

Status of PSB Impedance calculations: Inconel undulated chambers

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Thanks to: E. Benedetto, J. Borburgh

Overview

- Impedance calculations at $\beta < 1$
- Inconel undulated chamber
 - Comparison between Inconel undulated chamber and ceramic chamber
 - Analytical calculation (no corrugation)
 - 3D CST EM simulation
- Summary

Impedance calculations for $\beta < 1$

Analytical calculation (applies only to simple structures)

3D EM simulation (CST Particle Studio: never used for $\beta < 1$)

CST EM simulation are commonly performed in the ultra-relativistic approximation ($\beta = 1$)

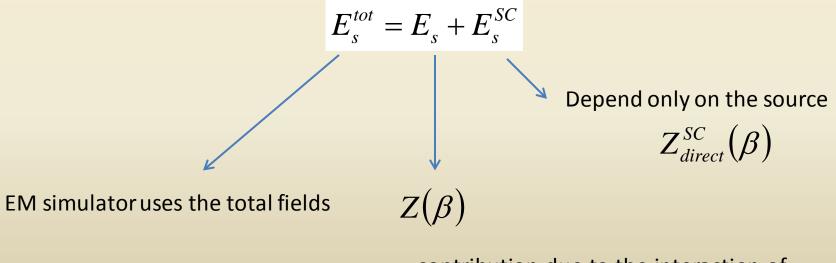
$$\beta_{inj}^{PSB} \cong 0.3$$
 $\beta_{ext}^{PSB} \cong 0.9$

The use of 3D EM simulations for $\beta < 1$ has been investigated

Definition of impedance

$$Z_{\parallel}(x, y, x_0, y_0, \omega) [\Omega] = -\frac{1}{q_0} \int_0^L E_s(x, y, s, x_0, y_0, \omega) e^{jks} ds$$

Longitudinal component of the electric field in (x, y) induced by a source charge placed in (x_0, y_0)



contribution due to the interaction of beam and accelerator components

3D CST EM simulation for $\beta < 1$

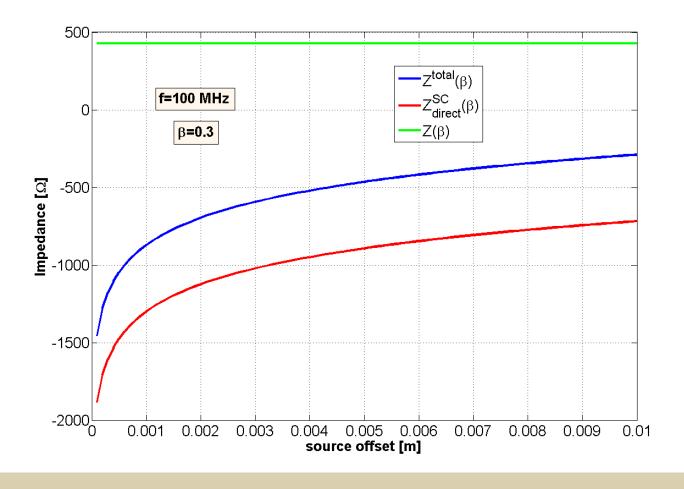
 $Z^{total}(\beta) = Z(\beta) + Z^{SC}_{direct}(\beta)$

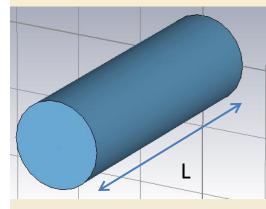
Depend only on the source

contribution due to the interaction of beam and external surroundings

To single out the impedance contribution Z(eta) the direct space charge is analytically removed

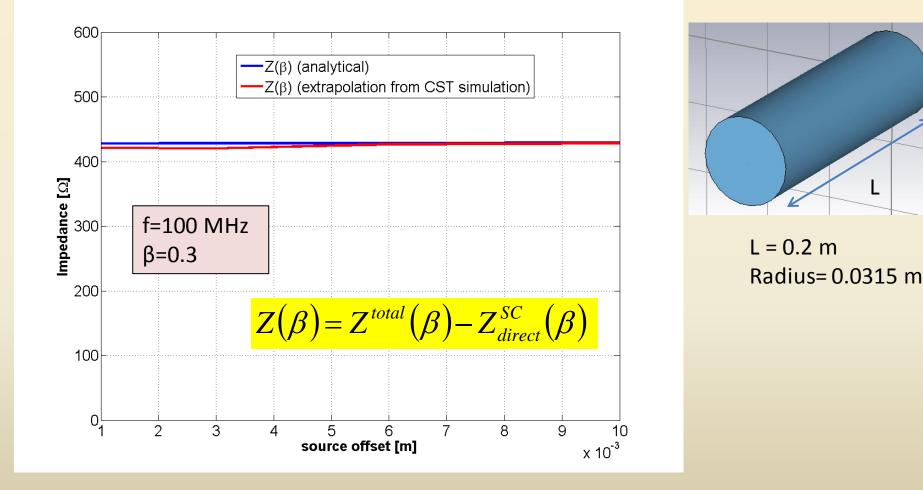
Longitudinal impedance: analytical calculation



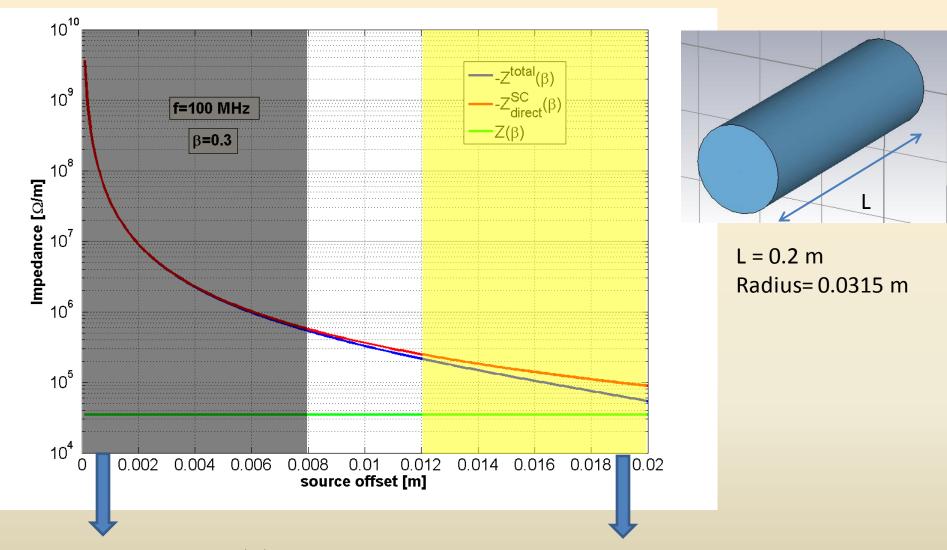


L = 0.2 m Radius= 0.0315 m

Longitudinal impedance: comparison between the analytical calculation and the CST simulation



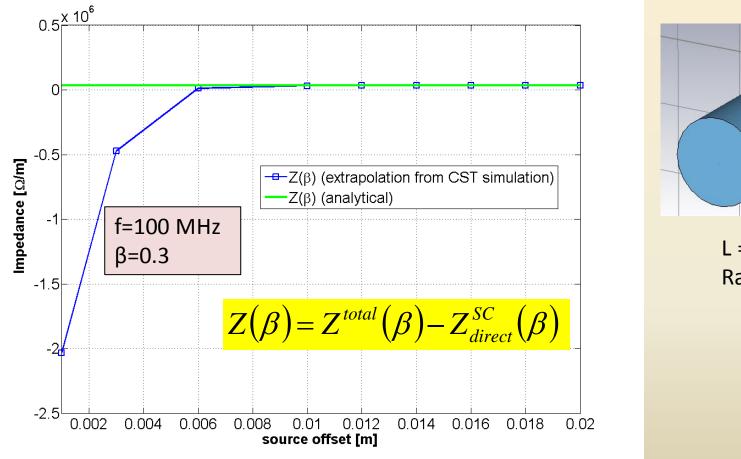
Transverse impedance: analytical calculation

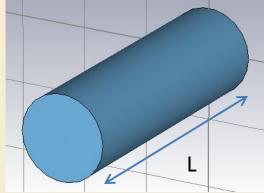


The extrapolation of $Z(\beta)$ would require a very high accuracy of the simulation (impossible to be reached)

The accuracy of the simulation allow the extrapolation of $Z(\beta)$

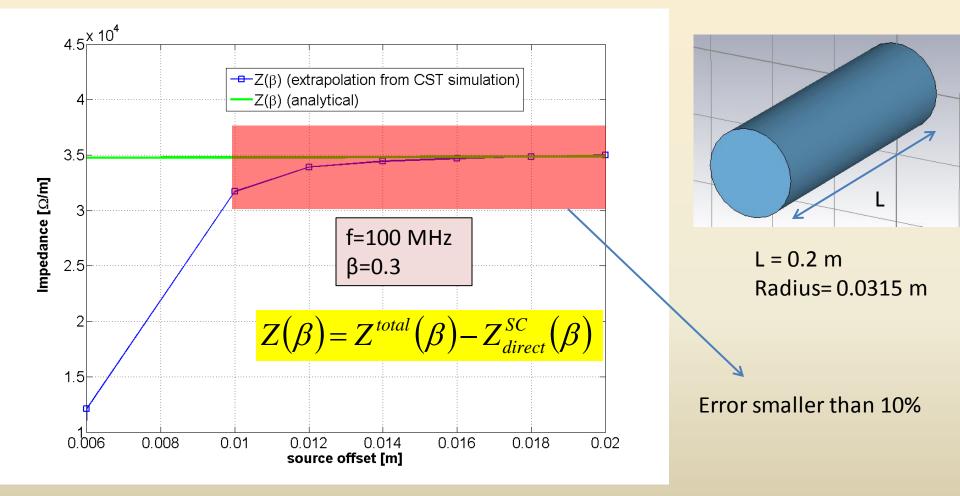
Transverse impedance: comparison between the analytical calculation and the CST simulation





L = 0.2 m Radius= 0.0315 m

Transverse impedance: comparison between the analytical calculation and the CST simulation



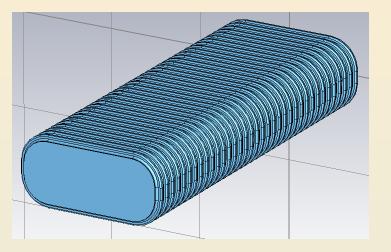
The extrapolation method requires the linearity of the impedance with the offset

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Inconel undulated chamber

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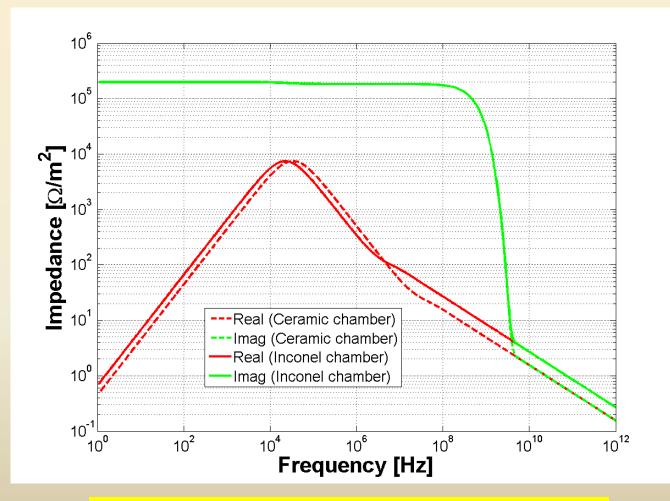
Alternative solution

Titanium coated Ceramic (Al2O3) chamber (no corrugation)

> Vertical full aperture: 63 mm Titanium thickness: 100 μm

Inconel thickness: 0.45-0.50 mm Vertical full aperture: 63 mm Inconel conductivity = 7.89 10⁵

Analytical calculation (no corrugation): comparison between Inconel and Ceramic chamber

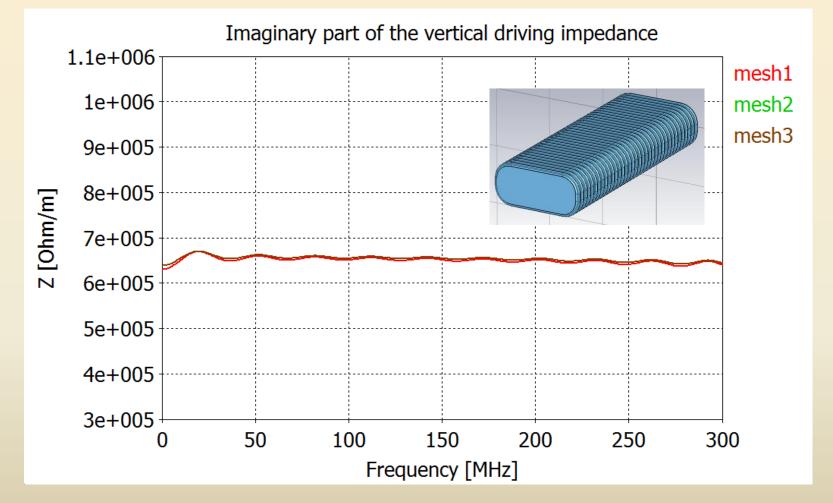


Theoretical calculation made with the TLwall code

Overview

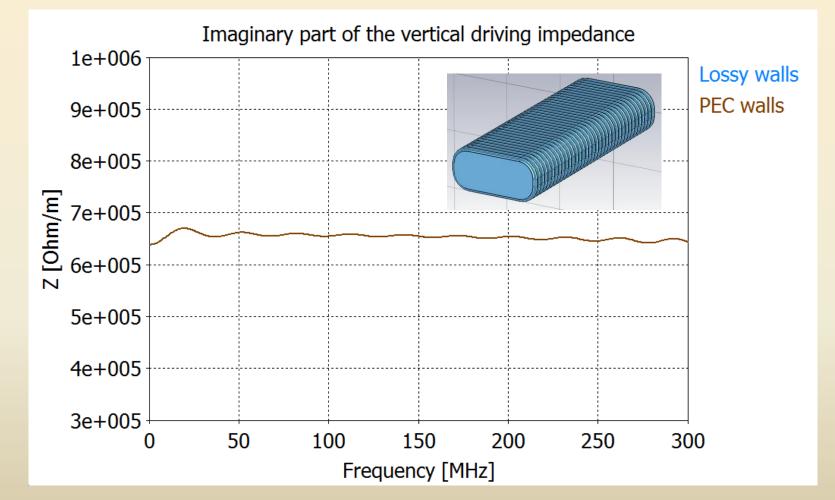
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Inconel undulated chamber: CST Particle Studio simulation



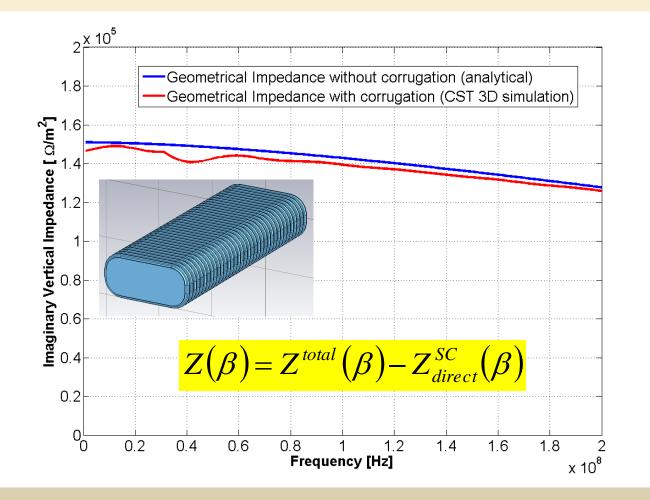
The calculation is stable

Inconel undulated chamber: CST Particle Studio simulation



The resistive wall impedance is insignificant with respect to the total impedance

Inconel undulated chamber: CST Particle Studio simulation



The impedance contribution of the corrugation seems to be negligible

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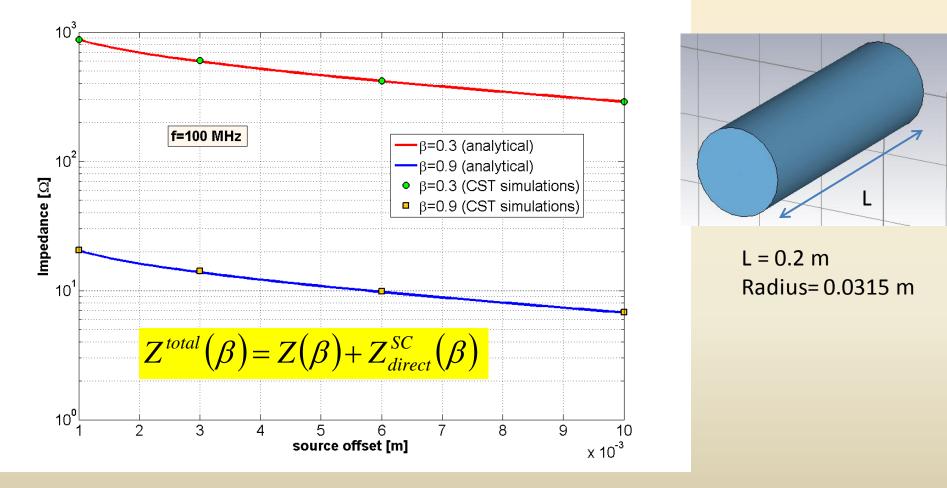
- The use of 3D CST simulation at the PSB energy has been discussed
- From the impedance point of view the Inconel chamber and the ceramic chamber seem to be equivalent

Future plans

- Construction of the PSB impedance model
 - Including all the expected sources of impedance (e.g. kicker)
 - Accurate estimation of the wall impedance
 - I need precise information about the layout of the machine
 - Based on approximate calculations performed by D. Quatraro, the wall impedance represents the 50% of the measured vertical effective impedance at injection (18 M Ω /m)

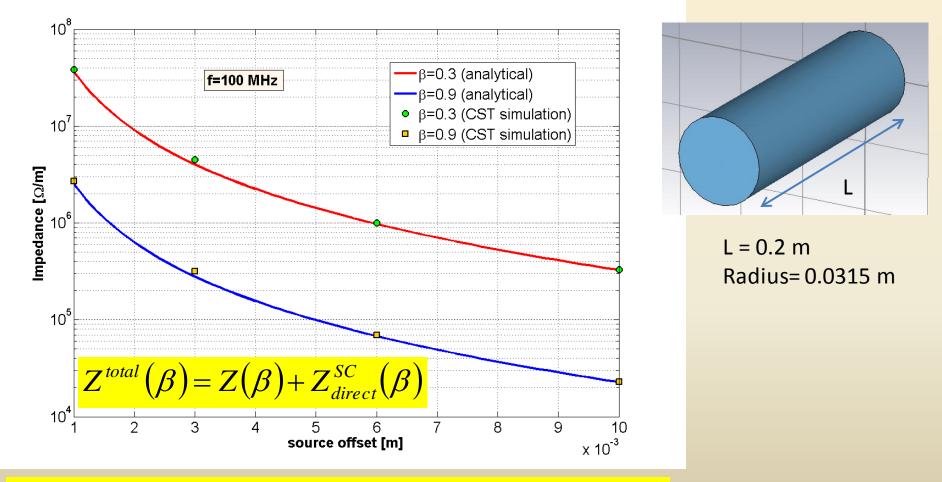
Thank you very much for your attention

Comparing longitudinal impedance versus source offset



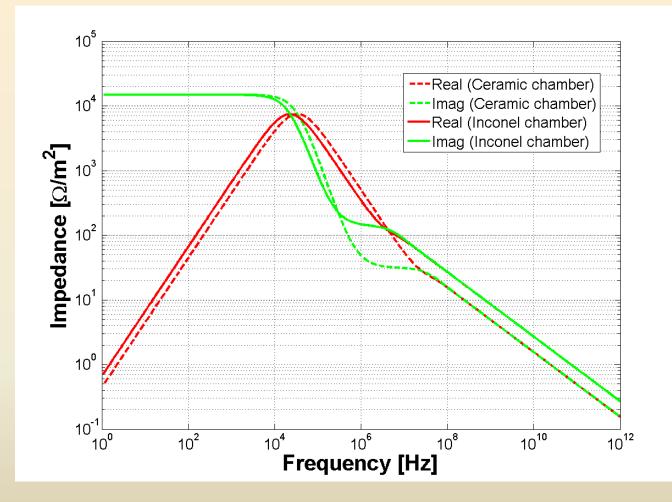
CST simulations and analytical model are in very good agreement

Comparing transverse impedance versus source offset



CST simulations and analytical model are in very good agreement

Resistive wall contribution



Theoretical calculation made with the TLwall code

Impedance contribution of the injection region

