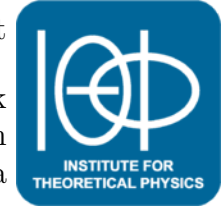




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Sound modes and the two-stream instability in relativistic superfluids

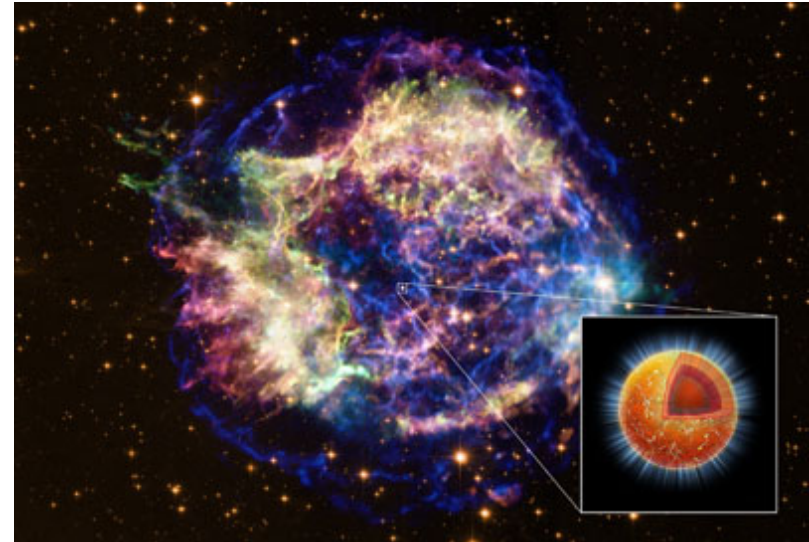
M.G. Alford, S.K. Mallavarapu, A. Schmitt, S. Stetina, PRD 87, 065001 (2013)
M.G. Alford, S.K. Mallavarapu, A. Schmitt, S. Stetina, arXiv:1310.5953 [hep-ph]
A. Schmitt, PRD 89, 065024 (2014)

- two-fluid picture of a superfluid
- role reversal in first and second sound
- two-stream instability



- **Superfluid hydrodynamics: relevance for compact stars**

- r-mode instability
- pulsar glitches
- precession
- asteroseismology
- superfluid turbulence (?)



- **Superfluidity in dense matter**

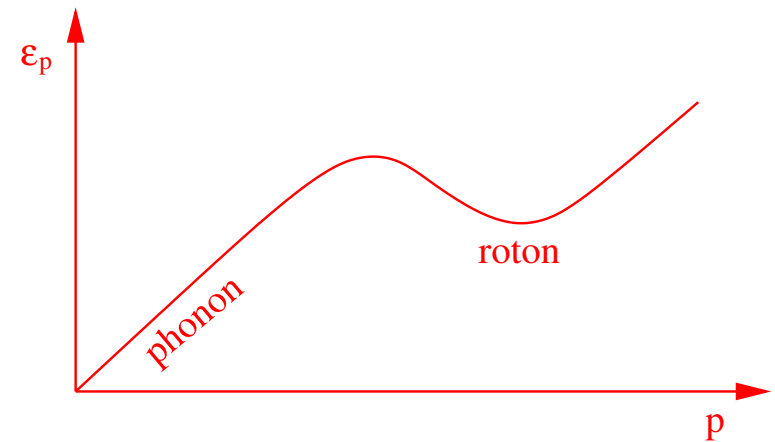
Nuclear matter	Quark matter
neutrons ($T_c \lesssim 10$ keV)	color-flavor locked phase ($T_c \sim 10$ MeV)
hyperons	color-spin locked phase ($T_c \sim 10$ keV)

● Two-fluid picture of a superfluid (liquid helium)

London, Tisza (1938); Landau (1941)

relativistic: Khalatnikov, Lebedev (1982); Carter (1989)

- “superfluid”: condensate, carries no entropy
- “normal fluid”: excitations (Goldstone mode), carries entropy



Hydrodynamic eqs. \Rightarrow **two sound modes**

1st sound	2nd sound
in-phase oscillation (primarily) density wave	out-of-phase oscillation (primarily) entropy wave

- **Goals**

How does the (covariant) two-fluid picture arise from a microscopic field theory?

M.G. Alford, S.K. Mallavarapu, A. Schmitt, S. Stetina, PRD 87, 065001 (2013)

this talk:

Compute sound modes in a relativistic superfluid
(and in the presence of a superflow)

M.G. Alford, S.K. Mallavarapu, A. Schmitt, S. Stetina, arXiv:1310.5953 [hep-ph]
A. Schmitt, PRD 89, 065024 (2014)

- **Microscopic calculation (page 1/2)**

- starting point:
complex scalar field φ

$$\mathcal{L} = \partial_\mu \varphi^* \partial^\mu \varphi - m^2 |\varphi|^2 - \lambda |\varphi|^4$$

- Bose condensate $\langle \varphi \rangle = \rho e^{i\psi} \rightarrow$ superfluid velocity $v^\mu = \frac{\partial^\mu \psi}{\mu}$
- **effective action density** in the 2PI formalism (CJT)

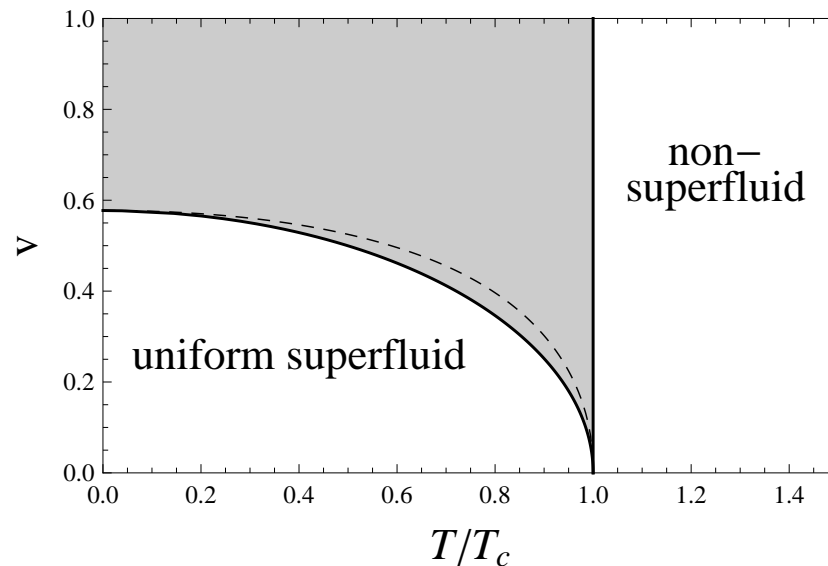
$$\Gamma[\rho, S] = -U(\rho) - \frac{1}{2} \text{Tr} \ln S^{-1} - \frac{1}{2} \text{Tr}[S_0^{-1}(\rho)S - 1] - V_2[\rho, S]$$

- $V_2[\rho, S]$: two-loop **two-particle irreducible (2PI) diagrams**

- **Microscopic calculation (page 2/2)**
- minimize w.r.t. condensate ρ and solve Dyson-Schwinger equation (Hartree approximation; impose Goldstone theorem by hand)
- restrict to weak coupling
→ no dependence on renormalization scale
- consider uniform superflow \mathbf{v}
- neglect dissipation, compute sound modes in linear regime
→ thermodynamics with (μ, T, \mathbf{v})

● Results I: critical velocity

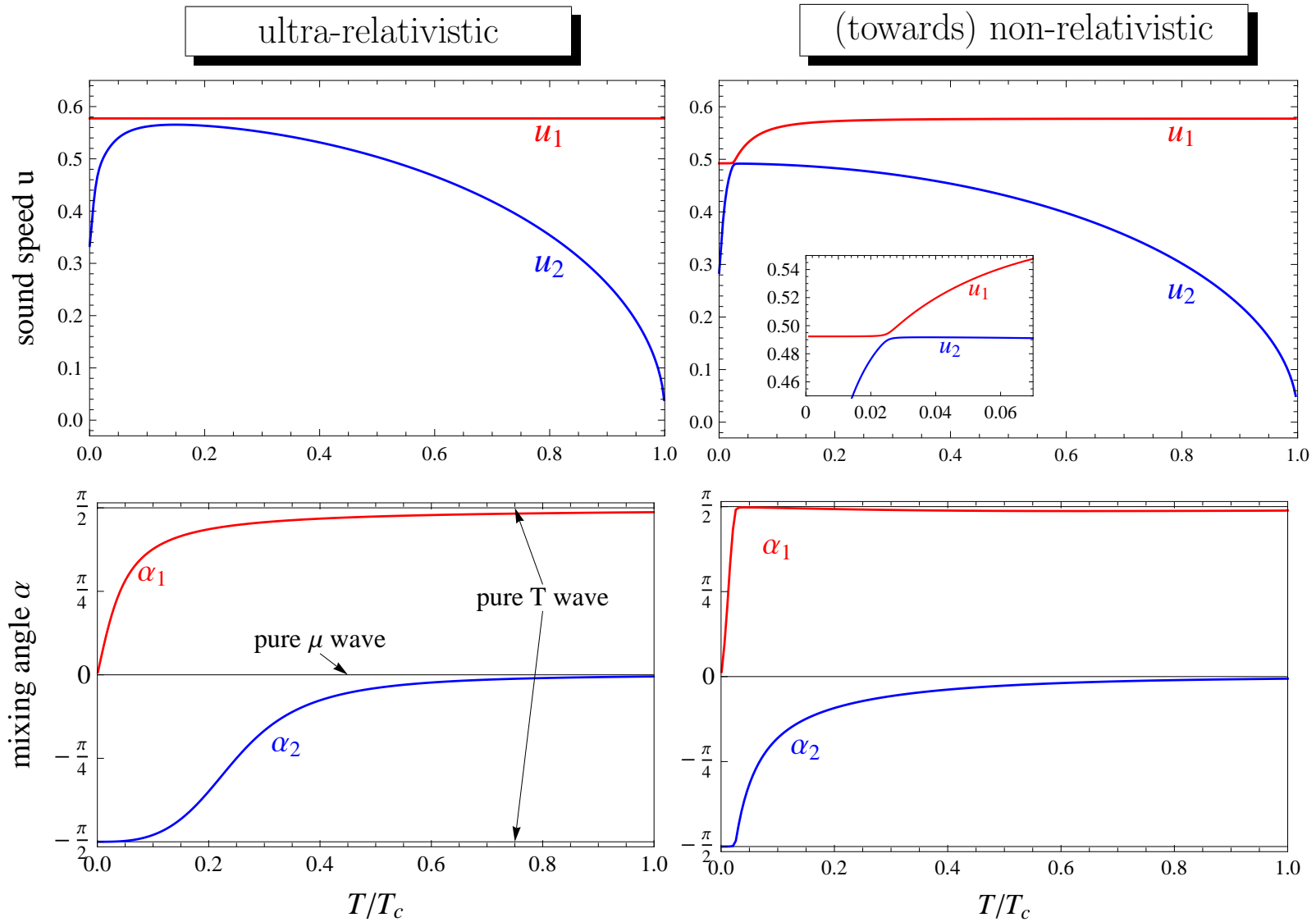
- instability at $v = v_c(T)$:
negative energies in Goldstone dispersion $\epsilon_{\mathbf{k}}(\mathbf{v}) < 0$
- generalization of Landau's original argument $\epsilon_{\mathbf{k}} - \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{v} < 0$



- dashed line: without backreaction of condensate
- shaded region: dissipation, turbulence?

- similar phase diagram for holographic superfluid [I. Amado, D. Arean, A. Jimenez-Alba, K. Landsteiner, L. Melgar and I. S. Landea, JHEP 1402, 063 \(2014\)](#)

● **Results II: sound speeds and mixing angle**

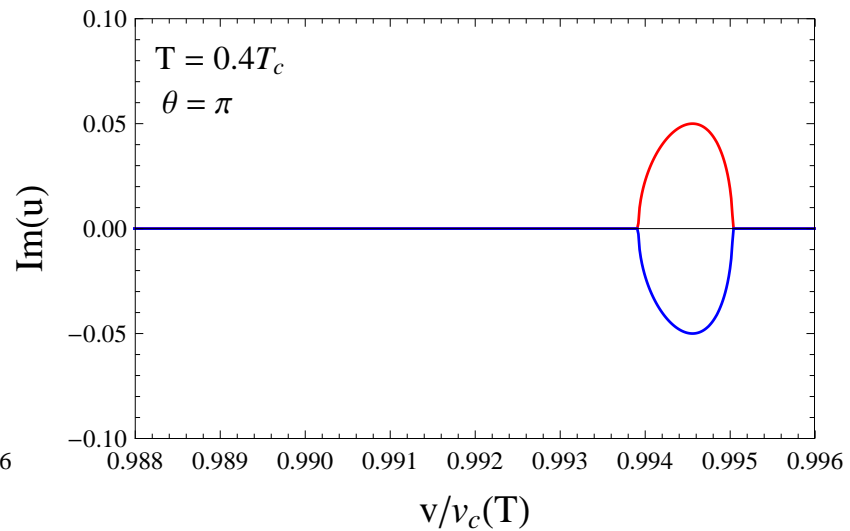
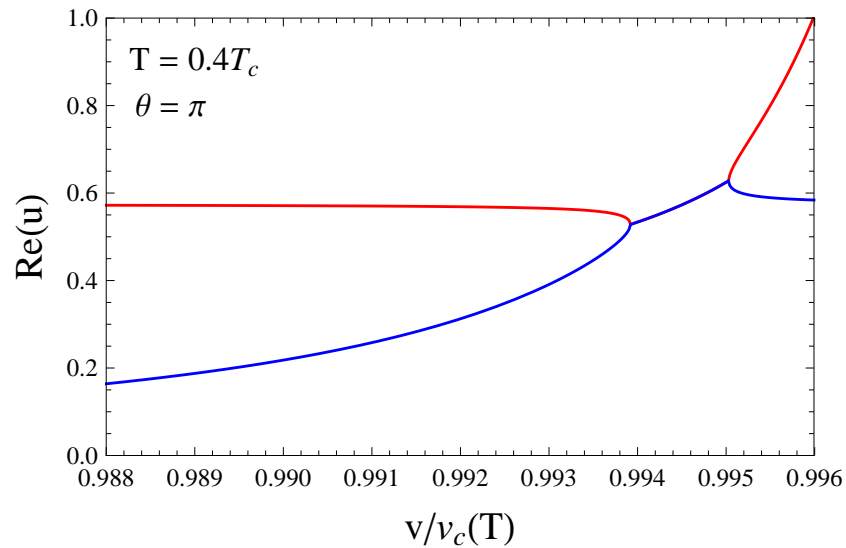
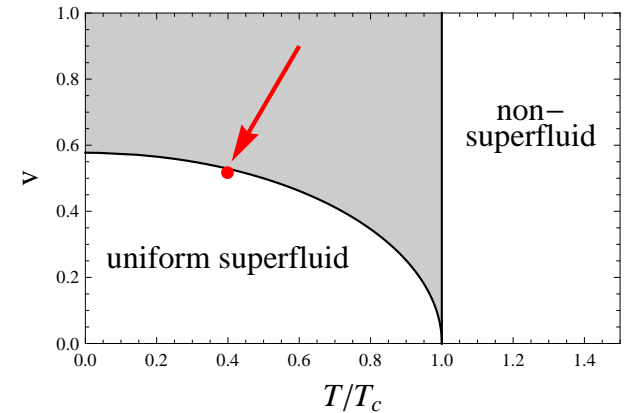


$$\alpha = \arctan \frac{\delta T}{\delta \mu}$$

role reversal in first and second sound!

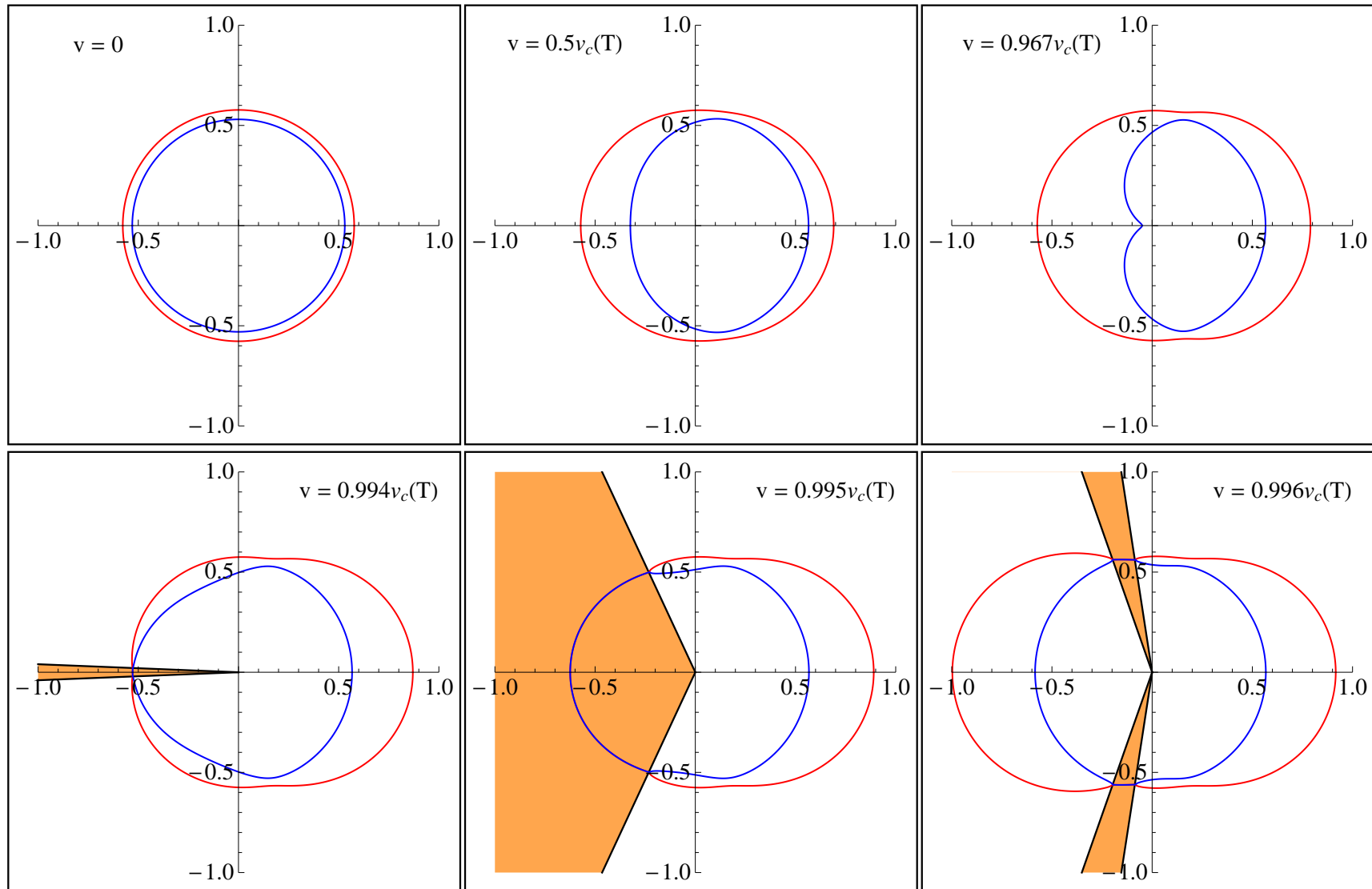
- **Results III: two-stream instability**

- compute sound speed close to Landau's critical velocity



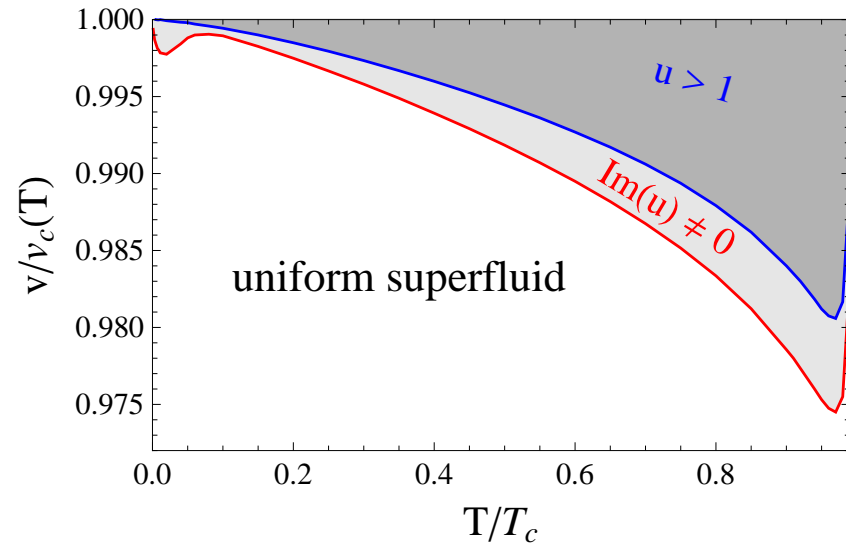
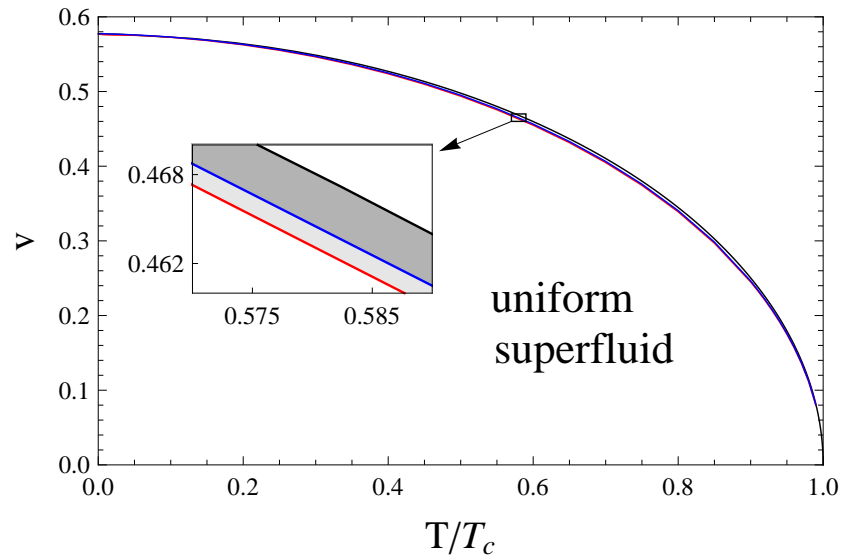
- complex sound speeds \rightarrow **one mode damped**, **one mode explodes**
 plasma physics: O. Buneman, Phys.Rev. 115, 503 (1959); D.T. Farley, PRL 10, 279 (1963)
 general two-fluid system: L. Samuelsson, C. S. Lopez-Monsalvo, N. Andersson, G. L. Comer, Gen. Rel. Grav. 42, 413 (2010)
 relevance for superfluids: N. Andersson, G. L. Comer, R. Prix, MNRAS 354, 101 (2004)

- All directions



(superflow pointing to the right)

● **Instability window in phase diagram**



- tiny window for weak coupling $\lambda = 0.05$
(varying λ shows that the window grows with λ)
- region with $u > 1$: problem in the formalism?
(Hartree? enforced Goldstone theorem?)
- very small T : qualitatively different angular structure of instability

- **Outlook**
- **role reversal of sound modes:**
 - predictions for ${}^4\text{He}$ or ultracold gases?
 - relevance for compact stars?
- **two-stream instability:**
 - instability more prominent at strong coupling?
holographic approach: C.P.Herzog and A.Yarom, PRD 80, 106002 (2009); I.Amado, D.Arean, A.Jimenez-Alba, K.Landsteiner, L.Melgar, I.S.Landea, JHEP 1402, 063 (2014)
 - time evolution of instability
I. Hawke, G. L. Comer and N. Andersson, Class. Quant. Grav. 30, 145007 (2013)
 - relevance for compact stars, e.g., pulsar glitches
N. Andersson, G. L. Comer, R. Prix, MNRAS 354, 101 (2004)
- start from fermionic theory
D. Müller, A. Schmitt, work in progress
- behavior beyond critical velocity