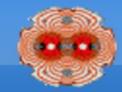
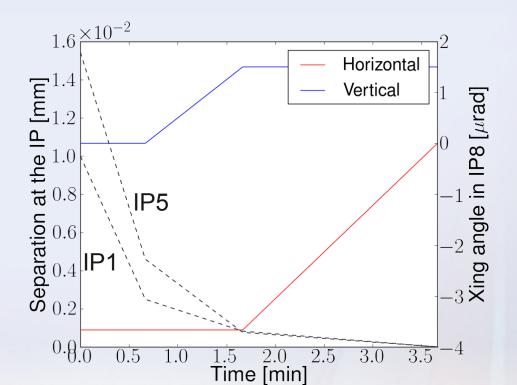


- Bringing the beams into collision
- Instabilities during stable bears
- Comparison with models
- Conclusion

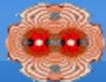




- In 2012, up to fill 3076 (24th sept.), the collision BP included
 - The collapse of the separation bumps in IP1 and 5
 - Tilting of Xing angle in IP8

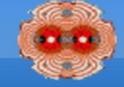






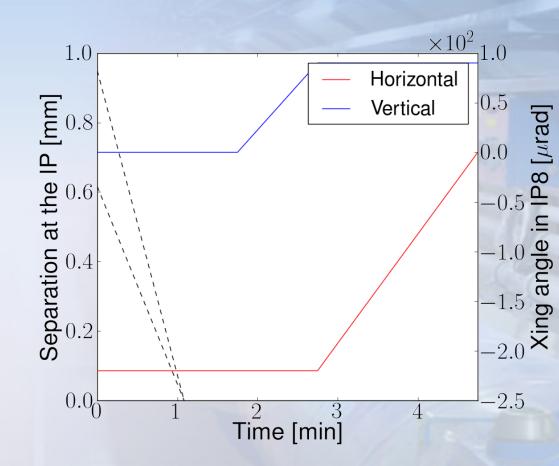
- Instabilities were observed at different time in the BP
- Example : fill 2808 (5th July) process] 2.0 Sep < 2.3σ (σ ~ 17 [μm]) of the 1.6×10^{-2} 1.5 Horizontal **Separation at the IP [mm]** 1.2 0.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 7 7.0 Time [min since begining 0.0 Vertical Xing angle in IP8 [μ rad] IP5 IP 0.3050.3100.3150.3200.3250.3300.335Horizontal spectrum B1 0.0 2.02.5 3.0 3.5 Time [min]



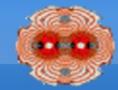


From fill 3076 on, the collision BP was modified.

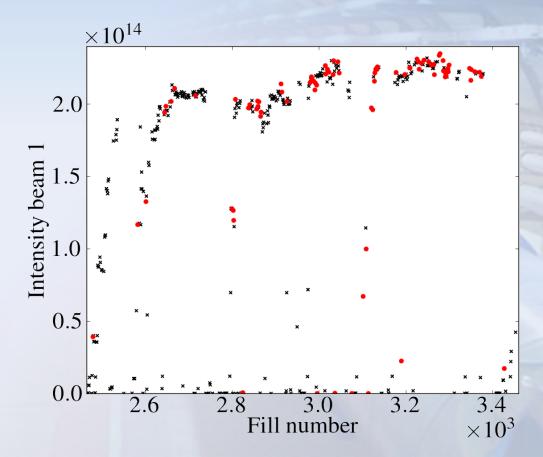
 \rightarrow The collapse of the bumps in IP1 and 5 was done prior to the tilting of the Xing angle in IP8.





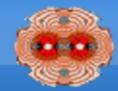


Criterion : BBQ activity during the collision BP

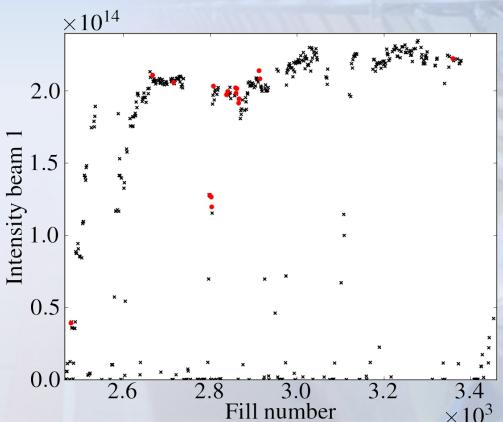


Note : Fills where BBQ data is not available / unclear are considered stable





- Criterion : BBQ activity and dump during the collision BP
- Dumps only in first part of the year
 - \rightarrow Different type of instabilities for the two configurations



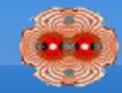


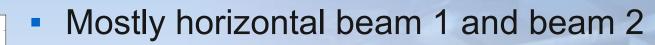
14

8

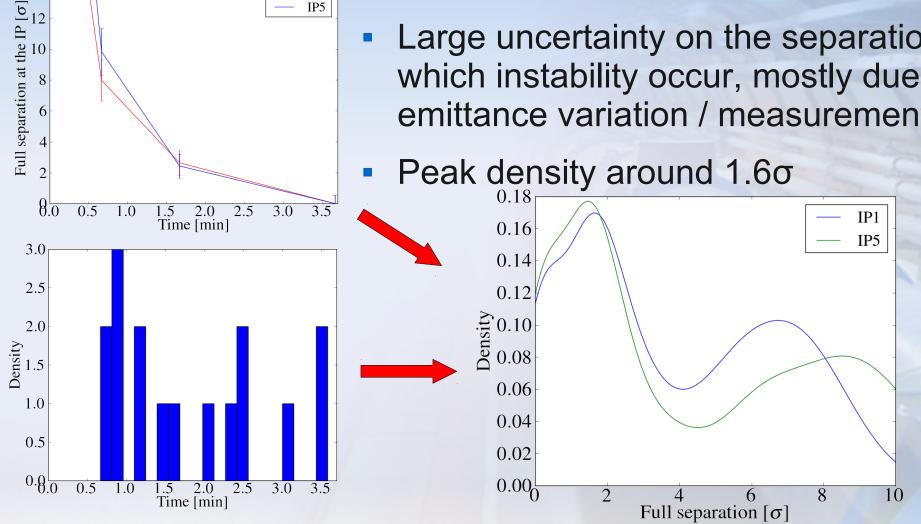
Low chromatcity negtive ocupole polarity

IP1 IP5



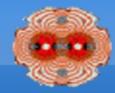


Large uncertainty on the separation at which instability occur, mostly due to emittance variation / measurement



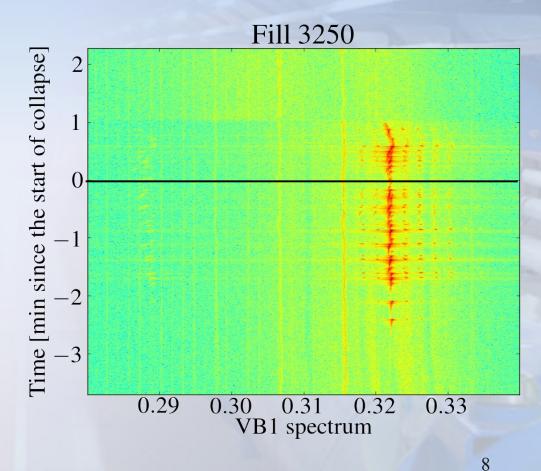


High chromatcity positive ocupole polarity



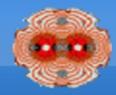
- Almost exclusively vertical beam 1
- Instabilities starts before the collapse of the separation

→ cannot say much on the instabilities in adjust due to the end of squeeze instability



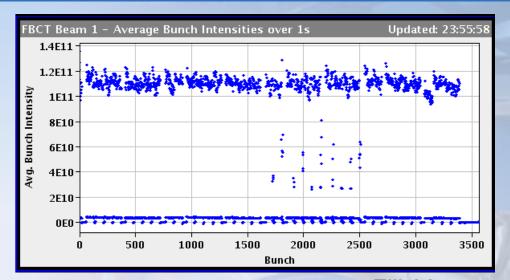


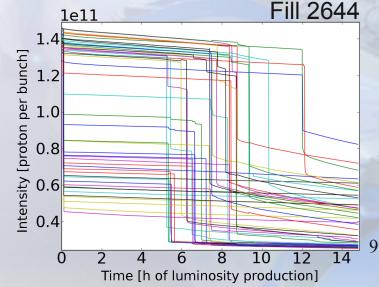
Stable beam



 Bunch intensities are falling like snowflakes

 Sudden drop of intensity of bunches colliding 'head on' only in IP8 (IP8 private bunches)



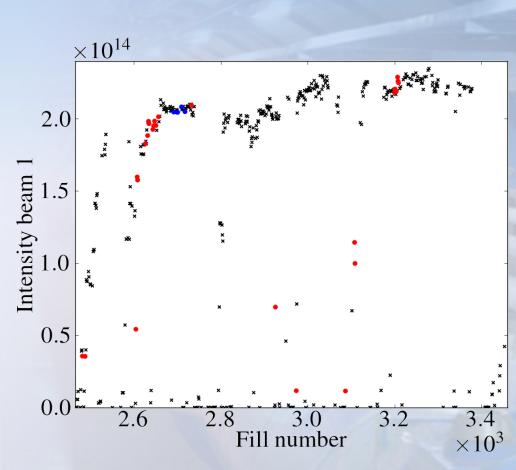




Snowflake statistics

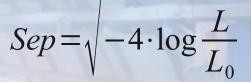
Snowflakes were observed :

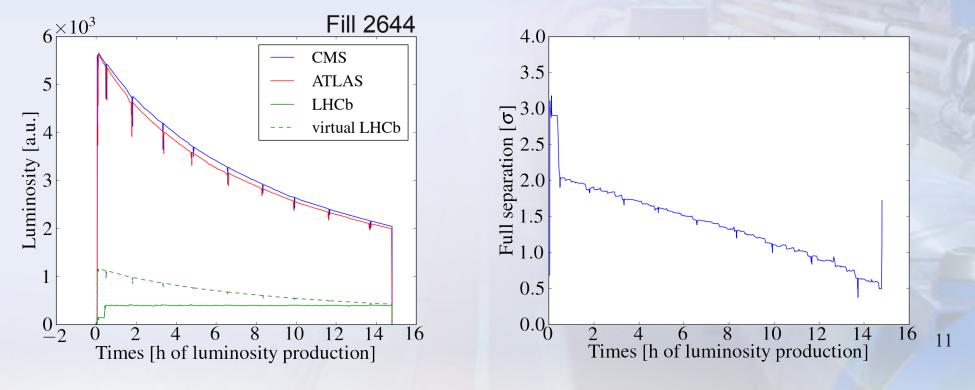
- With full physics beam
 - at the beginning of the run
 - Around fill 3200, during tests with the transverse damper
 - \rightarrow not considered in further analysis
- During intensity ramp up





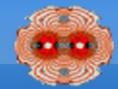
- Separation estimated from luminosity reduction factor
- Usually leveling started around 2σ





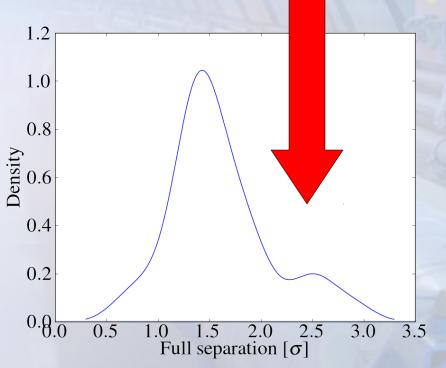


Separation statistics



Peak density around
1.5 σ

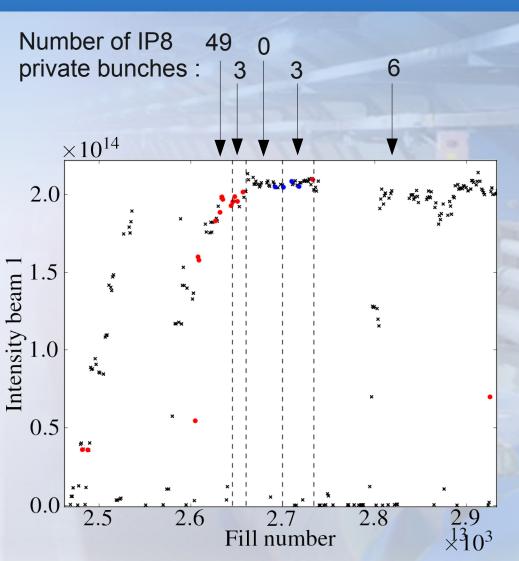
- Start of levelling
 - \rightarrow biased statistics

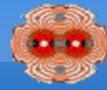




Snowflake statistics

- Snowflakes disapeared before the change to high chromaticity / positive octupole polarity
- No snowflake observed with filling scheme 50ns_1374_1368_0_1262_144b pi12inj i.e. IP8 private bunches are in the first train of 6 → different parameters with respect to 144/72 bunch trains

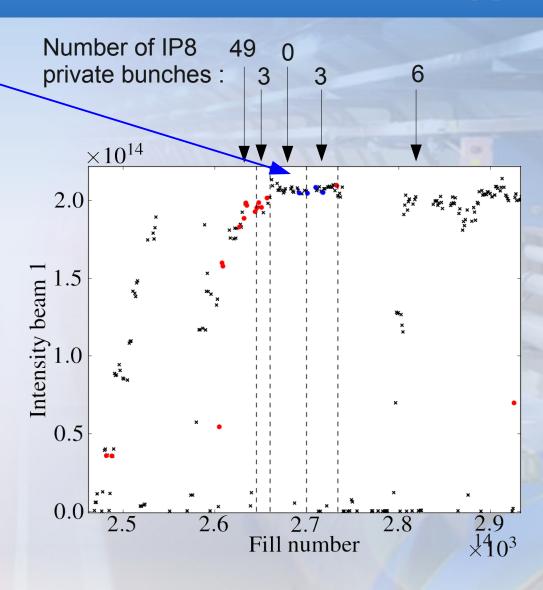






Snowflake statistics

 There are 3 party poopers, i.e. observations of unstable bunches colliding head-on in IP1 and IP5 (fill 2692,2701,2718)





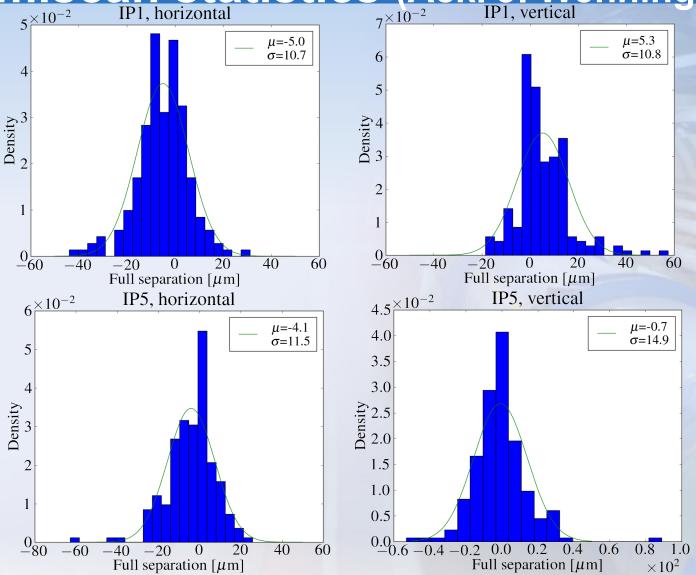
To be done



- Explain party poopers
- Rise time measurement (when possible)
- Analysis of MDs (offset leveling, end of MD MD)
- Comparison with models:
 - Chromaticity variation due to offset collision
 - Stability diagrams
 - BBZ mode coupling

Backup

lumiscan statistics (Ack. J. Wenninger)



16