

Fine-Tuning in Non-Custodial Composite Higgs Models

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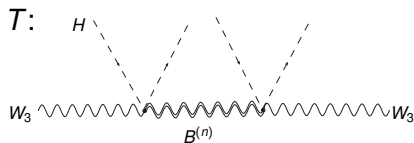
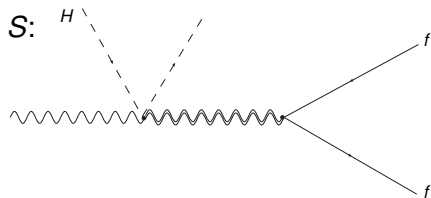
May 27, 2014

given at Planck 2014

S & T in $5D$

	RS	MAdS ₅
	AdS	Deviates in IR
S	-	Reduced ⁽¹⁾
T	Enhanced	Reduced ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾Falkowski & Pérez-Victoria
⁽²⁾Cabrer, Gersdorff, Quirós

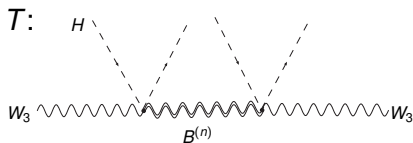
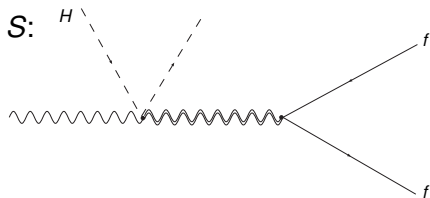


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Can solve using $SU(2)_L \times SU(2)_R$
 [Agashe, Delgado, May, Sundrum]

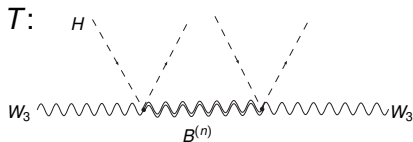
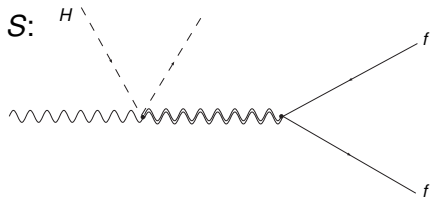


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**Live Dangerously,
Go Non-Custodial!**



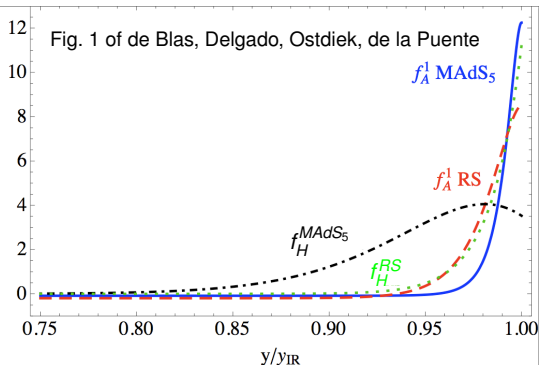
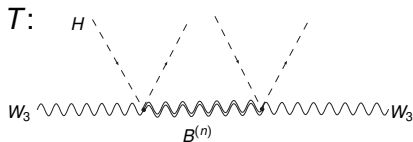
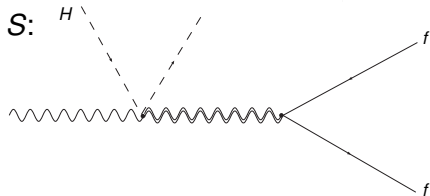
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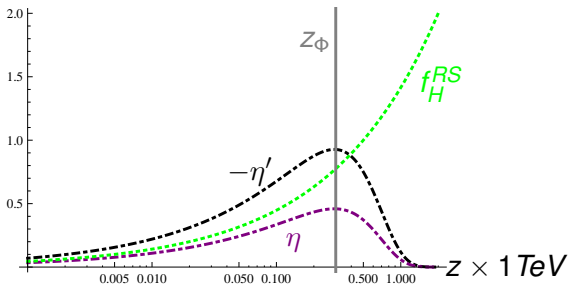
A Calculable Set-up

Control of radiative corrections \Rightarrow pseudo-Nambu-Goldstone Higgs

$$\hat{T} = \alpha T = c_T \sin^2 \left(\frac{h}{f_h} \right) = c_T s_h^2 = \frac{v_{\text{wk}}^2}{f_h^2}$$

$$f_h^2 \sim 10^3 v_{\text{wk}}^2 \text{ (pheno)}$$

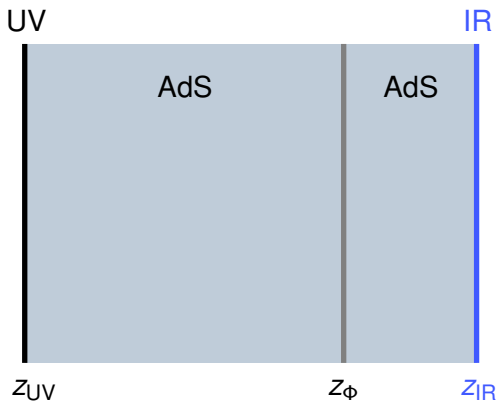
Use Bulk Scalar to control localization [Falkowski & Pérez-Victoria]



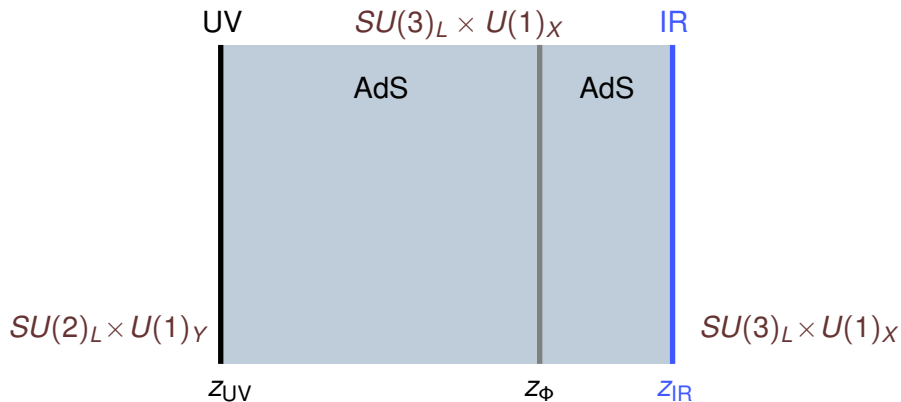
η' gauge part
 η scalar part

$$f_h \sim \frac{1}{Z_\Phi}$$

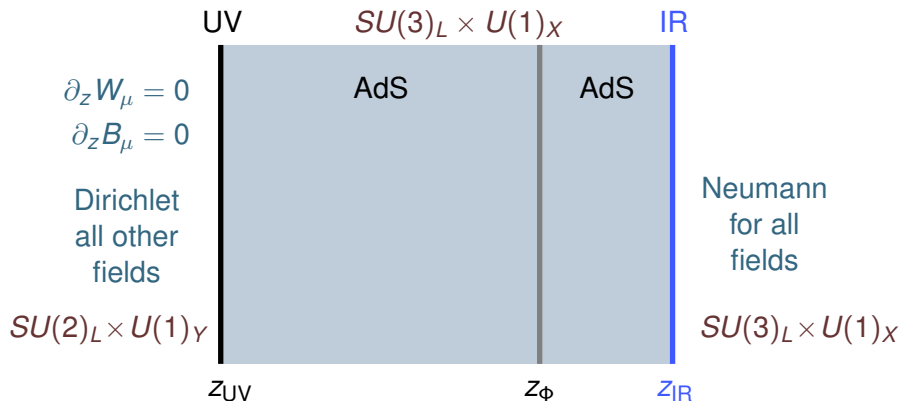
Simplified MAdS Model



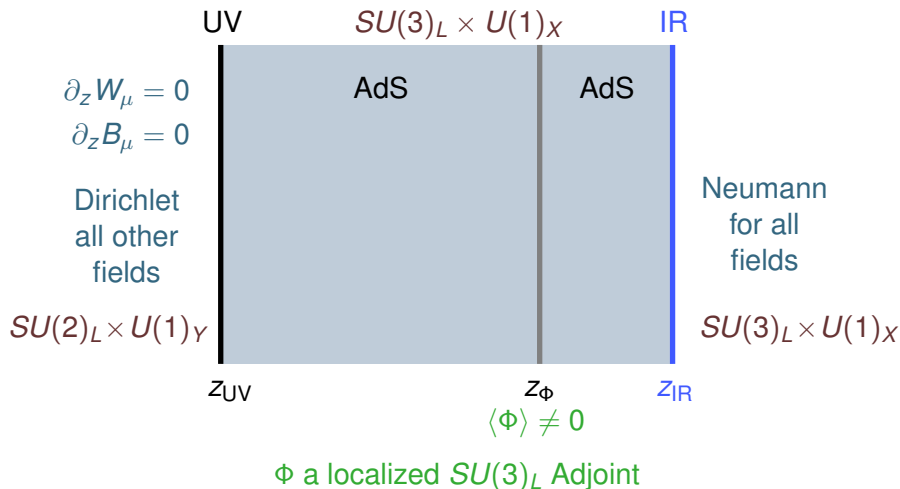
Simplified MAdS Model



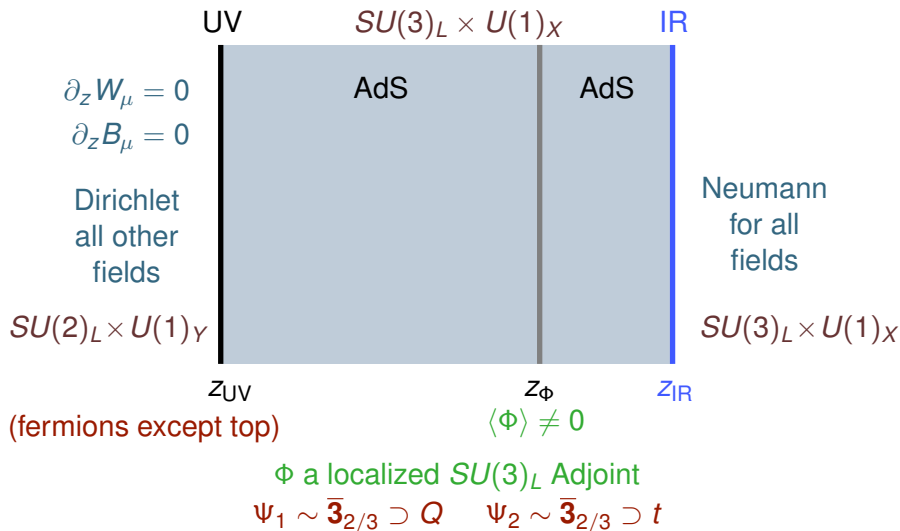
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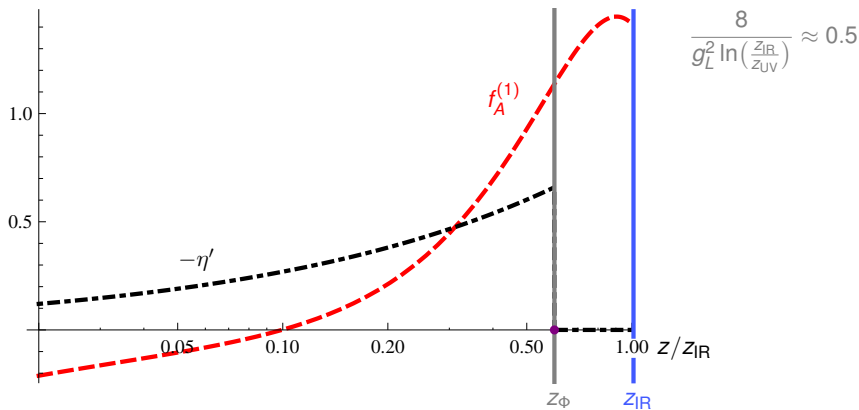
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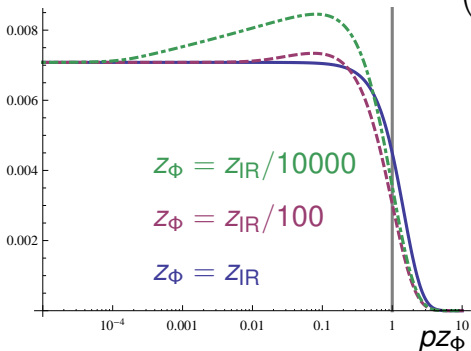
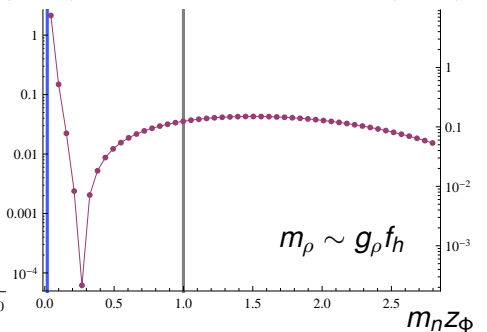
Simplified MAdS Profiles



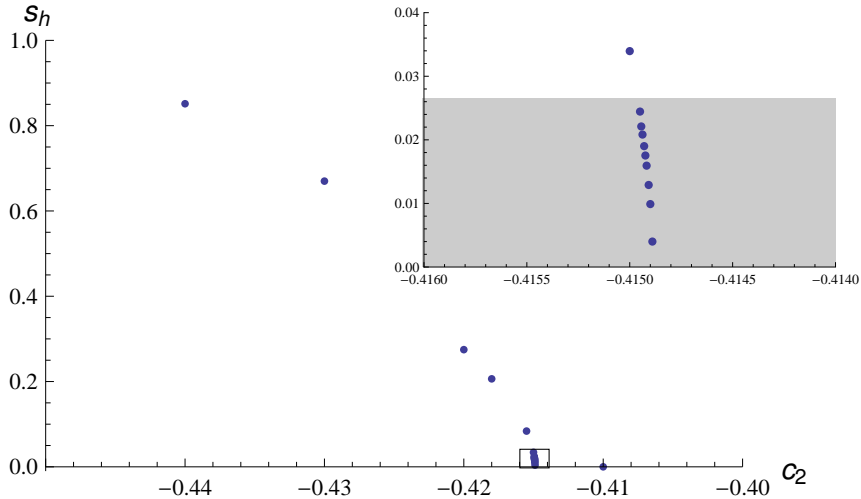
$$f_h^2 = \frac{4}{g_3^2 \eta^2(z_{UV})} = \frac{8}{g_L^2 \ln\left(\frac{z_{IR}}{z_{UV}}\right)} \frac{1}{\frac{3}{4} g_L^2 \ln\left(\frac{z_{IR}}{z_{UV}}\right) \frac{z_\Phi^2}{z_{UV}^2 \text{Tr}(\Phi)^2} + (z_\Phi^2 - z_{UV}^2)} \sim \frac{1}{z_\Phi^2}$$

Higgs Potential

$$V_h = \frac{1}{16\pi^2} \int_0^\infty dp p^3 \left[6 \ln(1 + F_W s_h^2) + 3 \ln(1 + 4F_Z s_h^2(1 - s_h^2)) - 12 \ln(1 + F_{t_1} s_h^2 + F_{t_2} s_h^4) \right]$$

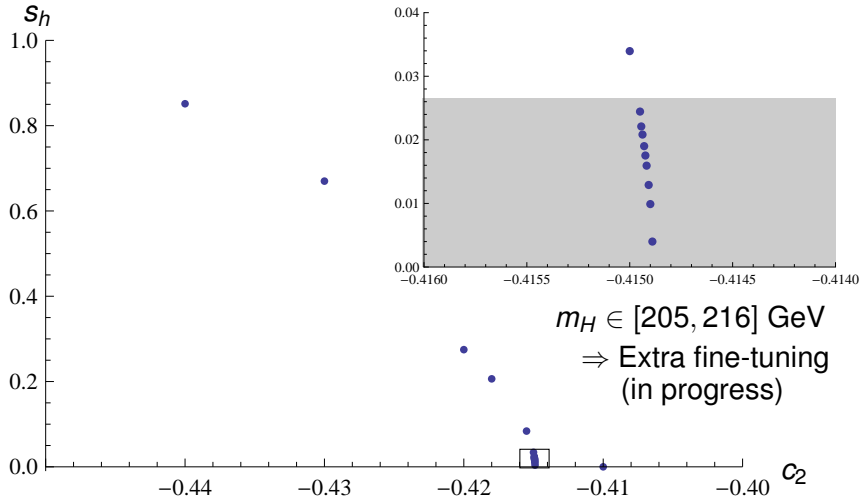
 $(\rho z_\Phi)^2 F_W$

 $\left(\frac{g_B^{(n)}}{m_n z_\Phi}\right)^2$


Fine-tuning Higgs Sector



Minimum of Higgs potential keeping M_W/m_{top} fixed, $z_\Phi/z_{\text{IR}} = 0.05$

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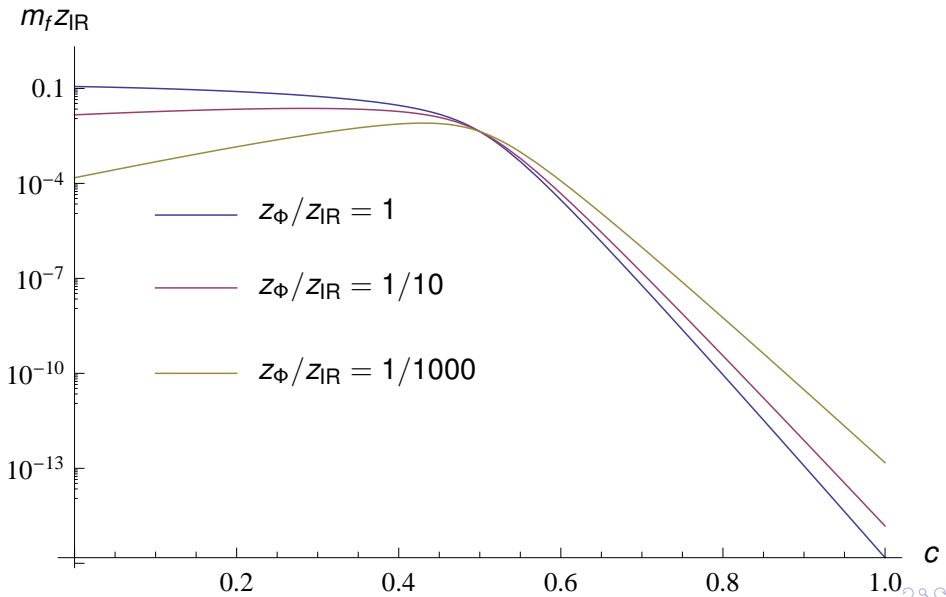
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Summary

Studied non-custodial models using Gauge-Higgs

- Calculable setup
- $\hat{T} \sim \frac{v_{wk}^2}{f_h^2} \Rightarrow \text{large } f_h$
- Higgs potential cutoff is f_h
- Many light resonances
 - Weakly coupled to Higgs
 - Strongly coupled to each other
- Fine-tuning increase (as expected)

Fermion Zero Mode



$g^{(n)}$ definition

$$S \supset \int d^4x \left[-i \eta^{\mu\nu} (D_\mu H)^\dagger \left(g_W^{(n)} W_\nu^{(n)} + \frac{g_B^{(n)}}{2} B_\nu^{(n)} - \frac{g_{Z'}^{(n)}}{2} Z_\nu^{(n)} \right) H + \text{h.c.} \right]$$

$$g_{\text{field}}^{(n)} = g_{\text{field}} \int_{z_0}^{z_{\text{IR}}} dz f_{\text{field}}^{(n)} \left(e^{-A} \eta'^2 + \delta(z - z_\Phi) M \eta^2 \right)$$