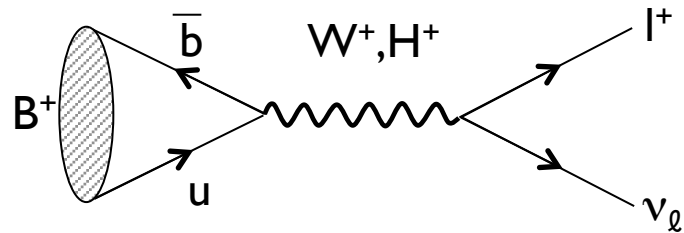
Fitted $D^{(*)} \pi$ mass spectrum of
Phys.Rev.Lett. 101 (2008) 261802

Conclusions

- ▶ **Current measurements provide the following landscape**
 - ▶ $|V_{ub}|$ measured at 5% but 3σ exclusive-inclusive discrepancy
 - ▶ An un-expected excess in $B \rightarrow D^{(*)} \tau \nu$ over the SM at slightly more than 3σ
- ▶ **Also for $b \rightarrow c$ many things remain to be understood**
 - ▶ $|V_{cb}|$ measured at 2% but inclusive vs exclusive tension
 - ▶ Exclusive modes do not saturate the inclusive rate
 - ▶ Rates to broad and narrow D^{**} resonance not predicted by theory
- ▶ **Belle II unique place to solve all those puzzles and shed light on new Physics**
 - ▶ More accurate theory predictions
 - ▶ Refinements of experimental techniques to let systematic uncertainties shrink with statistics

Back up and Leptonic decays

B → l ν

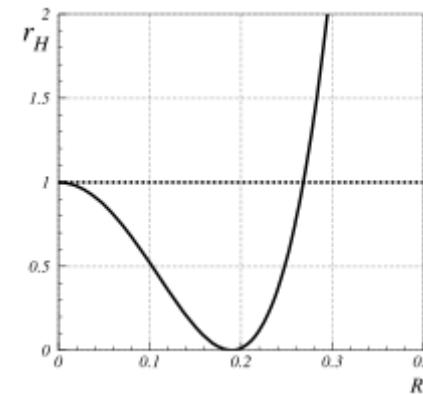


Very clean theoretically, hard experimentally
 SM contribution suppressed by helicity
 Sensitive to NP contribution (charged Higgs)

$$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow l\nu) = \frac{G_F^2 m_B}{8\pi} m_l^2 \left(1 - \frac{m_l^2}{m_B^2}\right)^2 f_B^2 |V_{ub}|^2 \tau_B$$

$$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow l\nu) = \mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow l\nu)_{SM} \times r_H$$

$$r_H = \left(1 - \tan^2 \beta \frac{m_B^2}{m_H^2}\right)^2$$



STANDARD MODEL PREDICTIONS

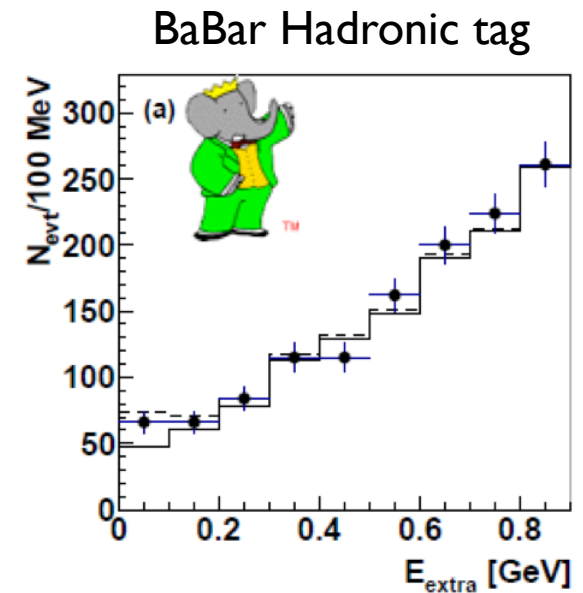
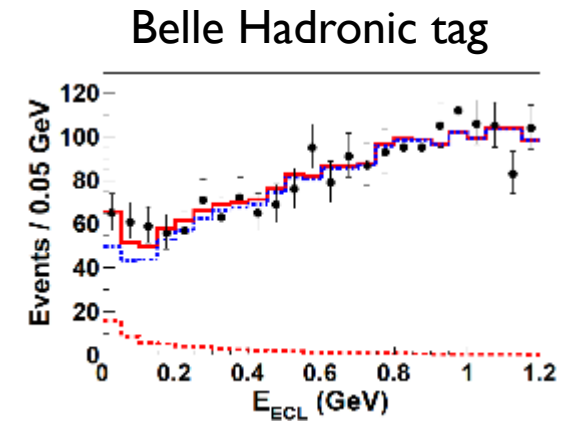
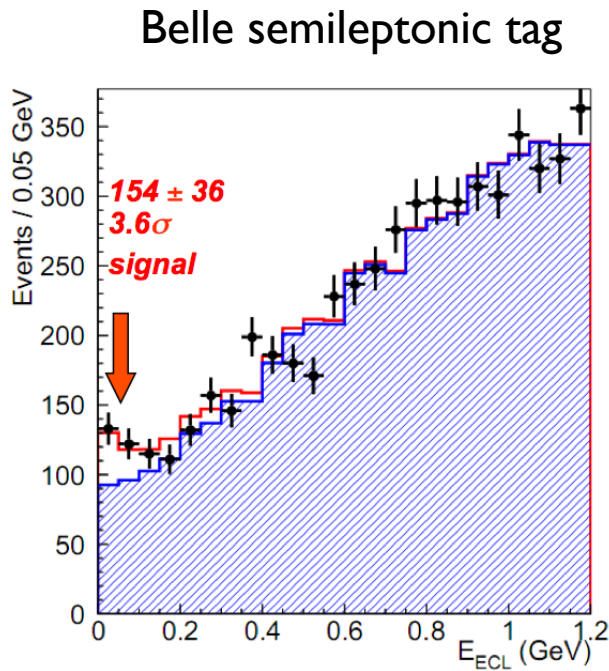
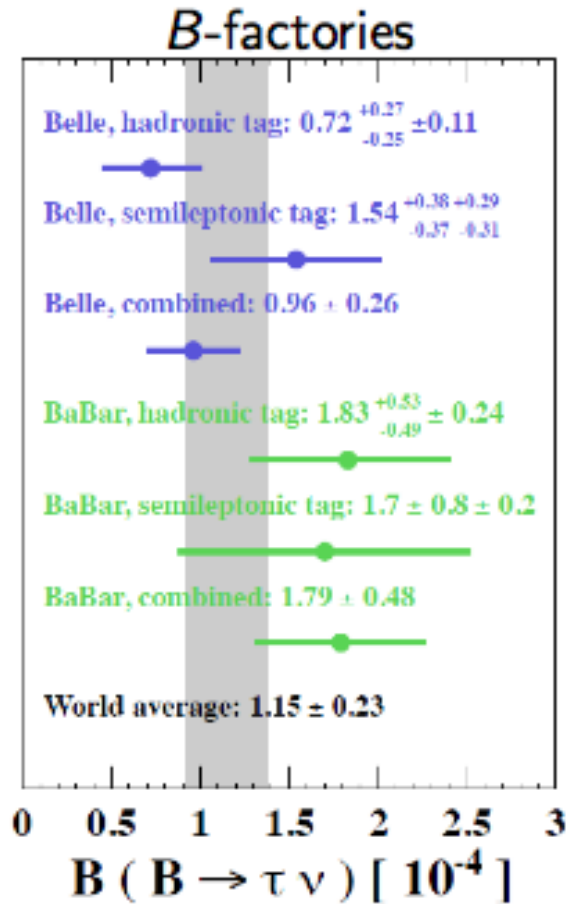
Mode	$\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow \ell^+ \nu_\ell)$	
$\tau \nu_\tau$	$(1.01 \pm 0.29) \times 10^{-4}$	Accessible with current data sets
$\mu \nu_\mu$	$\sim 0.45 \times 10^{-6}$	Need Belle II statistics
$e \nu_e$	$\sim 0.8 \times 10^{-11}$	Beyond the reach of experiments

Belle II can also test lepton flavour universality

$$R^{\tau e} = \frac{\Gamma(B \rightarrow e\nu)}{\Gamma(B \rightarrow \tau\nu)}$$

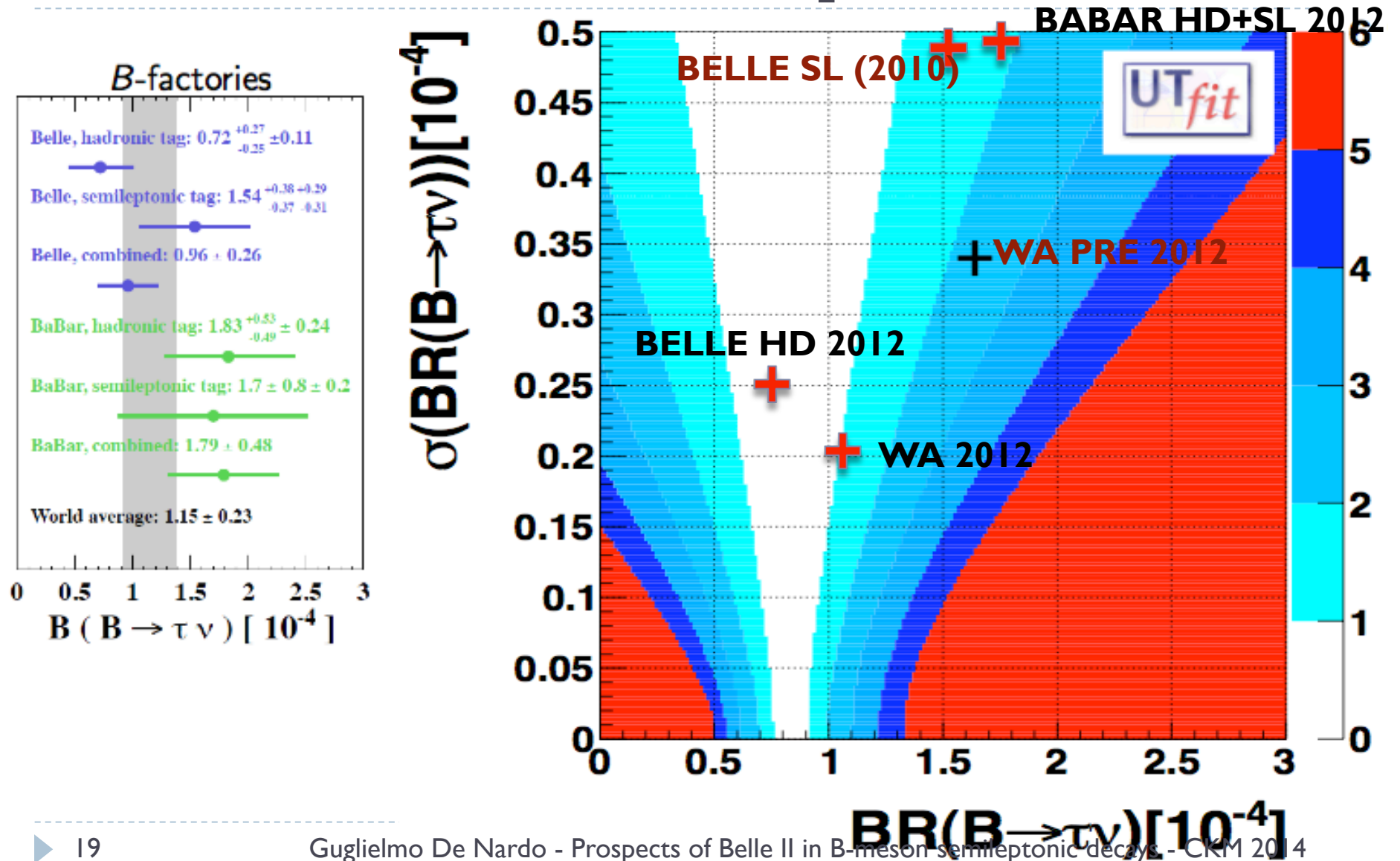
$$R^{\tau\mu} = \frac{\Gamma(B \rightarrow \mu\nu)}{\Gamma(B \rightarrow \tau\nu)}$$

Belle and BaBar measurements



$B(B \rightarrow \tau \nu) = (1.14 \pm 0.22) \times 10^{-4} \text{ (HFAG2013)}$

Measurements vs UT-fit prediction

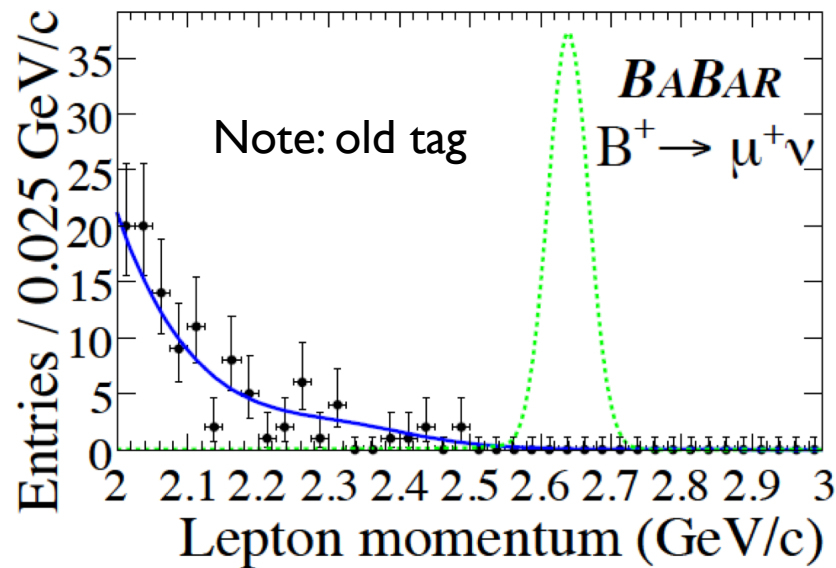


$B \rightarrow \mu \nu$ and $B \rightarrow e \nu$

Monochromatic lepton in the B rest frame
 Almost background free with tagged analyses

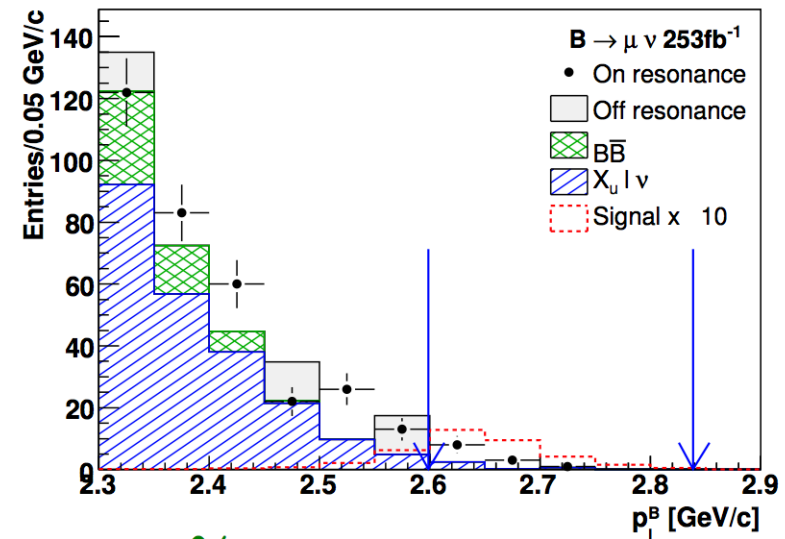
$$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow \mu \nu) < 5.6 \times 10^{-6}$$

Hadronic tag BaBar

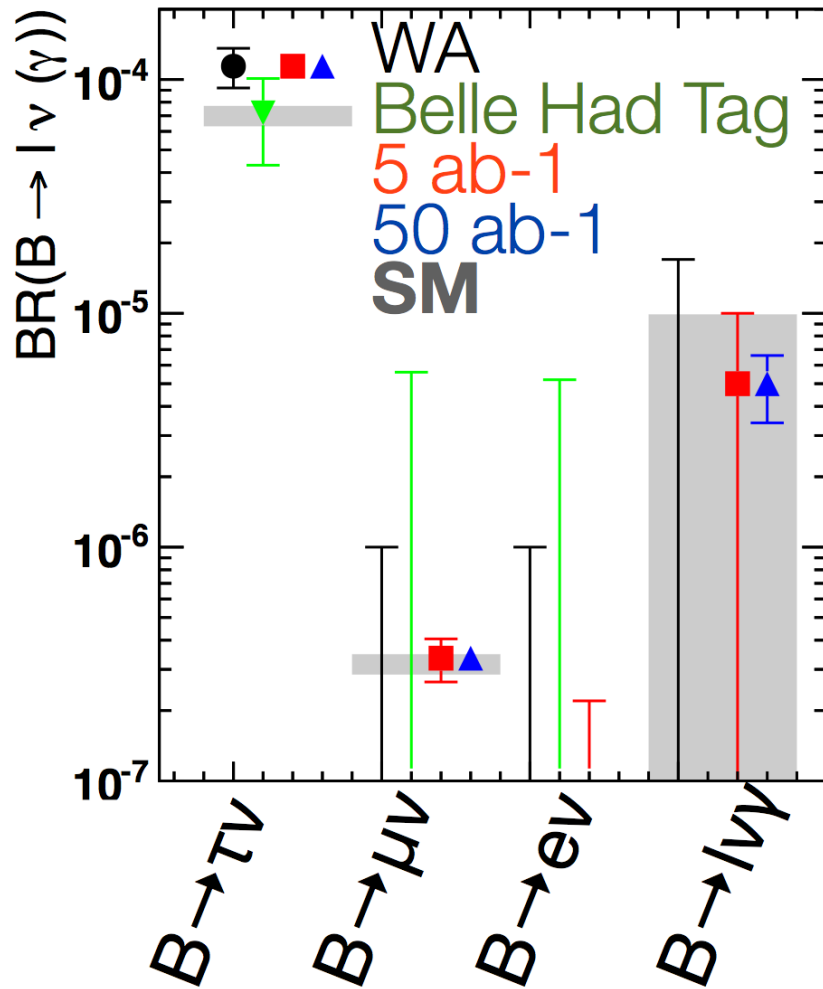


$$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow \mu \nu) < 1.7 \times 10^{-6}$$

Semileptonic tag Belle



Belle II outlook

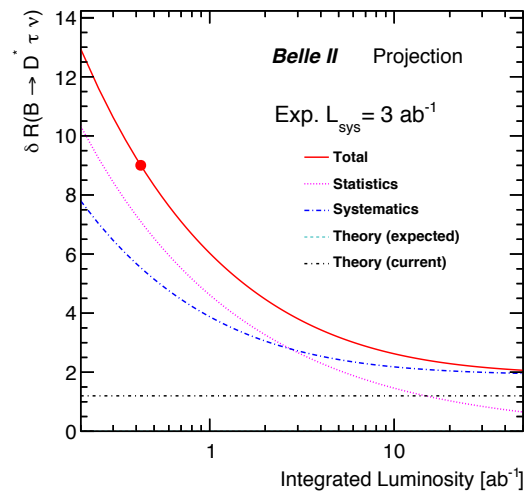


Extrapolated $B \rightarrow \tau \nu$ uncertainty
10% after 5 ab^{-1} and 3%-5% after 50 ab^{-1}
Dominated by systematics

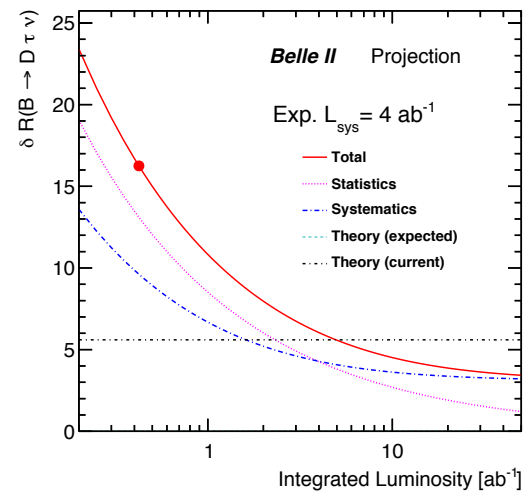
Extrapolated $B \rightarrow \mu \nu$ uncertainty
20% after 5 ab^{-1} and 7% after 50 ab^{-1}

$B \rightarrow e \nu$ SM prediction out of reach,
Sensitivity to B.R. of $7 \cdot 10^{-8}$ with 50 ab^{-1}

Q: What is the ultimate the ultimate
experimental systematic uncertainty?
Naïve guess : 3%



(a) $B \rightarrow D^* \tau \nu$



(b) $B \rightarrow D \tau \nu$