



Contribution ID: 77

Type: **not specified**

## Multiwavelength analysis of three GRB-associated SNe in the context of the full GRB-SN sample

After the discovery of SN 1998bw associated with GRB 980425, the first connection between Gamma-Ray Bursts (GRBs) and Supernovae (SNe) occurred almost 15 years ago, no more than two dozens SN-like rebrightenings and seven solid spectroscopically-confirmed associations have been observed to date. In this talk we present data from the Gamma-Ray Burst Optical and Near-infrared Detector (GROND) and from the Swift X-Ray Telescope (XRT) and Ultra-Violet/Optical Telescope (UVOT) for three GRB afterglows showing SN rebrightenings. We studied the luminosity and evolution of each GRB-SN event and derived accurate values of the host-galaxy extinction through the modelling of the broad-band afterglow spectral energy distribution. After correcting for all sources of foreground extinction, SNe 2009nz (associated with GRB 091127), 2010ma (GRB 101219B), and 2008hw (GRB 081007), exhibited  $1.15 \pm 0.09$ ,  $1.78^{+0.08}_{-0.17}$ , and  $0.80 \pm 0.10$  times the luminosity of SN 1998bw, respectively. After subtracting the afterglow component, we constructed quasi-bolometric light curves and modeled them using Arnett's analytic approach to obtain the physical parameters of the SN explosion, such as synthesized  $^{56}\text{Ni}$  mass ( $M_{\text{Ni}}$ ), ejected mass ( $M_{\text{ej}}$ ), and kinetic energy ( $E_k$ ). From the full sample of 29 GRB-SNe, the largest ever presented, we utilized the SN and GRB parameters to assess the nature of the connection statistically. The average brightness for 27 GRB-SNe corresponds to an absolute magnitude of  $M_V = -19.46(\pm 0.12 \text{ RMS})$ , where only 7% of all GRB-SNe are significantly brighter than SN 1998bw. No clear correlations are found between the GRB and the SN properties. The data suggest a preference for SN events to be on average associated with soft low-luminosity, however, this can be explained by selection effects solely.

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