

Study of Λ^0 Production in DIS with HERA II

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Liverpool, UK

Khurelbaatar Begzsuren, DESY H1/ULBA

supervised by Karin Daum

Outline

Strange production mechanism and Motivation

Data information and selection criteria of DIS events and Λ^0 baryon

Λ^0 -invariant mass distribution spectra in DIS

Λ^0 production cross-sections in DIS

Ratio of K_s^0 and Λ^0

Summary and plans

Strange production mechanism

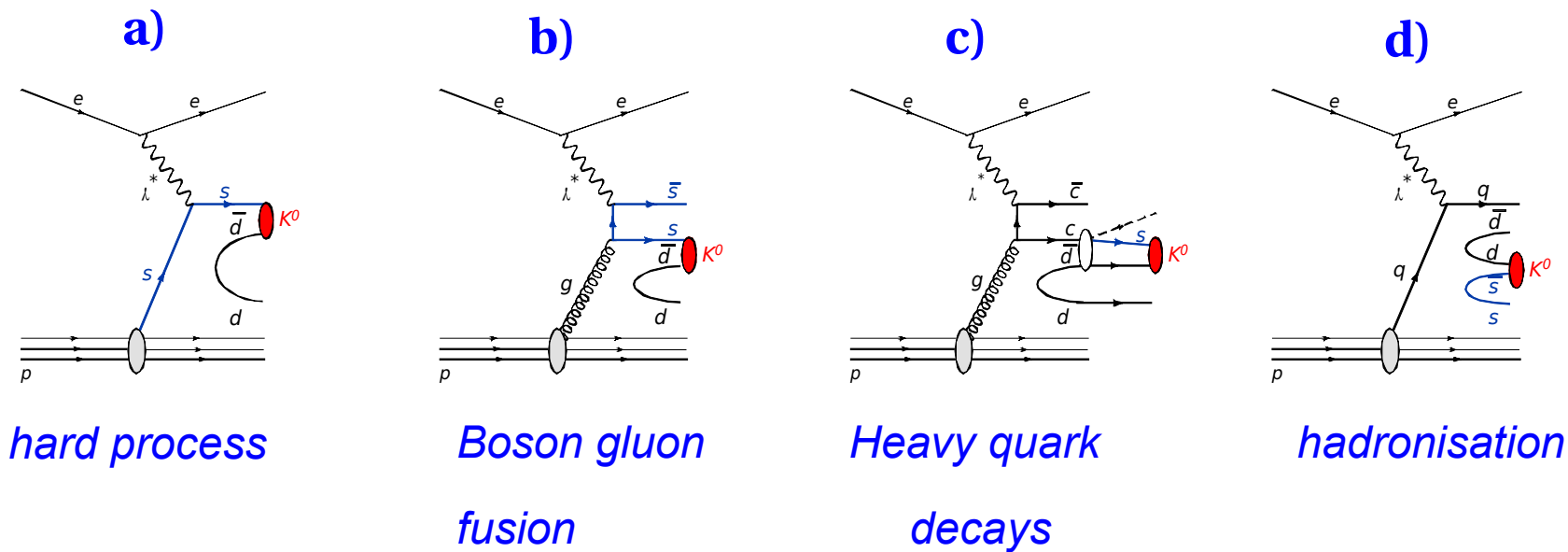


Fig-1

All mechanisms contribute significantly

Measurements of strange particle production (K_s^0 , Λ):

- understanding QCD
- test of models of fragmentation/hadronisation
- optimisation of the Monte Carlo parameters
- test of λ_s universality

Data Information: Data sets

DST7 files, H1OO-4.0.24 release

Run selection applied

Oolumi: S0, S2, CJC1, CJC2, CIP, LAR, TOF, LUMI, VETO, SPAC

Data	Run period	Lumi [pb-1]
0607e+	468531 - 500611	108.658

Tab-1

S0, S2 prescaled

MC sets

Weight: Zvtx, QCD

Django, Rapgap: CTEQ6L \Rightarrow H1 PDF 2009

Rapgap: ID= 8686 \div 8695; Lumi = 658.935/pb

Django: ID= 7141 \div 7150; Lumi = 575.5/pb

DIS event selection

Kinematic cuts:

$$7 < Q_e^2 < 100 \text{ GeV}^2 \quad \text{where} \quad Q_e^2 = 4E'_e E_e \cos^2(\theta_e/2)$$

$$0.1 < y_e < 0.6 \quad \text{where} \quad y_e = 1 - E'_e / E_e \sin^2(\theta_e/2)$$

$$E'_e > 11 \text{ GeV}$$

Technical cuts:

Trigger = S0, S2 (pure Spacal), R_clus > 20 cm

$$35 < E - p_z < 70 \text{ GeV}$$

$$E_{\text{cra}} < 4 \text{ cm}$$

$$|z_{\text{vtx}}| < 35 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Type_Primary_vertex} = 1$$

Λ selection

$\Lambda \rightarrow p \pi^- (\Lambda \rightarrow p \pi^+)$, BR = 63.9%, $m_\Lambda = 1.115683$ GeV

Cuts on Λ^0 selection:

$|D'_{CA}/\sigma| > 2.0$ on π^+ and π^-

$|D'_{CA}/\sigma| > 1.0$ for p tracks

Opposite charge tracks: $dca1 * dca2 < 0.0$

dE/dx for proton > 0.003

$0.5 < Pt(\Lambda^0) < 3.5$ GeV

$|\eta(\Lambda^0)| < 1.3$

$Pt(\pi^+, \pi^-) > 0.12$ GeV

Radial decay length > 2 cm

Tracklength > 15 cm

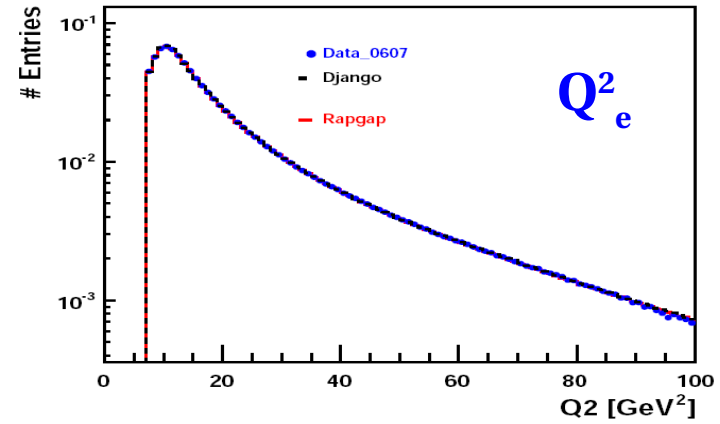
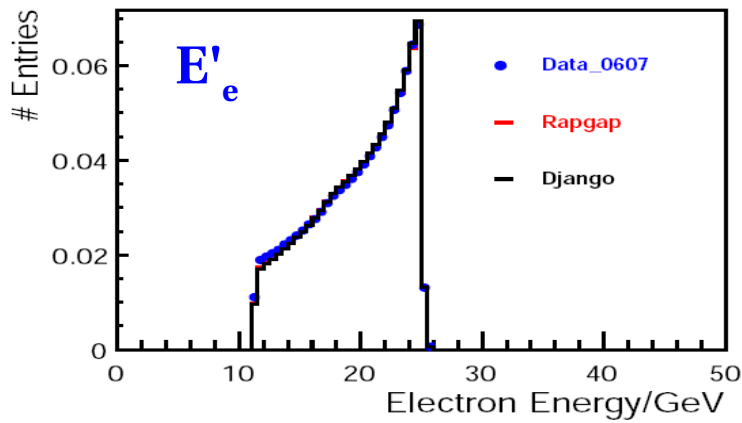
Chi2 ≤ 5.0

$M(e^-e^+) > 50$ MeV

$475 < M(\pi^- \pi^+) < 530$ MeV

$Pt^{rel} < 0.114$ GeV

Inclusive DIS Control Plots



Unit
area

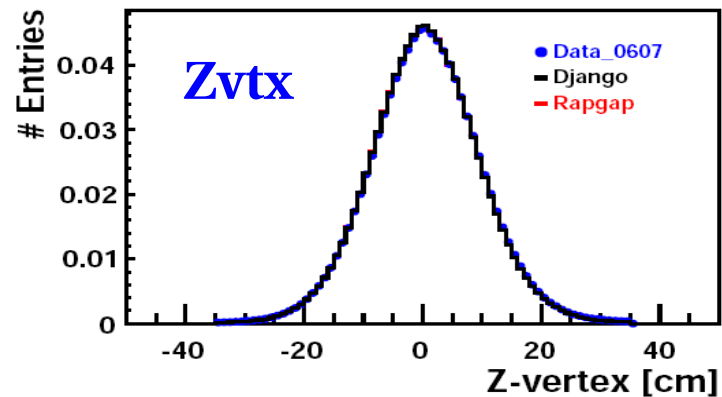
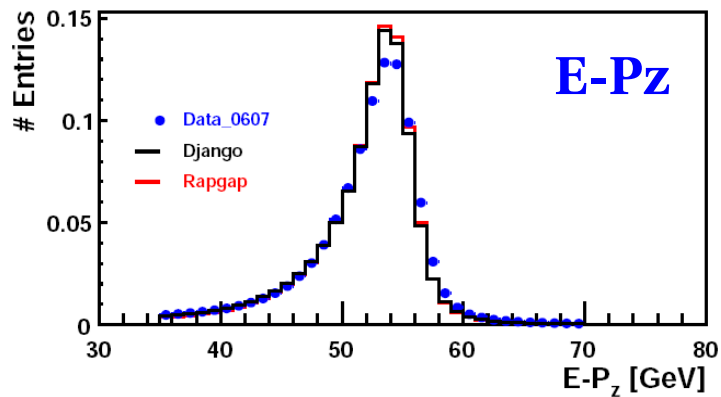
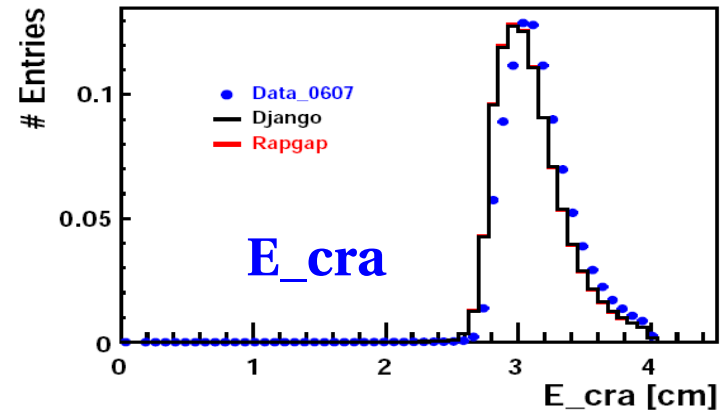
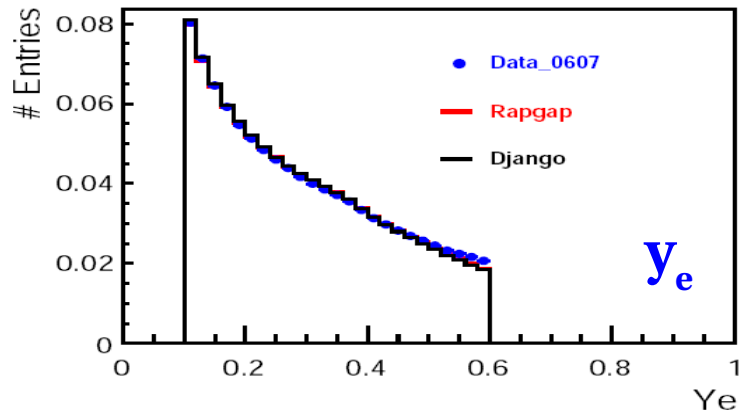
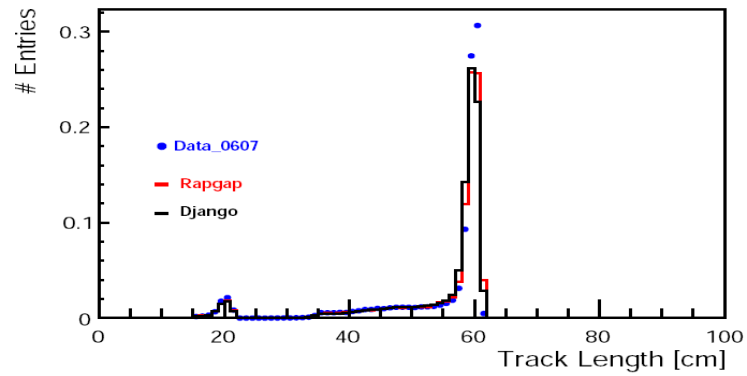


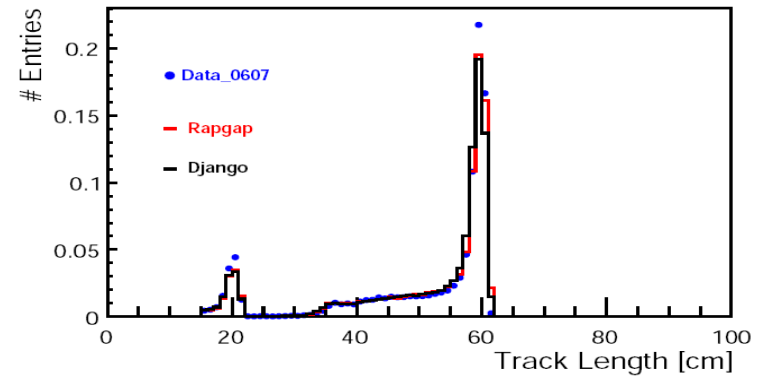
Fig-2

Λ^0 Track's Control Plots

Proton Track



Pion Track



Unit
area

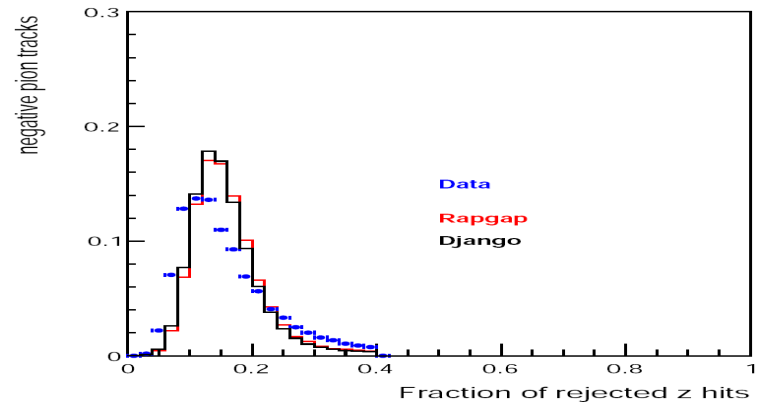
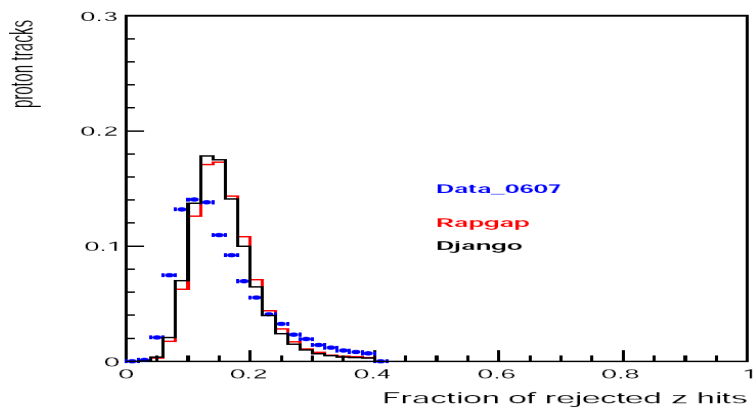
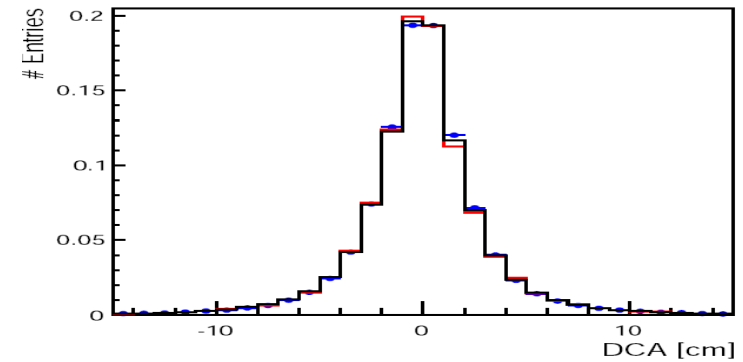
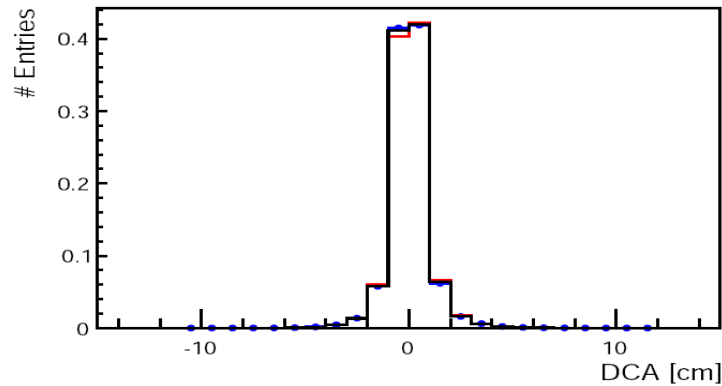


Fig-3

Λ^0 mass distribution in DIS

$$F = F_{\text{BG}} + F_{\text{skewed-student's}};$$

$$F_{\text{BG}} = p5 \cdot (x - m_t)^{p6} \cdot \text{Exp}(-p7 \cdot (x - m_\Lambda)); \quad m_t = 2 \sqrt{m_\Lambda^2 + (P_t^{\text{rel}})^2}$$

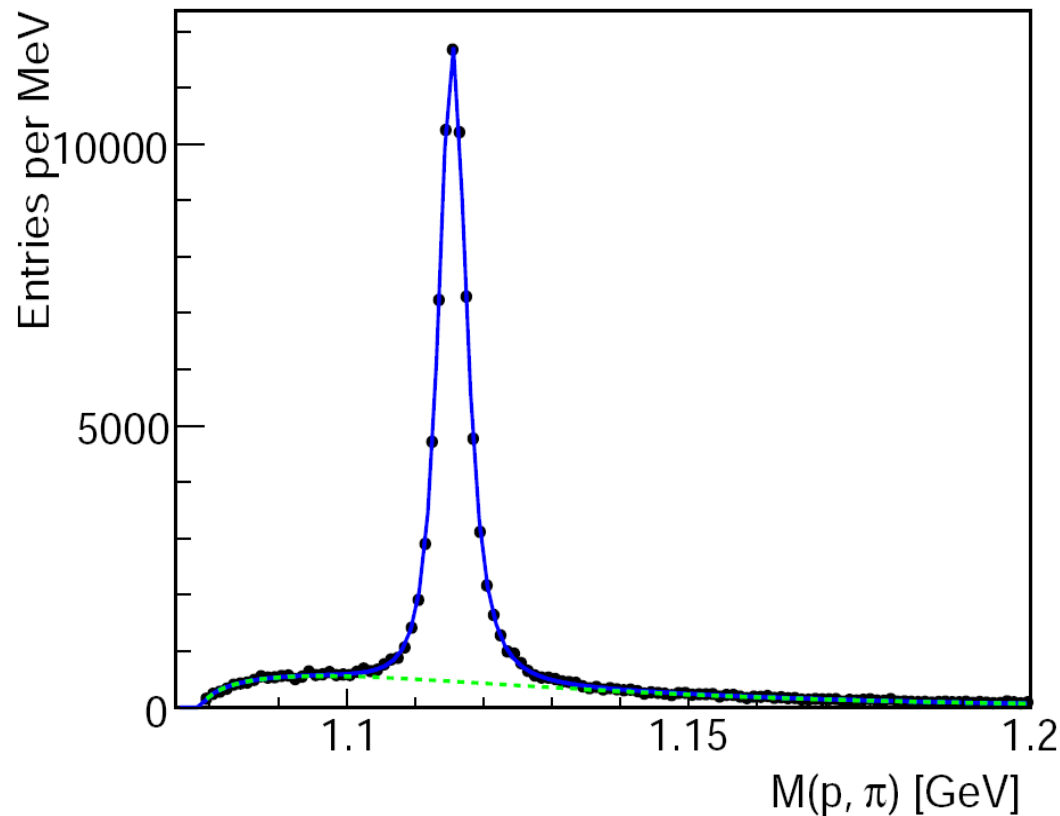


Fig - 4

Fit range: 1.079 - 1.2 GeV

$$\chi^2 / \text{ndf} = 189.15 / 113 = 1.67;$$

$$N_{\Lambda}^{\text{fit}} = 69'652 \pm 368;$$

$$m_{\Lambda}^{\text{fit}} = 1'115.4 \pm 0.02 \text{ MeV};$$

$$m_{\Lambda}^{\text{pdg}} = 1'115.683 \pm 0.006 \text{ MeV};$$

The problem with Λ cross sections

Status April 2013 for Λ DIS

MC prediction calculated the same way as cross sections for data

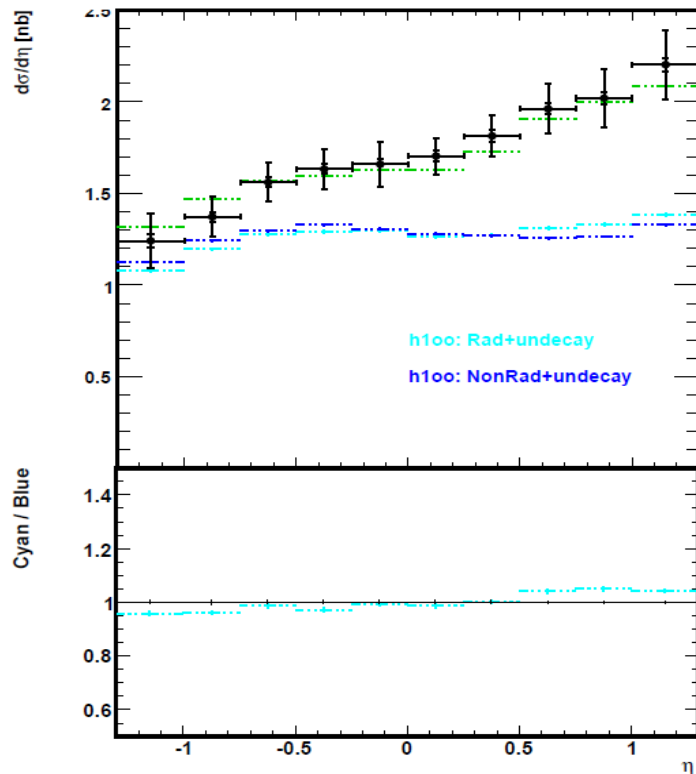


Fig-5

$$\sigma_{\text{vis}}^{\text{MC}} = \frac{N_{\text{rec}}^{\text{MC}}}{L \cdot \epsilon_{\text{rec}} \cdot (1 + \delta_{\text{QED}})} \quad (1)$$

MC studies were requested to use generated events only

$$\sigma_{\text{vis}}^{\text{MC}} = \frac{N_{\text{gen}}^{\text{MC}}}{L} \quad (2)$$

Where does the difference come from?

H100: Norad \Rightarrow ID = 5856, 5857, 5859, 5860, Lumi = 810.67/pb

The problem with cross sections

Standard H1 generation: all particles with $c\tau > 1$ mm are “undecayed”

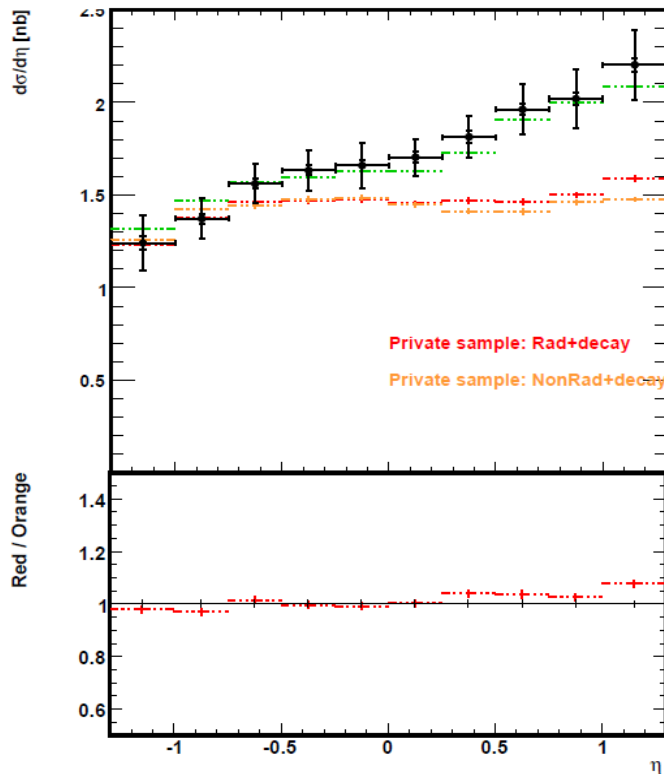


Fig-6

⇒ K_S^0 , Λ , Ω^- , Σ^\pm , Σ^0 , E^\pm , E^0 are not decayed in the generator (stable)

⇒ in simulation these particles may interact prior to decay (lost).

Other particles may interact and produce K_S^0 , Λ , Ω^- , Σ^\pm , Σ^0 , E^\pm , E^0 . Since the analysis requires $|Z_{\text{vertex}}^{\text{prim}}| < 35$ cm and $|\eta(\Lambda)| < 1.3$,

K_S^0 , Λ ... may be counted on generator even if they are produced by interactions (e.g. collimators)

Cure: Let all stable particles decay in generator ⇒ “decayed”

Reconstruction Efficiency for Λ

$$\epsilon_{rec,i}(X) = \frac{N_{rec,i}^{MC}(X)}{N_{gen,i}^{MC}(X)}$$

$R_{clus} > 20$ cm

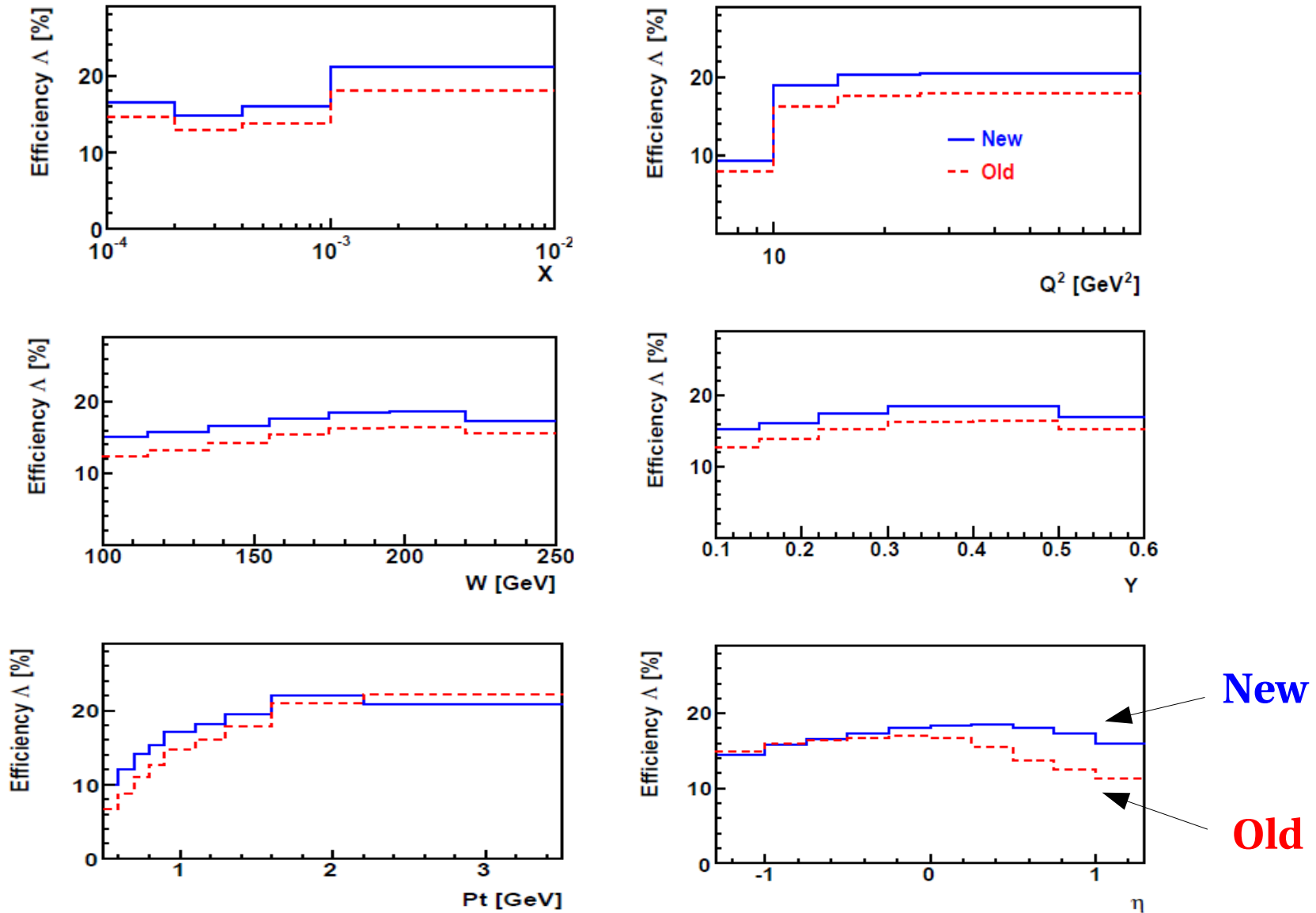


Fig-7

Correction to Born Level

Private Django samples

Django samples with radiation: 267.36 pb⁻¹

Django samples without radiation: 278.94 pb⁻¹

In both set of samples heave strange baryons are decayed

$$1 + \delta_{\text{QED}} = \frac{N_{\text{gen}}^i(\Lambda^0)^{\text{rad}}}{N_{\text{gen}}^i(\Lambda^0)^{\text{non-rad}}} \times \frac{L^{\text{non-rad}}}{L^{\text{rad}}}$$

Correction to Born Level

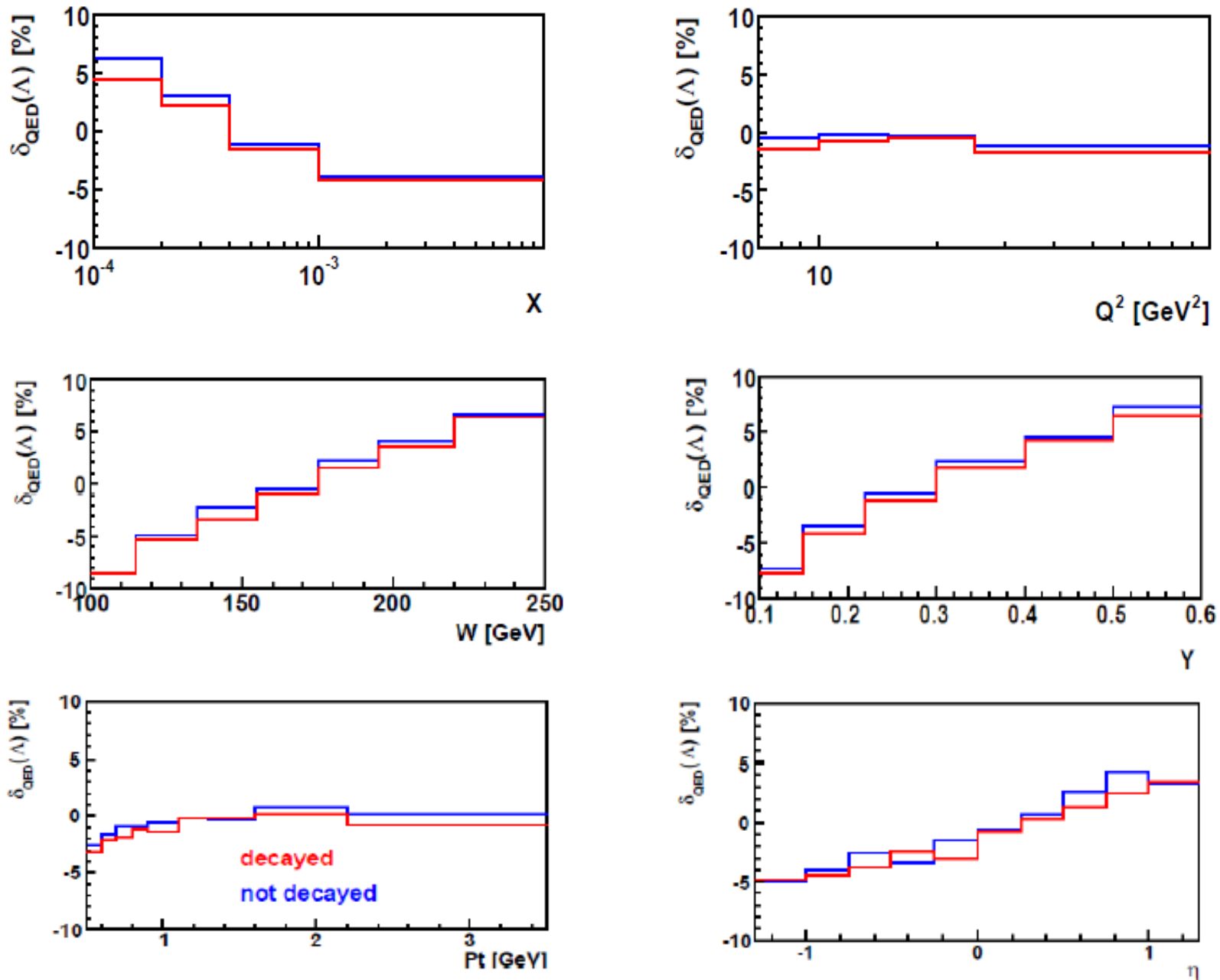


Fig-8

Visible Λ^0 Cross Section in DIS

$7 < Q_e^2 < 100 \text{ GeV}^2$; $0.5 < Pt < 3.5 \text{ GeV}$ similar to HERA I

$0.1 < Ye < 0.6$; $-1.3 < \eta < 1.3$

$$\sigma_{\text{vis}}(\text{ep} \rightarrow \text{e}' V^0 X) = \frac{N}{L \cdot \epsilon_{\text{rec}} \cdot (1 + \delta_{\text{QED}})} = 4.23 \pm 0.022(\text{stat.}) \text{ nb.}$$

$$\epsilon_{\text{rec}}(Q^2) = \frac{N_{\text{rec}}^{\text{MC}}}{N_{\text{gen}}^{\text{MC}}}; \quad N_{\text{gen}}^{\text{MC}} \text{ - includes all } \Lambda \text{ decay modes}$$

$$\epsilon_{\text{rec}}(\text{dj}) = 15.34 \% \text{ (14.8\%)}, \quad \delta_{\text{QED}}(\text{dj}) = -1.12 \%$$

$$\text{Django} \Rightarrow \sigma_{\text{vis}}(\text{ep} \rightarrow \text{e}' V^0 X) = 4.42 \pm 0.001(\text{stat}) \text{ nb.}$$

$$\text{Data(old)} : \sigma_{\text{vis}}(\text{ep} \rightarrow \text{e}' V^0 X) = 4.15 \pm 0.022(\text{stat}) \text{ nb.}$$

Differential Cross Section in DIS

Django / Data

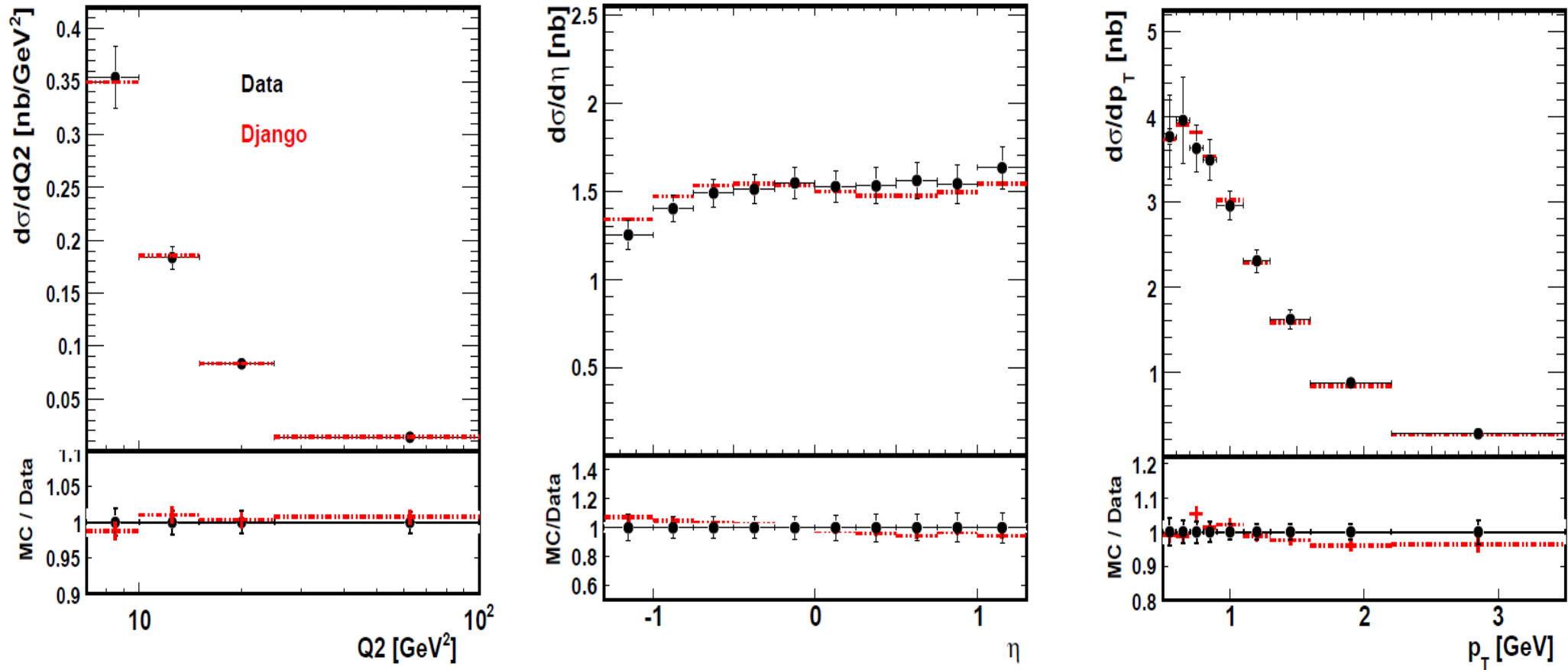


Fig -9

Differential Cross Section in DIS

Django / Data

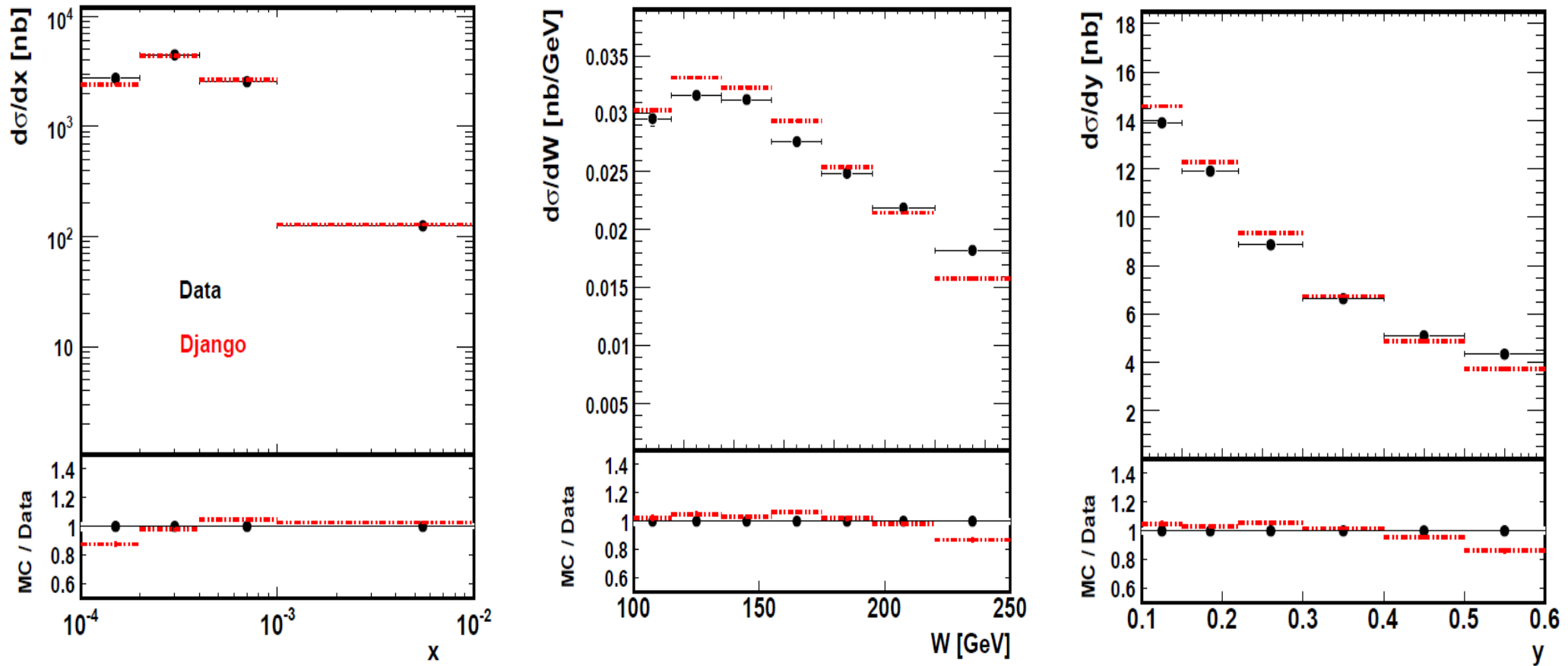


Fig -10

Ratio of the differential K_s^0 and Λ Cross Sections

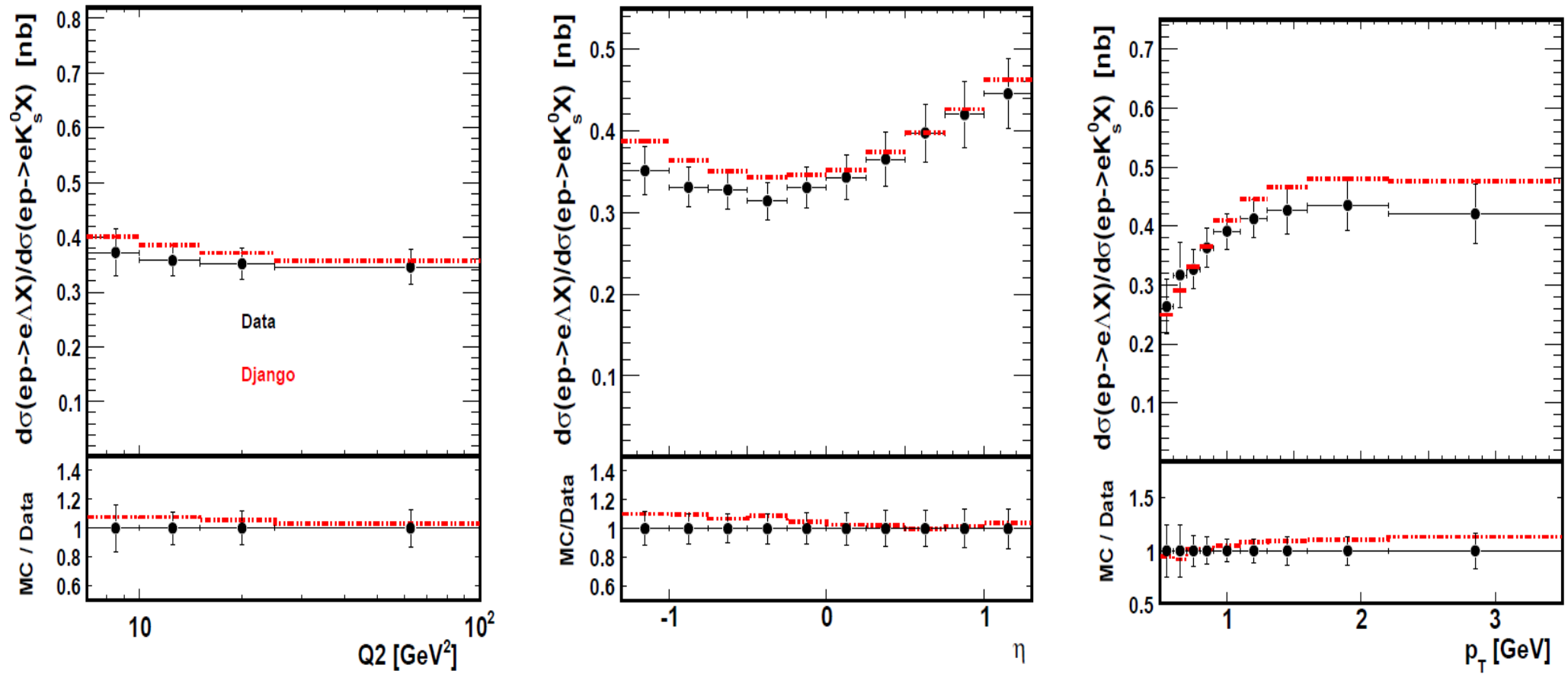


Fig -11

Summary and plans

- Corrected Inclusive Λ cross-section σ_{vis} is measured and found to be: $\sigma_{vis} = 4.23 \pm 0.022(stat)nb$

Plans:

Extend phase space to $|\eta| < 1.5$ and $p_T > 0.3$ GeV (also for K_S^0)

Redo Systematics

Diff.cross-sections in Breit frames + Breit systematics

Λ - $\bar{\Lambda}$ Asymmetry

Extract suppression factor λ_{qq}

Backup slides

Default cuts for K0 and Λ

```
// sets default cuts for K0:  
// pT(pion) >= 0.07 GeV  
// track length(pion) >= 10 cm  
// invariant mass(K0): 0 <= M <= .8 GeV  
// radial distance of secondary vertex >= 1cm  
// pT,rel(pions,K0) >= 0.10  
// Chi2 of secondary vertex fit < 10  
// cut against lambdas: m(pi,p) > 1.125
```

```
// sets default cuts for Lambda  
// pT(proton) >= 0.2 GeV  
// pT(pion) >= 0.1 GeV  
// track length(pion) >= 10 cm  
// invariant mass(Lambda): M <= 1.5 GeV  
// radial distance of secondary vertex >= 1.5cm  
// pT,rel(proton/pion,Lambda) < 0.15  
// Chi2 of secondary vertex fit < 5 (can be smaller than for K0)
```

Ratio of the differential K_S^0 and Λ Cross Sections

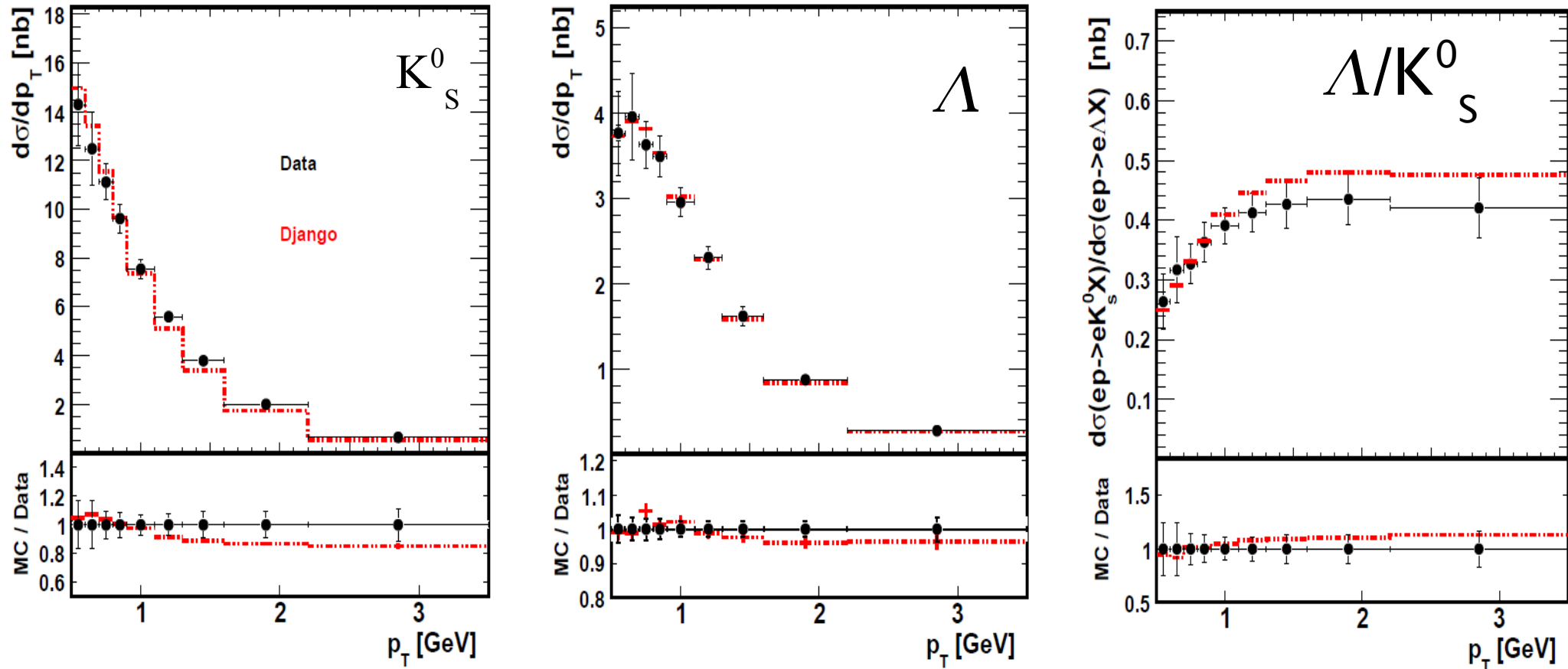


Fig -12

Ratio of the differential K_S^0 and Λ Cross Sections

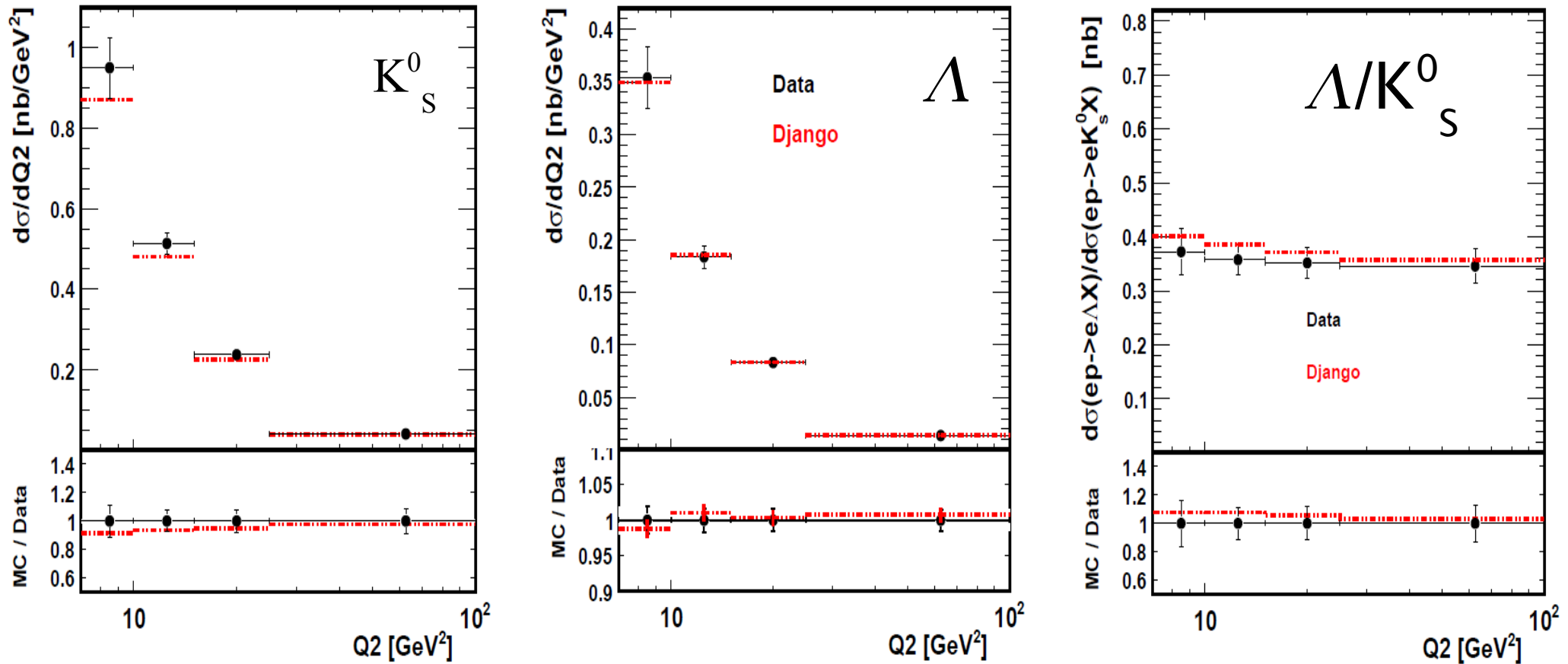


Fig -13

$\Lambda, \Omega^-, \Sigma^\pm, \Sigma^0, \Xi^\pm, \Xi^0$

