



EN Engineering Department

LHC-CC13 Crab Cavity Workshop

Cavity III (DQW) Prototype Cryomodule:

First design integration studies for SPS

Luís ALBERTY on behalf of the MME Design Office Team:
O. Capatina, F. Carra, G. Foffano, N. Kuder, R. Leuxe, T. Renaglia

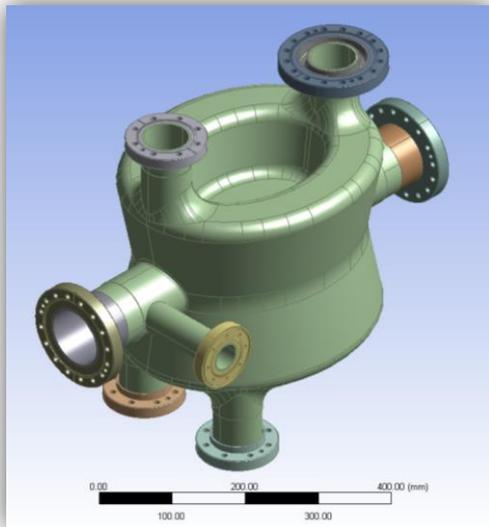
Geneva, 9-11 December 2013

▶ Outline

- ▶ Quarter-wave cavity
- ▶ The SPS Integration
- ▶ First cryomodule design
- ▶ Helium vessel design
- ▶ Cryomodule assembly
- ▶ Conclusions & outlook

▶ Quarter-wave cavity

Do you remember Binping & Silvia's presentation?



HL-LHC Quarter-wave CRAB Cavity developed by the Brookhaven National Laboratory

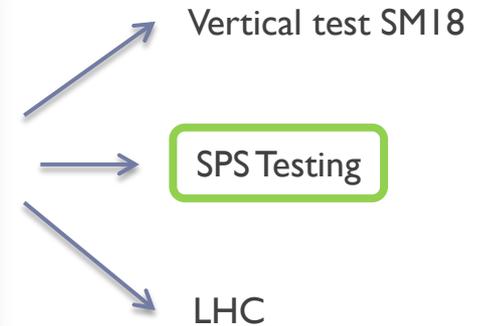
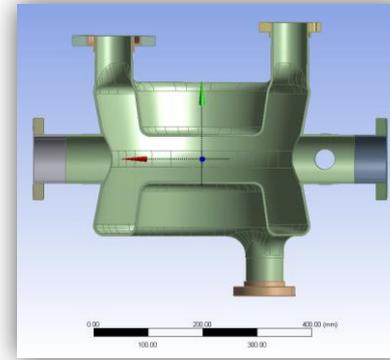
↑ And our last December meeting? Preliminary stress analysis presented...

▶ Quarter-wave cavity

Cooling – see Federico & Krzysztof’s talks later...

CRAB Cavities – selected requirements*

Cooling	2K saturated He-II @ 20 mbar (+/- 0.5 mbar) 80K liquid nitrogen
Dynamic heat load @2K	~3.7 W/cavity
Cavity material	Nb RRR>300
SPS tests frequency range	80 kHz (Ofelia’s talk yesterday)
Detuning resolution	200 Hz (about 1/4 bandwidth)
Connectivity	brazed stainless steel flanges
Cavity alignment tolerances LHC SPS – position monitoring only	w.r.t. each other: 0.7mm (transverse) 10mm (longitudinal) rotation around z: 0.3° Tilt w.r.t. z: <1 mrad



SPS Pressure & Temperature conditions*

Temperature	2K
Pressure	20 mbar (abs)
Safety valve set-point	1.8±0.15 bar (abs)
Maximum allowable pressure	1.8 bar (abs)
Test pressure	2.6 bar (gauge)

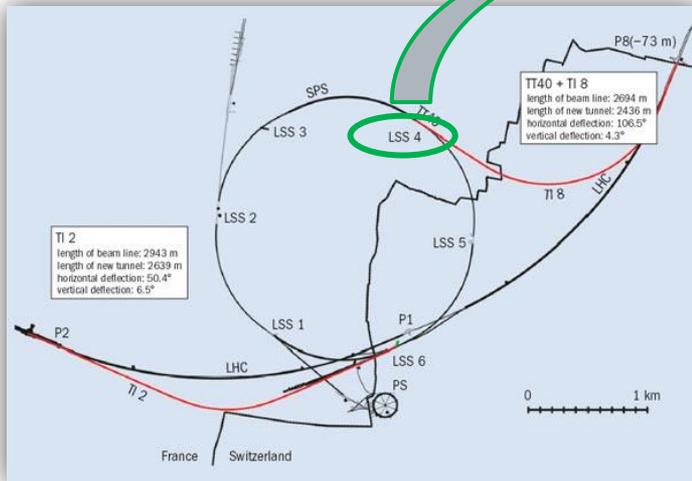
* P. Baudrenghien et al, ‘Functional Specifications of the LHC Prototype Crab Cavity System’, HiLumi LHC Scientific/Technical Note, CERN February 2013

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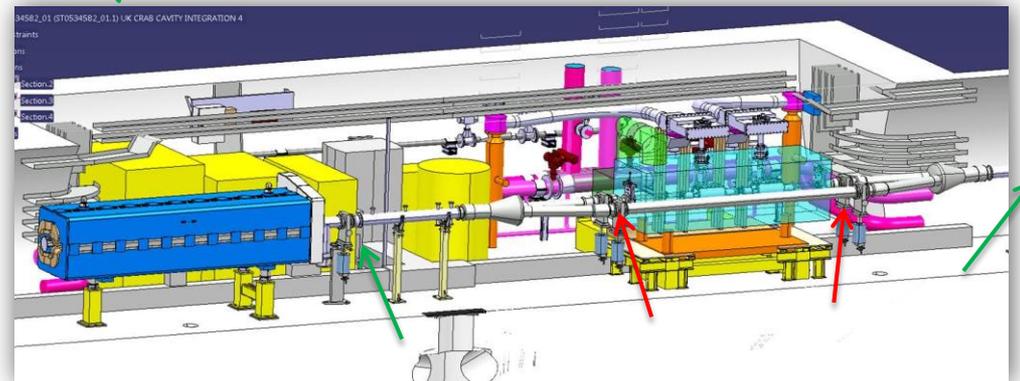
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► The SPS Integration

Wait for Alick's talk (afternoon) for more details...



Integration at SPS Sextant 4 (LSS4)



SPS LSS4 (COLDEX)

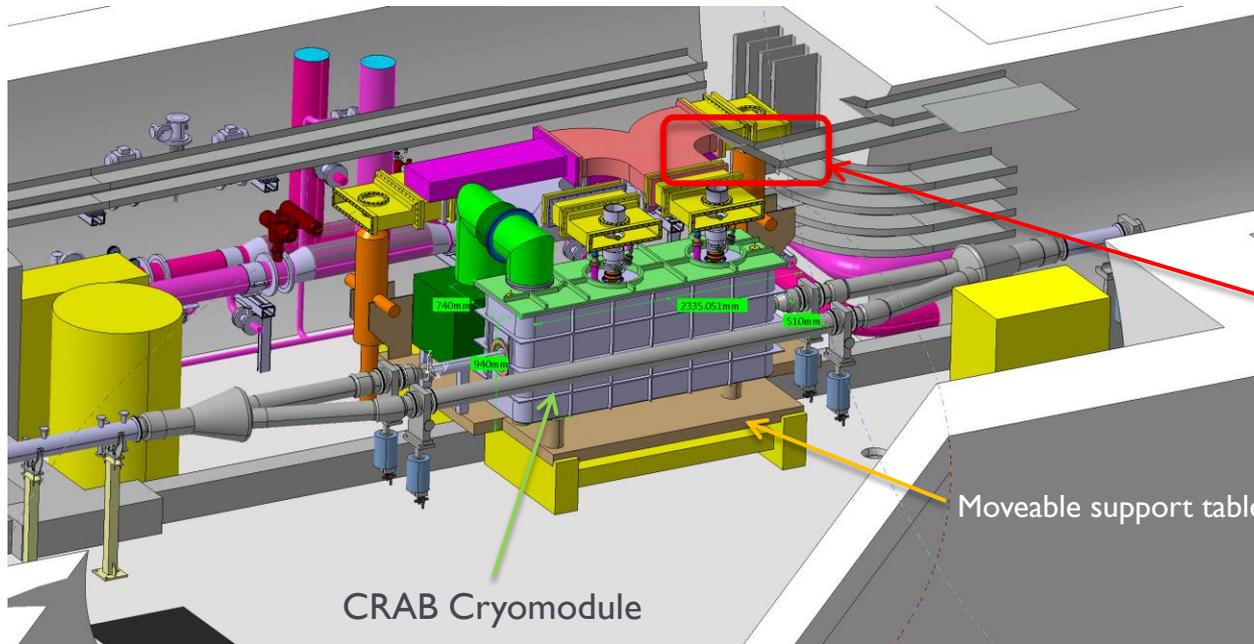
Integration constraints*:

- Envelope (cryostat + ports) 3000(L)x1100(W)x1500(H) mm
- Bypass beam line & sliding table
- 2 cavities per cryomodule

- Vacuum valves & transitions
- Fast vacuum valves

* P. Baudrenghien et al, 'Functional Specifications of the LHC Prototype Crab Cavity System', HiLumi LHC Scientific/Technical Note, CERN February 2013

▶ SPS Tunnel integration



...some complex cable routing!



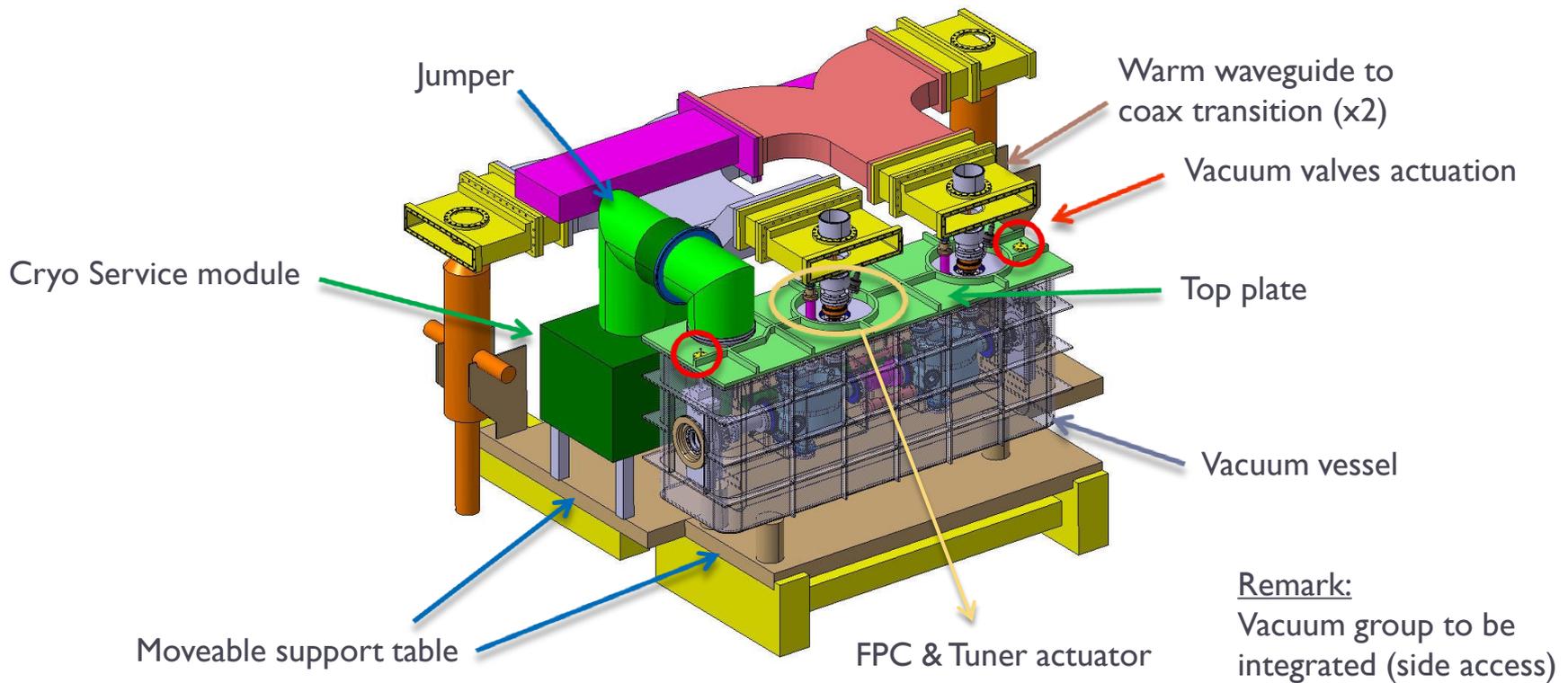
Outer cryostat dimensions: 2335(L)x740(W)x 940(H) mm

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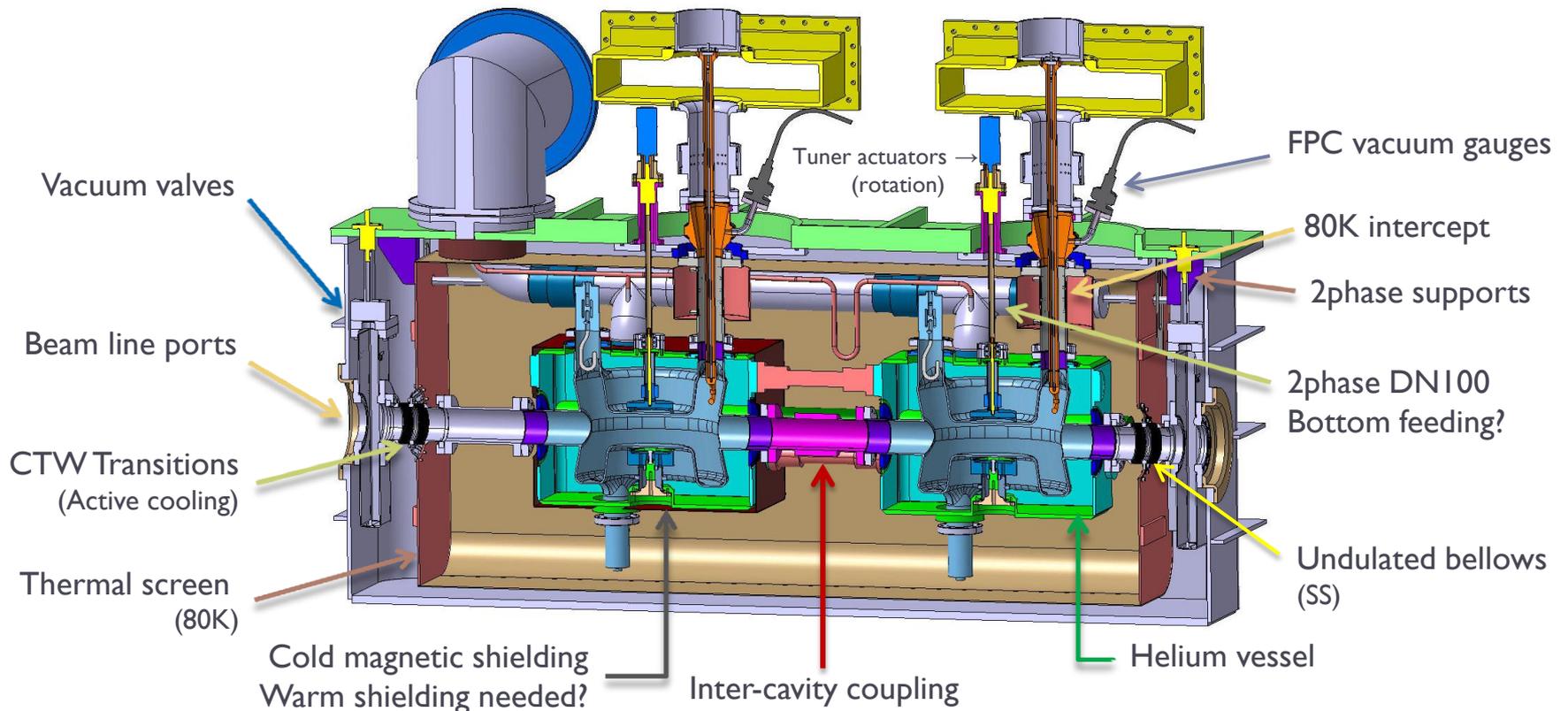
► First cryomodule design

► External view



► First cryomodule design

► Cut-view

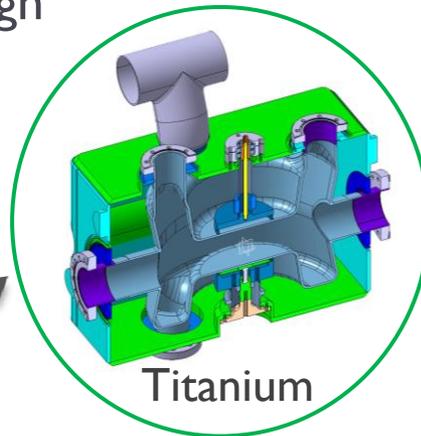
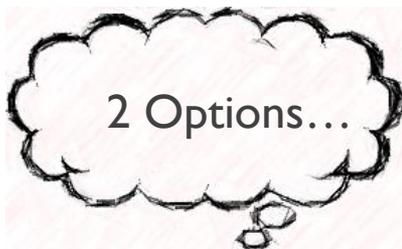


▶ Outline

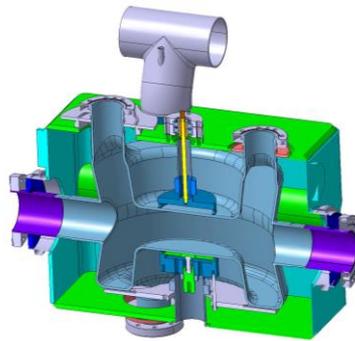
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► First cryomodule design

► Helium vessel design



Titanium

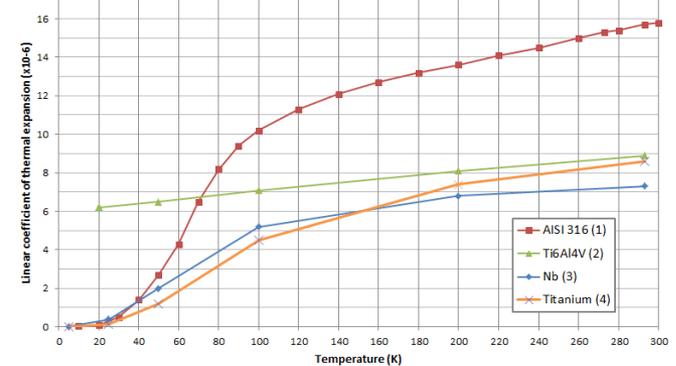


Stainless Steel

	Titanium	Stainless Steel
<i>Thermal expansion compatibility</i>	++	-
<i>Connectivity</i>		++
<i>Rigidity</i>		+
<i>Strength</i>	+ (if grade 5)	
<i>Machinability & Weldability</i>		+

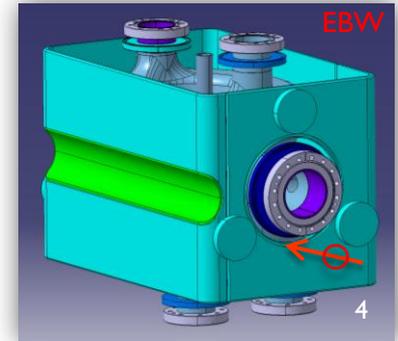
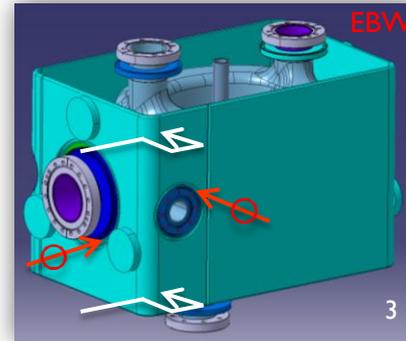
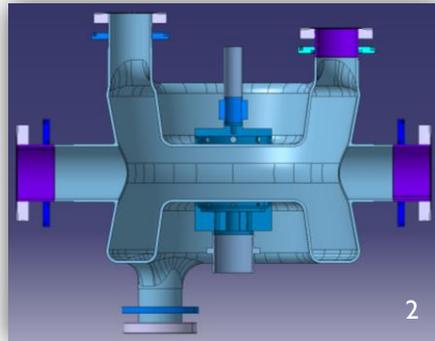
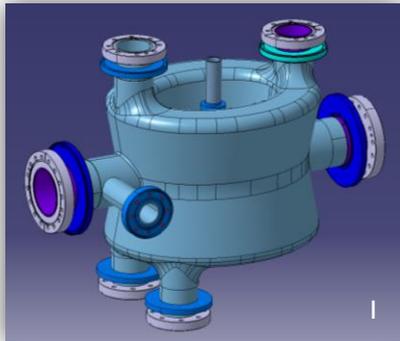
↑ Aspects to take into account for final design

Linear thermal expansion from RT to 4K:



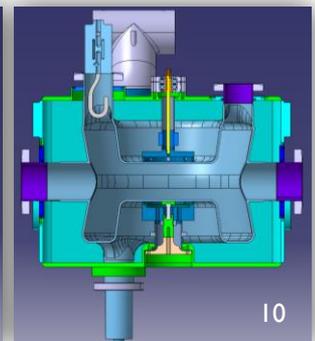
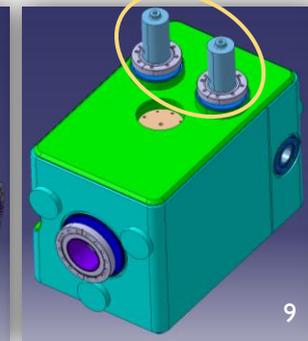
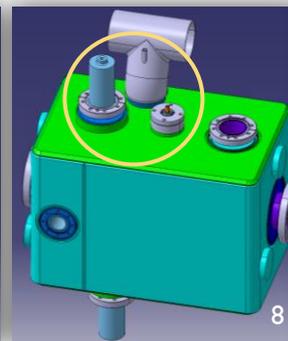
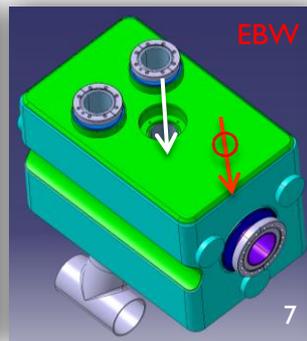
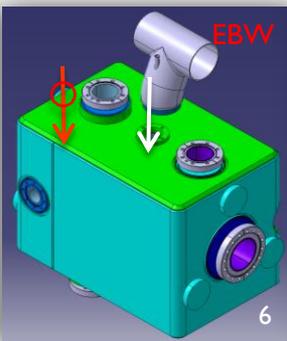
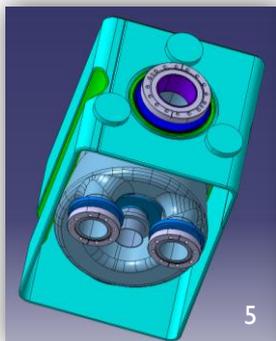
(1) NBS Monograph 29 (May 1961)
 (2), (3) & (4) Y. S. Touloukian – Thermophysical Properties of Matter

► Assembly of titanium helium vessel ... shown by Silvia yesterday...



As-manufactured cavity: brazed SS flanges, EBW titanium rings, titanium connectivity for tuning system

Assembly of lateral titanium panels (EBW)

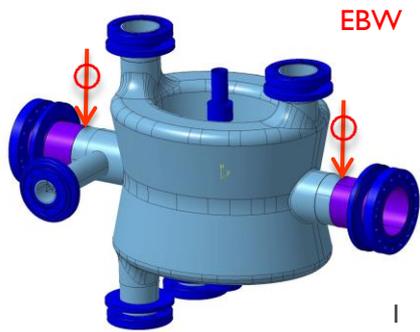


Assembly of top plate (with 2phase feed) & bottom plate. EBW of plates

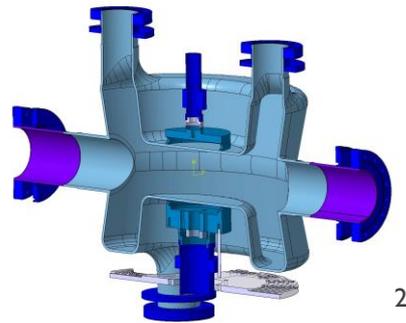
Assembly of the HOM filters

Assembly tuning system

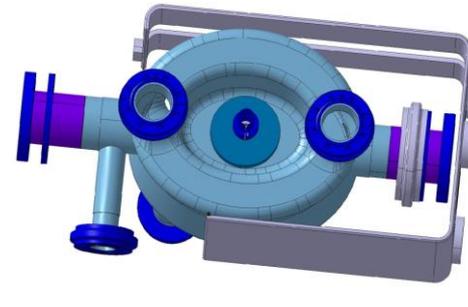
► Assembly of the SS helium vessel



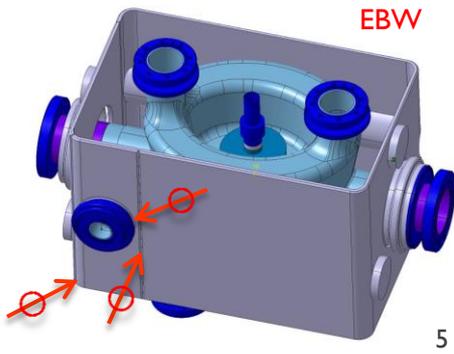
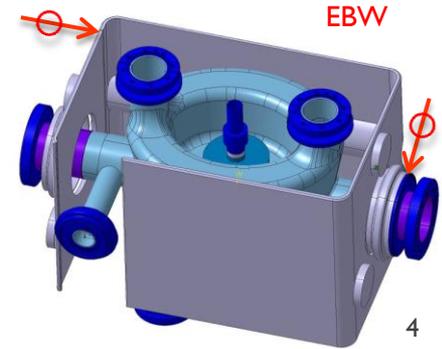
As-manufactured cavity
All brazed flanges & rings



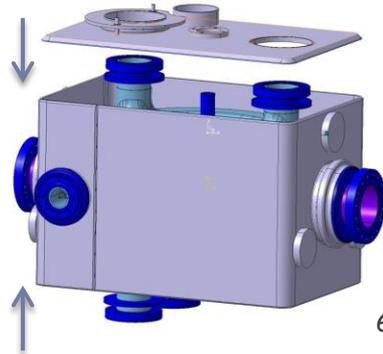
Bottom plate reinforcement – tuning



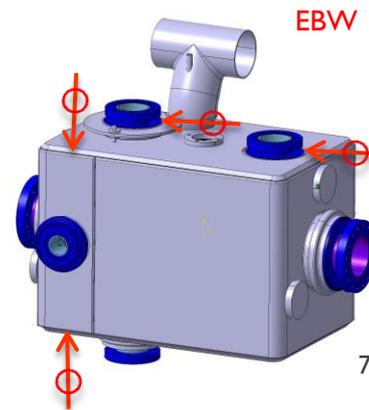
Assembly of stainless steel sectors around the cavity - EBW



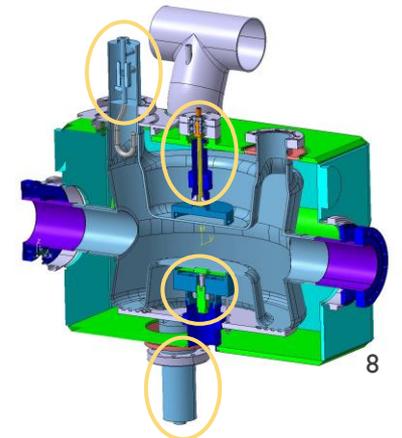
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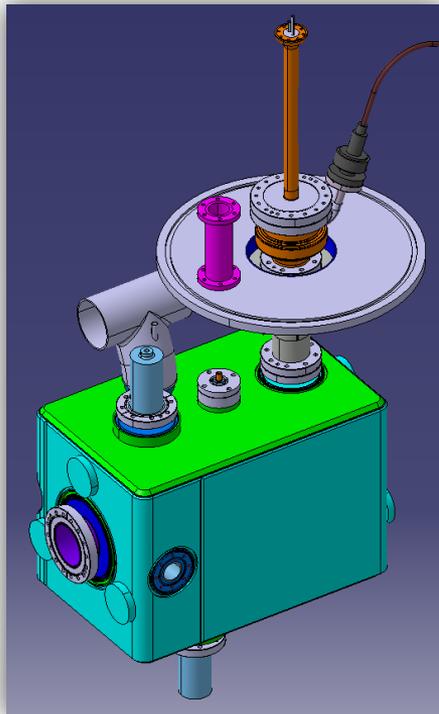


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▶ Outline

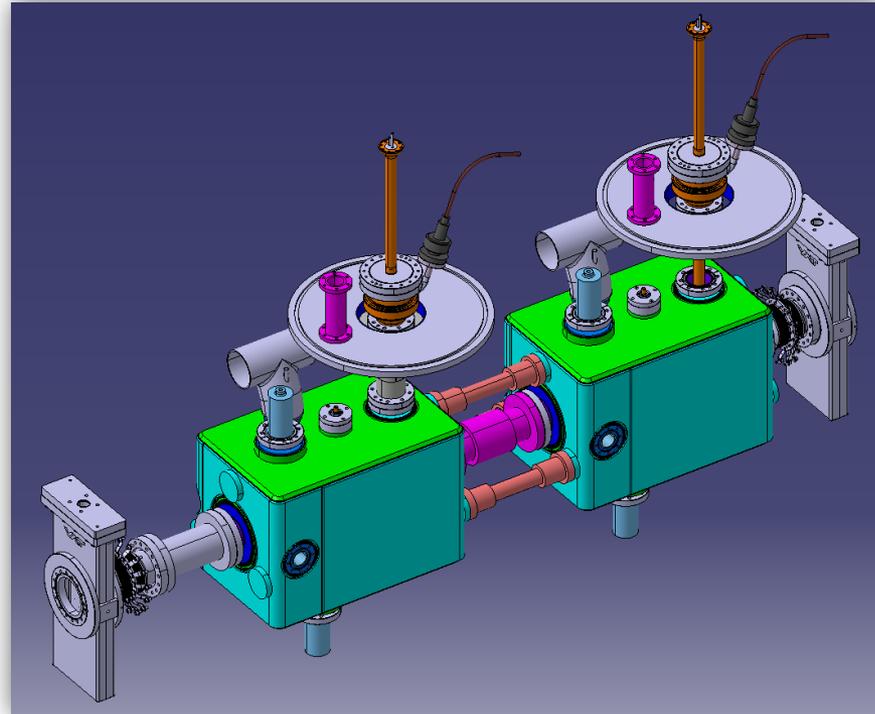
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► Cryomodule assembly



Done in the clean room:

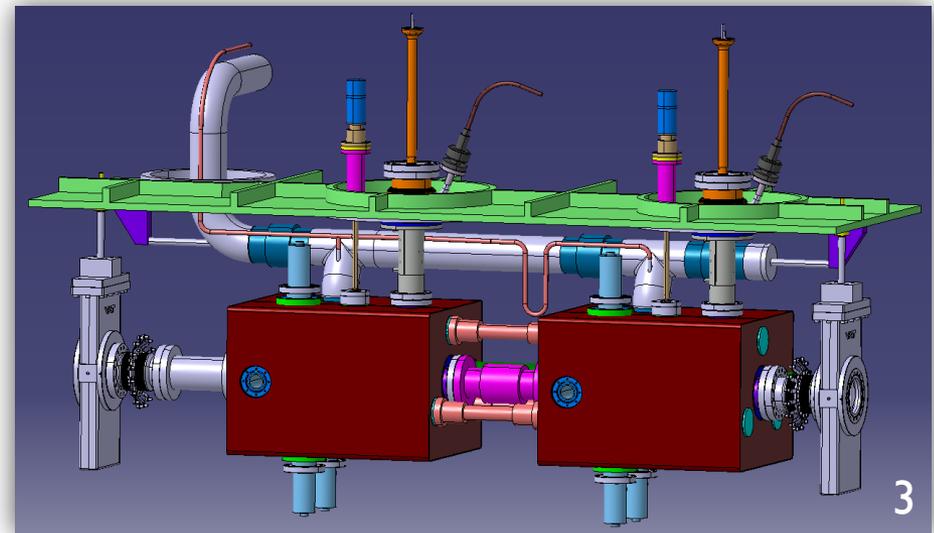
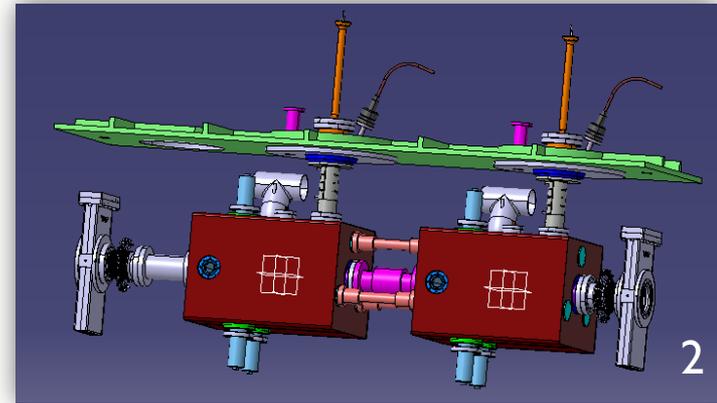
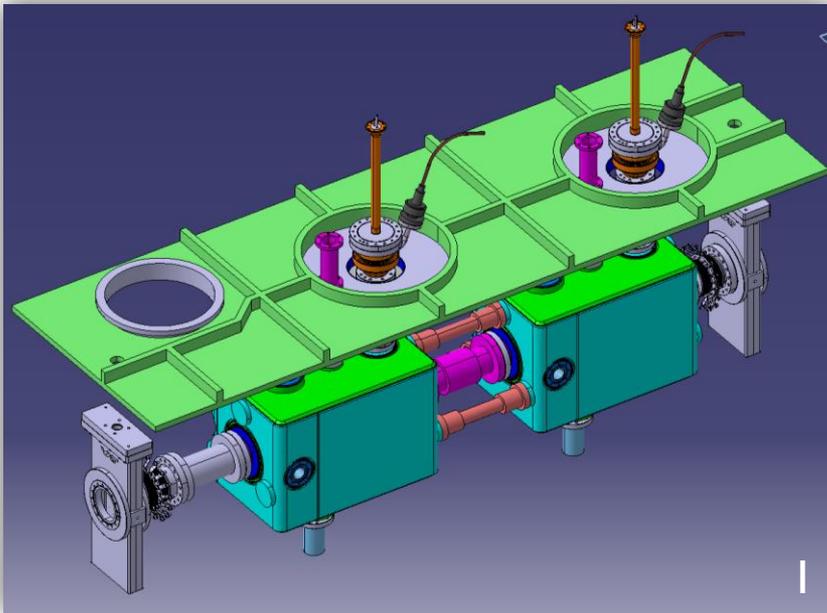
- Assembly of the FPC
- Assembly of the connectivity flange



Done in the clean room:

- Assembly of interconnection (sliding) rods and bellow
- Assembly of extension beam tubes (SS) and CTW transitions
- Beam volume closed by VAT 47 DN100 (modified for top actuation) all-metal sector valves

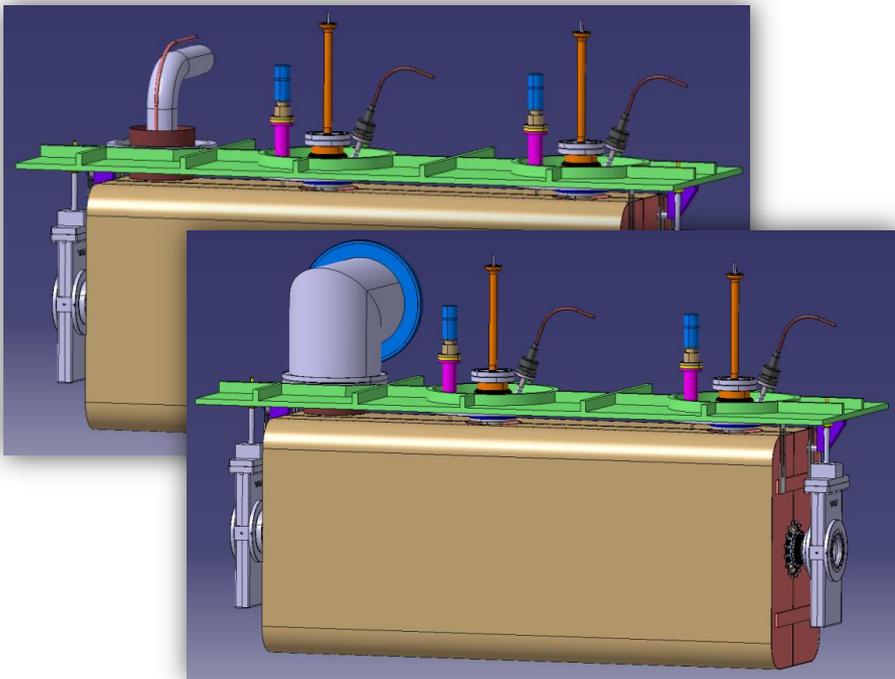
► Cryomodule assembly



Done in the assembly hall:

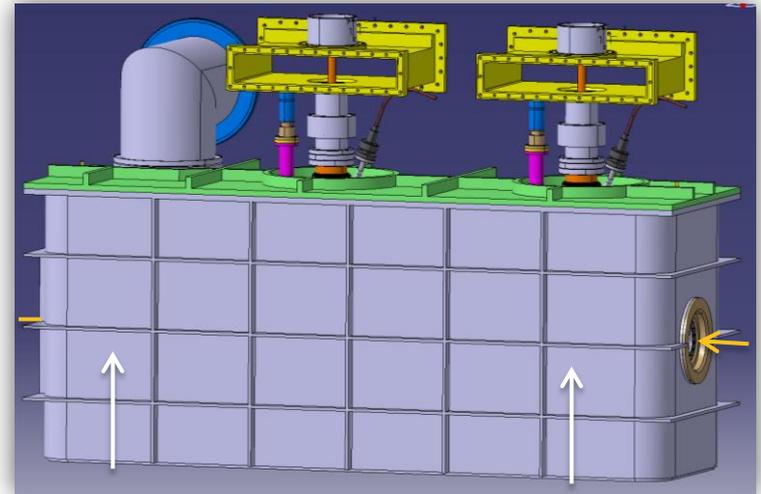
- Assembly of the top plate of the cryostat (1)
- Assembly of the cold magnetic shielding (2)
- Assembly of the sector valves actuation (3)
- Assembly of the 2phase line & supports (3)
- Assembly of the tuning actuation rod + motorisation (3)

► Cryomodule assembly



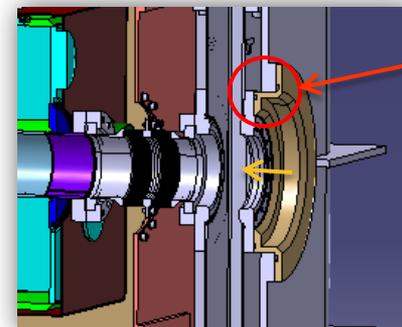
Done in the assembly hall:

- Assembly of the thermal screen (80K) & cryogenic connections
- Assembly of half jumper



Done in the assembly hall:

- Assembly of the vacuum vessel from the bottom
- Connection of the beam port (see picture below)
- Assembly of the remaining waveguide to coax transition



Metallic seals
(x2)

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▶ Conclusions

- ▶ Integration of the DQWCC seems possible with both SS & Ti helium vessels – being developed in parallel;
- ▶ Both He vessel configurations compatible with the SPS test Cryomodule;
- ▶ Sector vacuum valves allow minimizing assembly in clean room (LHC cryostat – robustness?);
- ▶ 80K LN2 heat intercepts + thermal screen expected allowing for minimum heat load into saturated He-II (talks later);
- ▶ Combined piezo + coarse tuning are independent and combined aim at reaching the specified tuning range & resolution (80 kHz | 200 Hz - $\sim 0.1 \mu\text{m}$);
- ▶ 2 cold piezo integration possible – backup!

▶ Outlook

- ▶ Finalization of first integration studies – end of the year;
- ▶ Detail design according to standards/safety requirements & detailed calculations will follow (pressure equipment, magnetic shielding – do we need warm shielding?, detailed tuning system design, alignment monitoring strategy, etc...);
- ▶ Equipment safety file to be built in EDMS from day 1;
- ▶ Cryomodule design to be released for fabrication (tentative) by the end of 2014;
- ▶ Remember: prior to release for manufacturing...

▶ Flowchart: project follow-up & CERN's HSE Unit



★ → Clearance from Safety Commission (7-10 days to give comments)



Thank you for your attention