

# Some Notes on 2HDM Benchmarking

N. Rompotis  
(with many thanks to Oscar Stall)

# The problem

- The CP-conserving 2HDM (with a softly broken  $Z_2$ ) has 7 parameters on top of SM:

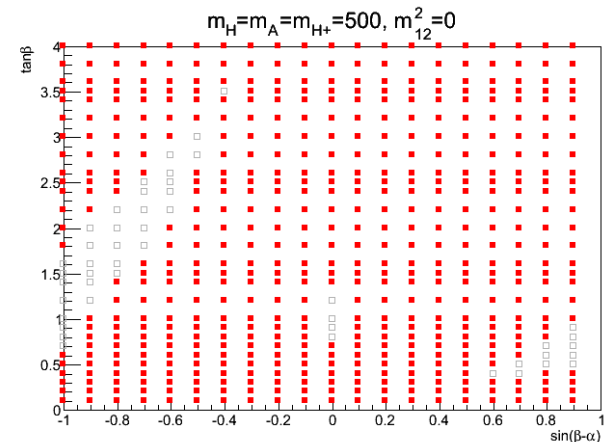
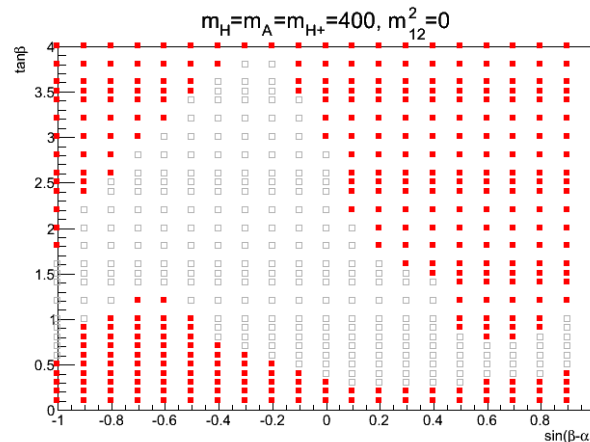
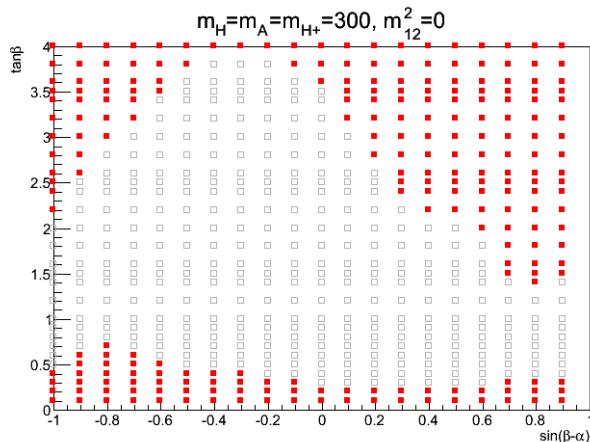
$$V = m_{11}^2 \Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_1 + m_{22}^2 \Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_2 - m_{12}^2 (\Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_2 + \Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_1) + \frac{\lambda_1}{2} (\Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_1)^2 + \frac{\lambda_2}{2} (\Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_2)^2 + \lambda_3 \Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_1 \Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_2 + \lambda_4 \Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_2 \Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_1 + \frac{\lambda_5}{2} \left[ (\Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_2)^2 + (\Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_1)^2 \right],$$

4 masses:  $h, H, A, H^\pm$   
 2 angles:  $\theta, \alpha$   
 1 potential parameter  $m_{12}$

- We are interested in defining 2HDM Benchmarks over a wide range of  $m_H$ ,  $\sin(\beta - \alpha)$  and fixed  $m_h = 125$  GeV
  - We want  $m_H$  high ( $>500$  GeV) since there are channels which are sensitive to high mass Higgs (e.g. ZZ, WW)
  - We want  $\sin(\beta - \alpha)$  not exactly 1, since HVV coupling is  $\sim \cos(\beta - \alpha)$

# Some benchmarks

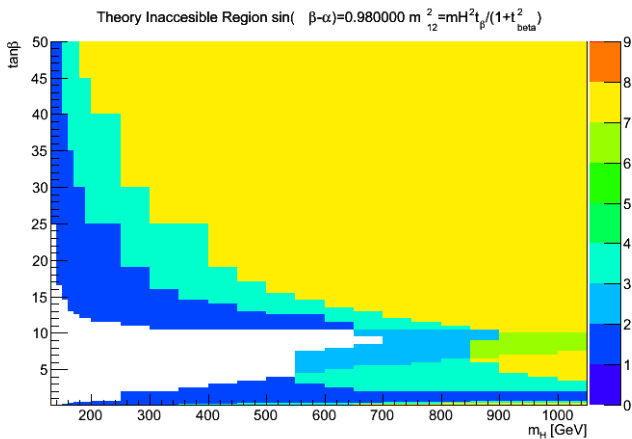
- The parameter space can be reduced by assuming  $m_h = 125$  GeV and  $m_H = m_A = m_{H^\pm}$  (or  $m_{H^\pm} > \text{exp limit from charged scalar searches}$ ). This leaves 4 parameters to play:  $\tan\beta$ ,  $\sin(\beta - \alpha)$ ,  $m_H$  and  $m_{12}$ .
- A first obvious option is to assume a perfect  $Z_2$  symmetry, i.e.  $m_{12} = 0$ . This has the problem that at  $m_H = 400$  GeV most parameter space is killed by theory (unitarity, perturbativity and potential stability considerations)



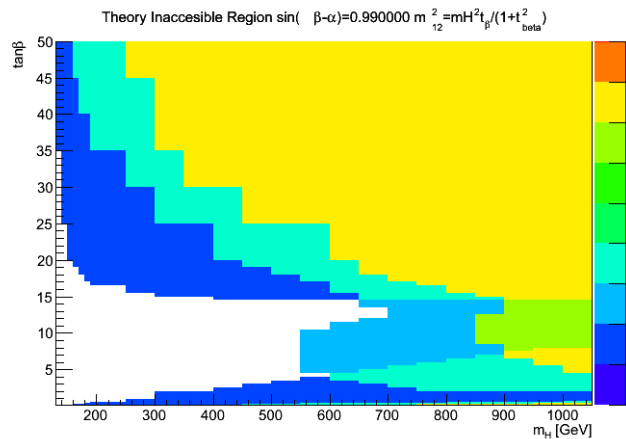
# Some benchmarks

- Another choice would be to choose an MSSM-like  $m_{12}$ :  

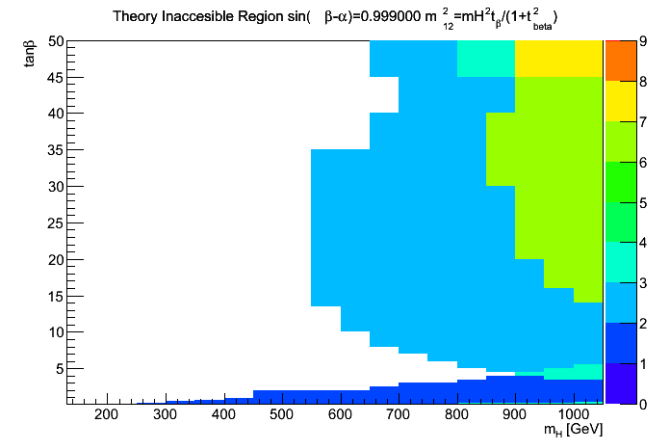
$$m_{12}^2 = m_H^2 \tan \beta / (1 + \tan^2 \beta)$$
- This works well for  $\sin(\beta - \alpha) \rightarrow 1$ , but fails as you go further from 1.



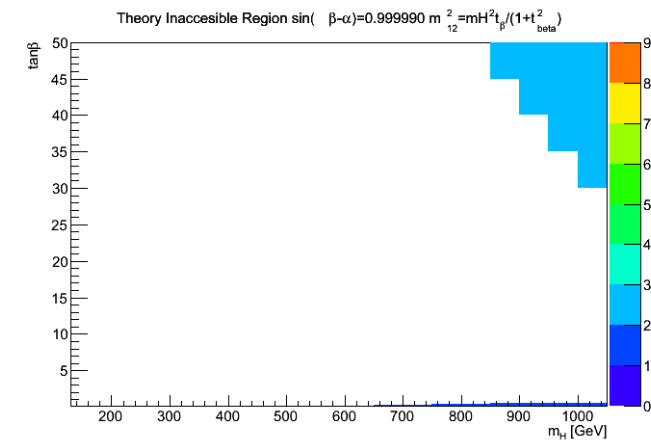
$\sin(\beta - \alpha) = 0.98$



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$\sin(\beta - \alpha) = 0.999$

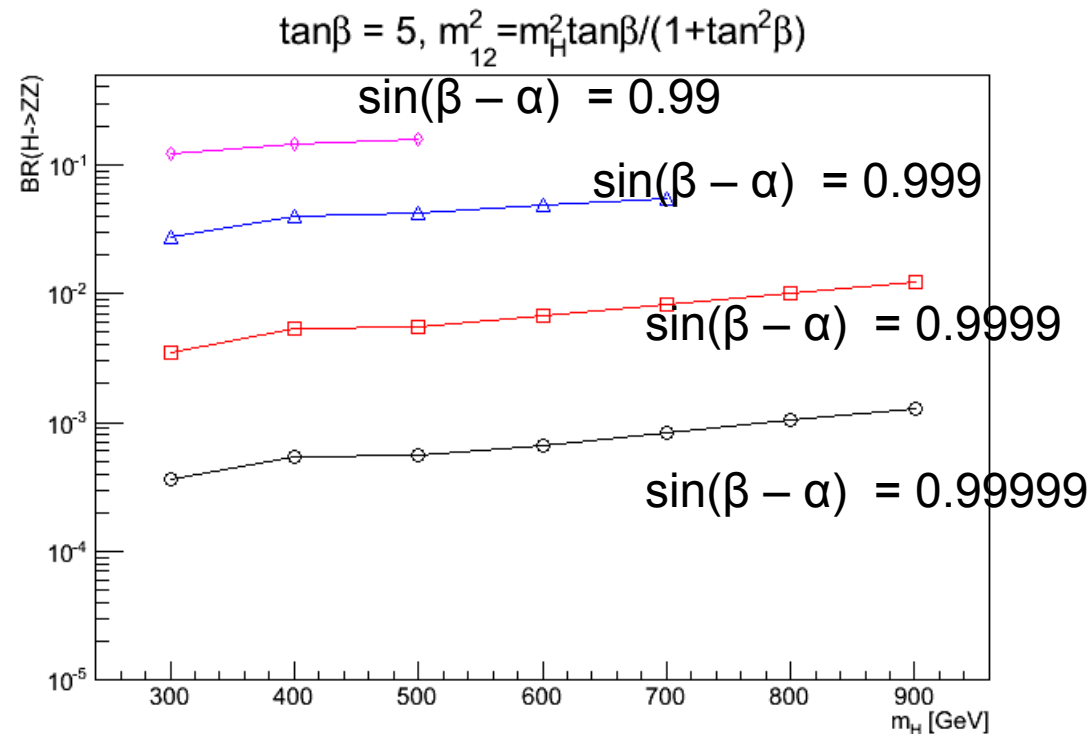
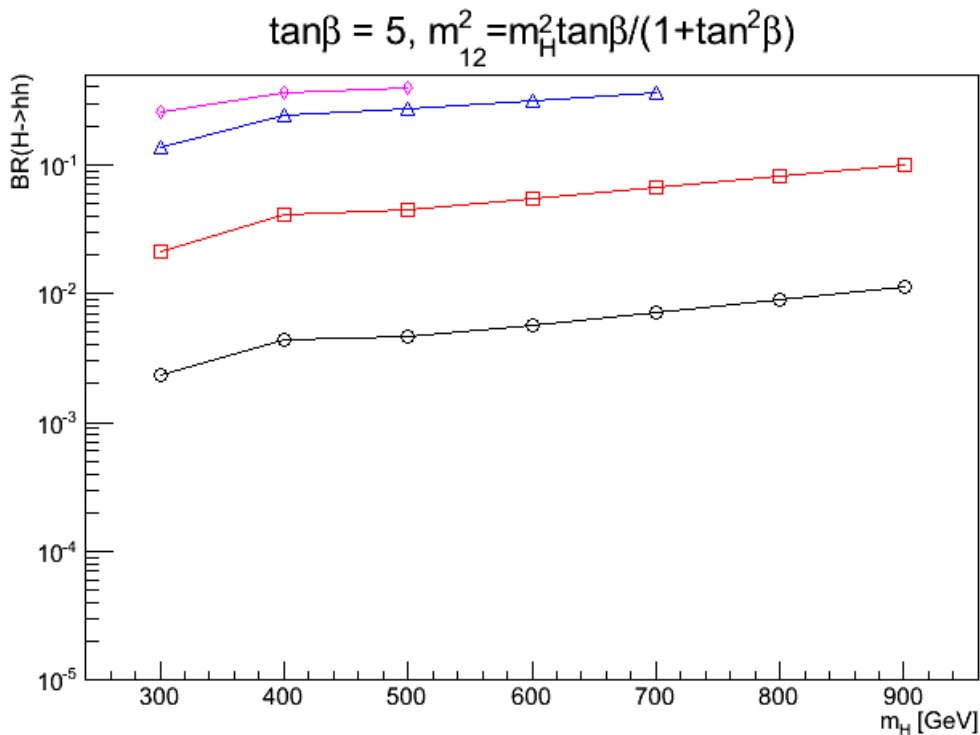


$\sin(\beta - \alpha) = 0.99999$

In the limit  $\sin(\beta - \alpha) \rightarrow 1$  all space is available but interesting couplings go to zero.

# Some benchmarks

- Branching ratio  $H \rightarrow ZZ$  for various  $\sin(\beta - \alpha)$



## Final Words

- Is that all we can do in terms of 2HDM benchmarks for high mass  $m_H (>500 \text{ GeV})$ ?
  - If this is the case it is useful for us to know
  - Otherwise we would be interested in looking in other benchmarks too