

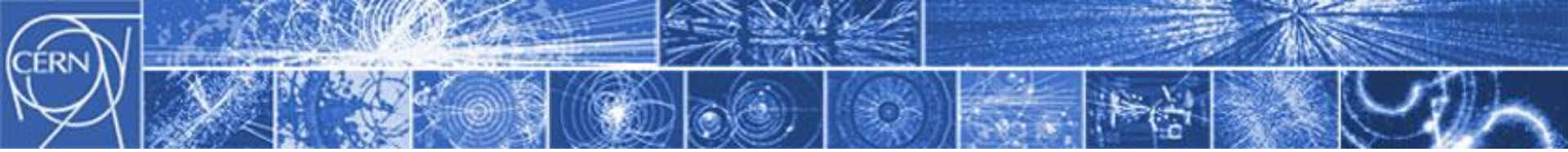


CERN

European Organization for Nuclear Research
Organisation Européenne pour la Recherche Nucléaire

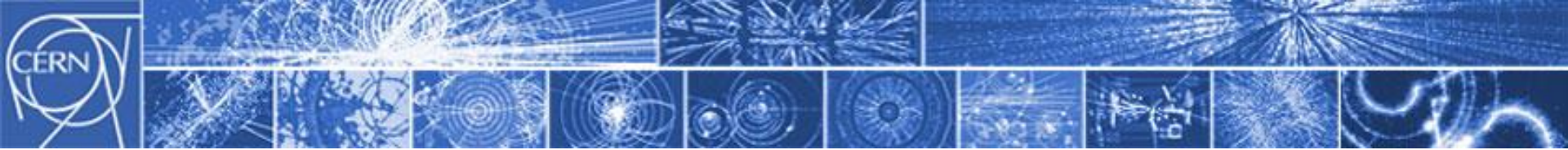
Välkommen till CERN

Lennart Jirden
CERN PH Department



En introduktion till CERN

- Vad
- Varför
- Hur
- Spin-off
- Senaste nytt

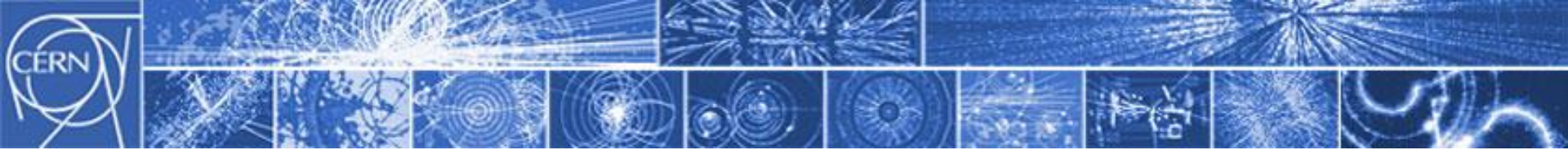


Vad betyder « CERN »?

1952

Conseil	European
Européen pour la	Council for
Recherche	Nuclear
Nucléaire	Research





Vad betyder « CERN »?

1954

Organisation

European

Européenne pour la Organization for

Recherche

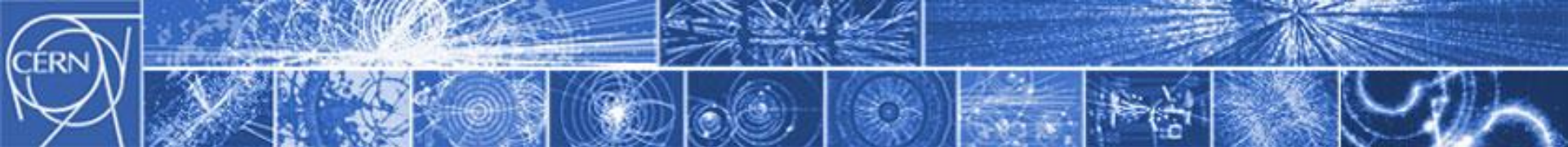
Nuclear

Nucléaire

Research

*European Laboratory
for Particle Physics*





Världens **största** partikelfysik laboratorium

Årlig budget

~ 1200 MCHF (2013)

Dessutom:

*extern finansiering
för experimenten*



People

2500 Staff
900 Fellows och
associates
350 Studenter
11000 Användare
2000 Externa Firmor

c:a 16 000 personer

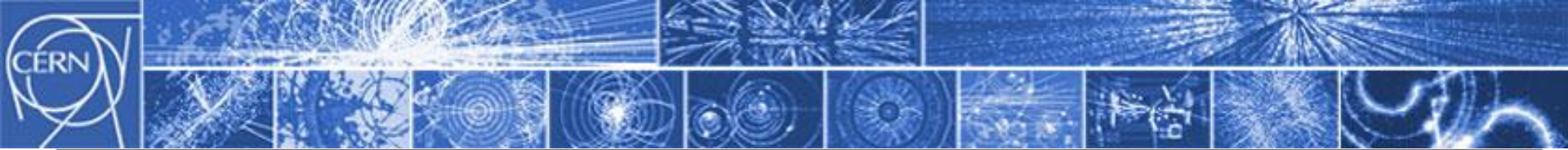
20 Medlemsländer

Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Italy, Hungary, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom

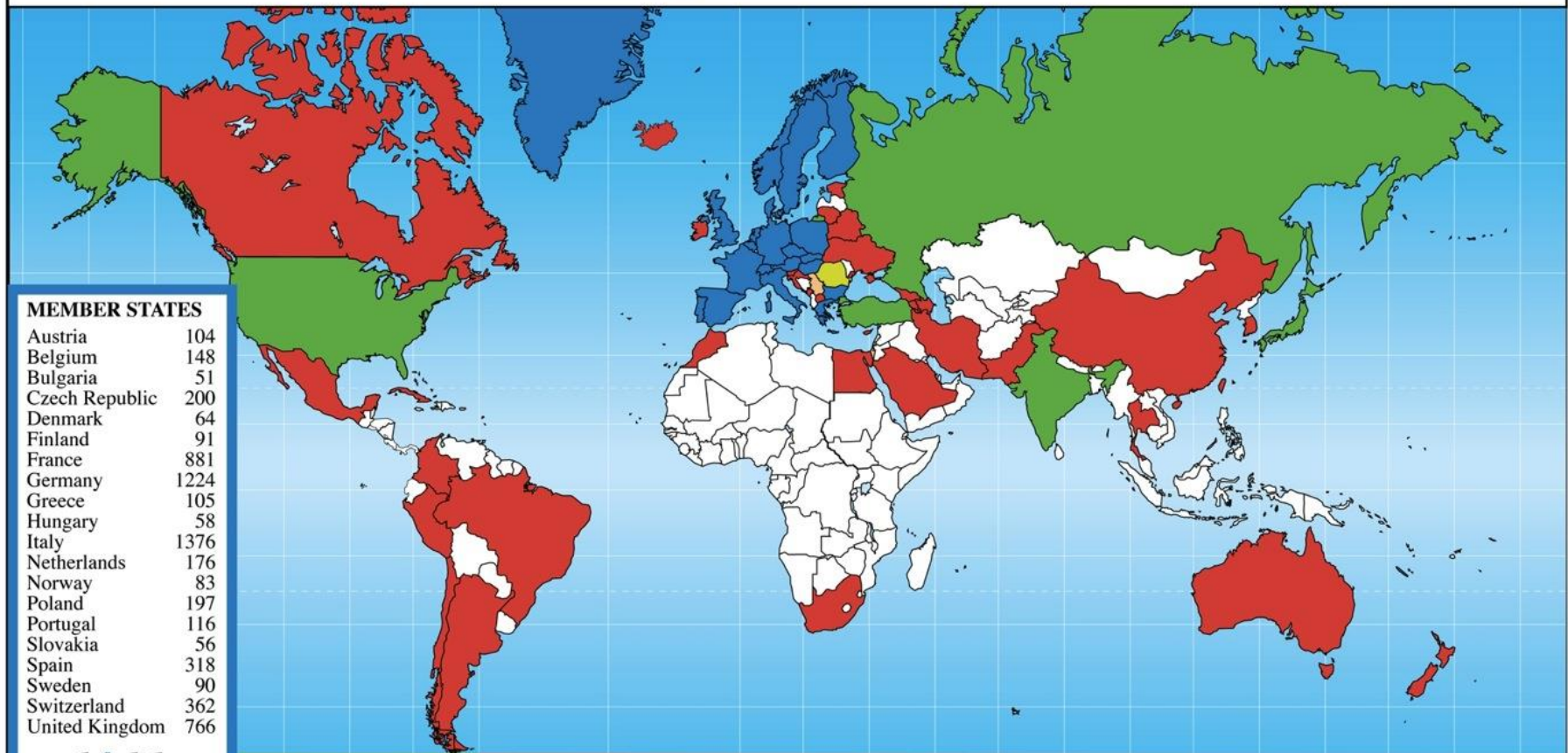
9 Associate & Observer States

USA, Russia, India, Israel, Japan, Turkey, Serbia, European Commission, UNESCO

72 Användarländer



Distribution of All CERN Users by Location of Institute on 2 September 2013



MEMBER STATES

Austria	104
Belgium	148
Bulgaria	51
Czech Republic	200
Denmark	64
Finland	91
France	881
Germany	1224
Greece	105
Hungary	58
Italy	1376
Netherlands	176
Norway	83
Poland	197
Portugal	116
Slovakia	56
Spain	318
Sweden	90
Switzerland	362
United Kingdom	766

6466

OBSERVERS

India	154
Japan	224
Russia	899
Turkey	106
USA	1787

3170

CANDIDATE FOR ACCESSION

Romania	82
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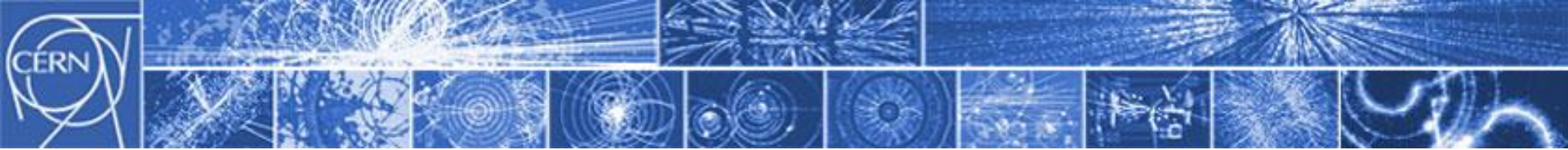
ASSOCIATE MEMBER IN THE PRE-STAGE TO MEMBERSHIP

Israel	57
Serbia	30

OTHERS

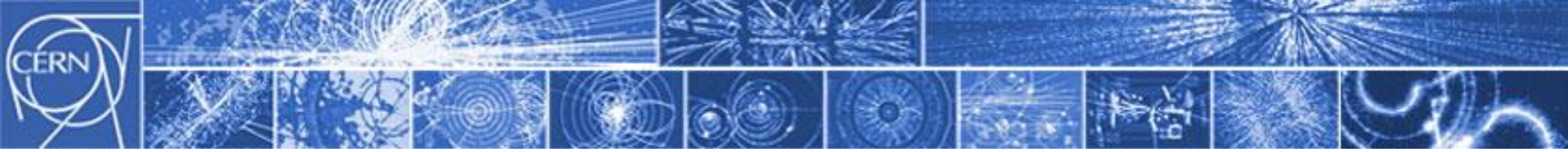
Argentina	17	Chile	7	Georgia	10	New Zealand	6
Armenia	17	China	130	Iceland	4	Pakistan	21
Australia	39	China (Taipei)	70	Iran	22	Peru	2
Azerbaijan	2	Colombia	11	Ireland	7	Saudi Arabia	3
Belarus	23	Croatia	25	Korea	103	Slovenia	25
Brazil	110	Cuba	3	Lithuania	16	South Africa	31
Canada	154	Cyprus	10	Mexico	40	Thailand	6
		Egypt	18	Montenegro	1	T.F.Y.R.O.M.	1
		Estonia	18	Morocco	9	Ukraine	26

987

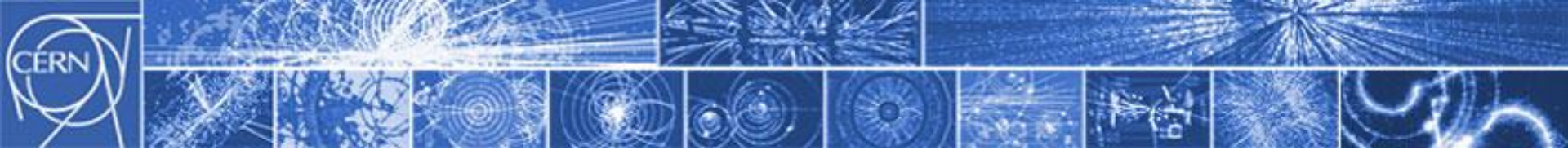


Som en liten stad...



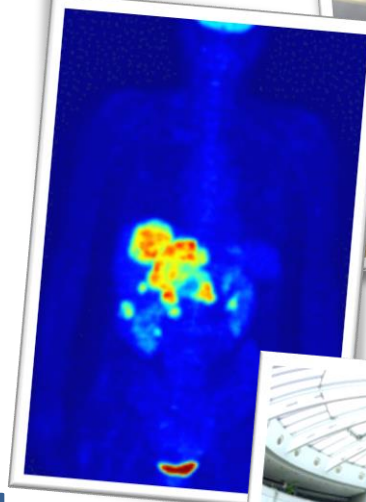


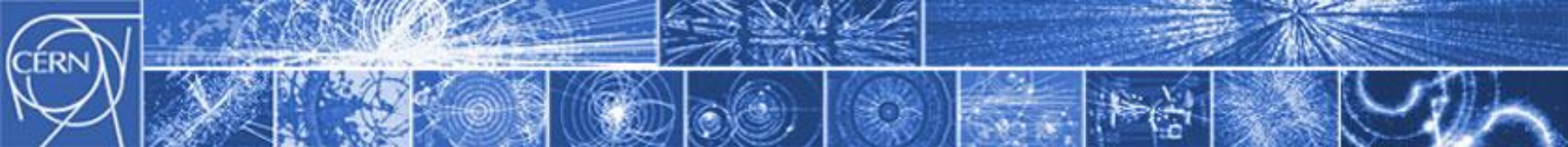
Varför



CERN's målsättning

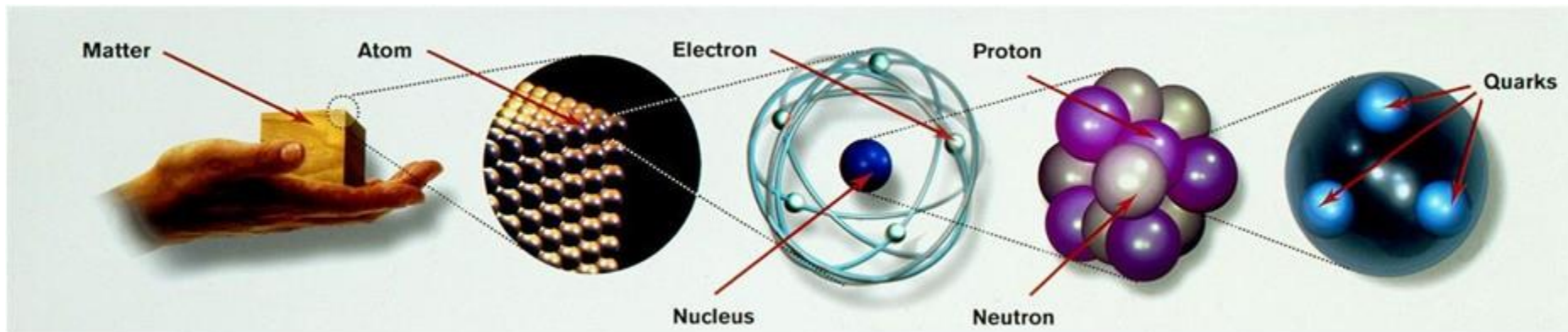
- Grundforskning
- Utbildning
- Teknologikutveckling
- Internationellt samarbete





Grund-forskning

Svara på frågor om materias struktur...



Atom
teori: 4000 bc
upptäckt: 1808

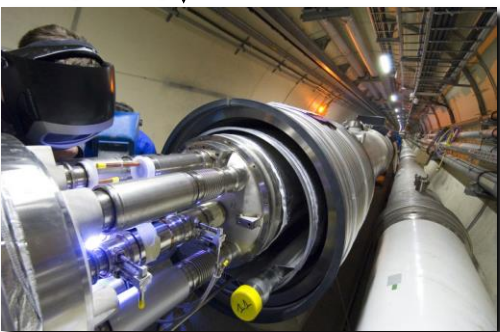
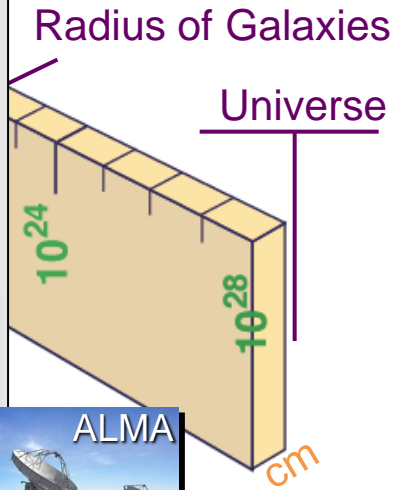
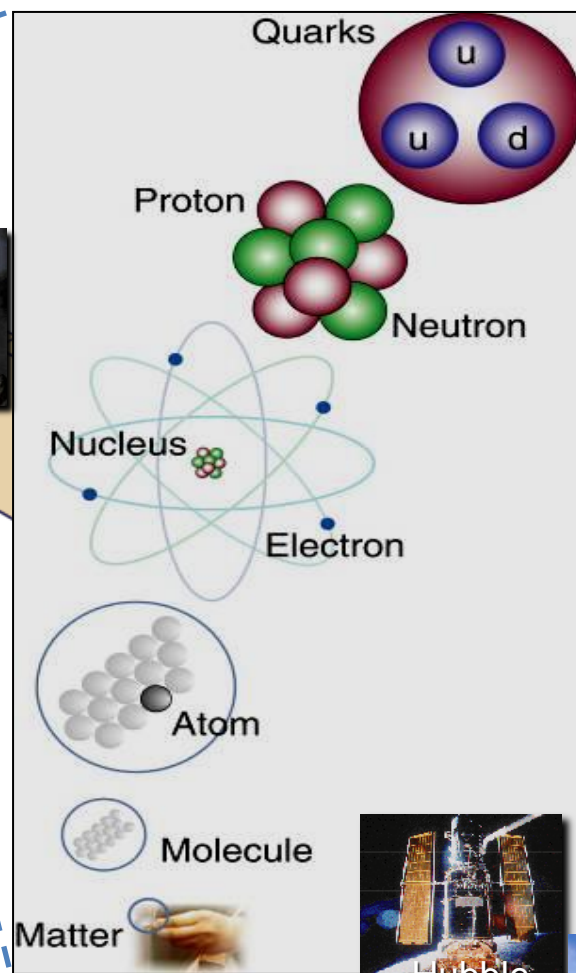
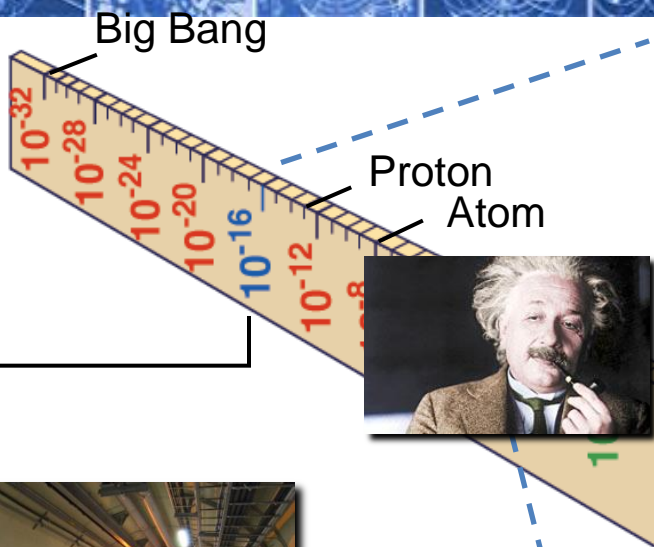
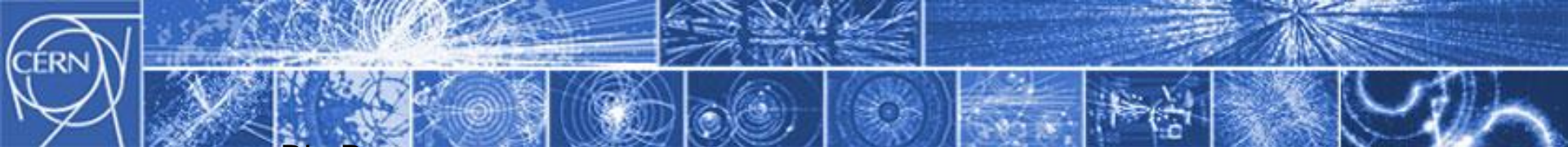
Elektron: 1897

Proton: 1919

Neutron: 1932

Kvark: 1960's

Alla dessa upptäckter gjordes i Europa!!

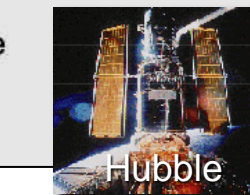


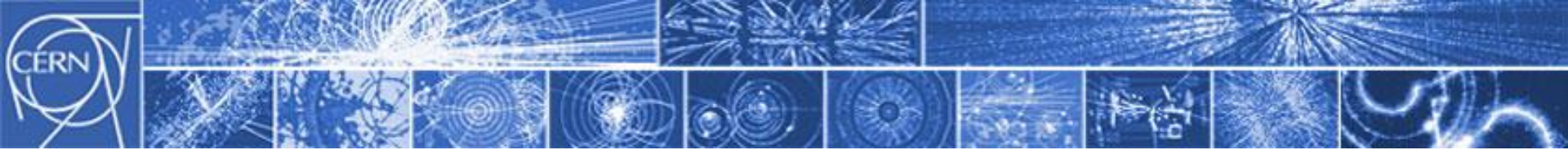
LHC

Super-Microscope



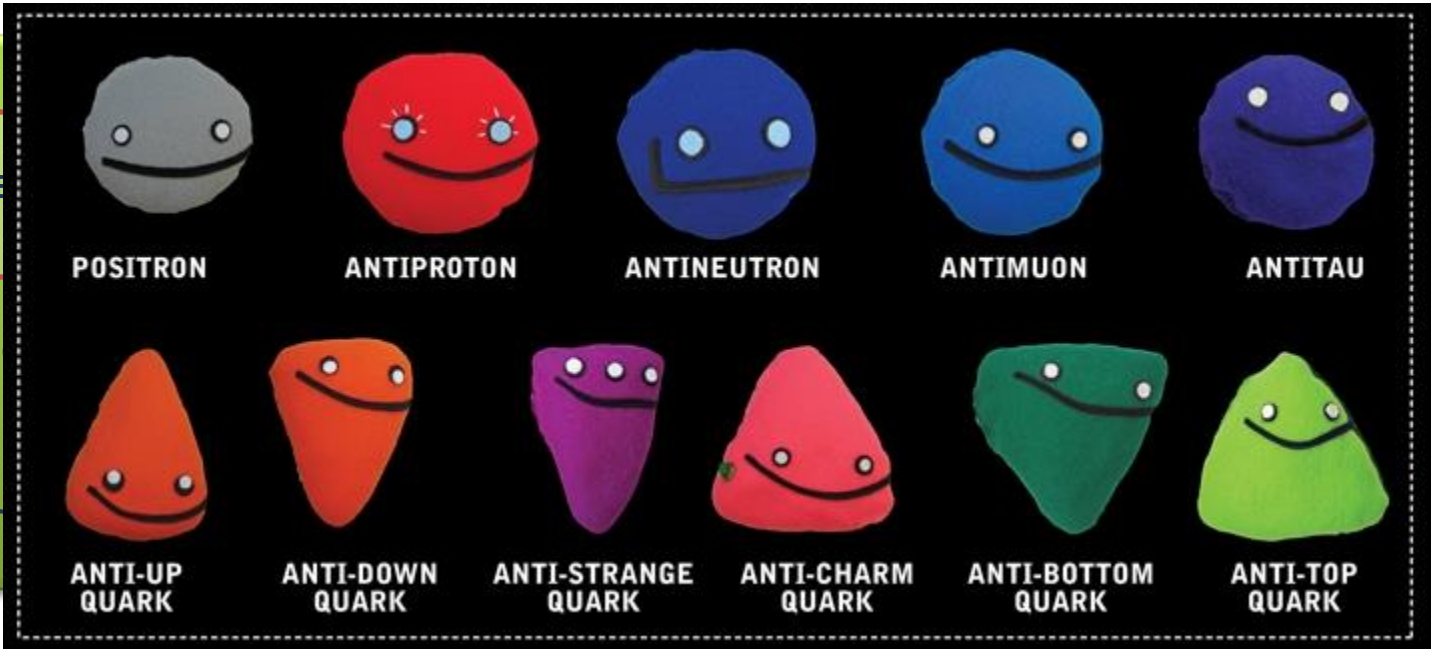
Studie av fysiska lagar
 vid första ögonblicken efter Big Bang
 Ökande samarbete mellan
 Partikelfysik, Astrofysik och Kosmologi



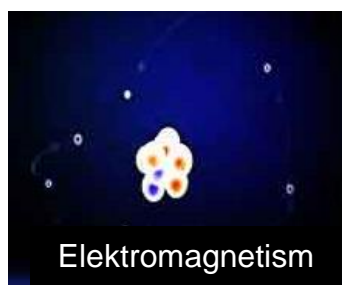
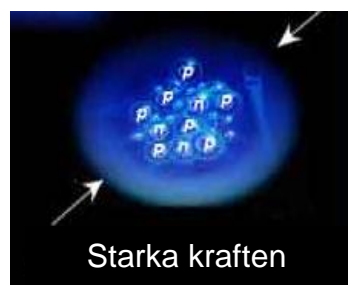


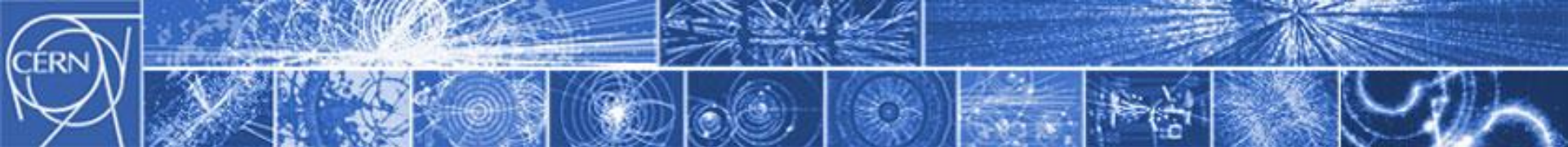
Verifiera existerande teorier: standardmodellen

VANLIG
MATERIA

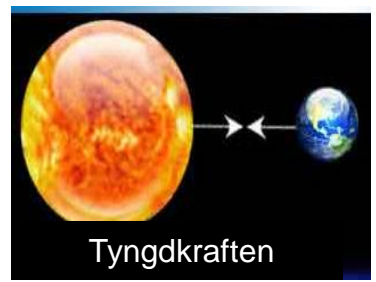
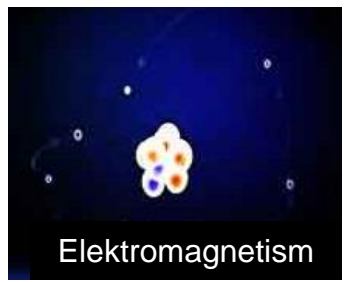
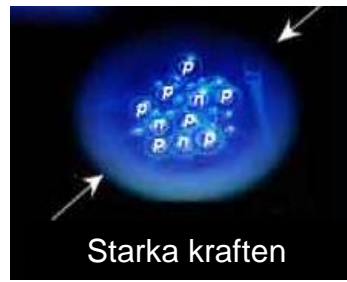


De 4 grundläggande krafterna





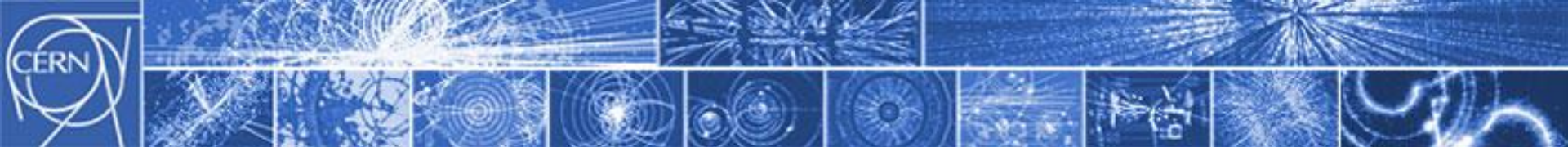
Standardmodellen



Krafterna är resultatet av ett utbyte av partiklar

Utbytes-partiklarna kallas **Bosoner**





Svara på grundläggande frågor...

- Hur förklara att partiklar har massa?

Vi tror nu att vi vet...



*Higgs
Boson*

- Varav består 96% av Universum?

Vi kan bara se 4% av dess
beräknade massa

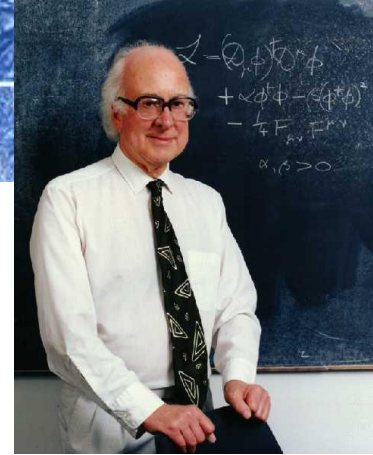
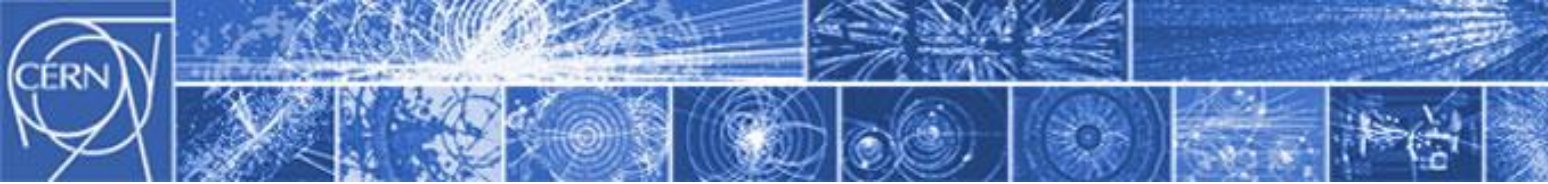
- Varför finns det ingen a
anti-materia i Universum?

Naturen är normalt symmetrisk...

- Hur såg materia ut strax efter
« Big Bang » ?

En resa tillbaka till allra tidigaste tiden
efter Universums födelse skulle hjälpa...

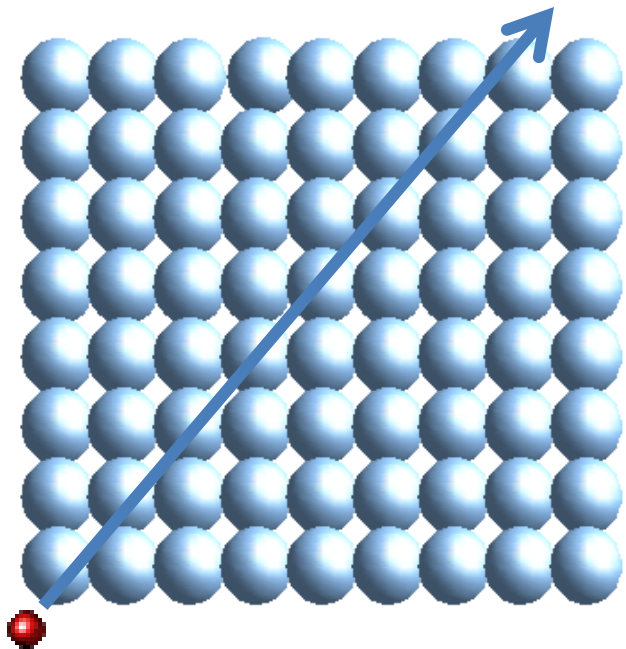




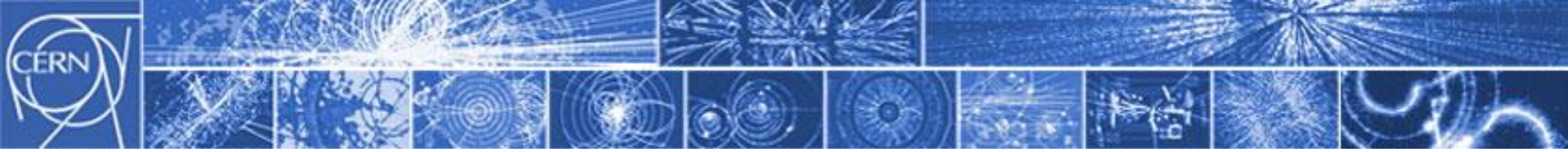
Varför har partiklar massa?

Higgs Theori 1964 – 65:

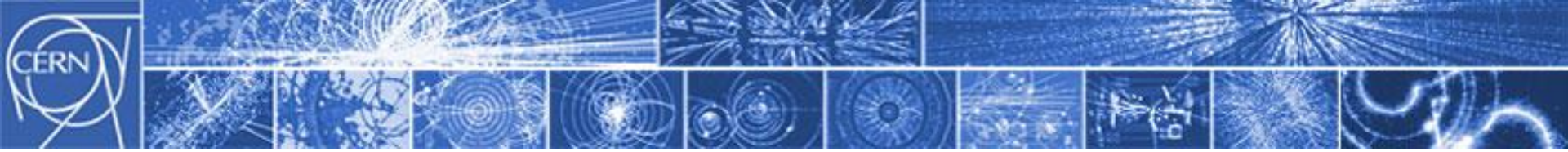
Prof Peter Higgs
*1929



- Vakum är inte tomt!
- Vakum är fyllt av en neutral partikel
Higgs Boson
- När en partikel flyger genom rymden korsar den ett fält av virtuella **Higgs Bosoner** och blir därför **bromsad**
- Partikelns hastighet blir då **lägre än ljushastigheten**
- den uppför sig som om den hade en massa
 - **en Effektiv Massa**

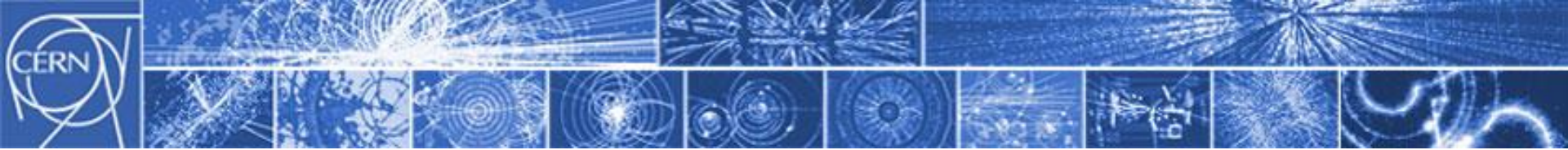


Hur



Genom att **accelerera** och **kollidera** objekt...

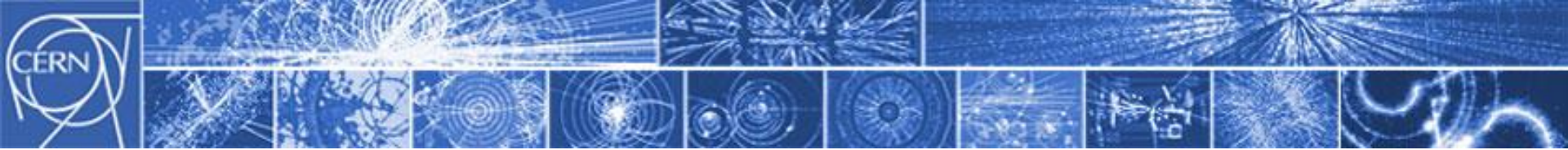




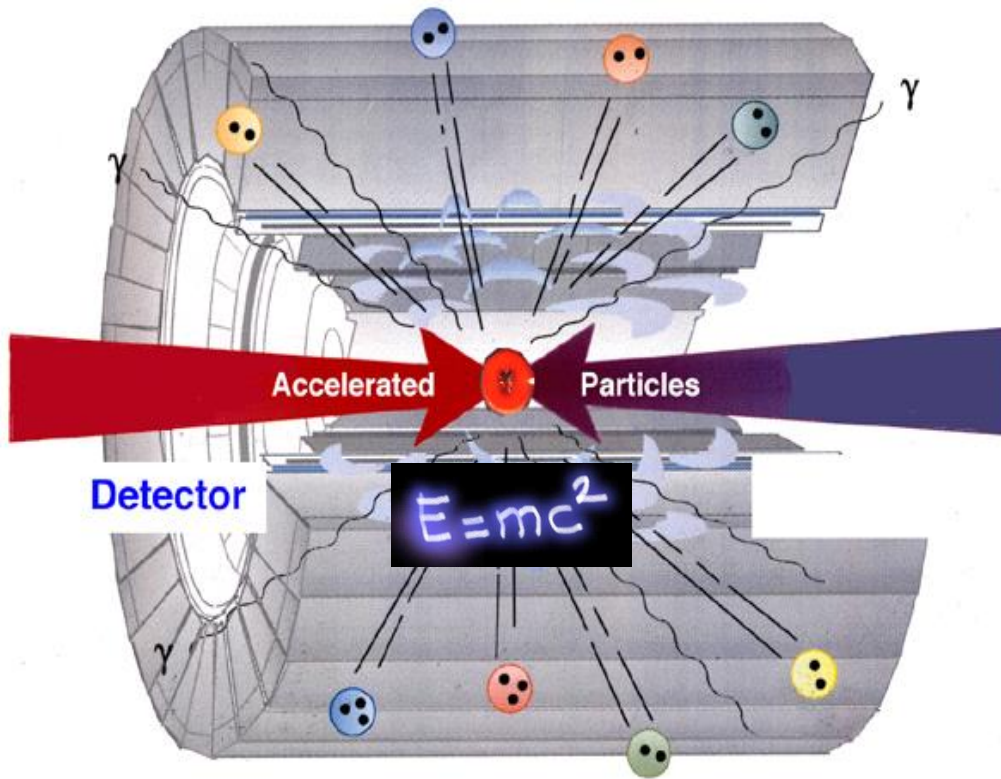
Vid ofantliga energinivåer!



$$E=mc^2$$



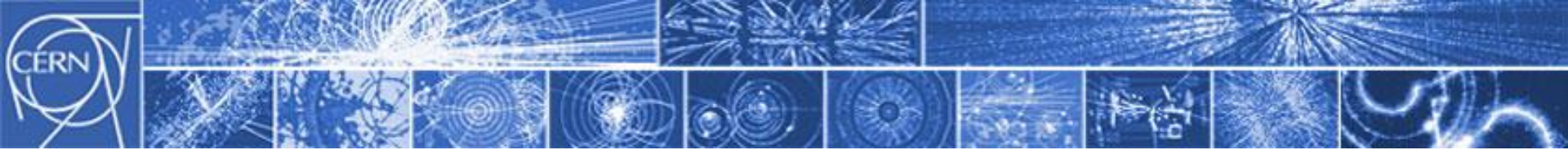
Dom huvudsakliga verktygen



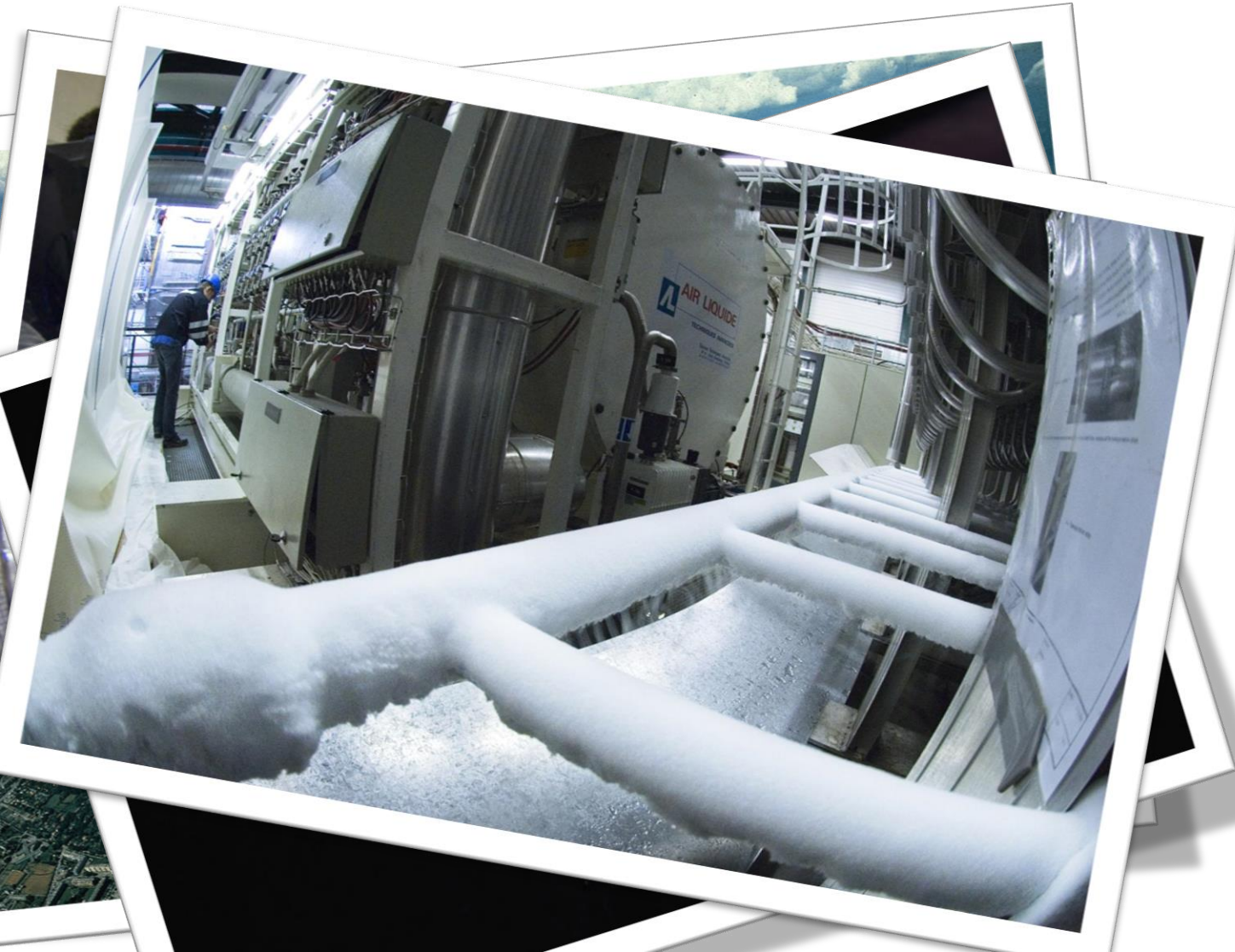
(1) Partiklar accelereras up nästintill ljushastighet

(2) Bringas till kollision vid experimenten

(3) Dom resulterande partiklarna fångas upp av detektorerna



LHC - Världens **största** partikelaccelerator



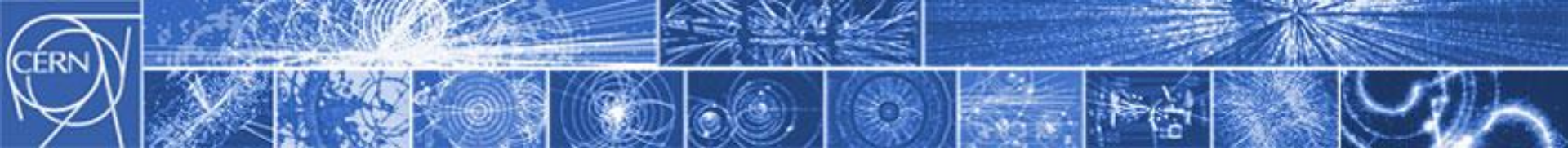
27km lång tunnel

Tusentals
supraledande
magneter

Ultra vakum:
*10x högre
än på månen*

Kallaste plats i
Universum:
 $-271^{\circ} C$

Under **säkra**
förhållanden!



Världens **största** och **mest sofistikerade** detektorer

Vetenskapliga katedraler 100 m under jordytan

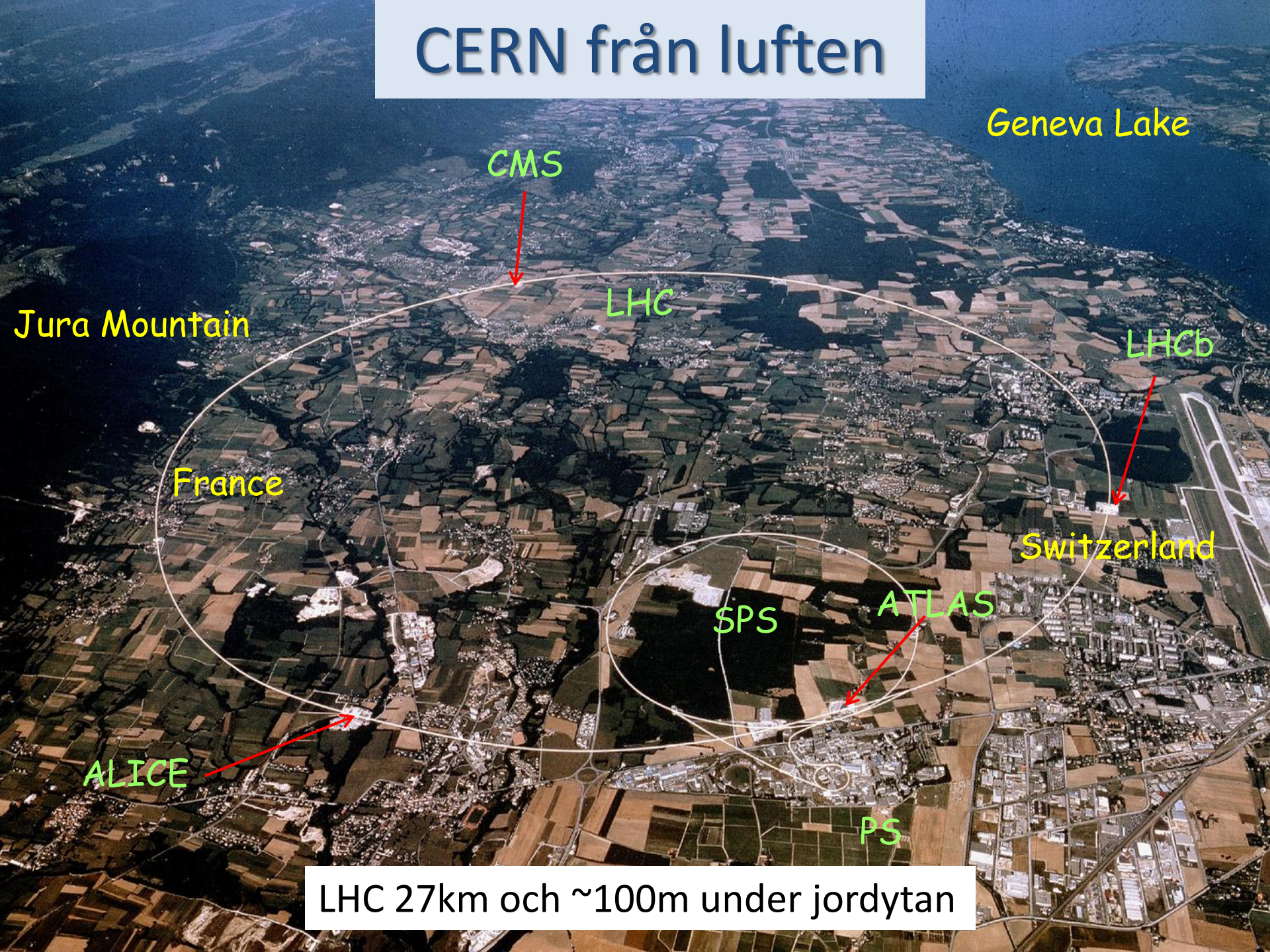
600 miljoner kollisioner per sekund
detekterade av hundatals miljoner sensorer

Tusentals medarbetare i varje experiment



Under **säkra** förhållanden!

CERN från luften



Geneva Lake

CMS

LHC

LHCb

Jura Mountain

France

Switzerland

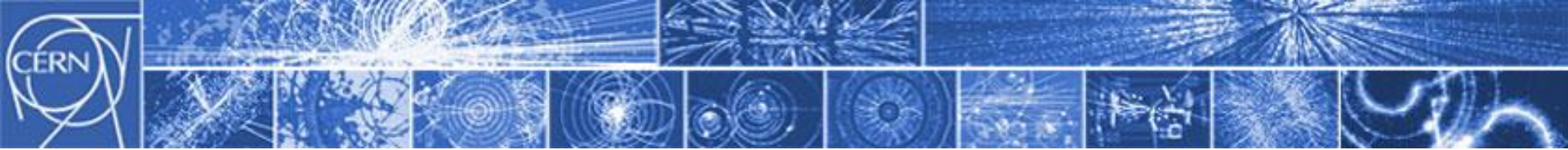
SPS

ATLAS

ALICE

PS

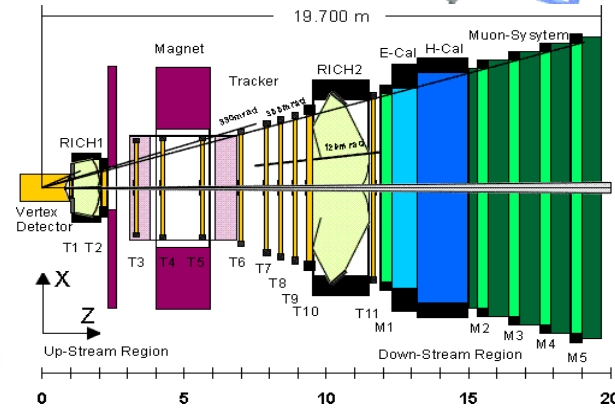
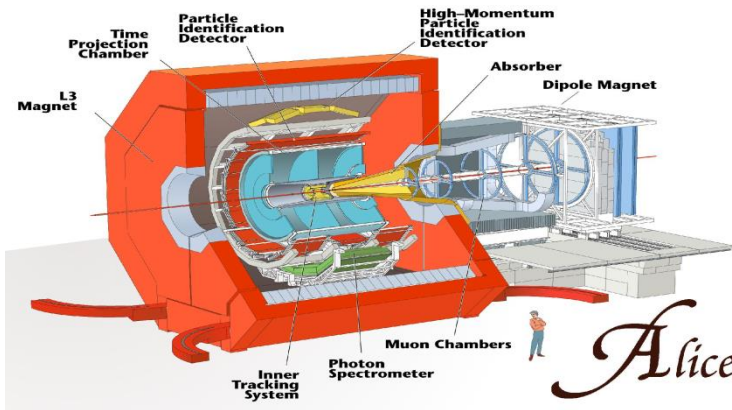
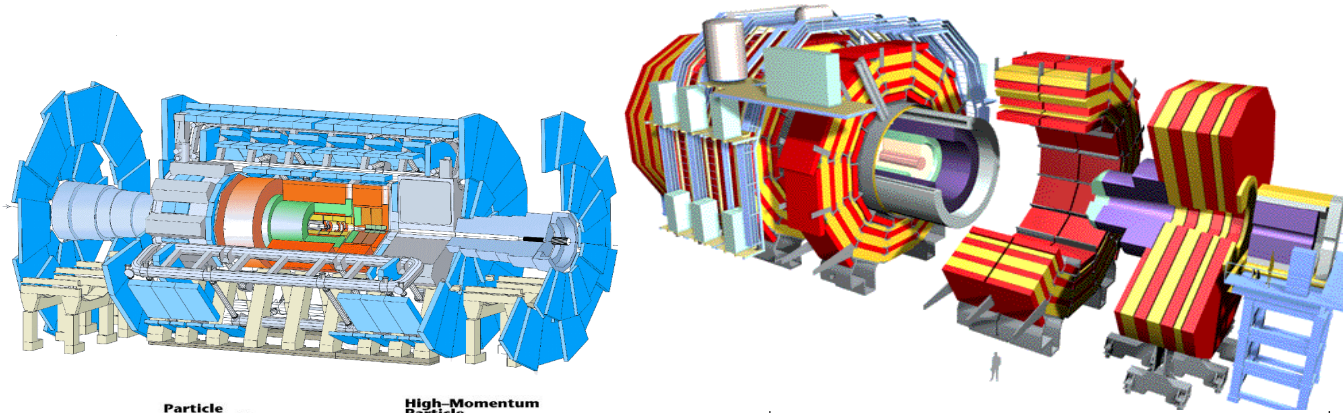
LHC 27km och ~100m under jordytan



LHC Experimenten

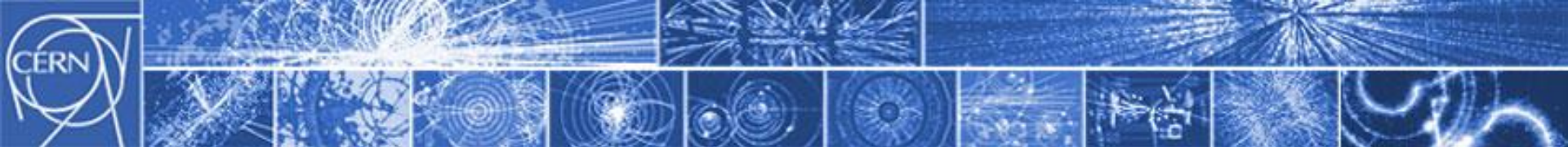
ATLAS

CMS

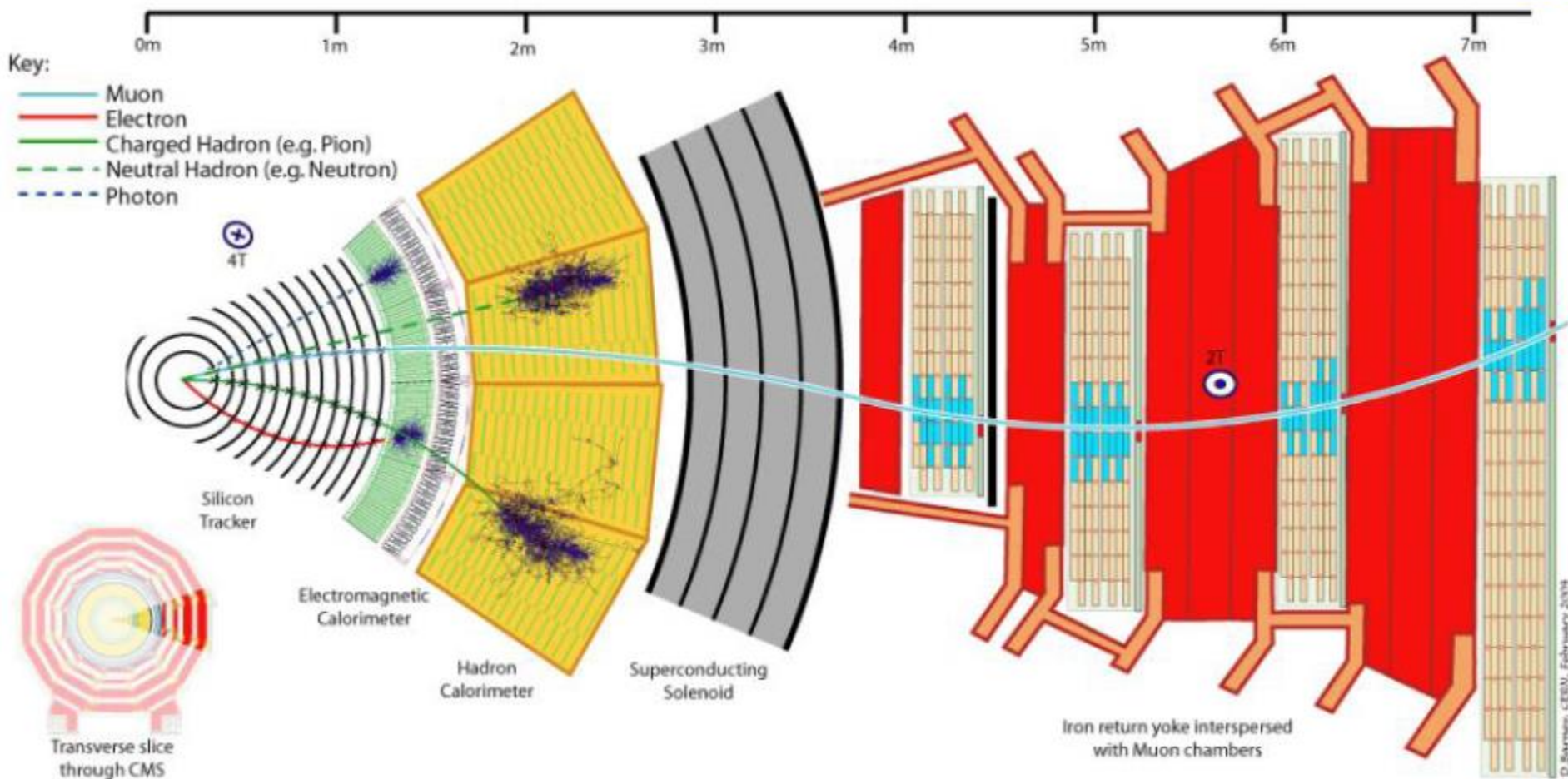


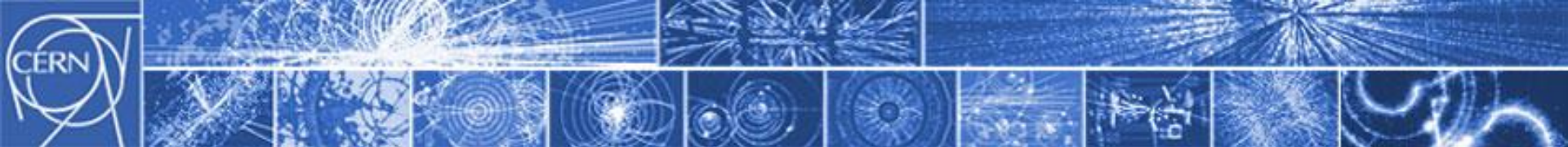
ALICE

LHCb



Partikeldetektorer





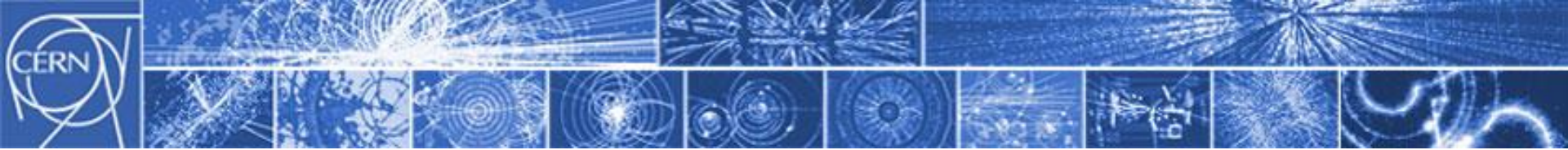
största vetenskapliga nätverk av datorer



15 Petabytes
(15 millioner GB)
data årligen

100'000
processorer

200 data-centers
runt hela jorden

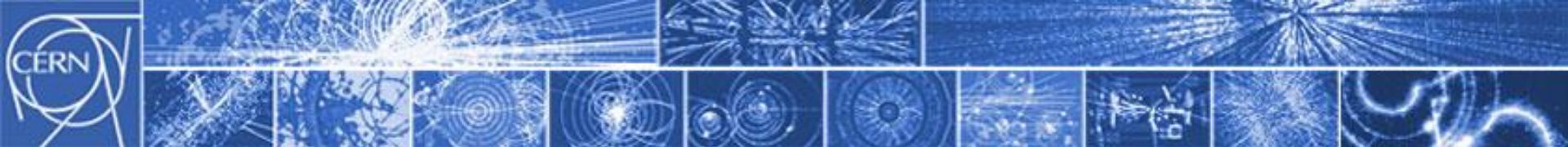


Bringa nationer **tillsammans** och **utbilda**

- Världens största internationella vetenskapliga samarbete
- Mer än 100 länder
- Hundratals fysikinstitut
- Hälften av världens partikelfysiker

Olika program för studenter





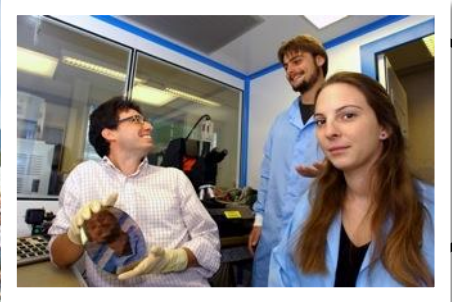
Utbildningsprogram för alla nivåer

Studenter

- Program för elever av alla åldrar
- Kort-tids praktik program (vetenskapligt, tekniskt och administrativt)
- Sommar-student program
- Doktorander och tekniska studenter



Vetenskapare vid CERN
Akademiskt Fortbildningsprogram



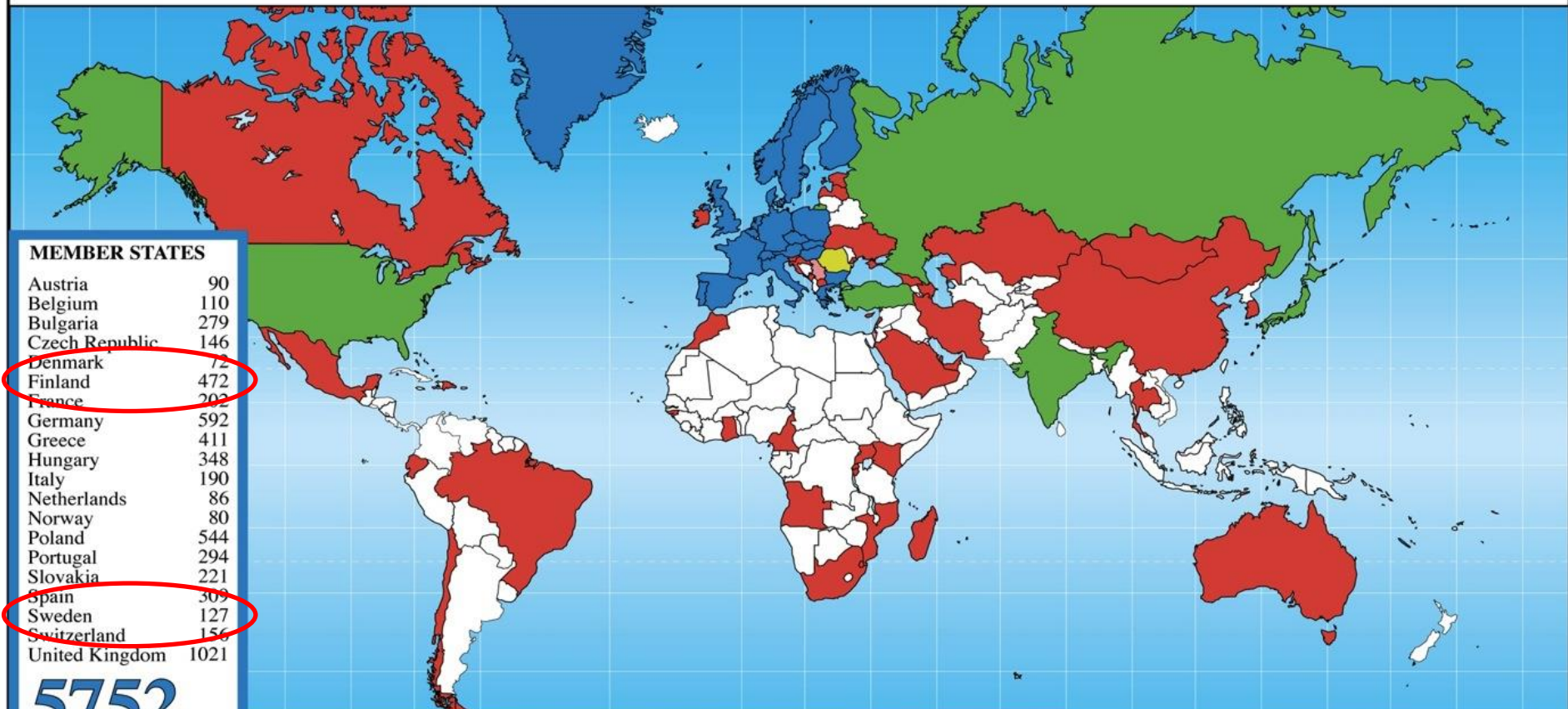
Unga Forskare
CERN School of High Energy Physics
CERN School of Computing
CERN Accelerator School



Skollärare
Internationellt och Nationellt program



Teacher Programme Participants 1998 - 2013



MEMBER STATES

Austria	90
Belgium	110
Bulgaria	279
Czech Republic	146
Denmark	72
Finland	472
France	202
Germany	592
Greece	411
Hungary	348
Italy	190
Netherlands	86
Norway	80
Poland	544
Portugal	294
Slovakia	221
Spain	309
Sweden	127
Switzerland	156
United Kingdom	1021

5752

CANDIDATE FOR ACCESSION

Romania	12
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ASSOCIATE MEMBER IN THE PRE-STAGE TO MEMBERSHIP

Israel	7
Serbia	14

OBSERVER STATES

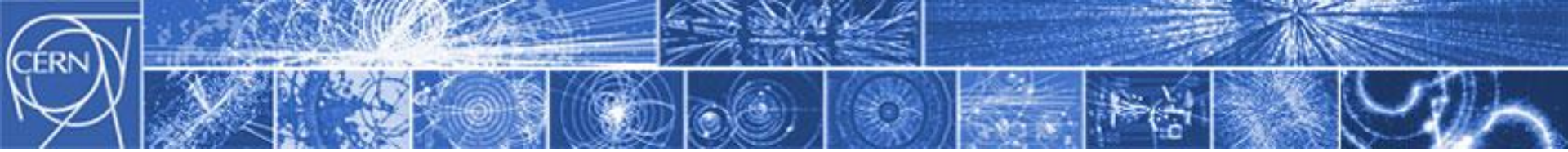
India	2
Japan	5
Russia	163
Turkey	3
USA	65

238

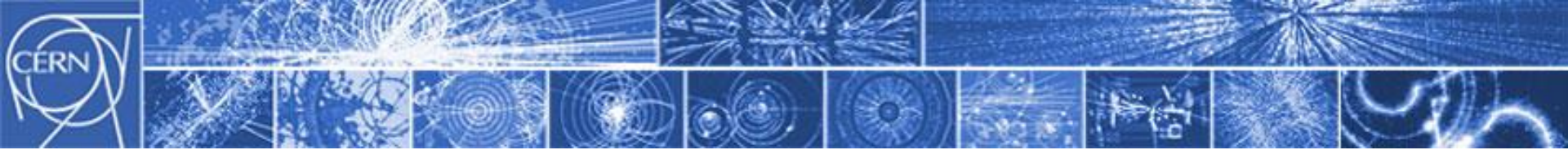
OTHERS

Angola	4	China	1	Ireland	5	Morocco	2	Swaziland	1
Australia	5	Croatia	1	Kazakhstan	3	Mozambique	17	Thailand	7
Azerbaijan	1	Cyprus	8	Kenya	4	Qatar	1	T.F.Y.R.O.M.	11
Brazil	83	Dominican Rep.	2	Latvia	1	Rwanda	17	Timor-Leste	4
Burundi	1	Ecuador	2	Lebanon	1	Sao Tome	3	Uganda	3
Cameroon	3	Estonia	37	Madagascar	2	Saudi Arabia	1	Ukraine	57
Canada	3	Georgia	55	Malta	36	Singapore	2	U.A.E.	1
Cape Verde	3	Ghana	6	Mexico	6	Slovenia	21		
Chile	3	Guinea Bissau	1	Mongolia	1	South Africa	6		
		Iran	1	Montenegro	13	South Korea	44		

490



Spin-off

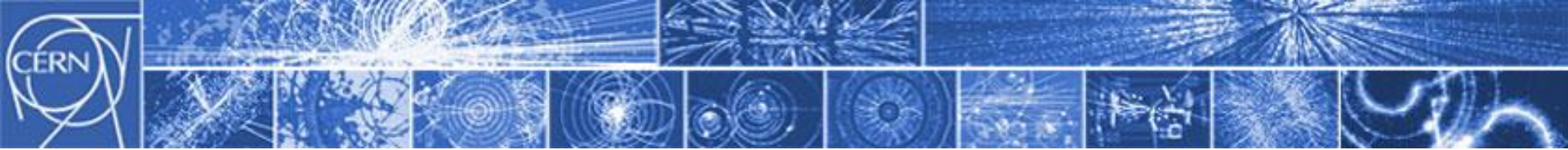


Praktiska **tillämpningar**: World Wide Web

Utvecklades på
CERN 1989 i ramen
av LHC !

Gåva till världen!

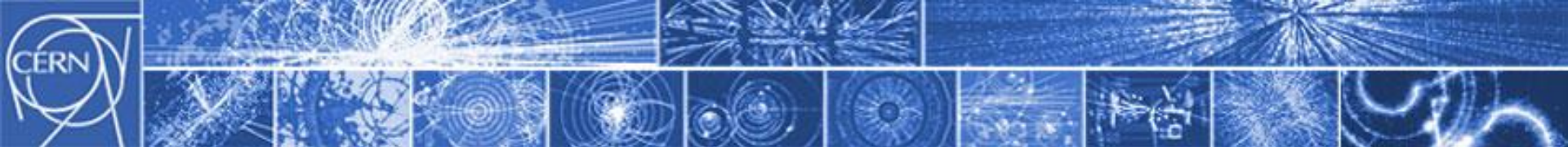




Praktiska **tillämpningar** : detektorer

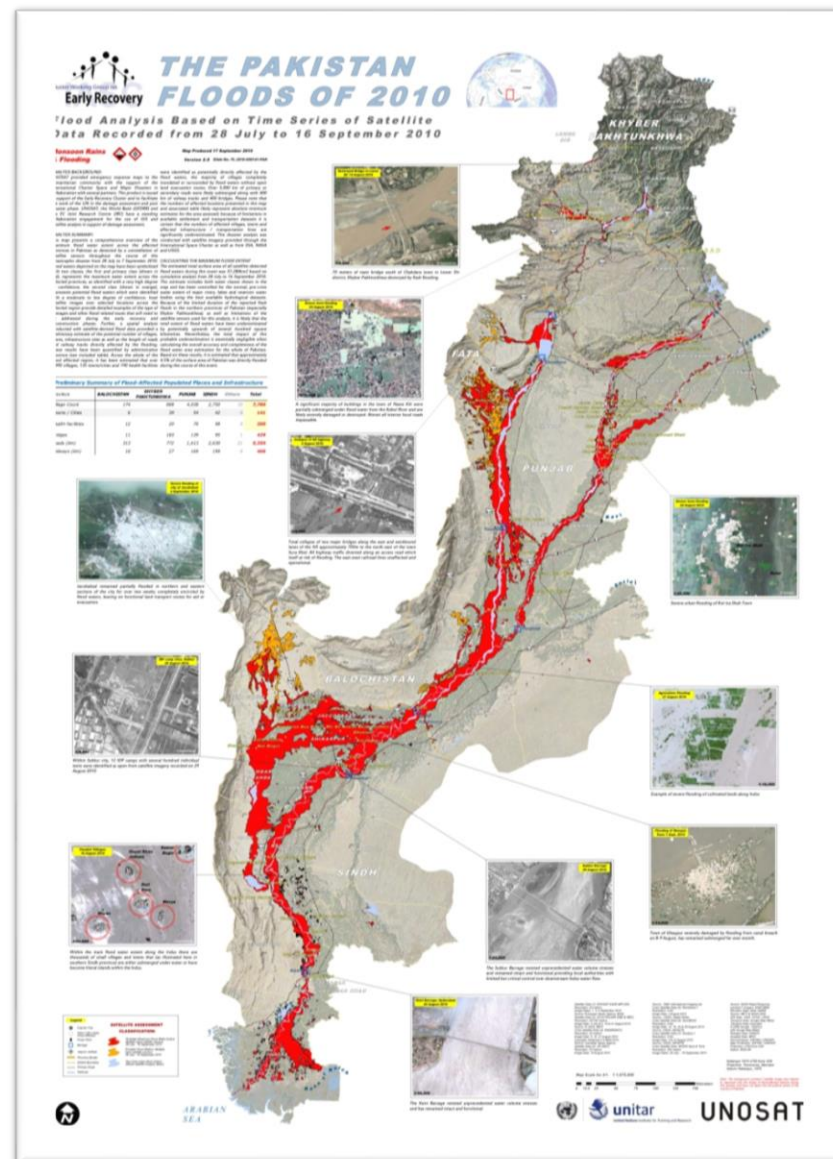
Scanna lastbilar utan att lasta av på mindre än 1 timme

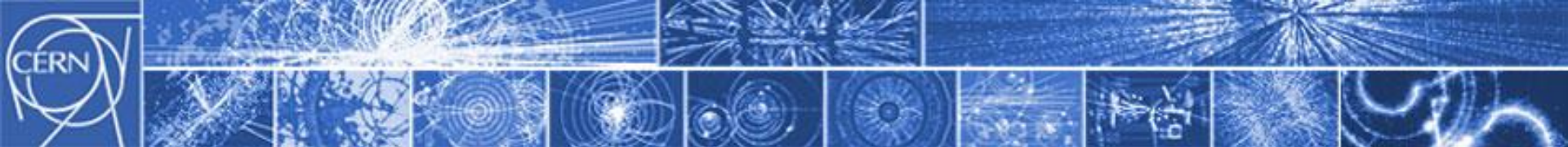




Praktiska tillämpningar : användning av « the Grid »

Ultra-snabb behandling av
satelitbilder vid
naturkatastrofer





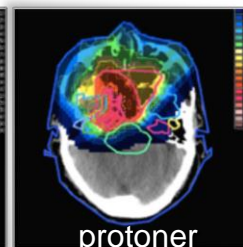
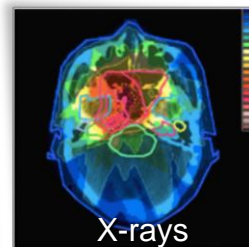
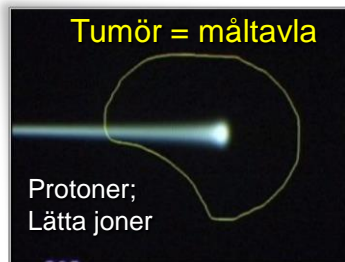
Medicinska spin-off applikationer

Kombination av Fysik, Medicinsk Visualisering, Biologi and Kirurgi för att bekämpa cancer

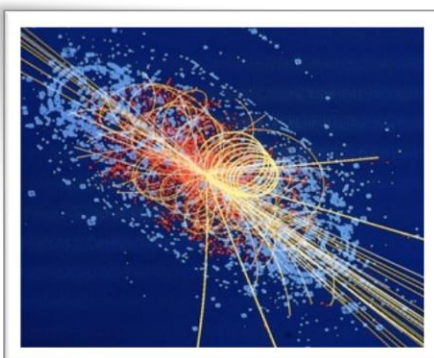


Hadron-terapi

Accelererade partikelstrålar
~30'000 accelerators i världen
~17'000 använda inom medicin



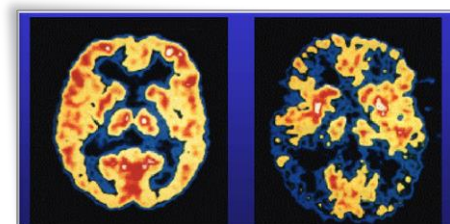
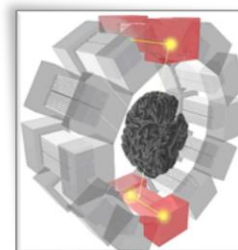
>70'000 patienter behandlade i världen (30 installationer)
>21'000 patienter behandlade i Europa (9 installationer)



Visualisering

PET Scanner

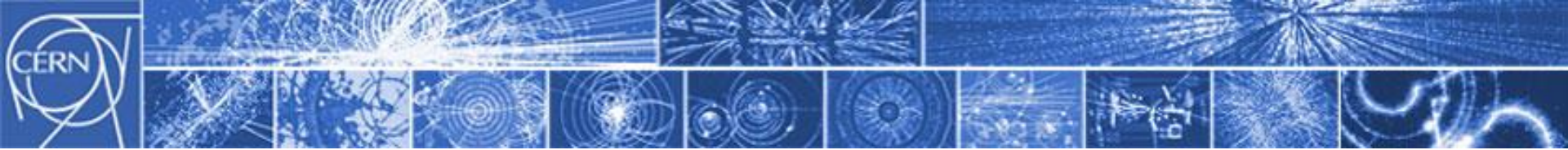
Ny bröst imaging.
Kliniska försök i Portugal.
(ClearPEM)



Partikeldetektering

Normal
hjärna

Alzheimer's
sjukdom



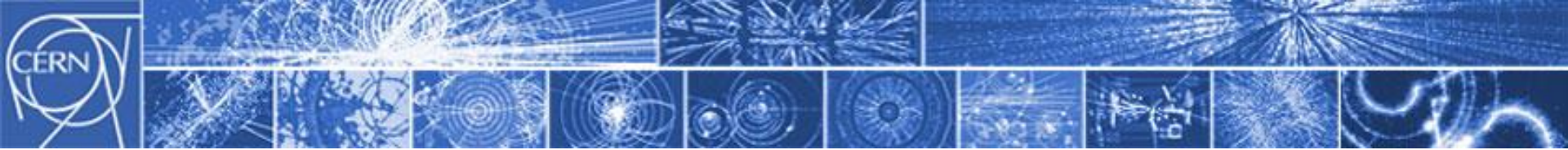
Och naturligtvis... några Nobellpris!



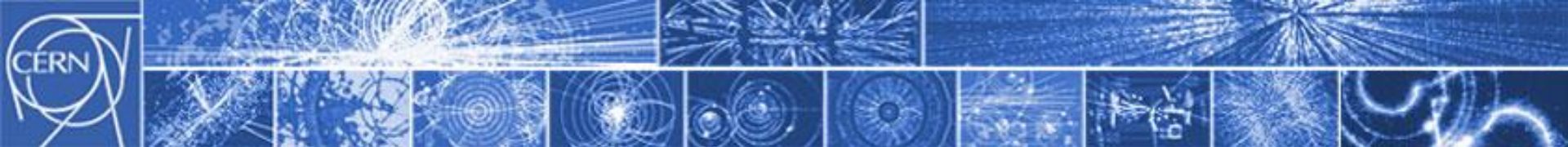
*Carlo Rubbia (with Simon van der Meer)
"for their decisive contribution to
the large project of the discovery of
the field particles W and Z, communicators of weak interaction"*



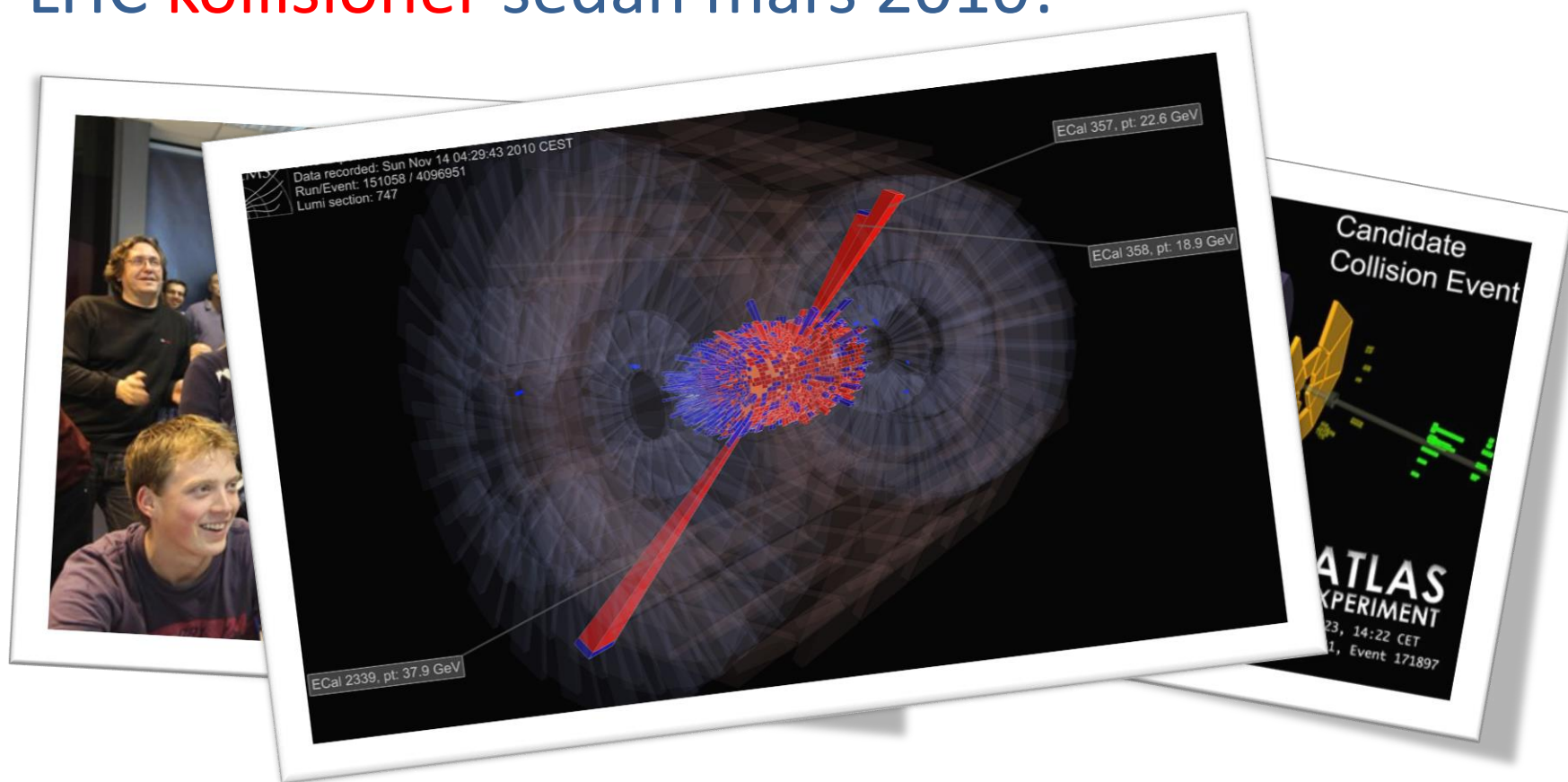
*George Charpak
"for his decisive contribution to
the development of particle
detectors, in particular
the multiwire proportional
chamber"*



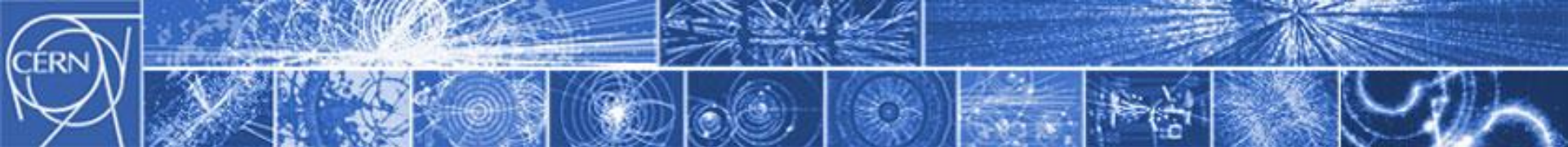
Senaste nytt



LHC **kollisioner** sedan mars 2010!



- Körning tills början av 2013 med energi 3.6 TeV per stråle
- 1 år tekniskt stopp 2013 (uppgradering)
- 7 Tev per stråle kollisioner 2014



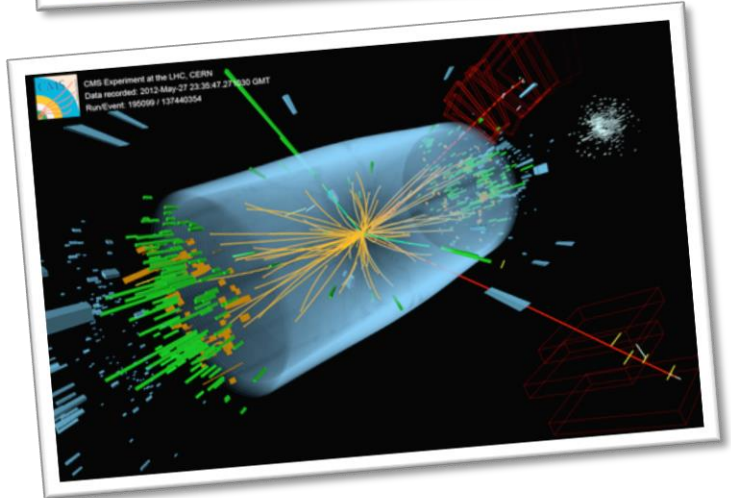
HIGGS BOSON

Upptäckt

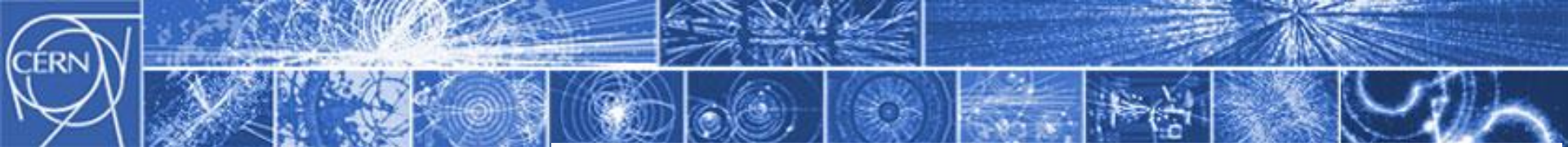
annonserad i juni 2012



François Englert och Peter Higgs



Nobel pris i fysik 2013



Sammanfattning

- Grundforskningslaboratorium
- Världens största internationella vetenskapliga samarbete
- Driver teknologin över dess gränser
- Många praktiska tillämpningar

websites:

Information: www.cern.ch

CERN TV: www.youtube.com/cern

Anställning: www.cern.ch/jobs