A 3.55 keV Photon Line and its Morphology from a 3.55 keV ALP Line

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Outline

I. The 3.55 keV photon line and its morphology

2. DM
$$\rightarrow a \rightarrow \gamma$$

3. $DM \rightarrow a \rightarrow \gamma \text{ vs } DM \rightarrow \gamma \text{ morphology}$

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The 3.55 keV photon line

[Bulbul, Markevitch, Foster, Smith, Loewenstein, Randall '14]

- Stacked data of 73 galaxy clusters (0.01 < z < 0.4)
- Detected independently in XMM-Newton PN and MOS instruments at 4-5 sigma
- Detected in all three subsamples (Perseus also with Chandra, Coma+Ophiuchus+Centaurus, all others)

[Boyarsky, Ruchayskiy, lakubovskyi, Franse '14]

 Detected in Perseus Cluster and Andromeda galaxy with XMM-Newton MOS data

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The observed line

[Bulbul, Markevitch, Foster, Smith, Loewenstein, Randall '14]



Possible origins of the line

Instrumental effect?

- Seen by 4 different detectors (2 XMM, 2 Chandra)
- X De-redshifting of clusters leaves line at 3.55 keV

Possible origins of the line

Instrumental effect?



V De-redshifting of clusters leaves line at 3.55 keV

Atomic line?

No known atomic line at this energy. Apart from known lines exceeding expectation by factor ~20

Line also detected in Andromeda (no hot gas!)

Possible origins of the line

Dark matter decay/annihilation?

- Sterile neutrinos (compatible with previous bounds)
- ALP (Axion Like Particle) DM, Axinos, excited states of DM, Gravitinos, ...

[Bulbul, Markevitch, Foster, Smith, Loewenstein, Randall; Czerny, Hamaguchi, Higaki, Ibe, Ishida, Jeong, Nakayama, Takahashi, Yanagida, Yokozaki; Jaeckel, Redondo, Ringwald; El Asiati, Hambye, Scarna; Dudas, Heurtier, Mambrini (see L.Heurtier's talk); Bomark, Roszkowski (see NE.Bomark's talk); Frandsen, Sannino, Shoemaker, Svendsen; Kolda, Unwin; Finkbeiner, Weiler; Kubo, Lim, Lindner; Choi, Seta; Baek, Okada, Toma; Lee, Park, Park] ...roughly fits the signal...

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 ν_{α}

... only roughly fits the signal...

XMM-Newton MOS: [Bulbul, Markevitch, Foster, Smith, Loewenstein, Randall '14]

	Full Sample (73 cluster)	Coma +Centaurus +Ophiuchus	Perseus (without core)	Perseus (with core)
$ \begin{bmatrix} \tau_{DM \to \gamma} \\ (10^{27}s) \end{bmatrix} $	$5.9^{+1.2}_{-1.2}$	$2.2^{+0.53}_{-0.47}$	$1.7^{+0.56}_{-0.51}$	$0.72^{+0.33}_{-0.21}$

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XMM-Newton MOS: [Bulbul, Markevitch, Foster, Smith, Loewenstein, Randall '14]

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- Signal in Perseus ~8 times stronger than in full sample
- Half of the Perseus Signal is within the central 20 kpc but $R_{DM}\simeq 360~{
 m kpc}$
- \Rightarrow Dark matter to photon may not fit the morphology

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- **2.** DM $\rightarrow a \rightarrow \gamma$
- **3**. DM $\rightarrow a \rightarrow \gamma$ vs DM $\rightarrow \gamma$ morphology

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Dark matter to axion to photon $DM \rightarrow a \rightarrow \gamma$

- Axions transform to photons in cluster/galactic magnetic fields (see A.Powell and F.Day's talks)
- Theoretically equally well motivated as ${\rm DM} o \gamma$ (axions are typically associated to a high scale)
- Signal strength follows DM density and strength of the magnetic field

 \Rightarrow Signal peaks on scales of the cluster magnetic field! (Perseus)

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Dark matter to axion decays

DM is a scalar

Decay via
$$\frac{\Phi}{\Lambda} \partial_{\mu} a \partial^{\mu} a$$
 with lifetime
 $\tau_{\Phi} = \left(\frac{7.1 \text{ keV}}{m_{\Phi}}\right)^3 \left(\frac{\Lambda}{10^{17} \text{ GeV}}\right)^2 1.85 \times 10^{27} \text{ s}$

(cosmological moduli problem, **or DM is a fermion** unless [Linde '96, Takahashi, Yanagida '11])

Decay via
$$\frac{\partial_{\mu}a}{\Lambda} \bar{\psi} \gamma^{\mu} \gamma^{5} \chi$$
 with lifetime
 $\tau_{\psi} = \left(\frac{7.1 \text{ keV}}{m_{\psi}}\right)^{3} \left(\frac{\Lambda}{10^{17} \text{ GeV}}\right)^{2} 0.92 \times 10^{27} \text{ s}$

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Axion-photon conversion

Operator
$$\frac{a}{M} \mathbf{E} \cdot \mathbf{B}$$
 induces

$$P_{a \to \gamma}^{\text{cluster}} \sim \frac{B^2 L R_{\text{cluster}}}{M^2}$$

[Raffelt, Stodolsky '87]

[see talks by G.Raffelt, A.Powell, F.Day]



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Predictions: Cluster morphology





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Predictions: Galaxies





- Signals from edge on galaxies should be stronger than from face on
- What about the Milky Way, Andromeda? (F.Day's talk)

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Conclusions

- For $\mathrm{DM} \to a \to \gamma$ photon signal is convolution of DM density and magnetic field along l.o.s.
- Different morphology of cluster and galaxy signals than $DM \rightarrow \gamma$: (non-)cool core, edge/face on
- Observable flux effectively depends on one free parameter $F_{DM \to a \to \gamma} \propto \tau_{DM \to a} / M^2$ (as $DM \rightarrow \gamma$)
- Predictions will be tested in the near future

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Thank you for your attention!

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