Higher order dark matter annihilations in the Sun and implications for IceCube Talk at PONT Avignon 2014 Based on arXiv:1311.1418 and arXiv:1402:4375 in collaboration with Alejandro Ibarra and Sebastian Wild

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Outline of the talk

High-energy neutrinos from the Sun as a dark matter probe

Higher-order effects in annihilation processes

Conclusions & Outlook

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What's the idea?

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{Capture:} \\ \rho_{DM_s} \ f(u) d^3 u, \ \sigma_{scattering}, \ solar \ composition, \\ astrophysics \end{array}$

Annihilation region: $\sigma_{ann.}$, interaction of annihilation

products with solar medium, showering (neutrino production)

DM

Neutrino propagation: MSW, τ-regeneration, vacuum oscillations

v

Detection: signal / background spectra

detector

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Differential equation governing the dark matter density

$$\bullet \ \frac{\mathrm{d}N_{\mathrm{DM}}}{\mathrm{d}t} = \Gamma_{\mathrm{C}} - \underbrace{C_{\mathrm{A}}N_{\mathrm{DM}}^2}_{=2\Gamma_{\mathrm{A}}} - C_{\mathrm{E}}N_{\mathrm{DM}}$$

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Differential equation governing the dark matter density

$$\blacktriangleright \frac{\mathrm{d}N_{\mathrm{DM}}}{\mathrm{d}t} = \Gamma_{\mathrm{C}} - \underbrace{C_{\mathrm{A}}N_{\mathrm{DM}}^2}_{=2\Gamma_{\mathrm{A}}} - \underbrace{C_{\mathrm{E}}N_{\mathrm{DM}}}_{=2\Gamma_{\mathrm{A}}}$$

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Differential equation governing the dark matter density

•
$$\frac{\mathrm{d}N_{\mathrm{DM}}}{\mathrm{d}t} = \Gamma_{\mathrm{C}} - \underbrace{C_{\mathrm{A}}N_{\mathrm{DM}}^2}_{=2\Gamma_{\mathrm{A}}} - \underbrace{C_{\mathrm{B}}N_{\mathrm{DM}}}_{=2\Gamma_{\mathrm{A}}}$$

• $\Gamma_{\mathrm{A}} = \frac{1}{2}\Gamma_{\mathrm{C}} \tanh^2(t/\tau)$

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Differential equation governing the dark matter density

•
$$\frac{\mathrm{d}N_{\mathrm{DM}}}{\mathrm{d}t} = \Gamma_{\mathrm{C}} - \underbrace{C_{\mathrm{A}}N_{\mathrm{DM}}^{2}}_{=2\Gamma_{\mathrm{A}}} - \underbrace{C_{\mathrm{E}}N_{\mathrm{DM}}}_{=2\Gamma_{\mathrm{A}}}$$
•
$$\Gamma_{\mathrm{A}} = \frac{1}{2}\Gamma_{\mathrm{C}} \tanh^{2}\left(t/\tau\right)$$
•
$$\tau = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\Gamma_{\mathrm{C}}C_{\mathrm{A}}}}$$

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Differential equation governing the dark matter density



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Differential equation governing the dark matter density



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Differential equation governing the dark matter density



 \Rightarrow For $t_{\odot} \gg \tau$, one can constrain the scattering rate by constraining the annihilation rate!

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Differential equation governing the dark matter density



 \Rightarrow For $t_{\odot} \gg \tau$, one can constrain the scattering rate by constraining the annihilation rate!

 \Rightarrow For $t_{\odot} \ll \tau$, the annihilation rate is heavily suppressed

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Possible annihilation products: $V, u/d/s, c/b/t, e/\mu/\tau, \nu_e/\nu_\mu/\nu_\tau$

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Light hadrons getting stopped $(\tau_{interact.} \ll \tau_{dec.})$

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How do the final states $I\overline{I}$ or $q\overline{q}$ get interesting?

Under the assumption of equilibrium, we investigate a generic contact interation:

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CASE 1: Limits from IceCube on σ_{SD} – leptons



Limits from MeV neutrinos from Bernal et al. (1208.0834)

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CASE 1: Limits from IceCube on σ_{SD} – quarks



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CASE 2: Limits from IceCube on σ_{SD} – leptons



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CASE 2: Limits from IceCube on σ_{SD} – quarks



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Conclusion & Outlook

Conclusions

- Higher-order corrections to annihilation processes in the Sun yield competitive constraints for
 - dark matter coupling to light quarks
 - leptophilic dark matter

Outlook

- ▶ Both cases (loops sub-dominant/dominant) can be mapped to particle physics models → discussed in arXiv:1402:4375
- \blacktriangleright The assumption of equilibration is vital \rightarrow discussed in arXiv:1311.1418

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