High Energy Jets at the LHC

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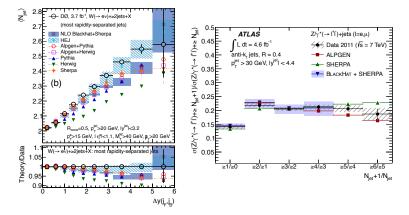


Outline

- Motivation Why study high energy jets?
- ► The Problem At Hand
- Traditional Approaches
- The Need For Something New: HEJ
 - ► The MRK Limit
 - t-channel Dominance
 - Effective Vertices
- Extensions of the formalism
- Results

Motivation - Why study jets at the LHC?

 As we open up the available phasespace we observe an increase in jet activity (1302.6508, 1304.7098)



and we have plenty of new phase space them at the LHC...

Motivation - Why High Energy Jets?

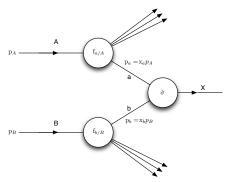
 Jets at the LHC provide an insight in to QCD processes at scales previously unseen.

Useful for constraining PDF's

- Jets events are an important background to understand for the study of
 - Top Physics,
 - Higgs physics,
 - BSM Physics.

The Problem At Hand...

QCD 'Factorisation' at the LHC



$$\sigma_{AB\to X} = \int dx_a dx_b f_{a/A}(x_a, \mu_F) f_{b/B}(x_b, \mu_F) \hat{\sigma}_{ab\to X}$$

• Here I will focus on the calculation of $\hat{\sigma}_{ab \to X}$

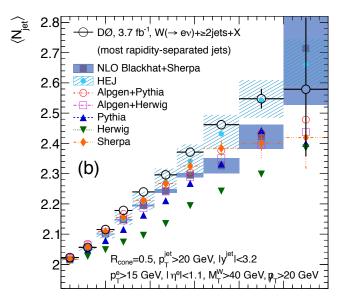
Problems with traditional approaches

'Fixed Order' perturbation expansion:

$$\hat{\sigma}_{ab \to X} = \hat{\sigma}_{ab \to X}^{(0)} + \alpha_s^2(\mu_r^2)\hat{\sigma}_{ab \to X}^{(1)} + \dots$$

- The idea being that we may now truncate this series and calculate the terms in the series that remain.
- ► Assumption: ô⁽ⁱ⁾ are assume to be ~ O(1). But these higher order terms are logarithmically enhanced in some regions of phase space.

Traditional Approaches - Problems



A New Approach...

 The High Energy Jets (HEJ) package provides a systematic all-order description of QCD emissions.

 Motivated by behaviour of MEs in Multi-Regge Kinematic region of phase space

Key ingredients:

- Large invariant mass: $s_{ij} = 2p_i \cdot p_j \rightarrow \infty$
- Effective vertices for extra emission,
- The Lipatov ansatz to describe extra real emissions.

The Multi-Regge Kinematic (MRK) Limit

▶ Infinite invariant mass:
$$s_{ij} = 2p_i \cdot p_j \rightarrow \infty$$

$$p_i = p_{\perp} \cdot (\cosh y, \cos \phi, \sin \phi, \sinh y)$$

$$\Rightarrow s_{ij} = 2p_{\perp i} p_{\perp j} (\cosh \Delta y - \underbrace{\cos \Delta \phi}_{\sim \mathcal{O}(1)})$$

$$\Rightarrow s_{ij} \sim 2p_{\perp i}p_{\perp j}\cosh\Delta y$$

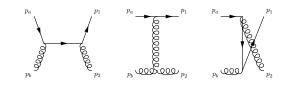
So we can get large invariant mass having either:

- Large perpendicular momentum or,
- Large rapidity differences in final state jets.

The HEJ Package

We start from the naturally 'factorised' form for the 2 → 2 scattering amplitude.

Naturally written as a contraction of a term depending only on $p_a \sim p_1$ and a term depending on $p_b \sim p_2$.

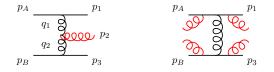


$$\mathcal{A}_{qg
ightarrow qg} \propto rac{\langle a | \mu | 1
angle \cdot \langle b | \mu | 2
angle}{t}$$

In the MRK limit the t-channel pole dominates

Adding extra emissions

We then include further hard emissions by looking at the possible ways in which we can emit an extra gluon:



These emission sites can be combined and, in the relavant limit, expressed as an effective vertex:

$$V^{\mu}(q_{1},q_{2}) = -(q_{1}+q_{2})^{\mu} + \frac{p_{a}^{\mu}}{2} \cdot \left(\frac{q_{1}^{2}}{p_{a} \cdot p_{2}} + \frac{p_{b} \cdot p_{2}}{p_{a} \cdot p_{b}} + \frac{p_{2} \cdot p_{3}}{p_{a} \cdot p_{3}}\right) + (p_{a} \leftrightarrow p_{1})$$
$$- \frac{p_{b}^{\mu}}{2} \cdot \left(\frac{q_{2}^{2}}{p_{b} \cdot p_{2}} + \frac{p_{a} \cdot p_{2}}{p_{a} \cdot p_{b}} + \frac{p_{1} \cdot p_{2}}{p_{1} \cdot p_{b}}\right) - (p_{b} \leftrightarrow p_{3})$$

Gauge invariant in all of phase-space!

Recent Developments

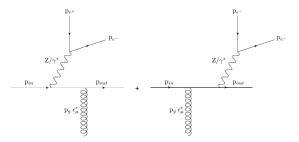
- Because of the simple structure of these amplitudes it is easy to extend the description to final states with EW bosons in.
- This has been done succesfully for W+j's and H+j's (1206.6763, H's paper pending) (Z+j's and in progress).
- E.g. The inclusion of a Z⁰ in our final state can be included by modifying one of our contracted currents:

$$\mathcal{M}^{qg \to (Z^+ \to)e^+e^-qg} = \frac{j^Z_{\mu}(p_a, p_1, p^+_e, p^-_e) \cdot \langle b|\mu|2\rangle}{t} \quad (1)$$

Where j^Z_µ is the 'current' which encodes all possible emission sites of the Z⁰.

Recent Developments

Diagramatically:

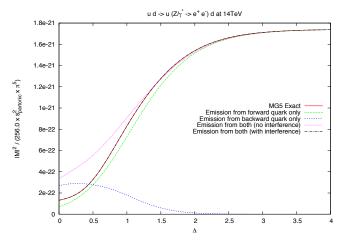


► The only change to our matrix element is that we must replace the (1|µ|a) current with a more complicated form:

$$J_{\mu}^{Z}(h_{q},h_{l}) = \left(\frac{2p_{1}^{\sigma} \langle 1^{hq} | \gamma^{\mu} | a^{hq} \rangle + \langle 1^{hq} | \gamma^{\sigma} | e_{hq}^{+} \rangle \langle e_{hq}^{+} | \gamma^{\mu} | a^{hq} \rangle + \langle 1^{hq} | \gamma^{\sigma} | e_{hq}^{-} \rangle \langle e_{hq}^{-} | \gamma^{\mu} | a^{hq} \rangle}{t_{a}} + \dots \right. \\ \left. \dots + \frac{2p_{a}^{\sigma} \langle 1^{hq} | \gamma^{\mu} | a^{hq} \rangle - \langle 1^{hq} | \gamma^{\mu} | e_{hq}^{+} \rangle \langle e_{hq}^{+} | \gamma^{\sigma} | a^{hq} \rangle - \langle 1^{hq} | \gamma^{\mu} | e_{hq}^{-} \rangle \langle e_{hq}^{-} | \gamma^{\sigma} | a^{hq} \rangle}{t_{b}} \right) \langle e_{hq}^{+} | \gamma_{\sigma} | e_{hq}^{-} \rangle$$

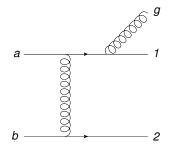
Recent Developments - Z+jets

- \blacktriangleright Other complexities arise due to the possibility of the γ^* channel interference
- Need an improved regularisation to include all possible emission sites for the boson.



Recent Developments - H+jets and 'unordered' emissions

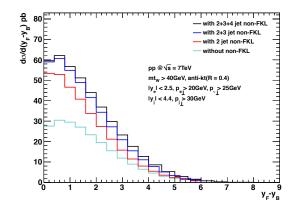
- HEJ requires a strong rapidity ordering of all final state partons.
- We have recently widened the region of applicability of our resummation to include diagrams which have one 'unordered emission' e.g.



► This has been succesfully implemented in the *H*+j's code.

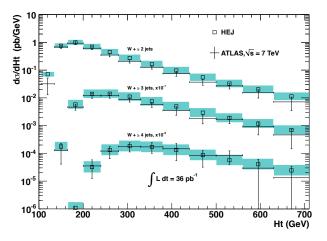
Results - Non-FKL Matching

We include the extra configurations which arent resummed, up to 4 jets:

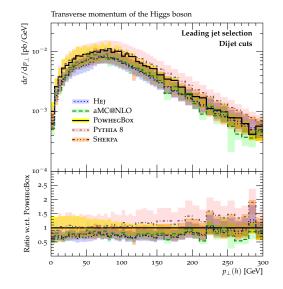


Results - W+jets

► An ATLAS study showing various results differential cross-section of W + j's at different H_T. Even at quite low H_t we have a good description.

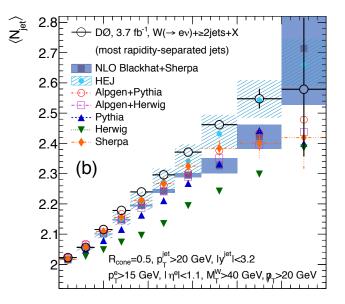


Results - *H*+jets



Les Houches paper coming soon!

Results - W+jets



In Summary

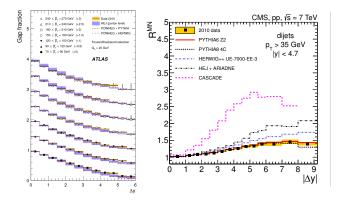
- The LHC has given us access to new regions of phase space where we need to rethink our approach to QCD calculations,
- Jets at the LHC provide us with a good check of SM processes as well as a look at what is coming next,
- The HEJ approach provides an elegant way to describe physics which was traditionally tricky to calculate,
- Recent extensions of our formalism mean we can describe a wide range of important LHC processes,
- Good description of data seen so far.

www.cern.ch/HEJ/

Thanks for listening!

Backup - Mueller-Navalet Jets at the LHC

- Both CMS and ATLAS have published studies.
- CMS shows NLO matches with the data and HEJ overestimates jet activity.



Why do NLO undershoot in ATLAS? Are we really probing the hard scatter here or testing MPI, UE tuning?