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# Primordial black holes as dark matter candidates: closing the remaining mass window

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Capela, Pshirkov, PT, PRD87 (2013) 023507 Capela, Pshirkov, PT, PRD87 (2013) 123524 Capela, Pshirkov, PT, arXiv:1403.7098

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# Outline

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- Many (indirect) arguments suggest the existence of dark matter with  $\ \Omega_{\text{DM}} \simeq 0.26$ 
  - Rotation curves of galaxies
  - Gas temperature in clusters
  - Gravitational lensing
  - Structure formation
- The DM is often assumed to be a new stable particle. There are many different DM candidates: axion-like particles, sterile neutrinos, WIMPs, ...
- We will consider an alternative option that DM is composed of primordial black holes (PBH)
  - PBH may have been produced in the early Universe. Many mechanisms have been considered (e.g., at phase transitions).
  - Attractive feature of this scenario is that no new particles are required.
  - From theory, the PBH masses are not constrained.

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 A large part of the parameter space is already constrained from various arguments



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- In the remaining mass window 10<sup>16</sup> 10<sup>26</sup> g, the abundance of PBH may be constrained from observations of compact stars — WD and NS
- Compact stars are special because if a PBH gets inside such a star, the star gets destroyed. Requiring the probability of such event is ≪ 1 imposes constraints on PBH abundance.
- DM capture in stars has been considered before

Press, Spergel Astrophys.J. 296 (1985) 679-684; Goldman, Nussinov Phys. Rev. D40, 3221 (1989); Kouvaris Phys. Rev D77, 023006 (2008); Sadin, Ciarcelluti, Astropart. Phys. 32 (2009) 278-284; Bertone, Fairbairn, Phys. Rev. D77, 043515 (2008); McCullough, Fairbairn, Phys. Rev. D81 (2010) 083520.

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- For capture the energy loss is required
- In case of PBH, the energy loss occurs due to dynamical friction and accretion of star matter onto the PBH
- Total energy loss is

$$E_{loss} = rac{4m_{BH}^2M_*}{M_{Pl}^4R_*^2}\left\langle rac{\ln\Lambda}{v^2} 
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angle$$

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Averaging with Maxwellian distribution, the capture rate is

$$F = \sqrt{6\pi} \frac{\rho_{DM}}{v_{\infty} m_{BH}} \frac{R_g R_*}{1 - R_g / R_*} \left[ 1 - \exp\left(-\frac{3E_{\text{loss}}}{m_{BH} v_{\infty}^2}\right) \right]$$

$$\simeq 3\sqrt{6\pi}rac{
ho_{DM}}{v_{\infty}^3}rac{R_gR_*}{m_{DM}^2}E_{
m loss}$$
 at

at 
$$E_{
m loss} \ll m_{DM} v_\infty^2$$

- Best conditions for capture:
  - Large DM density ρ<sub>D</sub>
  - Small DM velocity  $v_{\infty}$

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# Two ways to capture a PBH: (II) at star formation

- The stars are formed in the collapse of baryonic matter in giant molecular clouds. These clouds have some DM density gravitationally bound to them.
- Collapsing baryons gravitationally drag the DM along by adiabatic contraction, so some PBHs end up inside the star

• When the star evolves into a compact remnant (NS or WD), some of these PBHs may be inherited by the latter.

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 The density of bound DM, assuming Maxwellian parent distribution with v

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$$\rho_{\text{bound}} \sim \bar{\rho}_{DM} \left(\frac{\phi_0}{\bar{v}^2}\right)^{3/2} = \text{const} \cdot \frac{\bar{\rho}_{DM}}{\bar{v}^3}$$

• DM after the adiabatic contraction:

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 The density of bound DM, assuming Maxwellian parent distribution with v:

$$\rho_{\text{bound}} \sim \bar{\rho}_{DM} \left(\frac{\phi_0}{\bar{v}^2}\right)^{3/2} = \text{const} \cdot \frac{\bar{\rho}_{DM}}{\bar{v}^3}$$

• DM after the adiabatic contraction:



• Number of particles within r,

 $n(r) \propto r^{3/2}$ 

 $\nu(\mathbf{r}) \propto \mathbf{r}$ 

• Number of particles with periastron < *r*,

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## Time scales

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Two stages

· When PBH is mostly outside the star

$$\tau_1 \simeq \frac{\sqrt{r_{max}} R_*^2 v_{\text{\tiny esc}}^2}{G \sqrt{R_g} m_{BH} \ln \Lambda} \sim 2 \times 10^8 \mathrm{yr} \left(\frac{10^{22} \mathrm{g}}{m_{BH}}\right)$$

• When PBH is completely inside the star: numerical calculation in a realistic density profile. Rough estimate:

$$\pi_2 \sim 10^2 rac{M_*^{3/2}}{2\pi \sqrt{G} 
ho(0) m_{BH} R_*^{3/2} \ln \Lambda}$$

•  $\implies$  Insufficient time at small  $m_{BH}$ 

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# **RESULTING CONSTRAINTS**

## Assuming DM velocity dispersion v = 7 km/s



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## Best constraints come from sites where the DM density is largest and the DM velocity is smallest

- One such site could be Globular Clusters (GC) bound compact systems containing  $10^4-10^7$  stars, very old  $\gtrsim 10~Gyr$ 
  - There are two suggested mechanisms of the GC formation: primordial and 'recent'
  - recently formed GC carry little DM not enough for constraints
  - primordial GCs should have DM cores with  $ho_D \sim 2 \times 10^3 \ {\rm GeV} \ {\rm cm}^{-3}.$

Bertone, Fairbairn, PRD77,043515 (2008)

Where to look?

- Another candidate dwarf spheroidals
  - similar to GC in size; DM-dominated: densities  $\sim$  200 GeV/cm^3 have been inferred from modeling
  - no NS have been observed in dSph's yet

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- Observations of NS and WD in dark-matter-rich environments can potentially exclude PBH as DM candidates
- To close the remaining mass window, one may either show the presence of DM cores in GC (or their primordial origin) or observe pulsars in dSph (feasible, first hints exist)

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