

Theory constraints on new physics

Csaba Balázs



Australian Government
Australian Research Council



MONASH
University



CoEPP
ARC Centre of Excellence for
Particle Physics at the Terascale

outline

- unification
- naturalness
- constraints

theory = model

$$SU(3) \times SU(2) \times U(1) \times SO(1,3)$$

theory

$$SU(3) \times SU(2) \times U(1) \times SO(1,3)$$

constraints?

theory

$$\text{SU}(3) \times \text{SU}(2) \times \text{U}(1) \times \text{SO}(1,3)$$

internal symmetries

matter

$$\begin{pmatrix} \nu \\ e \end{pmatrix}_{-1} \quad \begin{pmatrix} u \\ d \end{pmatrix}_{1/3} \quad \bar{u}_{-4/3} \quad \bar{d}_{-2/3} \quad \bar{e}_2$$

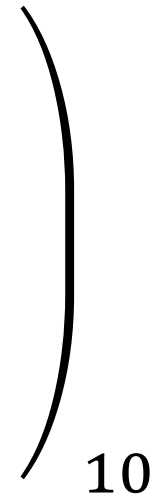
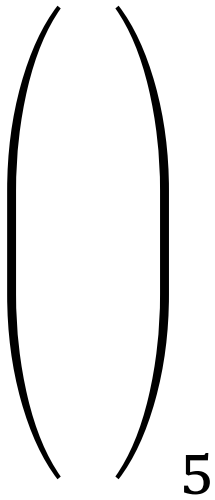
multiplets of fundamental representations

matter

$$\begin{pmatrix} \nu \\ e \end{pmatrix}_{-1} \quad \begin{pmatrix} u \\ d \end{pmatrix}_{1/3} \quad \bar{u}_{-4/3} \quad \bar{d}_{-2/3} \quad \bar{e}_2$$

quantum numbers make no sense

matter



unified matter

$$\begin{pmatrix} \bar{d} \\ \bar{d} \\ \bar{d} \\ \nu \\ e \end{pmatrix}_{\bar{5}} \quad \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \bar{u} & \bar{u} & u & d \\ & 0 & \bar{u} & u & d \\ & & 0 & u & d \\ & & & 0 & \bar{e} \\ & & & & 0 \end{pmatrix}_{10}$$

a generation = two SU(5) multiplets

unified matter

$$\begin{pmatrix} \bar{d} \\ \bar{d} \\ \bar{d} \\ \nu \\ e \end{pmatrix}_{\bar{5}} \quad \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \bar{u} & \bar{u} & u & d \\ & 0 & \bar{u} & u & d \\ & & 0 & u & d \\ & & & 0 & \bar{e} \\ & & & & 0 \end{pmatrix}_{10}$$

SU(5) explains fermionic quantum numbers ...

unified matter

$$\begin{pmatrix} \bar{d} \\ \bar{d} \\ \bar{d} \\ \nu \\ e \end{pmatrix}_{\bar{5}} \quad \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \bar{u} & \bar{u} & u & d \\ & 0 & \bar{u} & u & d \\ & & 0 & u & d \\ & & & 0 & \bar{e} \\ & & & & 0 \end{pmatrix}_{10}$$

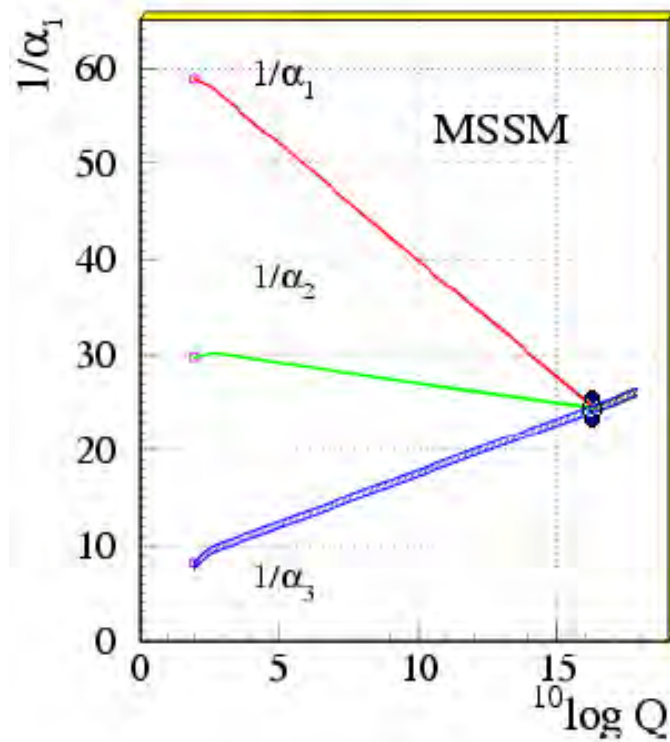
... leptons as fourth color ...

unified forces

$$\begin{pmatrix} \bar{d} \\ \bar{d} \\ \bar{d} \\ \nu \\ e \end{pmatrix}_{\bar{5}} \quad \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \bar{u} & \bar{u} & u & d \\ & 0 & \bar{u} & u & d \\ & & 0 & u & d \\ & & & 0 & \bar{e} \\ & & & & 0 \end{pmatrix}_{10}$$

... the value of the weak mixing angle ...

unified forces



... and gauge unification

unified matter

SU(5) explains various standard puzzles ...

unified matter

SU(5) explains various standard puzzles ...

... and constrains new physics

unified model

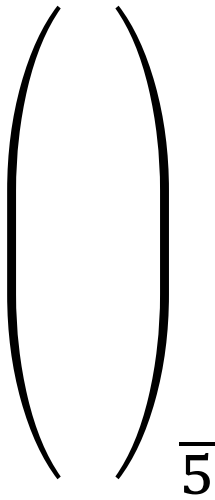
$$SU(5) \times SO(1,3)$$

unified model

$$SU(5) \times SO(1,3)$$

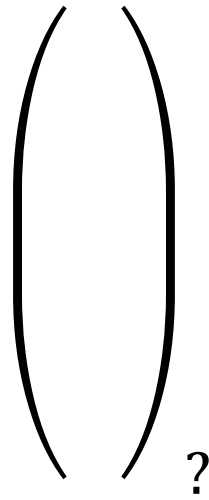
unified model?

unified model



can we do better?

unified model



unified matter

1 generation = fundamental 16-plet of $SO(10)$

unified matter

1 generation = fundamental 16-plet of $SO(10)$

$SO(10)$ predicts the right-handed neutrino ...

unified matter

1 generation = fundamental 16-plet of $SO(10)$

... and hints at the see-saw mechanism

unified model

$$SO(10) \times SO(1,3)$$

unified model

$SO(10) \times SO(1,3)$

unified model?

combined internal & gauge symmetry?

$$SO(10) \times SO(1,3) \overset{?}{\subset} G$$

no-go: Coleman & Mandula

$$SO(10) \times SO(1,3) \not\subset G$$

go-around: supersymmetry

$$SO(10) \times SO(3,1)$$

only way to extend

supersymmetry

$$SO(1,3) \oplus S \approx Sp(4) \otimes O(1) \equiv Osp(4|1)$$

S spanned by anti-commuting (fermionic) generators

supersymmetry

$$SO(10) \times Osp(4|1)$$

supersymmetry

$$SO(10) \times Osp(4|1)$$

supersymmetry connects matter and forces

unified model

$$SO(10) \times Osp(4|1)$$

unified model

$$SO(10) \times Osp(4|1)$$

is that it?

Ed Witten, July 2002

THERE ISN'T ANY FOUR-DIMENSIONAL ⁽¹⁹⁾
MODEL THAT DOES BETTER - BUT THERE
IS ONE MORE MODEL WORTHY OF NOTE
- THE E_6 MODEL (GURSEY,
RAMOND, et.c)

WHAT IS E_6 ?

FOR GAUGE THEORY, WE NEED
TO PICK A GAUGE GROUP.

THERE ARE INFINITE FAMILIES

$\left. \begin{array}{l} SO(N) \\ SU(N) \\ Sp(N) \end{array} \right\} \text{ ANY } N$

OF POSSIBLE GROUPS, TWO OF WHICH
- $SU(5)$ AND $SO(10)$ - ARE USED IN
MODELS I MENTIONED SO FAR

⁽²⁰⁾
AND THERE ARE FIVE
EXCEPTIONS

G_2, F_4, E_6, E_7, E_8

NATURE IS EXCEPTIONAL, SO
WHY NOT DESCRIBE IT
USING AN EXCEPTIONAL LIE
GROUP?

THERE IS ONE THAT BEAUTIFULLY
WORKS - THE E_6 MODEL

IT CAPTURES THE SUCCESSES
OF THE $SO(10)$ MODEL "EXCEPTIONALLY"

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unified matter

$$SO(10) \subset E(6)$$

unification of matter and Higgses

unified everything

$$E(6) \subset E(8)$$

3 generations + forces + Higgses in a SUSY multiplet...

unified everything

$$E(6) \subset E(8)$$

3 generations + forces + Higgses in a SUSY multiplet...
... in 10 dimensions

unified everything

$$E(8) \times E(8) \times \text{OSp}(10 | N)$$

naturalness

naturalness

“Everything is natural: if it weren't, it wouldn't be.”

Mary Catherine Bateson

gauge

$$\begin{pmatrix} \text{gluons} & X, Y \\ X, Y & W, Z \end{pmatrix}$$

SU(5) force carriers

gauge hierarchy

$$\begin{pmatrix} \text{gluons} & X, Y \\ X, Y & W, Z \end{pmatrix}$$

X, Y mediate p^+ decay

$$\text{so: } m_{W,Z} \ll m_{X,Y}$$

gauge hierarchy problem

$$\begin{pmatrix} \text{gluons} & X, Y \\ X, Y & W, Z \end{pmatrix}$$

X, Y mediate p^+ decay

$$\text{so: } m_{W,Z} \ll m_{X,Y}$$

why?

gauge hierarchy problem

$$\begin{pmatrix} \text{gluons} & X, Y \\ X, Y & W, Z \end{pmatrix}$$

X, Y mediate p^+ decay

$$\text{so: } m_{W,Z} \ll m_{X,Y}$$

unbroken $SU(2)$ protects $m_{W,Z}$ until weak scale

gauge hierarchy problem

$$\begin{pmatrix} \text{gluons} & X, Y \\ X, Y & W, Z \end{pmatrix}$$

$$m_W = g v/2 = g m_H/(2 \lambda) \approx m_H$$

$$m_H \approx m_W \ll m_{X,Y}$$

why?

gauge hierarchy problem

$$\begin{pmatrix} \text{gluons} & X, Y \\ X, Y & W, Z \end{pmatrix}$$

$$m_W = g v/2 = g m_H/(2 \lambda) \approx m_H$$

$$m_H \approx m_W \ll m_{X,Y}$$

nothing protects m_H

gauge hierarchy solution

supersymmetry protects m_H

little hierarchy problem

supersymmetry protects m_H

if spartners are heavy \Rightarrow protection is weak

little hierarchy problem

the natural value of m_h in a minimal 4D SUSY GUT is

$$m_h \approx m_Z$$

electroweak fine-tuning

so people measure fine-tuning in terms of

$$m_h/m_Z$$

electroweak fine-tuning

so people measure fine-tuning in terms of

$$m_h/m_Z - 1 = (m_h - m_Z)/m_Z \approx (m_h - m_Z)/m_h = \Delta m_h/m_h$$

electroweak fine-tuning

$$\text{if } m_h = m_Z + \alpha \mu$$

$$\text{then } m_h/m_Z - 1 = \alpha \mu/m_Z \approx \alpha$$

fine-tuning

other people measure fine-tuning in terms of

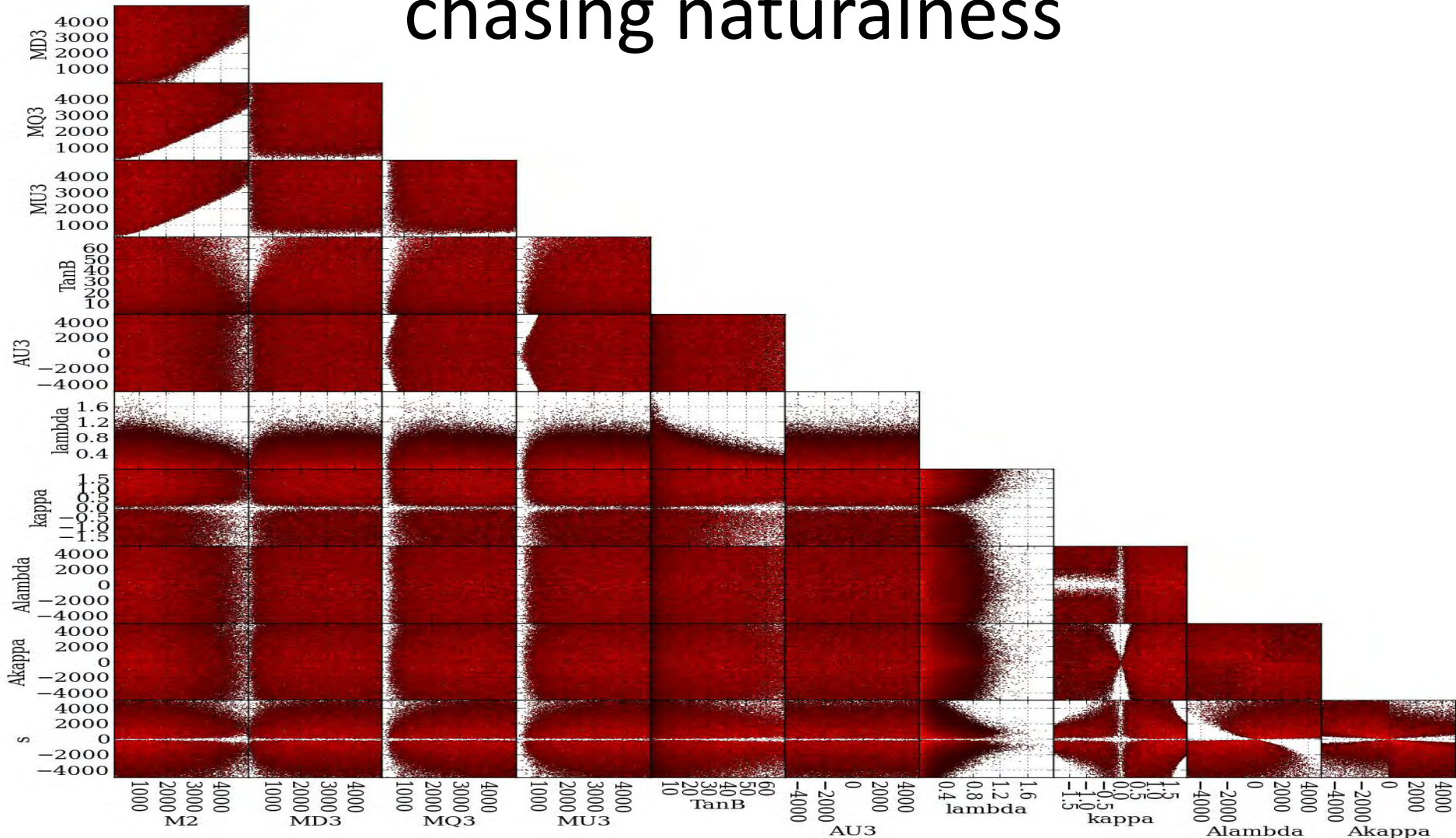
$$\partial m_z / \partial \mu$$

fine-tuning

$$\text{if } m_h = m_z + \alpha \mu$$

$$\text{then } |\partial m_z / \partial \mu| = |\partial m_h / \partial \mu| = \alpha$$

chasing naturalness



fine-tuning maps in the NMSSM based on $\partial m_h / \partial p$

Peter Athron, Cs.B., Doyoun Kim, Ben Farmer, Elliot Hutchison in preparation

chasing naturalness

is gauge hierarchy the right guiding principle...

chasing naturalness

is gauge hierarchy the right guiding principle...
... if new physics is not a 4D SUSY GUT?

chasing naturalness

Should we still believe in constrained
supersymmetry?

Cs.B., Andy Buckley, Daniel Carter, Ben Farmer, Martin White to appear

new symmetry

new physics predicted

SU(5)

$\sin^2\theta_w$, p^+ decay

SO(10)

ν mass, Z'

E(6)

leptoquarks, SM singlets, Z'

E(8)

3 generations, extra dimensions

E(8) x E(8)

mirror matter, axions

SUSY

spartners, dark matter

SUSY GUTs

gauge unification, desert

new symmetry

new physics predicted

SU(5)

$\sin^2\theta_w$, p^+ decay

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SUSY

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SUSY GUTs

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what's dark matter?

what's dark matter?

- lightest supersymmetric particle
- lightest Kaluza-Klein particle
- standard model singlet
 - inert Higgs
 - Z' , Z'' , ...
 - dark photon
 - mirror matter
 - ...
- axion (axino, saxion)
- primordial black holes
- ...
- all the above? none of the above?

what to expect at the collider?

Ed Witten, Hamburg, July 2002

(38)

IF THIS APPROACH IS RIGHT,
WHAT MAY WE FIND AT
ACCELERATORS?

THE HIGGS BOSON REALLY SHOULD
BE IN REACH - PERHAPS AT 115 GeV
AS HINTED AT LEP - SINCE GUT-THEORIES
DON'T WORK WITHOUT IT.

IT SHOULD APPEAR AT FERMILAB IF
THE LUMINOSITY IS REACHED....

(40½)

WE HAVE A HUNCH THAT
SUPERSYMMETRY WILL BE FOUND.

BUT IF IT IS FOUND, THE
DETAILS WILL BE SURPRISING,
AT LEAST TO ME, SINCE NO
MODEL OF THE TeV SCALE
SUPERWORLD IS REALLY
CONVINCING ... THAT IS
PART OF WHAT MAKES THE
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