



# Linac4 Machine Advisory Committee 28<sup>th</sup> - 30<sup>th</sup> January 2008

## Magnets for Linac4

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CERN



- New magnets for Linac4
- New magnets for the Linac4 to Booster transfer line
- Existing magnets in the Linac2 transfer line to be reused in the Linac4 transfer line
- Summary and conclusions



# New Linac 4 Magnets - Overview



- In total ~ 80 new electro-magnets needed for the Linac4 and transfer line:
  - 4 steerers for LEBT and MEBT
  - 23 quadrupoles + steerers for CCDTL
  - 13 quadrupoles + steerers for PIMS
  - 18 quadrupoles for TL
  - 4 dipoles for TL
  - 5 steerers for TL
  - Spare magnets of each type
- Important issues for the design:
  - Pulsed or dc operation ?
  - Water or air cooled ?
  - Linac steerers incorporated in quadrupoles or separated?
  - Incorporated measurement coils for field feed-back?
  - Only for Linac4 or to be used also for later SPL ?

- ➔ Common design for both types (DTL & CCDTL) to reduce costs.
- ➔ Limitation in length and outer diameter ( $L < 120$  mm,  $d < 220$  mm).
- ➔ Corrector coils integrated to gain space:  $\int Bdl = 3.5$  mTm.
- ➔ Alternative: one-plane corrector only.
- ➔ Air cooled → only pulsed operation possible!
- ➔ **Cannot be used for SPL.**

<b>Integrated Steering Magnet</b>	
<b>Magnet characteristics</b>	
$\int Bdl$	3.5 mTm
Deflection angle	1.8 mrad
<b>Electrical parameters</b>	
Max. current	83 A
RMS current	3.6 A
Magnet resistance (hot)	52.9 mOhm
Max. dissipated power (pulsed)	0.6 W
Max. voltage	12 V

<b>DTL &amp; CCDTL Quadrupoles</b>	
Number of magnets	23 + 3
Cooling	air
<b>Magnet characteristics</b>	
Gradient	19.0 T/m
Aperture radius	17.0 mm
Iron length	95.0 mm
Effective length	108.6 mm
$\int Gdl$	2.06 Tm/m
Field quality ( $\Delta G/G_0$ )	<1 %
Good field region	12.75 mm
<b>Dimensions</b>	
Total magnet length	115 mm
Outer diameter	156 mm
Total magnet weight	11.5 kg
<b>Electrical parameters</b>	
Max. current	100 A
Duty cycle ( $I_{max} / I_{RMS}$ )	4.4 %
RMS current	4.4 A
Magnet resistance at 20 C	186.6 mOhm
Inductance	1.7 mH
Max. voltage	353 V
Max. dissipated power (pulsed)	3.6 W

Note: magnet parameters are not yet frozen and can still change



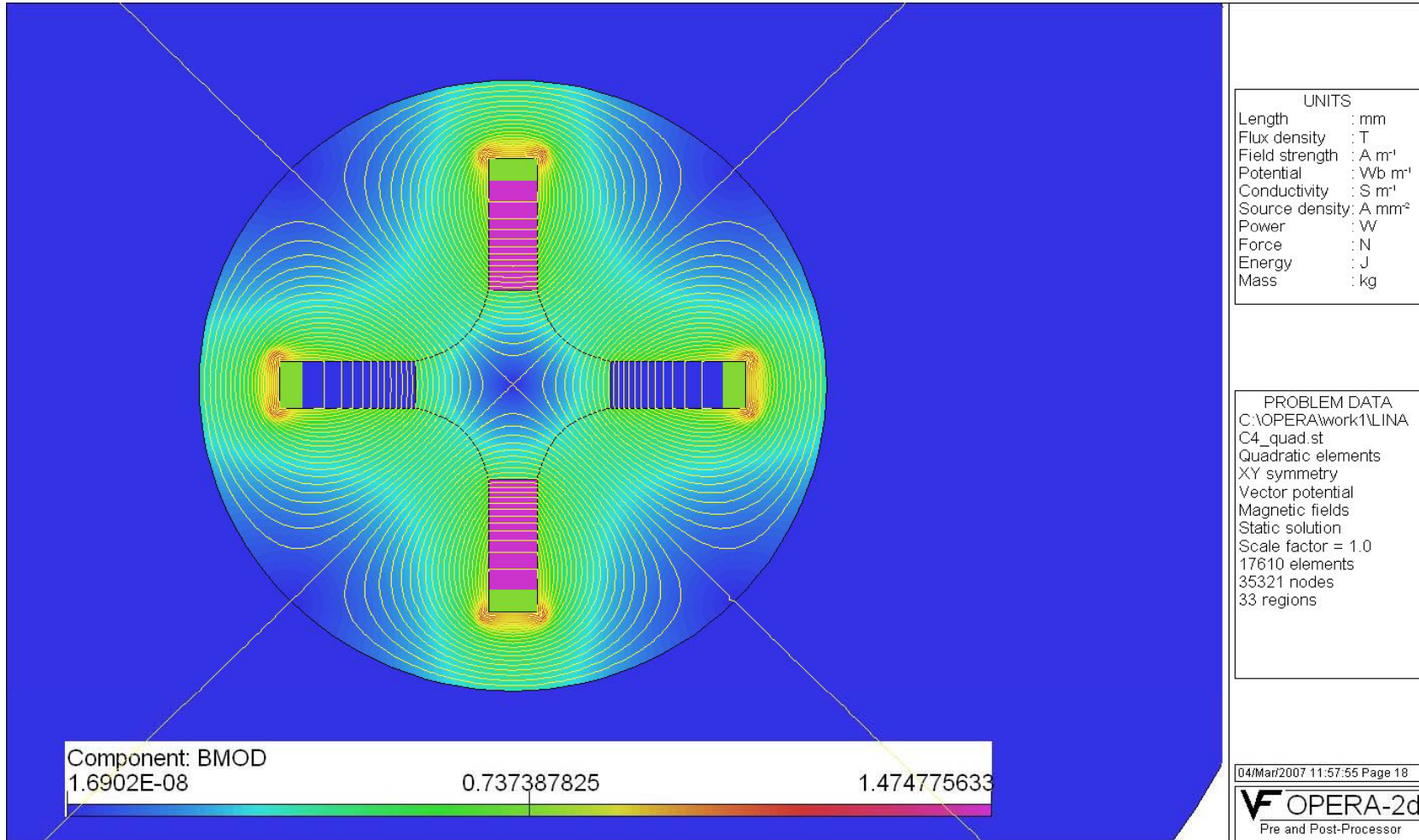
# DTL & CCDTL Quadrupoles – Magnetic Design



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29<sup>th</sup> January 2008

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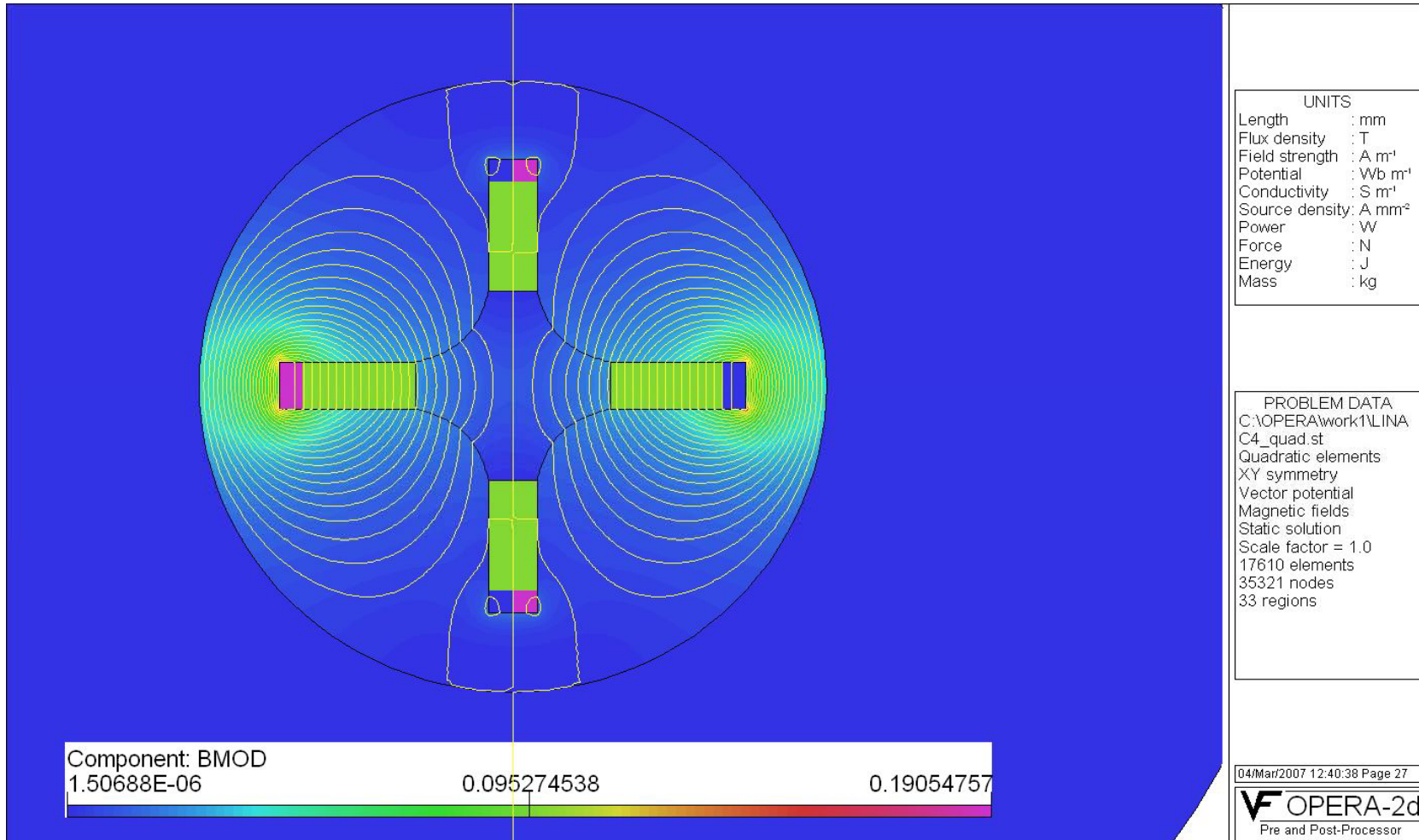




# DTL & CCDTL Quadrupoles – Magnetic Design



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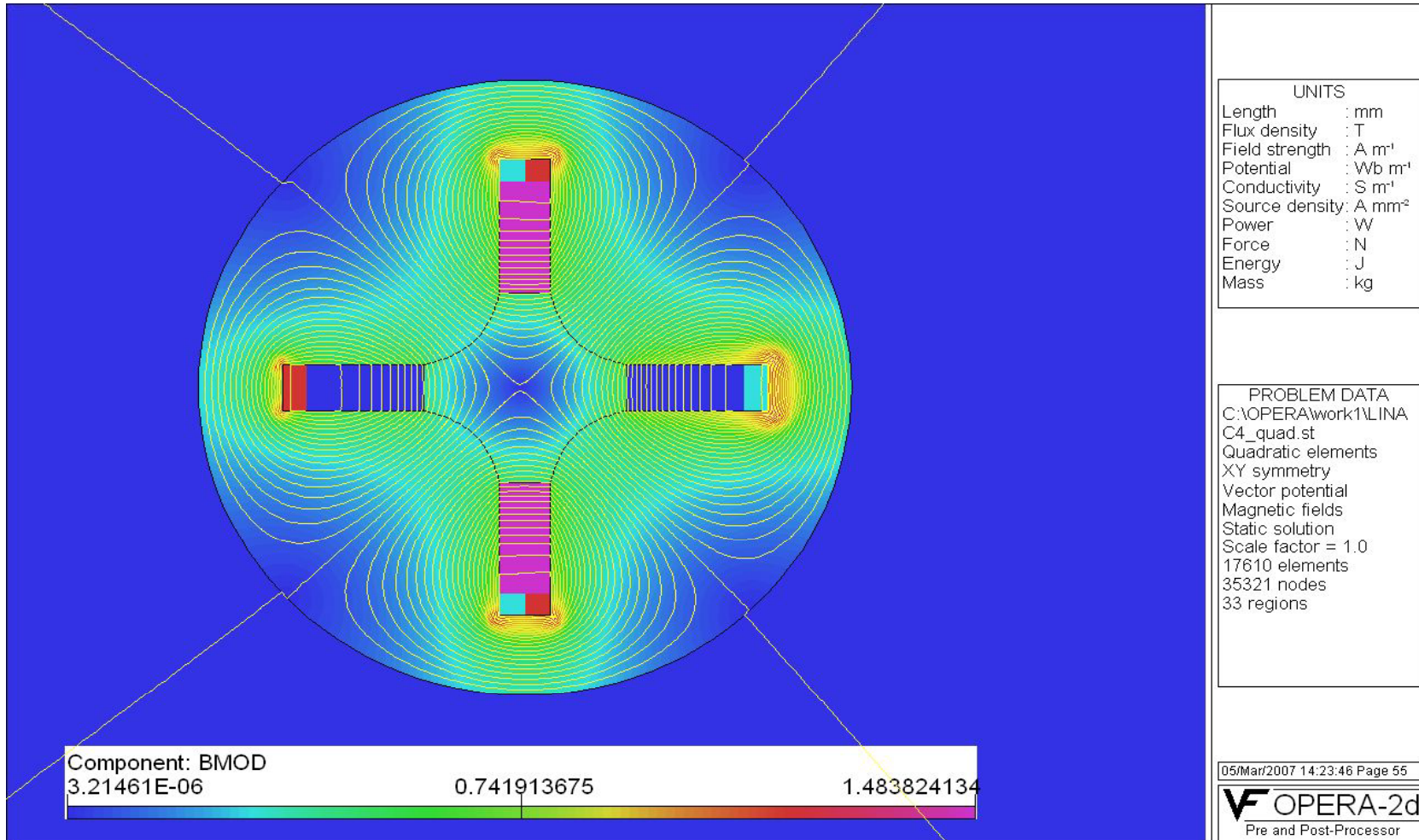
# DTL & CCDTL Quadrupoles – Magnetic Design

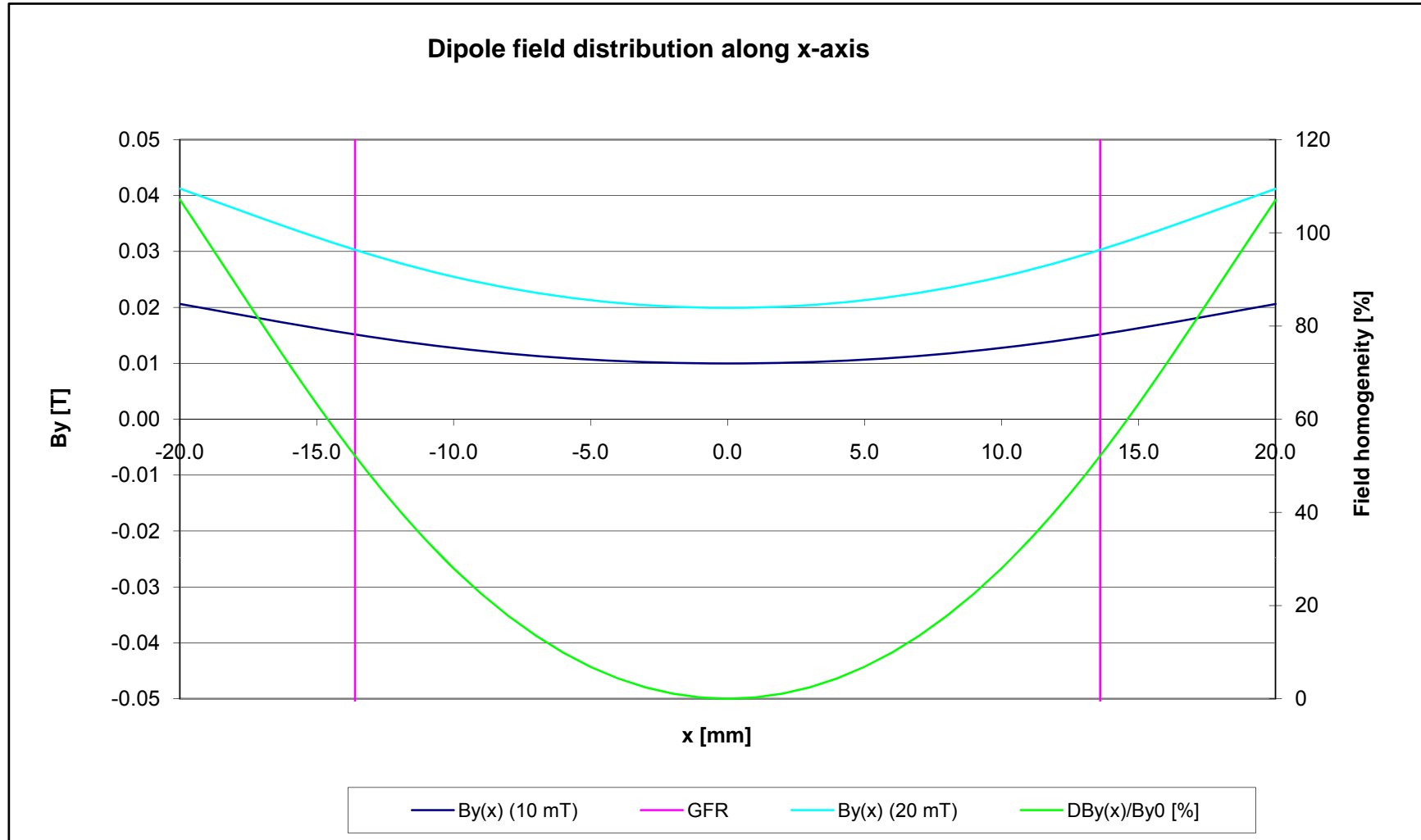


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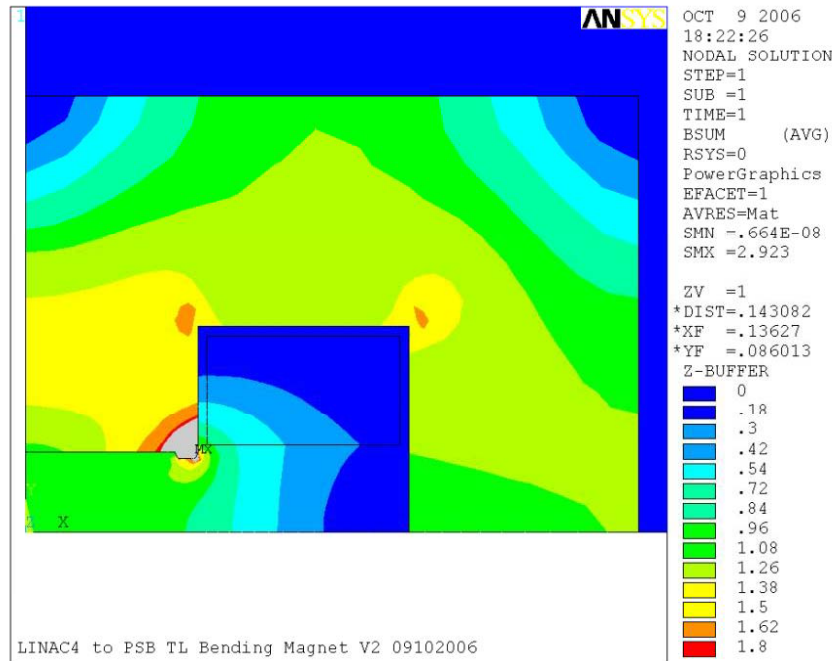


- ➔ A larger aperture (44 mm) needed for the PIMS section.
- ➔ Overall length: 140 mm, but only 115 mm presently foreseen.
- ➔ Otherwise, design similar to CCDTL-quads.
- ➔ Corrector coils integrated to gain space:  $\int Bdl = 3.5 \text{ mTm}$ .
- ➔ Air cooled → only pulsed operation possible!
- ➔ **Cannot be used for SPL.**

<b>PIMS Quadrupoles</b>	
Number of magnets	13 + 2
Cooling	air
<b>Magnet characteristics</b>	
Gradient	19.0 T/m
Aperture radius	22.0 mm
Iron length	120.0 mm
Effective length	137.6 mm
$\int Gdl$	1.58 Tm/m
Field quality ( $\Delta G/G_0$ )	<1 %
Good field region	16.50 mm
<b>Dimensions</b>	
Total magnet length	140 mm
Outer diameter	195 mm
Total magnet weight	14.9 kg
<b>Electrical parameters</b>	
Max. current	94 A
Duty cycle ( $I_{\max} / I_{\text{RMS}}$ )	4.4 %
RMS current	4.1 A
Magnet resistance at 20 C	270.1 mOhm
Inductance	2.4 mH
Max. voltage	475 V
Max. dissipated power (pulsed)	4.6 W

Note: magnet parameters are not yet frozen and can still change

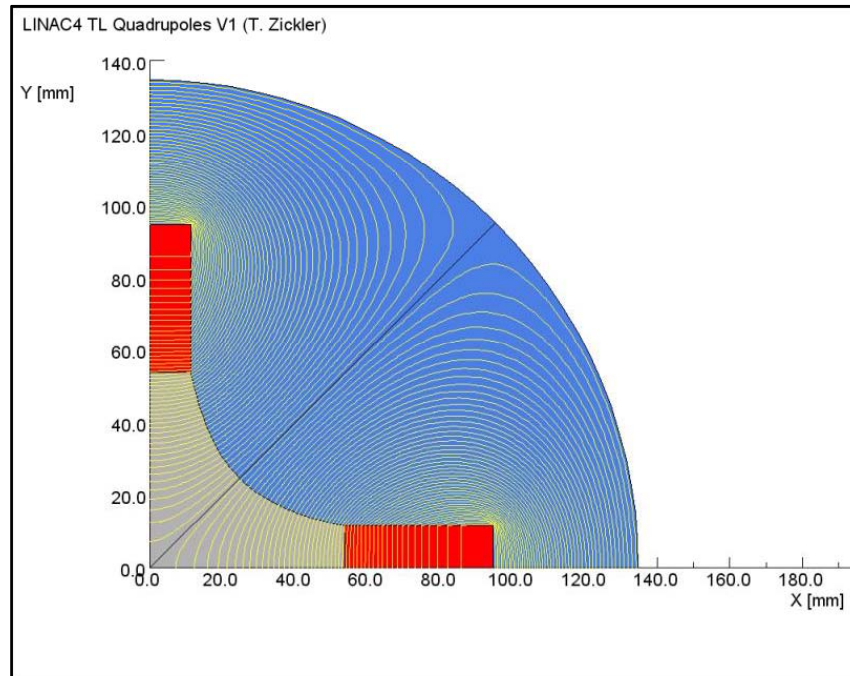
- ➔ H-shape magnet type.
- ➔ A common magnetic yoke design for both types (H and V) to minimize tooling costs.
- ➔ Water cooled coils.
- ➔ Slow pulsed operation proposed (40 % duty cycle).



2D magnetic field computation in ANSYS (only one quadrant has been modelled)

<b>TL Bending</b>	
Number of magnets	4 + 1
Cooling	water
<b>Magnet characteristics</b>	
Magnet field	1.0 T
Gap height	50.0 mm
Iron length	1200.0 mm
Effective length	1255.0 mm
$\int Bdl$	1.255 Tm
Deflection angle	672 mrad
<b>Dimensions</b>	
Total magnet weight	1361 kg
Total magnet length	1396 mm
Total magnet width	482 mm
<b>Electrical parameters</b>	
Max. current	830 A
Duty cycle ( $I_{max} / I_{RMS}$ )	34 %
RMS current	279 A
Magnet resistance (hot)	58.2 mOhm
Max. dissipated power (pulsed)	4.5 kW
<b>Cooling parameters</b>	
Pressure drop	5.0 bar
Temperature rise	19.2 K
Total cooling flow	3.4 l/min

Air cooled → only pulsed operation possible!

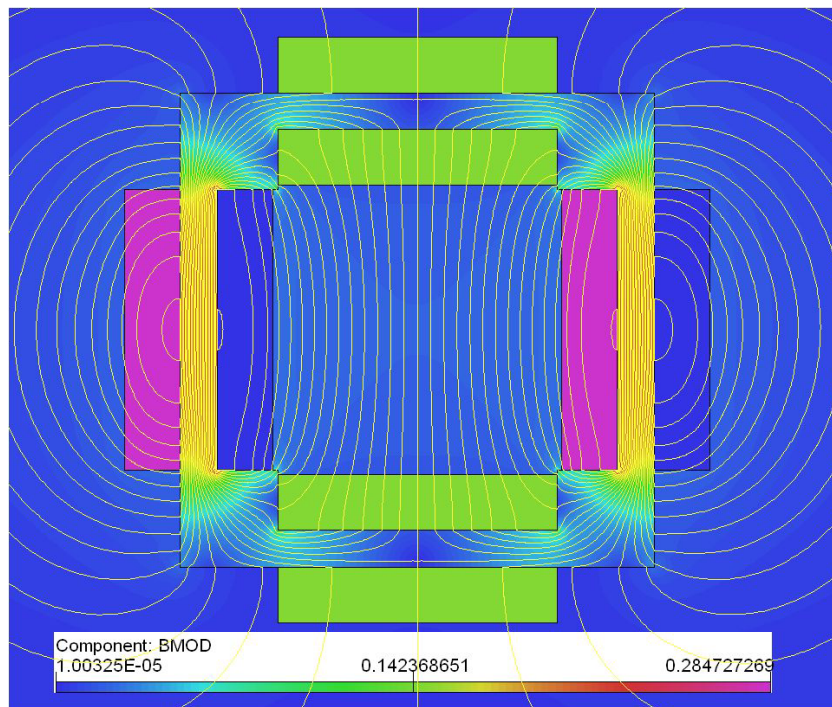


2D magnetic field computation in OPERA  
(only one quadrant has been modelled)

<b>TL Quadrupoles</b>	
Number of magnets	18 + 2
Cooling	air
<b>Magnet characteristics</b>	
Gradient	12.1 T/m
Aperture radius	50.0 mm
Iron length	250.0 mm
Effective length	290.0 mm
$\int G dl$	3.50 Tm/m
Field quality ( $\Delta G/G_0$ )	<1 %
Good field region	37.50 mm
<b>Dimensions</b>	
Total magnet length	292 mm
Outer diameter	352 mm
Total magnet weight	107.8 kg
<b>Electrical parameters</b>	
Max. current	200 A
Duty cycle ( $I_{max} / I_{RMS}$ )	5.0 %
RMS current	10.1 A
Magnet resistance at 20 C	292.2 mOhm
Inductance	3.8 mH
Max. voltage	812 V
Max. dissipated power (pulsed)	29.6 W

Disclaimer: only a preliminary magnetic design is presented in these slides. To optimize the gradient homogeneity and the integrated field quality, 3D-FE computations of the pole shape will be necessary.

- ➔ Combined horizontal and vertical corrector design.
- ➔ Air cooled → only pulsed operation possible!



TL Steering Magnet	
Number of magnets	5 + 1
Cooling	air
<b>Magnet characteristics</b>	
Magnet field	27.0 mT
Gap height	70.0 mm
Gap width	70.0 mm
Iron length	80.0 mm
Effective length	147.2 mm
$\int Bdl$	4.0 mTm
Deflection angle	2.1 mrad
<b>Dimensions</b>	
Total magnet weight	4.2 kg
Total magnet length	103 mm
Total magnet width	116 mm
Total magnet height	116 mm
<b>Electrical parameters</b>	
Max. current	20 A
Duty cycle ( $I_{max} / I_{RMS}$ )	11.2 %
RMS current	2.2 A
Magnet resistance (hot)	401.3 mOhm
Max. dissipated power (pulsed)	2.0 W
Inductance	4.5 mH
Max. voltage	53 V

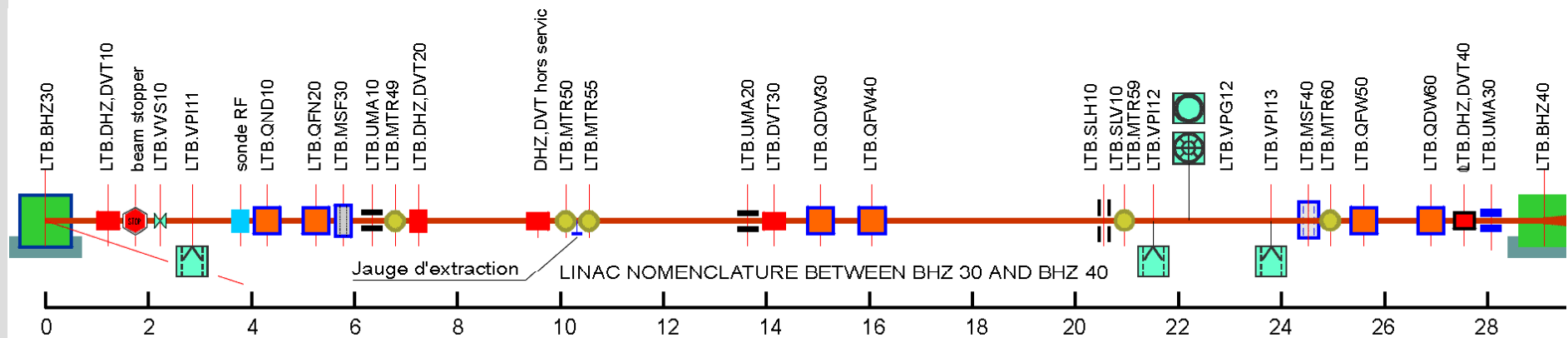
Note: magnet parameters are not yet frozen and can still change



The existing magnets in the LT, LTB and BI transfer lines need to be checked if their performance is adequate for Linac4 operation:

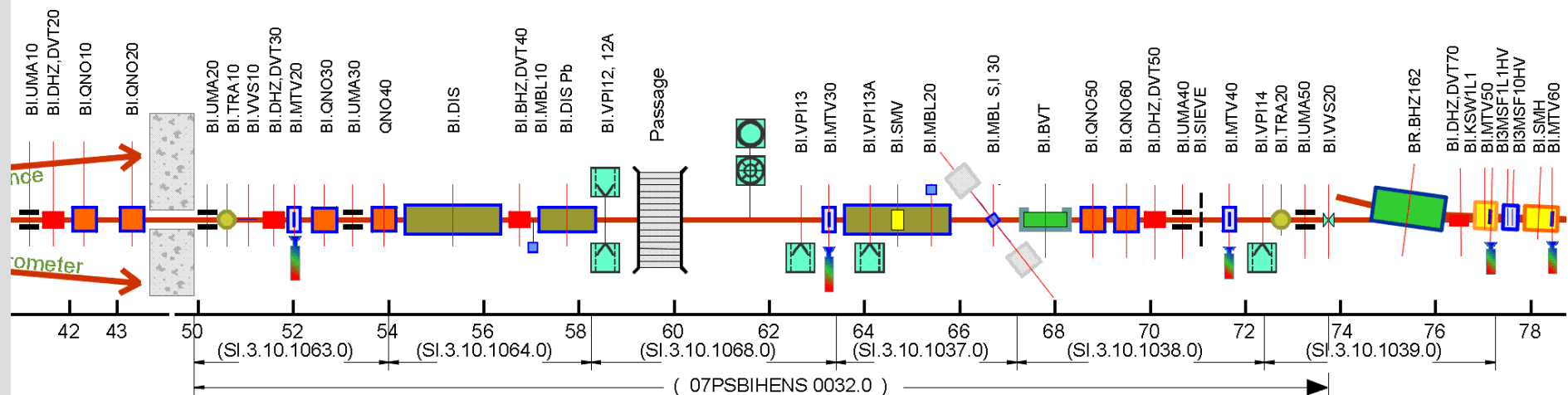
- Field strength adequate (160 MeV = factor 1.9 in  $\int B dl$  with respect to Linac2)?
- Field (gradient) quality adequate?
- Upgrades possible (pulsed operation, increased cooling performance)?
- If not, replacements available?
- If not, parameters for new magnet design to be defined.

- ➔ All steering magnets in the LT(B) line can be reused without any modification.
- ➔ LT.QFN50, LT.QDN55, LT.QFN60, LT.QDN65, LT.QDN75, LTB.QDN10, LTB.QFN20 (all type LINAC VII) can be reused without any modification.
- ➔ The four laminated, air cooled quadrupoles (LTB.QDW30, LTBQFW40, LTB.QFW50, LTBQDW60) type TRIUMF installed in 1997 (actually in dc operation) can be used in (slow) pulsed operation.
- ➔ The field quality of LT.BHZ20 & LT.BHZ30 has to be checked when powered with twice the nominal current.
- ➔ LT.QFW70 type SMIT air-cooled (massiv yoke) needs to be replaced by a laminated quadrupole (type TRIUMF) for pulsed operation.





- ➔ LTB.BHZ40 has to be equipped with new water-cooled coils.
- ➔ The 2 quads LBE.QFW10, LBE.QDE20 (type SMIT air) and the LBS.BVT10 of the measurement lines have to be replaced by new magnets.
- ➔ All steering magnets in the BI line can be reused without any modification.
- ➔ The four quadrupoles BI.QNO10, BI.QNO20, BI.QNO30, BI.QNO40 (type SMIT air) have to be replaced by new laminated magnets (type TRIUMF).
- ➔ BI.BVT (4 gaps) has to be replaced by a new magnet with increased strength ( $\sim 0.36 \text{ Tm @ } 160 \text{ MeV}$ ).
- ➔ BI.QNO50, BI.QNO60 (type SMIT water) can be reused without any modification.





# Summary and conclusions



- The design of the new magnets for Linac 4 and TL has been presented:  
**NO technical show stoppers identified.**
- Approximately 80 new magnets of 5 different types are needed for the Linac and have to be built in industry.
- **Most of the magnets in the existing TL can be reused.**
- **Three magnet types (9 magnets + spares) have to be replaced by new magnets to be built in industry.**
- **One magnet has to be equipped with new water-cooled coils to be built.**
- **Actual status: preliminary design exists for all magnets.**
- **Steel in stock at CERN (long delivery delays).**
- **First step: refine design for Linac quadrupoles with incorporated correctors and launch production.**
- **Schedule: although generous, design and specification to be started now!**