Forward physics in p+A (to probe non-linear QCD evolution)

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Map of parton evolution in QCD



QCD linear evolutions: $k_T \gg Q_s$ $\ln(1/x)$ DGLAP evolution to larger k_T (and a more dilute hadron) BFKL evolution to smaller *x* (and denser hadron)

dilute/dense separation characterized by the saturation scale $Q_s(x)$

QCD non-linear evolution: $k_T \sim Q_s$ meaning $x \ll 1$ this regime is non-linear yet weakly coupled: $\alpha_s(Q_s^2) \ll 1$

collinear factorization does not apply when x is too small and the hadron has become a dense system of partons

x: parton longitudinal momentum fraction

 k_T : parton transverse momentum

the distribution of partons as a function of x and k_T :



Single inclusive hadron production

forward rapidities probe small values of x



Nuclear modification factor

 $dN^{dA \to hX}$

 d^2kdy

 $R_{dA} = 1$ in the absence of nuclear effects, i.e. if the gluons in the nucleus interact incoherently as in A protons

the suppressed production ($R_{dA} < 1$) was predicted in the Color Glass Condensate picture, along with the rapidity dependence



p+Pb @ the LHC

• mid-rapidity data



good description but not much non-linear effects

predictions for forward rapidities



strong non-linear effects

Other recent LHC comparisons



mid-rapidity only similar to the charged hadron data

LHCb and ALICE (with planned upgrade) can measure charm at forward rapidities

CGC calculations are slighly below the data – saturation effects are perhaps not the most relevant in this case

Di-hadron final-state kinematics

final state :
$$k_1, y_1 = k_2, y_2$$

$$x_{p} = \frac{k_{1} e^{y_{1}} + k_{2} e^{y_{2}}}{\sqrt{s}} \qquad x_{A} = \frac{k_{1} e^{-y_{1}} + k_{2} e^{-y_{2}}}{\sqrt{s}}$$

scanning the wave functions:



Di-hadron angular correlations

comparisons between d+Au \rightarrow h₁ h₂ X (or p+Au \rightarrow h₁ h₂ X) and p+p \rightarrow h₁ h₂ X



however, when $y_1 \sim y_2 \sim 0$ (and therefore $x_A \sim 0.03$), the p+p and d+Au curves are almost identical

Recent progress and LHC data

improved CGC calculations

Stasto, Xiao and Yuan (2012) Lappi and Mantysaari (2013)

- first non-CGC description Kang, Vitev and Xing (2012)
- recent ALICE mid-rapidity data





after subtracting from the data the so-called ridge, there is little away-side suppression with increasing centrality

forward rapidity data are needed here as well

Hard diffraction in p+A

single-hadron production in diffractive events pA
ightarrow XhA Tuchin (2008)

could not be done at RHIC

• as a function of p_T of the hadron

the proportion of incoherent diffraction decreases with A

• nuclear modifications

antishadowing of coherent diffraction

shadowing of incoherent diffraction

Conclusions

- Fundamental consequence of QCD dynamics:
 - at asymptotically small x/large A, QCD evolution becomes non-linear
- Non-linear evolution of gluon density in Au at RHIC:
 - suppression of single hadron production in d+Au vs p+p
 - suppression of back-to-back correlations of di-hadrons in d+Au vs p+p
- Awaiting more p+Pb forward rapidity data (so far only quarkonia)
- Diffraction ? $pA \rightarrow pX$ or/and $pA \rightarrow XA$ with AFP/TOTEM ?