

# Multiple Coulomb Excitation of $^{72}\text{Zn}$ with MINIBALL at ISOLDE using a new Coulomx silicon geometry

Stefanie Hellgartner  
Dennis Mücher

Technische Universität München  
Physik Department, E12

ISOLDE Workshop 2013, CERN  
25<sup>th</sup>-27<sup>th</sup> November 2013

# Contents

Motivation

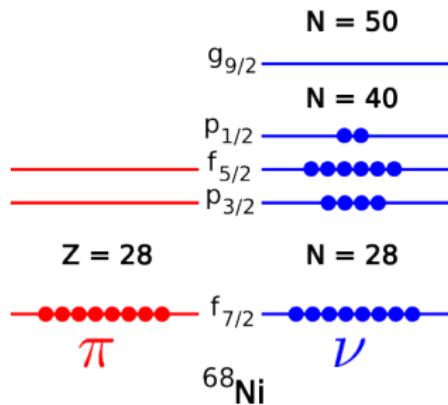
Experimental setup

Analysis strategy

Preliminary results

# Motivation

|      |      |      |      |      |      |      |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 69Ga | 70Ga | 71Ga | 72Ga | 73Ga | 74Ga | 75Ga |
| 68Zn | 69Zn | 70Zn | 71Zn | 72Zn | 73Zn | 74Zn |
| 67Cu | 68Cu | 69Cu | 70Cu | 71Cu | 72Cu | 73Cu |
| 66Ni | 67Ni | 68Ni | 69Ni | 70Ni | 71Ni | 72Ni |
|      |      |      | N=40 | N=42 |      |      |

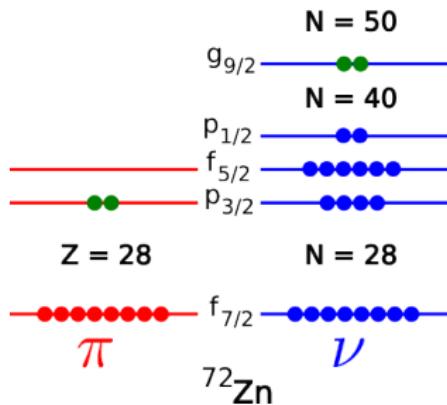


- ▶ Today it is not clear if  $^{68}\text{Ni}$  is doubly magic or not.
- ⇒ Study of the proton-neutron interaction near  $N = 40$  with a  $^{72}\text{Zn}$  beam

# Motivation

|      |      |      |      |      |      |      |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 69Ga | 70Ga | 71Ga | 72Ga | 73Ga | 74Ga | 75Ga |
| 68Zn | 69Zn | 70Zn | 71Zn | 72Zn | 73Zn | 74Zn |
| 67Cu | 68Cu | 69Cu | 70Cu | 71Cu | 72Cu | 73Cu |
| 66Ni | 67Ni | 68Ni | 69Ni | 70Ni | 71Ni | 72Ni |

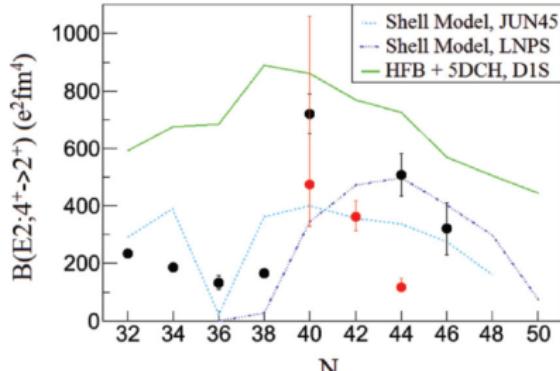
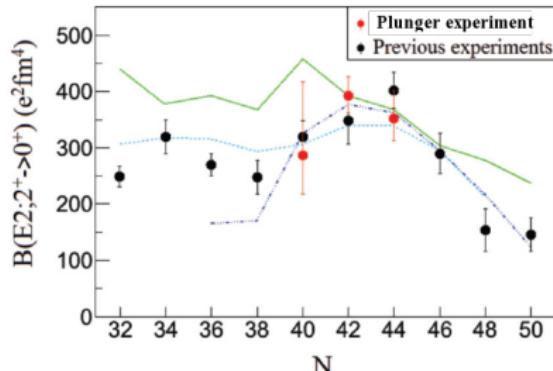
N=40      N=42



- ▶ Today it is not clear if  $^{68}\text{Ni}$  is doubly magic or not.
- ⇒ Study of the proton-neutron interaction near  $N = 40$  with a  $^{72}\text{Zn}$  beam

# Motivation: B(E2) values of the Zn isotopes

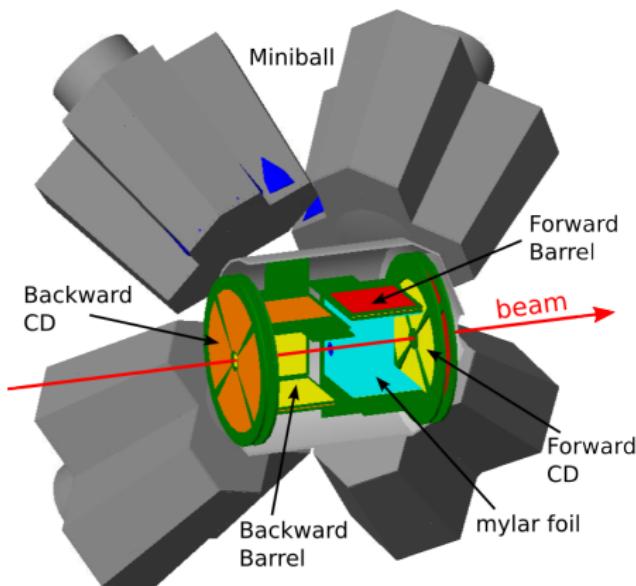
C. Louchart et al.: Phys. Rev. C 87, 054302 (2013)



- ▶ Good agreement for  $B(E2; 2^+_1 \rightarrow 0^+_1)$
- ▶ But: Discrepancies for  $B(E2; 4^+_1 \rightarrow 2^+_1)$ , especially in the experimental data (see also talk of Magdalena Zielinska)
- ⇒ Additional measurements needed → Is510

# Experimental setup: T-REX + MINIBALL

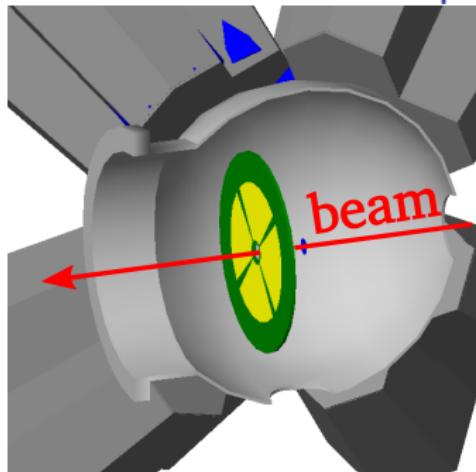
- ▶ Experimental setup is based on the T-REX setup at REX-ISOLDE (CERN)
- ▶ T-REX: Good tool for studying transfer reactions



- ▶ Segmented  $\Delta E - E$  Si-telescopes for particle identification (p, d, ...)
- ▶  $12\ \mu\text{m}$  mylar protection foils can be installed
- ▶ MINIBALL for  $\gamma$ -rays
- ▶ Possible targets:  $^2\text{D}$  or  $^3\text{H}$

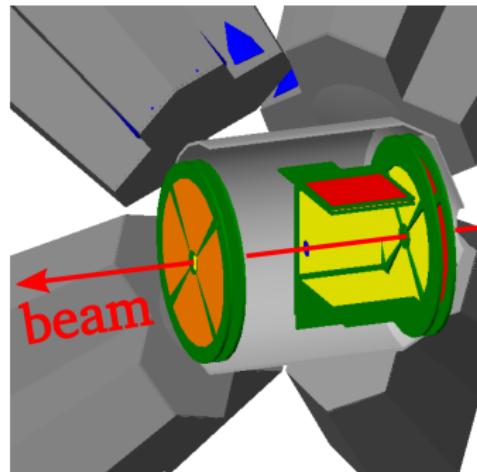
# Modifications of T-REX for Coulex experiments

Standard Coulex setup



Fixed CD target distance  
( $\theta_{lab} = 16^\circ - 54^\circ$ )

Coulex with T-REX setup



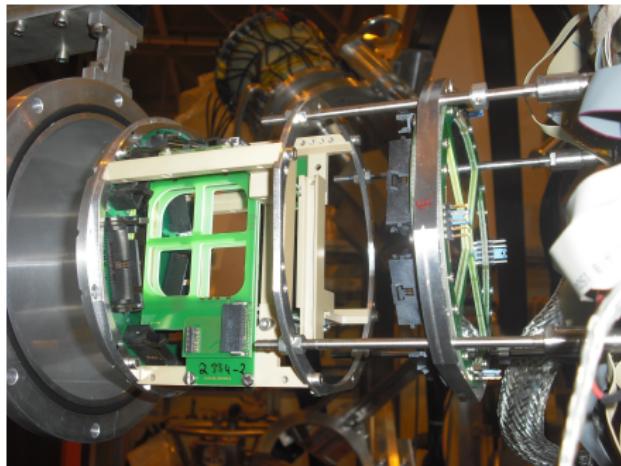
FCD with variable target distance

## Optimize Coulex setup

- ▶ Largest possible angular coverage
- ▶ Tolerable count rates of elastically scattered particles

# Photographs of the new Coulex setup

New Coulex setup in T-REX  
vacuum chamber

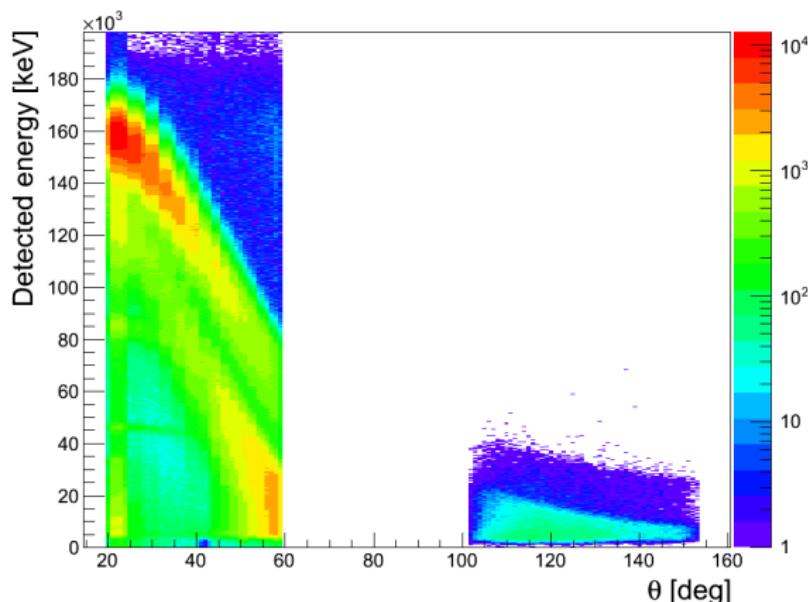


Closest distance between  
target and FCD: 2.45 cm



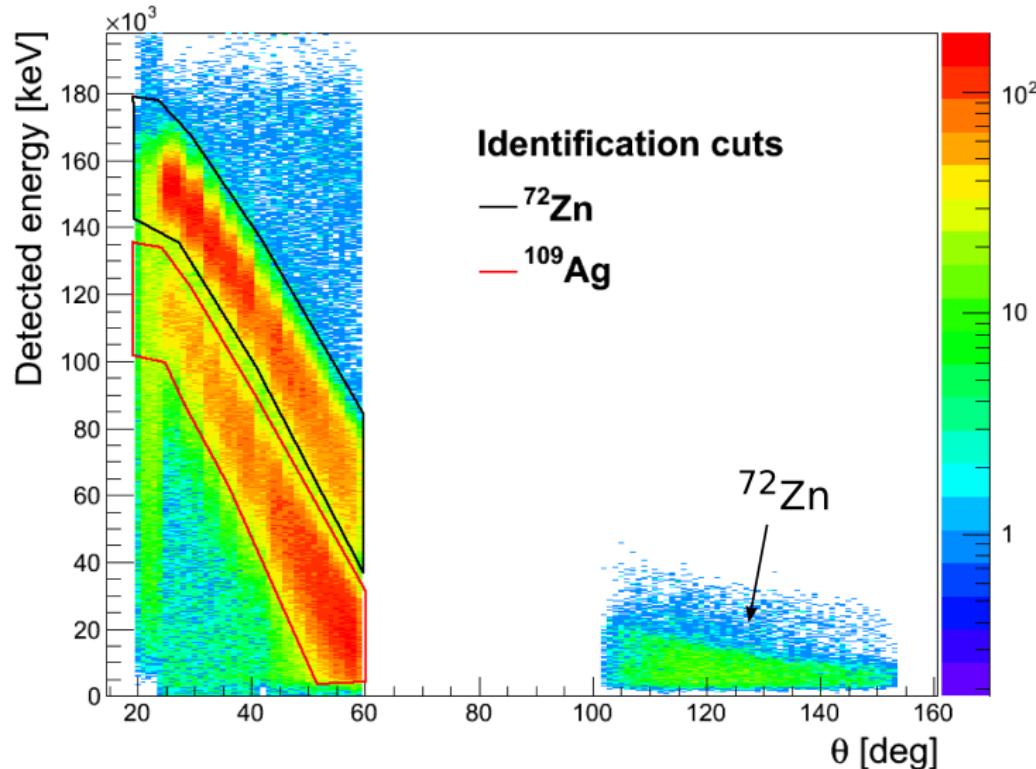
# Coulomb excitation of $^{72}\text{Zn}$

- ▶ Coulomb excitation of the  $^{72}\text{Zn}$  beam with a  $1.17 \frac{\text{mg}}{\text{cm}^2} {}^{109}\text{Ag}$  target ( $E_b = 2.85 \text{ MeV/u}$ , 66 h good data,  $I_{MB} \approx 2 \cdot 10^7 \text{ pps}$ )



- ▶ All particles in the Silicon detectors
- ⇒ No clear separation between  $^{72}\text{Zn}$  and  ${}^{109}\text{Ag}$

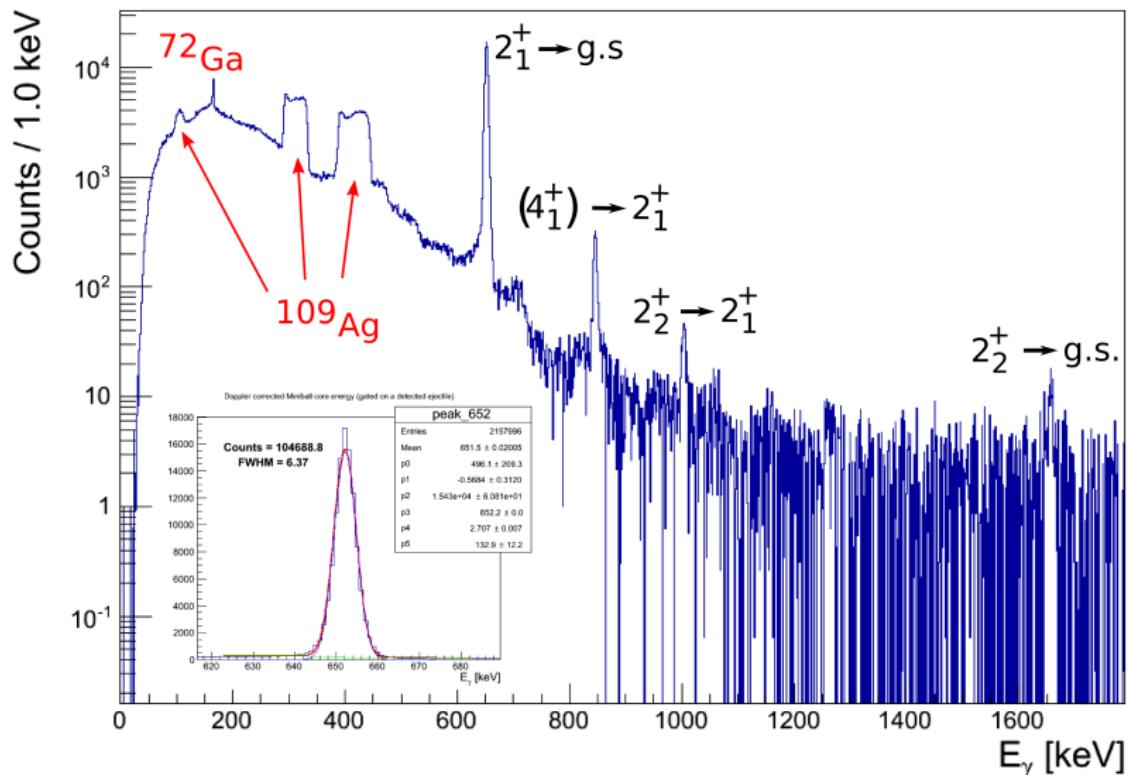
# Identification of the ejectile and the recoil



- ▶ Look only at particles with a coincident  $\gamma$ -ray in MINIBALL
- ⇒ Clear separation between  $^{72}\text{Zn}$  and  $^{109}\text{Ag}$

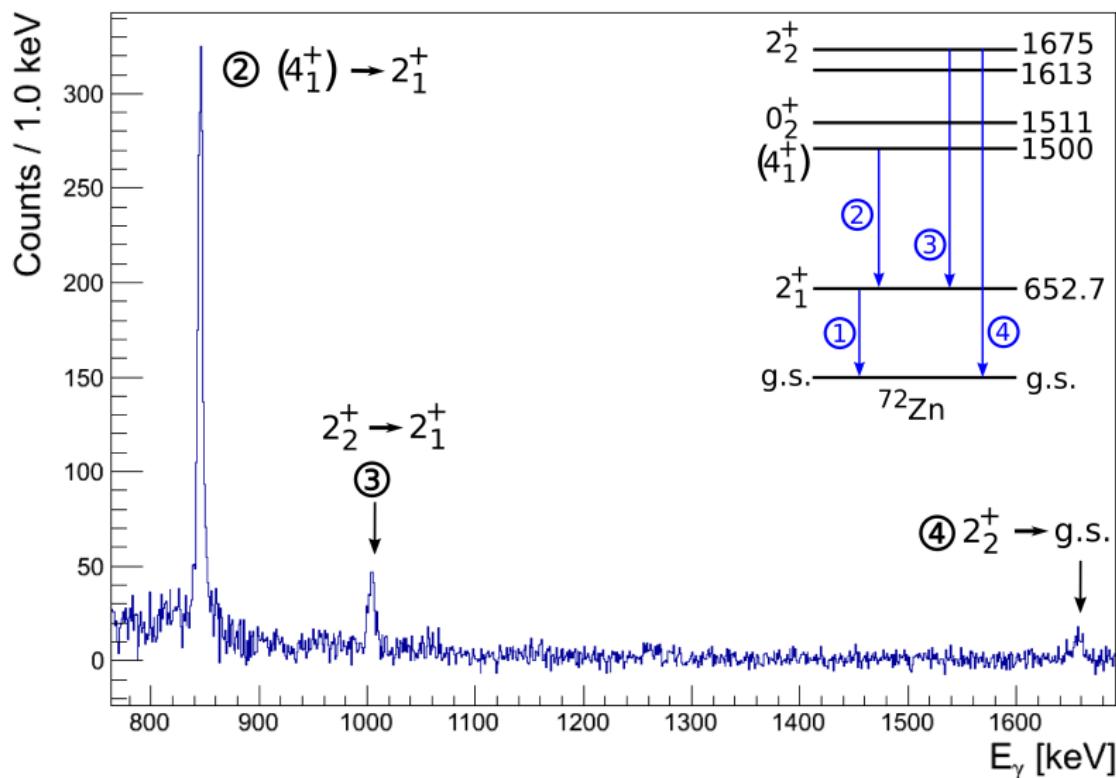
# Doppler corrected $\gamma$ -ray-spectra

- $^{72}\text{Zn}$  detected in the FCD
- Doppler correction with respect to  $^{72}\text{Zn}$



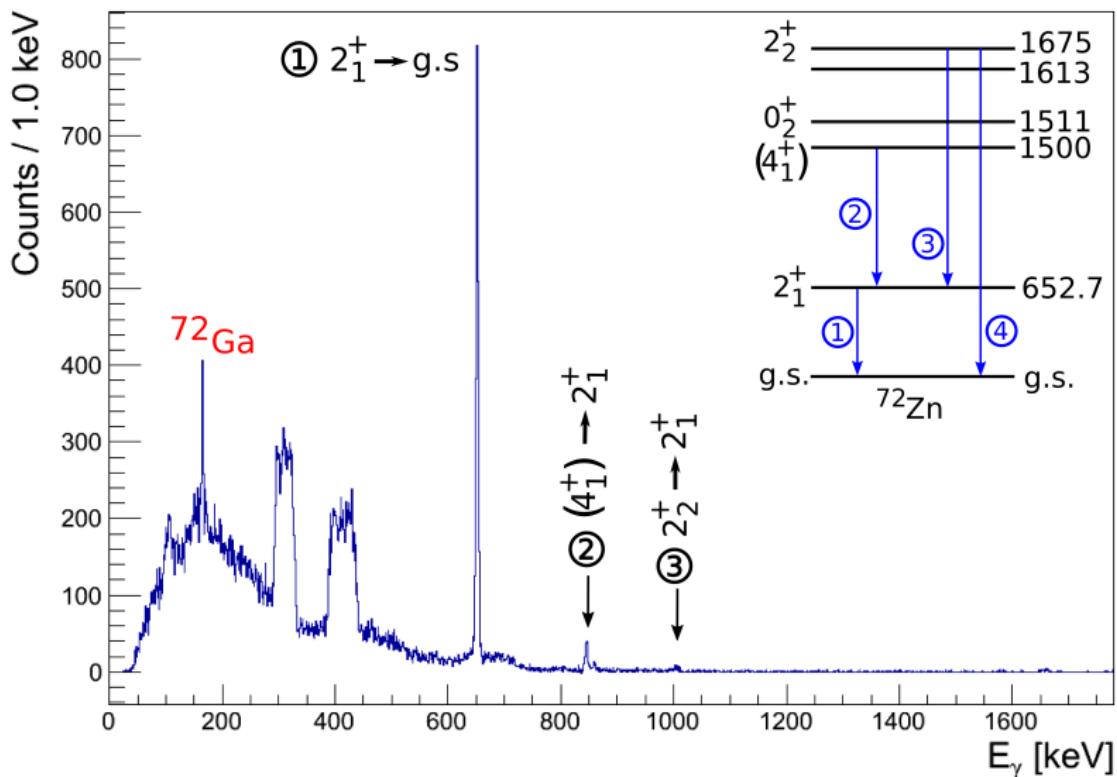
# Doppler corrected $\gamma$ -ray-spectra

- ▶  $^{72}\text{Zn}$  detected in the FCD
- ▶ Doppler correction with respect to  $^{72}\text{Zn}$



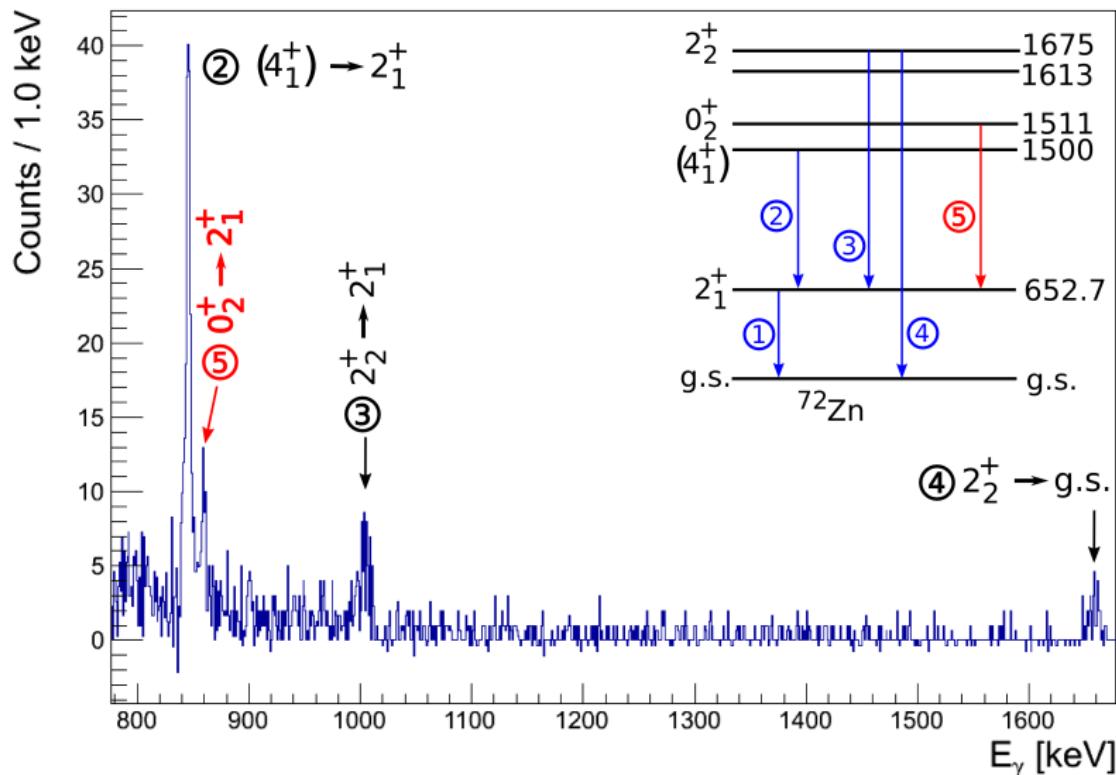
# Doppler corrected $\gamma$ -ray-spectra

- ▶  $^{72}\text{Zn}$  detected in the Backward Barrel
- ▶ Doppler correction with respect to  $^{72}\text{Zn}$



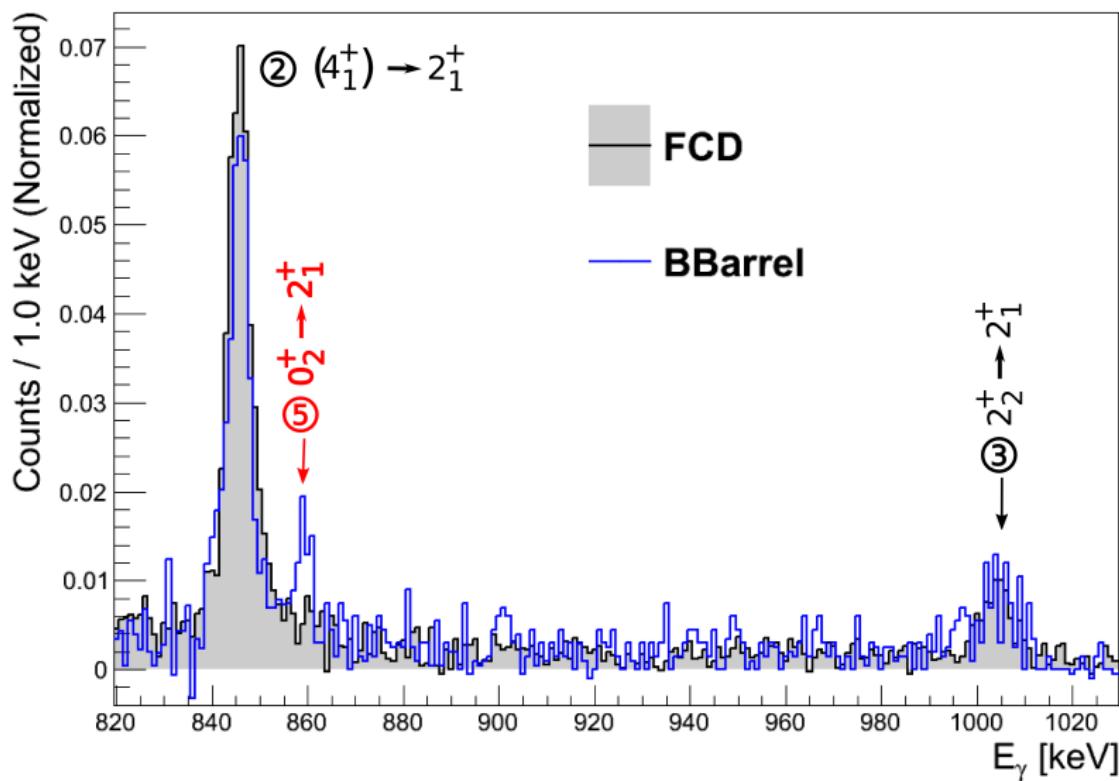
# Doppler corrected $\gamma$ -ray-spectra

- ▶  $^{72}\text{Zn}$  detected in the Backward Barrel
- ▶ Doppler correction with respect to  $^{72}\text{Zn}$



## Doppler corrected $\gamma$ -ray-spectra

- ▶  $^{72}\text{Zn}$  detected in the **FCD or Backward Barrel**
- ▶ Doppler correction with respect to  $^{72}\text{Zn}$



# PRELIMINARY differential cross sections

- ▶ Number of  $^{72}\text{Zn}$  in  $2_1^+$ -state and emitted in  $\Delta\Omega_{CM}^{ring}$ :

$$N_{\uparrow}(Zn) = L \cdot \left(\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega}\right)_{CM}^{Zn} \cdot \Delta\Omega_{CM}^{ring}$$
$$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega}\right)_{CM}^{Zn}$$

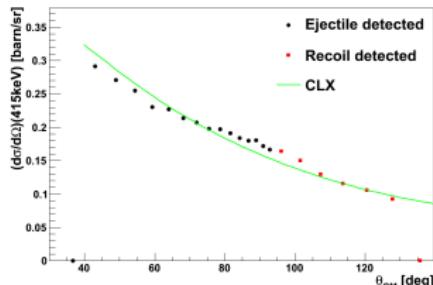
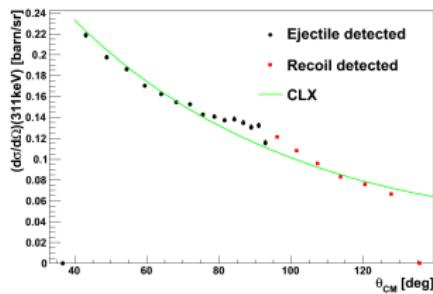
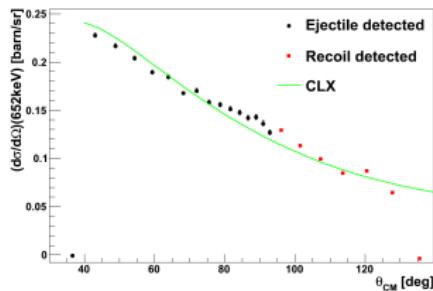
analogue:

$$N_{\uparrow}(Ag) = L \cdot \left(\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega}\right)_{CM}^{Ag} \cdot \Delta\Omega_{CM}^{ring}$$

- ⇒ Relative measurement:

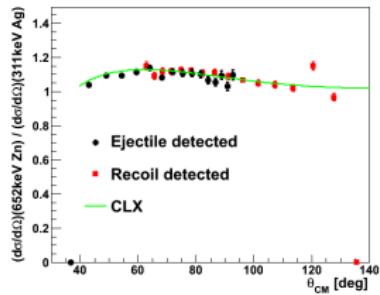
$$\frac{\left(\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega}\right)_{CM}^{Zn}}{\left(\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega}\right)_{CM}^{Ag}} = \frac{N_{\uparrow}(Zn)}{N_{\uparrow}(Ag)}$$

- ▶ Feeding and MINIBALL efficiency included

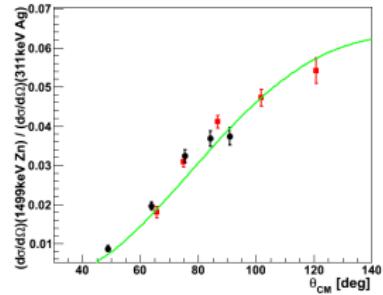


# PRELIMINARY relative measurement

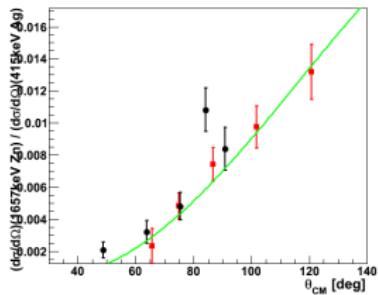
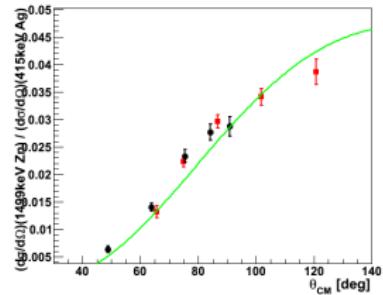
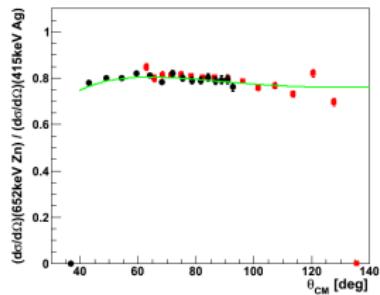
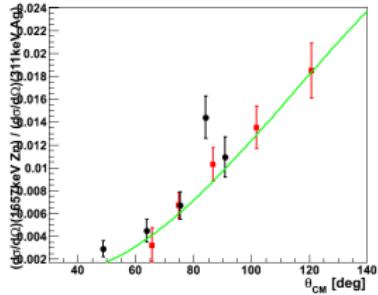
$2_1^+$ -state of  $^{72}\text{Zn}$



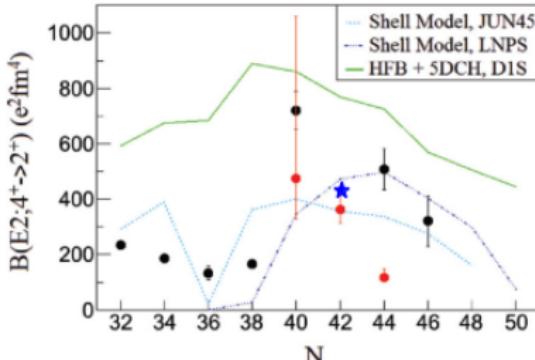
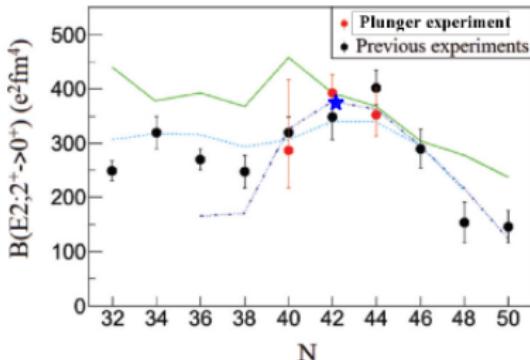
$4_1^+$ -state of  $^{72}\text{Zn}$



$2_2^+$ -state of  $^{72}\text{Zn}$



# VERY PRELIMINARY B(E2) values of $^{72}\text{Zn}$

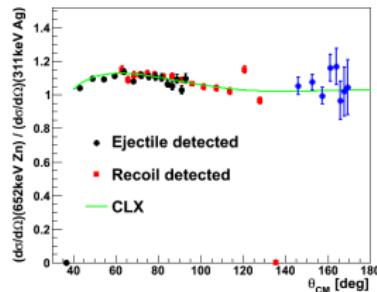


- ▶ CLX:  $B(E2: 2_1^+ \rightarrow \text{g.s.}) = 21 \text{ W.u.}$  (blue star) which is in good agreement with the previous measurements
- ▶ CLX:  $B(E2: 4_1^+ \rightarrow 2_1^+) = 24 \text{ W.u.}$  (blue star)

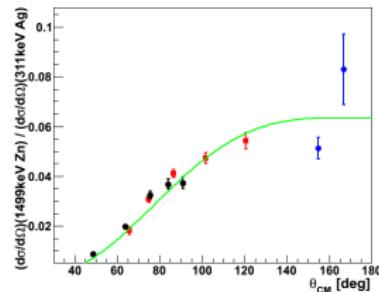
# Including the Backward Barrel data

- ▶ Backward Barrel and Backward CD contain more important information at high  $\theta_{CM}$  angles

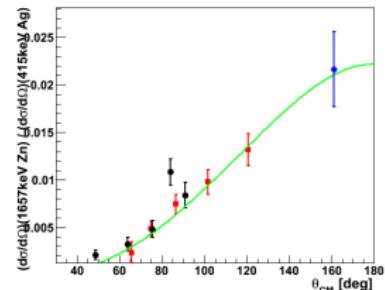
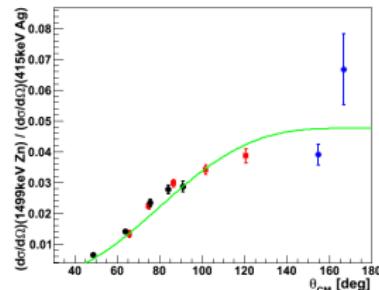
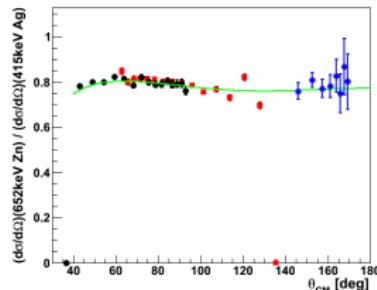
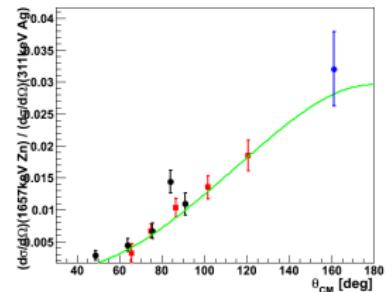
$2_1^+$ -state of  $^{72}\text{Zn}$



$4_1^+$ -state of  $^{72}\text{Zn}$

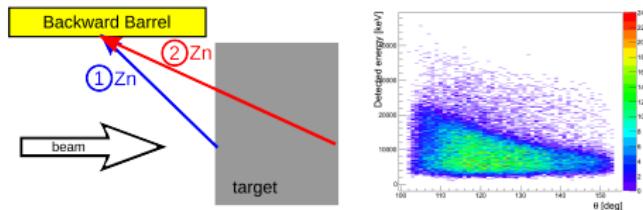


$2_2^+$ -state of  $^{72}\text{Zn}$

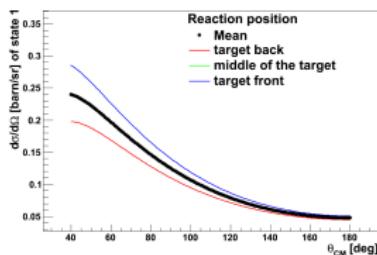


# Influence of the energy threshold in the BBarrel

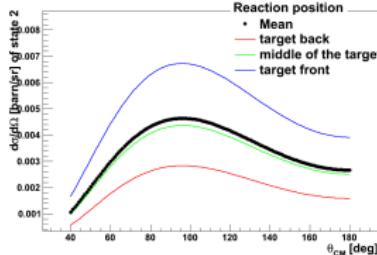
- ▶ Coulex cross sections are strongly energy dependent



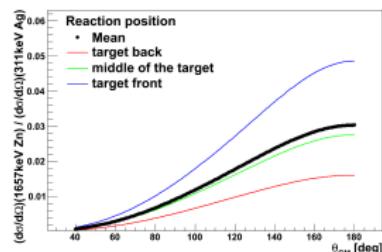
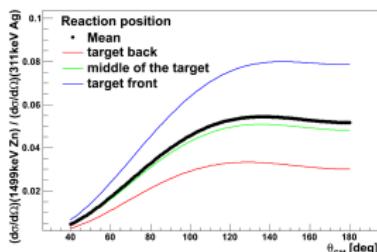
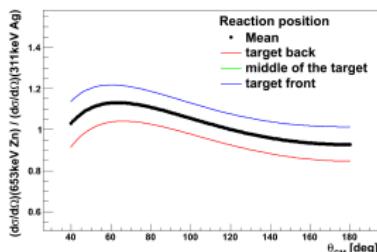
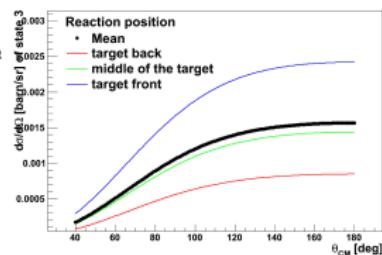
$2_1^+$ -state of  $^{72}\text{Zn}$



$4_1^+$ -state of  $^{72}\text{Zn}$



$2_2^+$ -state of  $^{72}\text{Zn}$



## Conclusion and outlook

Study of the p-n interaction in the neutron rich Zn isotopes with a  $^{72}\text{Zn}$  beam at REX-ISOLDE.

- ▶ Good statistics to extract the most important  $B(E2)$  values of  $^{72}\text{Zn}$
- ▶ Good Doppler correction of 6.37 keV FWHM at 653 keV achieved
  - ⇒ Clear separation of the  $4_1^+$  and the  $0_2^+$  state in  $^{72}\text{Zn}$
- ▶ Up to now only preliminary CLX results are presented
  - ⇒ GOSIA calculations and error determination is strongly needed
- ▶ Have a closer look at the detectors in backward direction

# Thank you!

Dennis Mücher<sup>1</sup>, Roman Gernhäuser<sup>1</sup>, Stefanie Hellgartner (Klupp)<sup>1</sup>,  
Reiner Krücken<sup>1,2</sup>, Katharina Nowak<sup>1</sup>, Vinzenz Bildstein<sup>3</sup>, Kathrin  
Wimmer<sup>4</sup>, Simone Bottoni<sup>5</sup>, Jytte Elseviers<sup>5</sup>, Freddy Flavigny<sup>5</sup>,  
Jedrzej Iwanicki<sup>13</sup>, Andrea Jungclaus<sup>6</sup>, Malin Klintefjord<sup>12</sup>, Thorsten  
Kröll<sup>7</sup>, Rudi Lutter<sup>8</sup>, Riccardo Orlandi<sup>5</sup>, Janne Pakarinen<sup>9</sup>, Norbert  
Pietralla<sup>7</sup>, Riccardo Raabe<sup>5</sup>, Elsa Rapisarda<sup>5</sup>, Sebastian Reichert<sup>1</sup>,  
Peter Reiter<sup>10</sup>, Markus Scheck<sup>7</sup>, Mirko von Schmid<sup>7</sup>, Michael  
Seidlitz<sup>10</sup>, Burkhard Siebeck<sup>10</sup>, Andrés Illana Sisón<sup>6</sup>, Tim  
Steinbach<sup>10</sup>, Nigel Warr<sup>10</sup>, Kasia Wrzosek-Lipska<sup>5</sup> and Magdalena  
Zielinska<sup>11</sup>

1 Technische Universität München - 2 TRIUMF, Vancouver -

3 University of Guelph - 4 NSCL, Michigan State University - 5 KU

Leuven - 6 CSIC, Madrid - 7 IKP, Technische Universität Darmstadt -

8 Fakultät für Physik, LMU München - 9 CERN, Genf -

10 IKP, Universität zu Köln - 11 CEA, Saclay - 12 University of Oslo -

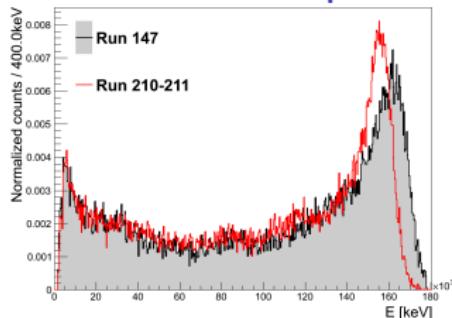
13 Heavy Ion Laboratory, Warsaw University

# Appendix

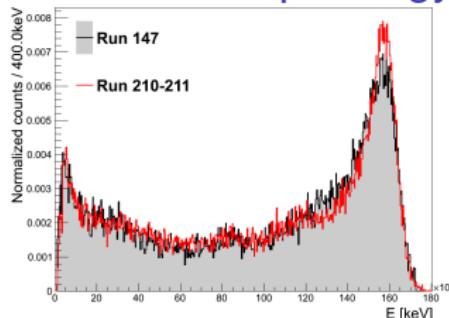
# Analysis strategy

- ▶ Coulomb excitation of the  $^{72}\text{Zn}$  beam with a  $1.17 \frac{\text{mg}}{\text{cm}^2} ^{109}\text{Ag}$  target ( $E_b = 2.85 \text{ MeV/u}$ , 66 h good data,  $I_{MB} \approx 2 \cdot 10^7 \text{ pps}$ )
- ▶ target thickness =  $1.17 \frac{\text{mg}}{\text{cm}^2}$
- ▶ Doppler correction formula:  $E_{rest} = E_{lab} \cdot \gamma \cdot [1 - \beta \cdot \cos(\alpha)]$ 
  - ▶ MINIBALL angles:  $^{22}\text{Ne}(\text{d},\text{n})^{23}\text{Na}$ ,  $^{22}\text{Ne}(\text{d},\text{p})^{23}\text{Ne}$  and  $2_1^+ \rightarrow \text{g.s.}$  transition of  $^{72}\text{Zn}$
  - ▶  $\beta = \sqrt{\frac{2E_{kin}}{m_0 c^2}}$ : Time dependent energy calibration of the Silicon detectors with a  $A/Q = 4$  EBIS beam +  $^{72}\text{Zn}$
  - ▶ Energy loss in the dead layers of the Silicon detectors is taken into account

## Uncorrected strip energy



## Corrected strip energy



## Coulex: Save Coulex criterion

- ▶ Save bombarding energy:

$$E_b(\theta_{CM}) = 0.72 \cdot \frac{Z_p Z_t}{D_{min}} \cdot \frac{A_p + A_t}{A_t} \left[ 1 + \frac{1}{\sin(\theta_{CM}/2)} \right] \text{ [MeV]}$$

with  $D_{min} = 1.25 \cdot (\sqrt[3]{A_p} + \sqrt[3]{A_t}) + 5$

- ▶ Beam energy of  $^{72}\text{Zn}$ : 205 MeV

