

Italian Teachers Programme 09/2013

Cosmologia, LHC e bosone di Higgs

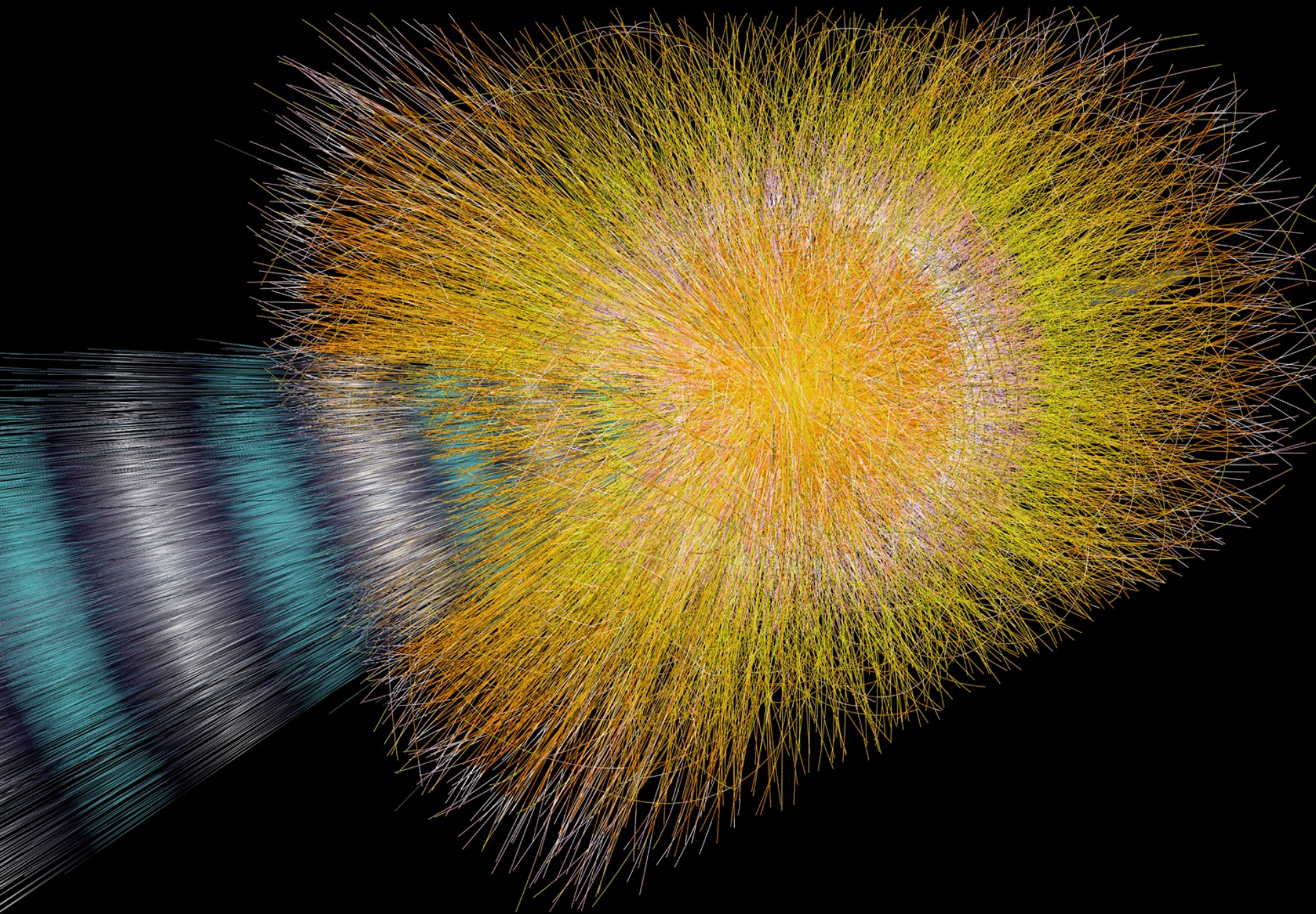
G.F. Giudice

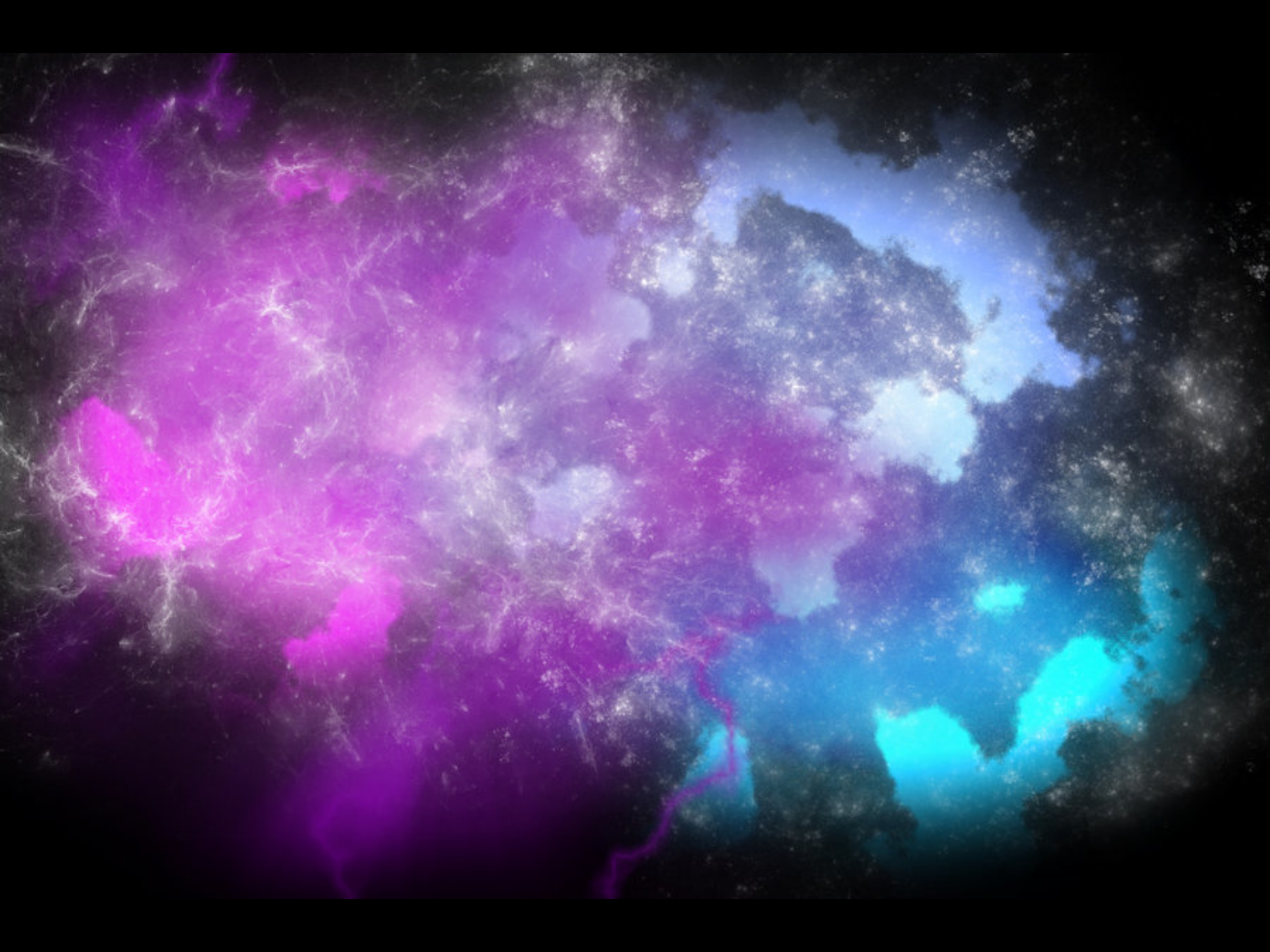


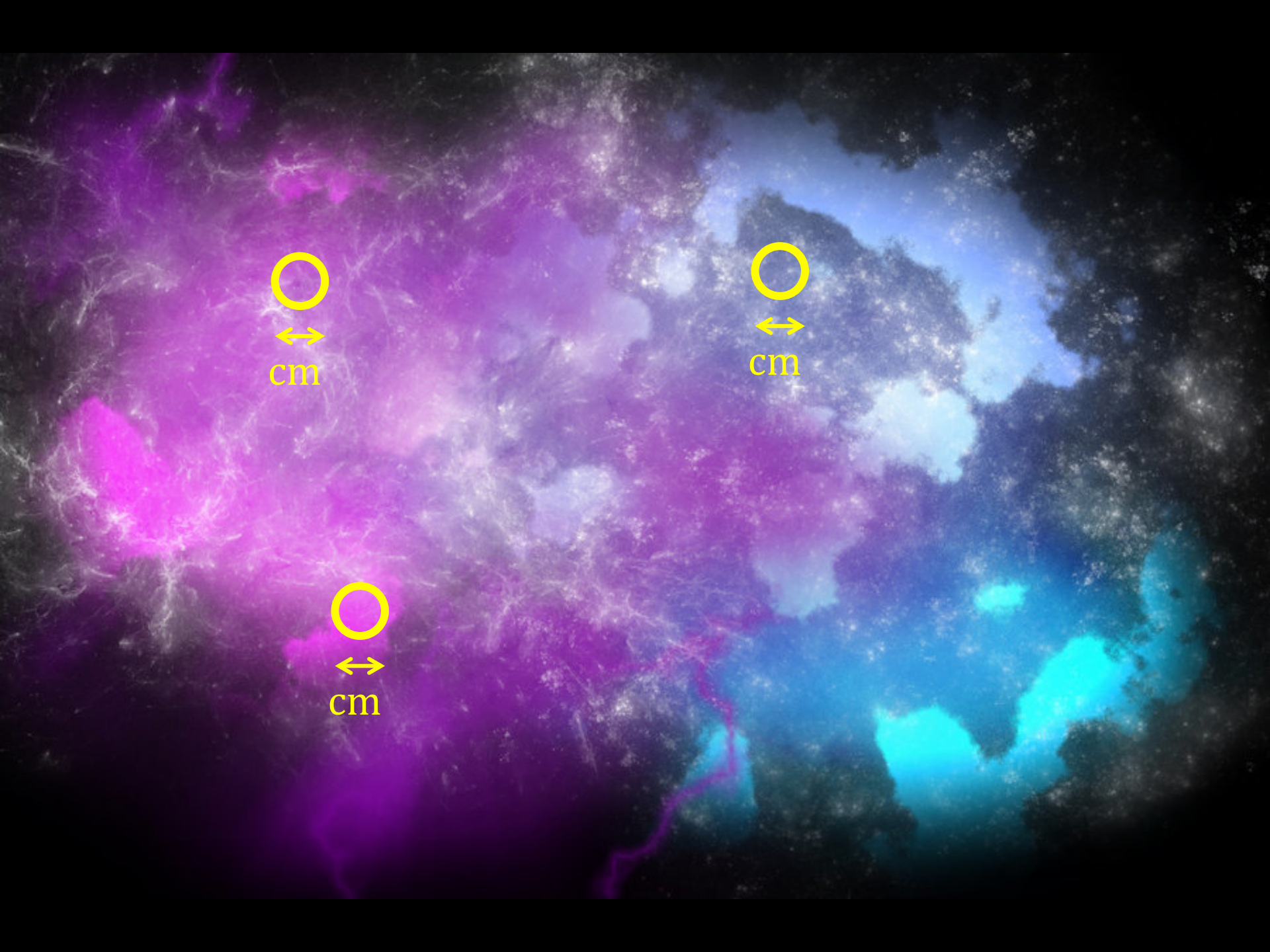


Un decimo di miliardesimo di
secondo dopo il Big Bang...









cm



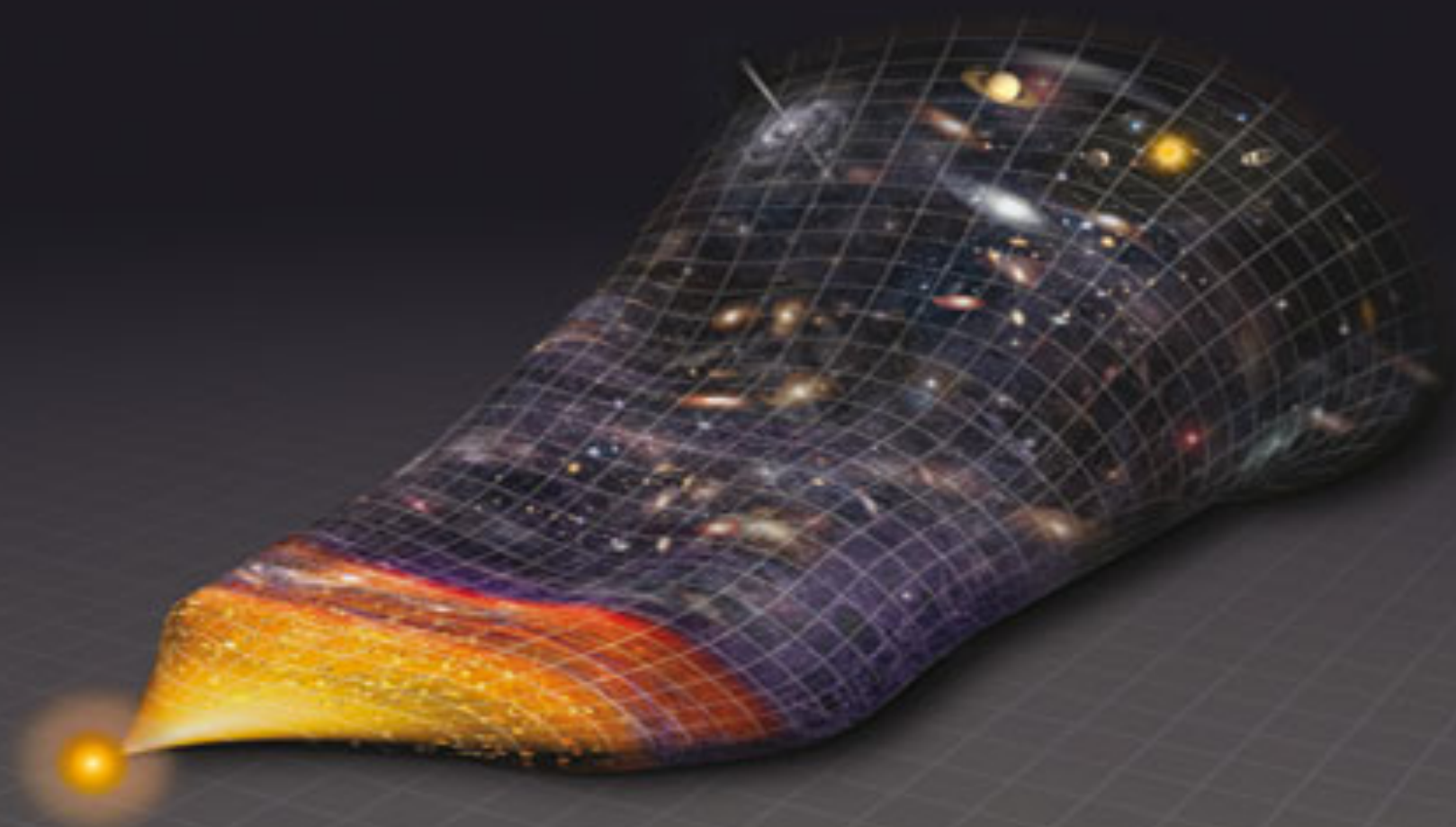
cm

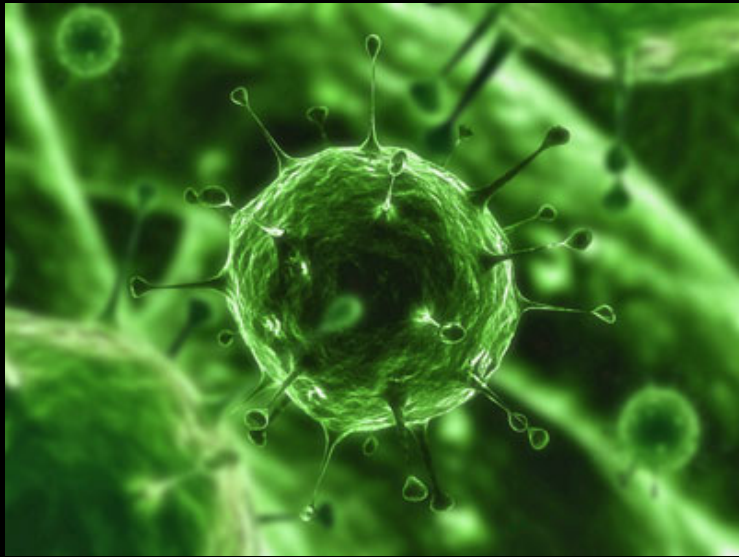


cm

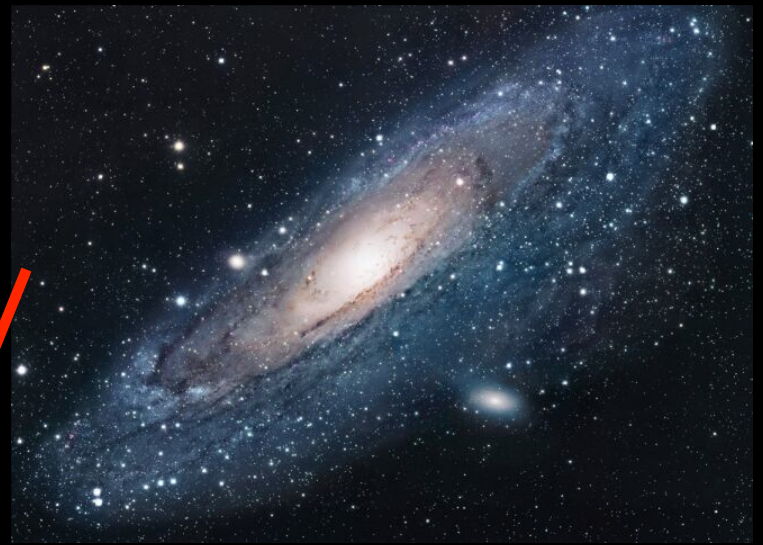






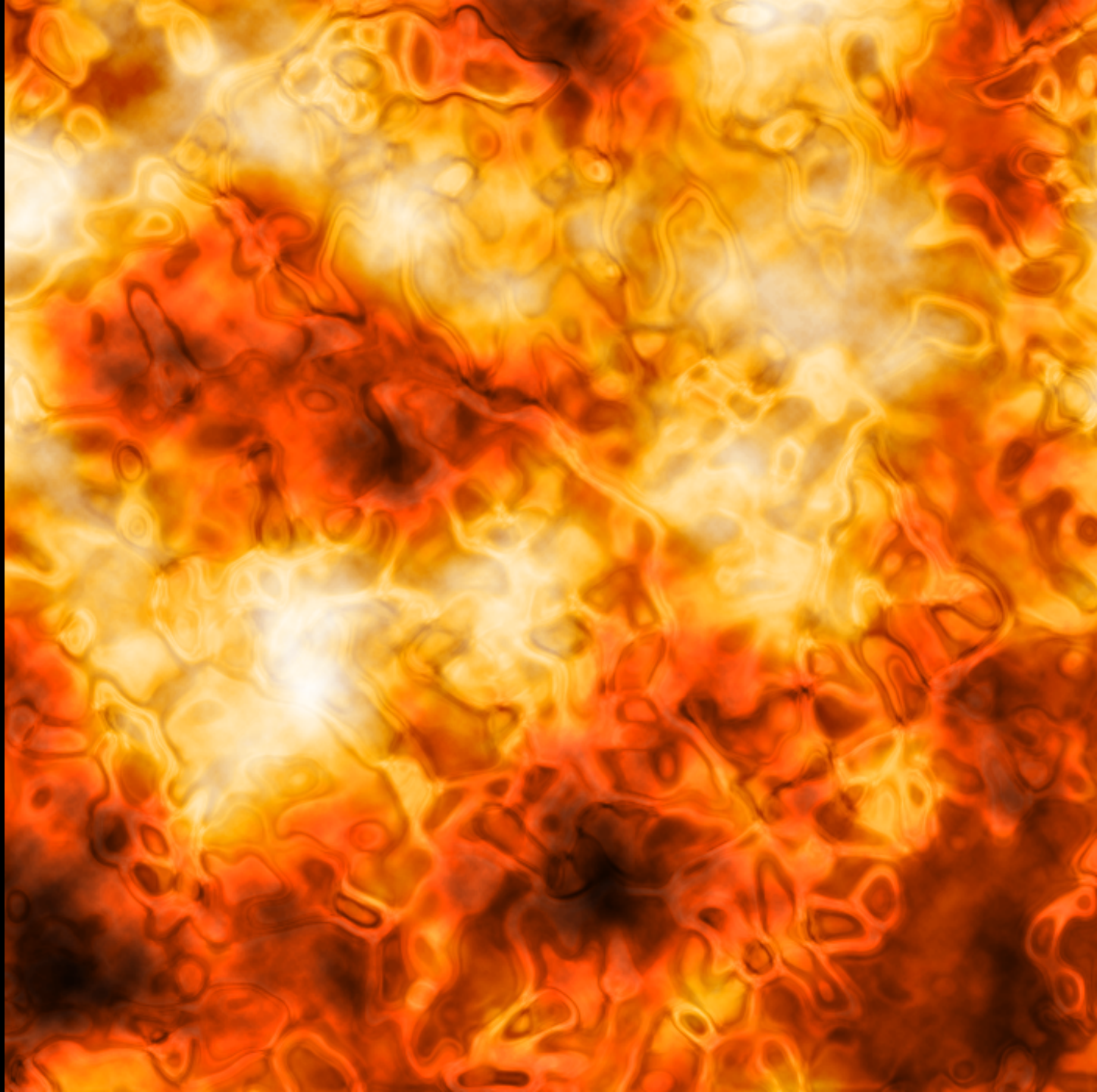


10 nm

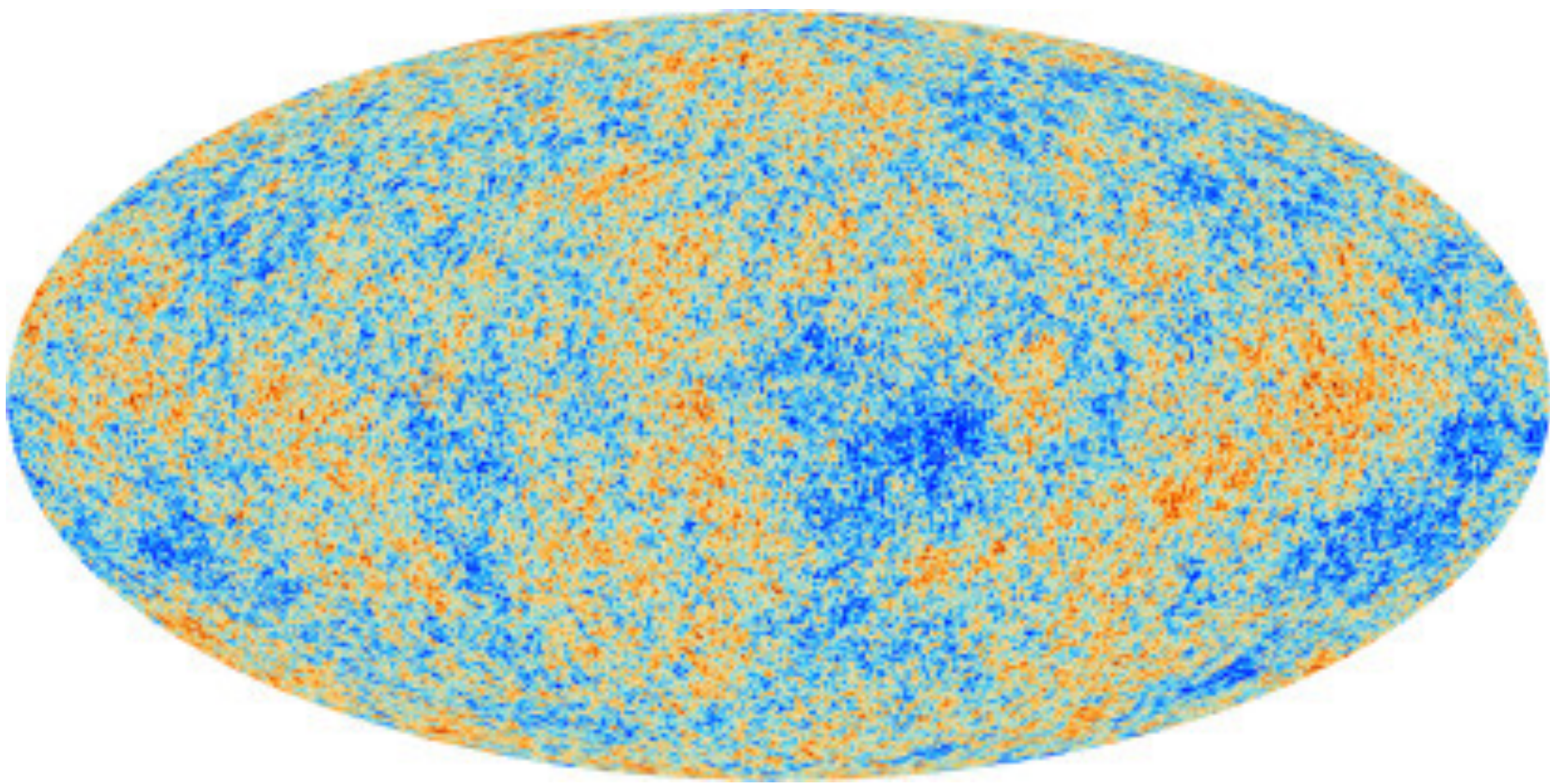


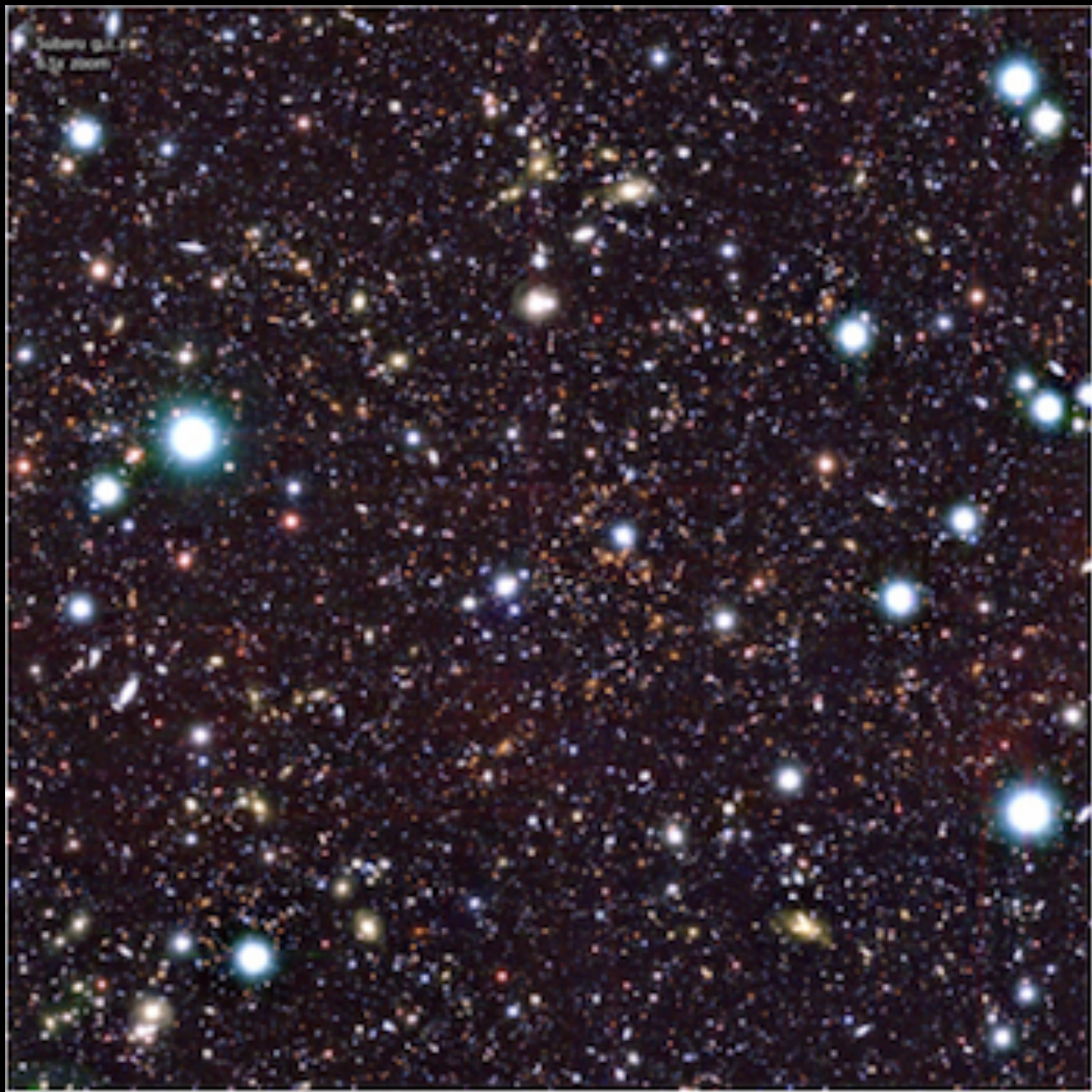
800 kpc

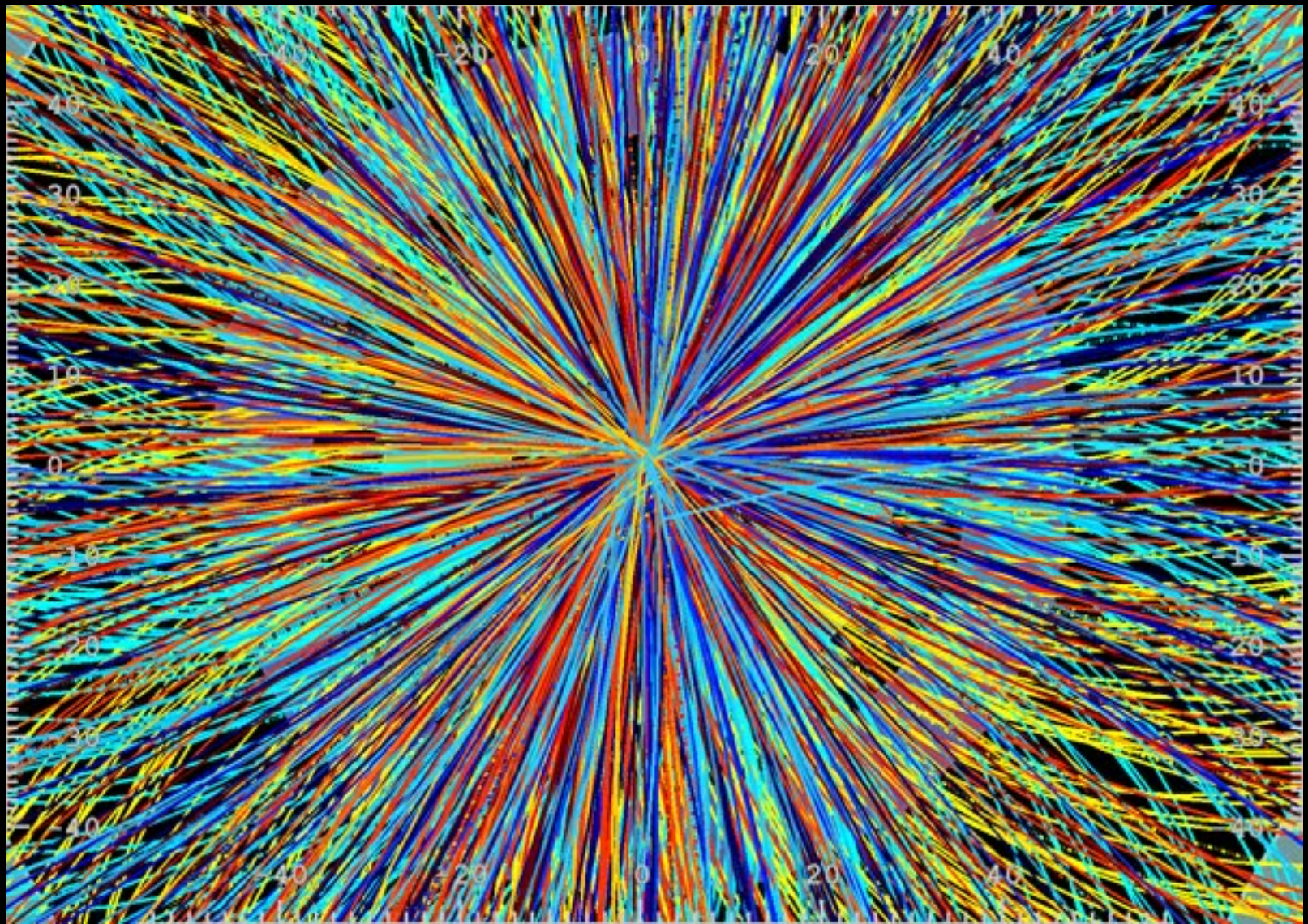


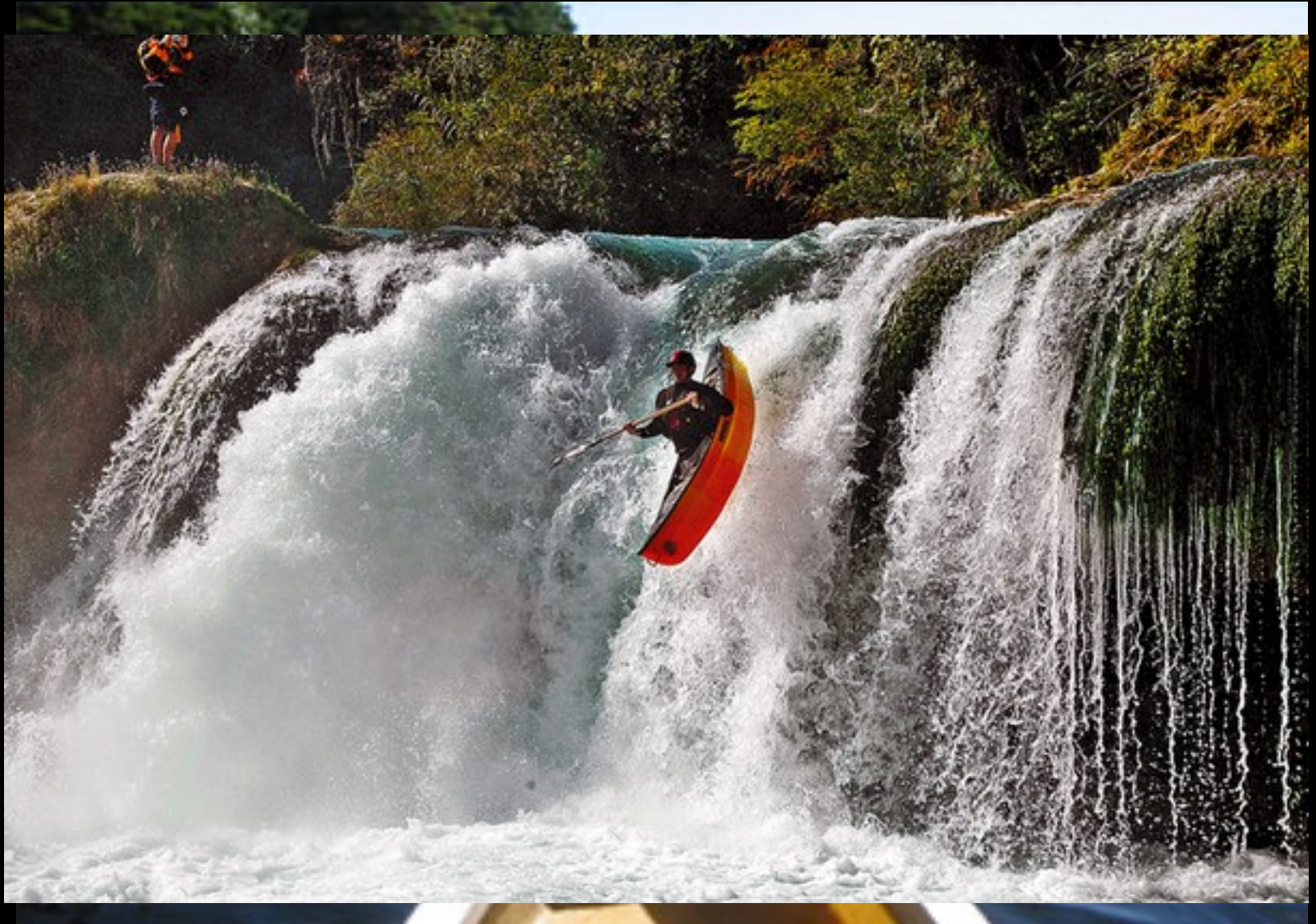






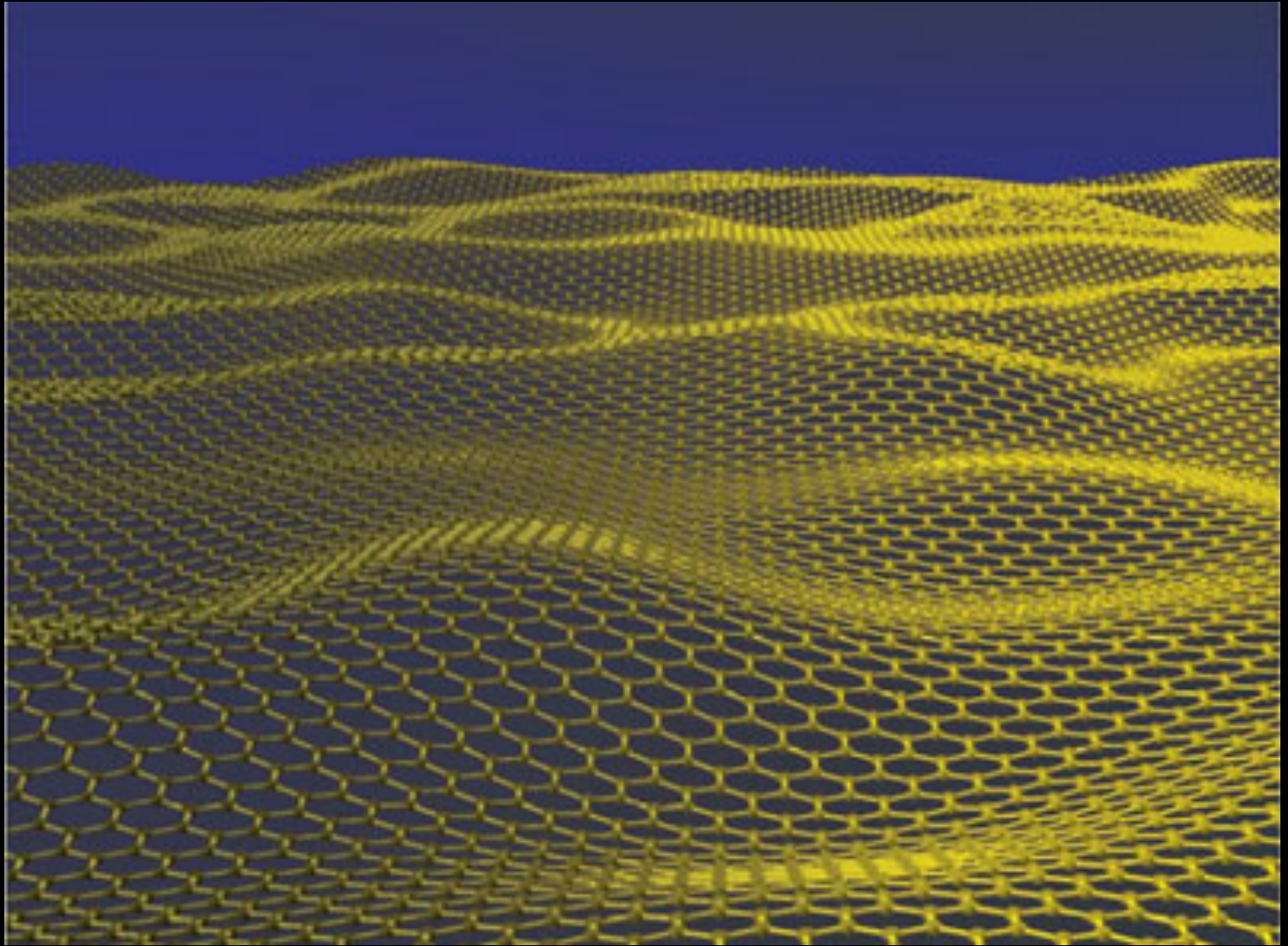


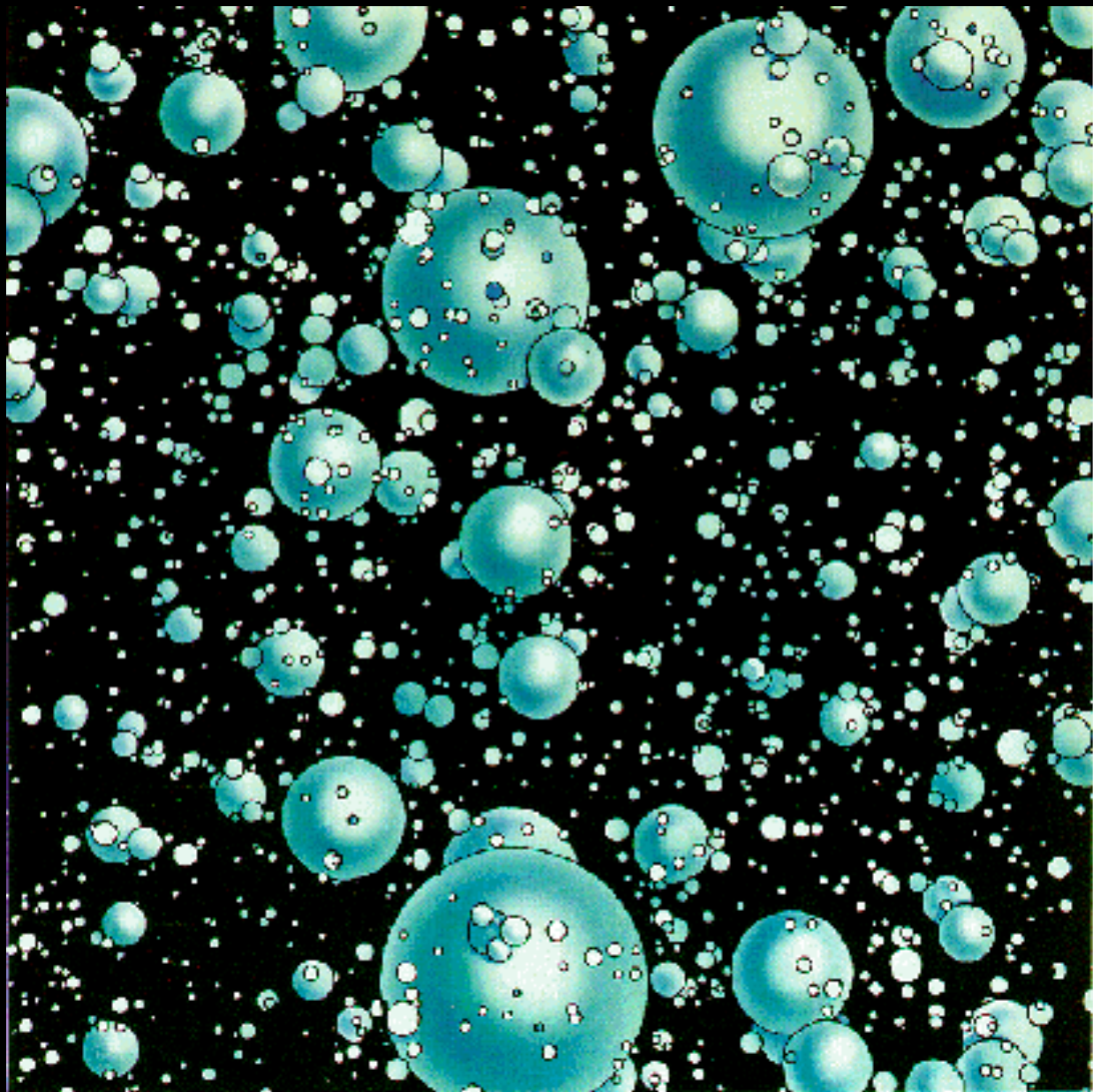




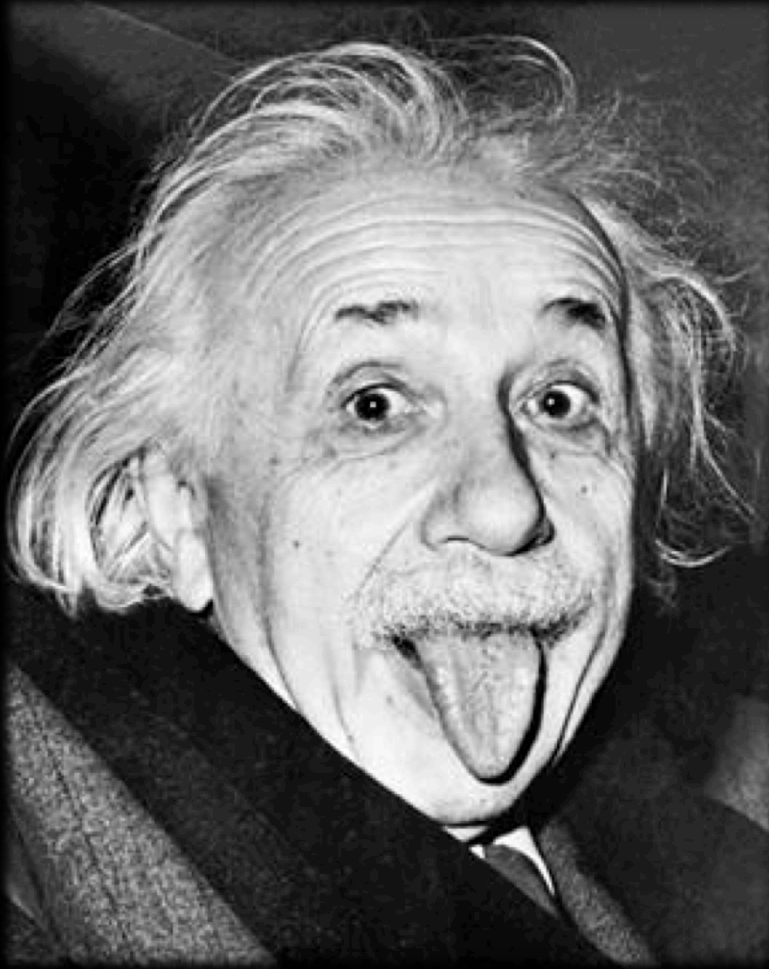




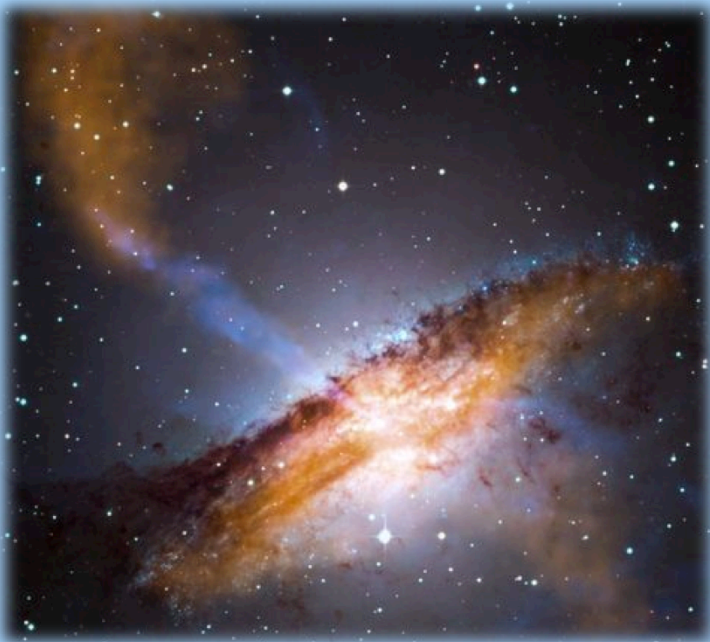
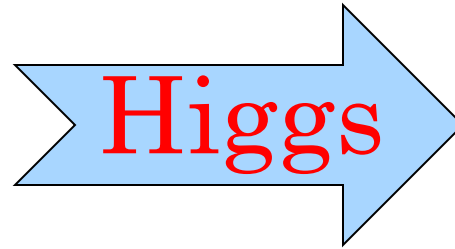








$E=mc^2$



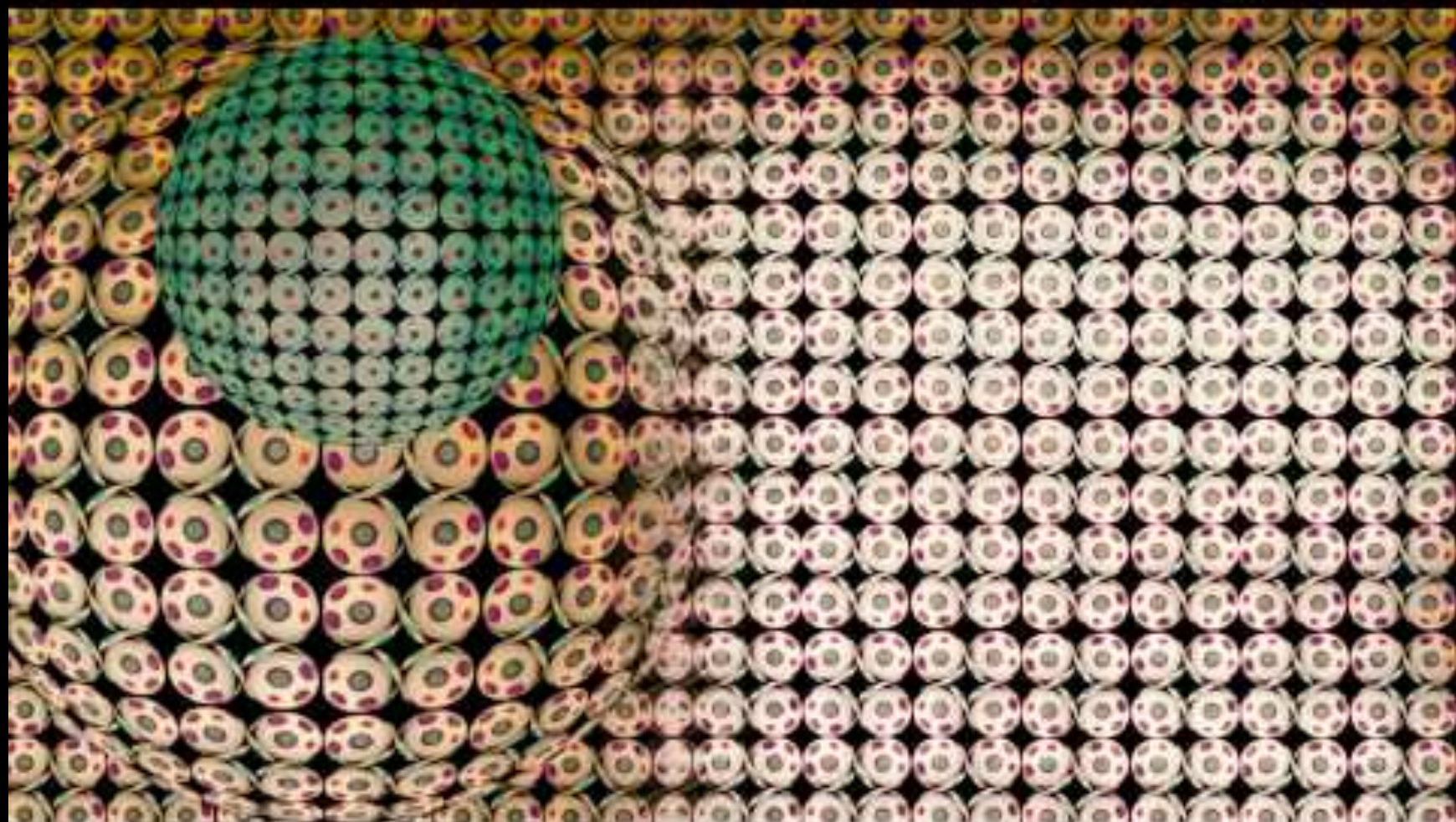
0,2 %





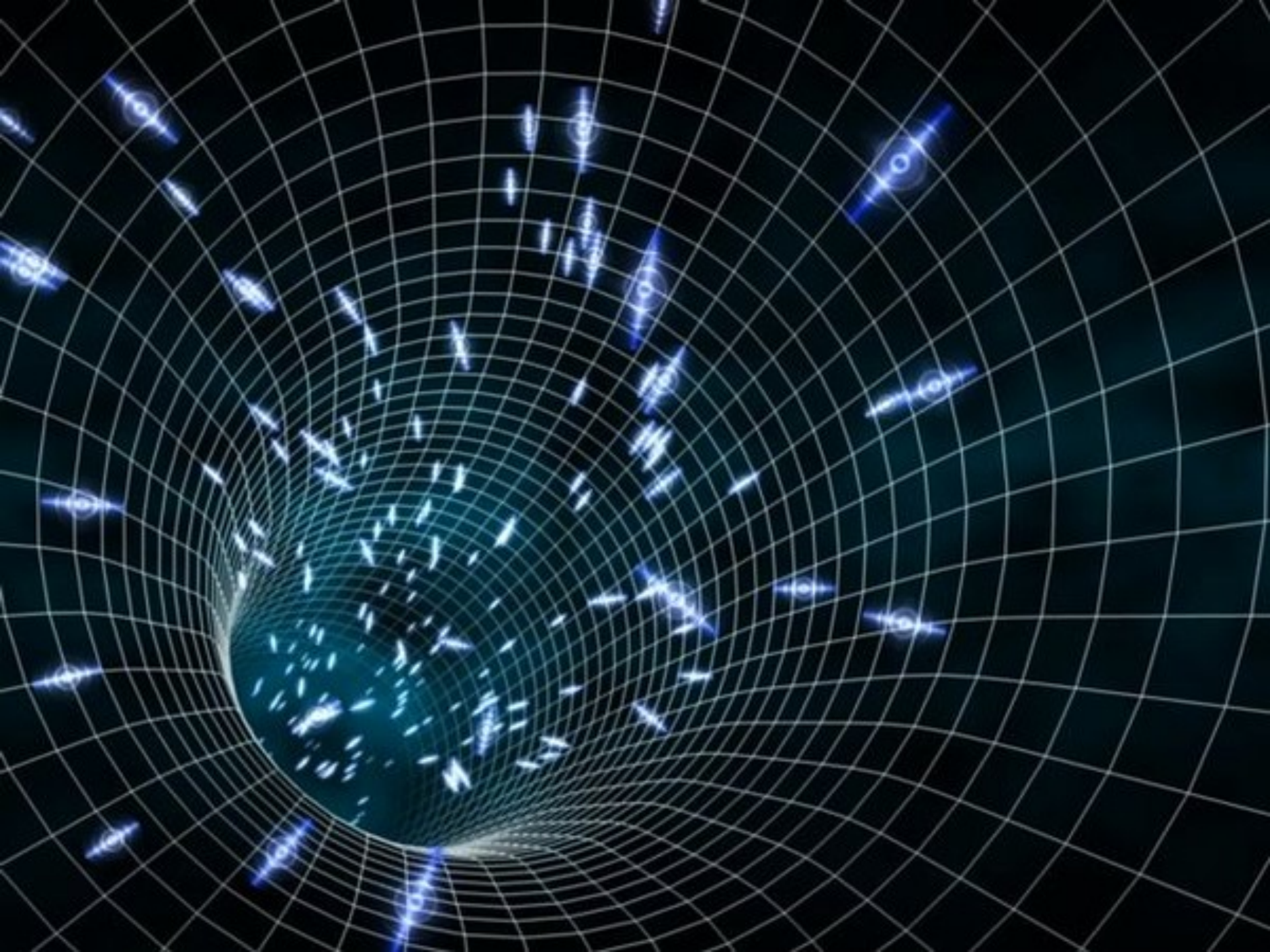


2013



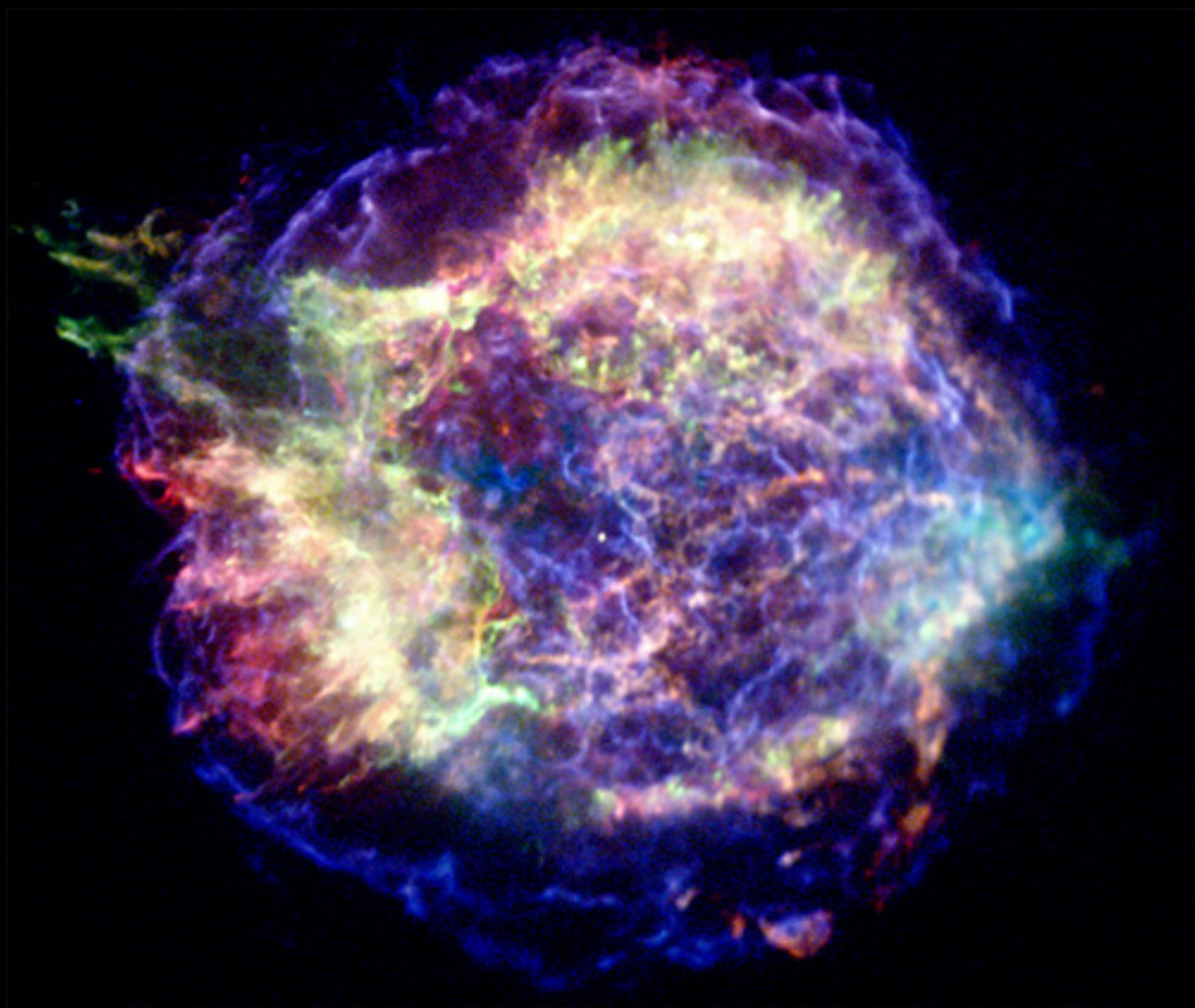
Massa del bosone di

Higgs = 125-126 GeV

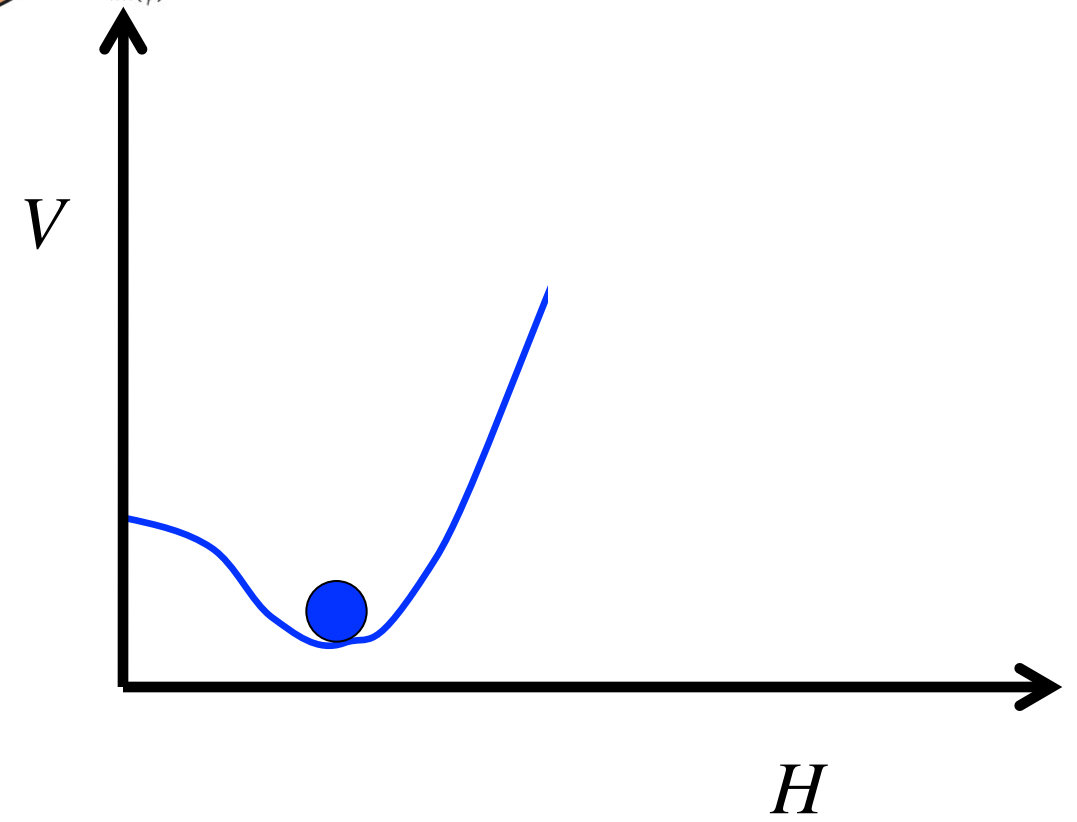
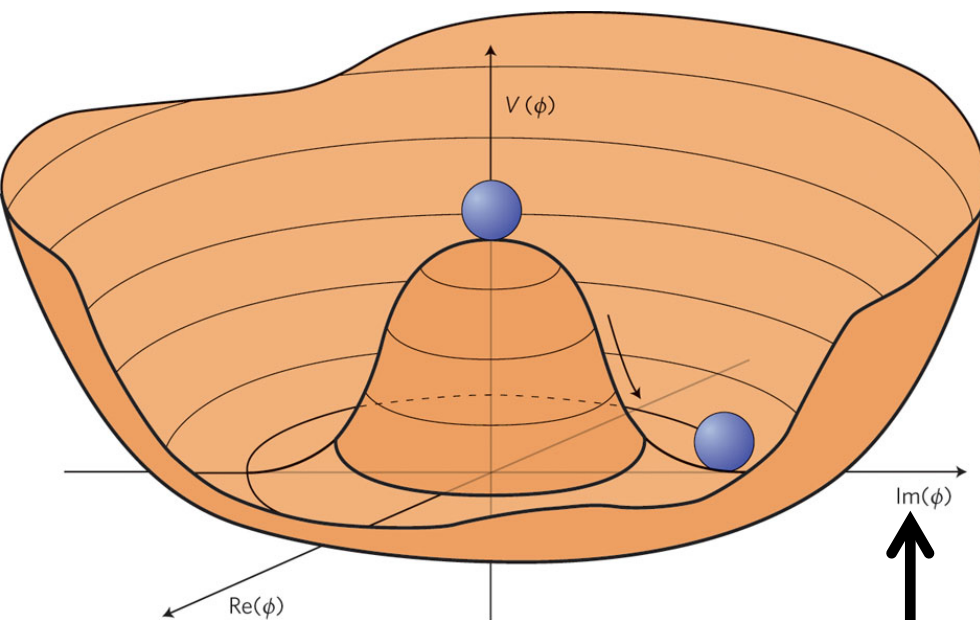




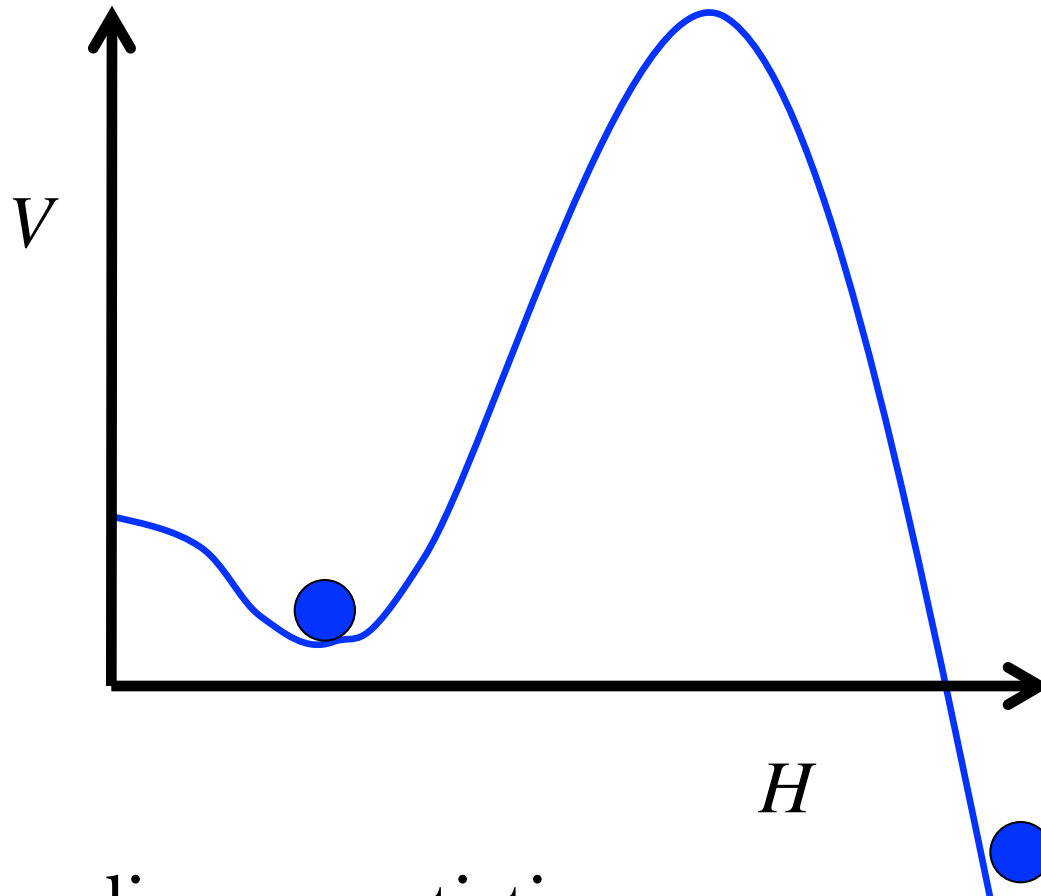
V.K. Taylor



$$V(H) = -\mu_H^2 |H|^2 + \lambda |H|^4$$



- ↑ massa Higgs
- ↓ mass top quark

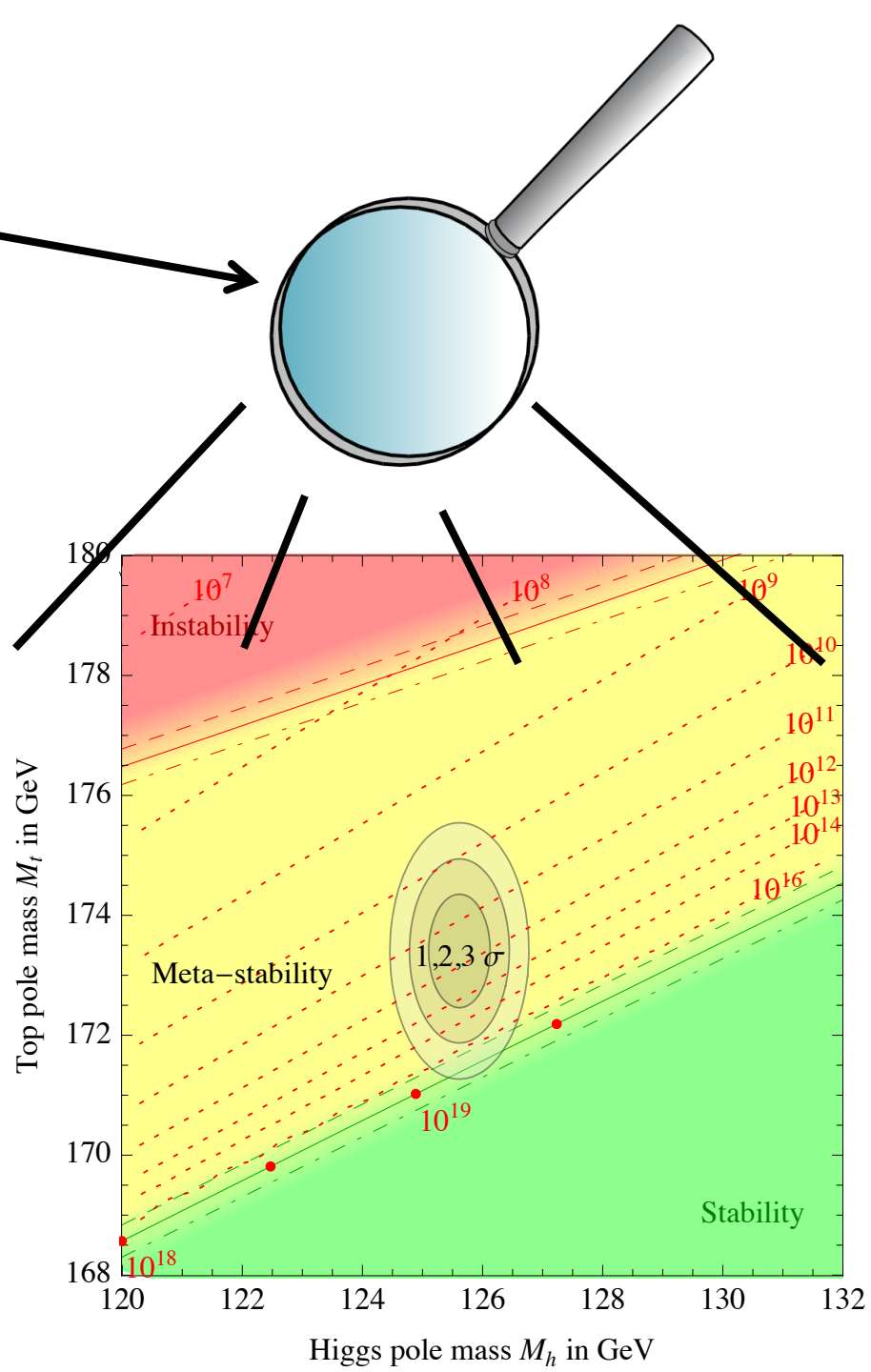
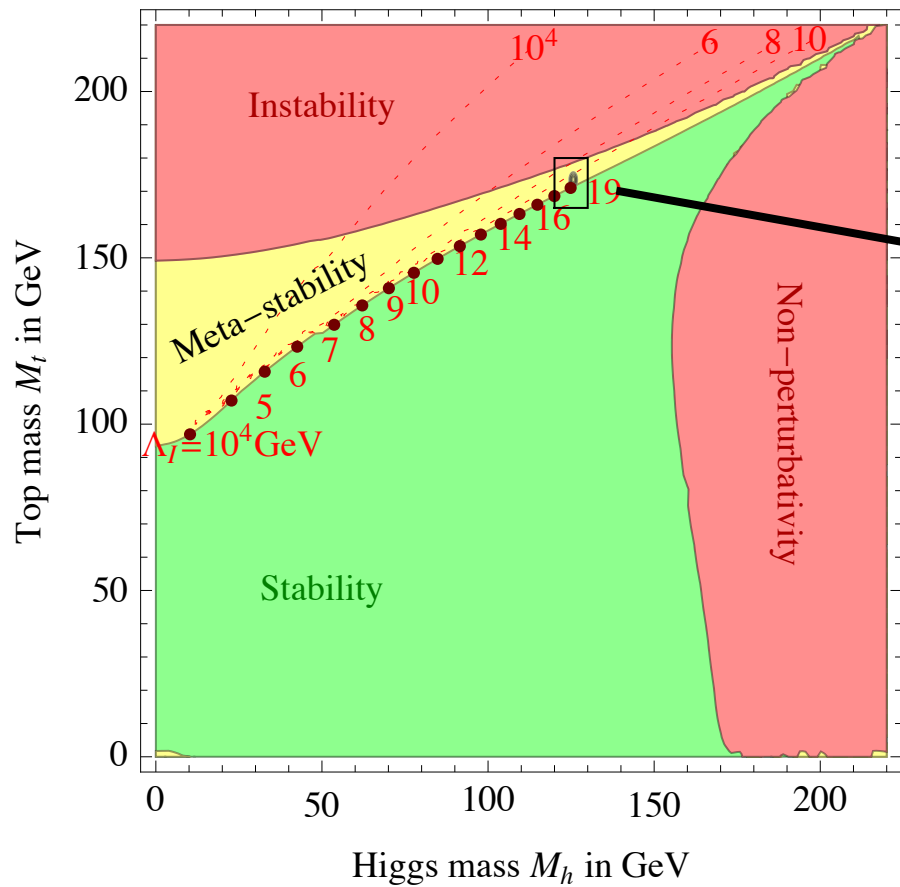


- Tunneling quantistico
- Tunneling termico

Massa del bosone di
Higgs = 125-126 GeV

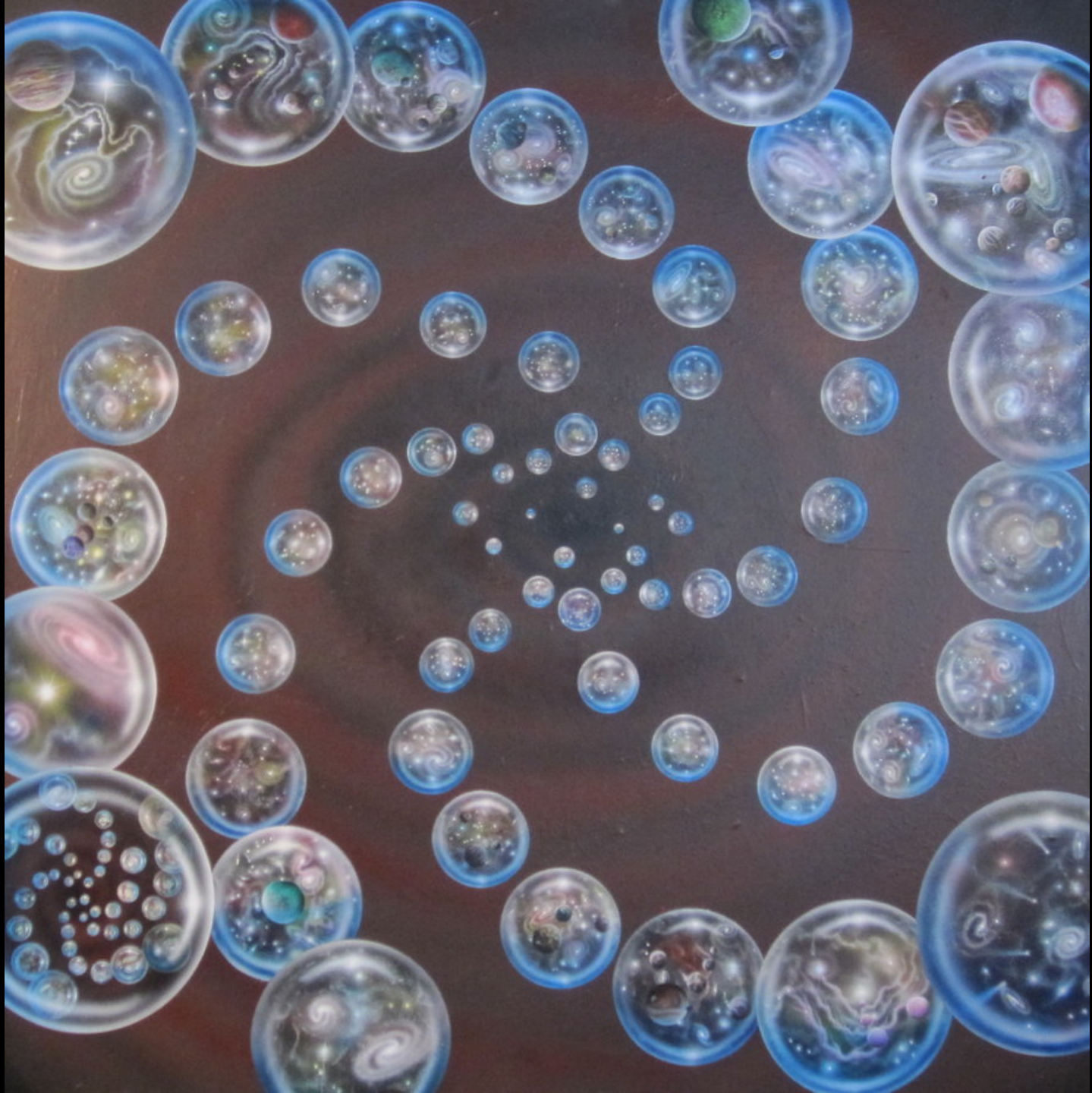
The background of the image is a particle detector event visualization. It features a dark, textured surface with several distinct peaks. A large, broad peak on the left is colored in shades of blue and cyan. Two smaller, sharper peaks are visible in the center and right, colored in green and yellow. A prominent, narrow, vertical beam of light, transitioning from green at the base to yellow and orange at the top, extends upwards from the right side of the image.

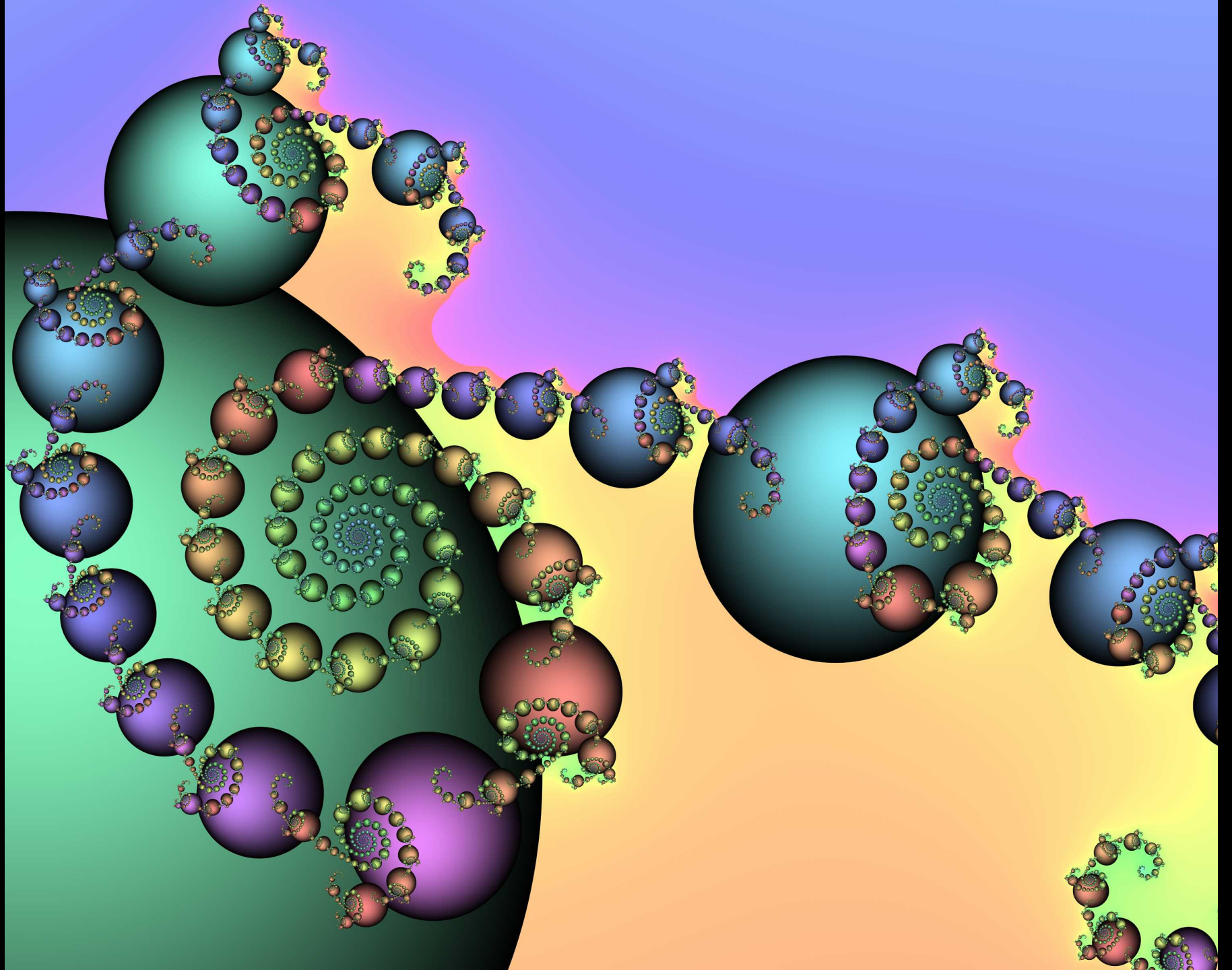




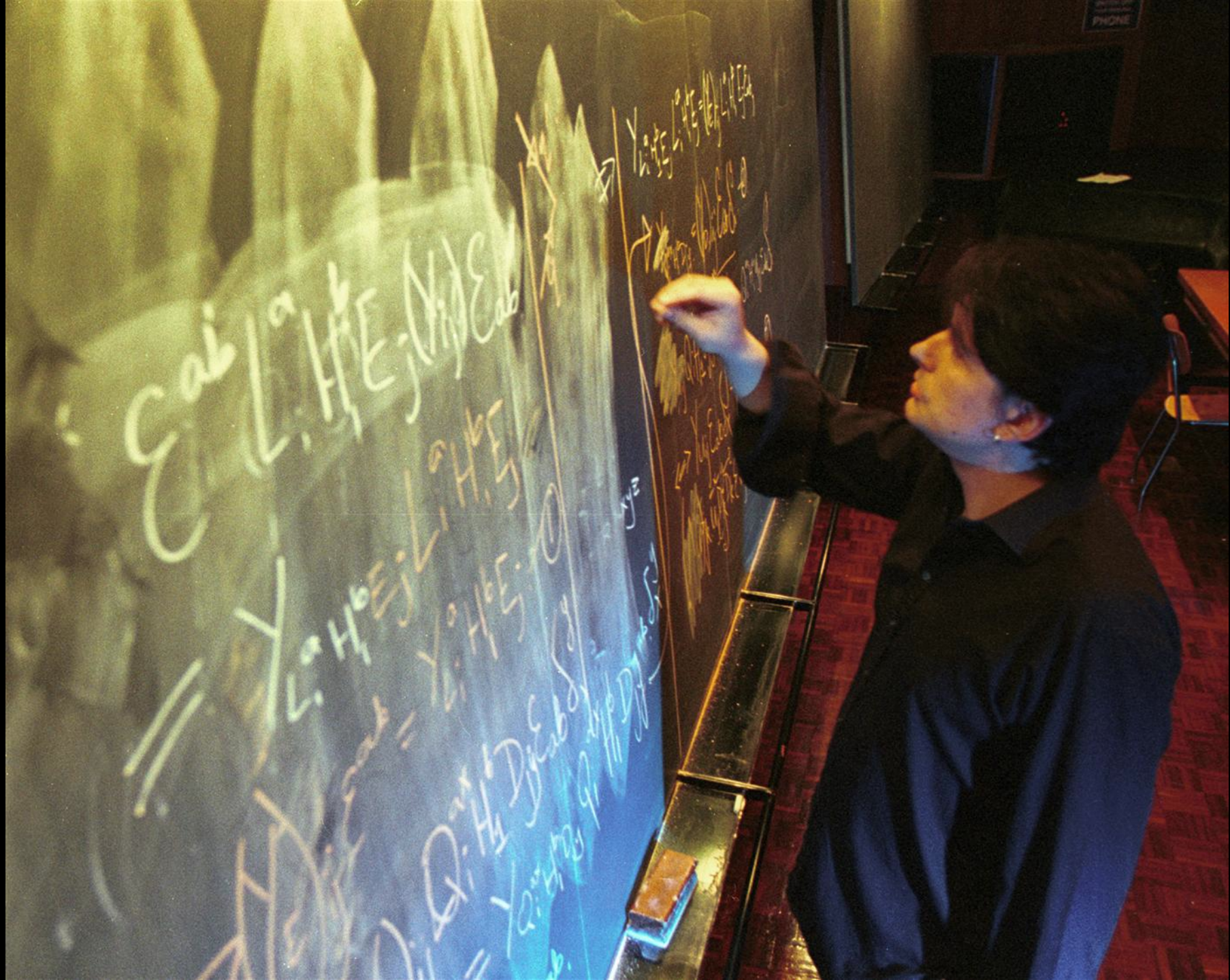
Perché?











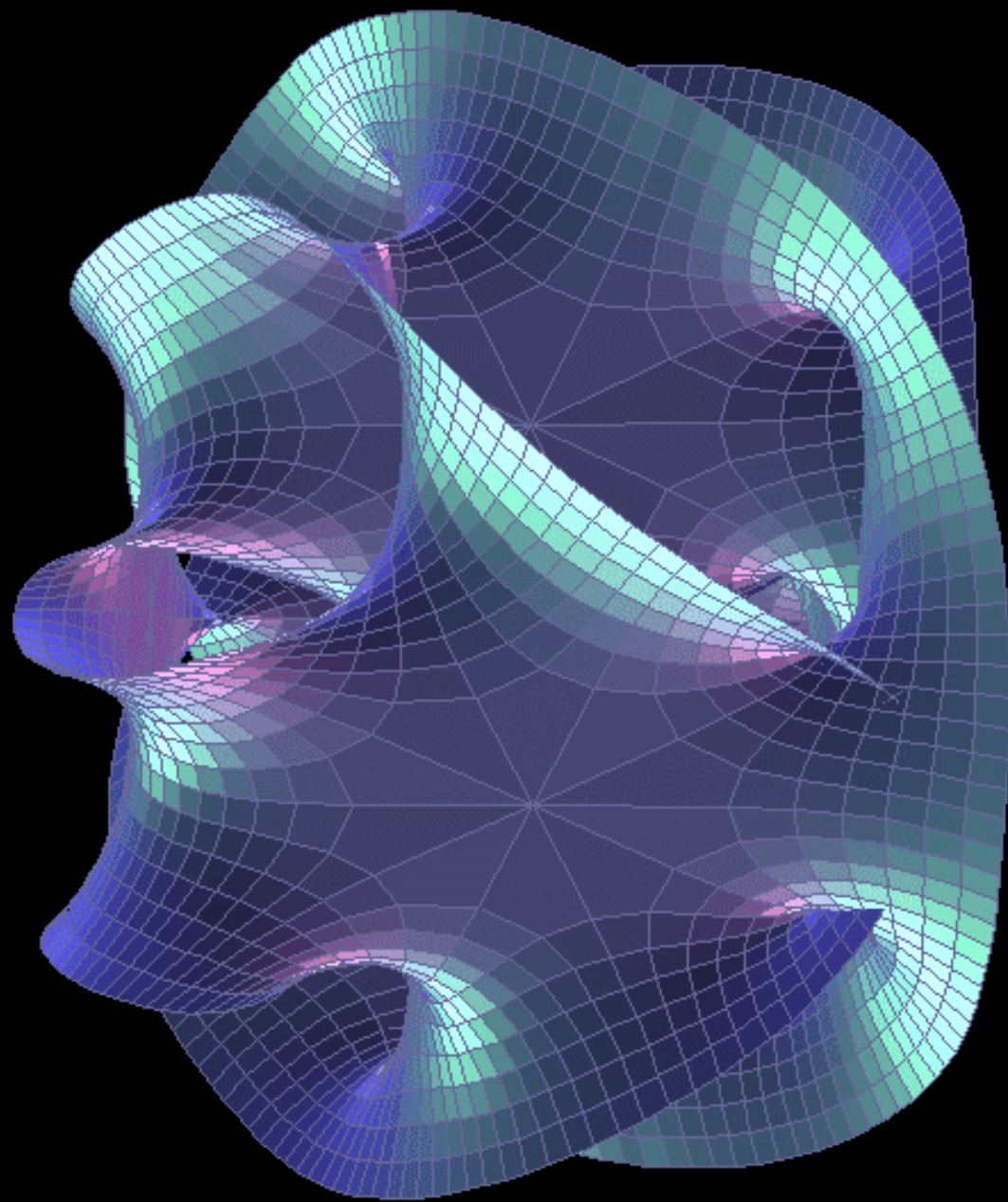
$$C_{ai} = L_i^a \cdot H_i^b \cdot N_i^c \cdot E_i^d$$

$$Y_i = H_i^{\alpha} E_i^{\beta} L_i^{\gamma}$$
$$Q_i = H_i^{\alpha} E_i^{\beta} L_i^{\gamma} D_i^{\delta}$$

$$Y_i = C_{ai} \cdot L_i^a \cdot H_i^b \cdot N_i^c \cdot E_i^d$$
$$Y_i = H_i^{\alpha} E_i^{\beta} L_i^{\gamma}$$

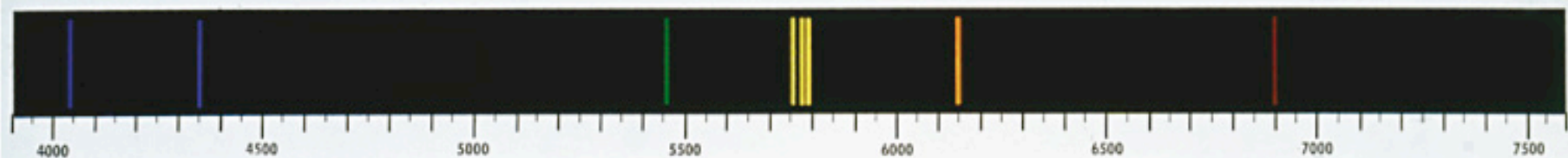
PHONE







Hg



Li



Cd



Sr

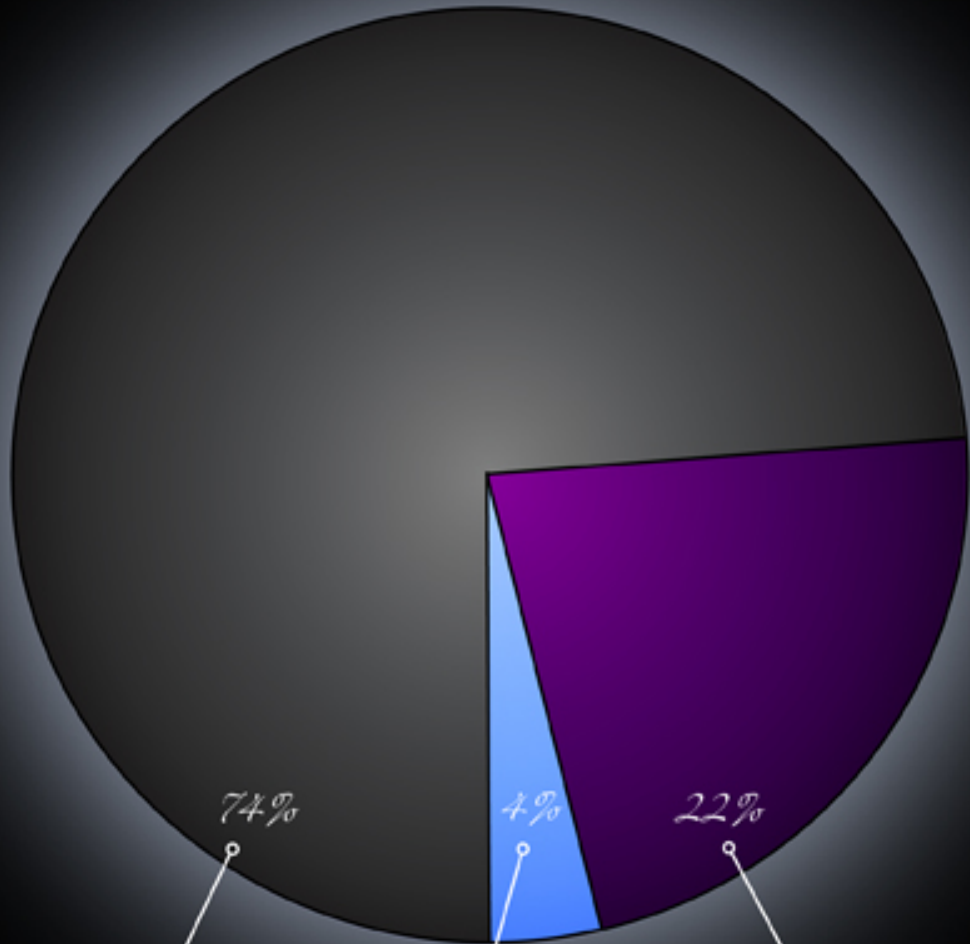


Ca



Na





**ENERGIA
OSCURA**

ATOMI

**MATERIA
OSCURA**

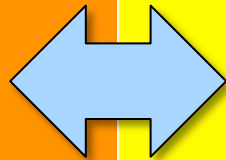


1 000 000 km/h

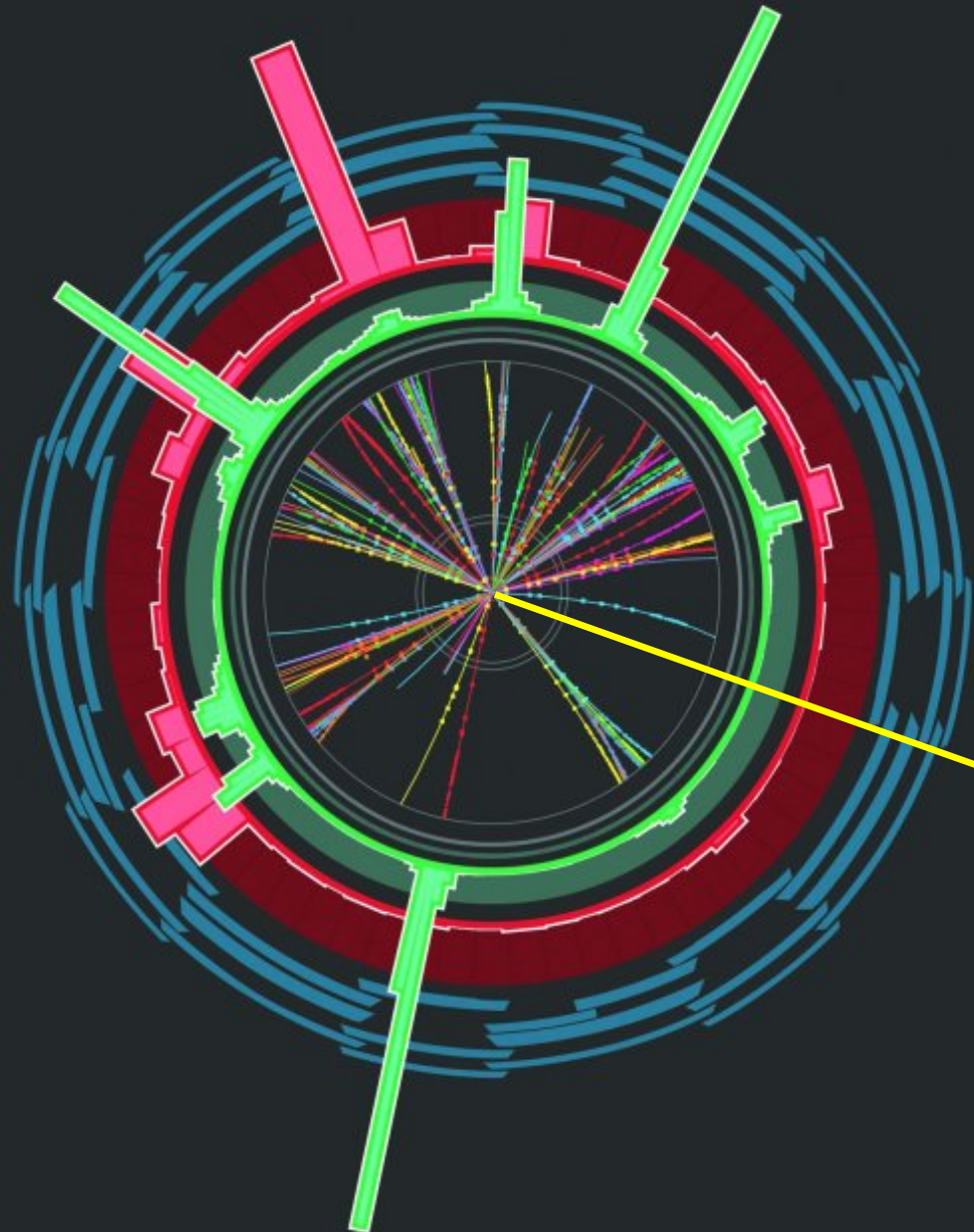




materia: 6×10^{24} kg



materia oscura:
0.6 kg



***materia
oscura***



LHC

DM



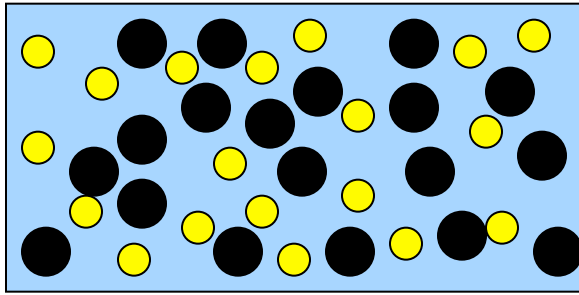
Ricerca diretta



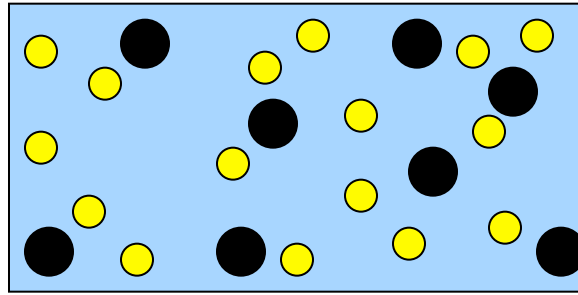
Ricerca indiretta

Legame materia oscura \leftrightarrow LHC

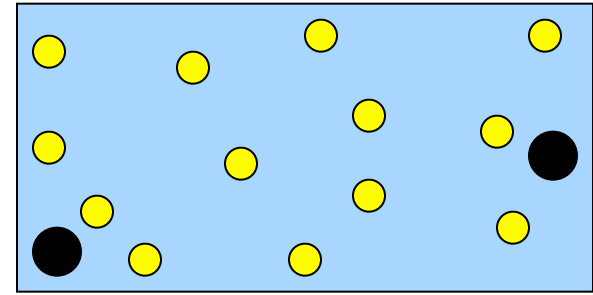
Se una particella stabile e massiccia si trova in equilibrio termico nell'universo primordiale, possiamo calcolare la sua densità attuale



$T \gg M$



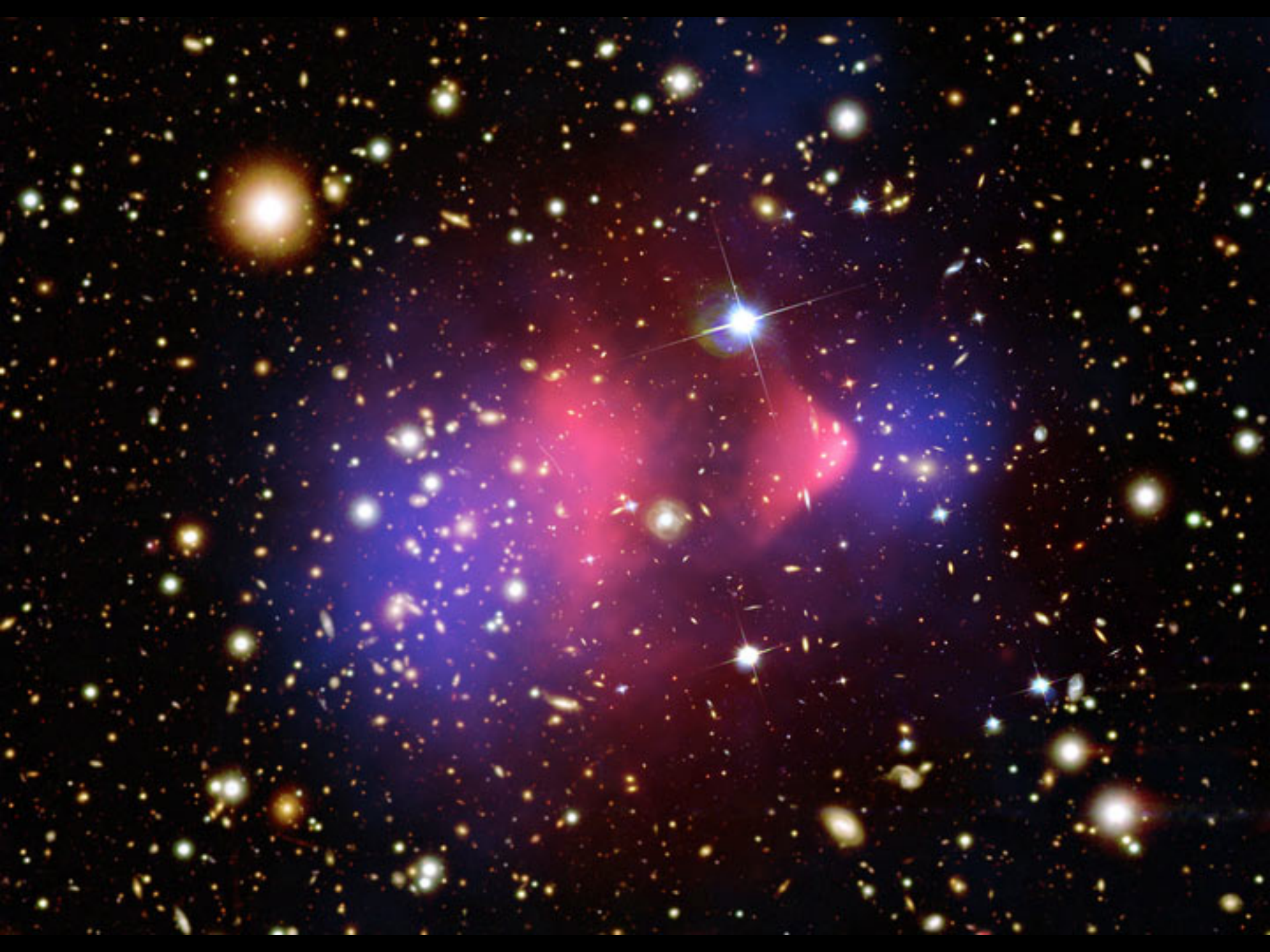
$T \approx M$

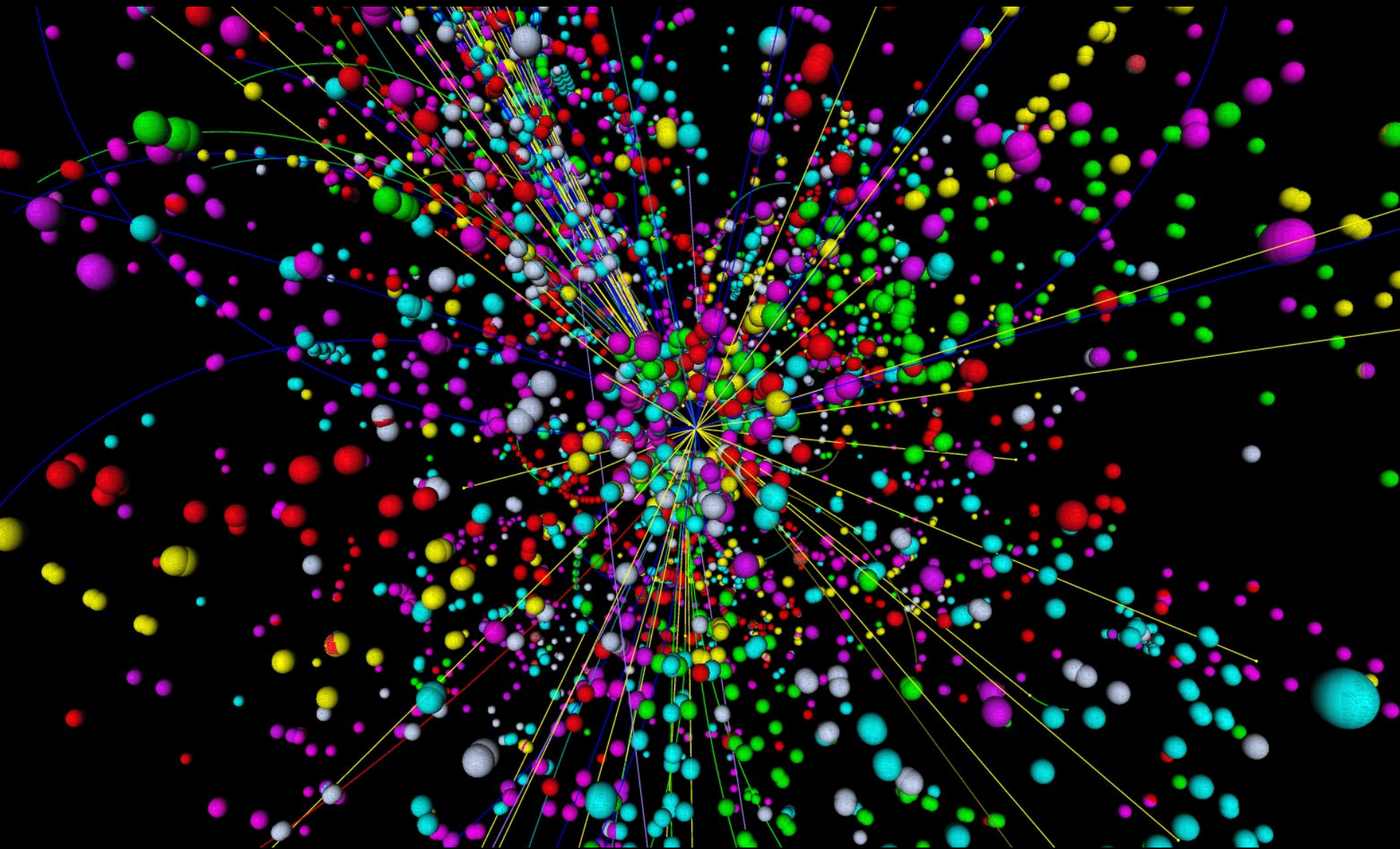


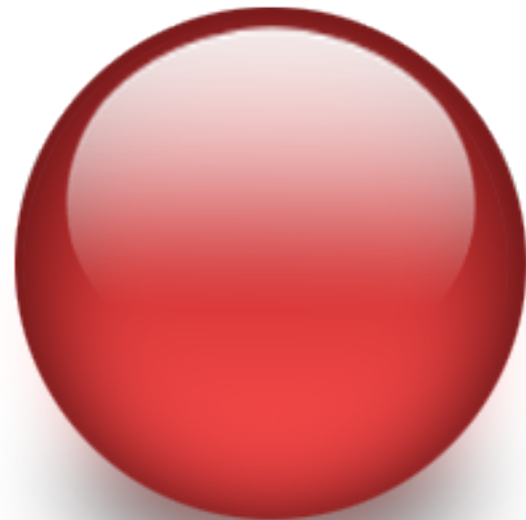
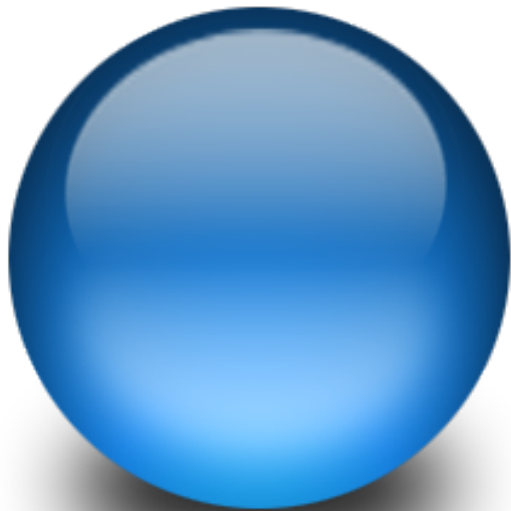
$T \ll M$

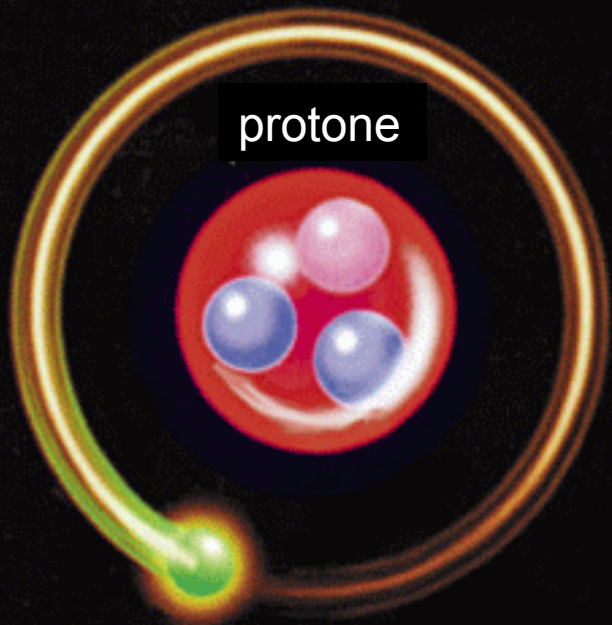
$$\sigma = \frac{k}{128\pi M^2} \Rightarrow \Omega_{DM} = 0.22 \left(\frac{M}{\sqrt{k} \text{ TeV}} \right)^2$$

Coincidenza:
produzione di materia oscura a LHC?





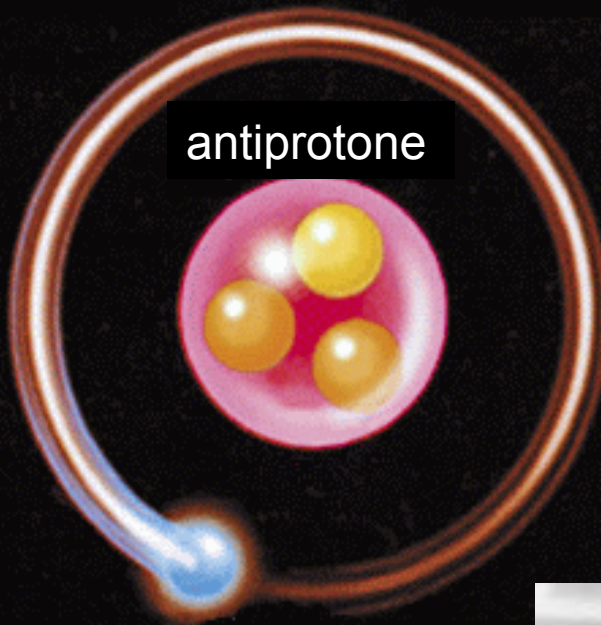




protone

elettrone

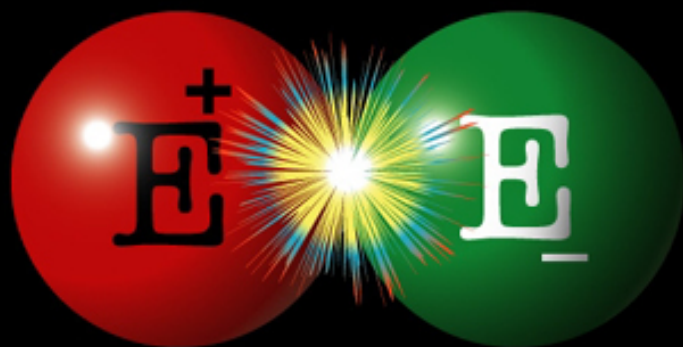
idrogeno



antiprotone

antielettrone

antidrogeno

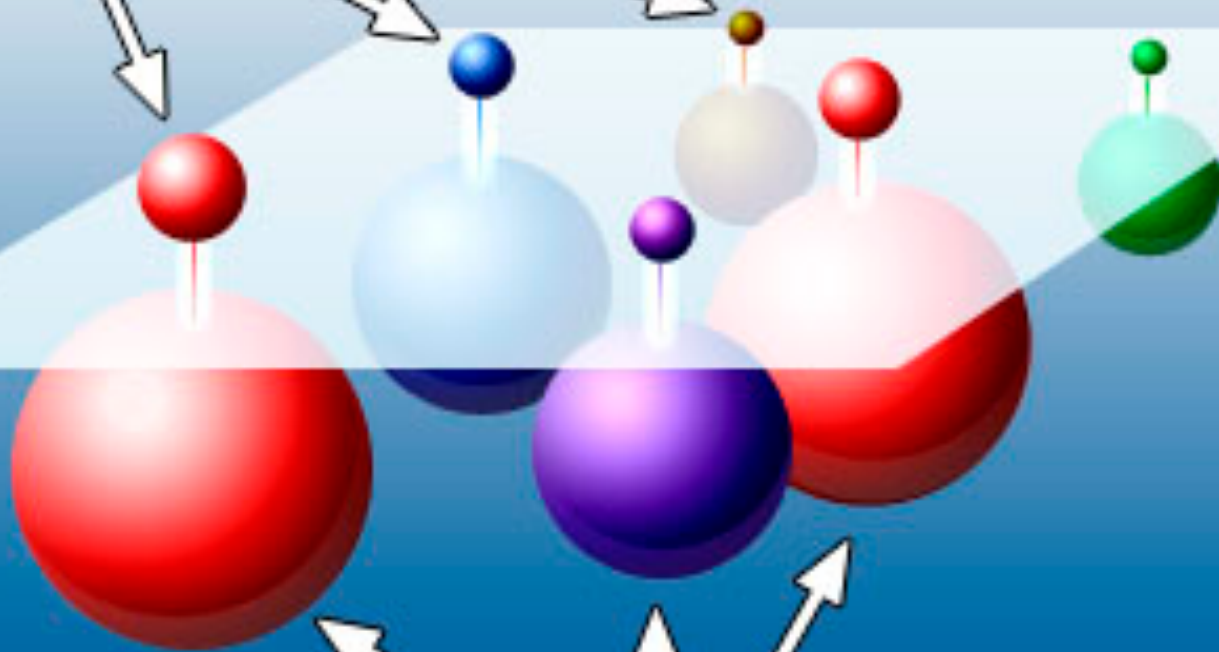


E^+

E^-



Particelle



Particelle supersimmetriche

