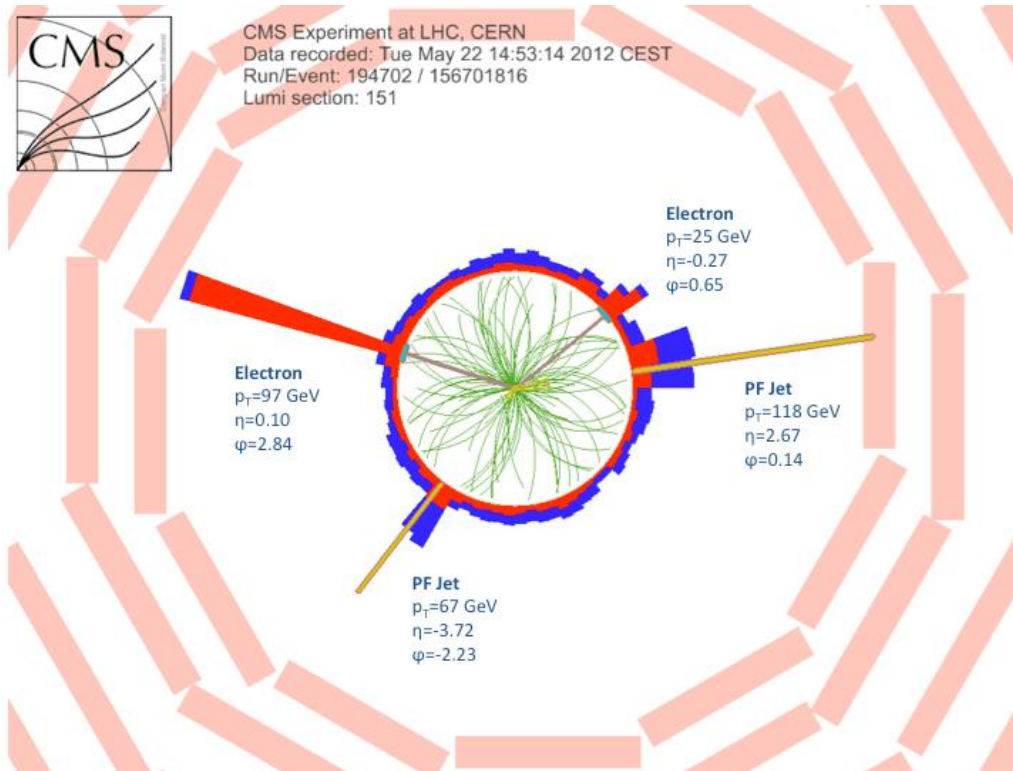
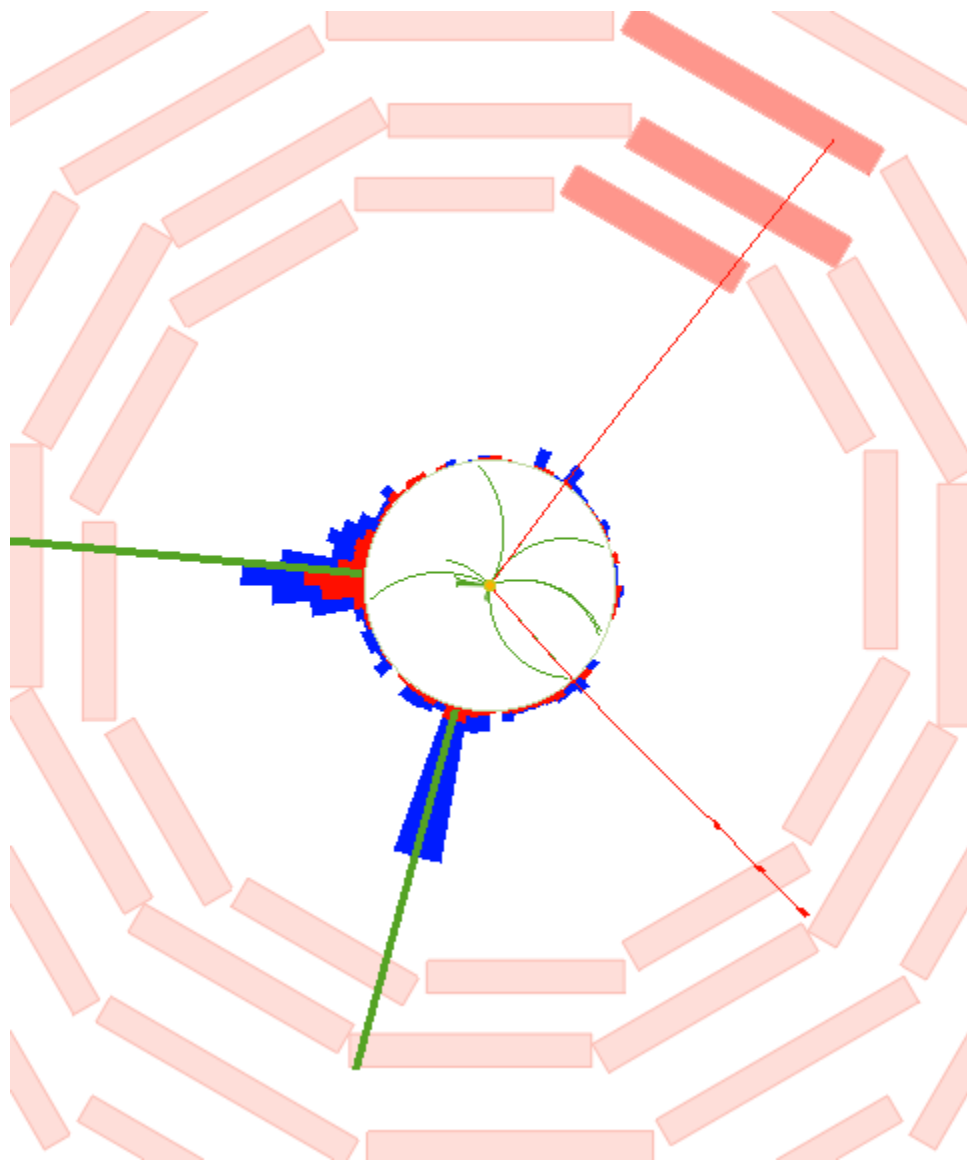


Tests of Vector Boson plus Jets Production at the LHC



CMS VBF Z+2 jet candidate

CTEQ workshop
November 14, 2013
Jeffrey Berryhill (Fermilab)
On behalf of the CMS and ATLAS
collaborations



Photon plus
Jets
production

Inclusive photon cross section

[arxiv:1311.1440](https://arxiv.org/abs/1311.1440)

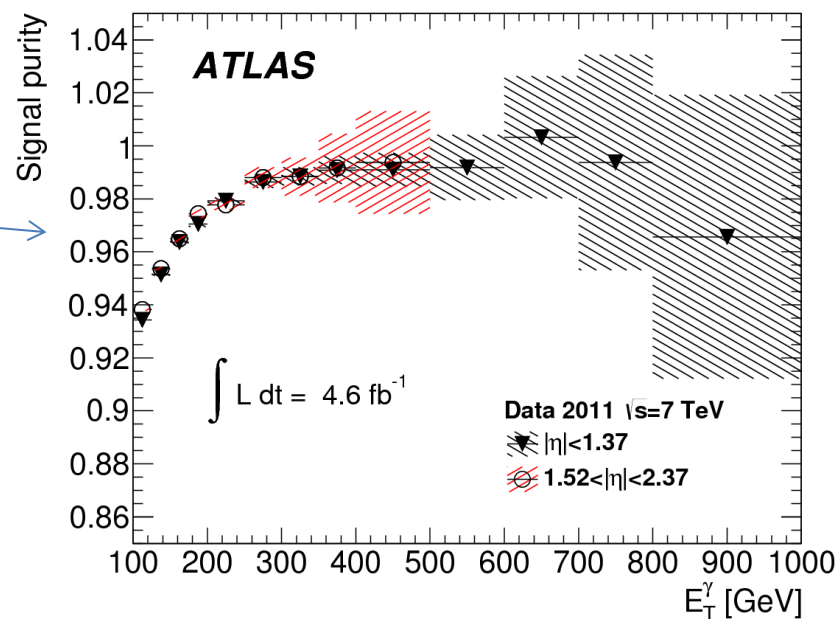
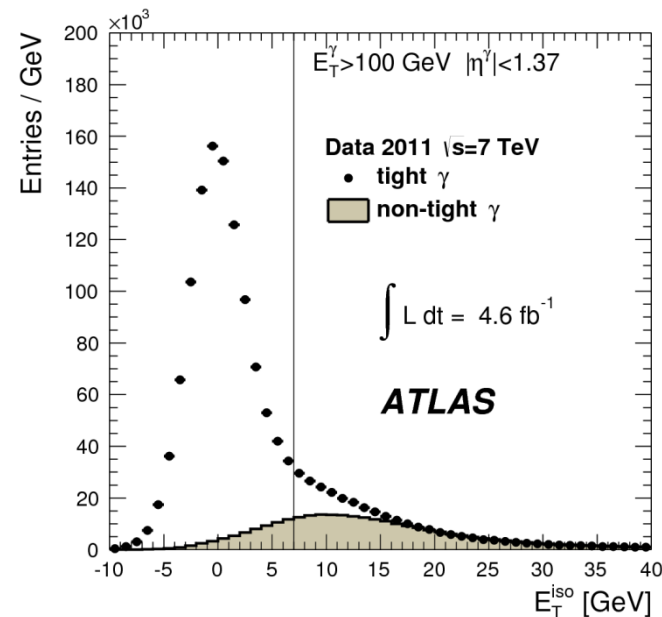
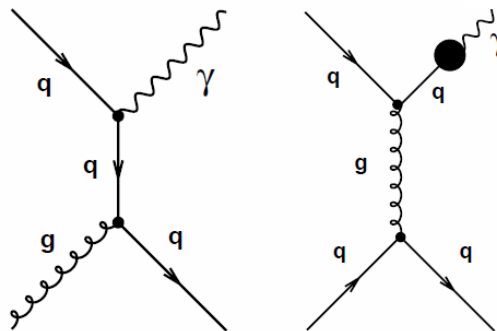
80 GeV photon trigger, with
2 M photons in the 100-
1000 GeV range for $|\eta| <$
2.37, with 4.6/fb at 7 TeV

Tight shower shape
selection plus isolation E_T
< 7 GeV in a 0.4 cone

Background isolation
rejection estimated from
non-tight photons (vs. E_T)

>93% purity for ~80%
efficiency

6-7% systematic
uncertainty is dominant for
total cross section estimate
> 100 GeV (~25% > 800
GeV)



Inclusive photon cross section

[arxiv:1311.1440](https://arxiv.org/abs/1311.1440)

Comparison with JETPHOX 1.3:

MC/Data ratio dominated by MC scale uncertainty, **12-20%** (except at highest ET where PDFs matter too)

Below 500 GeV data are **2X** more precise than NLO theory

Shape described well, normalization agrees within scale uncertainty

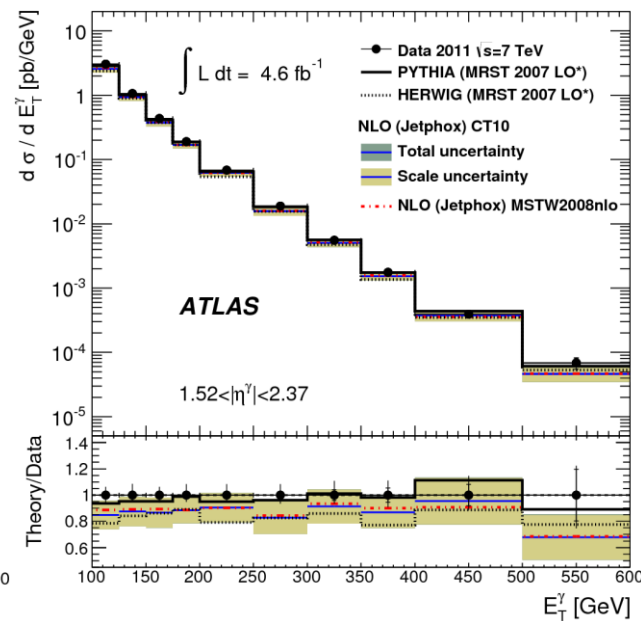
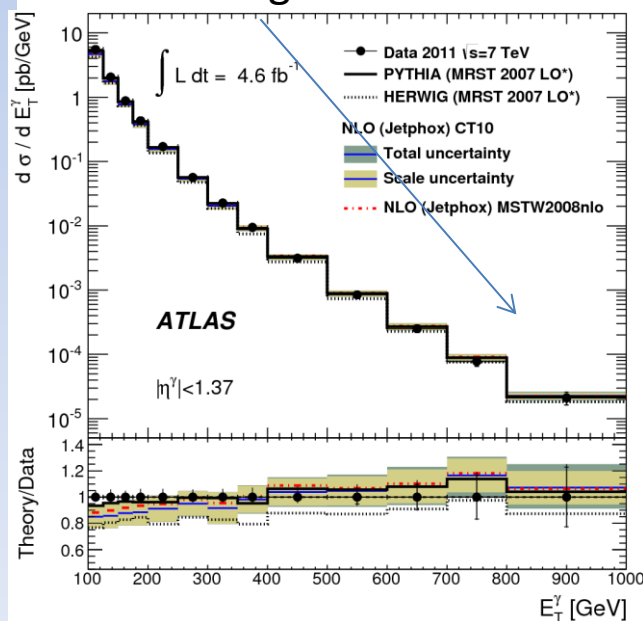
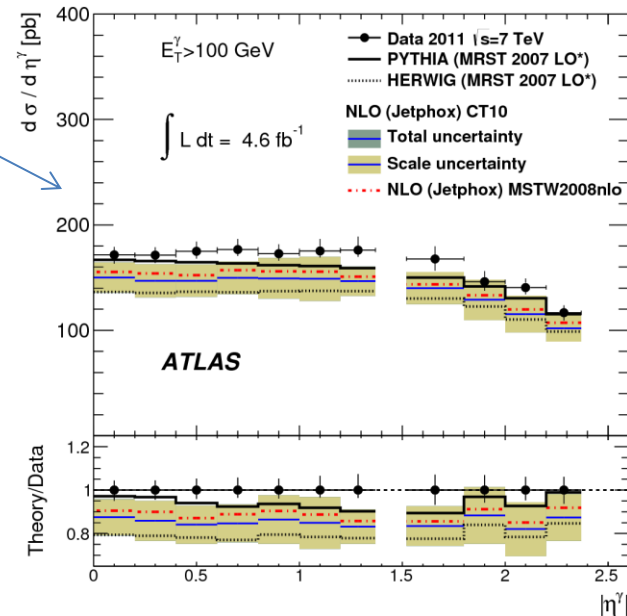
Comparison with LO+PS:

Pythia and Herwig shapes agree well.

Herwig norm undershoots data by 10-20%

Barrel and endcap performance are very similar

19 candidates in 800-1000 GeV range



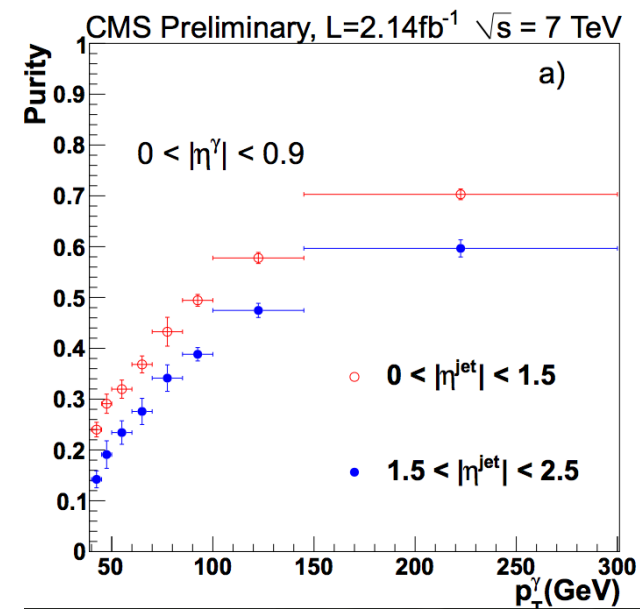
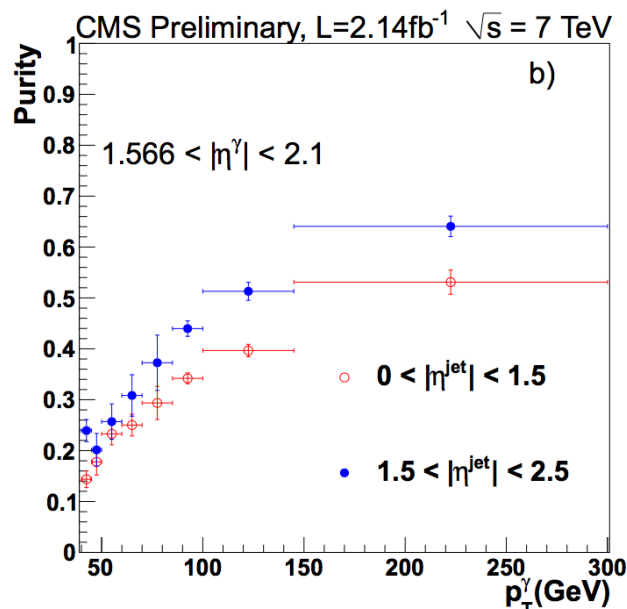
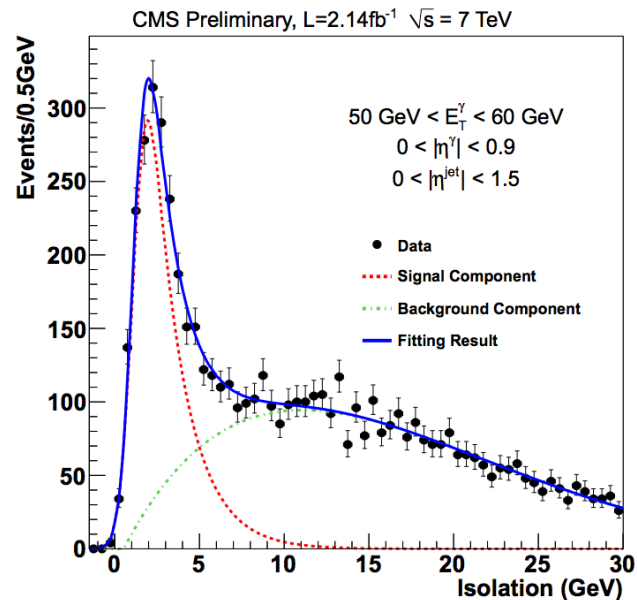
Photon + jet triple diff. cross section

[CMS-PAS-QCD-11-005](#)

Photons selected in the
40-300 GeV range for $|\eta| < 2.5$, jet ET > 30 GeV with $|\eta| < 2.5$, with 2.1/fb at 7 TeV

>20-70% purity for (not strictly isolated) photons at ~70-90% efficiency

~5-8% systematic uncertainty is dominant for cross section estimates near 100 GeV



Photon + jet triple diff. cross section

[CMS-PAS-QCD-11-005](#)

Comparison with JETPHOX

1.2.2:

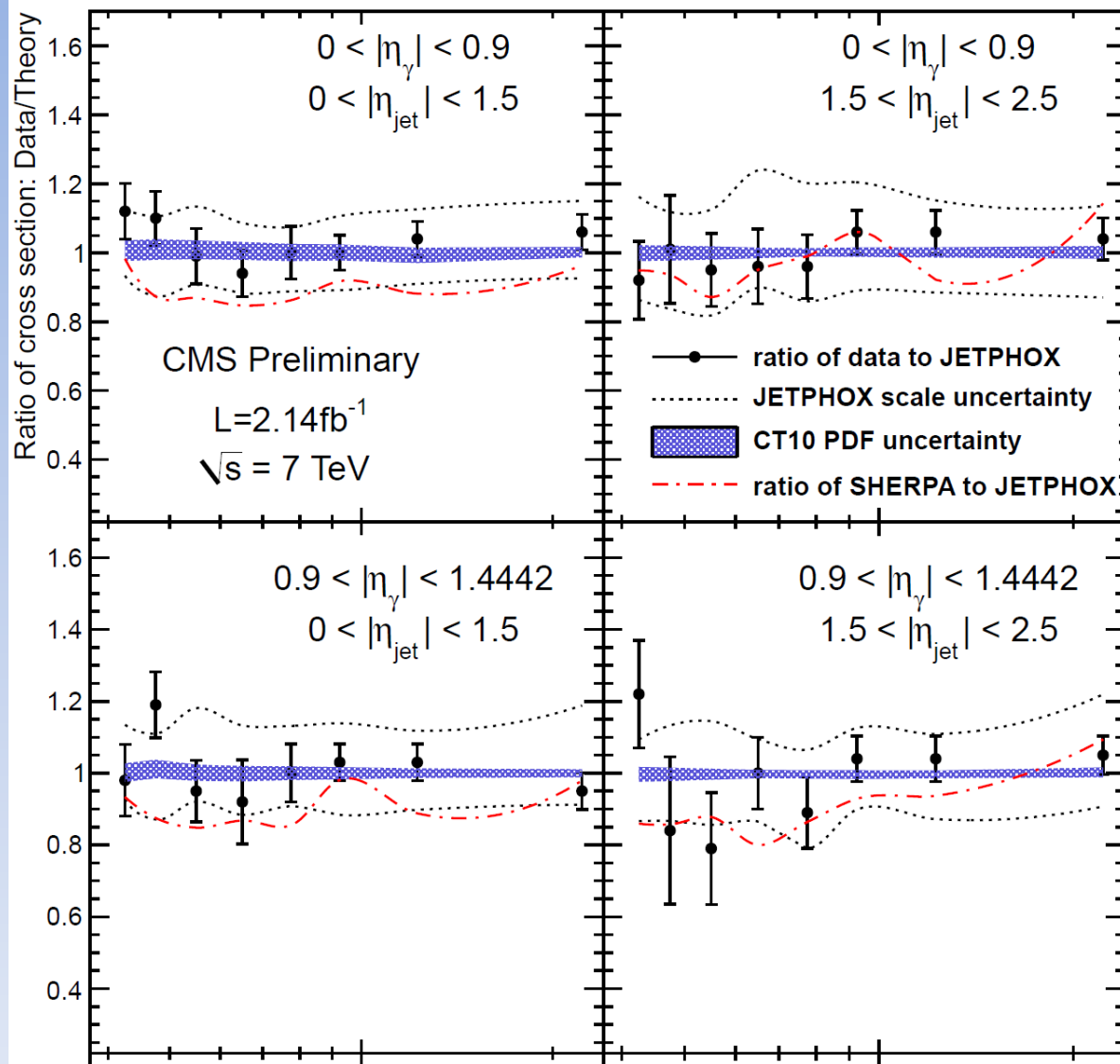
Shape and norm within 10-20% scale uncertainty band

Data $\sim 2x$ more precise than NLO MC

Comparison with SHERPA 1.3.1 (up to 3 jets):

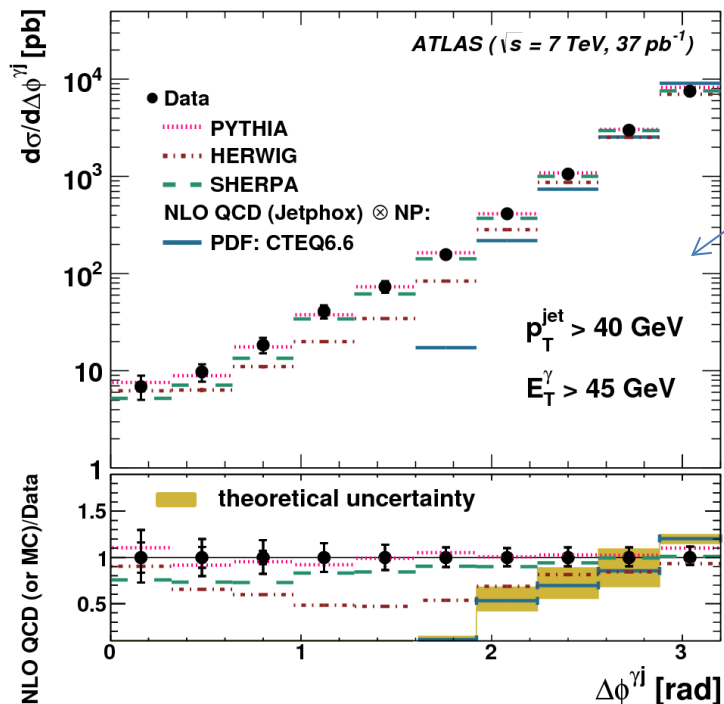
Similar level of agreement to JETPHOX

Prediction defined w.r.t. 5 GeV hadronic isolation in a cone of 0.4



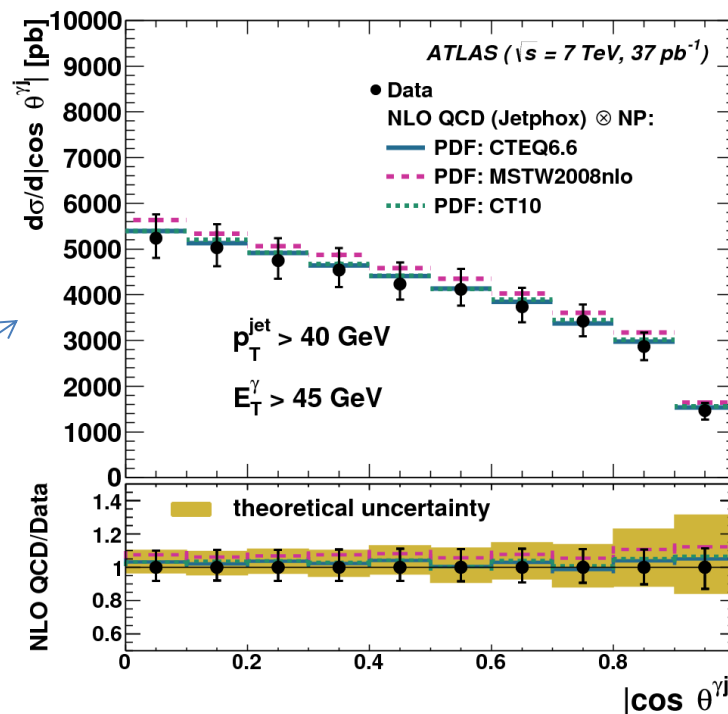
Photon+jet dynamics

[arxiv:1307.6795](https://arxiv.org/abs/1307.6795)



JETPHOX, HERWIG fail to describe shape of the $\Delta\phi < 2$ region at the 20% level

PYTHIA, SHERPA succeed



$\cos\theta$, mass distributions are in good agreement

Photon+jets: Mini-prospectus

7 TeV conclusions: LO+PS and NLO are doing mostly OK at the 20% scale uncertainty level compared to the 7 TeV photon data. There are some exceptional phase space regions.

7 TeV data are at <10% precision so 2X theory improvements can be readily confronted (NLO+PS, NNLO?)

With 8 TeV data: TeV scale cross sections will ~double in precision to the 10% level, and extend differentially beyond 1 TeV

At lower scales multiply differential distributions can be more completely explored.

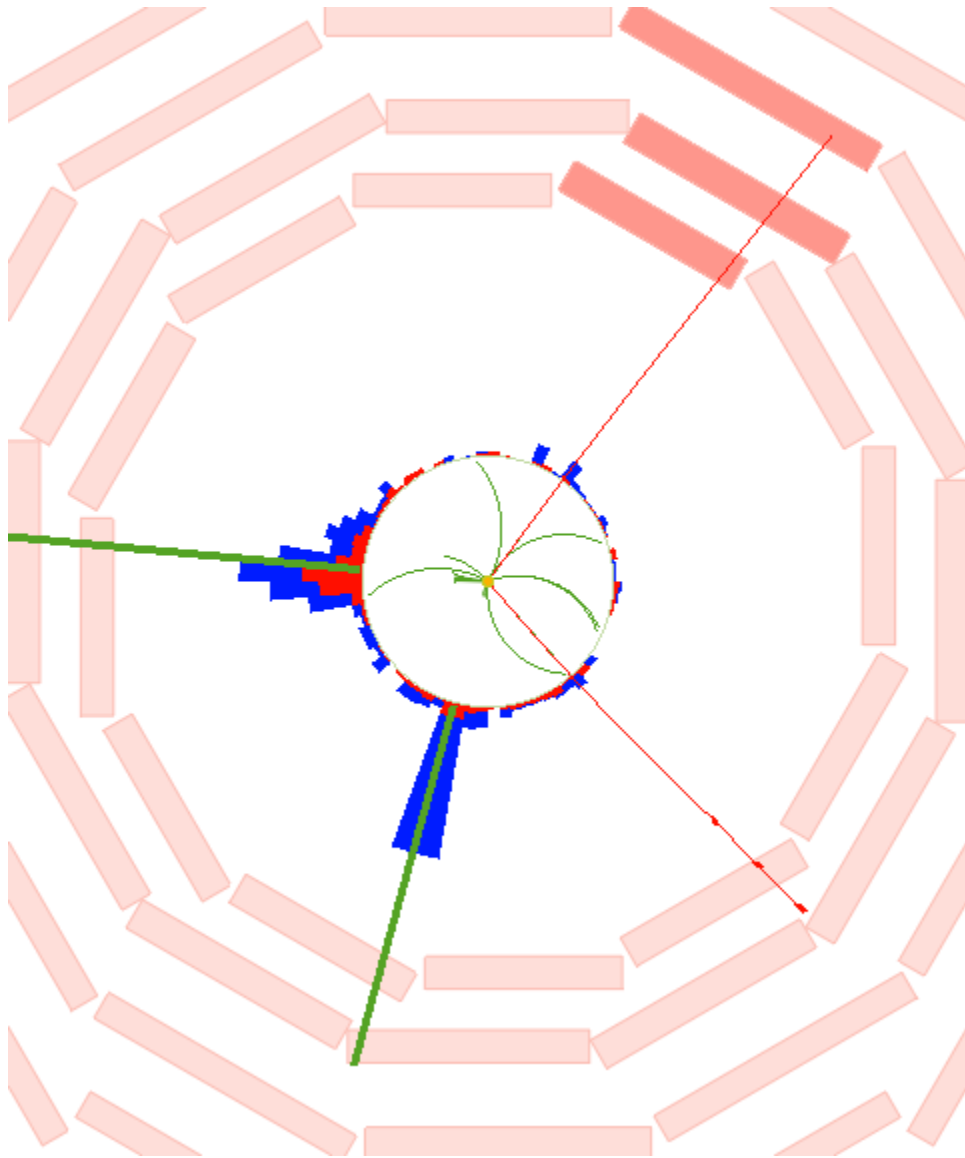
Unexplored so far at LHC:

Photon + multijet production

Photon + heavy flavor

Diphoton or V+photon + multijet

VBF photon, diphoton, or V+photon + 2 jet



W, Z plus
Jets
production

Z+jets diff. cross section

[JHEP07\(2013\)032](#)

~500k Z candidates selected
in 4.6/fb at 7 TeV
with ≥ 1 AK4 jet with $PT > 30$
GeV, $|y| < 4.4$; **up to 7 jets**
observed

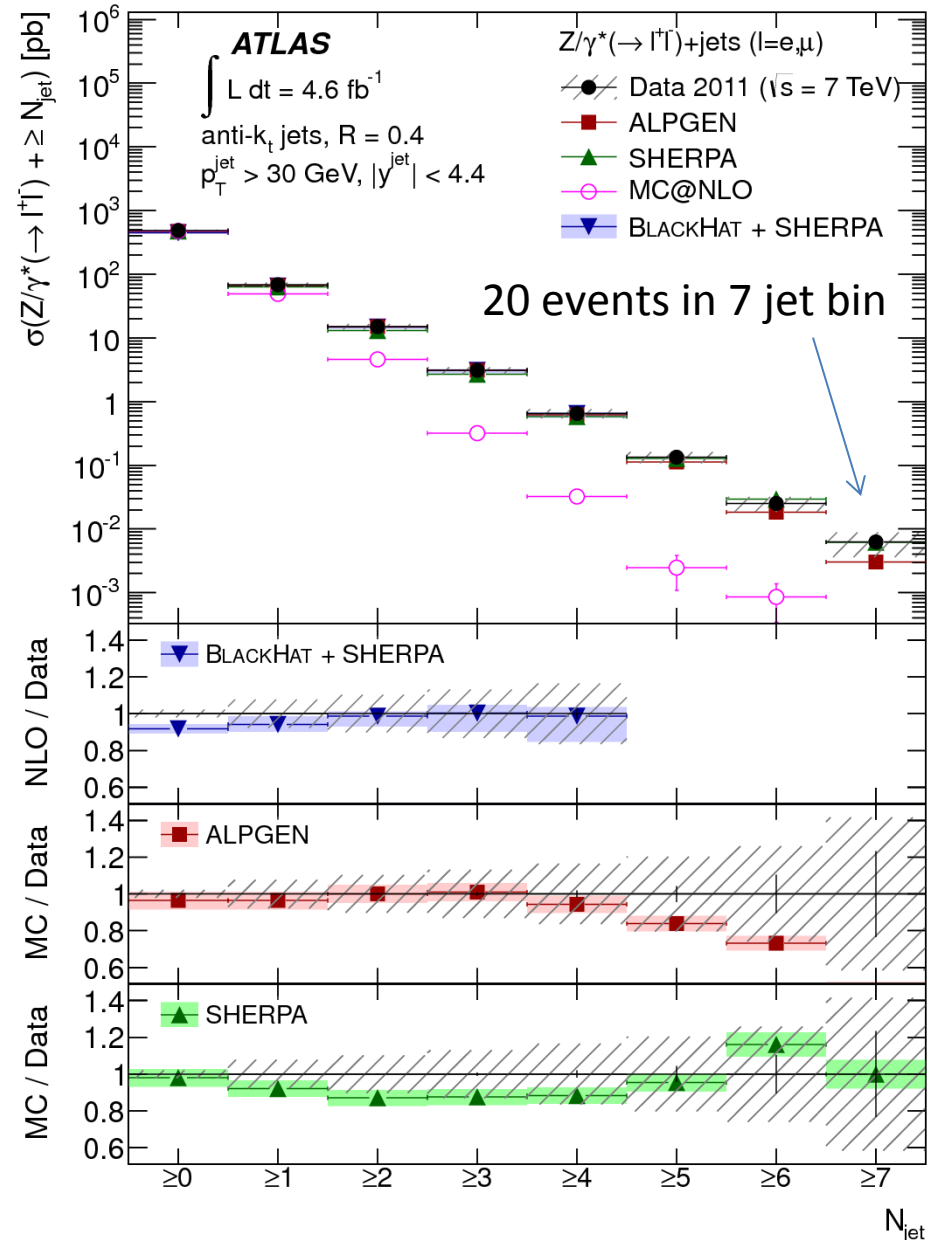
tt background at 20% level
for 6 jets (est. from emu)

JES systematic uncertainty
dominates (8% for $N \geq 1$,
20% for $N \geq 4$)

Scale uncertainty dominates
NLO error (4-13% for $N=1-4$)

Data error is 2X NLO theory

NLO and LO+PS describe
data well where applicable
($N=4$ and 5, resp.)



Z+jets diff. cross section

[JHEP07\(2013\)032](#)

Leading Jet PT probed in bins out to 700 GeV

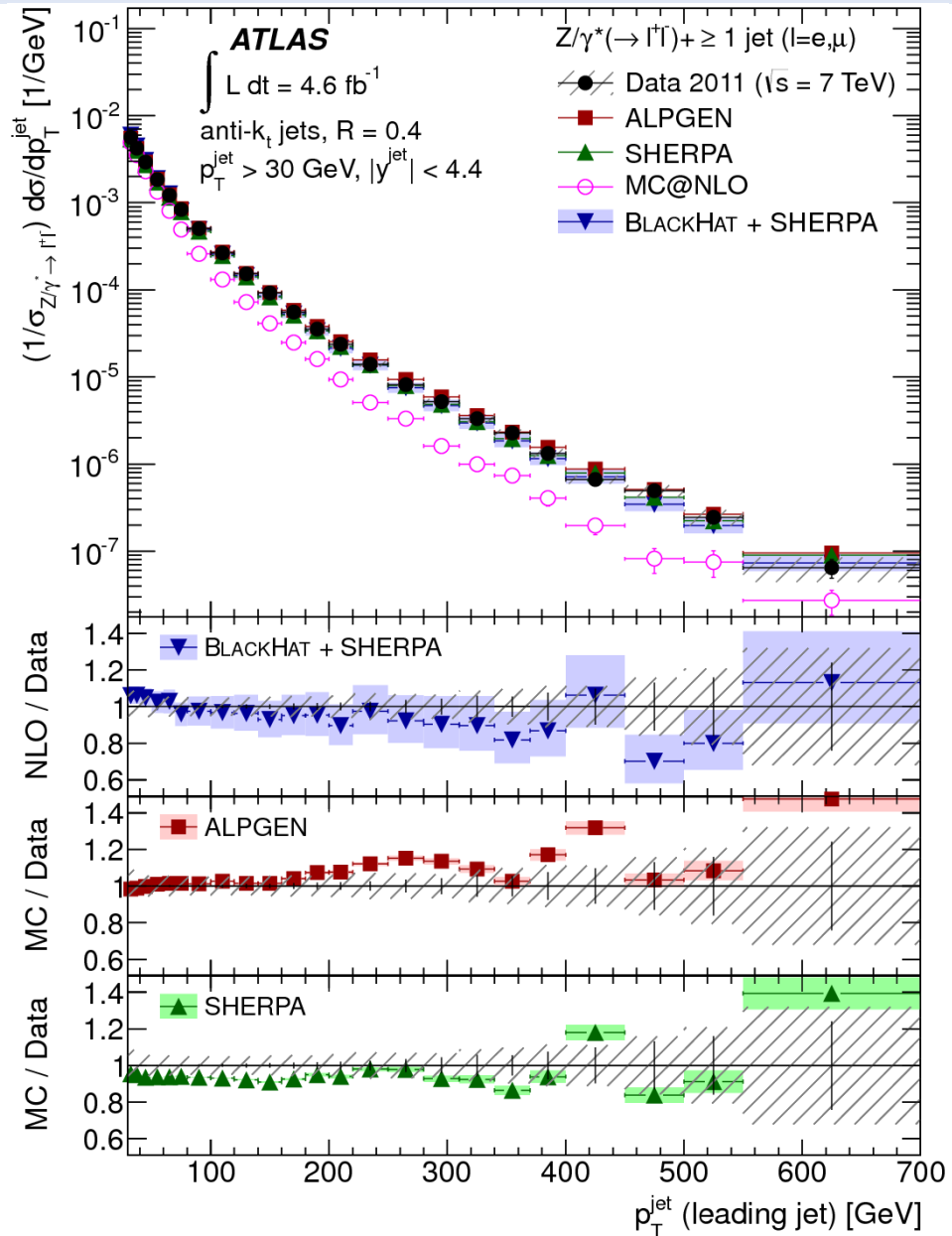
Data unc. < NLO MC unc. for $PT \geq 100$ GeV

BlackHAT+Sherpa describe data well.

ALPGEN, SHERPA show 20% discrepancies

Insufficient generated partons leads to worse disagreement at higher PT (MC@NLO Z+1jet)

NLO EWK is also a factor at highest PT



Z+jets diff. cross section

[JHEP07\(2013\)032](#)

BlackHat+Sherpa fails to describe HT shape.

LO+PS does a somewhat better job.

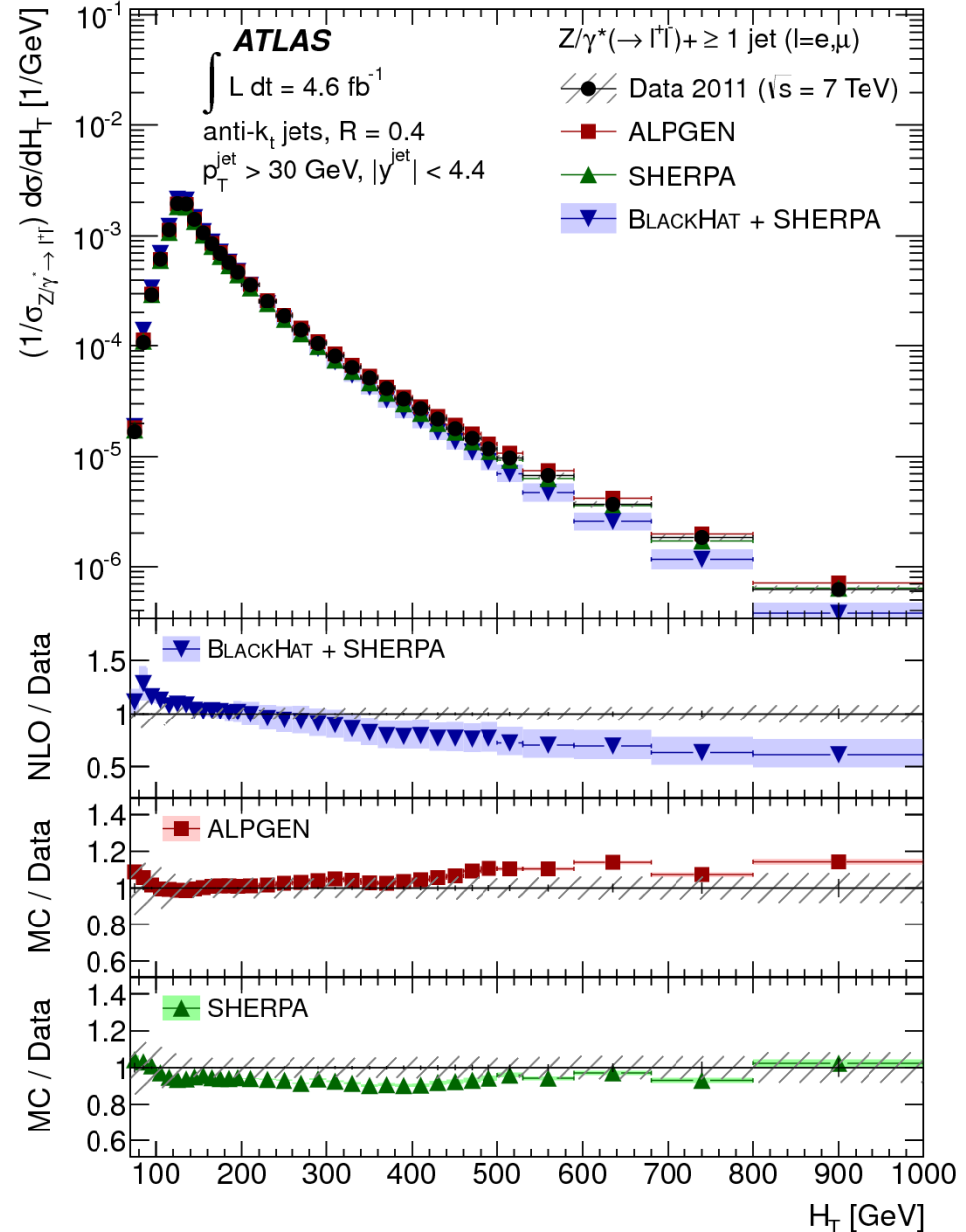
Which of the following would improve the prediction the most?:

More partons

NLO+PS

NLO EWK

NNLO QCD



Z+jets diff. cross section

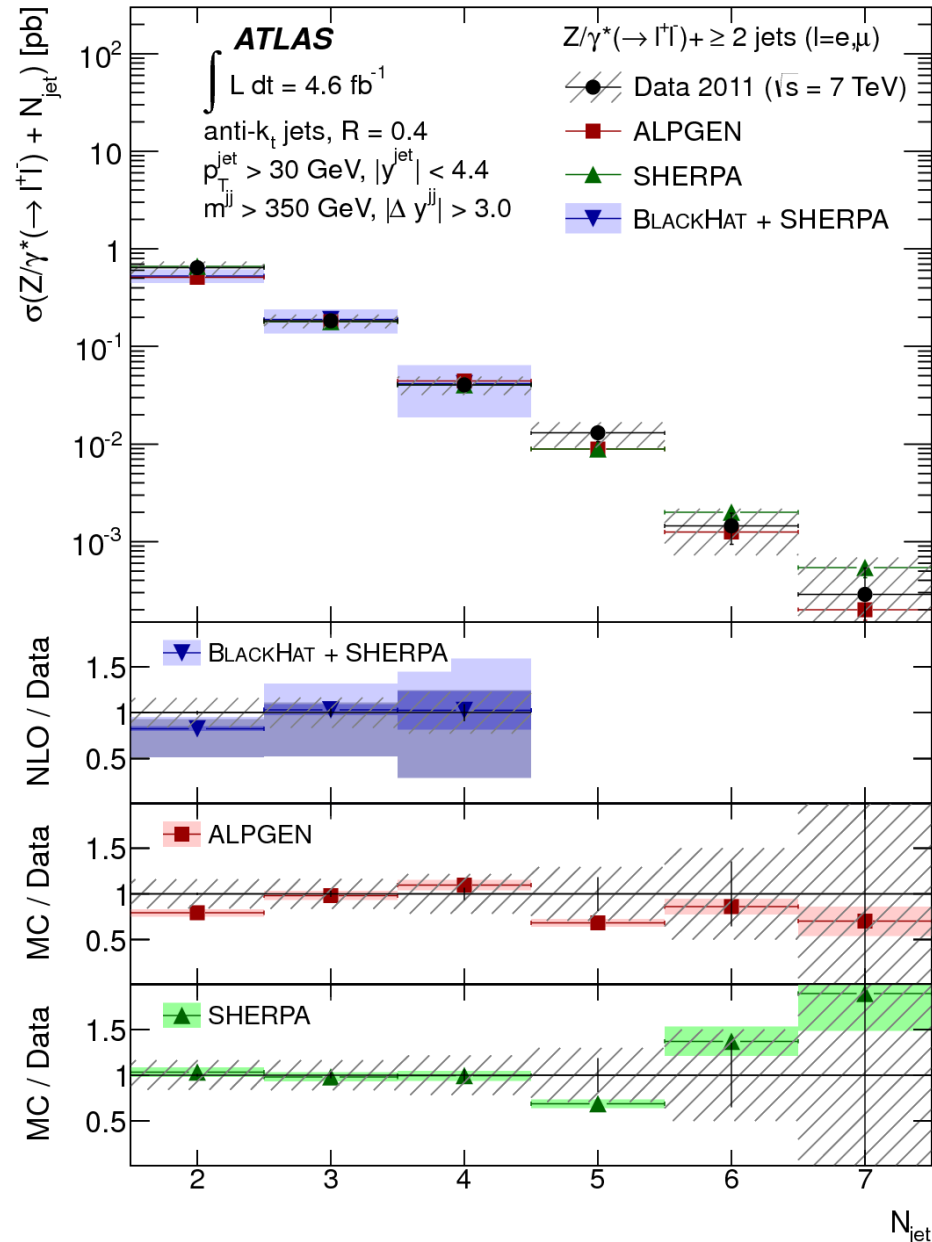
[JHEP07\(2013\)032](#)

Jet properties explored with
**Two leading jets in a “VBF”
configuration:**

$M_{jj} > 350$ GeV
 $|\Delta y_{jj}| > 3$

This is still predominantly
QCD Z+2 jets, so a
background study for future
VBF Higgs and VBS analysis

NLO and LO+PS describe
data well in this regime, at
the 25-50% level.



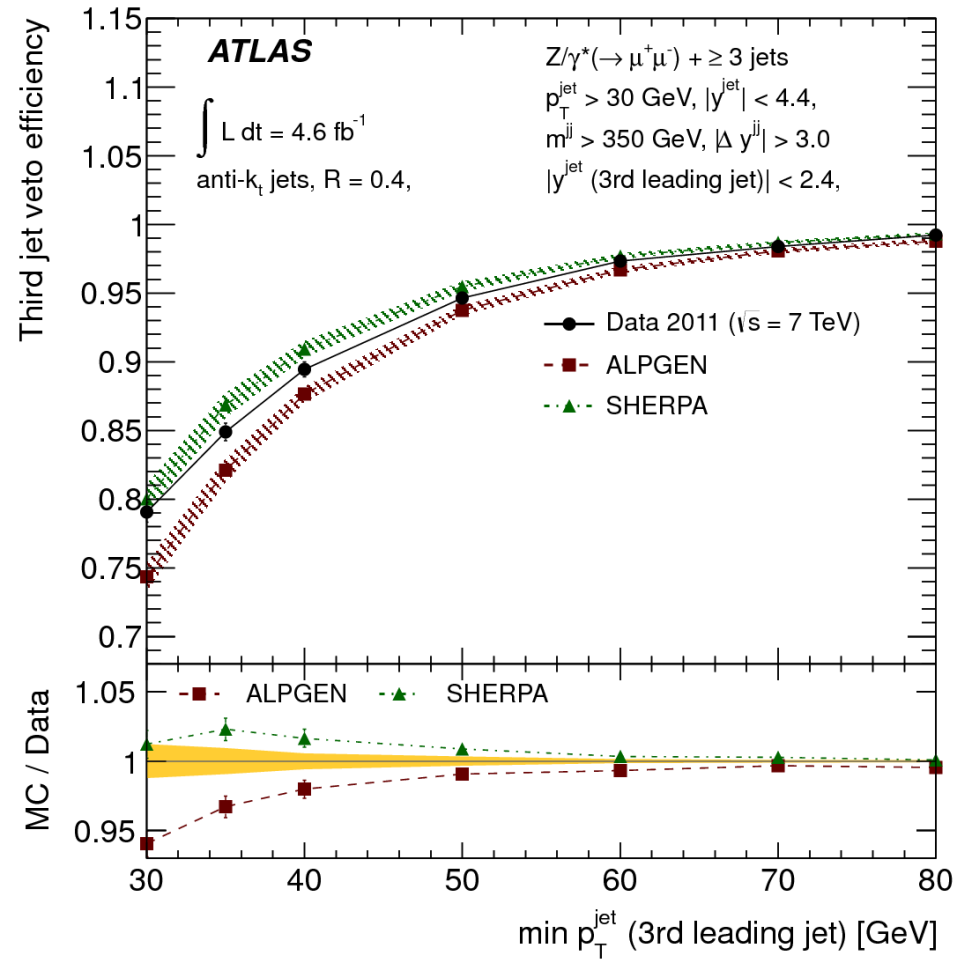
Z+jets diff. cross section

[JHEP07\(2013\)032](#)

Efficiency of 3rd central jet veto as a function of 3rd jet PT threshold for VBF Z+ \geq 2 jet

20 (7)% inefficiency observed at 30 (50) GeV central jet threshold

Agrees with LO+PS at <5% level



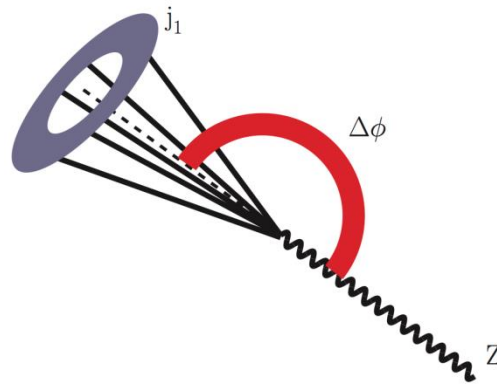
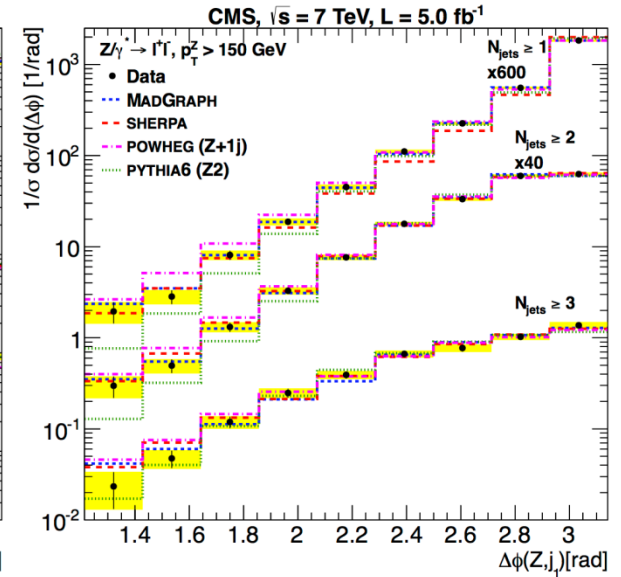
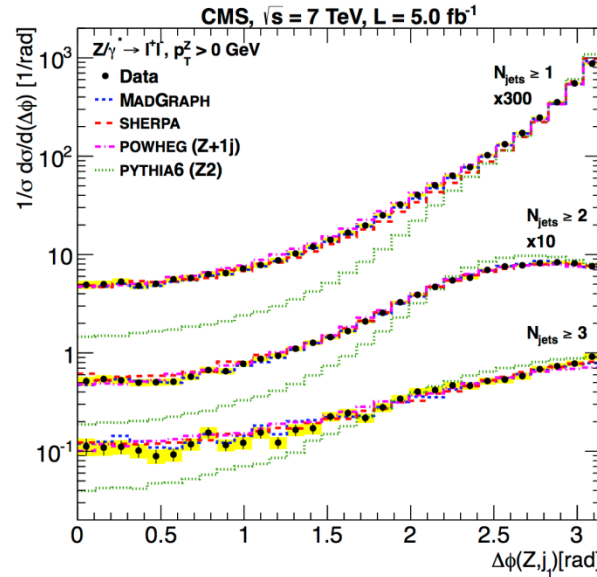
Z+jets event shape

[PLB 722\(2013\)238](#)

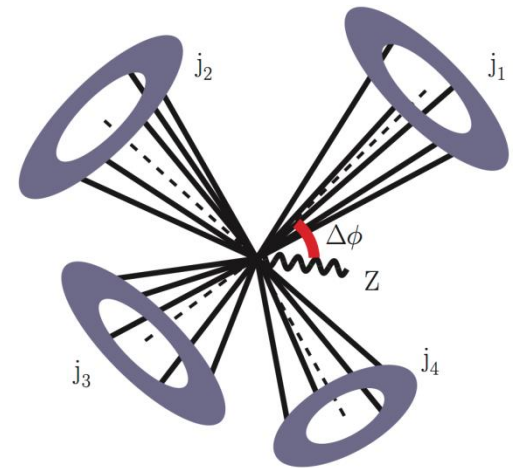
With 5/fb at 7 TeV, azimuthal Z-jet and jet-jet angular shapes and transverse thrust explored, inclusively and for Z $p_T > 150$ GeV

Madgraph, Sherpa describe data well at low and high ZPT for $N_{\text{jet}} \geq 1-3$

POWHEG, PYTHIA have too few partons and so have limited applicability



$$\Delta\Phi \sim \pi, \ln \tau T \sim -\infty$$

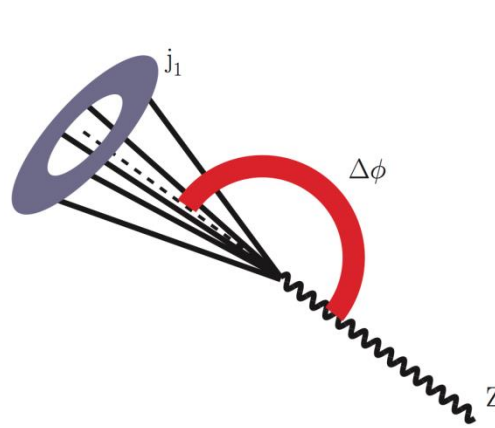
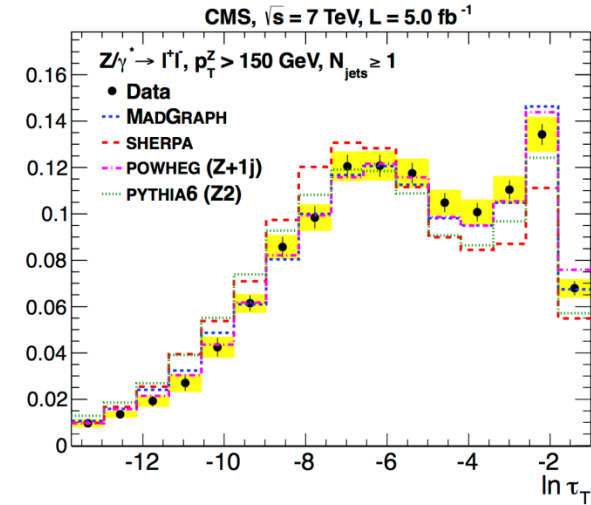
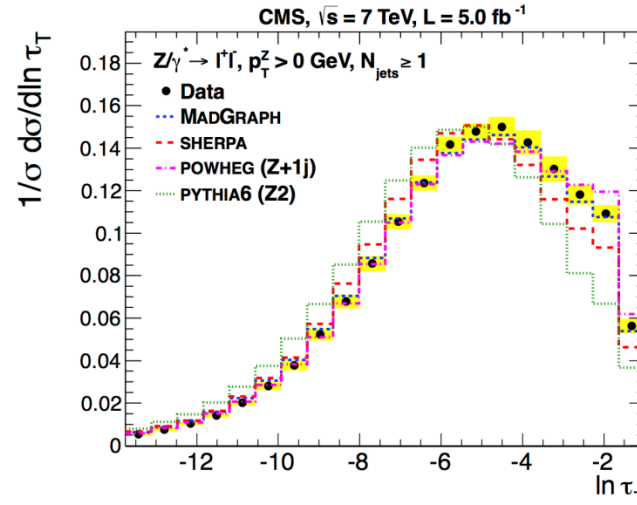


$$\Delta\Phi \ll \pi, \ln \tau T \sim -1$$

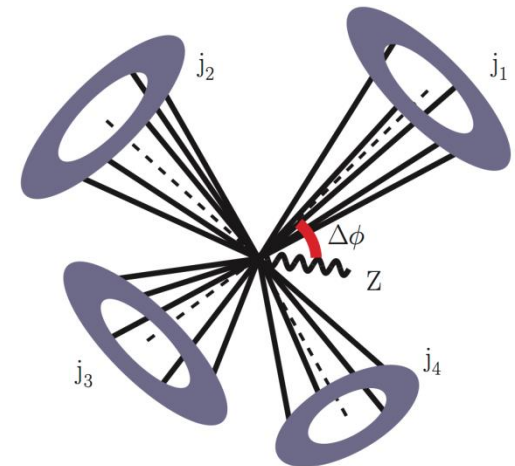
Z+jets event shape

[PLB 722\(2013\)238](#)

Madgraph describes log transverse thrust well, Sherpa shows 10-20% discrepancies



$$\Delta\Phi \sim \pi, \ln \tau_T \sim -\infty$$



$$\Delta\Phi \ll \pi, \ln \tau_T \sim -1$$

Z+=1 jet rapidity shape

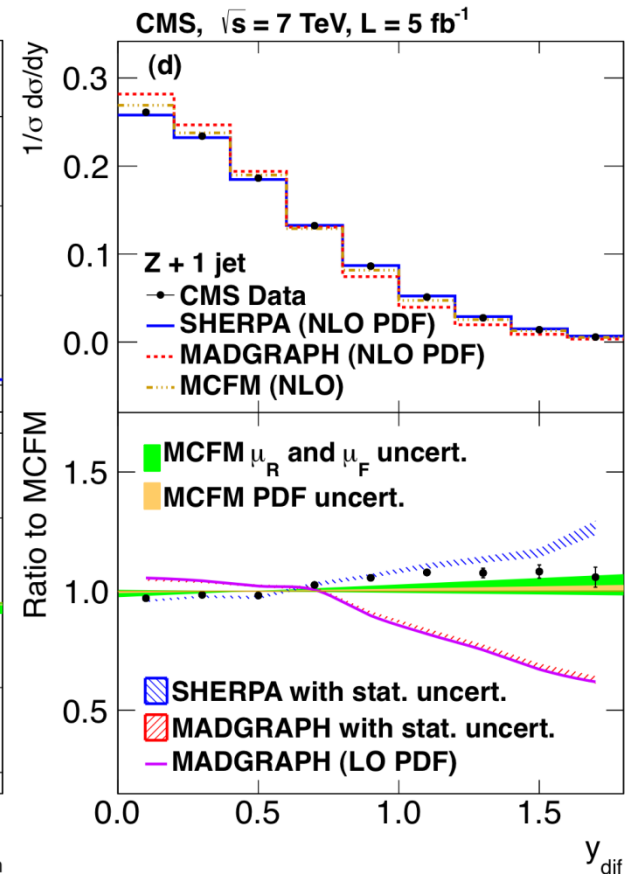
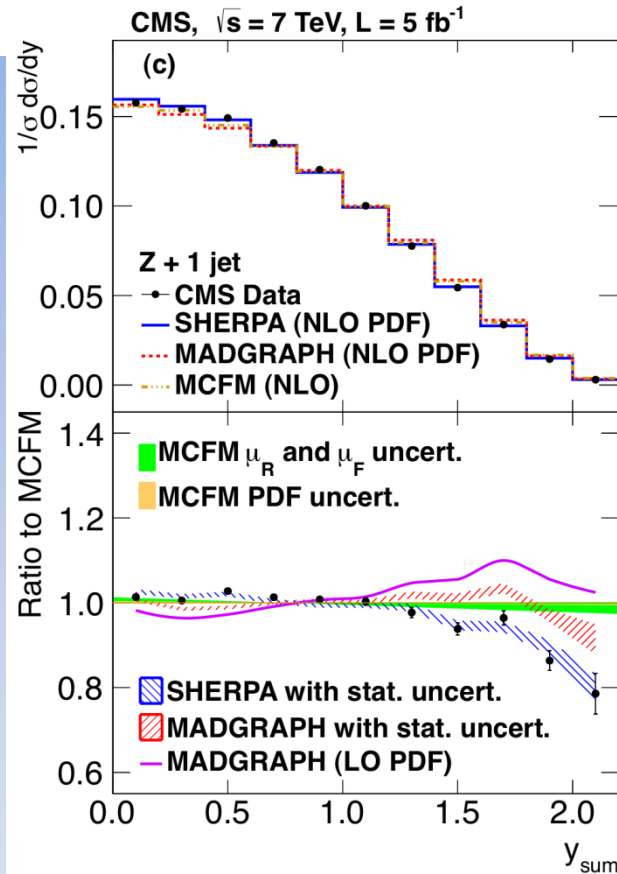
[arxiv:1310.3082](https://arxiv.org/abs/1310.3082)

yZ and yjet well described by LO+PS

BUT $|y_Z+y_{jet}|/2$ and $|y_Z-y_{jet}|/2$ exhibit large discrepancies at large values

SHERPA and Madgraph diverge from data in different directions. Attributed to parton-shower matching differences.

MCFM somewhat better in yDIF but still with poor Sherpa-like ySUM



W+jets diff. cross section

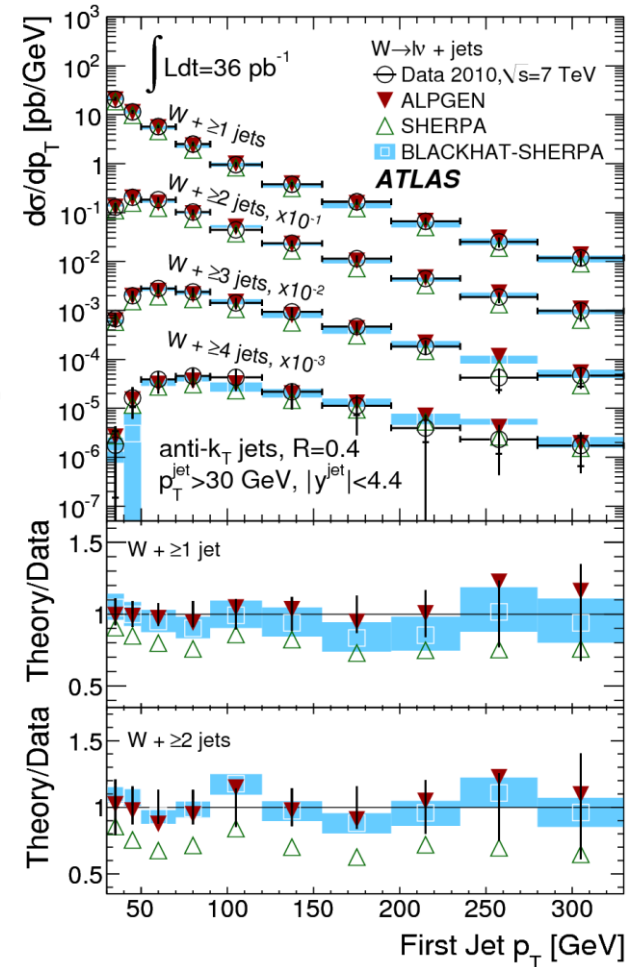
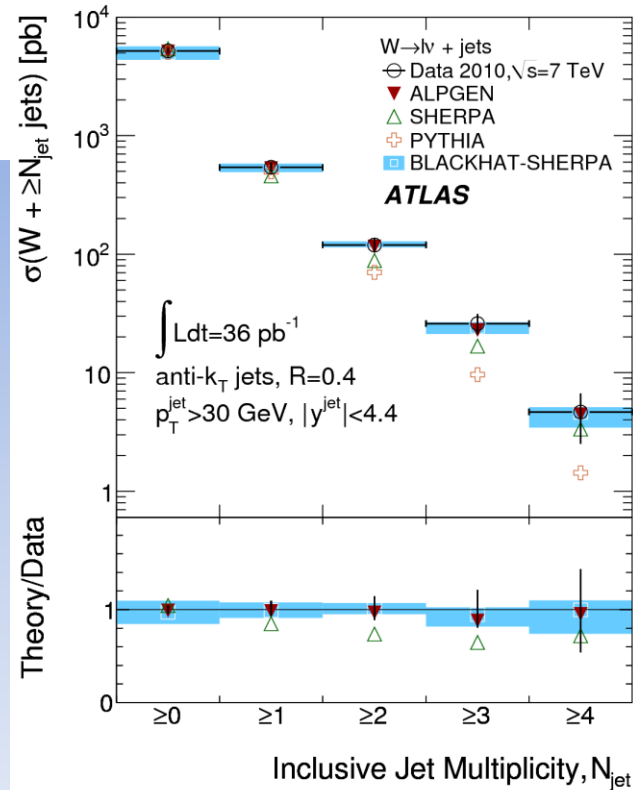
[PRD85\(2012\)092002](#)

W+light jets only examined
in 2010 data thus far.

Similar level of agreement
to Z+jets

Larger (tt) backgrounds at
high N_{jet}

Larger comparable reach in
leading jet PT and HT



Towards VBF/VBS: VBF Z production

Comprehensive study of Z+forward dijet production at 7 and 8 TeV.

VBF Z one of the interfering amplitudes

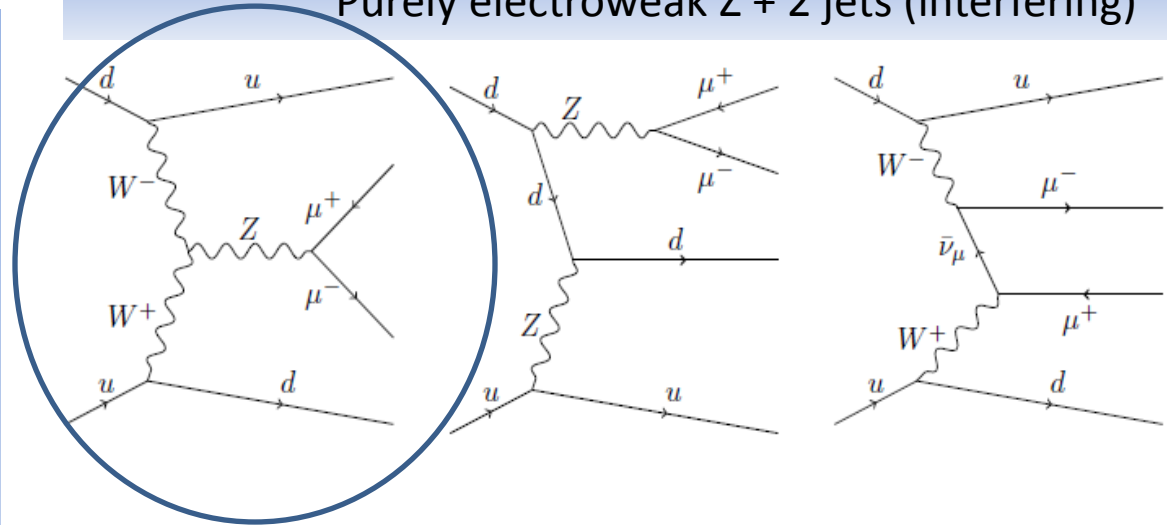
Z+2jet events selected with “VBF topology”: large dijet mass, large dijet $\Delta\eta$

Small S/B enhanced with BDT selection exploiting all Z+2jet kinematics

5 sigma signal for electroweak Z+jet production observed, fully consistent with SM

TGC potential under study

Purely electroweak Z + 2 jets (interfering)

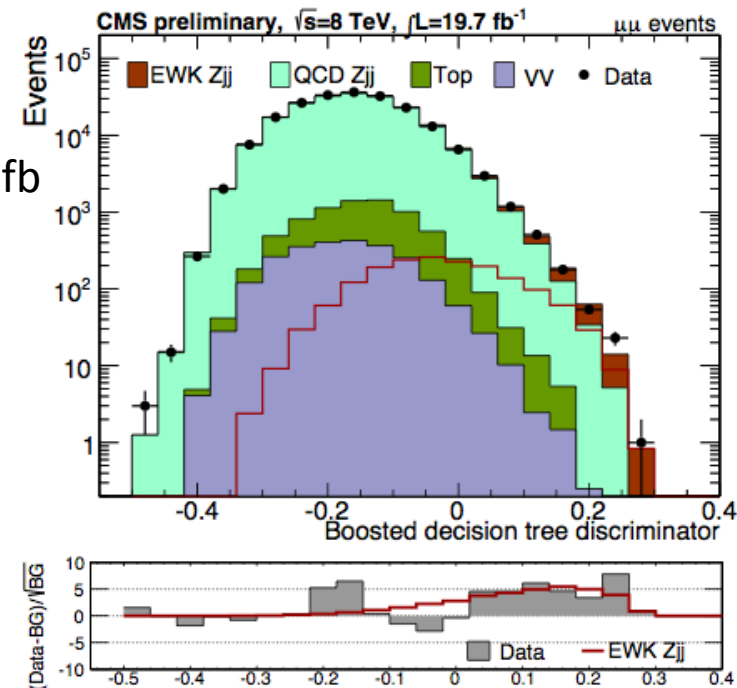


$$\sigma_{\text{EWK}} = 226 \pm 26 \text{ stat} \pm 35 \text{ syst fb}$$

$$\sigma_{\text{VBFNLO}} = 239 \text{ fb}$$

[CMS-PAS-FSQ-12-035](#)

[JHEP10\(2013\)101](#)



Towards VBF/VBS: VBF Z production

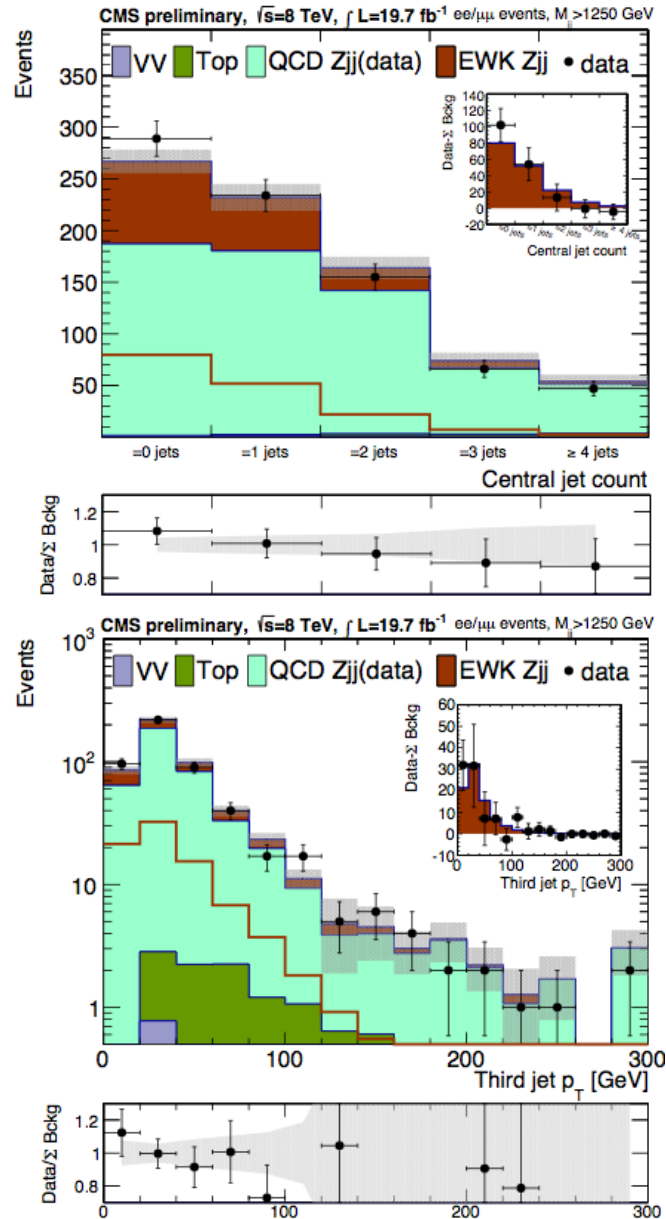
[CMS-PAS-FSQ-12-035](#)

[JHEP10\(2013\)101](#)

Multijet properties explored in
EWK-enriched subsample ($M_{jj} > 1250$ GeV)

Madgraph w/K factor describes
central jet multiplicity well

Third jet p_T also well described.



W,Z+jets: Mini-prospectus

7 TeV conclusions: LO+PS and NLO are doing mostly OK at the 10-20% scale uncertainty level compared to the 7 TeV data. There are some exceptional phase space regions, especially in angular patterns of radiation and high HT. Data precision leads theory precision at highest PT.

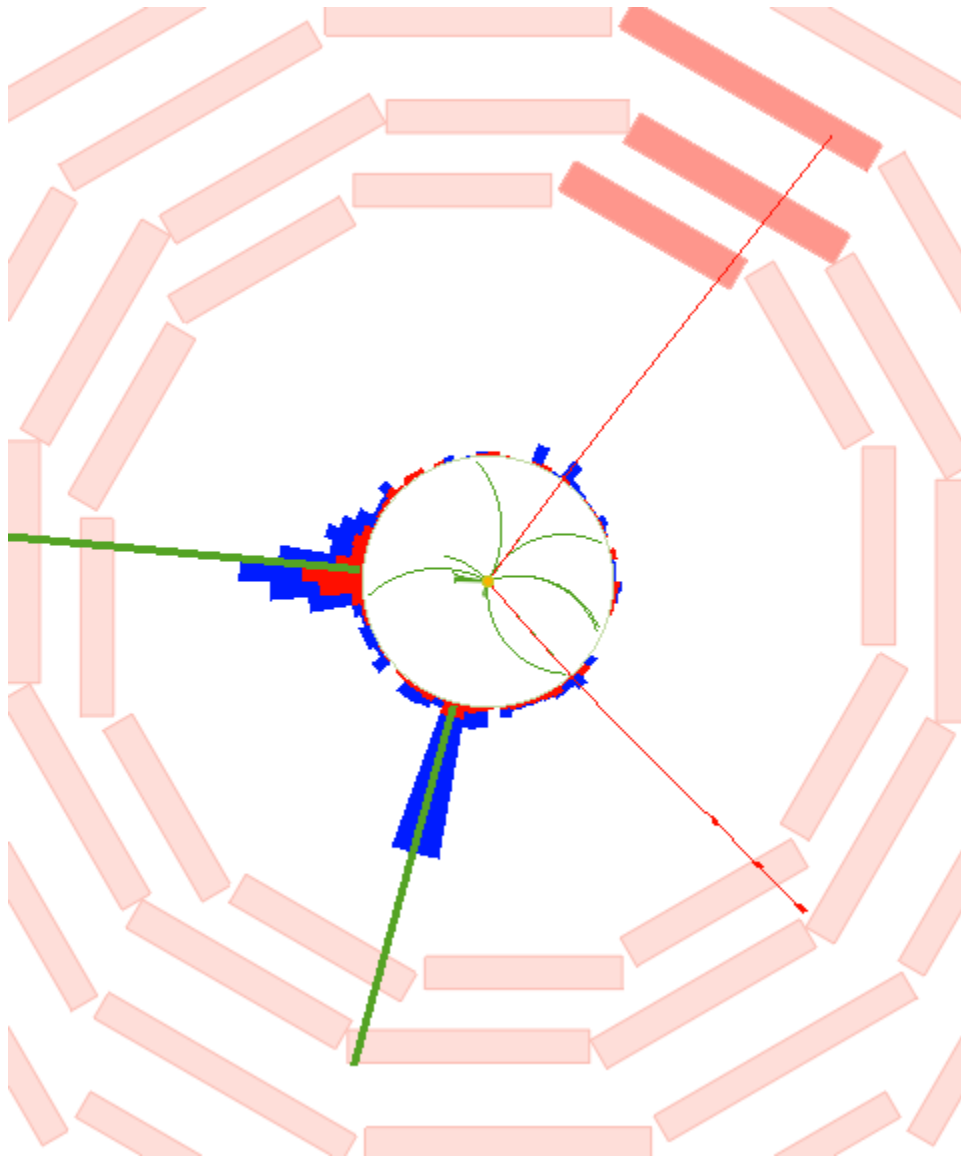
VBF-like V+2 jet production is now a detailed topic of study in its own right

With 8 TeV data: Close to probing TeV PT scale and very large jet multiplicities (8 or more)

At lower scales multiply differential distributions can be more completely explored.

NLO+PS and NLO EWK effects can be tested.

W+jets has been neglected but has stronger sensitivity to high PT/VBF phenomena.



W, Z plus
Heavy
Flavor
production

Z+b, bb production

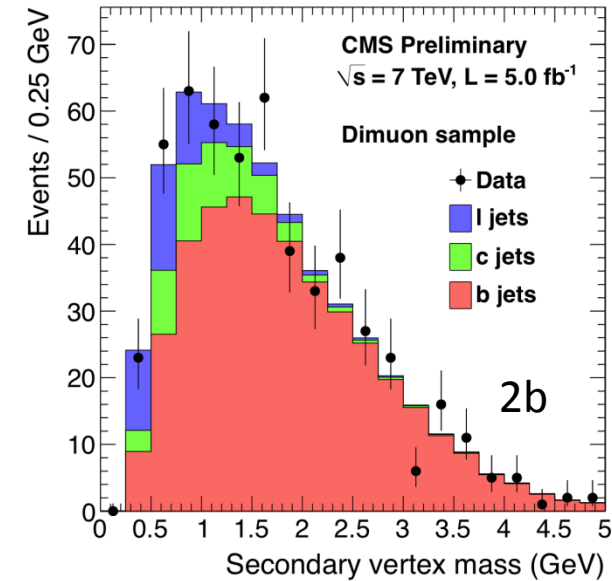
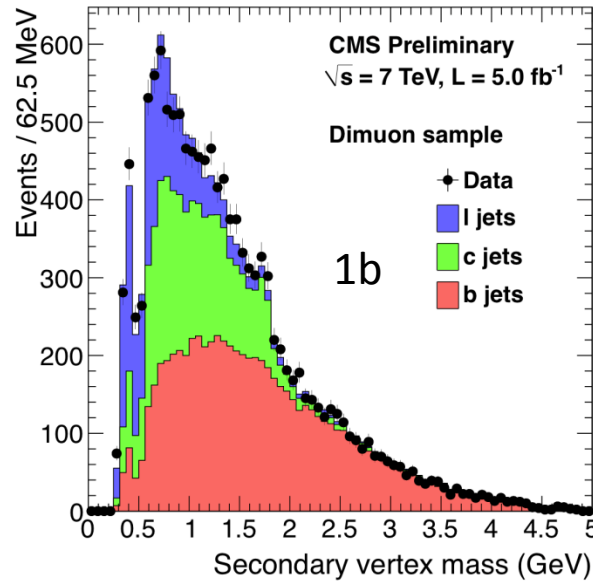
[CMS-PAS-SMP-13-004](#)

12k Z+1 b-tag and
500 Z+2 b-tag events
expected in 5/fb at 7 TeV.

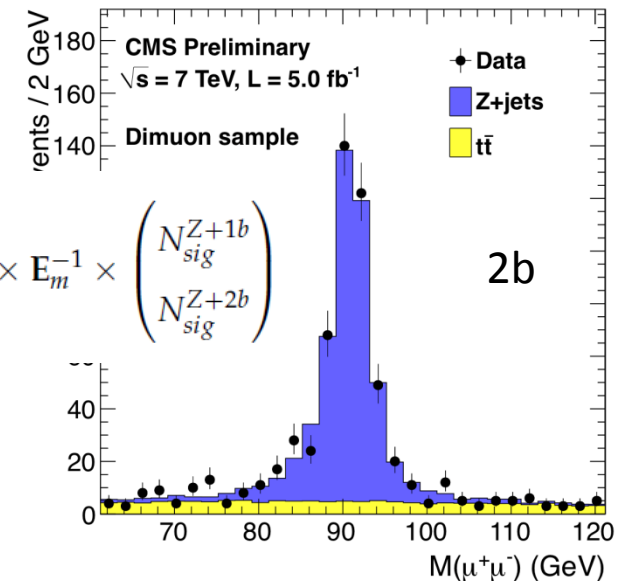
tt suppressed by Z mass and
MET significance cut,
Z+light/charm jets rejected
by large secondary vertex
mass (MSV).

Z+b (bb) extracted from 1D
(2D) template fit to MSV
(MSV1, MSV2)

Exclusive 1,2-tag cross
section estimated after N-
tag-wise unfolding of MET,
lepton, JES, and b-tag
response



$$\left(\frac{\sigma(Z + 1b)}{\sigma(Z + 2b)} \right) = \frac{1}{\mathcal{L}} \times E_r^{-1} \times E_l^{-1} \times E_b^{-1} \times E_m^{-1} \times \left(\frac{N_{sig}^{Z+1b}}{N_{sig}^{Z+2b}} \right)$$



Z+b, bb production

[CMS-PAS-SMP-13-004](#)

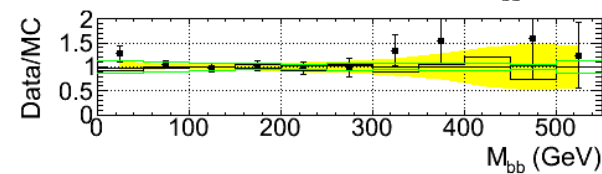
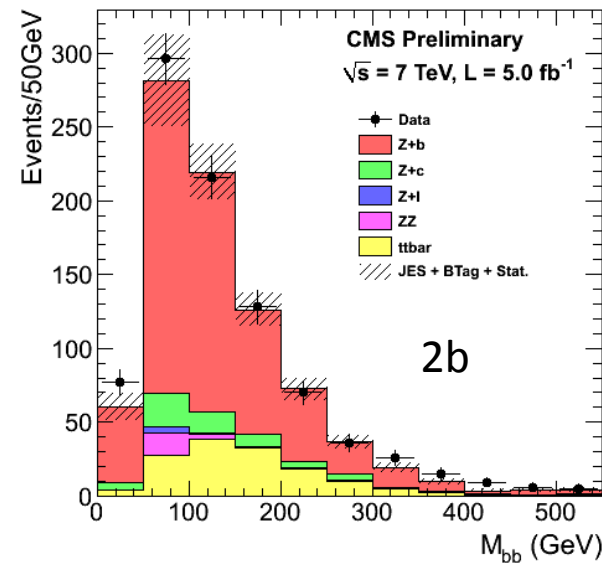
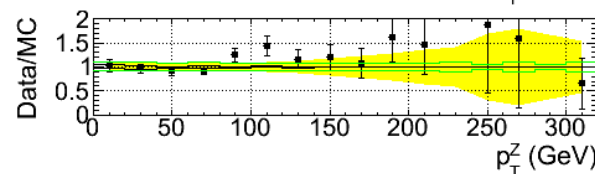
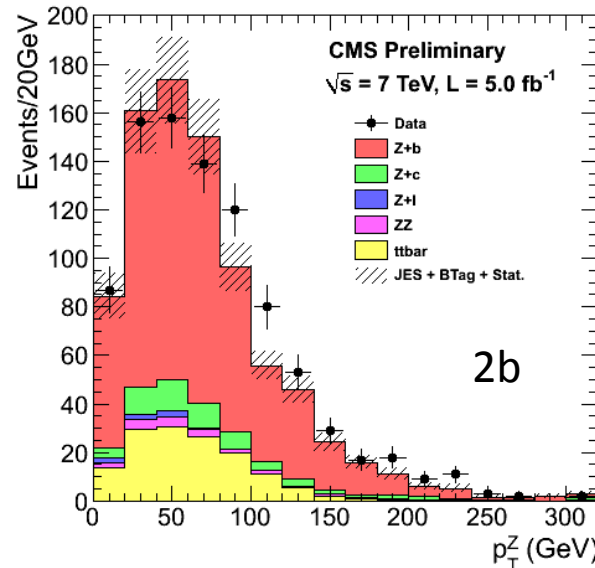
Exclusive cross sections agree with MadGraph 4F and 5F predictions.

B-tag efficiency and mistag uncertainty dominate total cross sections

Z PT in 2b case is somewhat harder than MadGraph.

Mbb and other variables in good agreement

Multiplicity bin	Measured	MadGraph 5F	MadGraph 4F
$\sigma(Z(\ell\ell)+1b)$ (pb)	$3.52 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.20$	3.66 ± 0.02	3.11 ± 0.03
$\sigma(Z(\ell\ell)+2b)$ (pb)	$0.36 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.07$	0.37 ± 0.01	0.38 ± 0.01
$\sigma(Z(\ell\ell)+b)$ (pb)	$3.88 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.22$	4.03 ± 0.02	3.49 ± 0.03
$\sigma(Z(\ell\ell)+b)/\sigma(Z(\ell\ell)+j)$ (%)	$5.15 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.25$	5.35 ± 0.02	4.60 ± 0.03



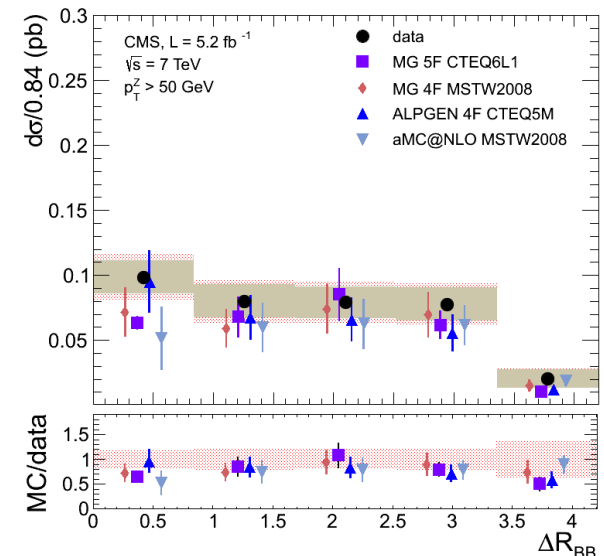
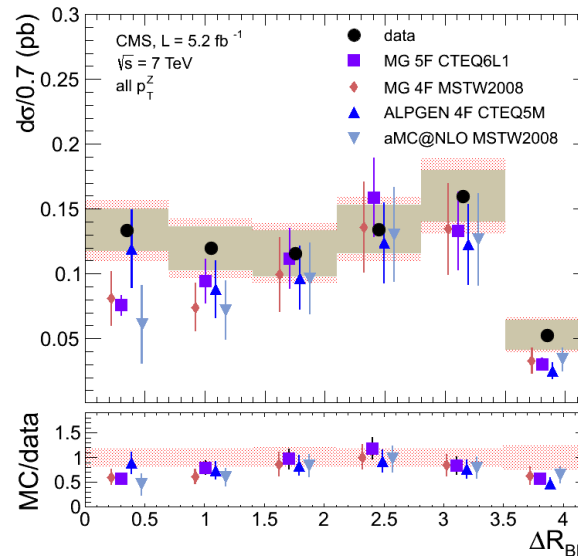
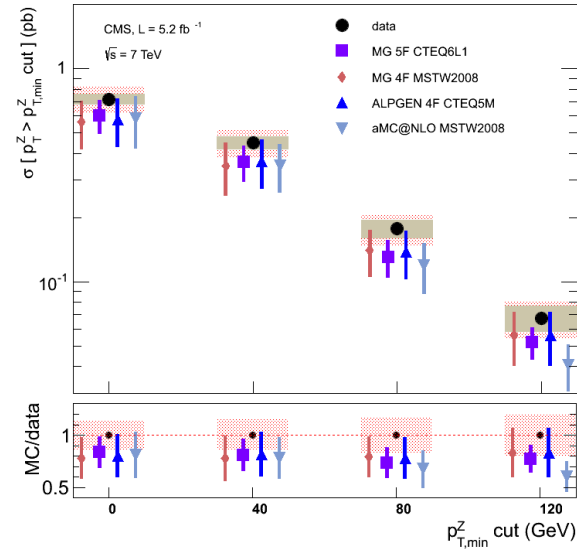
Z+BB hadrons cross section

[arxiv:1310.1349](https://arxiv.org/abs/1310.1349)

Using a tracker-driven inclusive vertex reconstruction technique, B-hadron pairs can be identified with excellent angular resolution \rightarrow can explore **very collinear production** from e.g. gluon splitting.

Total cross sections predicted by MadGraph 4F/5F, ALPGEN, aMC@NLO about 15% low, worse at high ZPT.

Madgraph, aMC@NLO underpredicting lowest ΔR



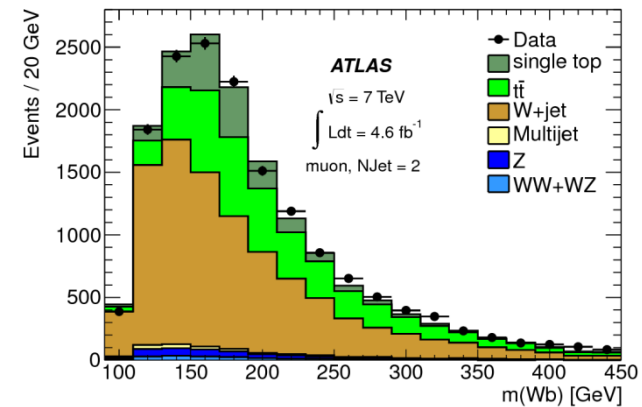
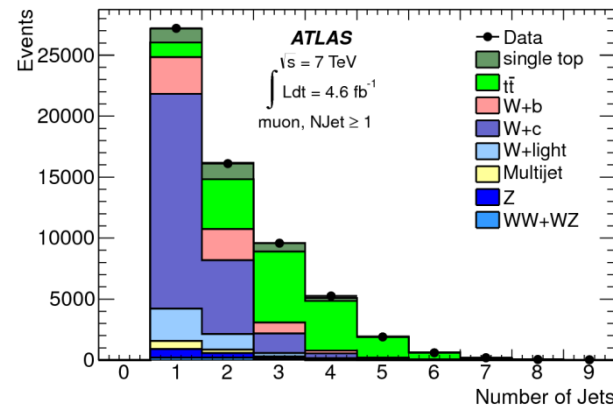
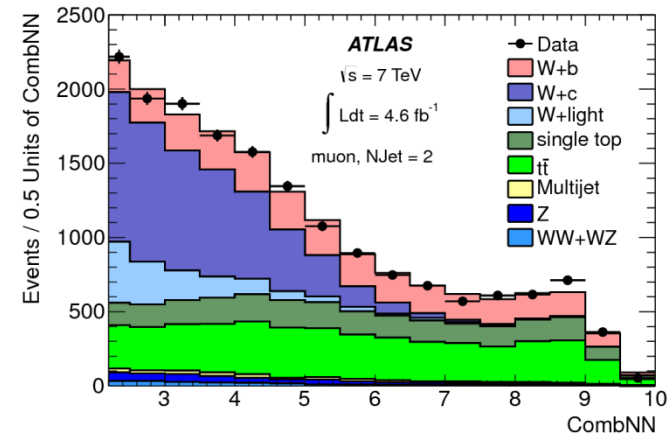
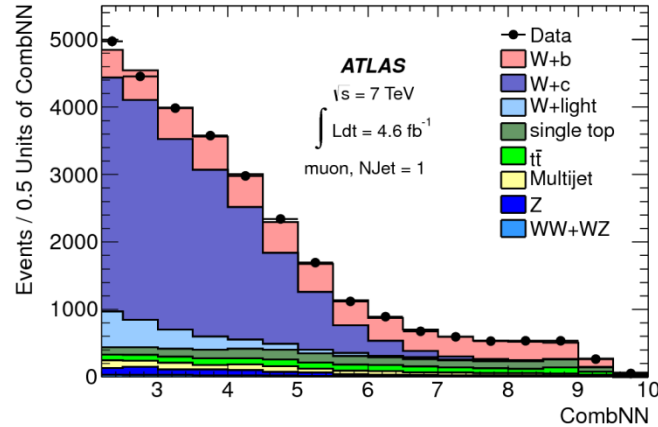
W+b cross section

[JHEP06\(2013\)084](#)

W candidates with =1 or 2 jets and = 1 b-tag selected from 4.6/fb at 7 TeV

Two different taggers with complementary info combined into an ANN discriminant against light/charm jets. 40-60% of tags retained for signal extraction via MLH template fit of ANN.

$t\bar{t}$ contribution constrained by 4-jet 1-tag sample; single top constrained by $m(Wb)$ distribution



W+b cross section

[JHEP06\(2013\)084](#)

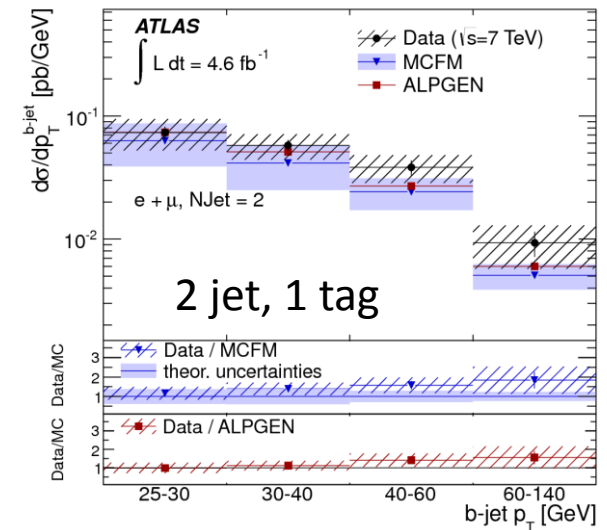
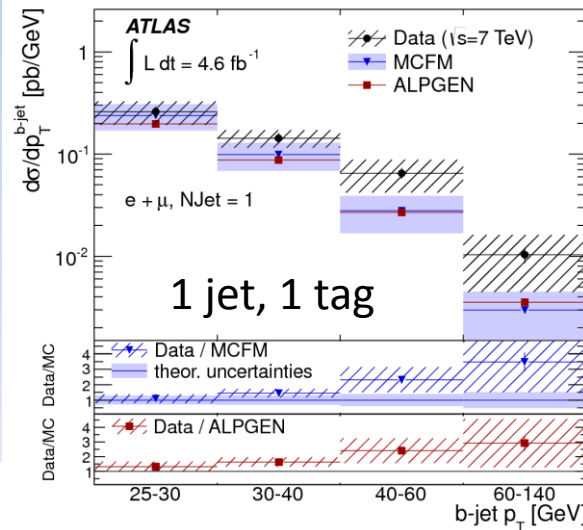
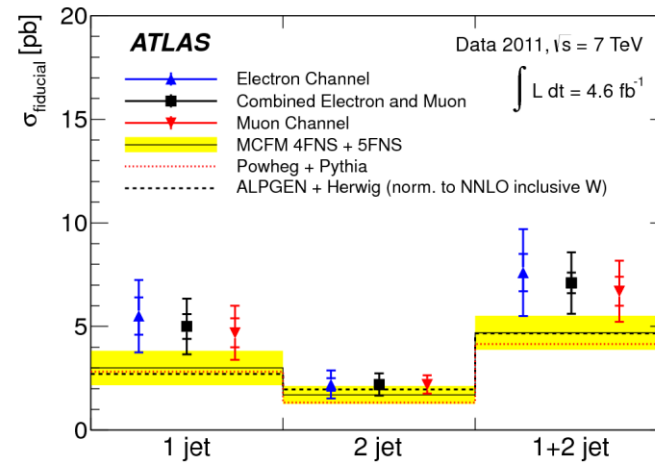
Exclusive cross sections measured to 20% precision (dominated by JES syst.)

W+b + single top results also presented

MCFM NLO and LO+PS predictions consistent with data at 1.5σ

Data and MC precision comparable

Diff. b PT cross sections a bit harder than MCFM/ALPGEN



W+bb cross section

CMS-PAS-SMP-12-026

W candidates with =2 jets
and =2 btags selected from
5/fb at 7 TeV

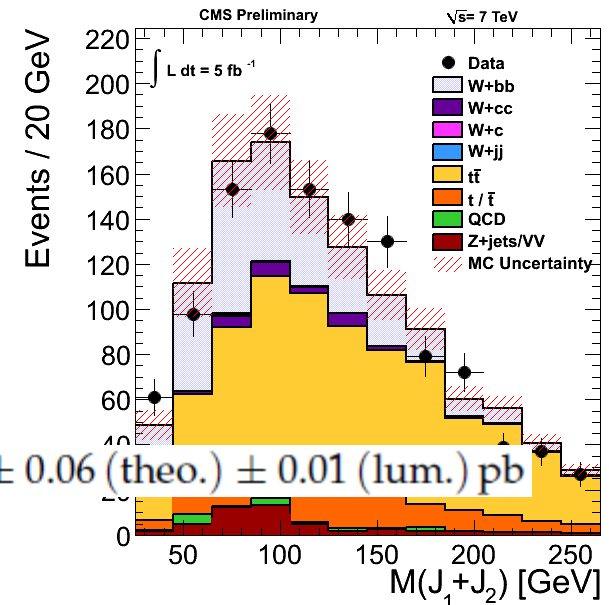
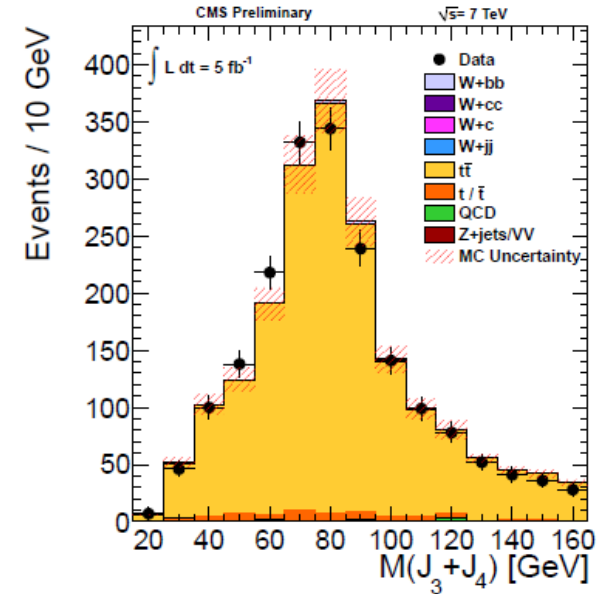
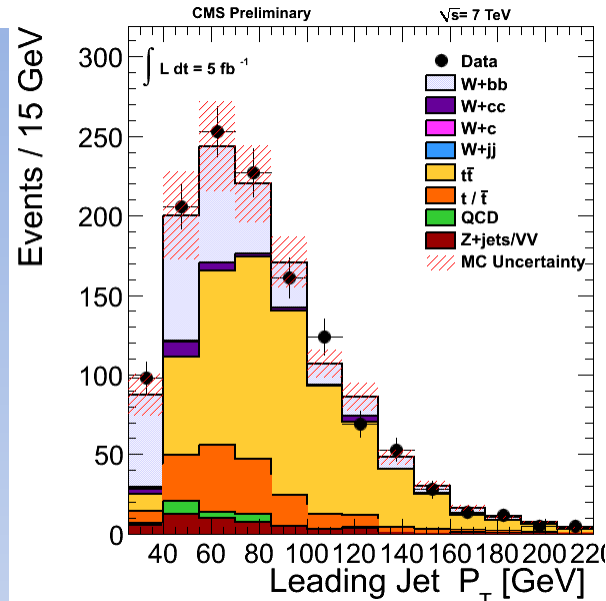
W+c,cc reduced by
combined cut on the MSV of
the two b-tags

tt normalized by =4jet,2-tag
sample

Remaining top
discrimination from leading
jet PT templates.

MCFM in good agreement
with measured cross section.

MadGraph agrees with Mbb
distribution



MCFM

0.52 ± 0.03 pb

CMS data

0.53 ± 0.05 (stat.) ± 0.09 (syst.) ± 0.06 (theo.) ± 0.01 (lum.) pb

W+charm cross section

[arXiv:1310.1138](https://arxiv.org/abs/1310.1138)

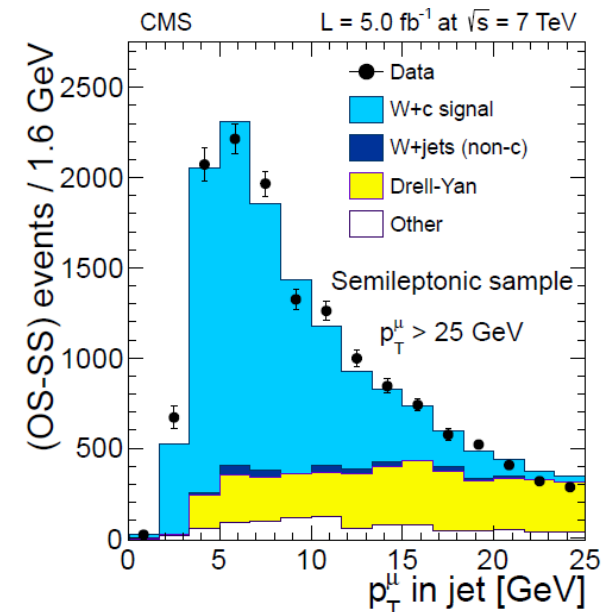
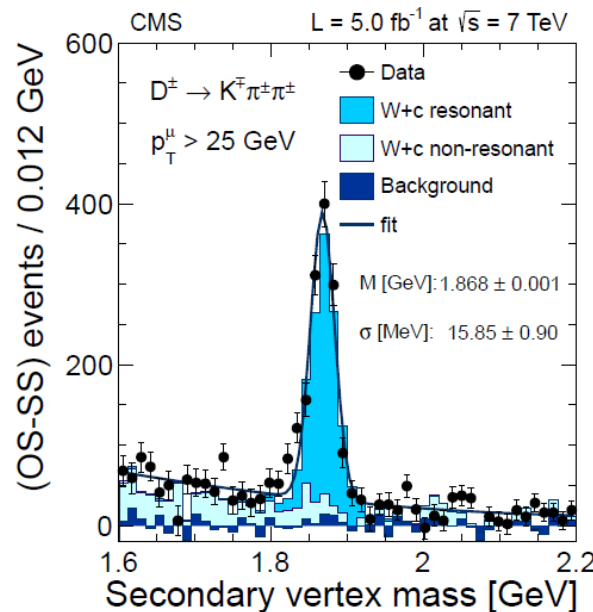
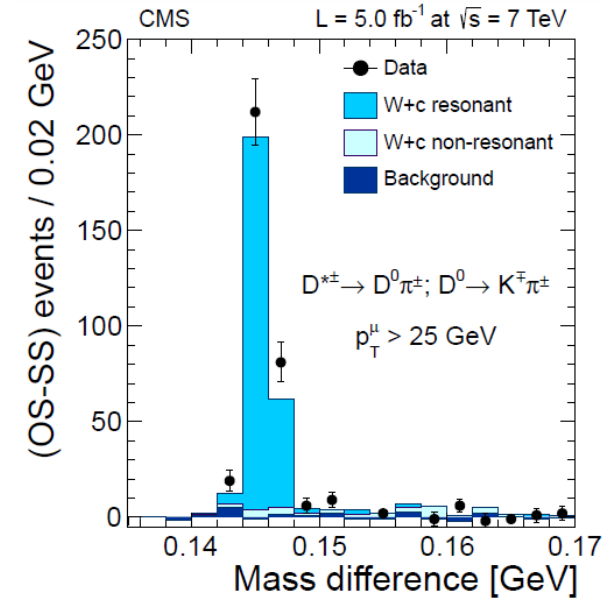
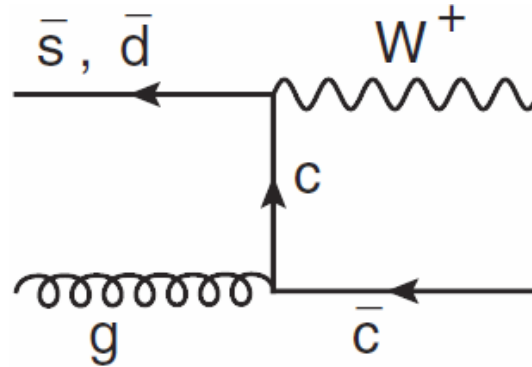
Leading order W+c directly probes **strange quark PDF**

Strange and anti-strange probed independently by W+, W-

W and c are opposite sign

Higher-order W+cc, W+bb, top are **same-sign/opposite-sign symmetric** → subtract with same-sign data

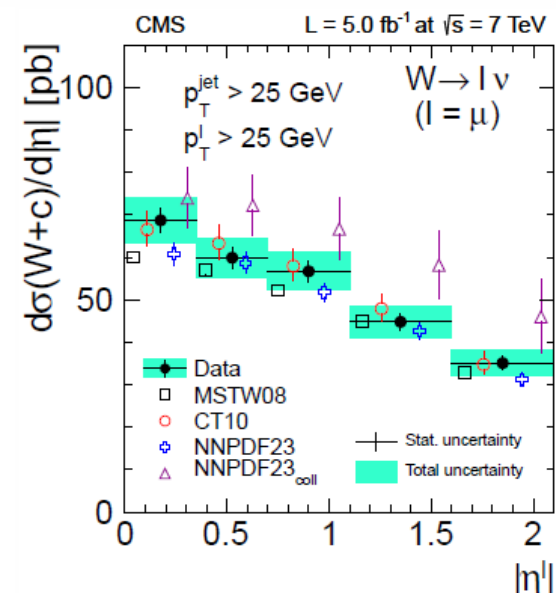
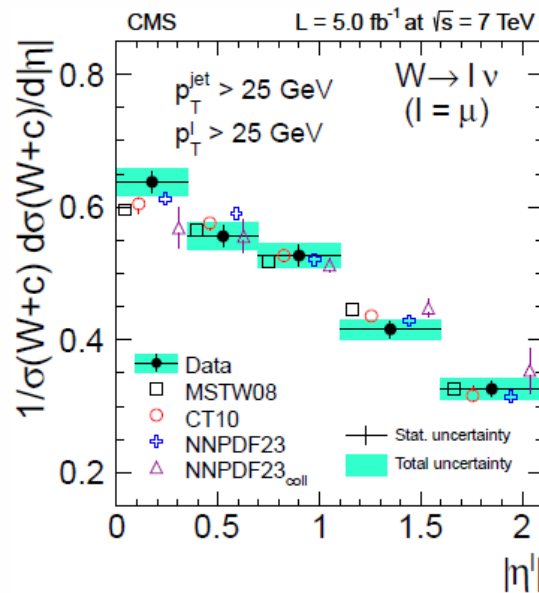
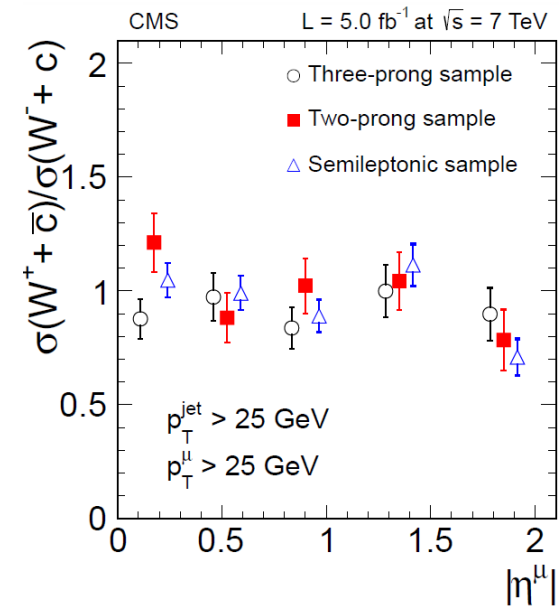
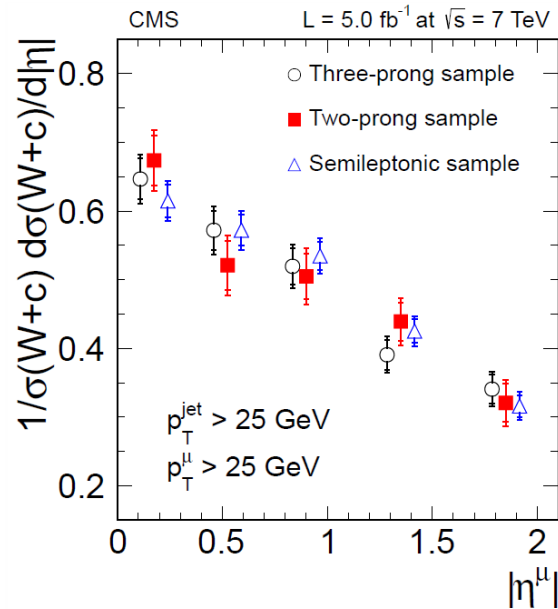
(semi-)exclusive **charm hadron reconstruction** gives high-purity, self-charge-tagged W+c samples



W+charm cross section

[arXiv:1310.1138](https://arxiv.org/abs/1310.1138)

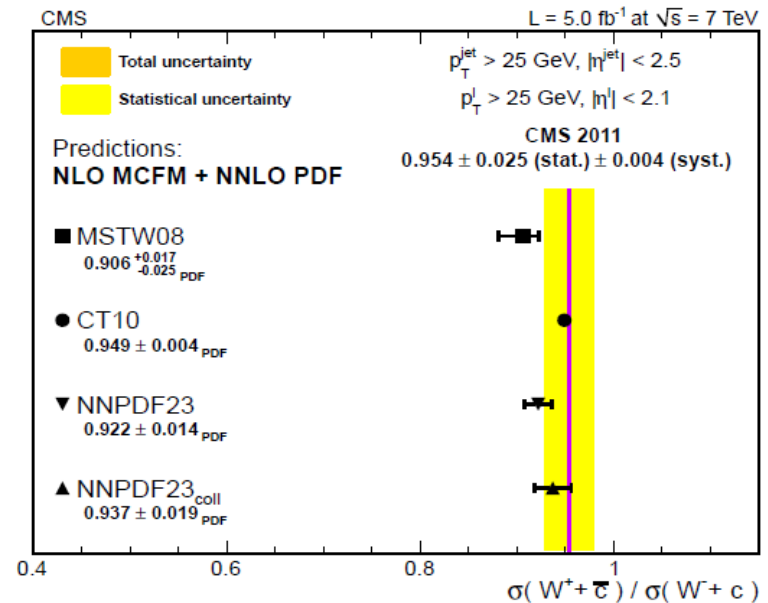
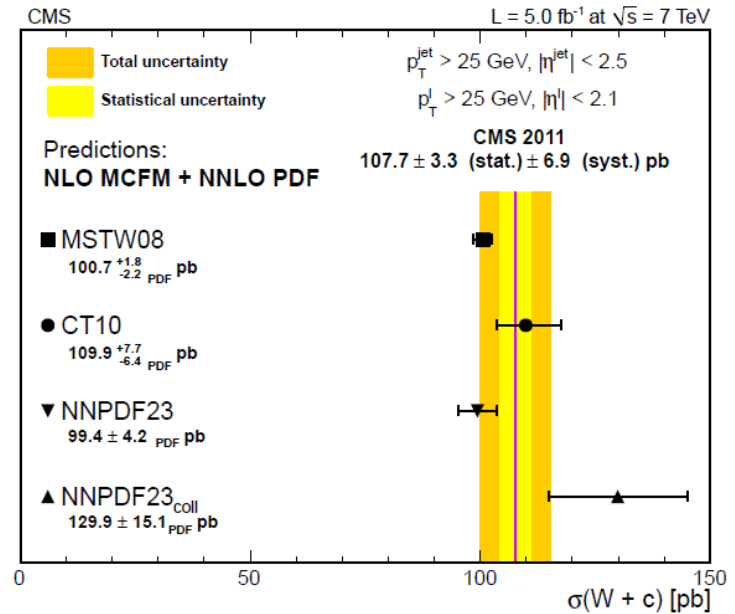
- Measure cross section and charged ratio vs lepton $|\eta|$
- Consistent across three different hadron reco methods
- Leading syst. are JES, charm branching fractions
- Consistent with NLO MCFM predictions



W+charm cross section

[arXiv:1310.1138](https://arxiv.org/abs/1310.1138)

- Data consistent with strange content of pre-LHC PDFs (neutrino fixed-target), approaching good precision
- Data consistent with charge symmetric strange PDF



W+charm hadron cross section

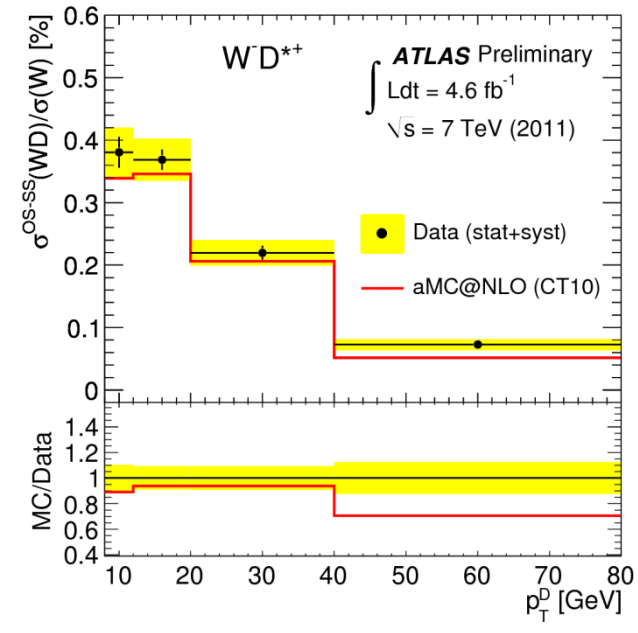
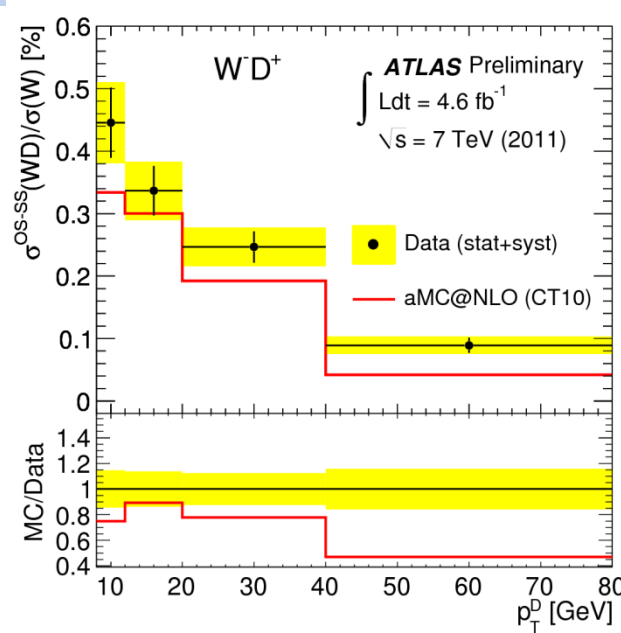
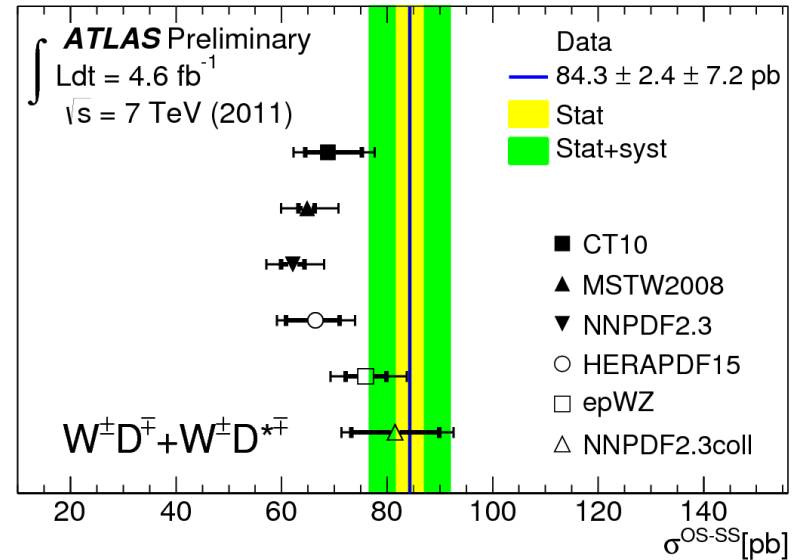
ATLAS has a very similar analysis with somewhat different selected phase space and cross section definitions.

Cross sections measured for charm hadrons, not partons

Compared with aMC@NLO:
 Minimum $PT(D) > 8$ GeV,
 $|\eta_D| < 2.2$
 $PT_l > 25$ GeV, $MET > 25$ GeV,
 $MT > 40$ GeV

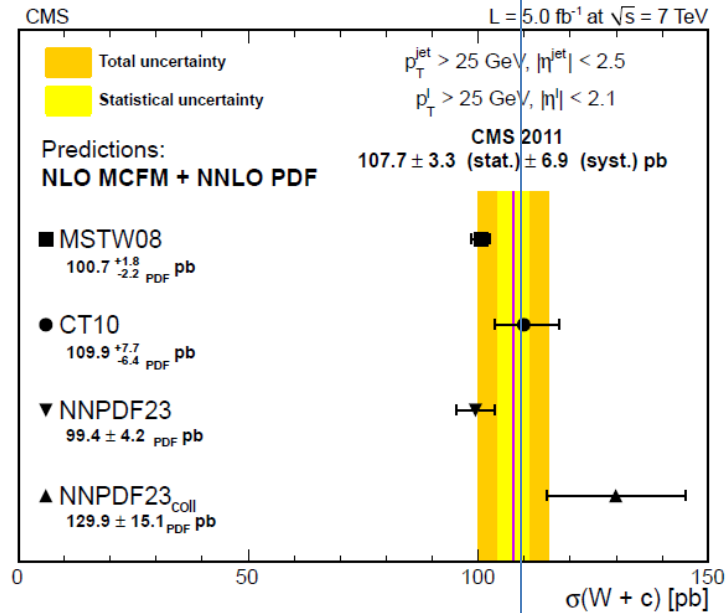
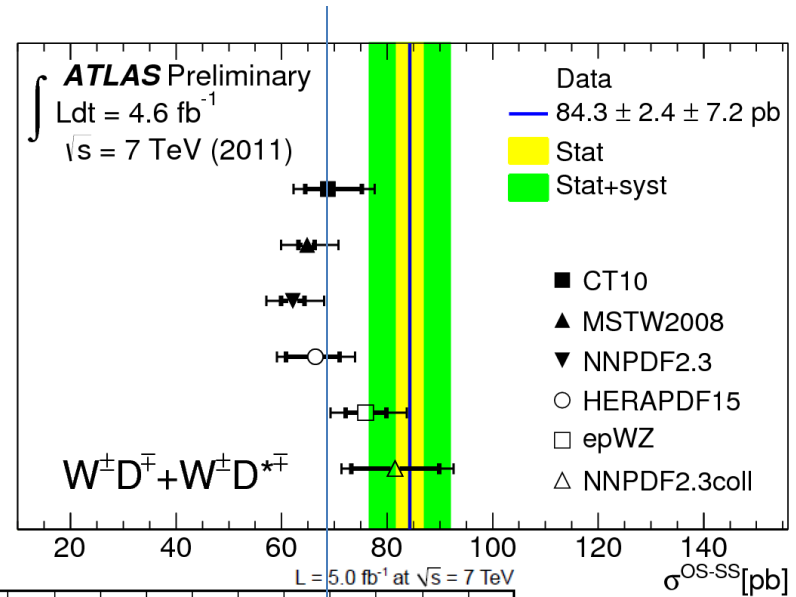
Favors somewhat higher s-sea

Measures also PTD diff. cross section as well as $\eta(\text{lepton})$



W+charm hadron cross section

CMS-ATLAS difference is between 1-2 sigma, roughly, since CMS \sim CT10 with similar error.



W,Z+heavy flavor: Mini-prospectus

7 TeV conclusions: LO+PS and NLO are doing mostly OK at the 20% scale uncertainty level compared to the 7 TeV data. There are some exceptional phase space regions. Interesting sensitivity to sea quark PDFs.

With 8 TeV data: differential cross sections to be explored in more detail and in regions more relevant for Higgs/searches

Unexplored so far at LHC:

Z+c(cc)

W+cc

Z+b angular distributions

Comprehensive W+Njet+Mtags

Summary

- V+jets production measurement has been explored in most all relevant areas with the 7 TeV data. **But almost no 8 TeV results available yet!**
- NLO and LO+PS are successfully describing the data at the advertised level of accuracy in a wide variety of situations. But there are exceptional distributions everywhere. **Can the next generation of predictions resolve those exceptions?**
- **V+jets is not the only precision laboratory** for multijet QCD going forward. Also look at jet dynamics:
 - In VV and VBF, relevant for precision Higgs physics
 - In phase space relevant for high PT searches