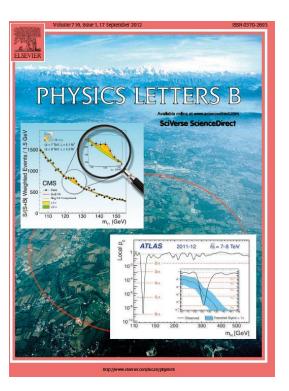


Higgs discovery status from ATLAS Kalliopi Iordanidou University of Athens and Brookhaven National Laboratory

Excited QCD 2014 Sarajevo, 2-8 February 2014

on behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration



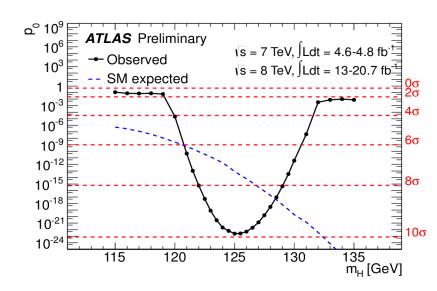
Introduction

After the discovery a number of questions need to addressed

Are there any more Higgses?

- →Mass measurement
- \rightarrow Signal strength
- \rightarrow Spin and parity
- \rightarrow Couplings to fermions/bosons
- \rightarrow Production mechanisms

"Observation of a New Particle in the Search for the Standard Model Higgs Boson with the ATLAS Detector at the LHC" [Phys. Lett . B 716 (2012) 1-29] 4th July 2012 ASR NOBEL



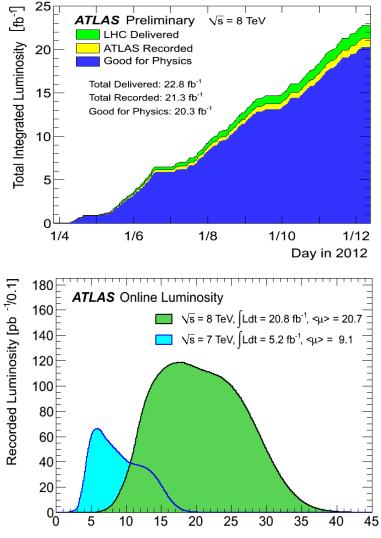
Latest ATLAS Higgs Results:

https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/HiggsPublicResults



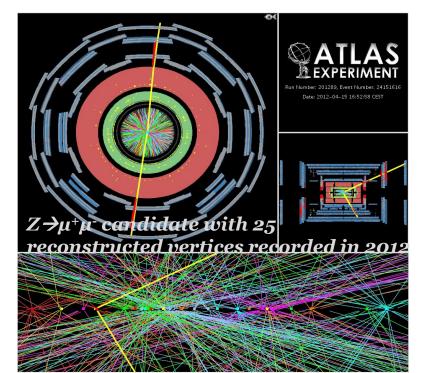
ATLAS at the Large Hadron Collider

https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/LuminosityPublicResults

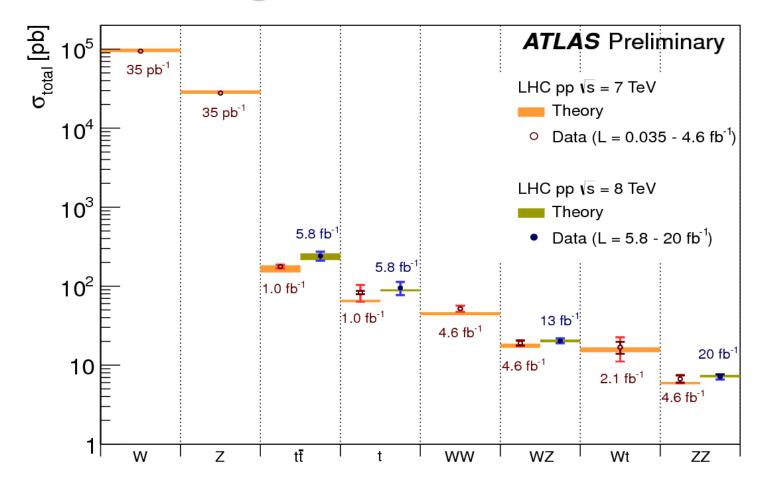


Mean Number of Interactions per Crossing

- LHC started its high energy pp collisions in 2010
- Excellent ATLAS performance in harsh conditions:
 - $4.57 \text{ fb}^{-1} @\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV} (2011)$
 - 20.3 fb⁻¹ @ $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV (2012)
- Run I period: 2010 2012



Testing the SM @ ATLAS

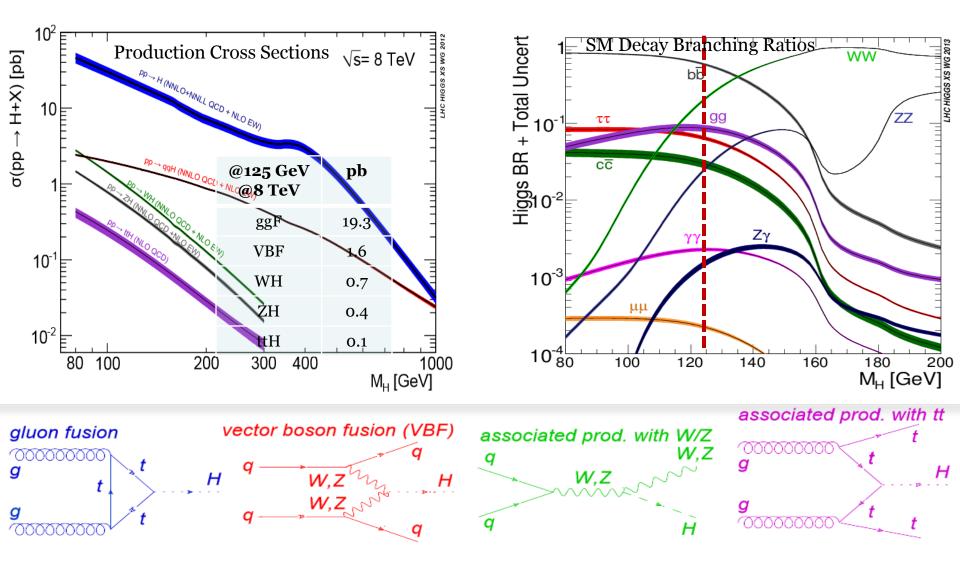


Precision tests of the SM \rightarrow All the results are consistent with the theory predictions

LHC Higgs Cross Sections:

https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/LHCPhysics/CrossSections

Higgs Boson Production @LHC



Outline Higgs Decay Searches

- Channels studied in the context of SM Higgs Boson search:
 - Bosonic Decays:
 - $H \rightarrow ZZ(*) \rightarrow 4l$
 - *H*→γγ
 - $H \rightarrow WW(^*) \rightarrow lvlv$
 - *H→Z/γ*
 - Devoted to High Mass Studies $(H \rightarrow ZZ (*) \rightarrow llqq, H \rightarrow ZZ (*) \rightarrow llvv, H \rightarrow WW(*) \rightarrow lvqq, H \rightarrow ZZ (*) \rightarrow ll\tau\tau$
 - Fermionic Decays
 - *H→bb*
 - *H*→ττ
 - *H*→μμ
- <u>BSM scenarios</u>

$H \rightarrow ZZ(*) \rightarrow 4l$

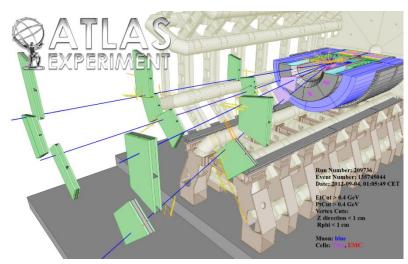
- "Golden Channel"
- Four isolated leptons originated from primary vertex
- Narrow resonance on top of a smooth background
- <u>Background Composition</u>:
 - Irreducible ZZ*
 - Reducible Zbb, Zlight, ttbar

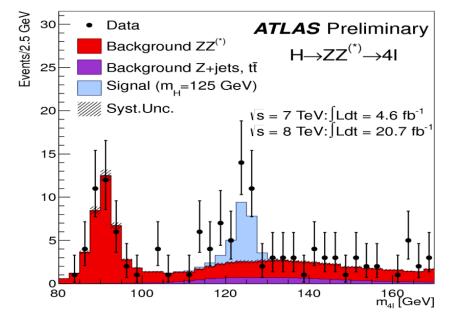
<u>Combined 7 TeV & 8 TeV</u>: **Expected SM Significance:** 4.4 σ **Observed Significance**: 6.6 σ

<u>Mass Measurement:</u> $124.3^{+0.6}_{-0.5}(stat)^{+0.5}_{-0.3}(syst) GeV$

Signal Strength:

 $1.7^{+0.5}_{-0.4}$





$H \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$

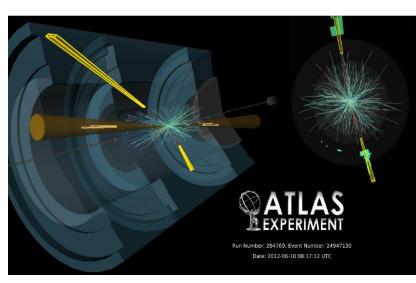
- Two isolated photons

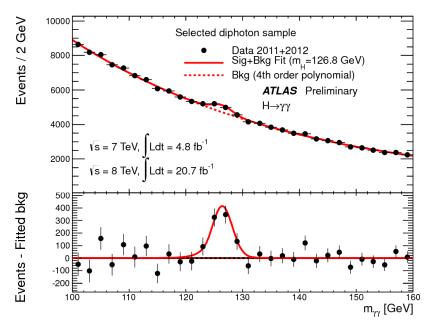
- Narrow resonance on top of a continuous background
- <u>Background Composition</u>:
 - Irreducible yy continuum(~82%)
 - *Reducible* γ-*jet*(~15%), *jet-jet*(~3%)

 $\frac{\text{Combined 7 TeV \& 8 TeV}}{\text{Expected SM Significance: 4.1 }\sigma}$

<u>Mass Measurement:</u> 126.8 ± 0.2(stat) ± 0.7(syst) GeV

Signal Strength: $1.65^{+0.24}_{-0.24}(stat)^{+0.25}_{-0.18}(syst)$





$H \rightarrow WW(*) \rightarrow lvlv$

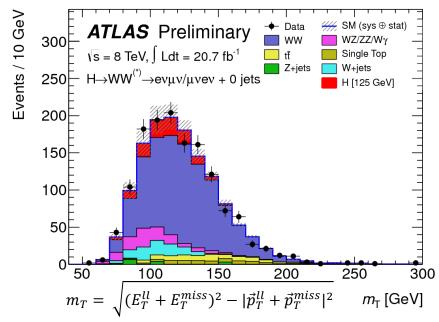
- Large production rate and clear signature, no full mass reconstruction possible due to 2v
- Dilepton candidates discriminated by the transverse mass (m_T) and $\Delta \phi(l_1, l_2)$, vetoed for Z and DY
- <u>Background Composition</u>: *WW, ttbar, W+jets*

 $\frac{Combined \ 7 \ TeV \ \& \ 8 \ TeV}{\text{Expected SM Significance: } 3.7 \ \sigma}$ $Observed \ Significance: \ 3.8 \ \sigma$

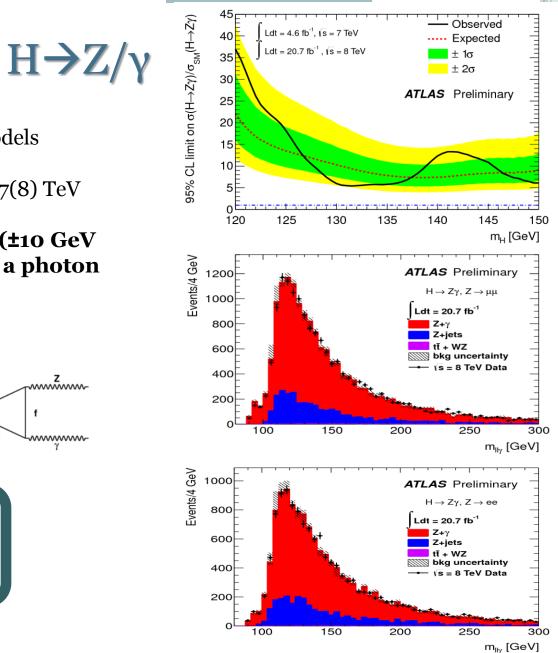
Signal Strength:

 1.01 ± 0.31

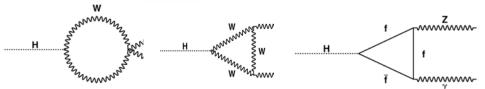




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- Decay rate can provide insight into models beyond the SM
- Total cross section 1.8(2.3) fb $@\sqrt{s} = 7(8)$ TeV (including $Z \rightarrow l^+l^-$ cross section)
- Well reconstructed Z candidates (±10 GeV from the Z pole) accompanied by a photon (E_T > 15 GeV)
- <u>Background Composition</u>: mainly Z+γ and Z+jets

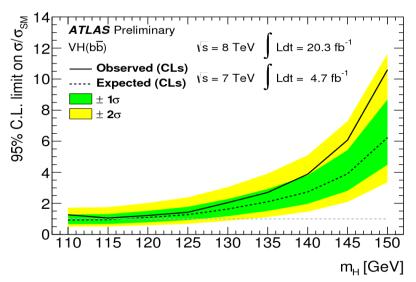


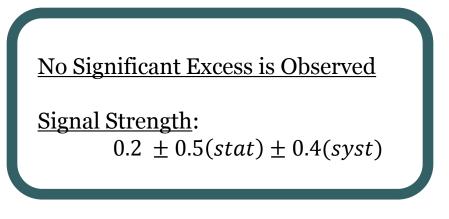
No significant deviation from the SM prediction was observed

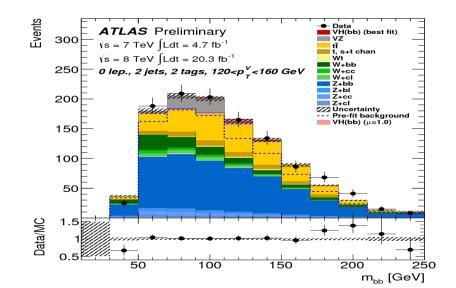
10

H→bb

- High BR and can provide direct constraint to Higgs coupling to quarks/fermions
- Associated VH production: W(lv)H→bb,
 Z(vv or ll)H→bb
- Require two b-jets and classify according to missing E_T , $P_T(v)$, discriminate according to m_{bb}
- <u>Background Composition</u>: *High jet background*







lep-lep decay to e- μ categorized as VBF

- Sample analyzed: $\int L = 20.3 \text{ fb}^{-1} @\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$
- Important for the H decays to fermions/leptons
- Split events according to τ decay and discriminate with m_{ττ}, E_T^{miss}, p_T^H, Δη_{jj}
- <u>Background Composition</u>: mainly $Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau$ and $Z \rightarrow ll$, ttbar+single top, WW, WZ, ZZ
- Exploit Signal Sensitive Topologies
 - <u>VBF</u>: presence of two jets with a large pseudorapidity separation
 - <u>Boosted</u>: from ggF (failing the VBF)

<u>Results compatible with the Standard</u> <u>Model</u>

<u>Observed Strength</u>: $1.4 \pm 0.3(stat)^{+0.4}_{-0.3}(syst)$

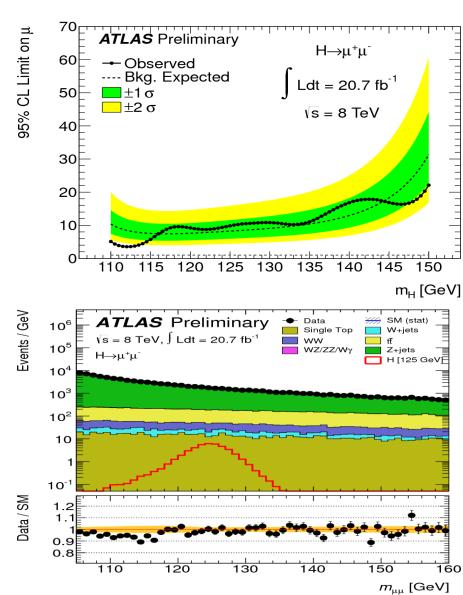
ATLAS Prelim. m _H = 125 GeV		 — σ(statistical) — σ(syst. incl. theor — σ(theory) 		neorv)	Total uncertainty) 1σ on μ		
$\textbf{H} \rightarrow \tau \tau$	$\mu = 1.4^{+0.5}_{-0.4}$	+ 0.3 - 0.3 + 0.4 - 0.3 + 0.3 - 0.2					
Boosted	$\mu = 1.2^{+0.8}_{-0.6}$	+ 0.5 - 0.4				:	
VBF	$\mu = 1.6^{+0.6}_{-0.5}$	+ 0.4 - 0.4					
$\bm{H} \rightarrow \tau_{lep} \tau_{lep}$	$\mu = 2.0^{+1.0}_{-0.9}$	+ 0.8 - 0.7 + 0.7 - 0.5 + 0.4 - 0.2		· · · · · ·			
Boosted	$\mu=2.0^{\scriptscriptstyle +1.8}_{\scriptscriptstyle -1.5}$	+ 1.3 - 1.3	İ .	<u>:</u> 		<u>:</u> i	
VBF	$\mu = 2.2^{+1.2}_{-1.1}$	+ 1.0 - 0.9		· · · · · ·	: 		
$\textbf{H} \rightarrow \tau_{lep} \tau_{had}$	$\mu = 1.4^{+0.6}_{-0.5}$	+ 0.4 - 0.4 + 0.5 - 0.3 + 0.3 - 0.1					
Boosted	$\mu = 1.2^{ {}^{+1.1}_{-0.8}}$	+ 0.6 - 0.6			:	: 	
VBF	$\mu = 1.6^{+0.8}_{-0.6}$	+ 0.6 - 0.5				:	
$\bm{H} \to \bm{\tau}_{had} \bm{\tau}_{had}$	$\mu = 1.0^{+0.8}_{-0.6}$	+ 0.5 - 0.5 + 0.6 - 0.4 + 0.2 - 0.1					
Boosted	$\mu = 0.8^{+1.2}_{-1.0}$	+ 0.8 - 0.7	<u> </u>	<u>.</u> 	: 	: 	
VBF	$\mu = 1.0^{+0.9}_{-0.7}$	+ 0.7 - 0.6	; —	:			

H→µ⁺µ⁻

- The only channel where the Higgs coupling to second generation fermions can be measured at the LHC. Small BR and high background.
- Sample analyzed: $@\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV data
- Isolated muons originating from the primary vertex
- <u>Background Composition</u>: mainly $Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$

The observed data is consistent with the expectation from the SM backgrounds.

No evidence of a signal is observed



What are the properties of the discovered boson?

Is it the SM Higgs?

Are there hints for BSM?

Mass Measurement Combining the $H \rightarrow ZZ(*) \rightarrow 41$ and $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

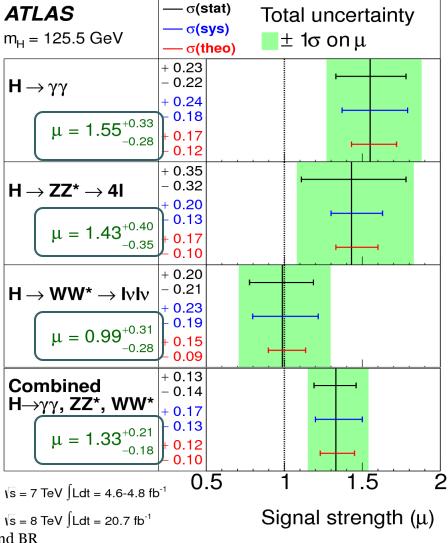
-2InA **ATLAS** Preliminary $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV: $\int Ldt = 4.6-4.8$ fb⁻¹ Combined (stat+sys) The profile likelihood ratio $-2\ln \Lambda(m_{H})$ as a Combined (stat only) $H \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$ √s = 8 TeV: [Ldt = 20.7 fb⁻¹ function of mH for the $H \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$ and $H \rightarrow ZZ^{(*)} \rightarrow 4l$ $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4l$ channels and their combination, obtained by allowing the signal strengths μ_{vv} and μ_{4l} to vary independently. **2**σ $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4l: 124.3^{+0.6}_{-0.5}(stat)^{+0.5}_{-0.3}(syst) \text{ GeV}$ $H \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$: 126.8 \pm 0.2(stat) \pm 0.7(syst) GeV Combined: $125.5 \pm 0.2(stat)^{+0.5}_{-0.6}(syst) GeV$ 1σ 122 123 124 125 127 126 128 Ĭ21 129

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m_H [GeV]

Signal Strength Compatibility of the observed rate with the SM

To measure the Higgs boson production strength, the parameter μ is determined from a fit to the data using the profile likelihood ratio $\Lambda(\mu)$ for a fixed mass hypothesis corresponding to the measured value $m_{\rm H}$ =125.5 GeV

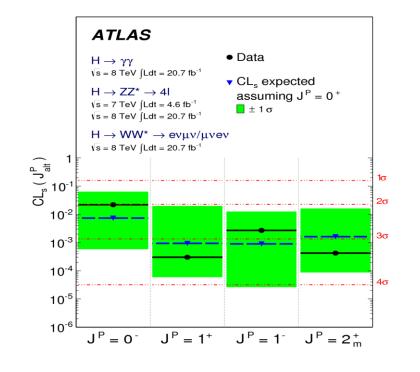


Theory uncertainty from :OCD scale, PDF and BR

Spin / CP Properties

- SM Higgs has J^P = O⁺

- Observed decay channels (bosonic) imply integer spin. H→γγ decay excludes spin-1 hypothesis (Landau-Yang theorem)
- Analyses are channel dependent



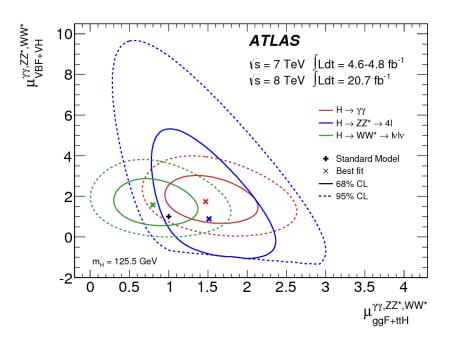
Channel	Discriminants
H→ZZ*→4l	BDT, five production/decay angles
Н→үү	cosθ [*] , where θ [*] is the polar angle between γγ wrt rest frame
H→WW*→lvlv	BDT, m_{ll} , p_T^{ll} , $\Delta \phi_{ll}$, m_T
 Data favors the SM J The o⁻ is rejected at 97. The 1⁺ and 1⁻ are rejected 99.7% (combining H→2 H→WW(*)→lvlvl) The graviton-inspired J 	8% CL ($H \rightarrow ZZ(*) \rightarrow 4l$) ed with a CL of at least

- The graviton-inspired $J^{P}=2^{+}$ model is excluded at more than 99.9% CL (combining the $H \rightarrow ZZ(^{*}) \rightarrow 4l, H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma, H \rightarrow WW(^{*}) \rightarrow lvlv)$

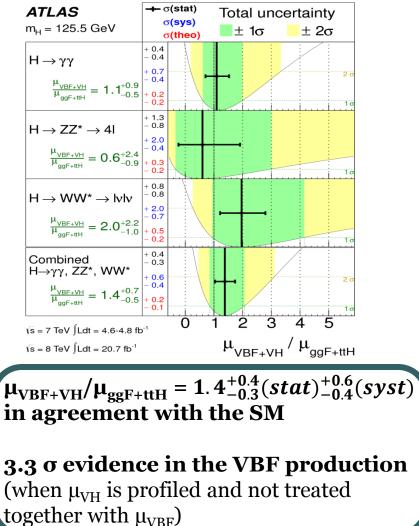
Production Mechanisms

Production Characteristics:

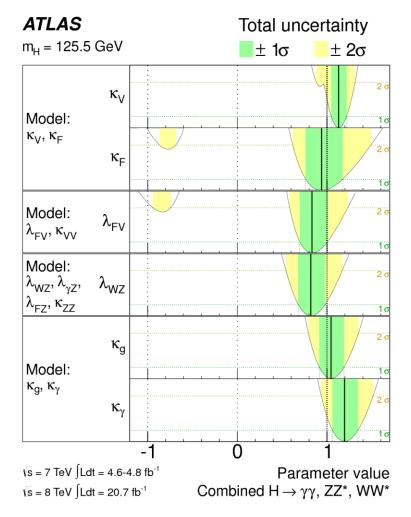
- **VBF**: two jets in opposite hemisphere
- **VH**: *H* candidate + *W*/*Z* candidate
- **ttH**: *b-jets stemming from top quark decays*
- **ggF**: if none of the above



The sharp lower edge of the $H \rightarrow ZZ(*) \rightarrow 4l$ contours is due to the small number of events in this channel and the requirement of a positive pdf



Coupling Strength Studies



 $\sigma^* BR(ii \rightarrow H \rightarrow ff) = \frac{\sigma_i \Gamma_f}{\Gamma_H}, \quad \mu = \frac{\sigma_{obs}}{\sigma_{SM}} = \frac{k_i^2 k_f^2}{k_H^2}$ k is a scale factor for a SM coupling

$$\lambda_{\rm XY}$$
 = $k_{\rm X}/k_{\rm Y}$

Several models can be tested:

- Couplings to fermions and bosons
- Custodial symmetry (in the SM $\lambda_{W/Z} = k_W/k_Z = 1$)
- *Production and decay loops constrains* (testing for BSM heavy particles)

No significant deviation from the SM prediction is observed

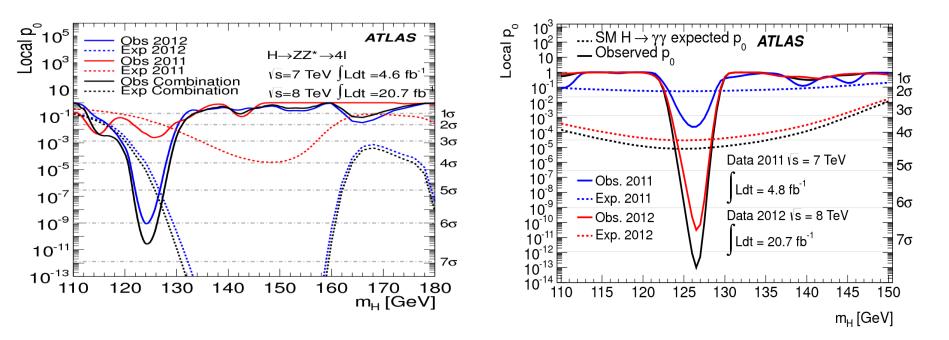
Summary

- Run I of the LHC delivered a significant amount of data, allowing the discovery of the Higgs Boson
- The current observations are consistent with the Standard Model predictions and no new physics sign found
- Final results from Run I will come soon and Run II will challenge the Standard Model predictions with more precise measurements

the discovery was just the beginning!

Back - up Slides

Local p_o value



p_o is the probability of obtaining a result as signal like if no signal is present

Systematics

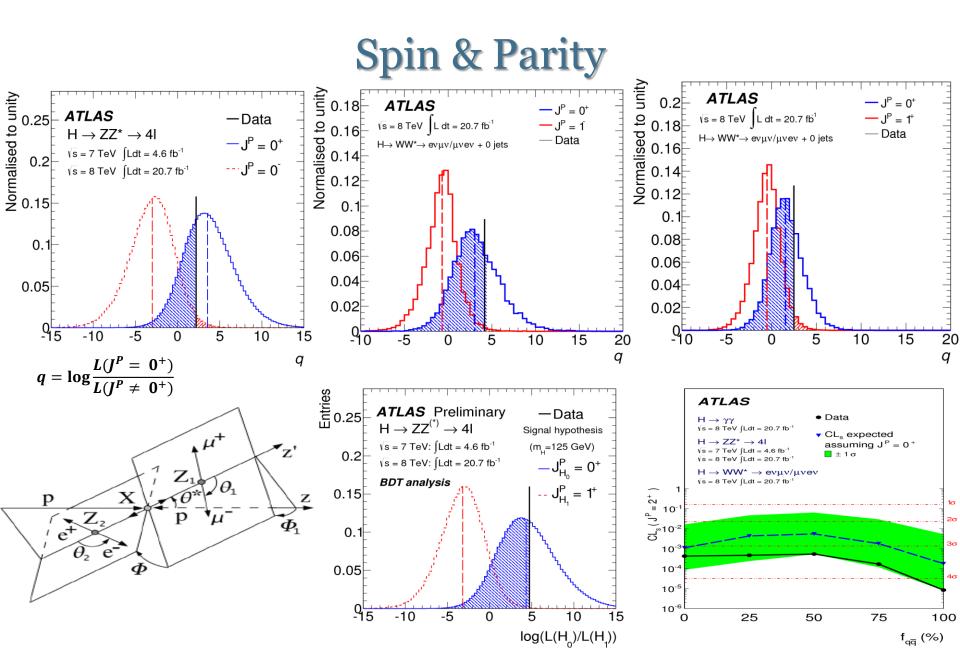
Table 4: For $m_H = 125$ GeV and the 8 TeV data analysis, the impact of the main sources of systematic uncertainty specific to the $H \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$ channel on the signal yield, event migration between categories and mass measurement and resolution. Uncertainties common to all channels are listed in Table 1. The \pm and \mp signs indicate anticorrelations between categories. Η→νν

Source	Uncertainty (%)
	on signal yield
Trigger	±0.5
Photon identification	±2.4
Isolation	±1.0
Photon energy scale	±0.25
ggF (theory), tight high-mass two-jet	cat. ±48
ggF (theory), loose high-mass two-jet	cat. ±28
ggF (theory), low-mass two-jet cat.	±30
Impact of background modelling	±(2-14), catdependent
01	n category population (migration)
Material modelling	-4 (unconv), +3.5 (conv)
$p_{\rm T}$ modelling	± 1 (low- p_{Tt}),
	\mp (9–12) (high- p_{Tt} , jets),
	$\pm (2-4)$ (lepton, $E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}$)
$\Delta \phi_{\gamma\gamma,jj}, \eta^*$ modelling in ggF	$\pm (9-12), \pm (6-8)$
Jet energy scale and resolution	$\pm (7-12)$ (jets),
	$\mp (0-1)$ (others)
Underlying event two-jet cat.	±4 (high-mass tight),
	±8 (high-mass loose),
	±12 (low-mass)
$E_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{miss}}$	$\pm 4 (E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss} {\rm category})$
	on mass scale and resolution
Mass measurement	±0.6, catdependent
Signal mass resolution	$\pm(14-23)$, catdependent

Table 6: For $m_H = 125$ GeV and the 8 TeV data analysis, the impact of the main sources of systematic uncertainty specific to the $H \rightarrow ZZ^*$ channel on the signal yield, estimated reducible background, event migration between categories and mass measurement. Uncertainties common to all channels are listed in Table 1. $H \rightarrow ZZ(*) \rightarrow 4l$

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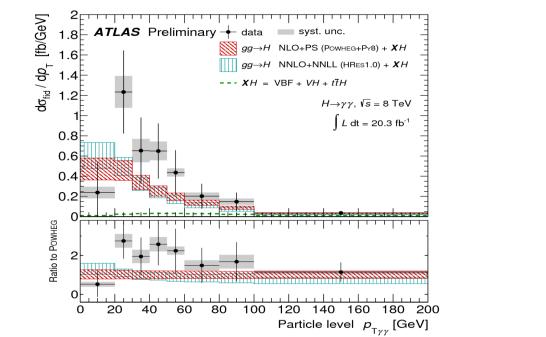
				· ·
Source	Uncertainty (%)			
Signal yield	4μ	2µ2e	2e2µ	4e
Muon reconstruction and identification	±0.8	±0.4	±0.4	-
Electron reconstruction and identification	-	±8.7	±2.4	±9.4
Reducible background (inclusive analysis)	±24	±10	±23	±13
Migration between categories				
ggF/VBF/VH contributions to VBF-like cat.	±32/11/11			
ZZ* contribution to VBF-like cat.	±36			
ggF/VBF/VH contributions to VH-like cat.	±15/5/6			
ZZ* contribution to VH-like cat.	±30			
Mass measurement	4μ	2µ2е	2e2µ	4e
Lepton energy and momentum scale	±0.2	±0.2	±0.3	±0.4

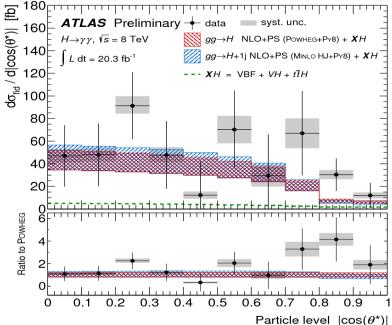


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Differential Cross Section ($H \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$)

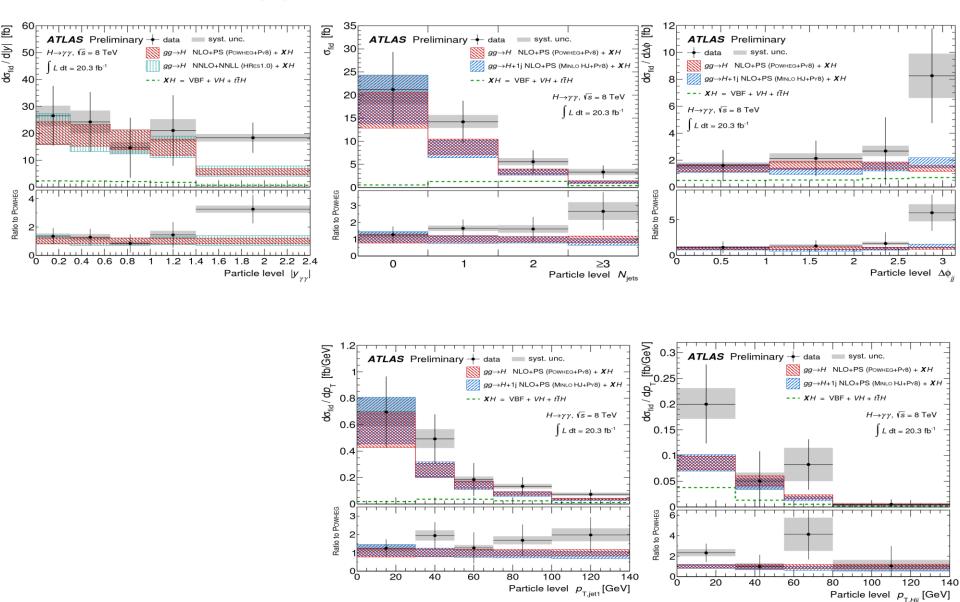
- <u>Observables</u>: $p_T^{\gamma\gamma}$ and rapidity $|y^{\gamma\gamma}|$ of the Higgs boson, the helicity angle $|\cos\theta^*|$ between γ 's, N_{jets} , leading jet p_T , the azimuthal angle between leading-subleading jet $\Delta \varphi_{jj}$, $P_T^{\gamma\gamma jj}$
- The variables presented describe the fundamental kinematic properties of the Higgs boson, probe its spin and parity, and test the theoretical description of QCD in its production
- Unbinned fit of the diphoton invariant mass is performed simultaneously in all bins, for each observable
- Within the uncertainties, no significant deviation from the SM expectation is observed



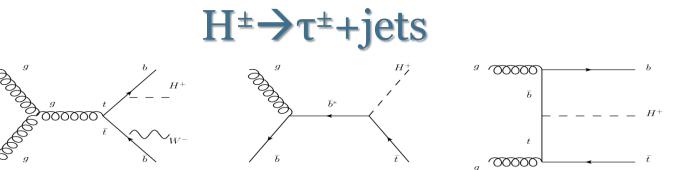


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$H \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$ Differential Cross Section



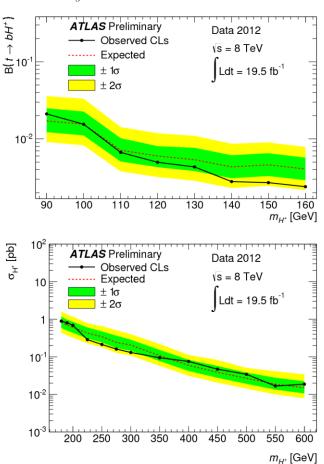
27



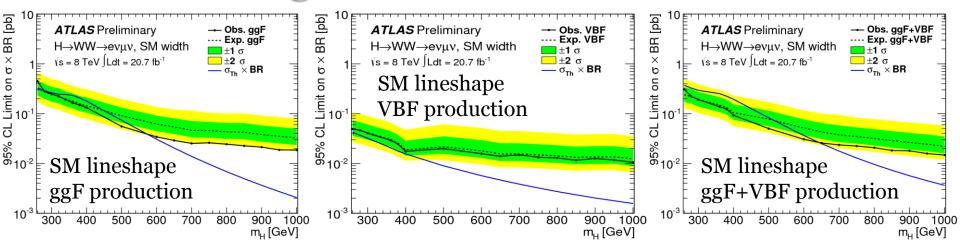
- H[±] bosons are predicted by several nonminimal Higgs scenarios beyond the SM, ex. models containing Higgs triplets , 2HDM
- <u>Events selected</u>: large number of jets , at least one tagged, large E_T^{miss} , discriminant

$$m_{\rm T} = \sqrt{2p_T^{\tau} E_T^{miss} (1 - \cos\Delta \phi_{\tau,miss})}$$

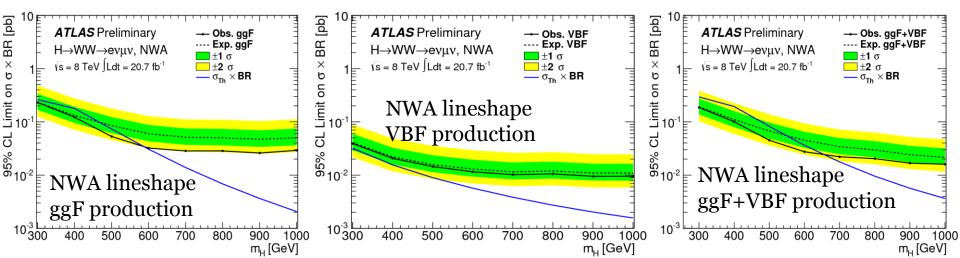
Results consistent with the SM



High Mass $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow lvlv$

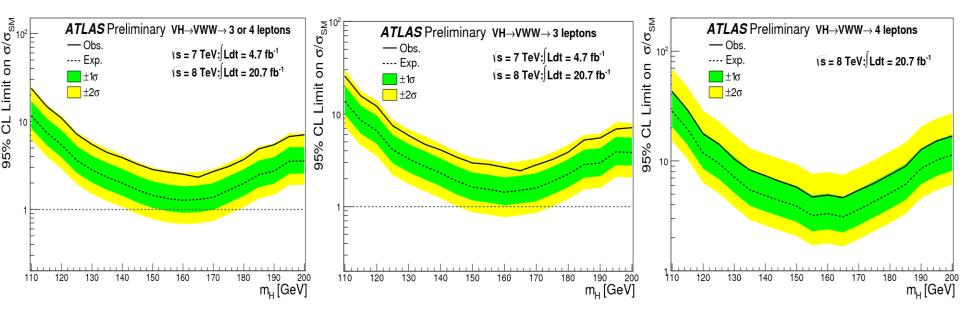


Narrow Width Approximation (NWA): 1 GeV wide Breit-Wigner lineshape



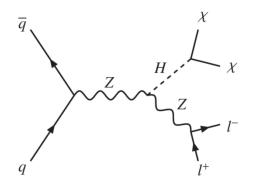
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WH \rightarrow WWW(*) \rightarrow lvlvlv & ZH \rightarrow ZWW(*) \rightarrow lllvlv



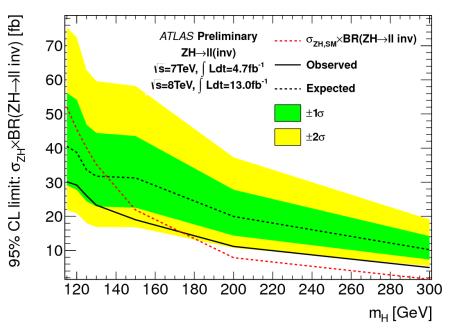
30

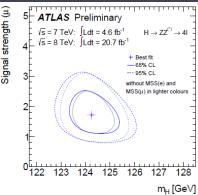
ZH Invisible



- Some SM extensions allow decay to stable or long-lived particles that interact with the Higgs boson
- Search for excess in the ll+MET
- <u>Background</u>: $ZZ \rightarrow llvv$, WW, ttbar, Wt, inclusive Z or W, SM $H \rightarrow ZZ(*) \rightarrow llvv$ and $H \rightarrow WW(*)$
- This measurement is sensitive to enhancements of the invisible branching fraction, ex. decays to dark matter particles

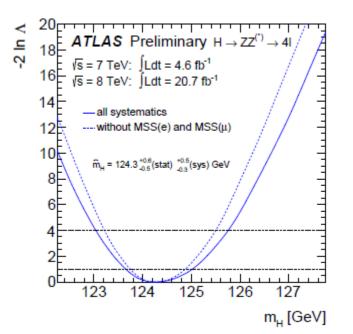
No deviation from the SM is observed

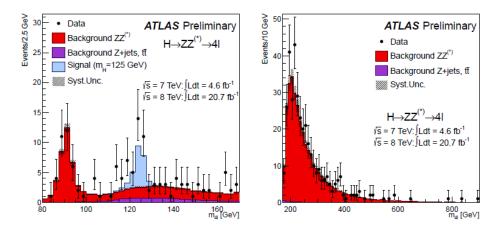




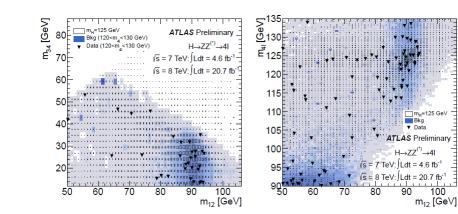
$H \rightarrow ZZ(*) \rightarrow 4l$

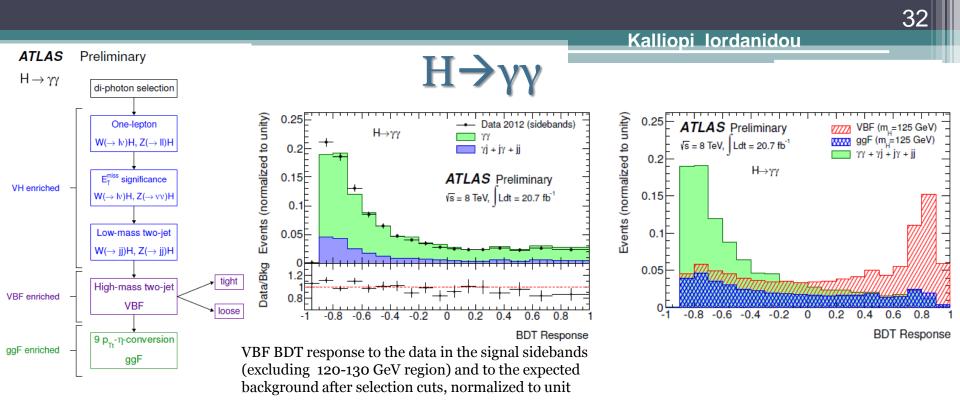
The mass distributions are described using smooth, non-parametric, unbinned estimates of the relevant probability density functions obtained from the simulations. The form of the background varied from the nominal to allow shape systematics.



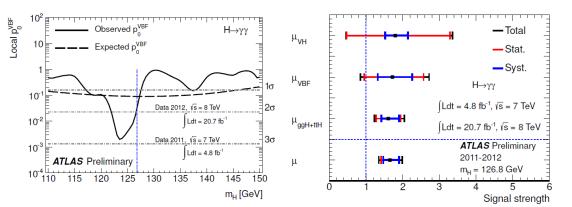


	observed			expected		
data set	min p_0	significance	$m_H(p_0)$	$\min p_0(m_H)$	significance	
		$[\sigma]$			$[\sigma]$	
$\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$	2.5×10^{-3}	2.8	125.6 GeV	3.5×10^{-2}	1.8	
$\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$	8.8×10^{-10}	6.0	124.1 GeV	2.8×10^{-5}	4.0	
combined	2.7×10^{-11}	6.6	124.3 GeV	5.7×10^{-6}	4.4	



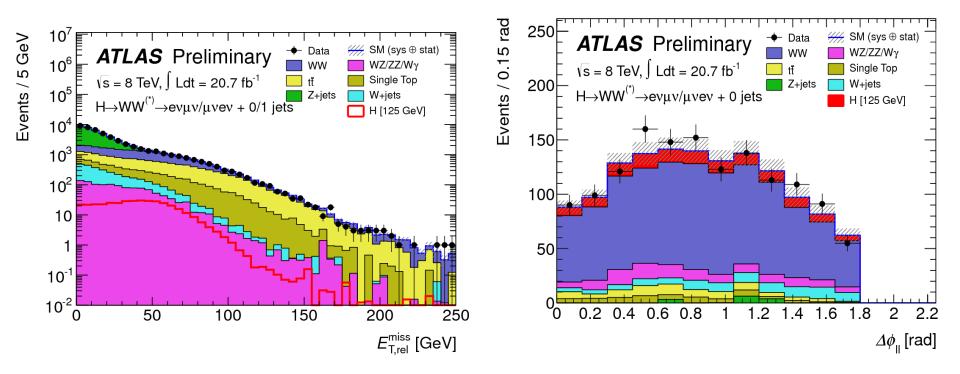


The invariant mass distribution of the background is parameterized with analytic functions
 The main sources of uncertainties on the mass measurement arise from the extrapolation of the photon energy scale from the Z→e⁺e⁻ electron energy scale (0.3%), the material modeling (0.3%) and the presampler energy scale (0.1%). Total 0.45% (0.6 GeV).

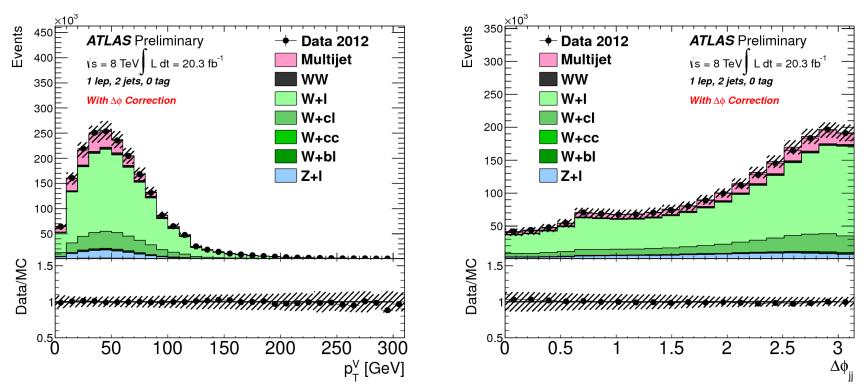


$$\begin{split} \mu_{\rm ggF+ttH} &\times B/B_{\rm SM} = 1.6^{+0.3}_{-0.3}({\rm stat})^{+0.3}_{-0.2}({\rm syst}) \\ \mu_{\rm VBF} &\times B/B_{\rm SM} = 1.7^{+0.8}_{-0.8}({\rm stat})^{+0.5}_{-0.4}({\rm syst}) \\ \mu_{\rm VH} &\times B/B_{\rm SM} = 1.8^{+1.5}_{-1.3}({\rm stat})^{+0.3}_{-0.3}({\rm syst}) \end{split}$$



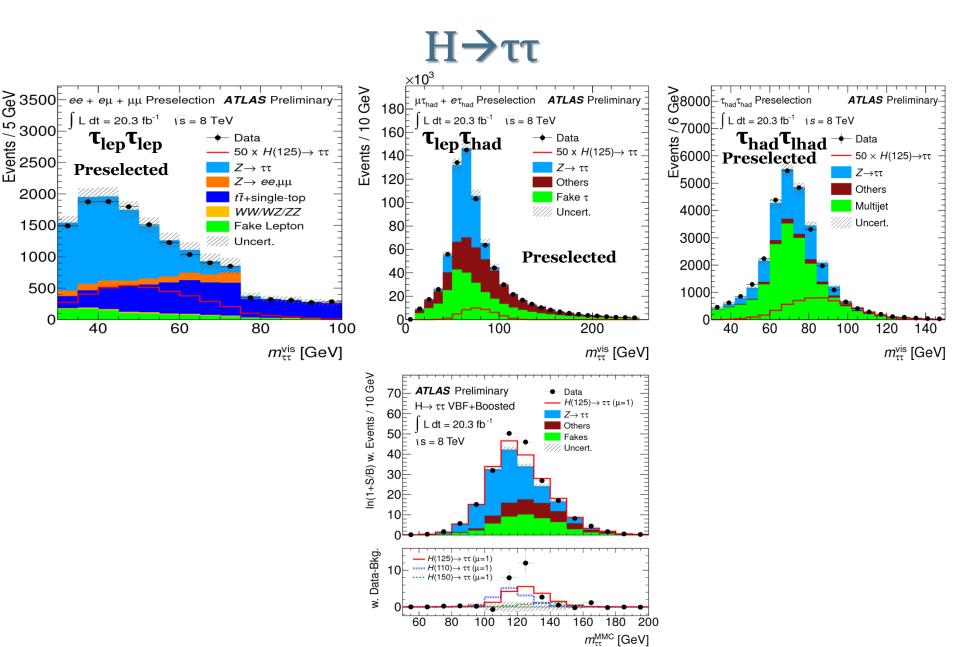


H→bb

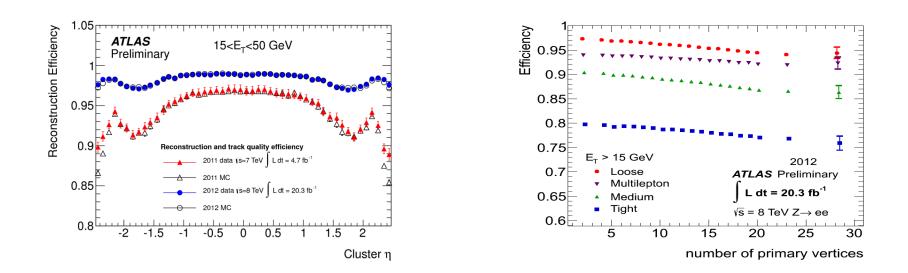


Reweighted by a simple linear function

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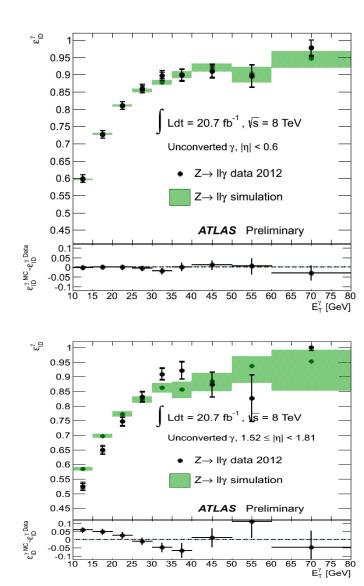


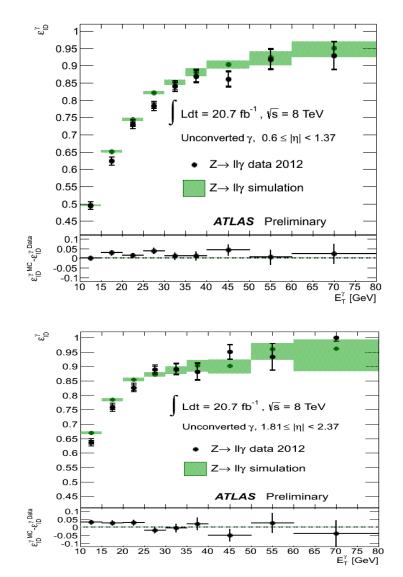
Electrons

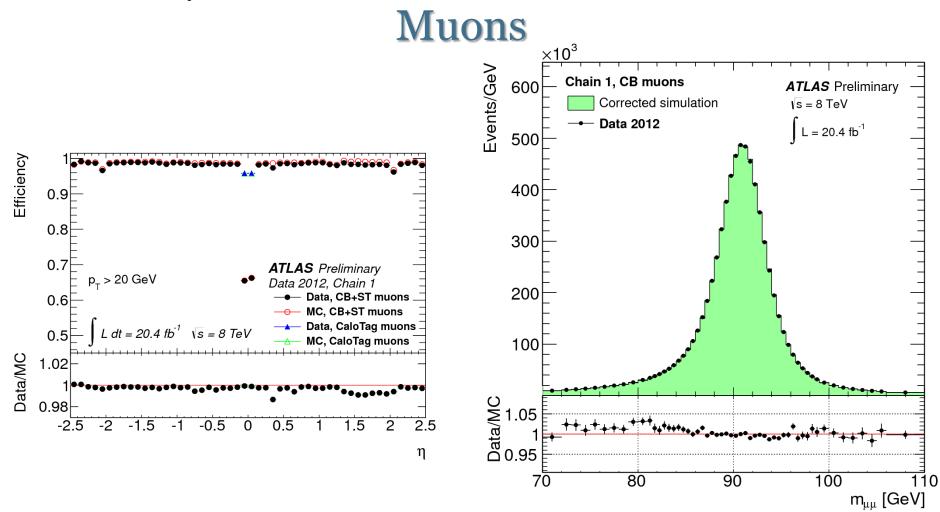


Extracted efficiencies using the tag and probe method

Photons

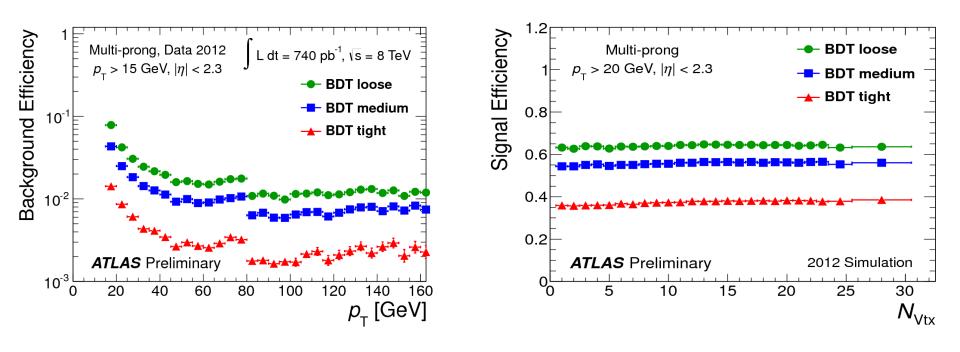


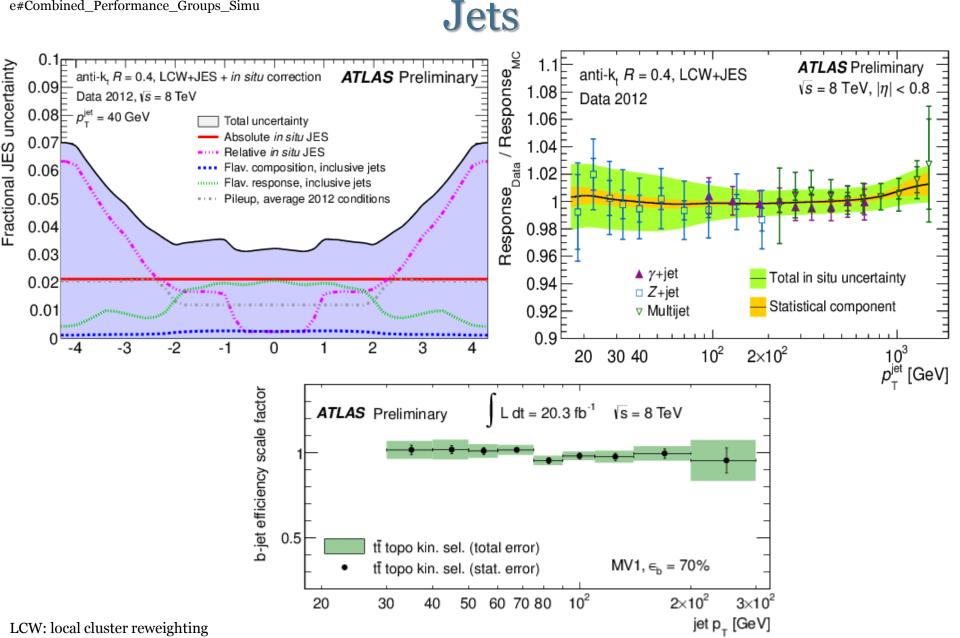




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taus





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