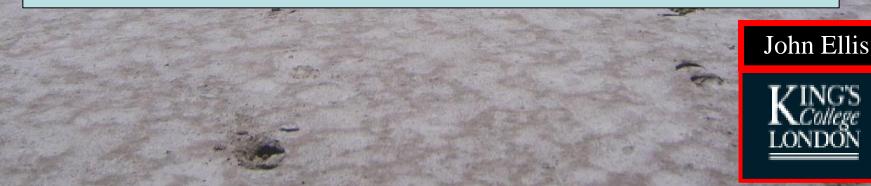
## TLEP: Part of a Vision for the Future

Exploration of the 10 TeV scale Direct (VHE-LHC) + Indirect (TLEP) Need major effort to develop the physics case Work together



## The Twin Pillars of TLEP Physics

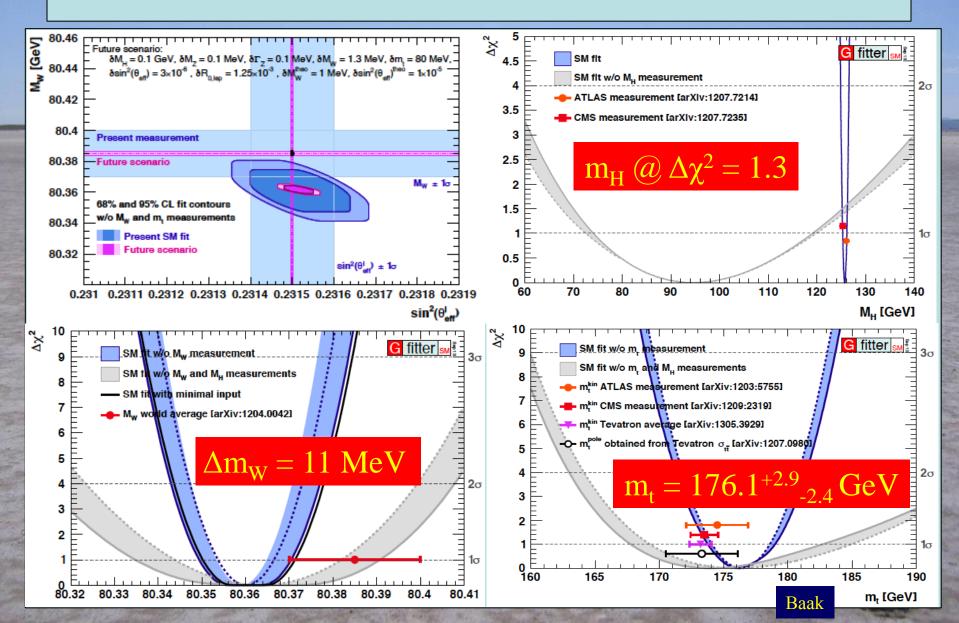
#### **Precision Measurements**

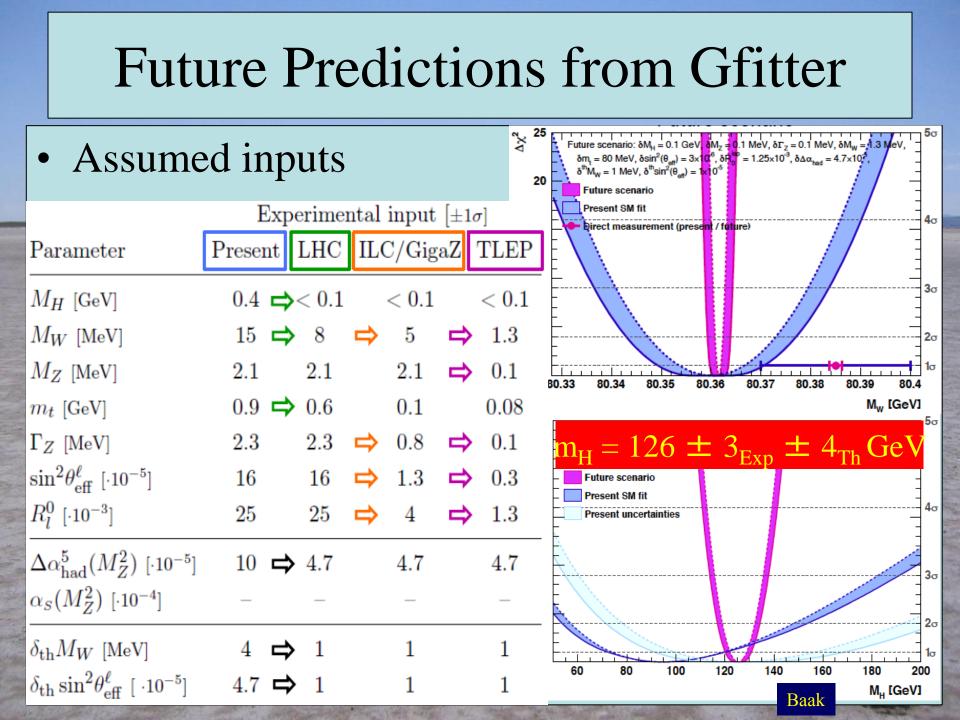
- Springboard for sensitivity to new physics
- Theoretical issues:
  - Higher-order QCD
  - Higher-order EW
  - Mixed QCD + EW
- Experimental issues
  - Patrick

#### **Rare Decays**

- Direct searches for new physics
- Many opportunities
- Z: 10<sup>12</sup>
- b, c, τ: 10<sup>11</sup>
- W: 10<sup>8</sup>
- H: 10<sup>6</sup>
- t:  $10^6$

#### Present Predictions from Gfitter





### TLEP Measurements & New Physics

#### • Assumed future measurements

	Current data	before TLEP	TLEP-Z	TLEP-Z (pol.)	TLEP-W	TLEP-t
$\alpha_s(M_Z^2)$	$0.1184 \pm 0.0006$	???				
$\Delta \alpha_{\rm had}^{(5)}(M_Z^2)$	$0.02750 \pm 0.00033$	$\pm 0.00005$ (?)				
$M_{\mathbf{Z}}$ [GeV]	$91.1875 \pm 0.0021$		$\pm 0.0001$			
$m_t \; [\text{GeV}]$	$173.2\pm0.9$	$\pm 0.5$ (?)				$\pm 0.016$
$m_h \; [\text{GeV}]$	$125.6\pm0.3$	$\pm 0.15$ (?)				
$M_W$ [GeV]	$80.385 \pm 0.015$	$\pm 0.010$ (?)			$\pm 0.00064$	
$\Gamma_W$ [GeV]	$2.085\pm0.042$				???	
$\Gamma_{\mathbf{Z}}$ [GeV]	$2.4952 \pm 0.0023$		$\pm 0.0001$			
$\sigma_h^0$ [nb]	$41.540 \pm 0.037$		???			
$\sin^2 \theta_{\rm eff}^{\rm lept}(Q_{\rm FB}^{\rm had})$	$0.2324 \pm 0.0012$		???			
Ppol	$0.1465 \pm 0.0033$		???			
Ae	$0.1513 \pm 0.0021$			$\pm 0.000021$		
$\mathcal{A}_{c}$	$0.670\pm0.027$			???		
	$0.923 \pm 0.020$			???		
$\begin{array}{c} \mathcal{A}_{b} \\ A_{\rm FB}^{0,\ell} \\ A_{\rm FB}^{0,c} \\ A_{\rm FB}^{0,b} \\ A_{\rm FB}^{0,b} \\ R_{\ell}^{0,b} \\ R_{\ell}^{0} \\ R_{b}^{0} \end{array}$	$0.0171 \pm 0.0010$		???			
$A_{\rm FB}^{0,c}$	$0.0707 \pm 0.0035$		???			
$A_{\rm FB}^{\bar{0},\bar{b}}$	$0.0992 \pm 0.0016$		???			
$R_{\ell}^{0}$	$20.767 \pm 0.025$		$\pm 0.001$			
$R_c^{\tilde{0}}$	$0.1721 \pm 0.0030$		???			
$R_{b}^{\bar{0}}$	$0.21629 \pm 0.00066$		$\pm 0.00006$		Mishim	a

#### Theoretical Uncertanties

We assume that theoretical uncertainties will be reduced by calculating three-loop contributions of  $O(\alpha^2 \alpha_s)$  and  $O(\alpha^3)$ .

	TLEP		Par	Theoretical uncertainty					
	direct	$\alpha_s$	$\alpha_s  \Delta \alpha_{\rm had}^{(5)}  M_Z  m_t  m_h  \text{Total}$						future
$\delta M_W$ [MeV]	$\pm 0.64$	$\pm 0.36$	$\pm 0.91$	$\pm 0.13$	$\pm 0.10$	$\pm 0.14$	$\pm 1.00$	$\pm 4$	$\pm 1$
$\delta \Gamma_Z  [\text{MeV}]$	$\pm 0.1$	$\pm 0.3$	$\pm 0.0$	$\pm 0.0$	$\pm 0.0$	$\pm 0.0$	$\pm 0.3$	$\pm 0.5$	$\pm 0.1$
$\delta \mathcal{A}_{\ell} \ [10^{-5}]$	$\pm 2.1$	$\pm 1.6$	$\pm 13.7$	$\pm 0.6$	$\pm 0.4$	$\pm 0.9$	$\pm 13.9$	$\pm 37.0$	$\pm 11.8$

 $\delta \sin^2 \theta_{\rm eff}^{\rm lept} = 4.7 \times 10^{-5} \ \rightarrow \ 1.5 \times 10^{-5}$ 

#### Hadronic contribution to $\alpha$ :

At present:  $\Delta \alpha_{\rm had}^{(5)}(M_Z^2) = 0.02750 \pm 0.00033$ 

Burkhardt & Pietrzyk (11) (see also Davier et al(11); Hagiwara et al(11); Jegerlehner(11))

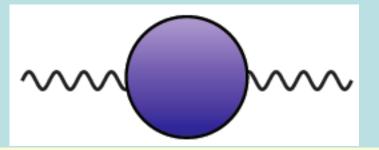
measured with inclusive processes.

smaller uncertainty ( $\sim 0.00010$ ) if using exclusive processes with pQCD, etc.

assume  $\delta(\Delta \alpha_{had}^{(5)}(M_Z^2)) \sim 0.00005$  from low-en

## Sensitivity to New Physics

- Oblique Parameters
- (vacuum polarizations)



Mishima

 $\delta M_W, \, \delta \Gamma_W \propto -S + 2c_W^2 T + rac{(c_W^2 - s_W^2) U}{2s_W^2}$ 

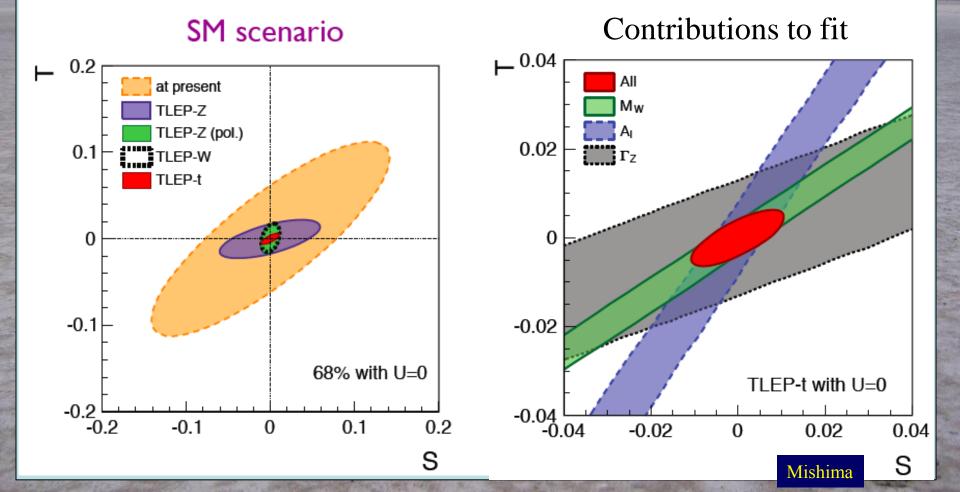
 $\delta \Gamma_{Z} \propto -10(3 - 8s_{W}^{2}) \, S + (63 - 126s_{W}^{2} - 40s_{W}^{4}) \, T$ 

others  $\propto S - 4c_W^2 s_W^2 T$ 

- Expect  $U \ll S, T$
- Will need effort to reduce theoretical uncertainties to realize sensitivities < 10<sup>-2</sup>

## Sensitivity to Oblique Parameters

 $\delta S \sim 7 imes 10^{-3}, \quad \delta T \sim 4 imes 10^{-3}$ 



#### Sensitivity to New Physics

• Higher-dimensional operators induced by high-E physics  $\mathcal{O}_{WB} = (H^{\dagger} \tau^a H) W^a_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu}$ SM scenario ζi/Λ² [TeV<sup>-i</sup> at present  $\mathcal{O}_H = |H^{\dagger} D_{\mu} H|^2$ 0.02  $\mathcal{O}_{LL} = \frac{1}{2} (\overline{L} \gamma_{\mu} \tau^{a} L)^{2}$ -0.02  $\mathcal{O}'_{HL} = i(H^{\dagger}D_{\mu}\tau^{a}H)(\overline{L}\gamma^{\mu}\tau^{a}L)$ -0.04 С'нь С'но  $\mathcal{O}'_{HO} = i(H^{\dagger}D_{\mu}\tau^{a}H)(\overline{Q}\gamma^{\mu}\tau^{a}Q)$ Cwb Сн Сп CHE CHL Сно Сни Снр Mishima NP scenario  $\mathcal{O}_{HL} = i(H^{\dagger}D_{\mu}H)(\overline{L}\gamma^{\mu}L)$ С<sub>i</sub>/Λ<sup>2</sup> [ТеV<sup>-2</sup>] TLEP-t  $\mathcal{O}_{HQ} = i(H^{\dagger}D_{\mu}H)(\overline{Q}\gamma^{\mu}Q)$  $\mathcal{O}_{HE} = i(H^{\dagger}D_{\mu}H)(\overline{E}\gamma^{\mu}E)$  $\mathcal{O}_{HU} = i(H^{\dagger}D_{\mu}H)(\overline{U}\gamma^{\mu}U)$ -0.05  $\mathcal{O}_{HD} = i(H^{\dagger}D_{\mu}H)(\overline{D}\gamma^{\mu}D)$ C<sub>WB</sub> Сн  $C_{LL}$ C'HL C'HQ CHE CHL С<sub>но</sub> C<sub>HU</sub>

## Sensitivity to New Physics

 Sensitivity to coefficients of possible higherdimensional operators induced by high-E physics (in TeV units)

	at present		TLEP-Z		TLEP-Z (pol.)		TLEP-W		TLEP-t	
Coefficient	$C_{i} = -1$	$C_i = 1$	$C_{i} = -1$	$C_i = 1$	$C_{i} = -1$	$C_i = 1$	$C_i = -1$	$C_i = 1$	$C_i = -1$	$C_i = 1$
$C_{WB}$	12.0	12.0	15.2	15.2	31.3	31.1	31.3	31.5	38.3	38.9
$C_H$	7.4	7.4	13.6	13.6	13.9	13.7	14.0	14.1	27.9	27.8
$C_{LL}$	8.1	8.1	19.3	19.3	19.9	19.9	25.4	25.5	27.6	27.7
$C'_{HL}$	10.9	10.9	21.2	21.1	25.9	25.7	25.8	25.8	31.2	30.9
$C'_{HQ}$	9.0	9.1	19.5	19.3	19.5	19.4	19.4	19.2	19.6	19.6
$C_{HL}$	10.4	10.4	21.5	21.5	21.5	21.9	28.6	28.5	28.3	<b>28.4</b>
$C_{HQ}$	5.4	5.5	14.9	14.9	15.0	14.9	15.1	15.0	15.0	15.0
$C_{HE}$	8.9	8.9	22.2	22.2	30.2	30.0	30.1	30.3	31.2	31.2
$C_{HU}$	3.7	3.7	8.0	8.0	8.1	8.1	8.1	8.1	8.3	8.3
$C_{HD}$	<b>3.2</b>	<b>3.2</b>	7.1	7.0	7.1	7.1	7.0	7.1	7.1	7.1

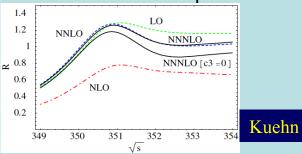
Mishima

- Substantial improvement in sensitivity
- Reach well into multi-TeV range

## (Mainly) QCD Uncertainties

- $\Gamma_{\rm b}$ : Higgs WG:  $\Delta \Gamma_{\rm b} = 7.5\%$  should be 1.7%
  - Higher-order QCD 0.25%
  - m<sub>b</sub> uncertainty overstated by factor 4
  - Error could be reduced by running SuperKEK-B above  $\Upsilon$
  - 5-loop running underway
  - Need inputs from LE:  $m_b$ ,  $m_c$ ,  $\alpha_{EM}$ ,  $\alpha_s$
  - 0.3% possible
  - M<sub>W</sub>:
    - 4-loop uncertainty of 2.1 MeV insufficient: use MS m<sub>t</sub>
    - Could do 4-loop mixed EW/QCD
  - m<sub>t</sub>:

– calculation of  $\sigma$  at NNNLO underway

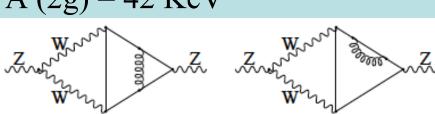


## (Mainly) QCD Uncertainties

• Γ<sub>Z</sub>:

• Γ<sub>b</sub>:

- $-\Delta$ (non-singlet) = 101 KeV
- $\Delta(\text{singlet}) V (3g) = 2.7 \text{ KeV}, A (2g) = 42 \text{ KeV}$
- Difficult to do next order



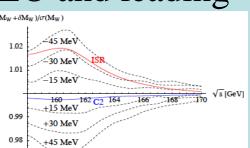
Kuehn

leeer

- Correction @  $G_F m_t^2 \alpha_s^2 = 0.1 \text{ MeV}$
- Smaller corrections if use MSbar m<sub>t</sub>, but need to know 4-loop conversion (underway)
- Not well-defined at higher order: bbcc final states!
- Γ<sub>W</sub>:
  - Mixed EW/QCD calculated @ 2-loop: -0.55 MeV
  - 3-loop  $\alpha_W \alpha_s^2$  difficult but feasible

## WW Production at Threshold

- Aim at  $\Delta m_W < 1$  MeV: need  $\Delta \sigma << 0.1\%$
- Current  $\Delta m_W < 4 \text{ MeV}$ 
  - Should make off-shell treatment:
  - 4-fermion production known @ NLO and leading NNLO
  - Threshold corrections included
  - Need more understanding of ISR
  - NNLO EW calculation of on-shell WW within reach
  - Sufficient for  $\Delta m_W < 1 \text{ MeV}$
  - NNLO off-shell calculation beyond current reach



Schwinr

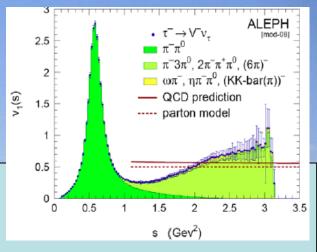
## High-Energy Measurements of $\alpha_s$

- TLEP study quotes  $\Delta \alpha_s = 0.0002$  from Z decays based on NNNLO calculation
- W decays could yield  $\Delta \alpha_s = 0.00015?$
- Important CKM uncertainty, mainly due to  $\Delta V_{cs}$ 
  - Assume unitarity? Measure V<sub>cs</sub> better?
- Possible strategy: Use Z value @ W to measure
   V, use @ τ to constrain non-perturbative effects

Dissertori

• Need to study uncertainty in running

## Measurement of $\alpha_s$ in $\tau$ Decays



E (GeV

Pich

- LEP data still dominate  $\tau$  analyses
  - Systematic uncertainties at B factories
- Assume charged-current universality OK, but check W to  $\tau v/\mu v$
- QCD predicts moments of spectral function
   Expect small non-perturbative piece, can be fitted from data
- 2 ways of summing QCD give estimate of error:  $\alpha_s(m_\tau) = 0.339 \text{ vs } 0.318, \alpha_s(m_Z) = 0.1210 \text{ vs } 0.1198$
- Uncertainty due to running: c threshold!

## Possible Future Higgs Measurements

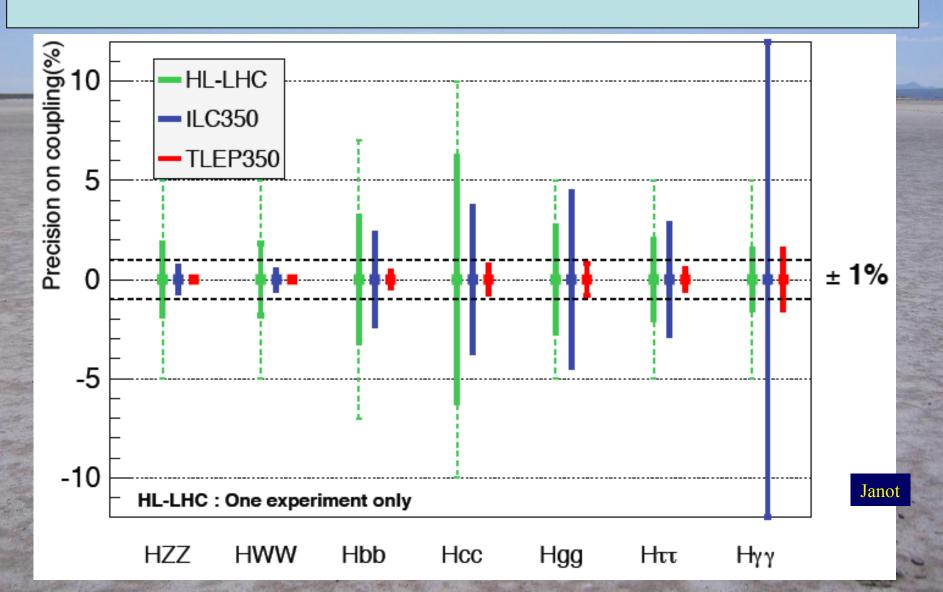
Facility		ILC		ILC(LumiUp)	TLI	P (4 IP)	CLIC		
$\sqrt{s}$ (GeV)	250	500	1000	1000 250/500/1000		350	350	1400	3000
$\int \mathcal{L} dt \ (\text{fb}^{-1})$	250	+500	+1000	$1150 + 1600 + 2500^{\ddagger}$	10000	+2600	500	+1500	+2000
$P(e^-, e^+)$	(-0.8, +0.3)	(-0.8, +0.3)	(-0.8, +0.2)	(same)	(0, 0)	(0, 0)	(-0.8, 0)	(-0.8, 0)	(-0.8, 0)
$\Gamma_H$	12%	5.0%	4.6%	2.5%	1.9%	1.0%	9.2%	8.5%	8.4%
$\kappa_{\gamma}$	18%	8.4%	4.0%	2.4%	1.7%	1.5%	-	5.9%	$<\!\!5.9\%$
$\kappa_g$	6.4%	2.3%	1.6%	0.9%	1.1%	0.8%	4.1%	2.3%	2.2%
$\kappa_W$	4.9%	1.2%	1.2%	0.6%	0.85%	0.19%	2.6%	2.1%	2.1%
$\kappa_Z$	1.3%	1.0%	1.0%	0.5%	0.16%	0.15%	2.1%	2.1%	2.1%
$\kappa_{\mu}$	91%	91%	16%	10%	6.4%	6.2%	-	11%	5.6%
$\kappa_{\tau}$	5.8%	2.4%	1.8%	1.0%	0.94%	0.54%	4.0%	2.5%	$<\!\!2.5\%$
$\kappa_c$	6.8%	2.8%	1.8%	1.1%	1.0%	0.71%	3.8%	2.4%	2.2%
$\kappa_b$	5.3%	1.7%	1.3%	0.8%	0.88%	0.42%	2.8%	2.2%	2.1%
$\kappa_t$	_	14%	3.2%	2.0%	-	13%	-	4.5%	$<\!\!4.5\%$
$BR_{inv}$	0.9%	< 0.9%	< 0.9%	0.4%	0.19%	< 0.19%			

#### • Interpretation?

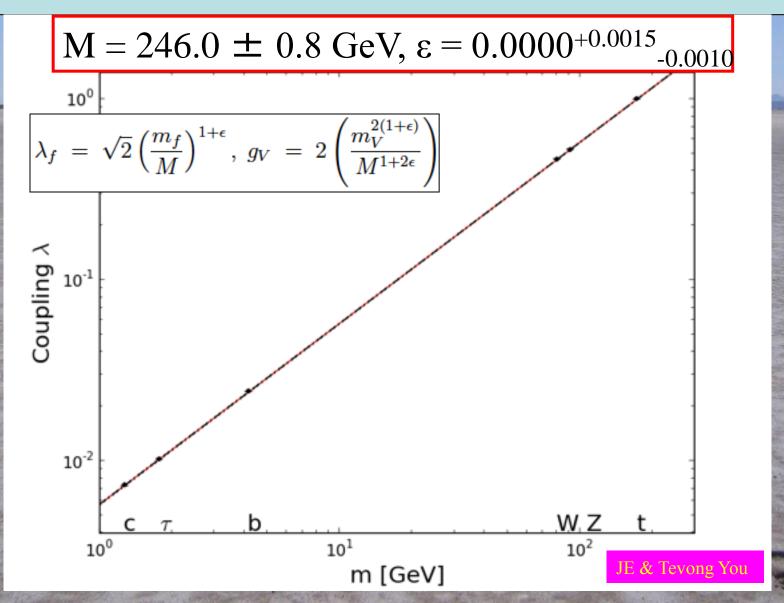
• Theoretical uncertainties and new physics interpretations

Janot

### Possible Future Higgs Measurements

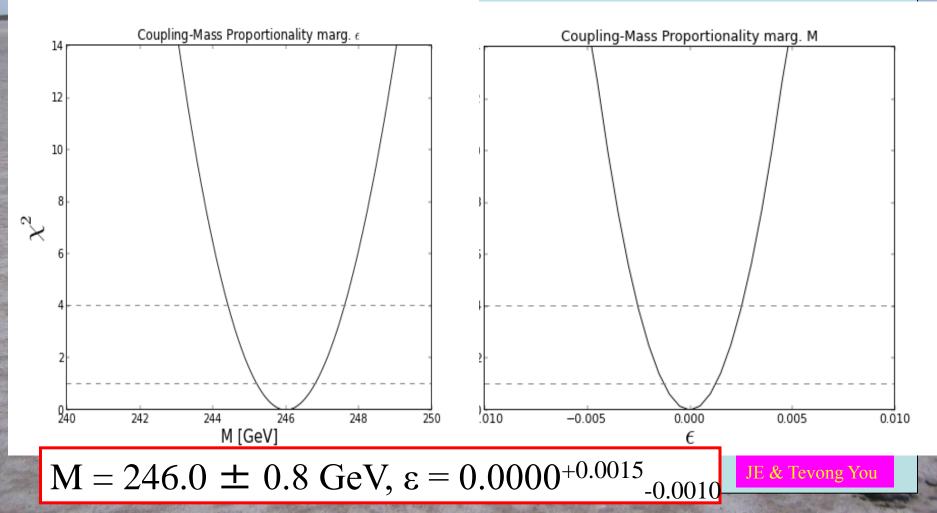


### H Coupling Measurements @TLEP



### Global Analysis of Higgs @ TLEP





## Rare Leptonic Z Decays?

Silvestrini

- Upper limits from flavour-changing neutral currents (FCNC)
  - Current and future  $BR(\mu \rightarrow eee) \cdot 10^{-12}$ bounds on LFV  $\mu$  and •  $BR(\tau \rightarrow \mu\mu\mu) \cdot 2 \ 10^{-8} \ (10^{-9})$  $\tau$  decays: •  $BR(\tau \rightarrow eee) \cdot 3 \ 10^{-8} \ (10^{-9})$
  - These bounds imply:  $BR(Z \rightarrow \mu e) < 3.10^{-13}$ •  $BR(Z \rightarrow \tau \mu) < 4.10^{-8} (2.10^{-9})$ •  $BR(Z \rightarrow \tau e) < 6.10^{-8} (2.10^{-9})$

• Measuring BR( $Z \rightarrow \tau e$ ) & BR( $Z \rightarrow \tau \mu$ ) better than 10<sup>-9</sup> would overcome future bounds on LFV decays

### Rare Hadronic Z Decays?

- Upper limits from flavour-changing neutral currents (FCNC)
- From present expts in B physics one gets



 $\Rightarrow$  BR(Z $\rightarrow$ bd) <~ 10<sup>-9</sup>, BR(Z $\rightarrow$ bs) <~ 2 10<sup>-8</sup>

- How far can TLEP go? How will b id perform?
- From D mixing one gets  $|U_{uc}| < ~2 \ 10^{-3}$

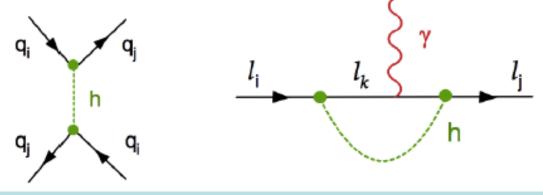
 $\Rightarrow$  BR(Z $\rightarrow$ cu) <~ 5 10<sup>-7</sup>

Opportunities

Silvestrini

### Rare Higgs Decays?

• Upper limits from FCNC, EDMs, ...



- Quark FCNC bounds exclude observability of quark-flavour-violating h decays
- Lepton-flavour-violating *h* decays could be large:
   BR(τμ) or BR(τe) could be O(10)%

Blankenburg, JE, Isidori: arXiv:1202.5704

BR(µe) must be  $< 2 \times 10^{-5}$ 

## Flavour-Changing Higgs Couplings?

- Constraints on quarkflavour-changing couplings from FCNC
- Constraints on leptonflavour-changing couplings

		<u> </u>			Contraction of the second s	—			
Operator	Eff. couplings	95% C.L	. Bound	Observables	Ope	erator	Eff. coupling	gs Bound	Constraint
		$ c_{ m eff} $	$ \mathrm{Im}(c_{\mathrm{eff}}) $		$(\bar{\mu}_R e_L)(\bar{q}_L q_R)$	$(\bar{\mu}_L e_R)(\bar{q}_L q_R)$	$ c_{\mu e} ^2,  c_{e \mu} $	$^{2}$ 3.0 × 10 <sup>-</sup>	<sup>8</sup> $\mathcal{B}_{\mu \to e}(\mathrm{Ti}) < 4.3 \times 10^{-12}$
$(\bar{s}_R d_L)(\bar{s}_L d_R)$	$c_{sd} c_{ds}^*$	$1.1  imes 10^{-10}$	$4.1 \times 10^{-13}$	$\Delta m_K; \epsilon_K$		$(\bar{\tau}_L \mu_R)(\bar{\mu}_L \mu_R)$	$ c_{\tau\mu} ^2,  c_{\mu\tau} $		
$(\bar{s}_R d_L)^2, \ (\bar{s}_L d_R)^2$	$c_{ds}^2, c_{sd}^2$	$2.2  imes 10^{-10}$	$0.8  imes 10^{-12}$			, $(\bar{\tau}_L e_R)(\bar{\mu}_L \mu_R)$	$ c_{\tau e} ^2,  c_{e\tau} $		
$(ar{c}_Ru_L)(ar{c}_L u_R)$	$c_{cu} c_{uc}^*$	$0.9  imes 10^{-9}$	$1.7  imes 10^{-10}$	$\Delta m_D;  q/p , \phi_D$		$(\bar{\tau}_L e_R)(\bar{\mu}_L e_R)$	$ c_{\mu e}c_{e\tau}^* ,  c_{\mu e}c_{e\tau}^* $		· · · · ·
$(\bar{c}_R u_L)^2, \ (\bar{c}_L u_R)^2$	$c_{uc}^2, c_{cu}^2$	$1.4  imes 10^{-9}$	$2.5 \times 10^{-10}$			$,  (\bar{\tau}_L e_R)(\bar{\mu}_R e_L) \\ ,  (\bar{\tau}_L e_R)(\bar{\mu}_R e_L) $	$ c_{\mu e}^{*}c_{e\tau}^{*} ,  c_{\mu e}^{*}c_{e\tau}^{*} $		1 ( <i>i</i> , <i>µ</i> cc) ( 1.5 × 10
$(ar{b}_R  d_L)(ar{b}_L d_R)$	$c_{bd} c^*_{db}$	$0.9  imes 10^{-8}$	$2.7  imes 10^{-9}$	$\Delta m_{B_d}; S_{B_d \to \psi K}$					$4  \Gamma(\tau \to \bar{e}\mu\mu) < 1.7 \times 10^{-8}$
$(\bar{b}_R  d_L)^2,  (\bar{b}_L d_R)^2$	$c_{db}^2, c_{bd}^2$	$1.0  imes 10^{-8}$	$3.0  imes 10^{-9}$			$(\bar{\tau}_L \mu_R)(\bar{e}_L \mu_R)$	$ c_{e\mu}c^*_{\mu\tau} ,  c_{e\mu}c^*_{\mu\tau} $		$\Gamma(\gamma \rightarrow e\mu\mu) < 1.7 \times 10$
$(\bar{b}_R  s_L)(\bar{b}_L s_R)$	$c_{bs} c^*_{sb}$	$2.0  imes 10^{-7}$	$2.0  imes 10^{-7}$	$\Delta m_{B_s}$	$(\tau_R \mu_L)(e_R \mu_L)$	$(\bar{\tau}_L \mu_R)(\bar{e}_R \mu_L)$	$ c_{\mu e}^* c_{\mu \tau}^* ,  c_{\mu e}^* c_{\mu \tau}^* $	<sup>ζ</sup> τμ	
$(\bar{b}_R s_L)^2,  (\bar{b}_L s_R)^2$	$c_{sb}^2, c_{bs}^2$	$2.2  imes 10^{-7}$	$2.2 \times 10^{-7}$ $2.2 \times 10^{-7}$		Eff. co	Eff. couplings Bound		ınd	Constraint
Eff. couplings	Bound		Constraint		$ c_{e\tau}c_{\tau e} $	$( c_{e\mu}c_{\mu e} )$	$1.1  imes 10^{-2}$	$(1.8 \times 10^{-1})$	$ \delta m_e  < m_e$
					$ \operatorname{Re}(c_{e\tau}c_{\tau e}) $	$( \operatorname{Re}(c_{e\mu}c_{\mu e}) )$	$0.8  imes 10^{-2}$	$(1.4 \times 10^{-1})$	$ \delta a_e  < 6 \times 10^{-12}$
$ c_{sb} ^2, \  c_{bs} ^2$	$2.9 \times 10^{-5}$			$< 1.4 \times 10^{-8}$	$ \mathrm{Im}(c_{e\tau}c_{\tau e}) $	$( \mathrm{Im}(c_{e\mu}c_{\mu e}) )$	$1.1  imes 10^{-7}$	$(1.9 \times 10^{-6})$	$ d_e  < 1.6 \times 10^{-27} \ ecm$
$ c_{db} ^2,  c_{bd} ^2$	$1.3 \times 10^{-9}$	$\mathcal{B}(B_d - \mathcal{B}_d)$	$\rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ ) <	$< 3.2  imes 10^{-9}$		$c_{\tau\mu}$	2		$ \delta m_{\mu}  < m_{\mu}$
States 2 - Mar	The I want the set	1 the stand of		Cor same		$ _{\mu\tau}c_{\tau\mu}) $	$2 \times 1$	$10^{-2}$	$ \delta a_{\mu}  < 4 \times 10^{-9}$
				1 F 12		$ _{\mu\tau}c_{\tau\mu}) $	8	}	$ d_{\mu}  < 1.2 \times 10^{-19} \ e \mathrm{cm}$
Blankenburg, JE, Isidori: arXiv:1202.5704				$ c_{e\tau}c_{\tau\mu} ,  c_{\tau e}c_{\mu\tau} $ $2.4 \times 10^{-6}$		$10^{-6}$	$\mathcal{B}(\mu \to e \gamma) < 2.4 \times 10^{-12}$		
			0.000		$ c_{\mu\tau} ^2$	$ c_{\tau\mu} ^2$	6.6  imes	$10^{-1}$	$\mathcal{B}(\tau \to \mu \gamma) < 4.4 \times 10^{-8}$
and the second				Casha Call	$ c_{e\tau} ^2$	$ c_{\tau e}^{*} ^{2}$	$4.7 \times$	$10^{-1}$	$\mathcal{B}(\tau \to e\gamma) < 3.3 \times 10^{-8}$

## Neutrino Counting?

- Z line shape
- Jarlskog's theorem

Theorem.

In the standard model, with n left-handed lepton doublets and N - n right-handed neutrinos, the effective number of neutrinos,  $\langle n \rangle$ , defined by

 $\Gamma(\mathbf{Z} \rightarrow \text{neutrinos}) \equiv \langle n \rangle \Gamma_0$ ,

where  $\Gamma_0$  is the standard width for one massless neutrino, satisfies the inequality



Blondel

## "Neutrino Counting"

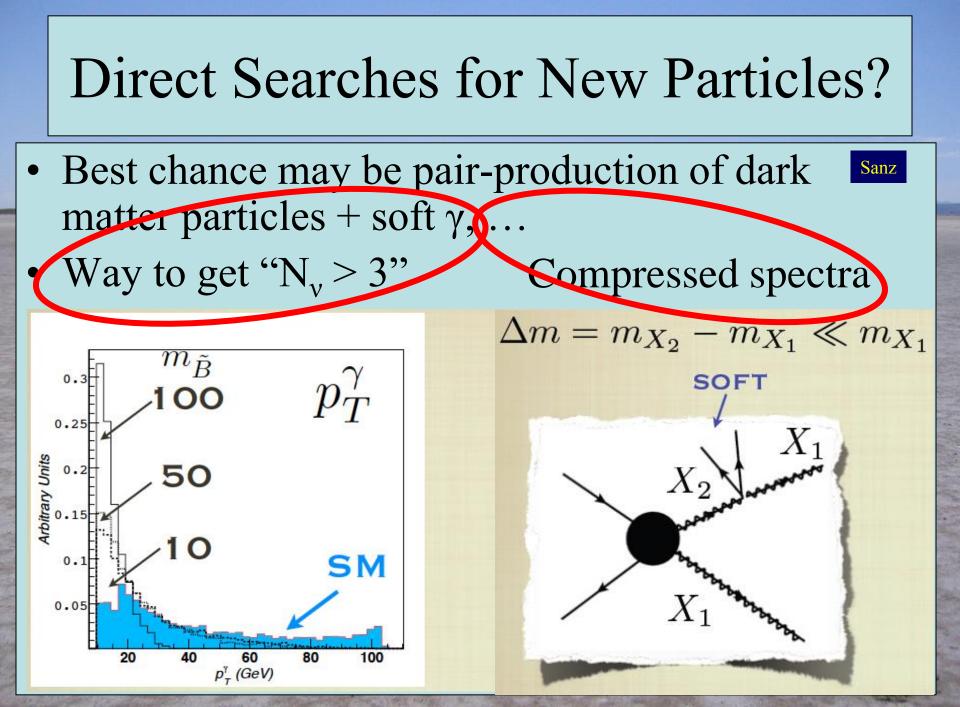
- On Z peak:
- $N_{v} = 2.984 \pm 0.008$

-2σ:^)!!

Blondel

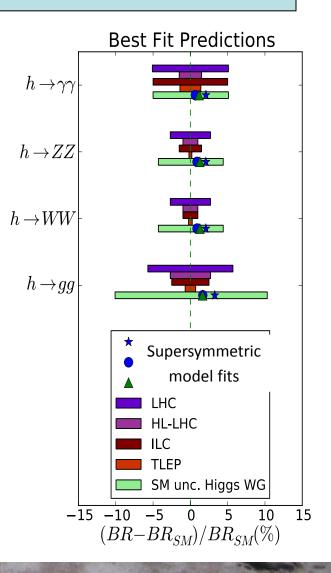
Piccinin

- Error  $\Delta N_v$  dominated by  $\Delta L$ , theory dominated:
- Bhabha uncertainty  $\pm 0.0046$
- Building blocks available to bring perturbative error < 0.1%
- Radiative return:  $N_v = 2.92 \pm 0.05$
- EW corrections!
- Useful to study WWγ vertex: EW NLO



## Impact of Higgs Measurements

- Predictions of current best fits in simple SUSY models
- Current uncertainties in SM calculations [LHC Higgs WG]
- Comparisons with
  - LHC
  - HL-LHC
  - ILC
  - TLEP
- Don't decide before LHC 13/4



# cf, LEP and LHC

- "Those who don't know history are doomed to repeat it..."
  - Edmund Burke
- "... and maybe also those who do."
- LEP: Precision Z studies, W+W-, search for Higgs, anything else
- LHC: search for Higgs, anything else
- Do not decide anything until LHC 13/4