

5th PARAMETER & LAY-OUT COMMITTEE MEETING

Jul 2, 2013



High
Luminosity
LHC

D1 APERTURE REDUCTION TO 150mm

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WP10
Energy Deposition & Absorber

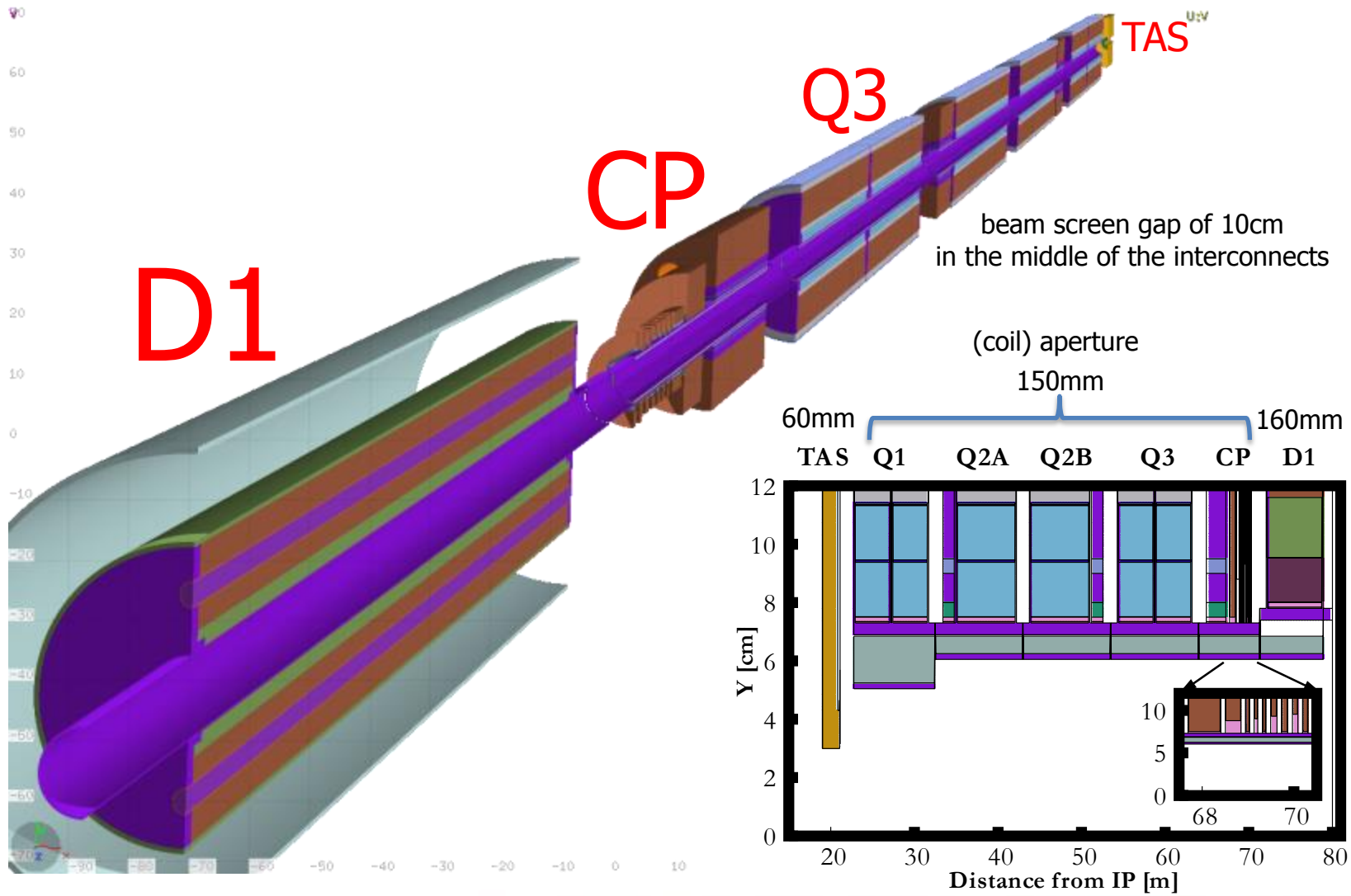
Continuous input from G. Arduini, R. De Maria, and S. Fartoukh

P. Ferracin, T. Nakamoto, E. Todesco, F. Toral, and Q. Xu R. Kersevan

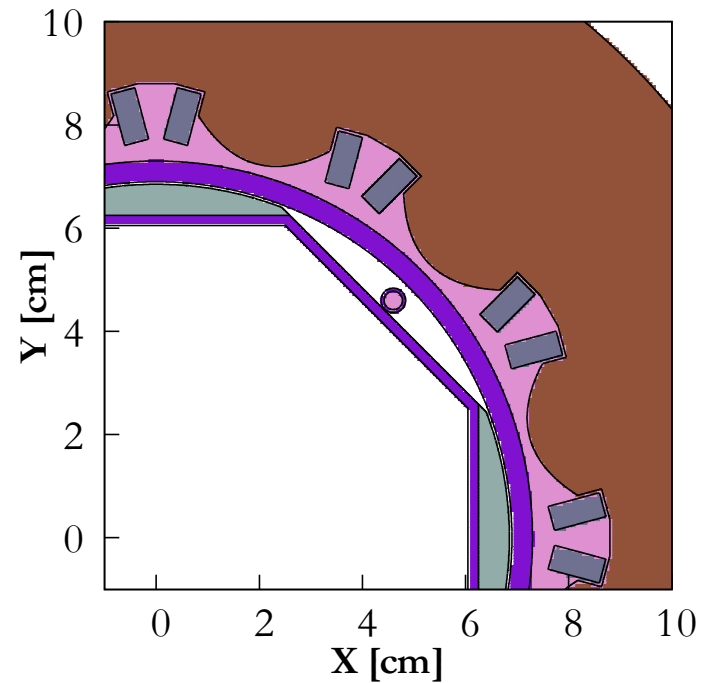
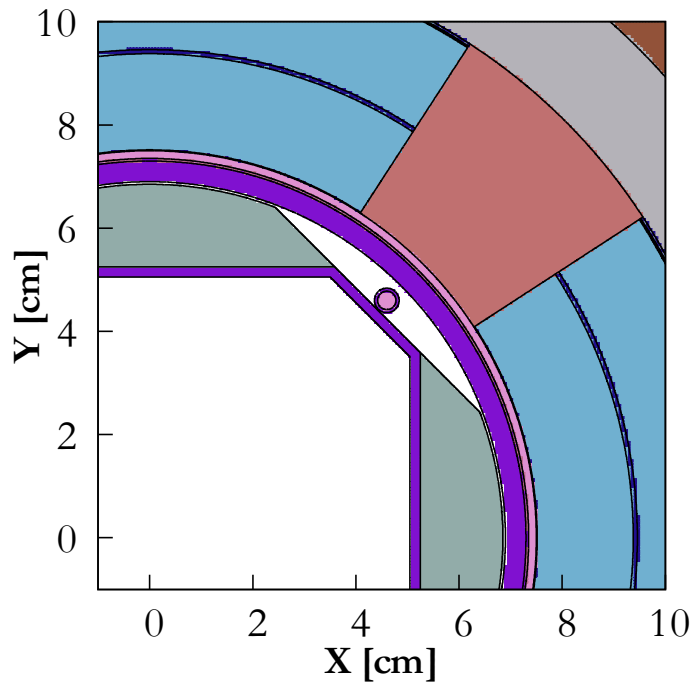
OUTLINE

- the 150mm Nb₃Sn triplet (and Nb-Ti correctors) with a baseline shielding
- dependence on crossing plane
- dependence on the interconnect layout (BPMs)
- integral power → cryogenic load
- **D1**
- what's next

FLUKA GEOMETRY



SHIELDING AND APERTURE



4 LHe channels with inner radius = 1.78 mm
Tungsten density = 19.3 g/cm^3 (no packing factor)

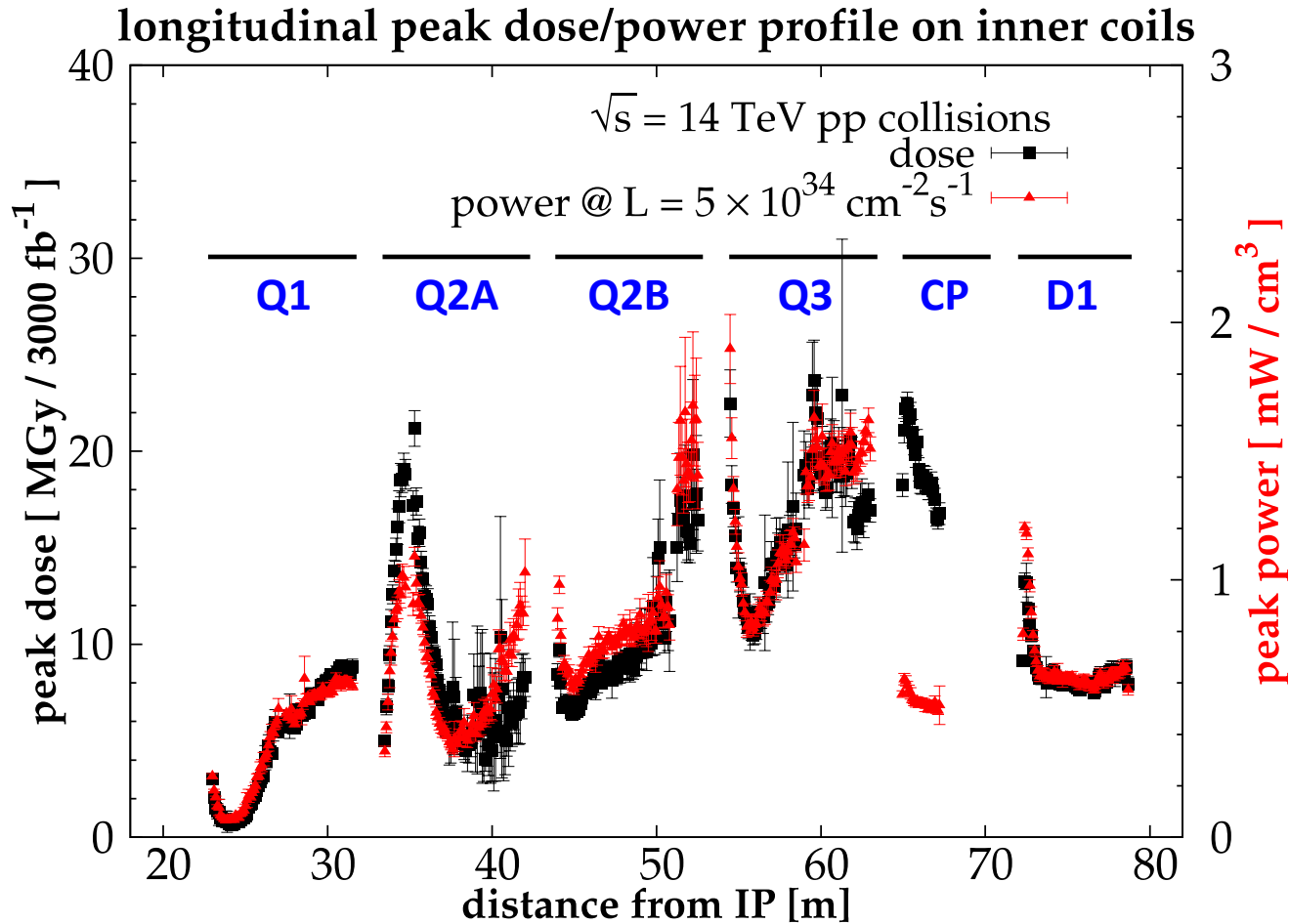
4mm cold bore

0.5 mm **clearance** between absorbers and cold bore

in reality should be **1.5mm** (including sliding rings) [R. Kersevan]

→ **effective aperture in Q2?**

DEGRADATION AND QUENCH RISK EVALUATION: THE IMPACT OF THE COLLISION DEBRIS

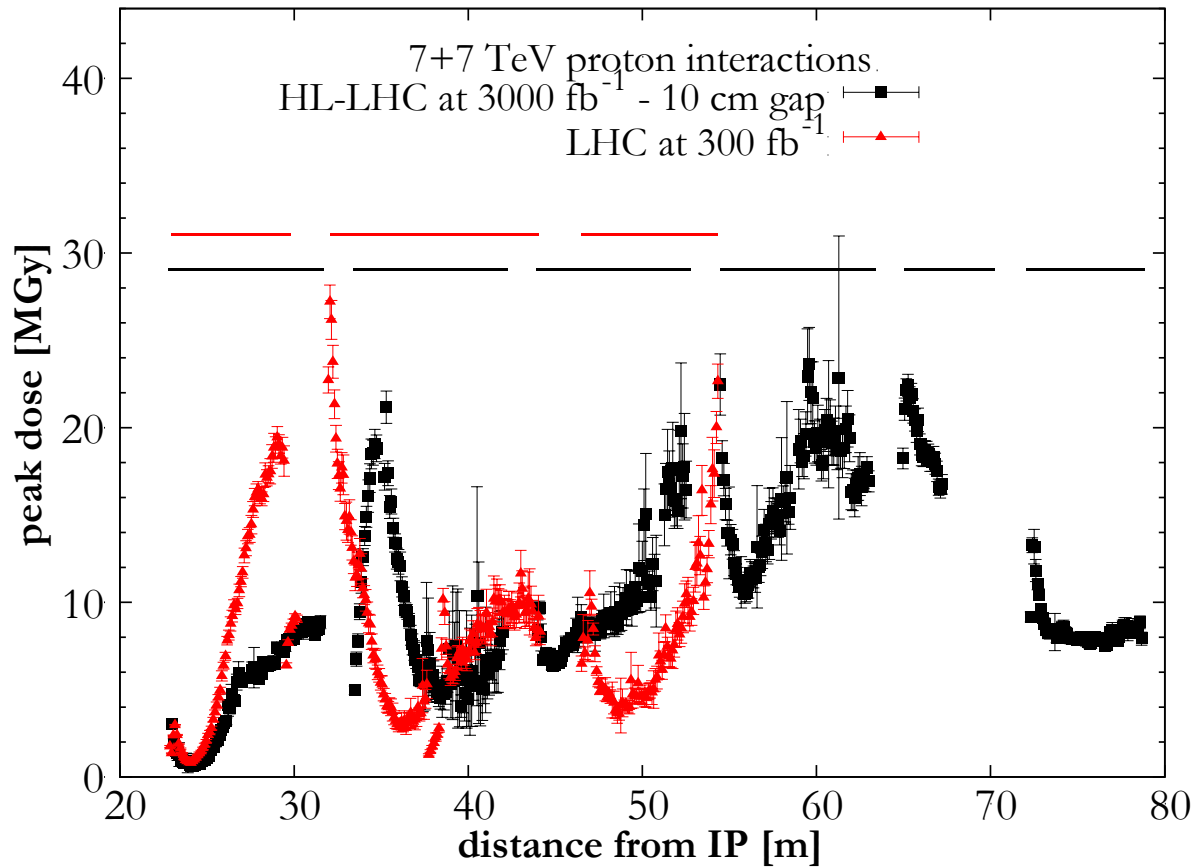


power density averaged over the entire radial thickness of the cable, dose averaged over the innermost 3 mm

10 cm beam screen interruption in the interconnects

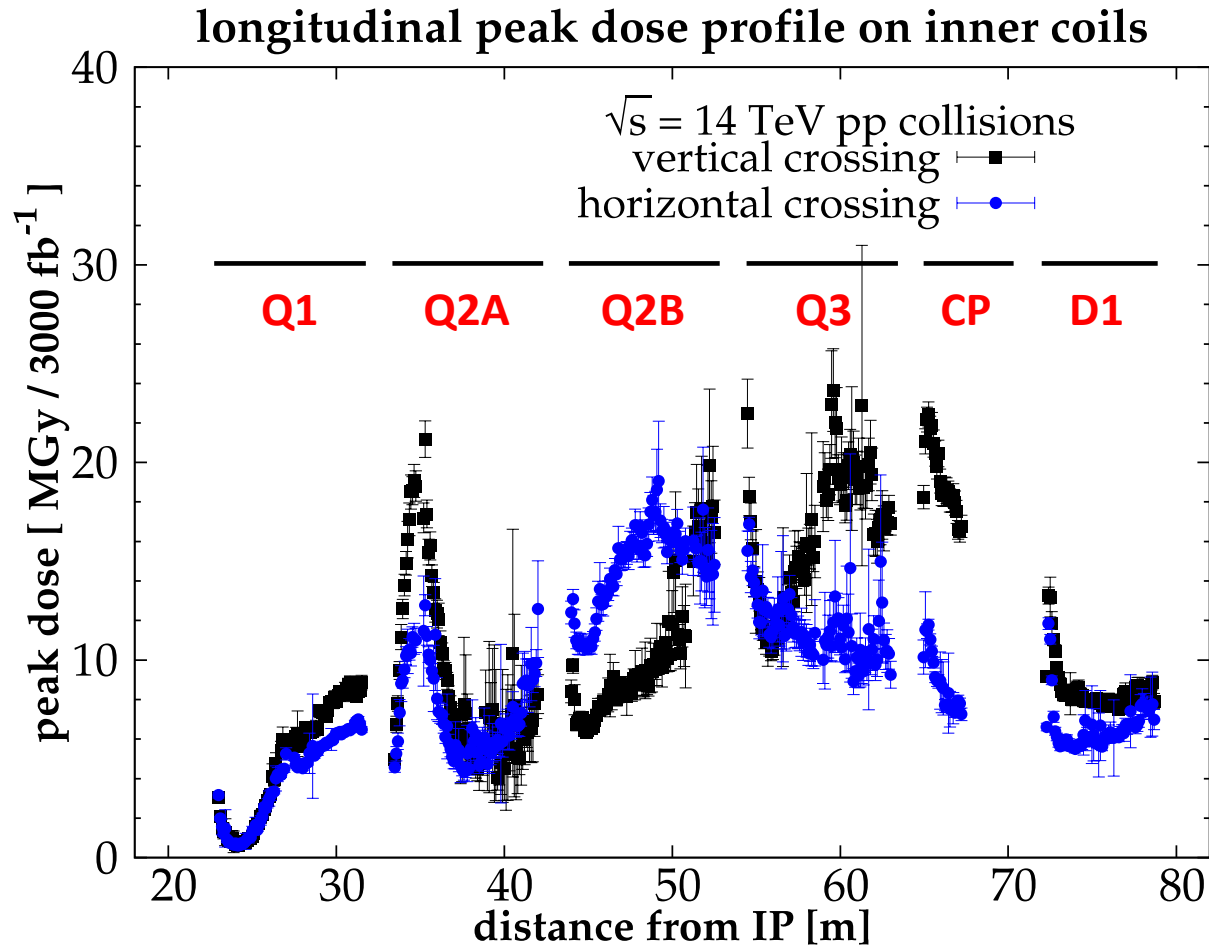
HL-LHC vs LHC (BEFORE vs AFTER LS3)

peak dose longitudinal profile

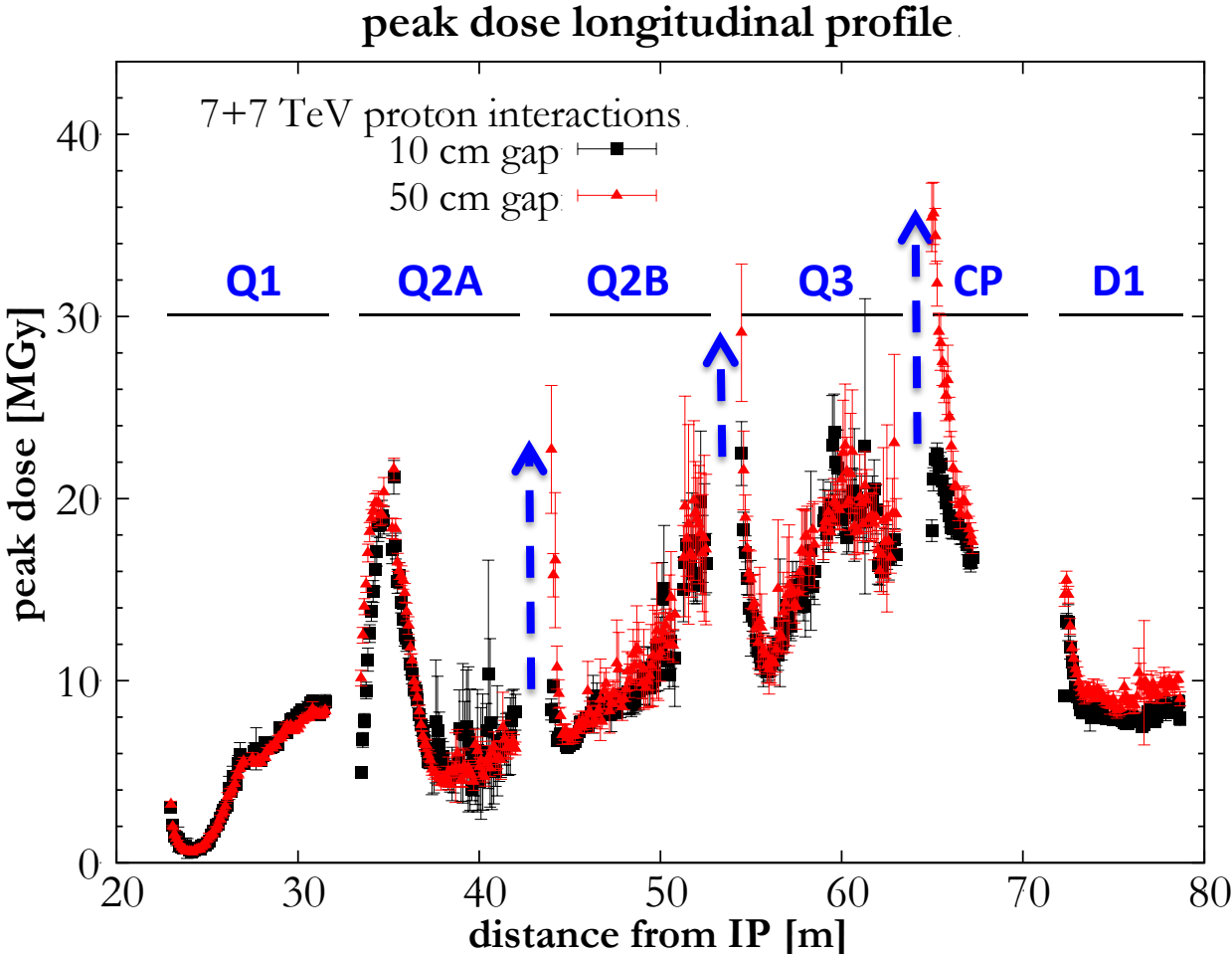


beam screen interruptions in the present machine: Q1-Q2 ~ 45 cm, Q2-Q3: ~ 15 cm

HORIZONTAL vs VERTICAL CROSSING



SHIELDED BEAM SCREEN INTERRUPTION

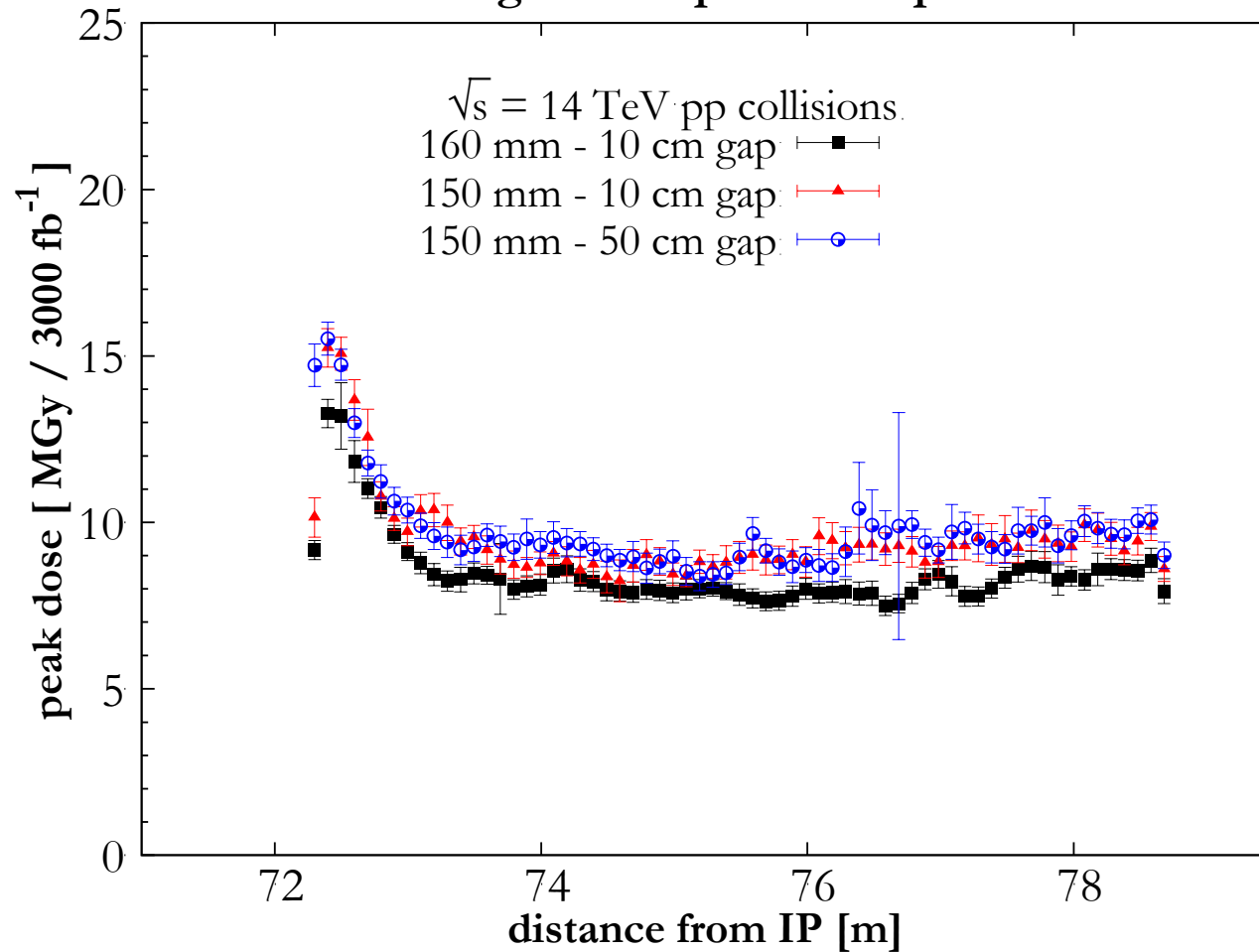


INTEGRAL POWER

	10 cm gap in ICs		50 cm gap in ICs	
	Magnet cold mass	Beam screen	Magnet cold mass	Beam screen
	Power [W]			
Q1A + Q1B	100	175	100	170
Q2A + orbit corr.	95	60	100	65
Q2B + orbit corr.	115	80	120	80
Q3A + Q3B	140	80	140	80
CP	55	55	60	55
D1	90	60	90	60
Interconnects	20	140	20	105
Total	615	650	630	615

D1: 160mm vs 150mm

D1 longitudinal peak dose profile



CONCLUSIONS

- the first study on the foreseen 150mm triplet indicates that a **continuous tungsten shielding of 16mm in Q1 and 6mm up to D1** allows not to exceed the *peak dose* value expected for 10 times less integrated luminosity in the present triplet and to keep *peak power density* quite below the envisaged quench limits
- the beam screen **shielding interruption in the interconnects, along the BPMs**, features an evident worsening on the front face of Q2B, Q3 and in the CP orbit corrector
- over the Q1-D1 string, **cold mass and beam screen** are **each** subject to a load of **more than 600W** at $5L_0$
- any optimization of the **Q2 effective aperture**?
- no significant effect is found for the **D1 aperture shrinking to 150mm**
- results by the MARS team are in production
- the HL-LHC crossing angle and (**TAN**) aperture are expected to expose the downstream elements (D2 in primis) much more than now, especially *for horizontal crossing*

RESERVE SLIDES

BASIC PARAMETERS

HLLHCV1.0 round optics from R. De Maria
295 μrad half crossing angle
 $\beta^* = 15 \text{ cm}$

normalization

85 mb p-p inelastic (and diffractive) cross-section
at $\sqrt{s}=14\text{TeV}$
dose after 3000 fb^{-1}
power at $\mathcal{L} = 5 \times 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$

DPMJET III as event generator

scoring resolution (binning)

$\Delta z \simeq 10 \text{ cm}$, $\Delta\phi = 2^\circ$
 $\Delta r \simeq 3 \text{ mm}$ for dose evaluation
entire cable size for power density evaluation

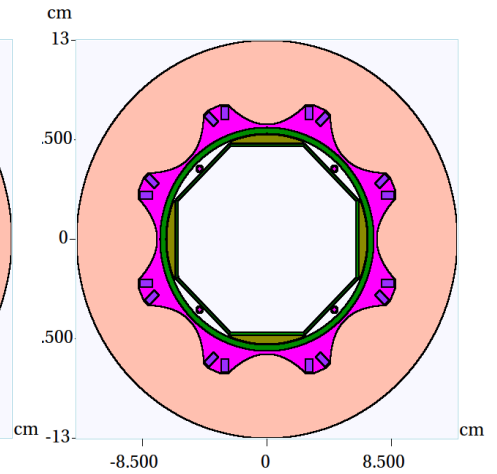
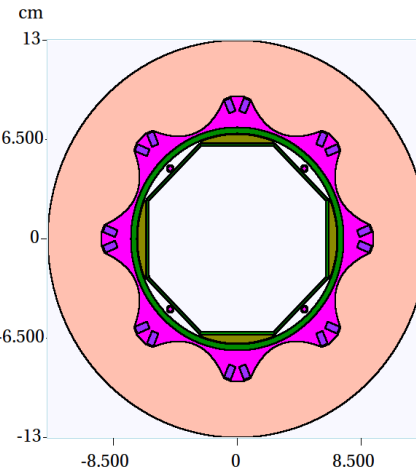
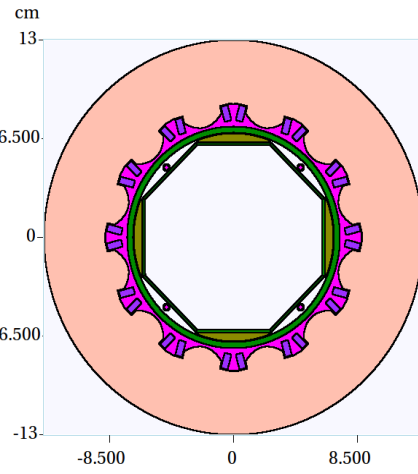
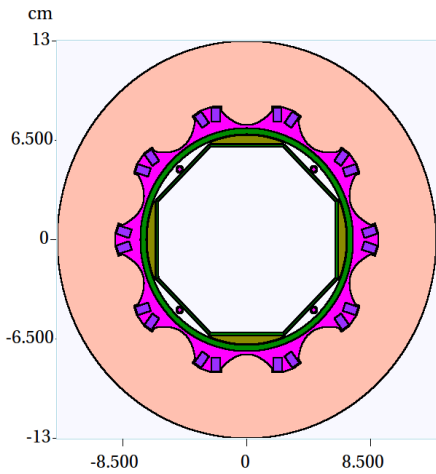
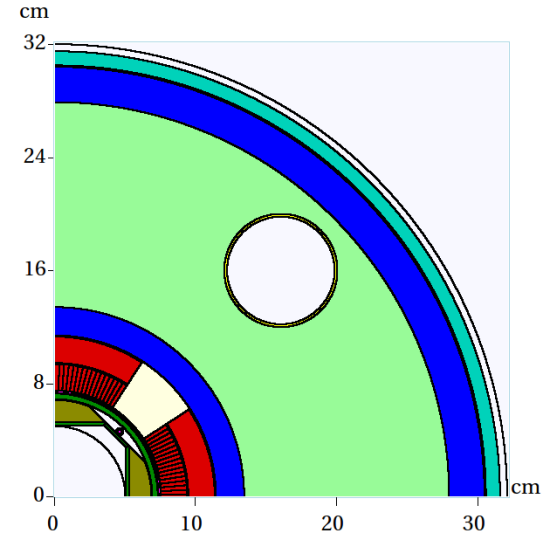
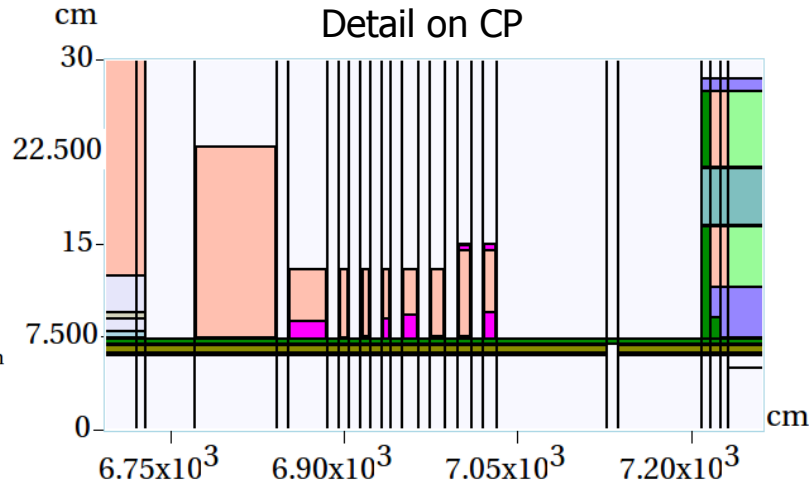
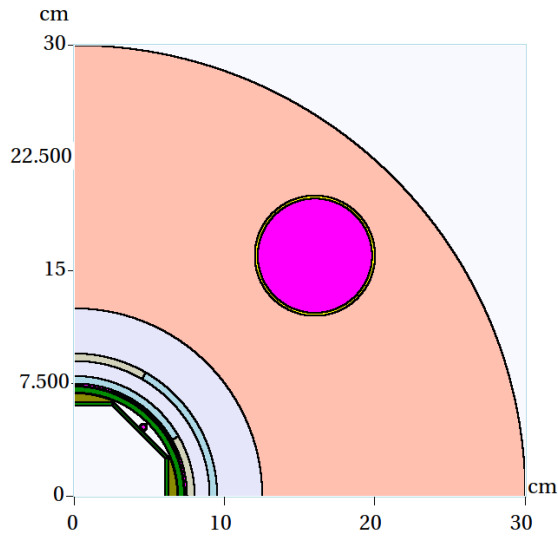
	Magnetic length [cm]	Magnet end [cm]
Q1-Q3 module	400.2	22.5
Q2 module	679.2	22.5
Orbit correctors	120/220	7.5
Super-ferric magnets [^]	7.9÷71.6	1.2÷1.6
D1 dipole	636.0	22.5

[^] Magnetic length does not include return coils, except for super-ferric magnets where total length is equal to magnetic length

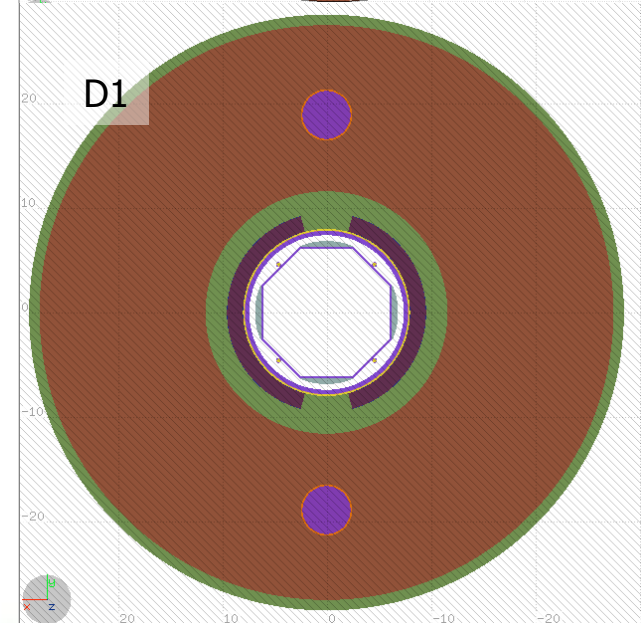
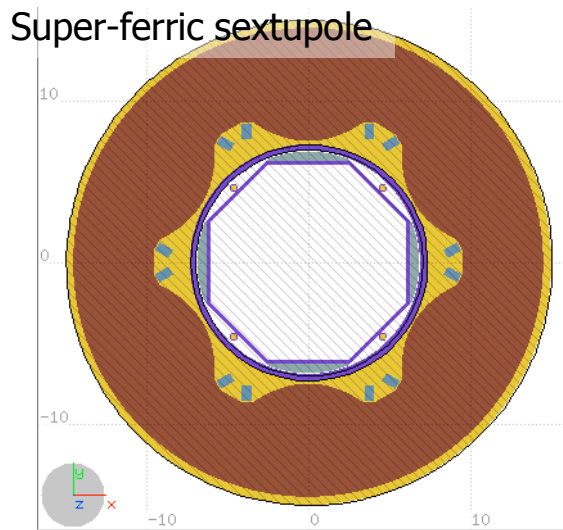
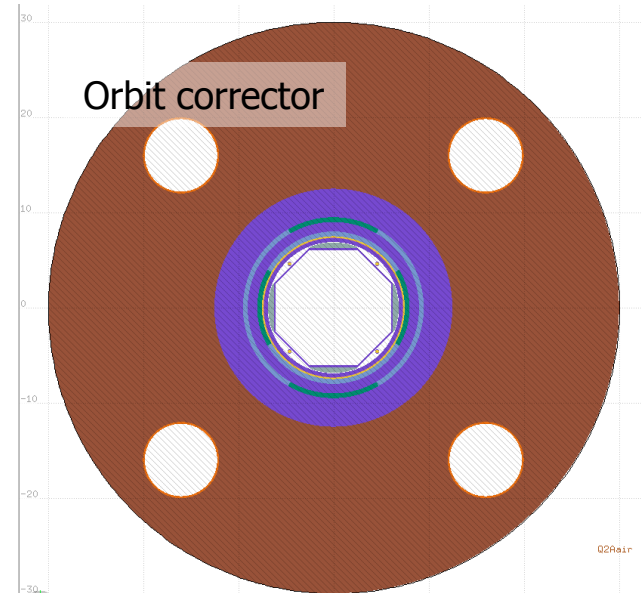
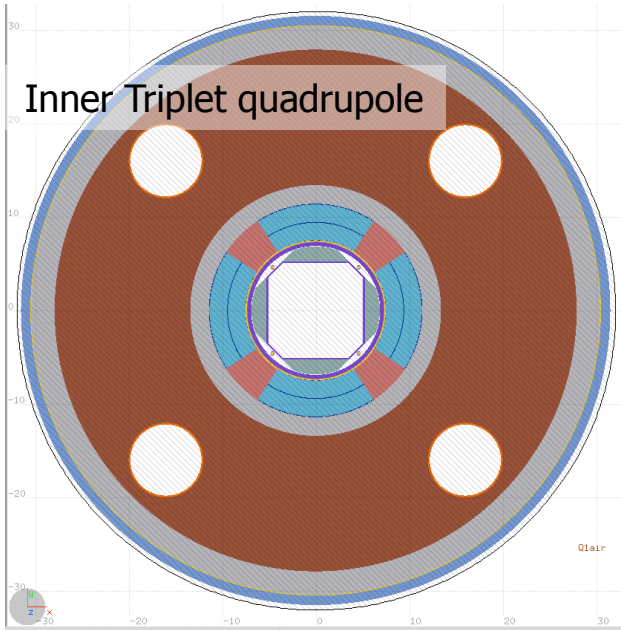
Distance between magnetic lengths in different cryostats is 2m

MARS GEOMETRY

[N. Mokhov, I. L. Rakhno, I. Tropin]



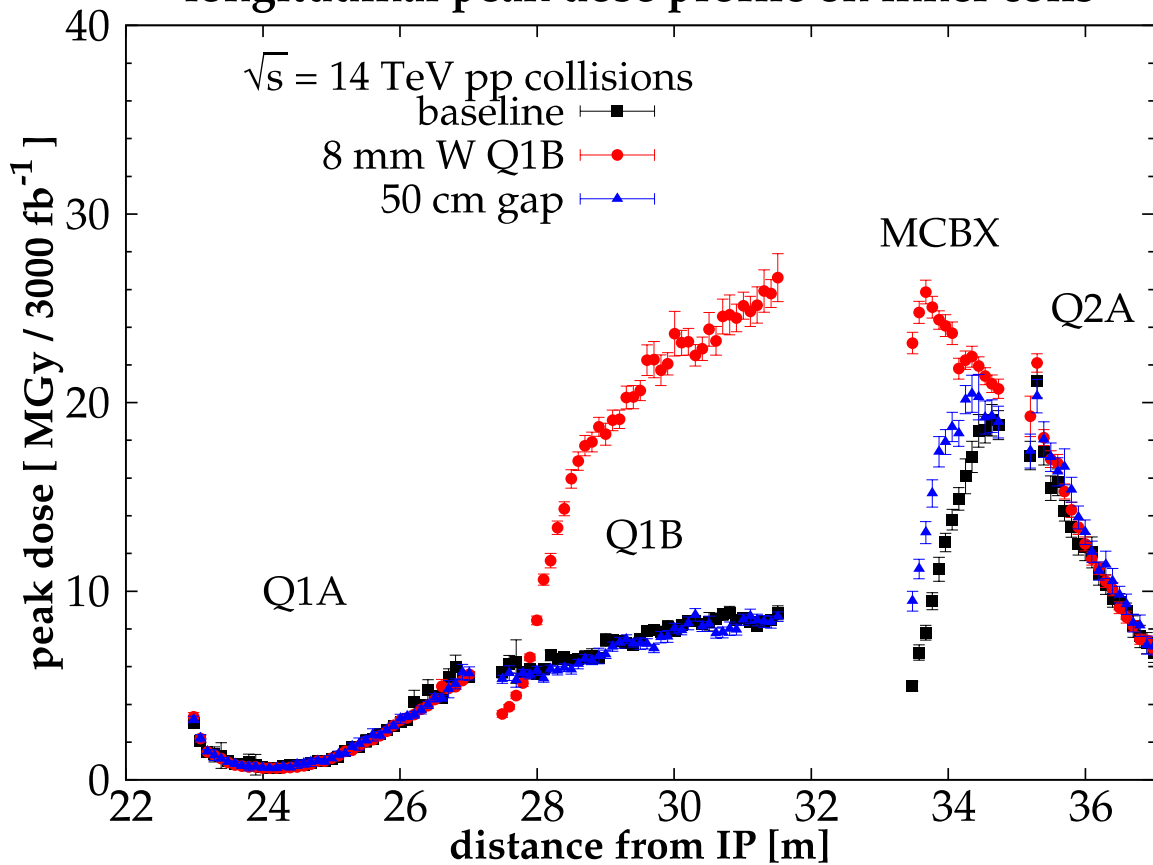
FLUKA GEOMETRY [II]



THE Q1-Q2 REGION

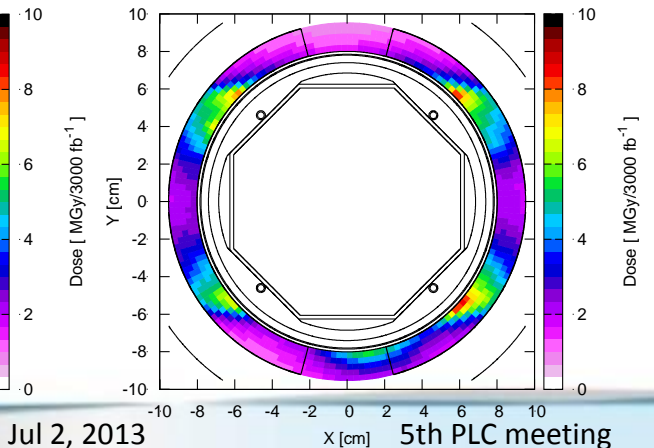
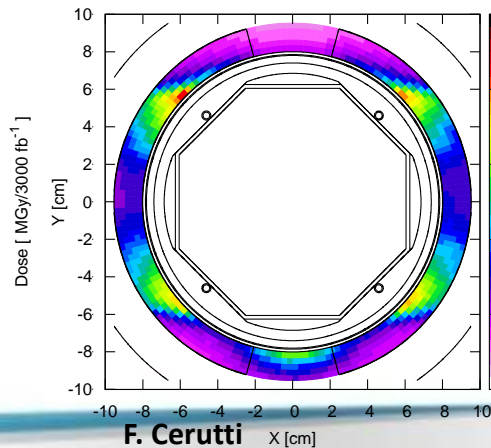
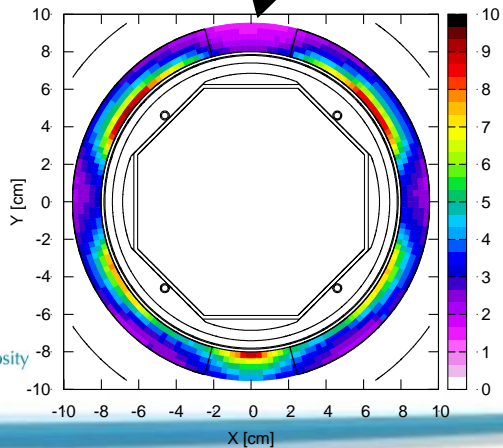
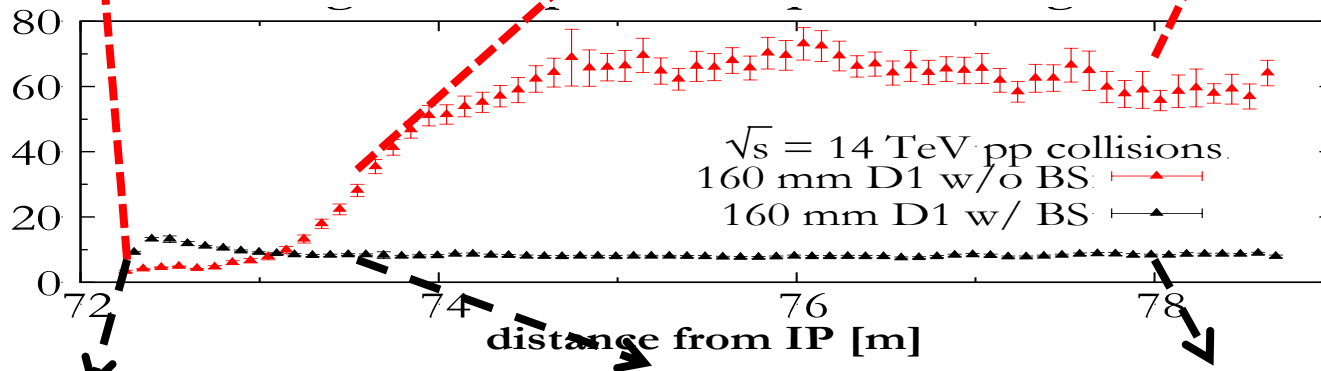
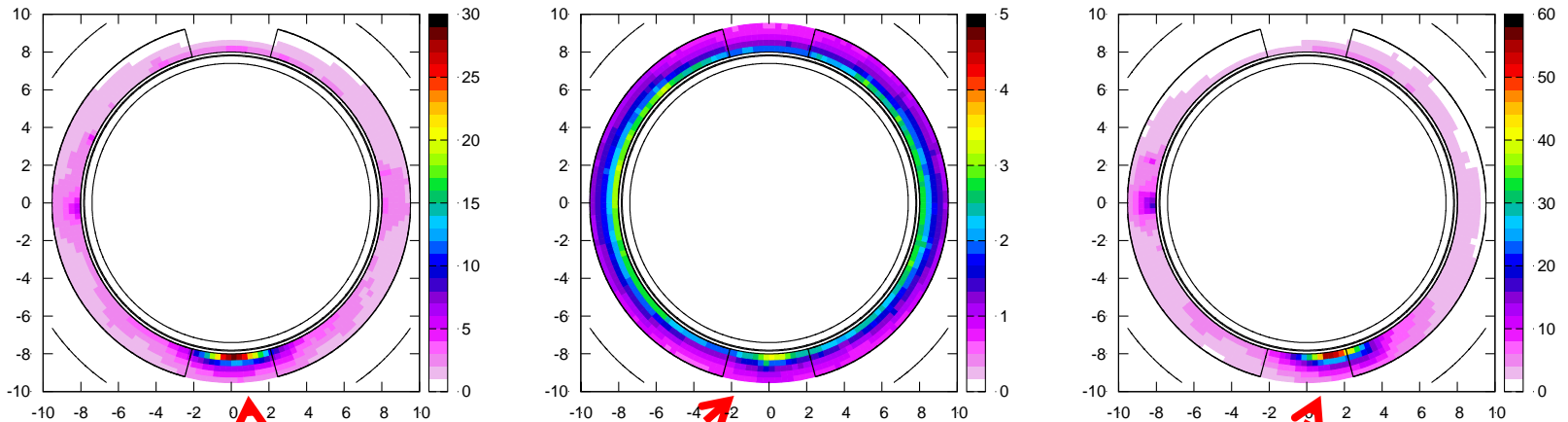
playing with the W thickness in Q1B and with BS gap length in the IC

longitudinal peak dose profile on inner coils



	baseline		8 mm W in Q1B	
	Power [W]			
Magnet	Cold mass	BS	Cold mass	BS
Q1A	30	38	30	38
Q1B	69	132	86	84
MCBX	21	17	36	22
Q2A	72	43	75	43
Q2B	99	68	98	68

ENERGY DEPOSITION IN D1



WHATEVER