

Electroweak and radiative penguin processes in B decays at Belle

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for the Belle Collaboration

DIS Workshop – Warsaw 2014

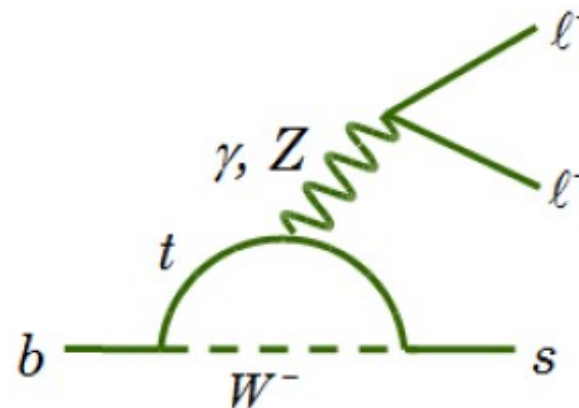
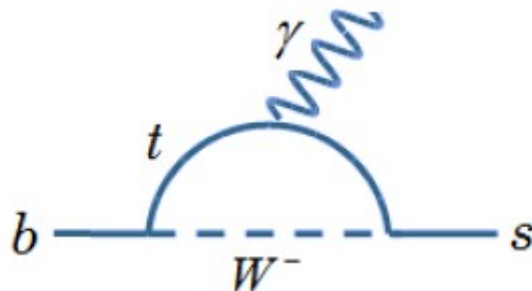
30/04/2014



Introduction

- $b \rightarrow s, d \gamma$ and $b \rightarrow s l^+ l^-$ are FCNC
- Sensitive to new physics:

Standard Model



Non-SM $W^- \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}, H^-$

- Observables: BF, A_{CP} , A_{FB} , Isospin asymmetry...
- Constrain non-SM contributions to Wilson coefficients C_i from OPE

$$H_{\text{eff}} = \frac{G_F}{\sqrt{2}} \sum_i V_{\text{CKM}}^i C_i(\mu) Q_i$$

- $b \rightarrow s \gamma$ determined by C_7
- $b \rightarrow s l^+ l^-$ determined by C_7, C_9, C_{10}

Covered topics

- **CP asymmetry in $B \rightarrow X_{(s+d)}\gamma$**

– Inclusive

NEW

- **Branching fraction $B \rightarrow X_s\gamma$**

– Sum of exclusives

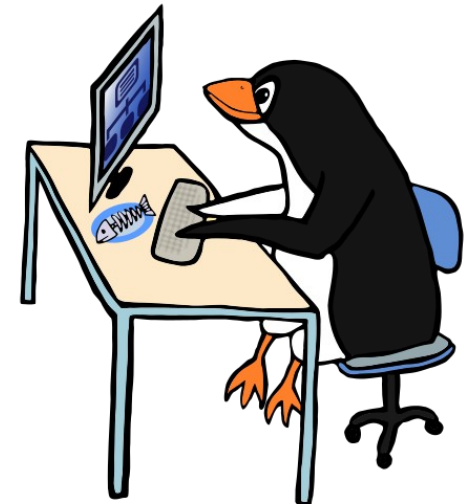
NEW

- **Forward- backward asymmetry in $B \rightarrow X_s l^+ l^-$**

– Sum of exclusives

- **Search for $B^0 \rightarrow p^+ \bar{\Lambda} \pi^- \gamma$**

– Exclusive



CP asymmetry in $B \rightarrow X_{(s+d)} \gamma$

Channel	$A_{CP}(\text{SM})$
$B \rightarrow X_s \gamma$	$[-0.6\% , +2.8\%]$
$B \rightarrow X_d \gamma$	$[-62\% , +14\%]$
$B \rightarrow X_{s+d} \gamma$	0

PRL 106, 141801 (2011)

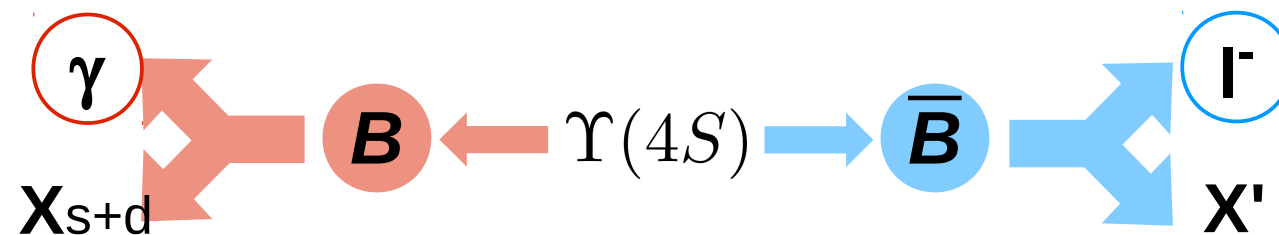
**Cancellation due to unitarity,
negligible theory error!**

$$f = X_{s+d} \gamma$$

$$A_{CP} = \frac{\Gamma(\bar{B} \rightarrow \bar{f}) - \Gamma(B \rightarrow f)}{\Gamma(\bar{B} \rightarrow \bar{f}) + \Gamma(B \rightarrow f)}$$

↓
Using tag-lepton charge

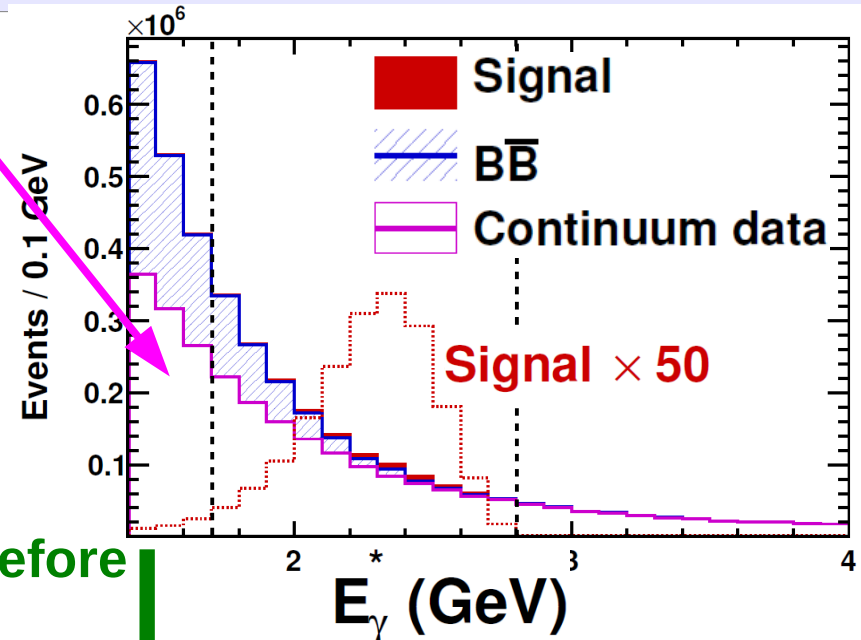
$$A_{CP} = \frac{N^+ - N^-}{N^+ + N^-}$$



- Inclusive method: reduce model uncertainty but has high background.
- High energy photon (1.7 - 2.8 GeV) and lepton (e, μ) for tagging
- Mass veto for $\pi^0(\eta) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

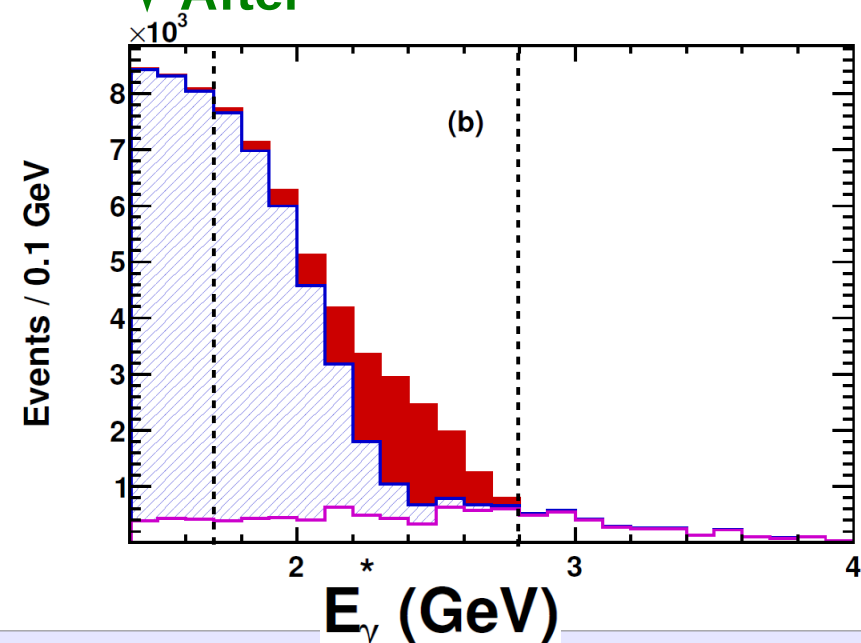
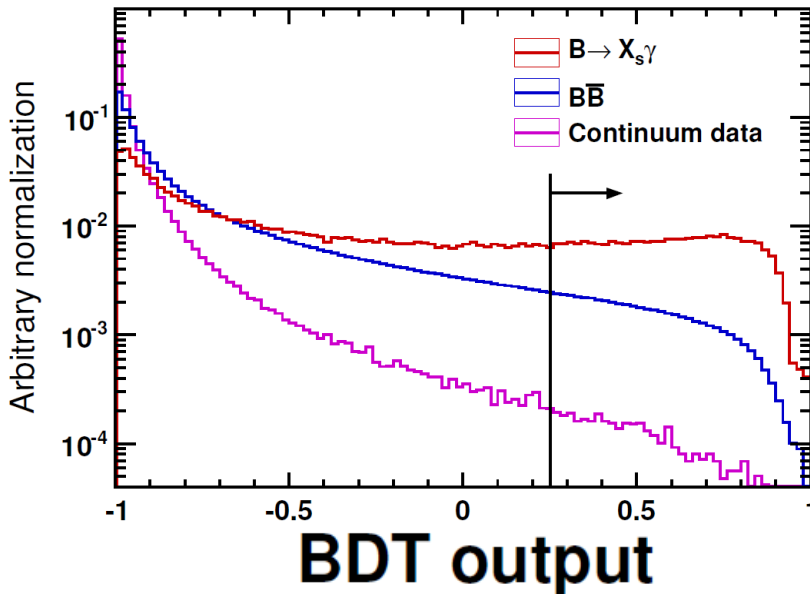
Continuum suppression

- Continuum $e^+e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}$ ($q=u,d,s,c$), decay is “jet-like”, $B\bar{B}$ is “spherical”
- Characterize “event shape”:
 - Topological variables (thrust, Fox-Wolfram moments, ...)
 - Kinematic variables (missing mass, transverse energy, ...)
- Make use of multivariate analysis techniques (NN, BDT, etc.)

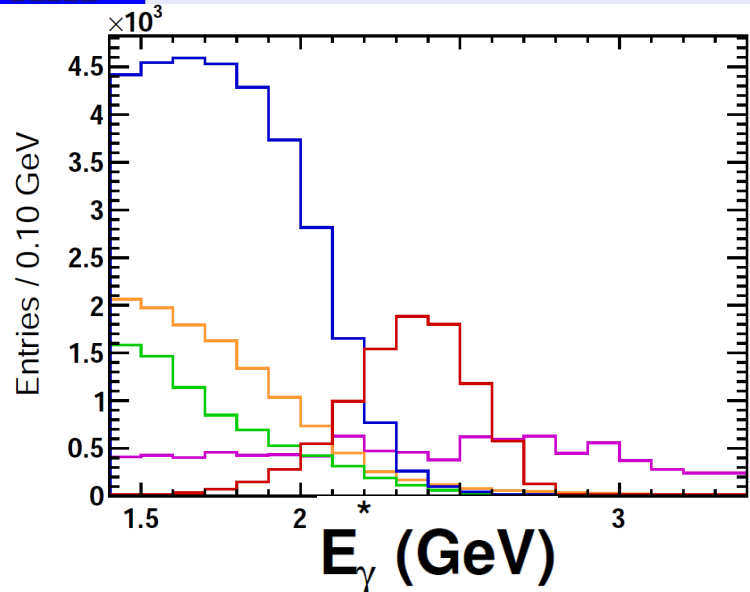


Before

After

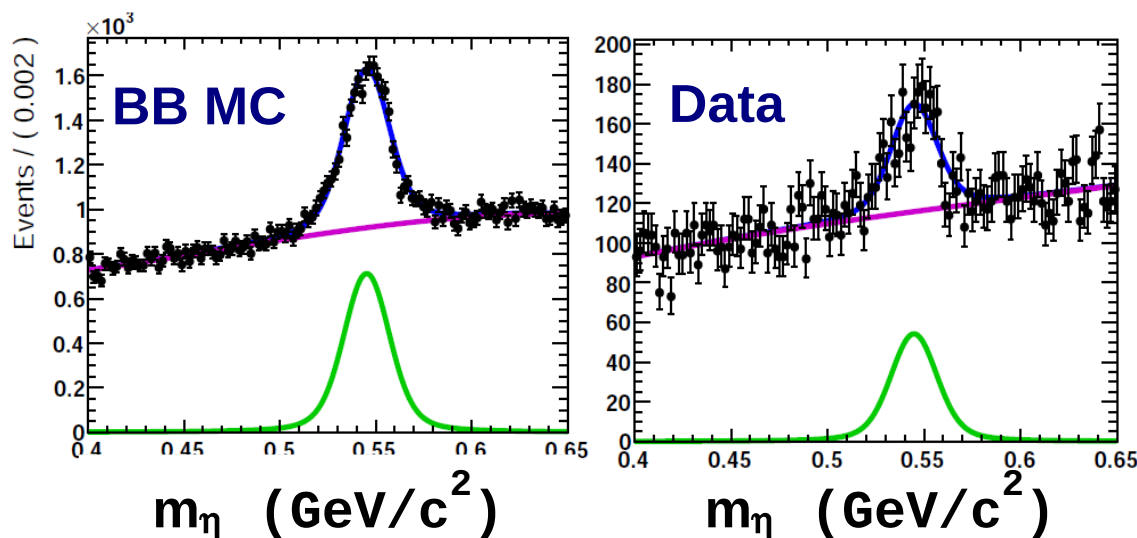


Normalization of background



—	Signal	21.2%	
—	$\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	49.5%	} Asymmetric decays, not rejected by veto
—	$\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	7.9%	
—	Other BB	9.0%	
—	Continuum	12.4%	→ Off-resonance data

- Remove veto, fit to reconstructed π/η mass, compare data and MC.
- Correct MC in momentum bins: $c_i = \frac{N_{\text{on}} - N_{\text{off}}}{N_{\text{MC}}}$

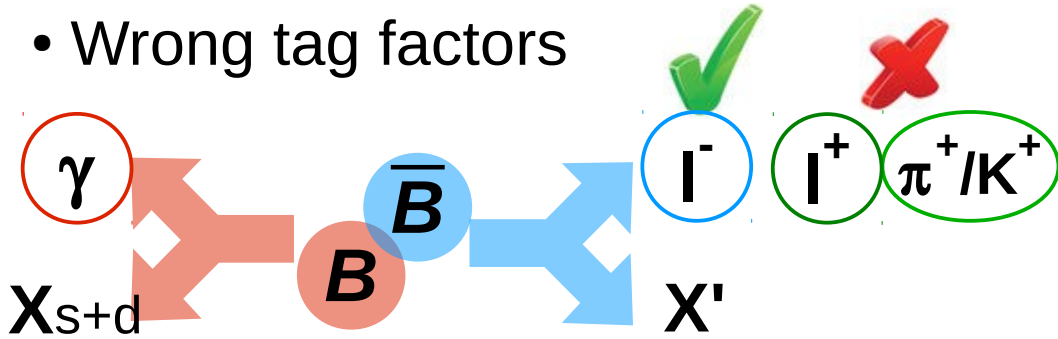


Average normalization factors

Decay	Factor
$B \rightarrow X \pi^0$	1.079 ± 0.005
$B \rightarrow X \eta$	0.786 ± 0.041

Wrong tag and sources of asymmetry

- Wrong tag factors



$$\omega = \omega_{osc} + \omega_{2nd} + \omega_{misID} = 0.1413 \pm 0.0052$$

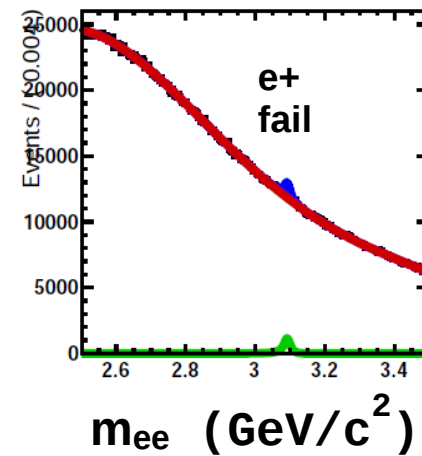
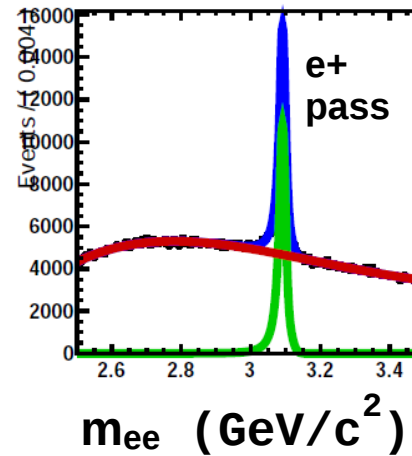
$$A_{CP} = \frac{1}{1 - 2\omega} A_{CP}^{meas}$$

- Asymmetry in lepton ID, study in $B \rightarrow X J/\Psi (l^+ l^-)$, tag-and-probe

$$\varepsilon^\pm = \frac{N_{pass}}{N_{pass} + N_{fail}}$$

$$A_{det} = \frac{\varepsilon^+ - \varepsilon^-}{\varepsilon^+ + \varepsilon^-}$$

$$A_{det} = (0.10 \pm 0.22)\%$$

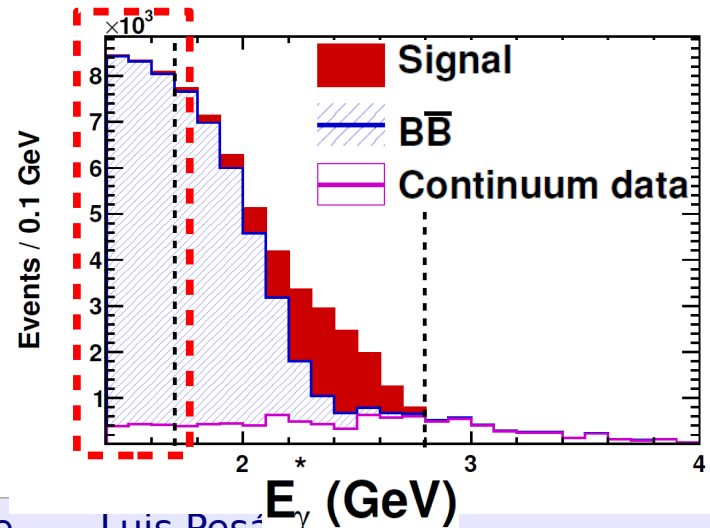


- Asymmetry in BB bkg: measured in data ($E_\gamma^* < 1.7$ GeV)

$$A_{bkg} = \frac{N^+ - N^-}{N^+ + N^-}$$

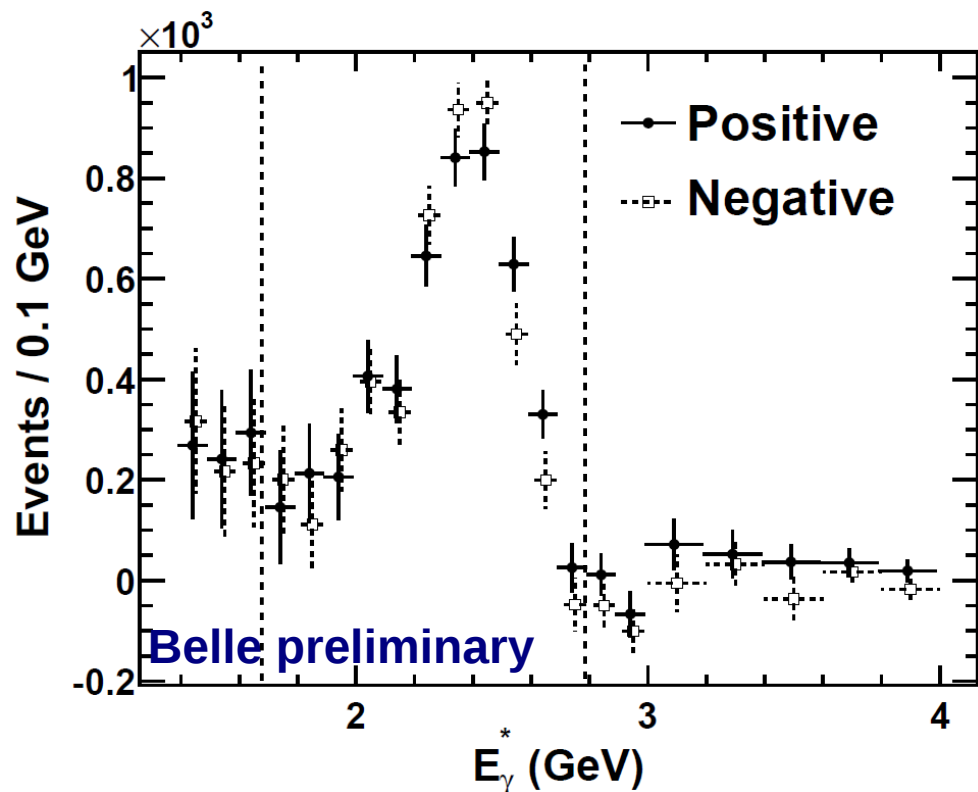
$$A_{bkg} = (-0.14 \pm 0.78)\%$$

- These asymmetries are bias!, must correct them



Subtracted $B \rightarrow X_{(s+d)} \gamma$ photon spectrum

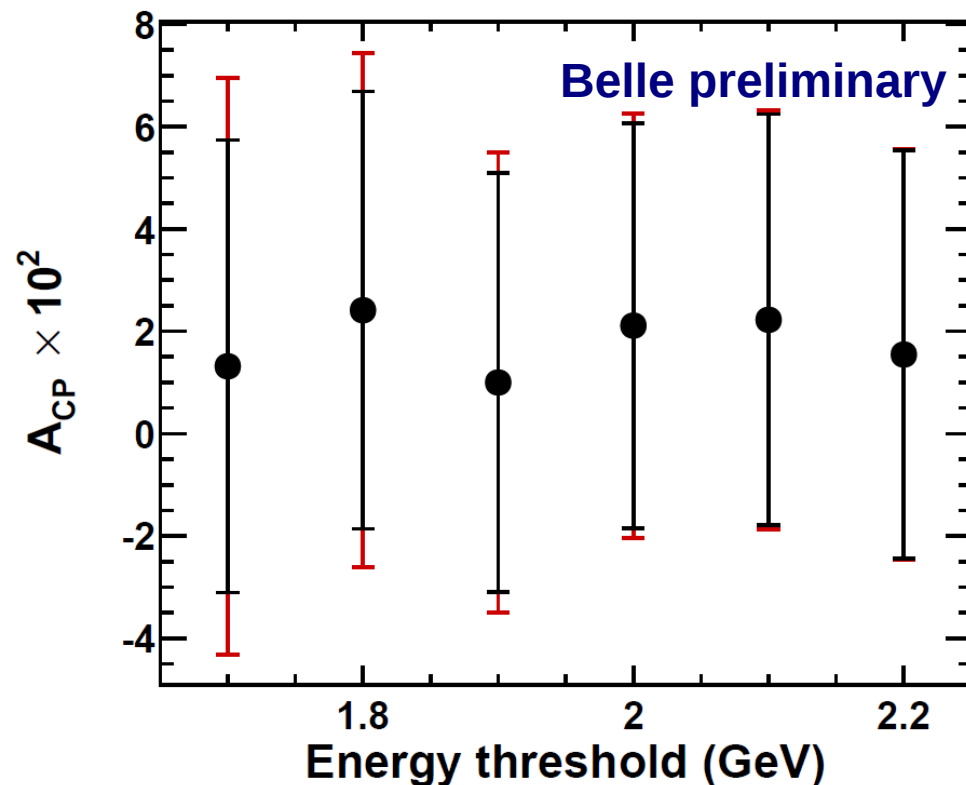
- Spectrum after subtraction of background:



- Measure as function of E_γ threshold
- Main systematic from BB bkg asymmetry.
- Statistical uncertainty dominates
- Stable for different thresholds

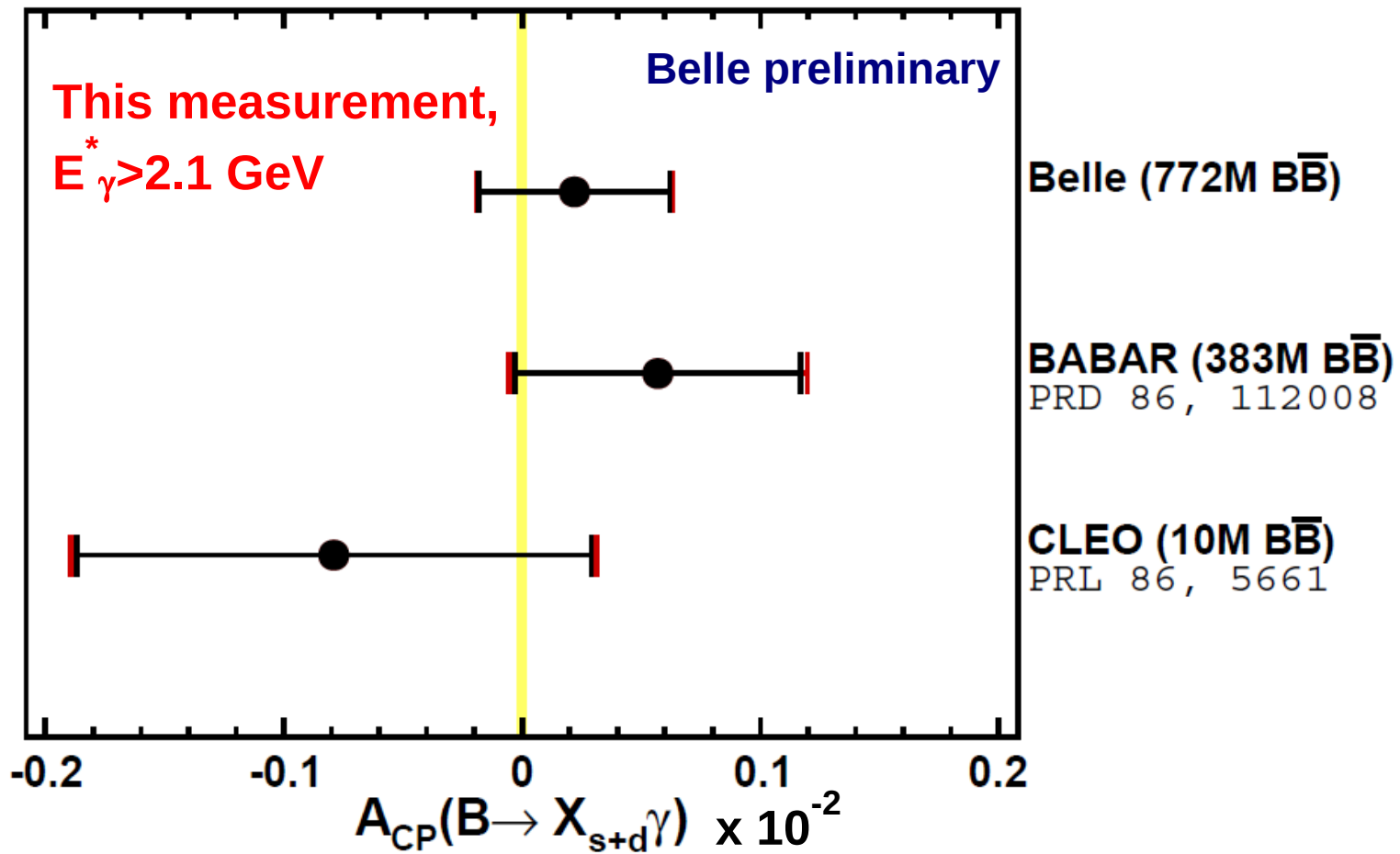
Asymmetry:
$$A_{CP}^{\text{meas}} = \frac{N^+ - N^-}{N^+ + N^-}$$

is corrected for wrong tags and bias



Result for A_{CP} in $B \rightarrow X_{(s+d)} \gamma$

- Most precise measurement of A_{CP}
- Consistent with SM and other experiments

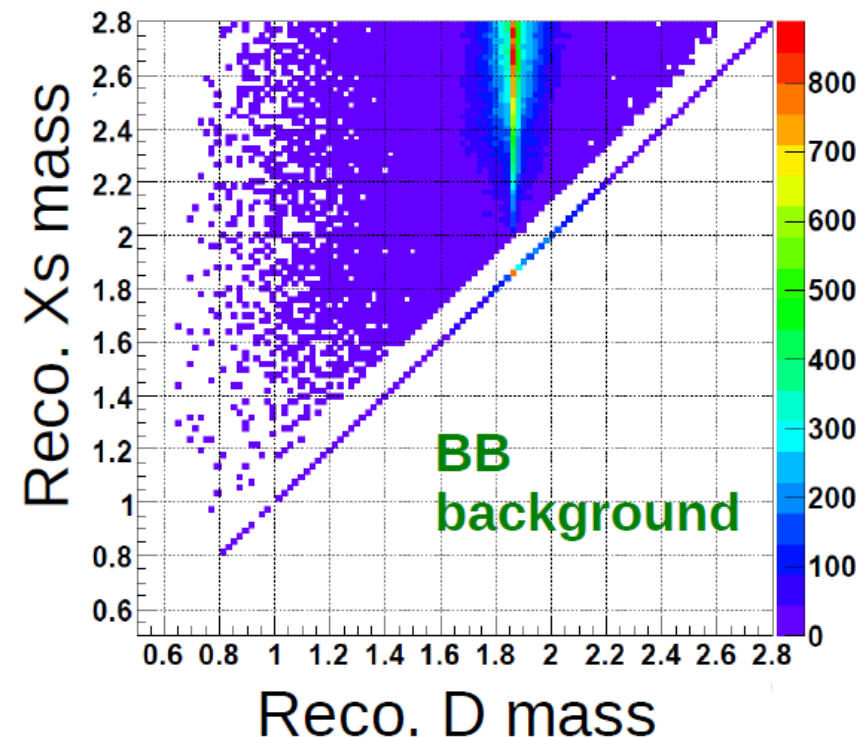


- Sum of exclusives: 38 X_s states ($\sim 70\%$ of total).

1 or 3 K (up to 1 K_s),
up to 4 π (up to 2 π^0),
up to 1 η

$$K_s \pi^+, K^+ \pi^0, K_s \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-, K_s \eta, K^+ \eta \pi^-, \dots$$

- Photon energy $E_\gamma > 1.8$ GeV
- Determine selection efficiency of each channel for BF!
- Selection:
 - Neural network for continuum suppression
 - Mass veto for D mesons (peaking bkg $B \rightarrow D^{(*)}(K\pi\pi)\rho$)

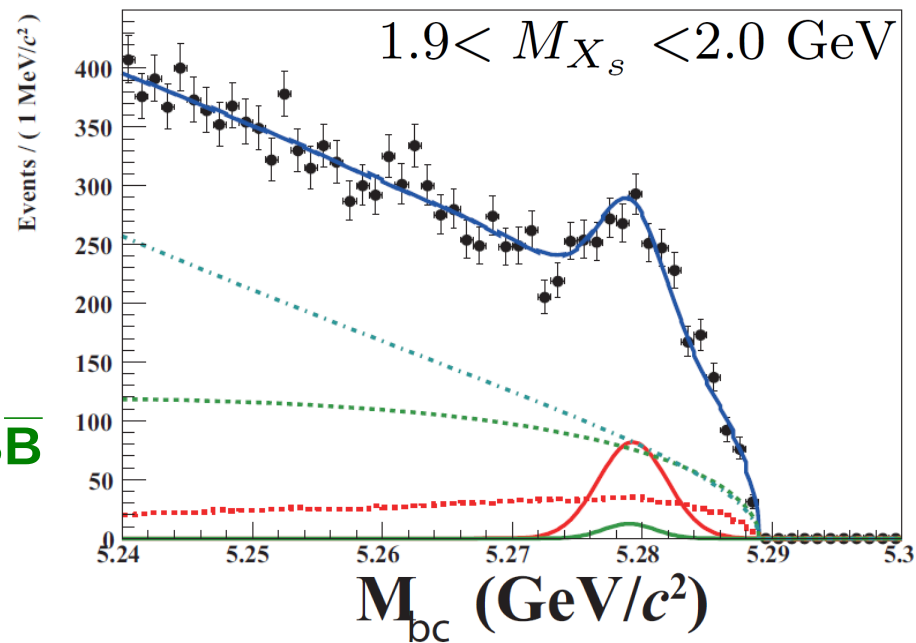


$B \rightarrow X_s \gamma$ (sum of exclusives), procedure

- Fit to M_{bc} in 19 M_{X_s} bins

$$M_{bc} \equiv \sqrt{E_{beam}^2 - |\vec{p}_B|^2}$$

- Signal
- ⋯ Cross feed
- Peaking BG
- ⋯ Non-peaking $B\bar{B}$
- ⋯ Continuum



- Calibration X_s hadronization:
 - Signal efficiency depends on model.
 - Pythia parameters + data driven calibration.
- Missing modes uncertainty: use different parameters for hadronization.

Source	Systematic uncertainty (%)
$B\bar{B}$ counting	1.37
Detector response	2.98
Background rejection	3.38
M_{bc} PDF	5.06
Hadronization model	6.66
Missing mode	1.59
Total	9.3

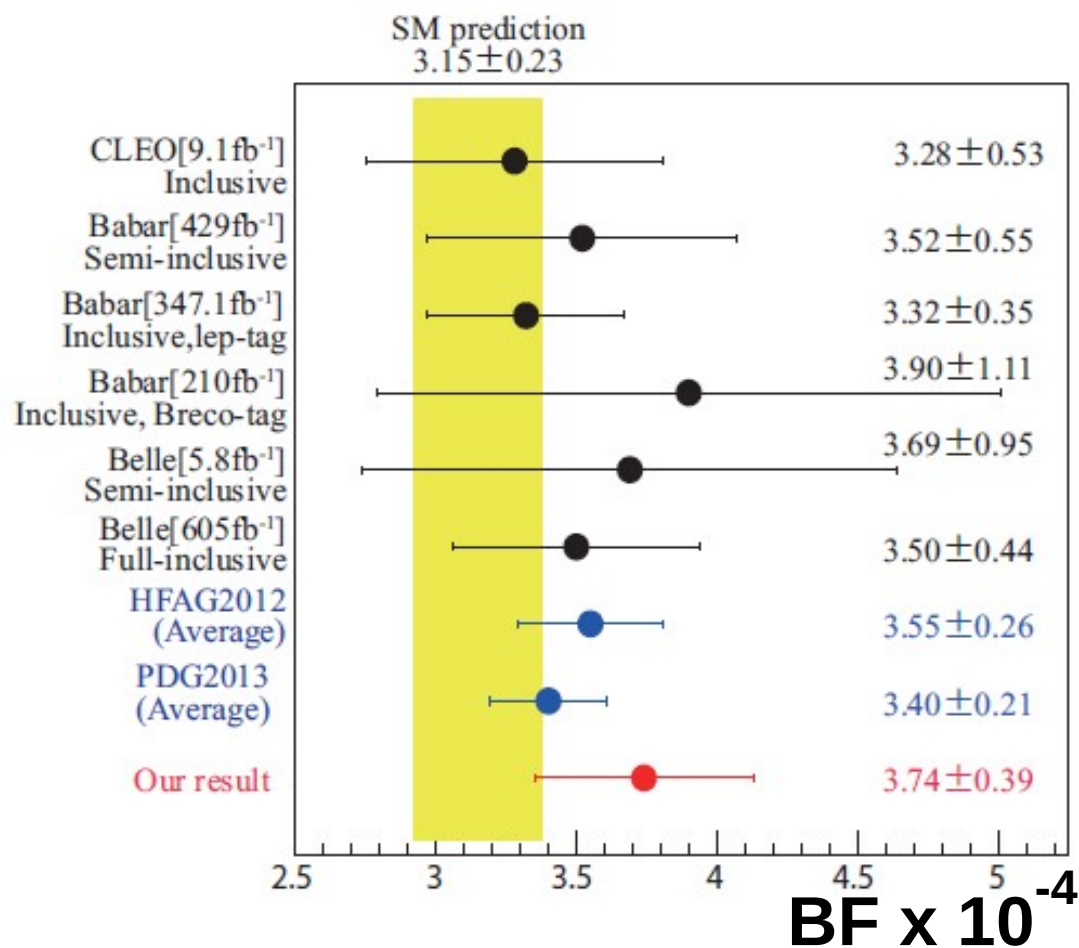
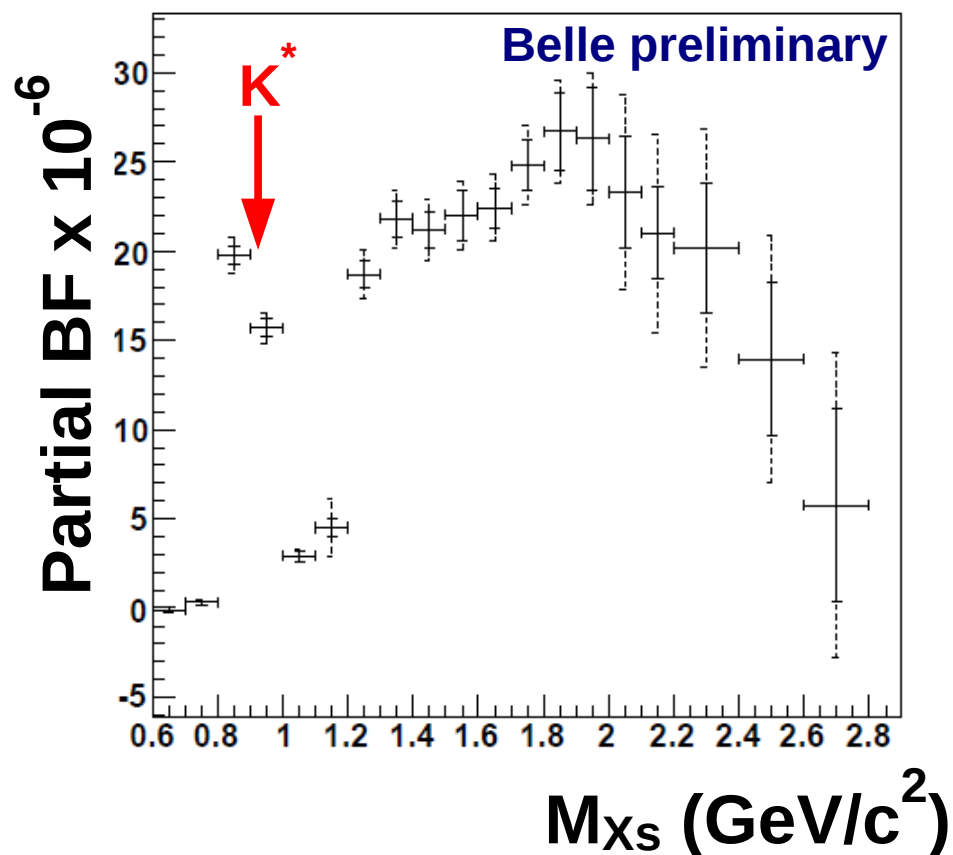
$B \rightarrow X_s \gamma$ (sum of exclusives), results

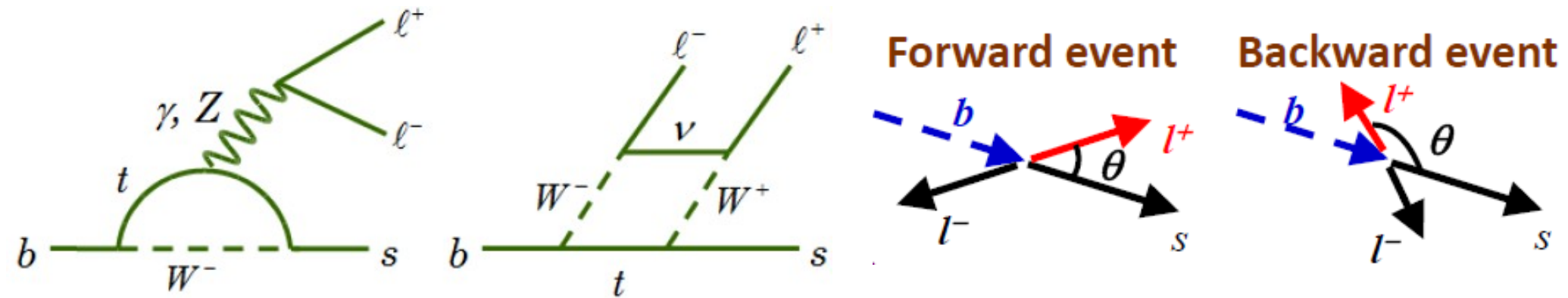
- Measured BF, 710 fb^{-1} ($E_\gamma^* > 1.8 \text{ GeV}$ and $M_{X_s} < 2.8 \text{ GeV}/c^2$)

$$\mathcal{BR}(B \rightarrow X_s \gamma) = (3.51 \pm 0.17 \pm 0.33) \times 10^{-4}$$

- Extrapolation to $E_\gamma^* > 1.6 \text{ GeV}$

$$\mathcal{BR}(B \rightarrow X_s \gamma) = (3.74 \pm 0.18 \pm 0.35) \times 10^{-4}$$



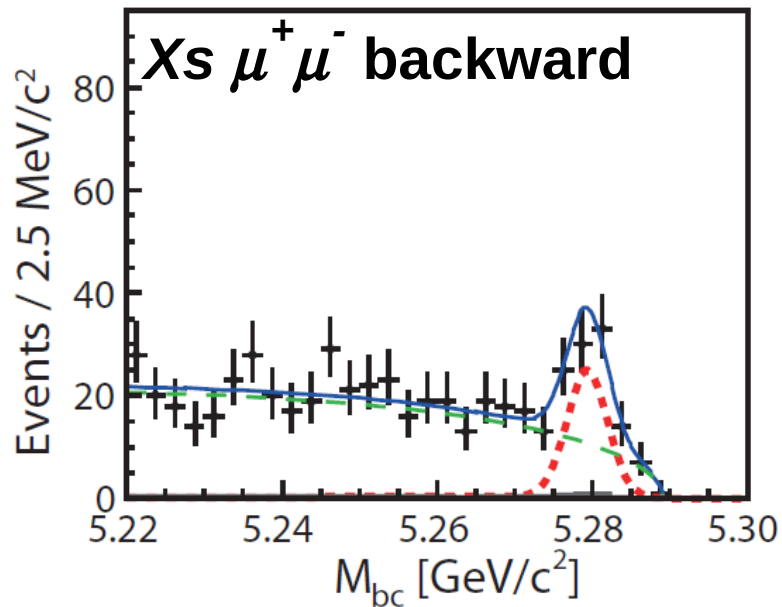
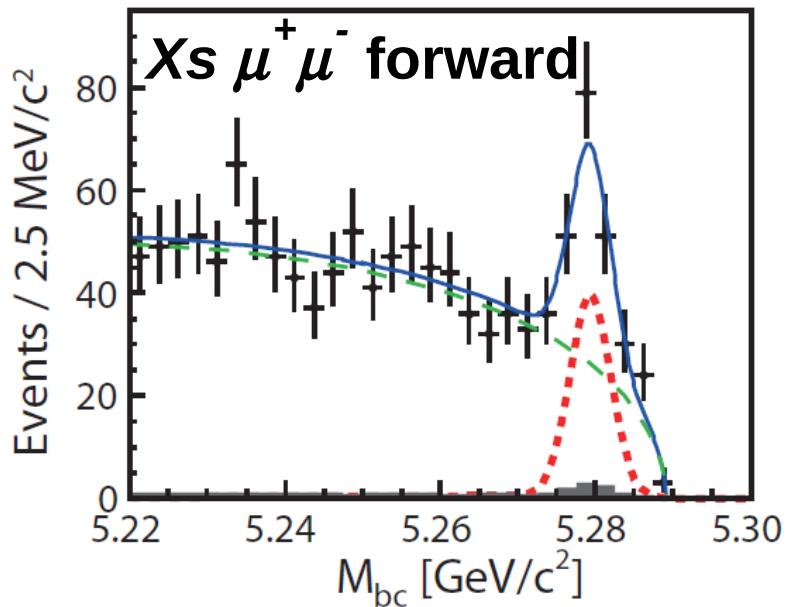


$$A_{\text{FB}} = \frac{N(\cos \theta > 0) - N(\cos \theta < 0)}{N(\cos \theta > 0) + N(\cos \theta < 0)}$$

- A_{FB} in $B \rightarrow K^{(*)} l^+ l^-$ measured (LHCb, Belle, BaBar). Agree with SM.
- First “sum of exclusives” measurement, has lower theory error!
- 10 exclusive modes used, 50% of total rate
 - $K/K_S + \text{up to } 4\pi + e^+e^- \text{ or } \mu^+\mu^-$
- NN for suppression of continuum and $B\bar{B}$.
- Veto charmonium: J/Ψ and $\Psi(2S)$
- Measure A_{FB} as function of $q^2 \longrightarrow (q^2 = M_{\ell\ell}^2)$

A_{FB} in $B \rightarrow X_s l^+ l^-$, signal extraction

- Extract signal: unbinned maximum likelihood fit to M_{bc}
- For e and μ , an each q^2 bin



Signal + cross
feed

Peaking BG

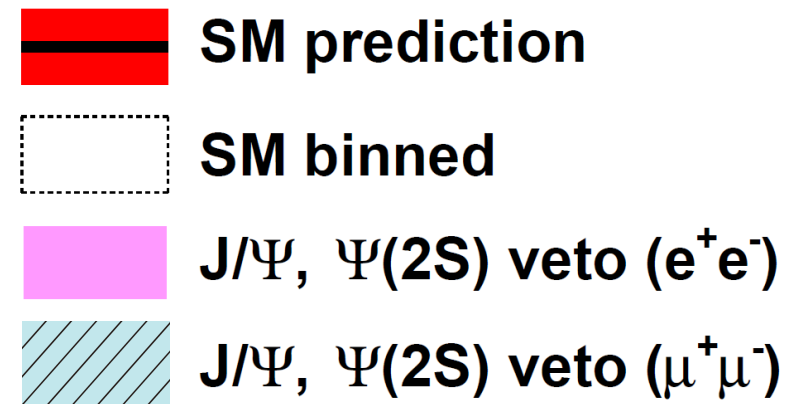
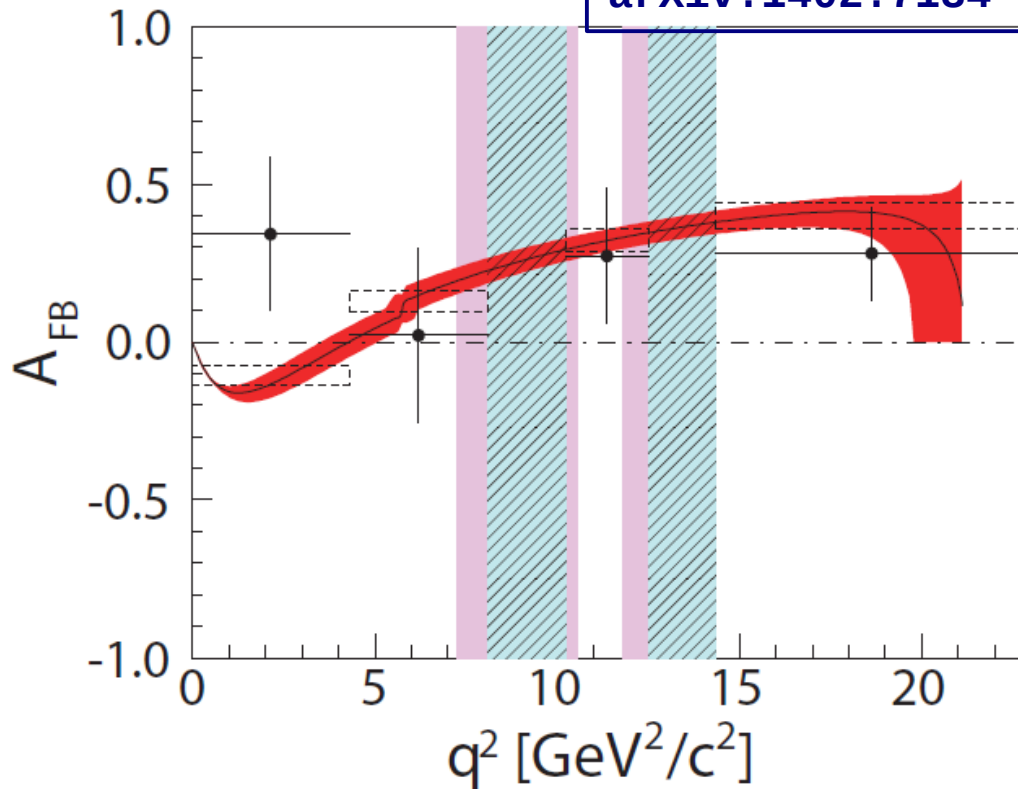
Combinatorial

Example for μ in
 $4.3 < q^2 < 8.1$ [GeV^2]

- Low efficiency at low q^2 and $|\cos\theta| \sim 1$, shifts value of A_{FB} .
Correction α estimated with MC $A_{FB} = \alpha \cdot A_{FB}^{\text{raw}}$
- Dominant systematics: α correction, estimation of peaking BG

A_{FB} in $B \rightarrow X_s l^+ l^-$, results

arXiv:1402.7134



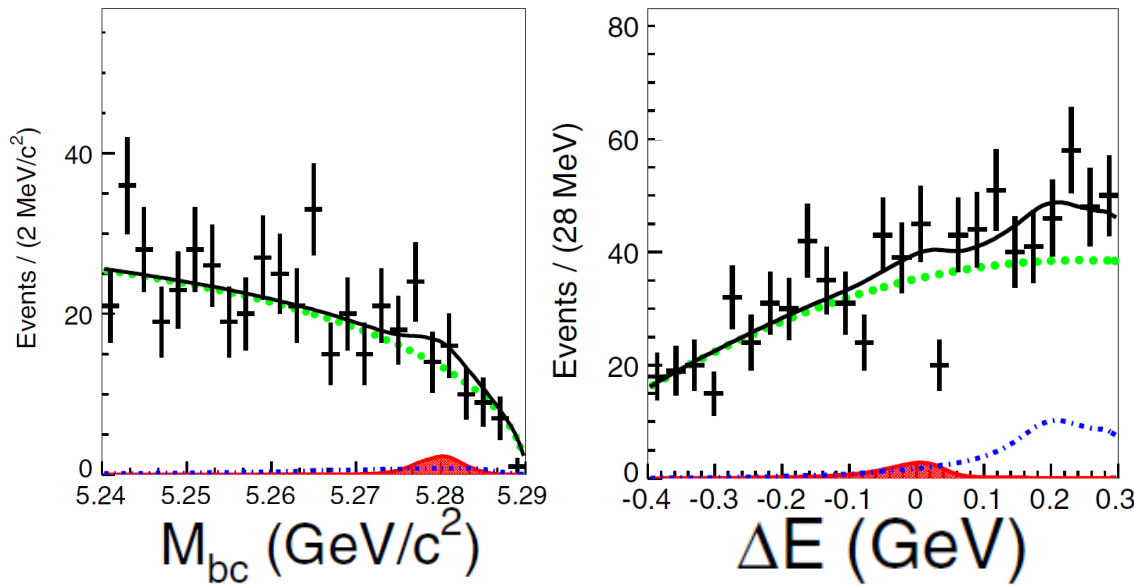
	stat.	syst.
bin 1	0.34 ± 0.24	± 0.02
bin 2	0.04 ± 0.31	± 0.05
bin 3	0.28 ± 0.21	± 0.01
bin 4	0.28 ± 0.15	± 0.01

- Consistent with SM, statistical uncertainty dominates
- First bin consistent with SM within 1.8σ
- In OPE, A_{FB} can be written as: $A_{FB} \propto -C_{10} \cdot \Re \left(2C_7 + \frac{q^2}{m_b^2} C_9 \right)$
- In high q^2 region, exclude $C_{10} \cdot C_9 > 0$ with 2.3σ

Search for $B^0 \rightarrow p^+ \bar{\Lambda} \pi^- \gamma$

- Exclusive measurement of $b \rightarrow s \gamma$
- Observed hierarchy in baryonic B decays: 4 Body > 3 Body > 2 Body
 - $b \rightarrow s$ $\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow p \bar{\Lambda} \pi^+ \pi^-) > \mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow p \bar{\Lambda} \pi^-) > \mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow p \bar{\Lambda})$
 - $b \rightarrow c$ $\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow p \bar{\Lambda}_c \pi^+ \pi^-) > \mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow p \bar{\Lambda}_c \pi^-) > \mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow p \bar{\Lambda}_c)$
- Measured $b \rightarrow s \gamma$: $\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow p \bar{\Lambda} \gamma) = (2.45_{-0.38}^{+0.44} \pm 0.22) \times 10^{-6}$

PRD.76.052004



-+---: Data —: Fit result
 [red hatched]: Signal + Self-crossfeed
 ·····: Continuum
 ·····: $B^+ \rightarrow p \bar{\Lambda} \pi^0 + B^+ \rightarrow p \bar{\Lambda} \gamma$

2D fit in M_{bc} and ΔE :

$$M_{bc} \equiv \sqrt{E_{beam}^2 - |\vec{p}_B|^2}$$

$$\Delta E \equiv E_B - E_{beam}$$

$$N_{sig} = 9.5_{-10.7}^{+11.5}(\text{stat}) \longrightarrow \mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow p^+ \bar{\Lambda} \pi^- \gamma) < 6.5 \times 10^{-7}$$

90% CL limit

PRD 89, 051103(R), 2014

- Expected hierarchy is not observed

- **CP asymmetry in $B \rightarrow X_{(s+d)}\gamma$**

NEW

- Most precise result
- Measured as a function of E_γ
- Consistent with SM, for $E_\gamma > 2.1$ GeV $A_{CP} = (2.2 \pm 4.0 \pm 0.8) \times 10^{-2}$

- **Branching fraction $B \rightarrow X_s\gamma$, sum of exclusives**

NEW

- Consistent with SM $\mathcal{BR}(B \rightarrow X_s\gamma) = (3.74 \pm 0.18 \pm 0.35) \times 10^{-4}$

- **Forward- backward asymmetry in $B \rightarrow X_s l^+ l^-$**

- First measurement!
- High q^2 region excludes $C_{10} \cdot C_9 > 0$ with 2.3σ

- **Search for $B^0 \rightarrow p^+ \bar{\Lambda} \pi^- \gamma$**

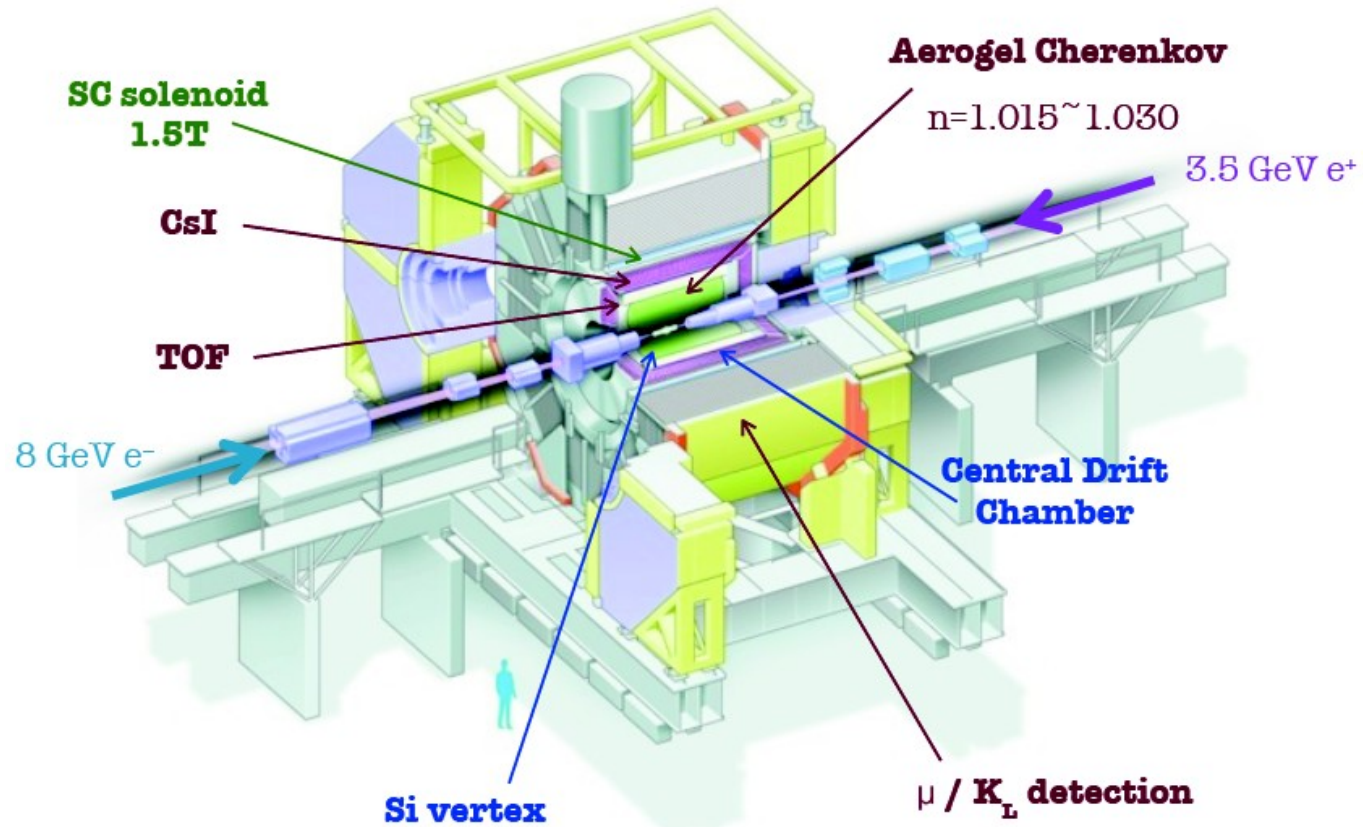
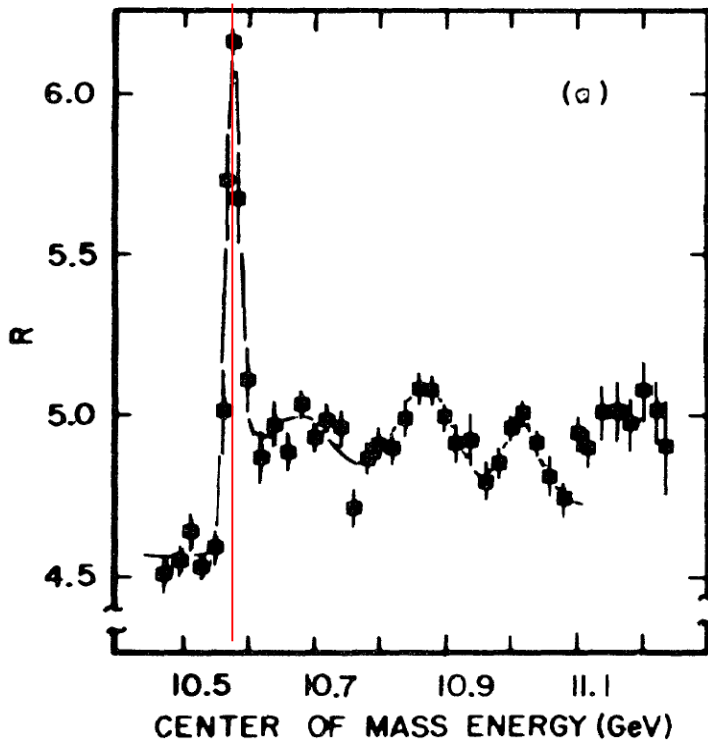
- Upper limit at 90% CL $\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow p^+ \bar{\Lambda} \pi^- \gamma) < 6.5 \times 10^{-7}$



BACKUP

- Asymmetric e⁺e⁻ collider

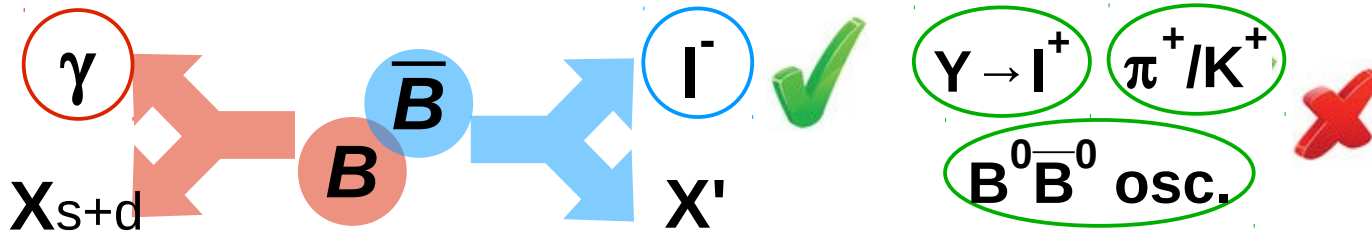
Y(4S)



On resonance: $\sqrt{s} = 10.58\text{GeV}$ $e^+e^- \rightarrow \Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow B\bar{B}$ 710fb^{-1}

Off resonance: $\sqrt{s} = 10.52\text{GeV}$ $e^+e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}(q = u, d, s, c)$ 90fb^{-1}

Wrong tag factor



$$A_{CP}^{\text{meas}} = (1 - 2\omega) A_{CP}^{\text{true}}$$

Wrong tag factors
 $\omega = \omega_{\text{osc}} + \omega_{2\text{nd}} + \omega_{\text{misID}}$

Oscillation probability of B^0 Fraction of $B^0 B^0$ from $Y(4S)$

$$\omega_{\text{osc}} = \chi_d \cdot f_{00}$$

$$\omega_{\text{osc}} = (0.0913 \pm 0.0015)$$

$$\omega_{\text{misID}} = (0.0069 \pm 0.0034)$$

$$\omega_{2\text{nd}} = (0.0431 \pm 0.0036)$$

$$\omega = (0.1413 \pm 0.0052)$$

Mainly π/K faking μ

Semileptonic decays of charm

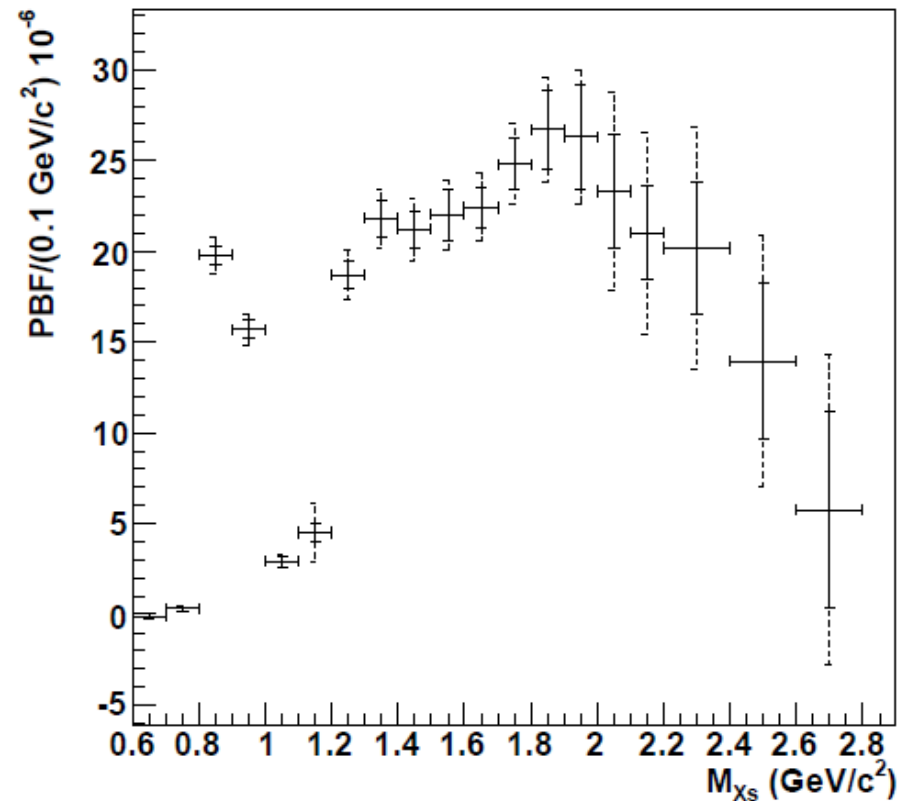


Reconstructed $B \rightarrow X_s \gamma$ modes

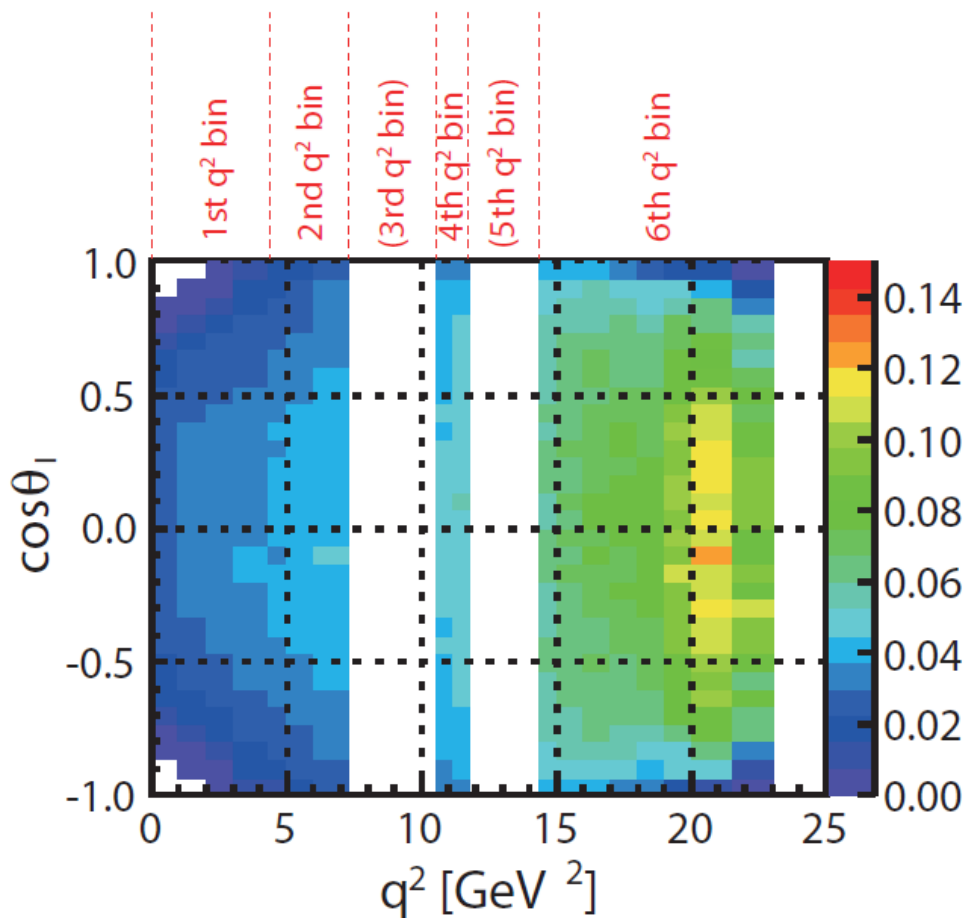
Mode ID	Final state	Mode ID	Final state	Mode ID	Final state
1	$K^+ \pi^-$	16	$K_s \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$	31	$K^+ \eta \pi^- \pi^0$
2	$K_s \pi^+$	17	$K^+ \pi^0 \pi^0$	32	$K_s \eta \pi^+ \pi^0$
3	$K^+ \pi^0$	18	$K_s \pi^0 \pi^0$	33	KKK
4	$K_s \pi^0$	19	$K^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \pi^0$	34	KKK_s
5	$K^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	20	$K_s \pi^+ \pi^0 \pi^0$	35	$KK_s K_s$
6	$K_s \pi^+ \pi^-$	21	$K^+ \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \pi^0$	36	$K^+ K^+ K^- \pi^-$
7	$K^+ \pi^+ \pi^0$	22	$K_s \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \pi^0$	37	$K^+ K^- K_s \pi^+$
8	$K_s \pi^+ \pi^0$	23	$K^+ \eta$	38	$K^+ K^+ K^- \pi^0$
9	$K^+ \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^-$	24	$K_s \eta$		
10	$K_s \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	25	$K^+ \eta \pi^-$		
11	$K_s \pi^+ \pi^0$	26	$K_s \eta \pi^+$		
12	$K_s \pi^+ \pi^0$	27	$K^+ \eta \pi^0$		
13	$K^+ \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^-$	28	$K_s \eta \pi^0$		
14	$K_s \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^-$	29	$K^+ \eta \pi^+ \pi^-$		
15	$K_s \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$	30	$K_s \eta \pi^+ \pi^-$		

Table 9.12: The partial branching ratio on M_{X_s}

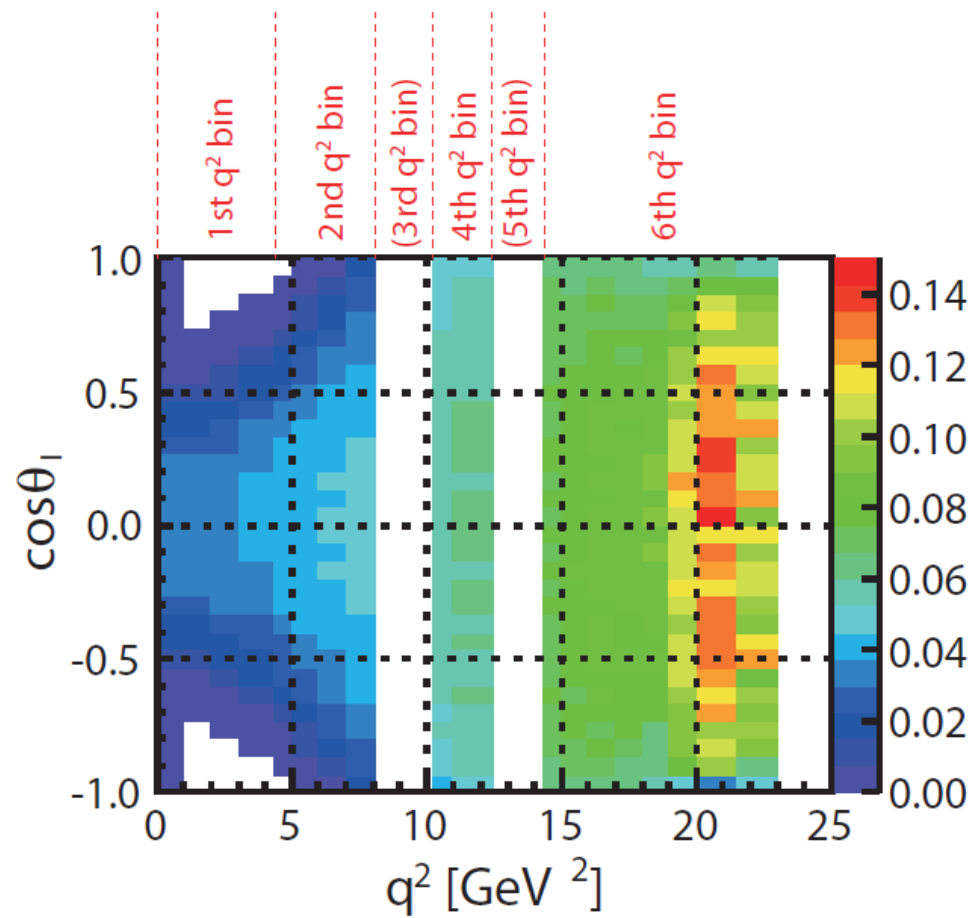
M_{X_s} bin(GeV/c^2)	$\mathcal{BR}(10^{-6})$
0.6-0.7	$-0.1 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.0$
0.7-0.8	$0.3 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.1$
0.8-0.9	$19.8 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.9$
0.9-1.0	$15.7 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.7$
1.0-1.1	$2.9 \pm 0.3 \pm 0.2$
1.1-1.2	$4.8 \pm 0.5 \pm 1.5$
1.2-1.3	$18.7 \pm 0.8 \pm 1.1$
1.3-1.4	$21.8 \pm 1.0 \pm 1.3$
1.4-1.5	$21.2 \pm 1.0 \pm 1.4$
1.5-1.6	$22.0 \pm 1.4 \pm 1.3$
1.6-1.7	$22.4 \pm 1.1 \pm 1.5$
1.7-1.8	$24.8 \pm 1.4 \pm 1.7$
1.8-1.9	$26.7 \pm 2.2 \pm 1.9$
1.9-2.0	$26.3 \pm 2.9 \pm 2.3$
2.0-2.1	$23.3 \pm 3.1 \pm 4.5$
2.1-2.2	$21.0 \pm 2.6 \pm 4.9$
2.2-2.4	$40.3 \pm 7.2 \pm 11$
2.4-2.6	$27.9 \pm 8.6 \pm 11$
2.6-2.8	$11.5 \pm 11 \pm 13$



- (a) Partial branching ratio. The first solid error is the statistical one and the second dashed error is a quadratic sum of the statistical and systematic errors.

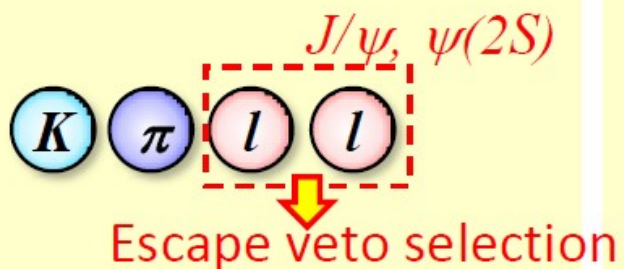


$B \rightarrow X_s e^+ e^-$

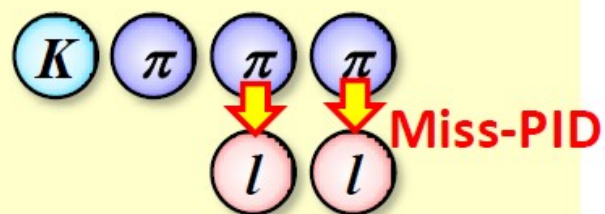


$B \rightarrow X_s \mu^+ \mu^-$

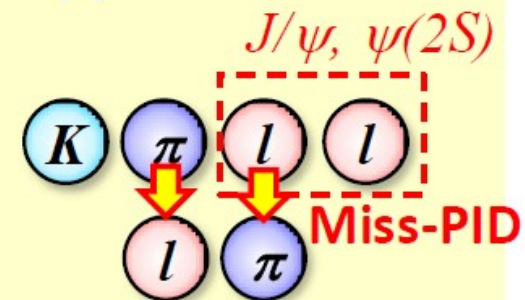
1. charmonium



2. Double miss-PID



3. Swapped miss-PID



Sources of uncertainties	1st	2nd	3rd	4th
Translation from $\mathcal{A}_{FB}^{\text{raw}}$ to \mathcal{A}_{FB}	0.019	0.013	0.007	0.003
Peaking background	0.004	0.050	0.007	0.002
Signal modeling	0.004	0.002	0.006	0.006
Signal shape and self cross-feed	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002
Total	0.020	0.052	0.012	0.007

TABLE I. Summary of the systematic uncertainties (in %) on the branching fraction.

$N_{B\bar{B}}$	1.4
Tracking	1.4 (4 tracks)
Hadron identification	0.6 (2 protons) 1.1 (pion)
Λ selection	3.3
Photon selection	2.2
Reconstruction efficiency (MC statistics)	2.2
$\mathcal{B}(\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-)$	0.8
\mathcal{R} selection	1.9
PDF shape	4.1
Signal decay model	5.1
Rare B decays	8.2
Total	11.8