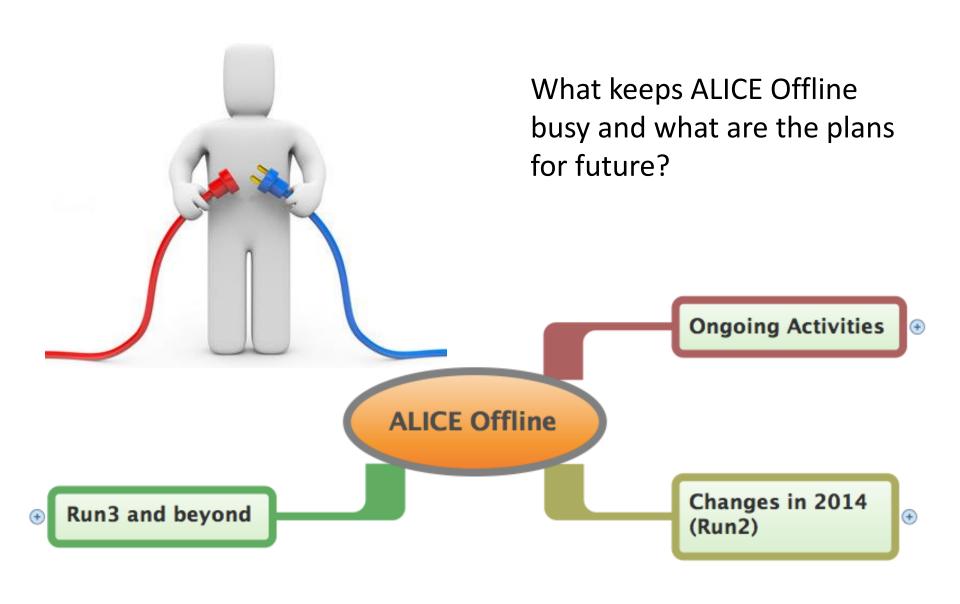


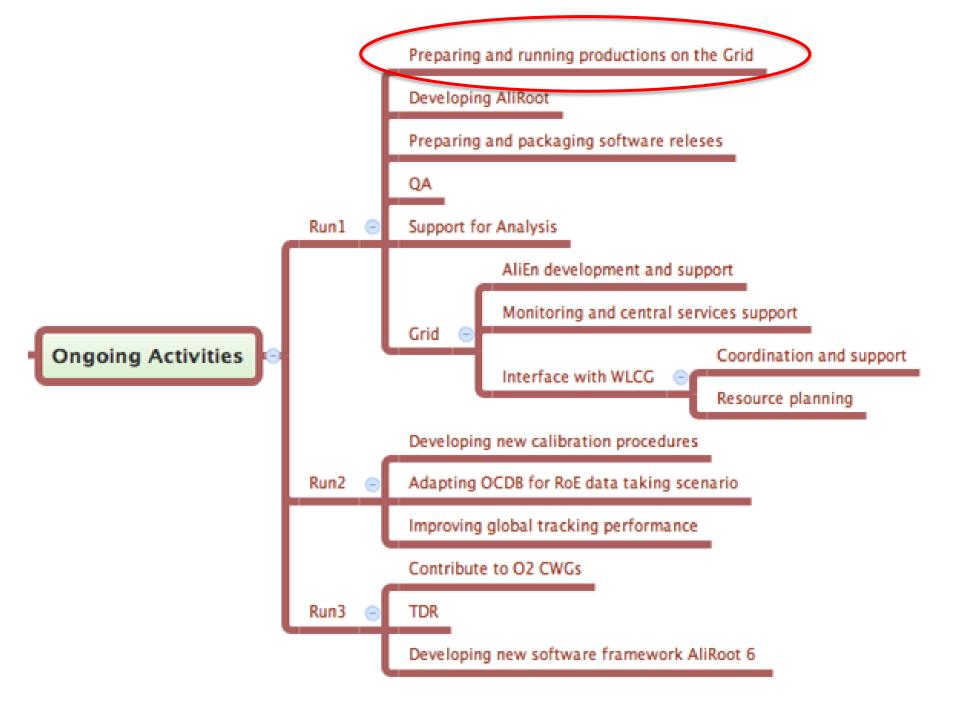
ALICE Computing Model Run2 (and beyond)

Predrag Buncic

ALICE Computing Model in Run2

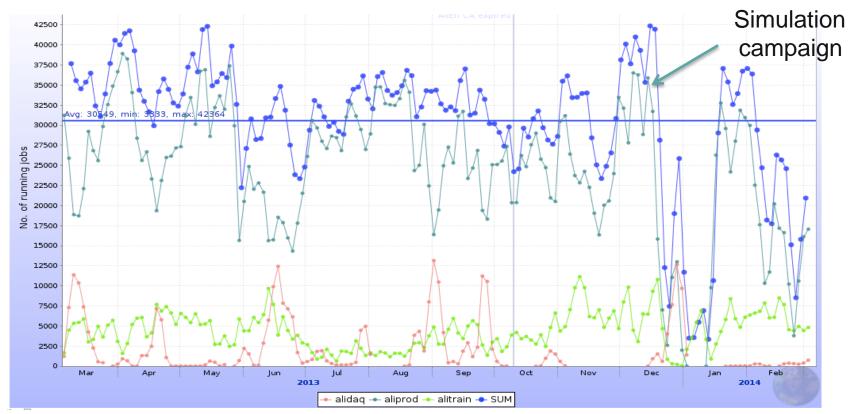
- ... is not going to change.
- Most of the ALICE software stack will remain unchanged
 - With exception of necessary tracking performance and calibration improvements
- This is not because
 - we think that all our problems are solved
 - we not ambitious enough
- This is simply because we do not have enough manpower to carry out at the same time Run1 support and Run2&3 preparations







ALICE jobs running on the grid in past 12 months



- Better than expected simulation production campaign in the run-up to Christmas
- Planned raw data re-processing postponed due to issues discovered in new software release



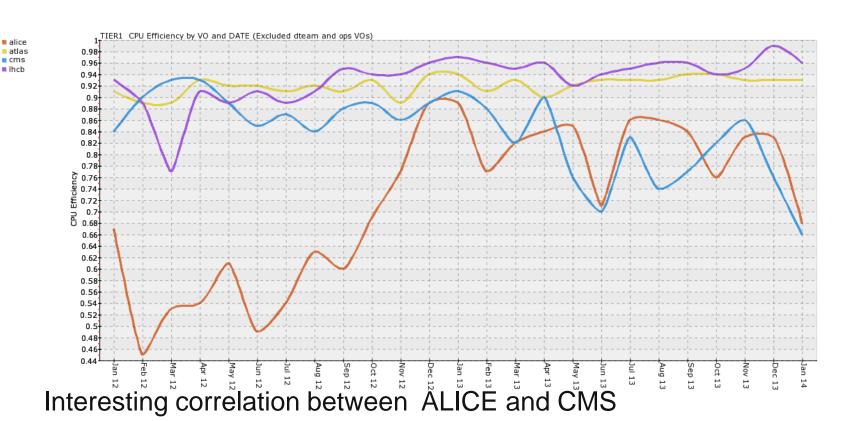
DARMSTADT 2014



- Expect to see peek of last minute requests for various kind of productions
- At the same time, analysis activities will probably reach all time high levels
- Using this tome to iron out remaining inefficiencies in computing infrastructure in addition to all ongoing Run1 related operations, Run2 preparations and Run3 activities

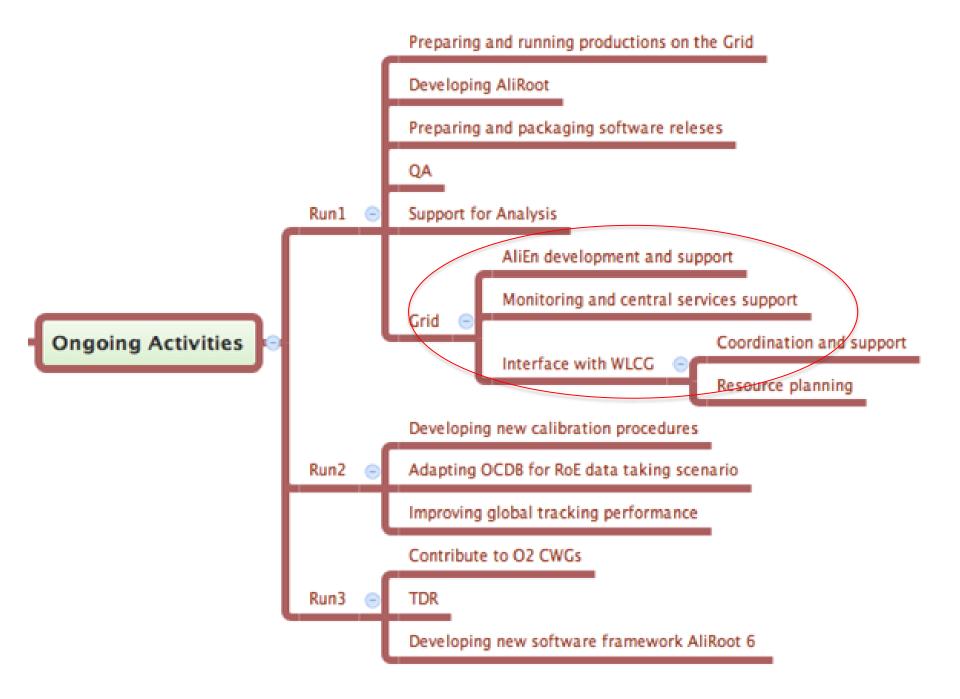


Job Efficiency on T1s (CPU/Wall time)



- Possibly indicating impact of analysis on CPU usage efficiency in periods before important conferences
- We still do not have full control of our job efficiencies
- Needs more work

7

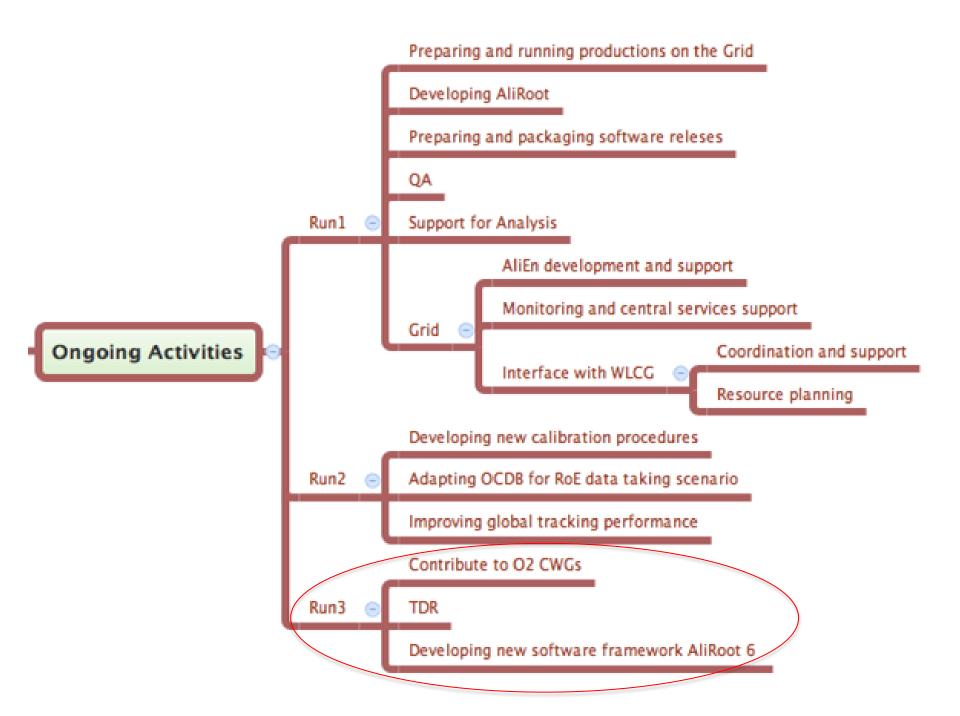




Job Error rates (cumulative)



- Several problems found and fixed, still hunting for the remaining system errors
- Most of the errors are genuine job errors (validation, out of memory, wrong input parameters...)





Upgrade activities









Computing

platforms

 O^2 Technical Design Report

Architecture

Data flow

Data model



Tools



Simulation



Calibration



Reconstruction



DQM



Control Configuration Monitoring



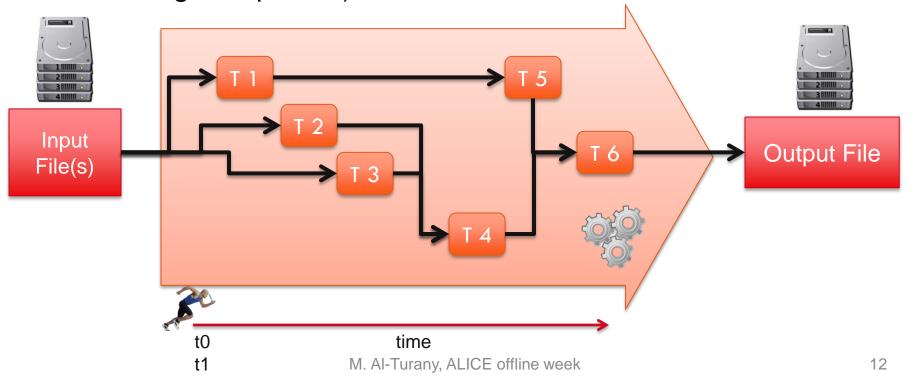
Software Lifecycle





Current Model

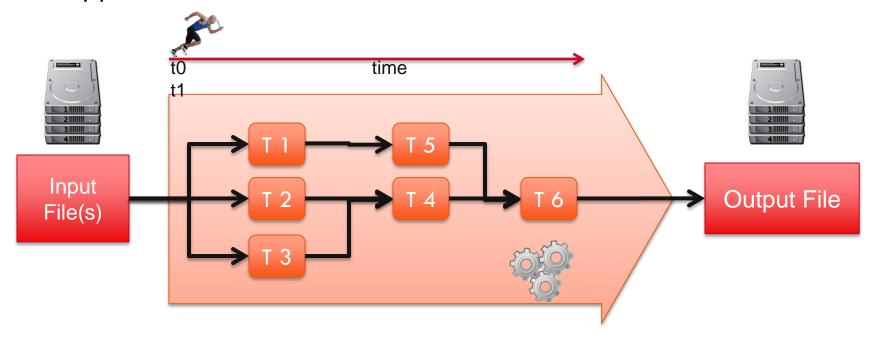
- ROOT event loop
- User code in Task hierarchy
- Task hierarchy runs sequentially in one process
- Tasks implement only algorithms (can be exchanged/replaced)





Future

- Each Task is a process (can be Multi-threaded)
- Message Queues for data exchange
- Support multi-core and multi node





Multi-processing vs. Multi-threading

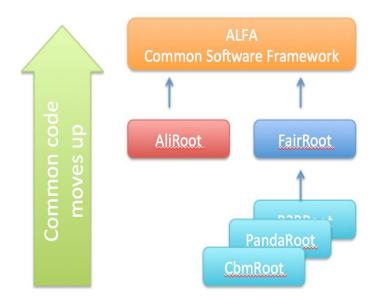
- Different processes are insulated from each other by the OS, an error in one process cannot bring down another process.
- Error in one thread can bring down all the threads in the process.

 Inter-process communication can be used across network

Inter-thread communication is fast



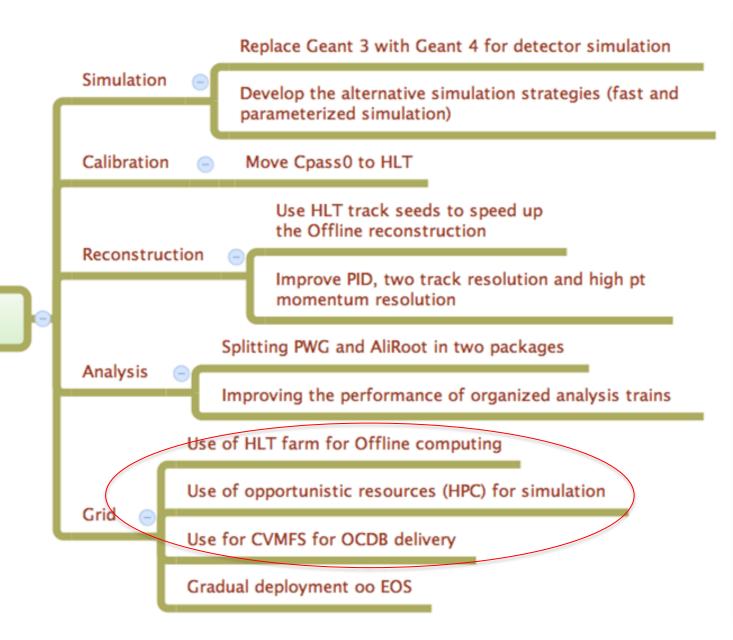
Software Framework II



Alice + Fair = C(AlFa)
the basis of AliRoot 6.0

Work on ALFA already started

- GSI group works on factoring out common components from FairRoot and puts them to Github
- ALICE group works on importing ITS simulation for ALICE Upgrade in FairRoot environment
- Aim is to have ITS and TPC simulation in new framework ready by September



Changes in 2014



CVMFS deployment

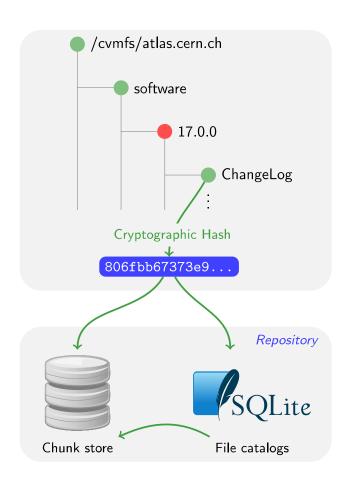
Jan 2013	✓ Setup Stratum 0 for ALICE
	✓ Deploy ALICE S/W on CVMFS
Jun 2013	✓ Migrate ALICE Repository to Stratum 1s
July 2013	✓Test, test, test
	✓ Start deployment process on all ALICE sites
Aug 2013	✓ Deploy CVMFS repository but do not use it in production
	√Run AliEn from CVMFS on selected site(s)
	√Validate and evaluate stability, performance
Dec 2013 Apr 2014	✓ Run AliEn from CVMFS on all site(s)

DONE. THANK YOU!

What can we do now with CVMFS?

- Login to Ixplus, test develop and debug the code in exactly the same environment as on the Grid /cvms/alice.cern.ch/bin/alienv enter AliRoot[/<version>]
- 2) We can deploy OCDB on CVMFS to leverage on already deployed proxy/cache infrastructure for efficient delivery of OCDB data files using HTTP protocol
- 3) On unsupported platforms, download CernVM 3.0 from http://cernvm.cern.ch, start it and then do the same as in 1)
- 4) On a private Cloud (such as CERN's OpenStack Cloud), deploy a cluster of CernVMs and use it to validate software releases
- 5) On any Cloud, deploy a cluster of CernVMs, start AliEn JobAgent and extend our Grid capacity
- 6) Deploy OpenStack middleware on ALICE HLT and do the same as in 5)
- 7) Access CVMFS repository using parrot anywhere (including places where CVMFS is not pre-installed and pre-configured)
- 8) Run unmodified ALICE software on Cray XK7
- 9) Let volunteers start preconfigured CernVM that will automatically join ALICE grid and run MC jobs

How that stuff works?



Data Store

- Eliminates duplicates
- Never deletes, archiving

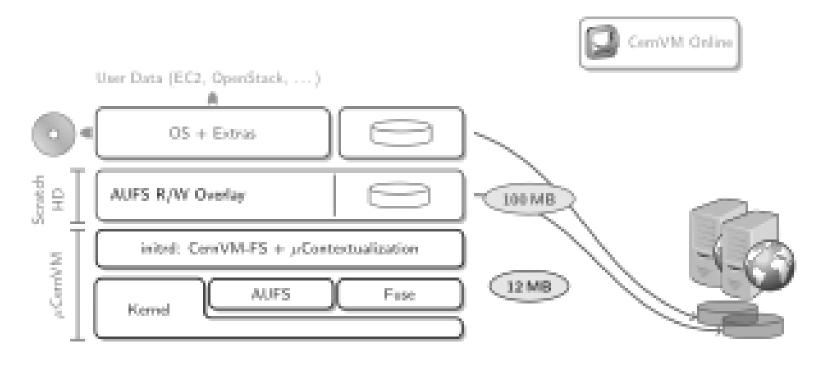
File Catalog

- Directory structure, symlinks
- Content hashes of regular files
- Digitally signed
- Plain files

The root hash (40 characters) defines a file system snapshot (similar to git)



CernVM 3.0 = SLC6 via CVMFS



Twofold system: μ CernVM boot loader + OS delivered by CernVM-FS

- The very same image can be contextualized to run
 Scientific Linux 4 32bit as well as the latest Scientific Linux 6 64bit.
- Solution for Long Term Data Preservation problem?



The Virtual Analysis Facility

PROOF

PoD

HTCondor

CernVM

cvmfs

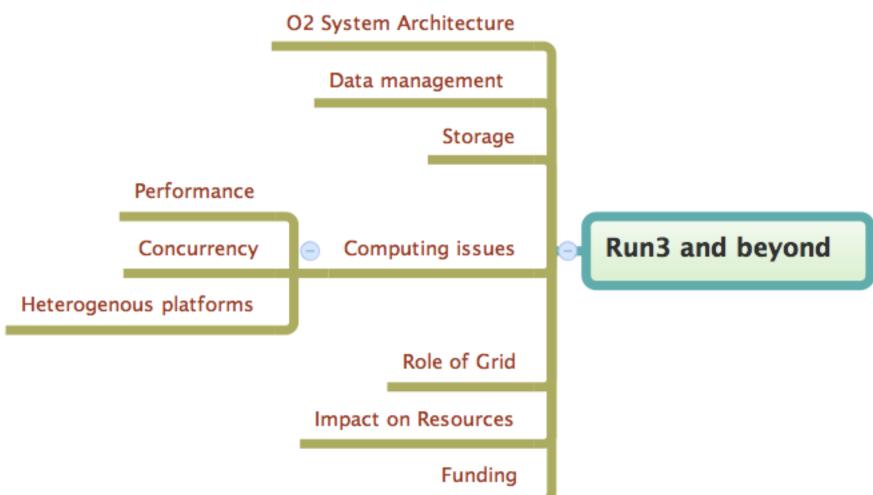
Exp sw

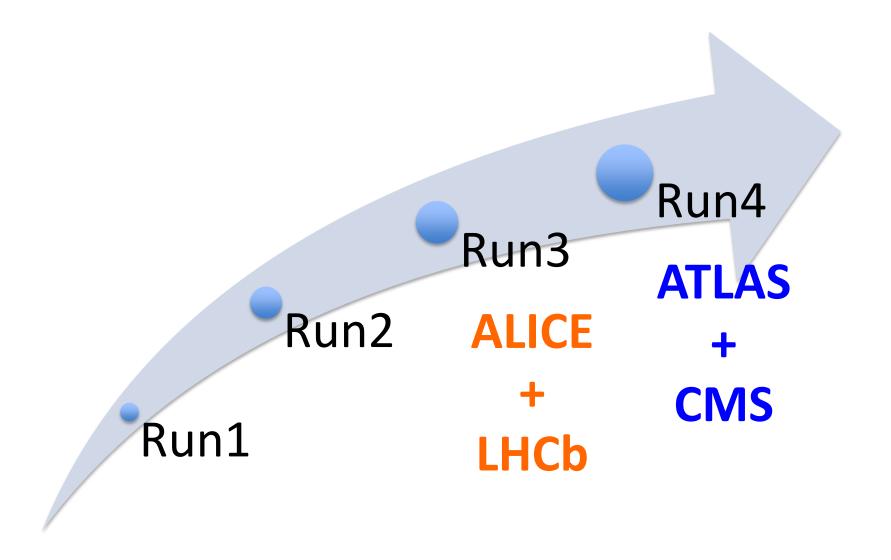
CVM online

authn/authz

- A cluster of original unmodified CernVM virtual machines
 - → all configured during contextualization
- Cluster context: one head node + scalable num. of workers
 - → available on http://cernvm-online.cern.ch
- Portability and usability
 - → both for users and system administrators
- One PROOF deployment for all LHC experiments





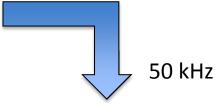


- CPU needs (per event) will grow with track multiplicity (pileup) and energy
- Storage needs are proportional to accumulated luminosity

ALICE @ Run 3







Online/Offline Facility



50 kHz (1.5 MB/event)

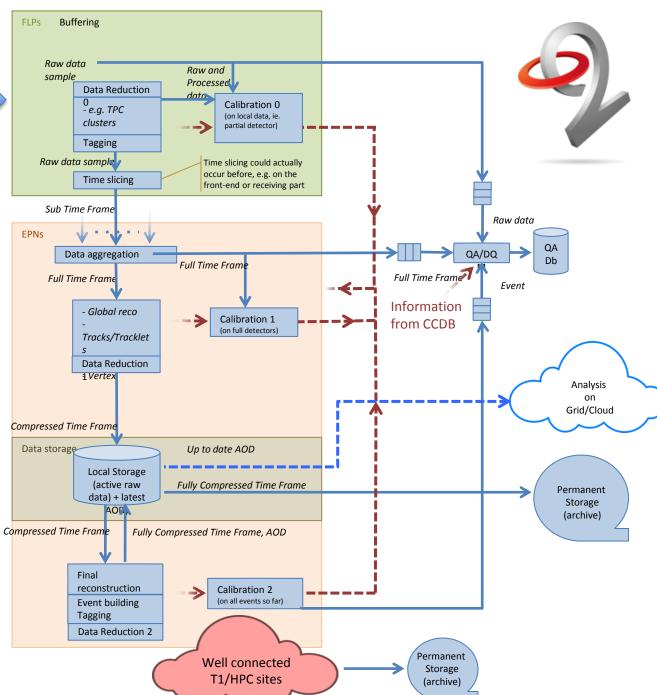
Storage

75 GB/s

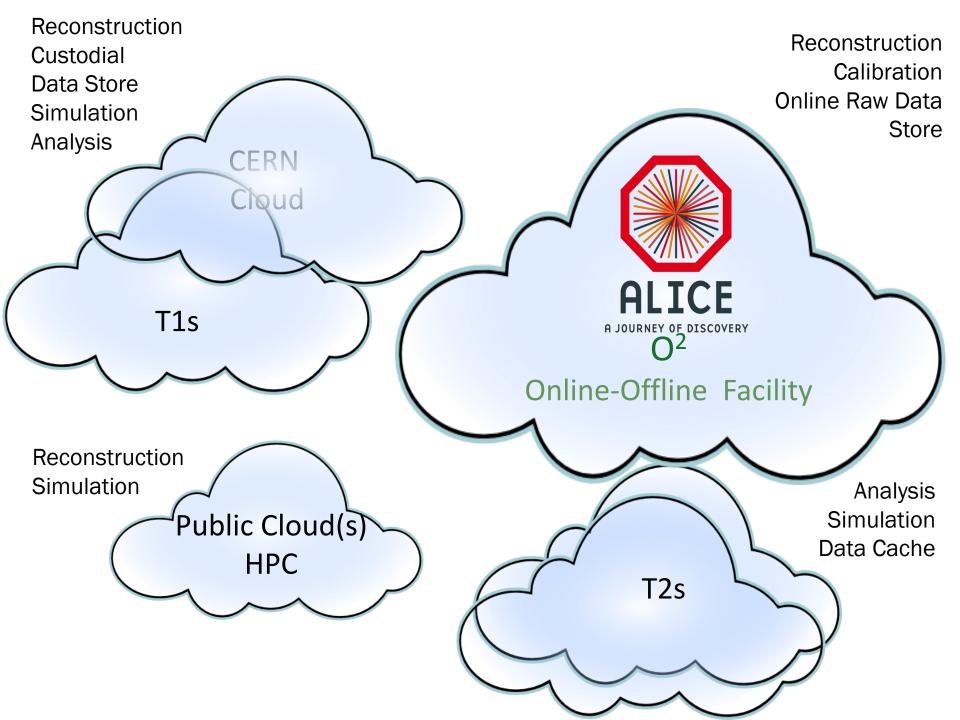


1 G2014

50 PB disk buffer



4 G2014



Simulation as a service

- Currently, simulation represents 70% of all our CPU time spent
- In general, we should try to reduce the simulation requests to absolute minimum
- Running simulation in the same way as any other job introduces many overheads
- Consider running simulation as a service
 - HPC resources to simulation data sources
 - Similar to raw data from experiment
 - The result only needs to be registered in a common name space and storage pool

From Grid to Cloud(s)



- In order to reduce complexity national or regional T1/T2 centers could transform themselves into Cloud regions
 - Providing IaaS and reliable data services with very good network between the sites, dedicated links to T0

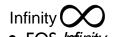
Goal: Reduce complexity

- Deal with handful of clouds/regions instead of individual sites
- Each cloud/region would provide reliable data management and sufficient processing capability
 - What gets created in a given cloud, stays in that cloud
- This could dramatically simplify scheduling and high level data management
- Again, data management is the key

CITRINE VST

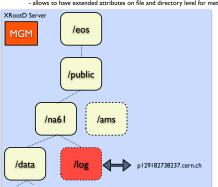


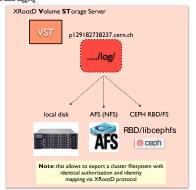




AFS-like attached volumes hosting data+meta data of a subtree

- small/many file use cases
- allows to attach any mountable FS tree into EOS namespace
- allows to have extended attributes on file and directory level for meta data tagging





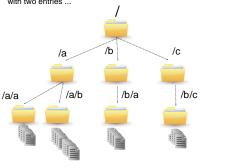
Diamond R&D

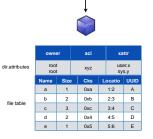
Wednesday, November 6, 13





- we can represent data in a hierarchical structure using directories and files and we don't need to group an infinite amount of files into a single directory
- · each file is a list entry with meta data in a directory
- each directory is represented as an object in an object store
- to circumvent central locking we can allow a conflict if two files get created with the same name and different contents and make it visible in the namespace like a conflict in DropBox with two entries ...





directory represented by object

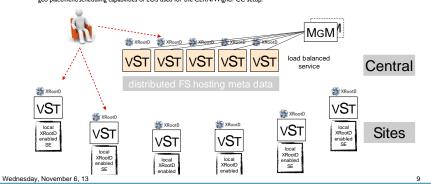
CITRINE VST



Unity

EOS Unity

Today's Federations provide a redundant functionality via a read-only overlay network. A complete storage federation should have also placement capabilities, honor replication policies and a global reliable namespace. We can use a group of VSTs to host the global logical namespace redirecting read and write requests to VSTs hosting a logical or physical namespace (sites). A site VST is just a redirection and report gateway to any regular XRootD enabled SE or a local EOS setup. For placement and file access we can extend the already existing geo placement/scheduling capabilities of EOS used for the CERN/Wigner CC setup.

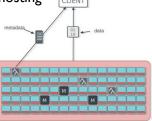


Diamond R&D Scalable Object Store/Namespace using CEPH





- @ceph is an open source implementation of an object store providing features like dynamic resizing, self-healing, guaranteed consistency, low read latency, async object IO, extended attributes + key-value map per object, object notifications
- IT-DSS provides now a @ceph (rados) object store service with I PB capacity [x3] (~50 nodes) initially for VM hosting



Wednesday, November 6, 13

EOS+

- EOS is already tested to the scale required for O2 internal buffer some extras might be needed
 - Media aware caching (SSD, fast disk, shingled disk...)
 - Sophisticated disk pool monitoring, visualization
- Scalable global name space
 - Replacement for file catalog
- Storage federation
- Integration of foreign file systems for specific purposes
- More in talk by Andreas Peters



Summary

- Run1 operations
 - Gearing up for QM2014 followed by already delayed data re-processing with improved software chain
- Run2 preparations
 - Focusing on improving calibration procedures and software performance
- Run3 activities
 - Work on AliRoot 6 has started, collaboration between ALICE and FAIR
- Lots of challenges and potentially interesting computing related research projects
 - Storage, data management, O2 facility...
- Existing manpower is already overcommitted
 - Trying to mobilize the collaboration to provide extra manpower to carry out various computing related tasks