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For the ALICE Collaboration



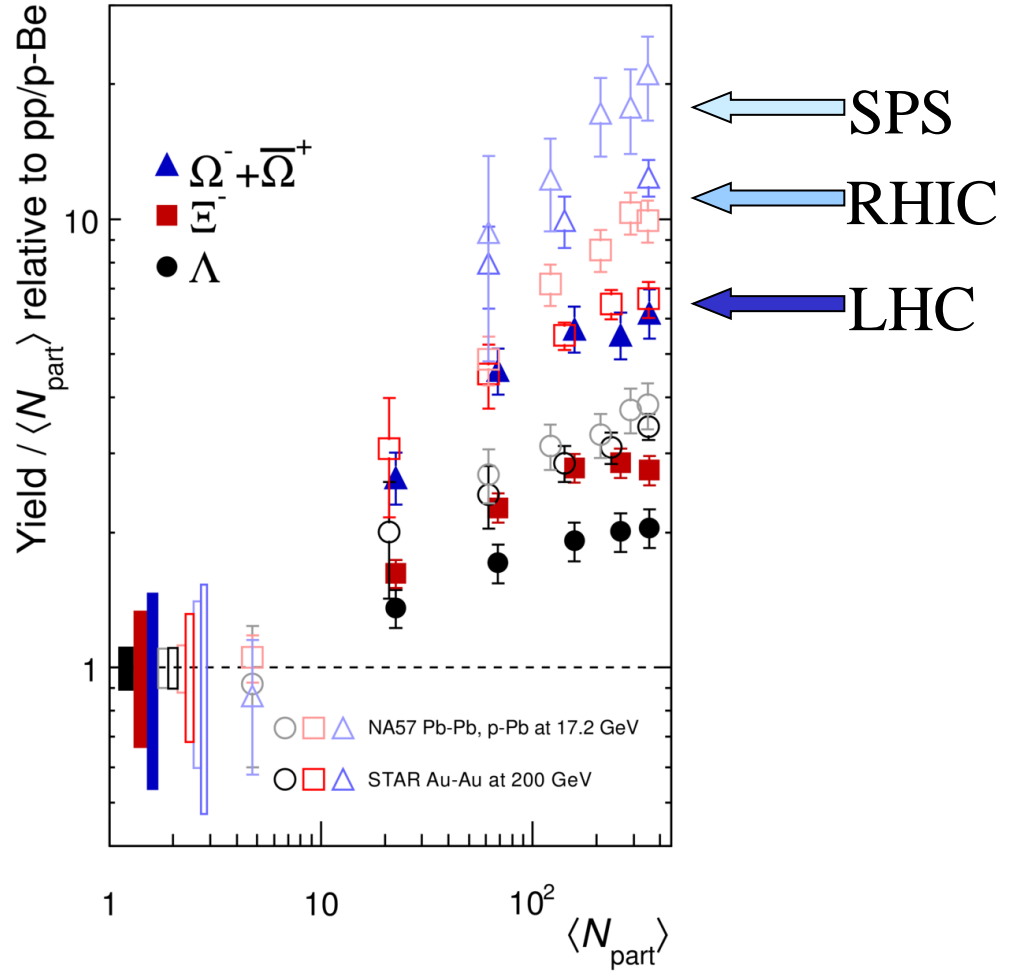
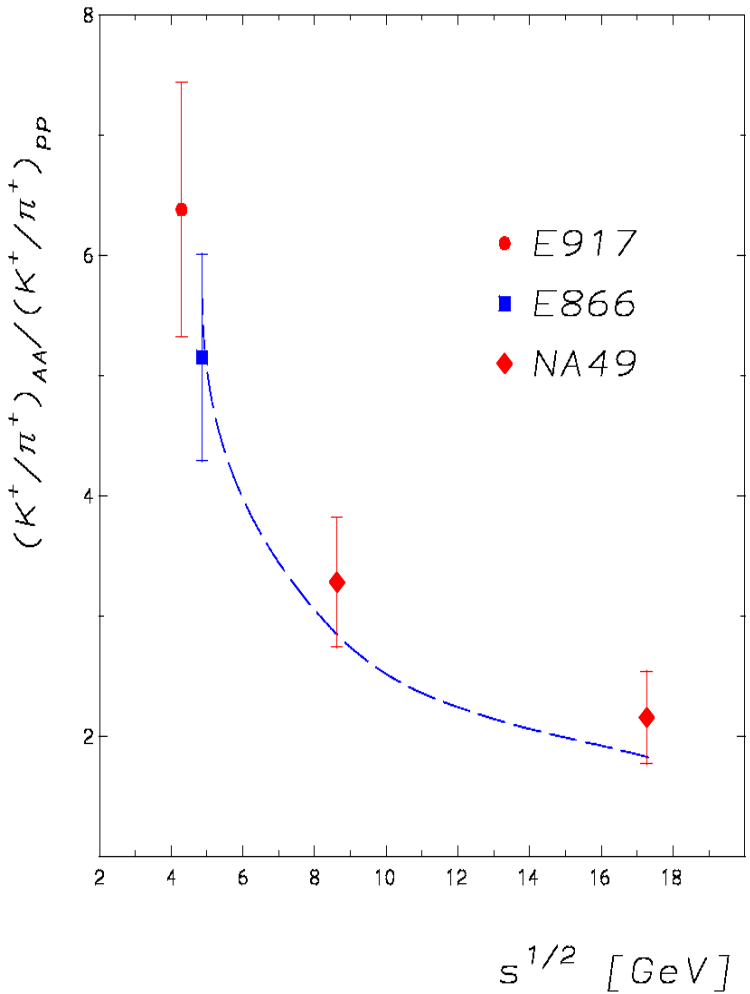
ALICE

WWND-2014, April 7th, 2014

Outline

- **Strangeness enhancement at LHC**
- **Comparison pp and heavy-ion collisions**
- **Chemical and kinetic freeze out vs. \sqrt{s}**
- **Do d, ^3He and hypertritons fit in a thermal picture?**
- **Baryon-meson ratios: quark recombination or ?**
- **D_s vs. D mesons, are u, d, s „thermal“ when c is present?**

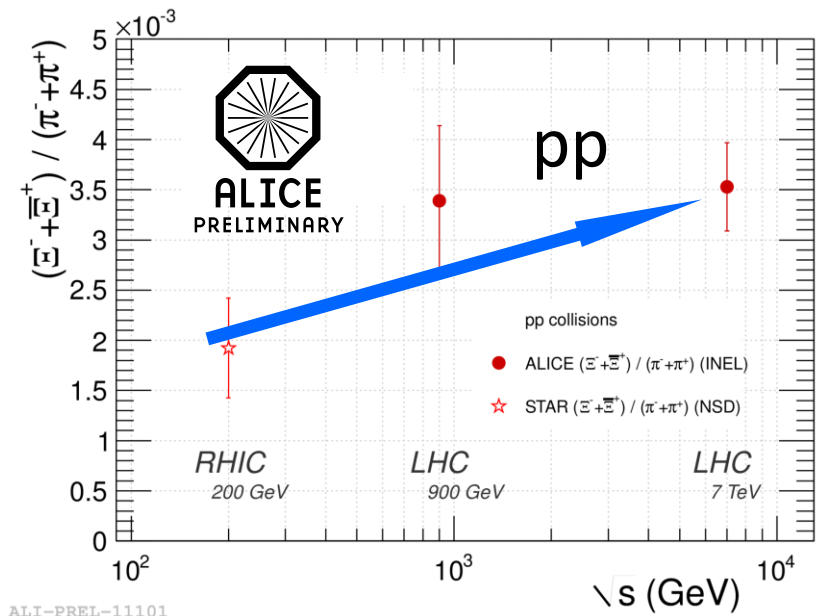
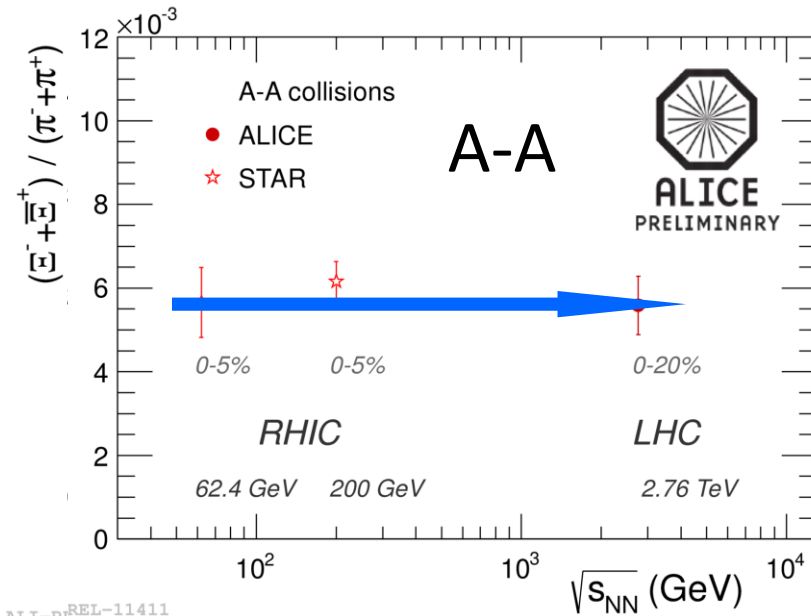
Strangeness Enhancement PL B728 (2014) 216



ALI-DER-57382

What causes the decrease? An increase in pp or a decrease in Pb-Pb

Strangeness in pp and Pb-Pb



In HIC, the ratio Ξ/π remains constant, while in pp it rises!

Enhancement well explained by thermal model!

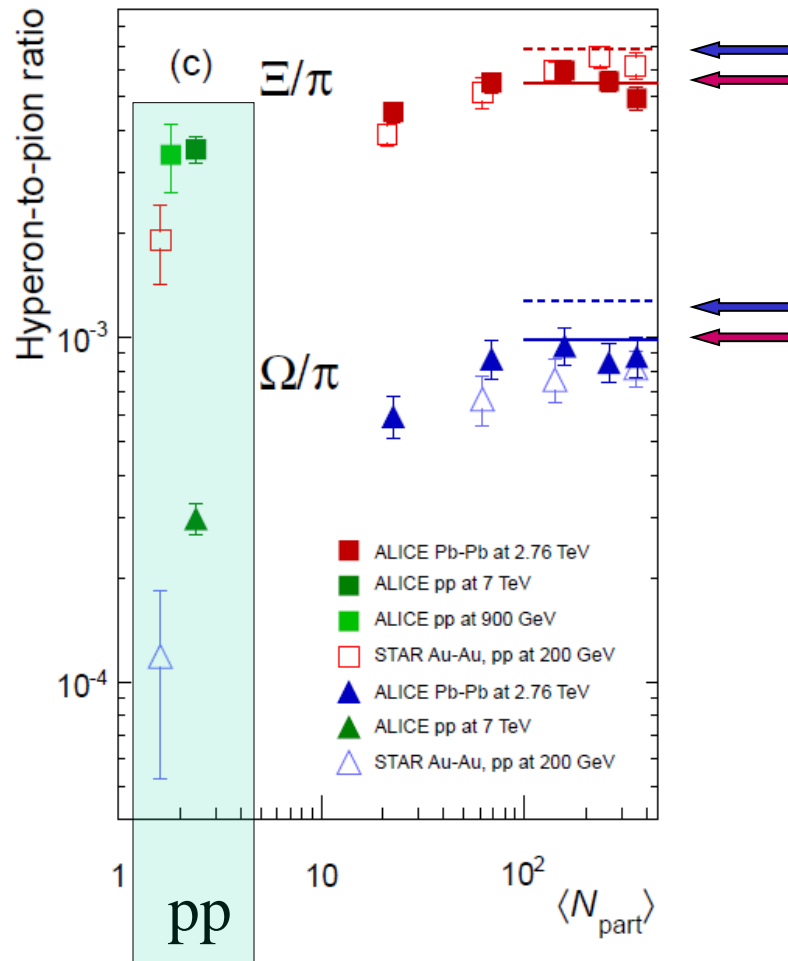
No sign for QGP per se!

Centrality Dependence of Multistrange

ALICE Coll.

PL B728 (2014)

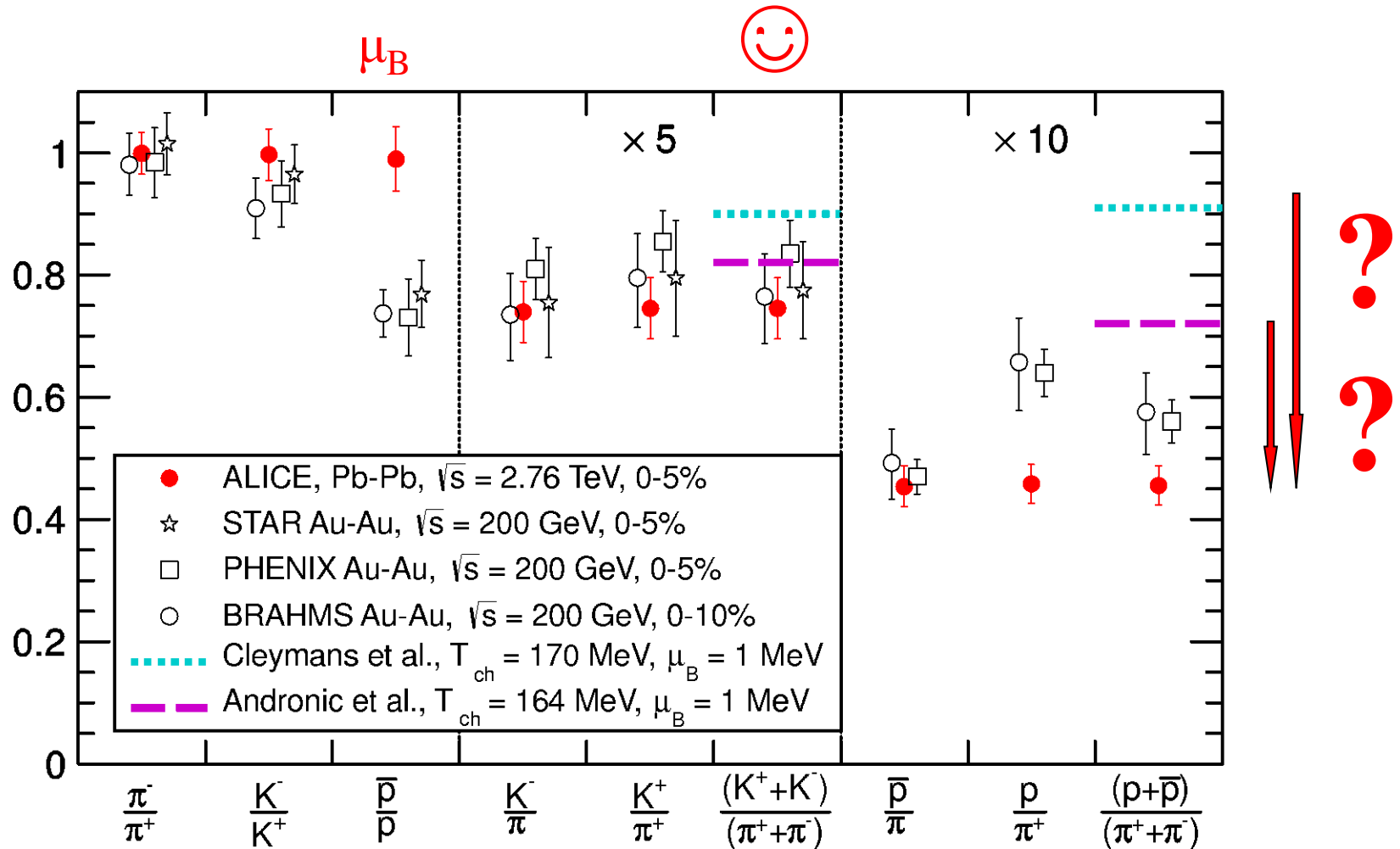
216



Predictions with
 $T = 170$ MeV
(J. Cleymans et al.)

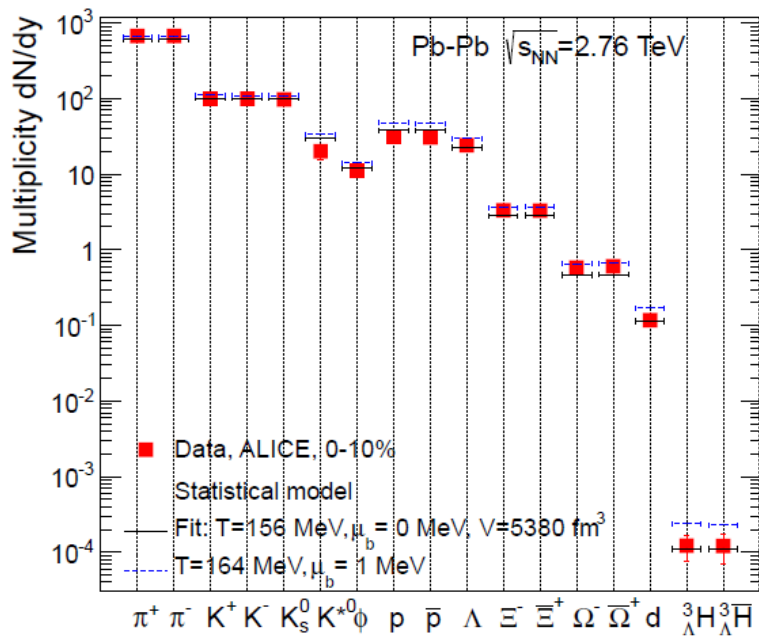
$T = 164$ MeV
(A. Andronic et al.)

Particle ratios at LHC

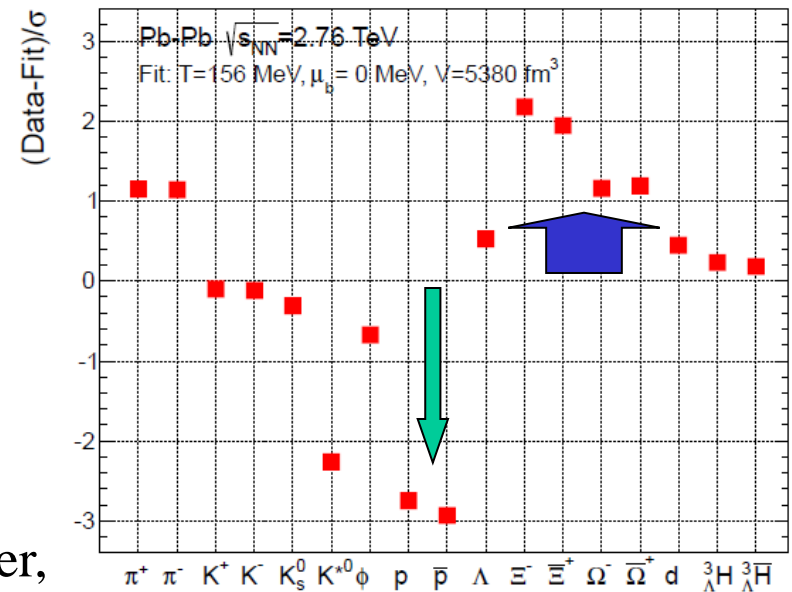


ALICE Coll., Phys. Rev. Lett. 109, 252301 (2012)

Central Pb-Pb Collisions at the LHC



The χ^2 is reasonable, yet distinct deviations!

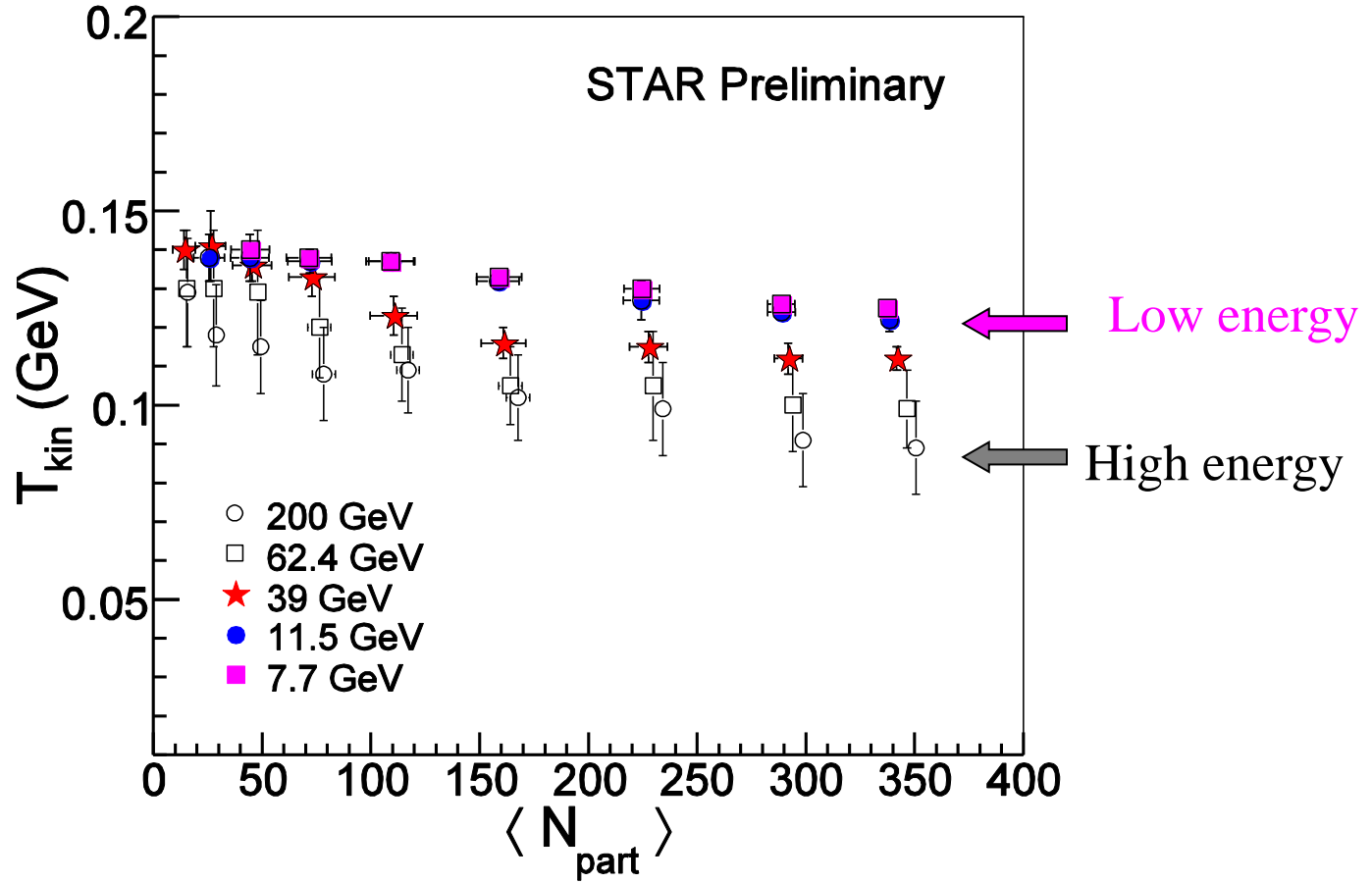


J. Stachel, A. Andronic, P. Braun-munzinger,
SQM2013, arXiv: 1311.4662

Thermal fits in central Pb-Pb

- General description, okay, $T = 156 \text{ MeV}$
- Significant deviation for p ($T \approx 140 \text{ MeV}$)
- (multi-)strange baryons correspond more to $T = 165 \text{ MeV}$
- Annihilation of p pbar between chemical and kinetic freeze out? Sound reasonable, but
- Two freeze-out temperatures, one for u,d and one for s?

Kinetic freeze out – STAR BES



At LHC?

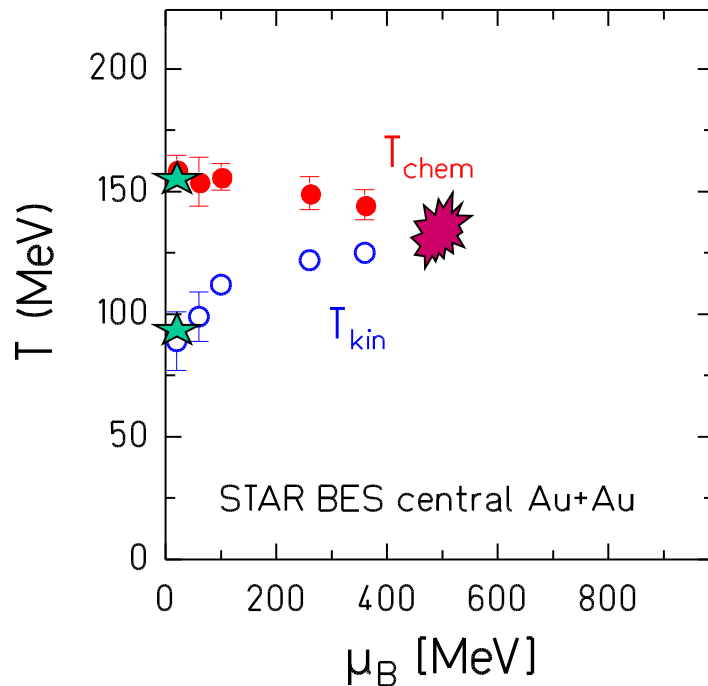
In central Pb-Pb:

$$T_{\text{chem}} = 156 \text{ MeV (?)}$$

$$T_{\text{kin}} = 95 \pm 10 \text{ MeV}$$

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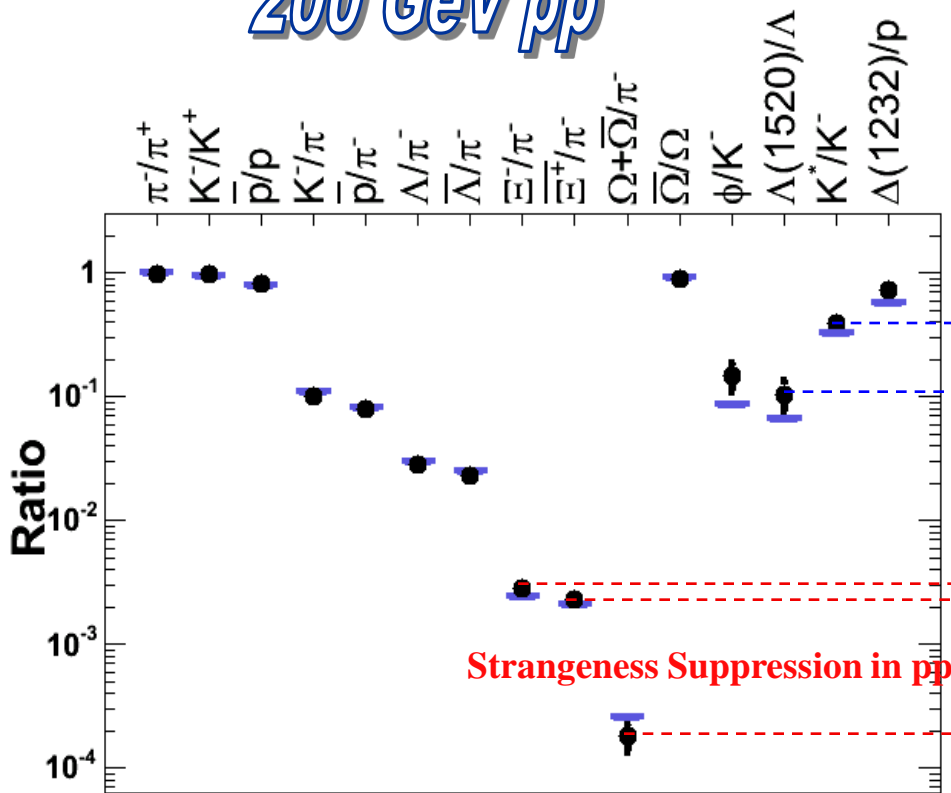
Phys. Rev. Lett. 109,
252301 (2012)



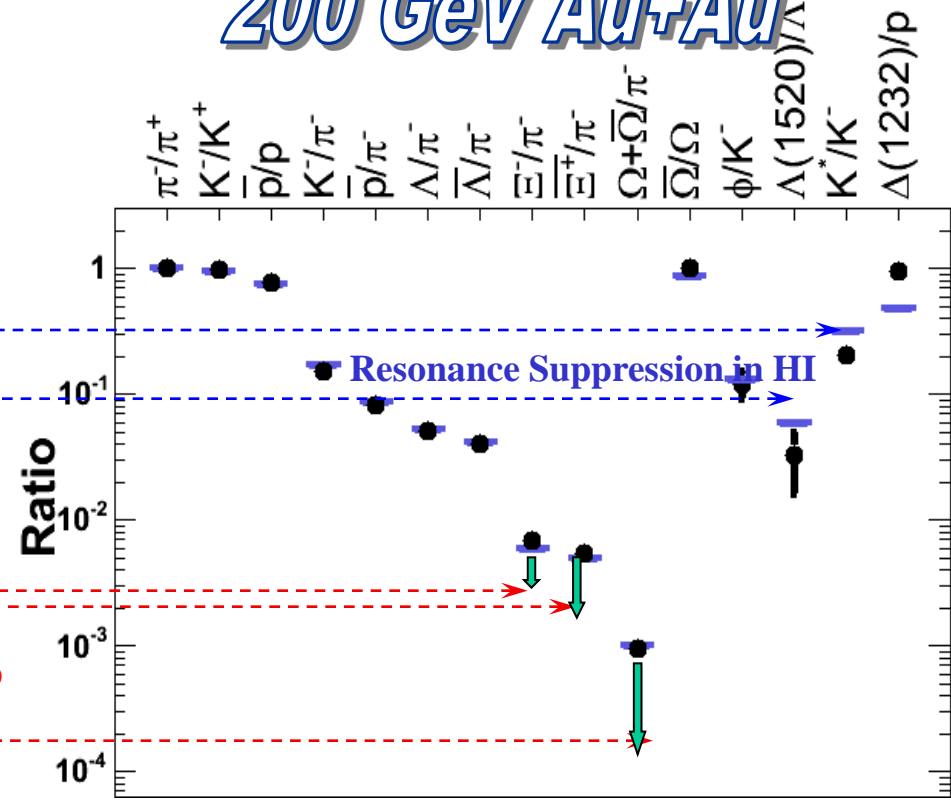
Long phase between chem. and kin. freeze out!!!

Difference between pp and HI Collisions

200 GeV pp



200 GeV Au+Au



- In *pp* particle ratios are well described using **canonical** description
- In *Au+Au* only stable particle ratios are well described

Canonical Approach

Pion density

$$n(\pi) = \exp(-E_\pi/T)$$

Strangeness is conserved!

Kaon density

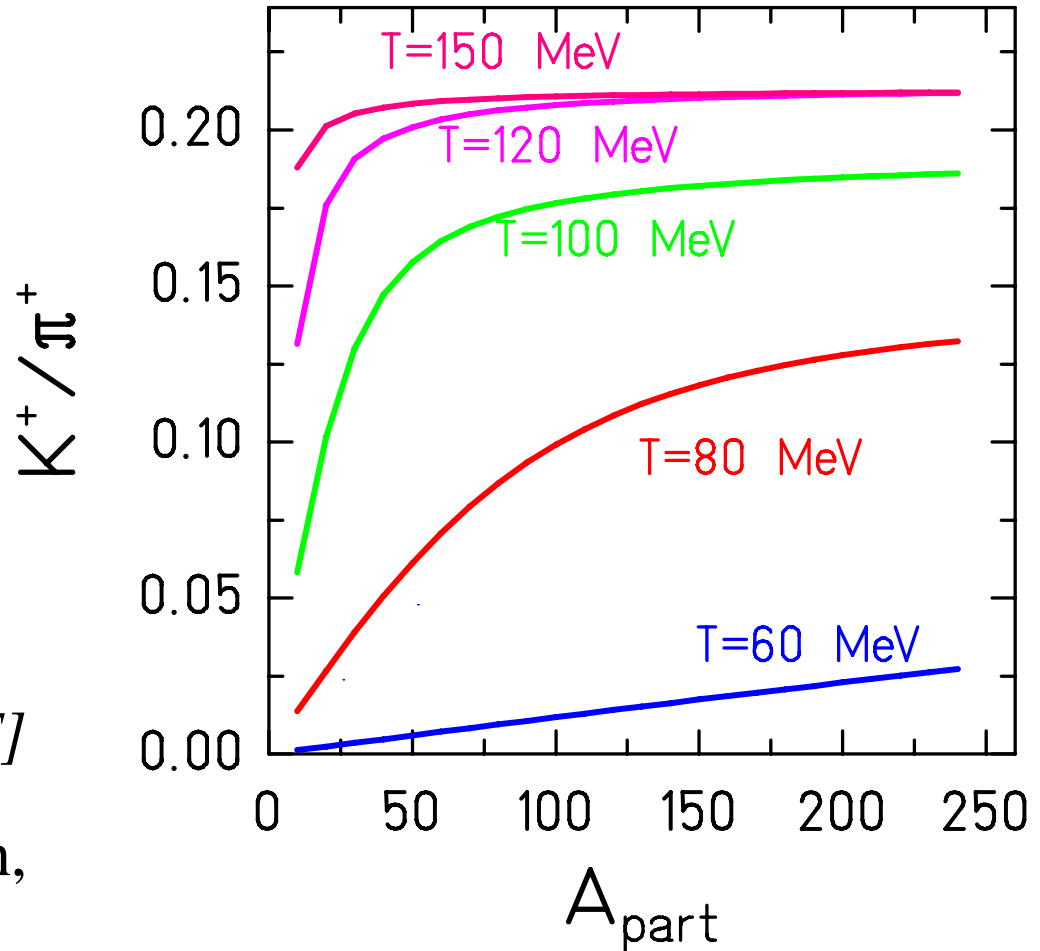


$$n(K) = \exp(-E_K/T)$$

$$[g \mathbf{V} \int \dots \exp[-(E_A - \mu_B)/T]$$

J. Cleymans, HO, K. Redlich,

PRC 60 (1999)



Equations in the model are different!

Testing Canonical Suppression at LHC

Calculated ratio:
can./grand can.

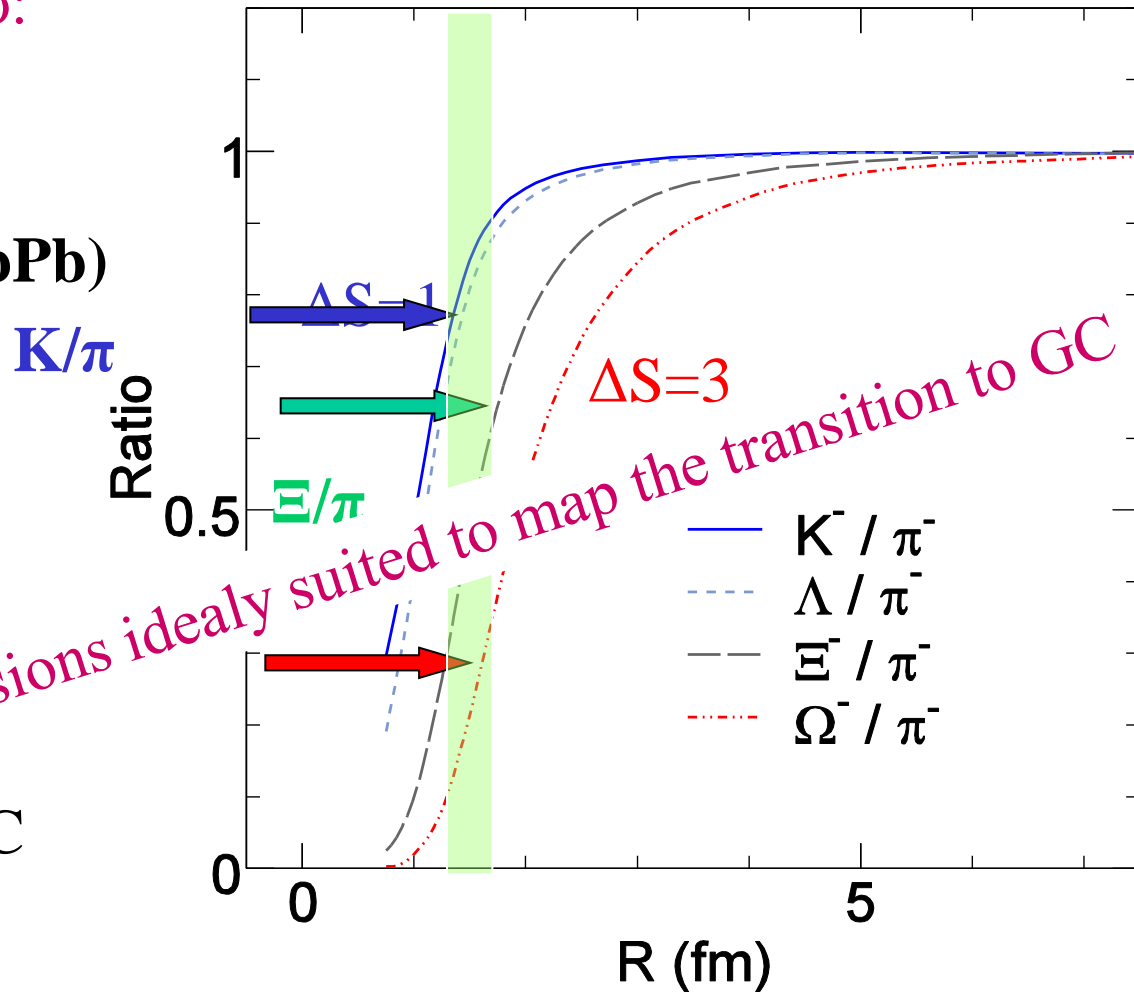
Measured ratio:
ratio(pp)/ratio(PbPb)

Example:

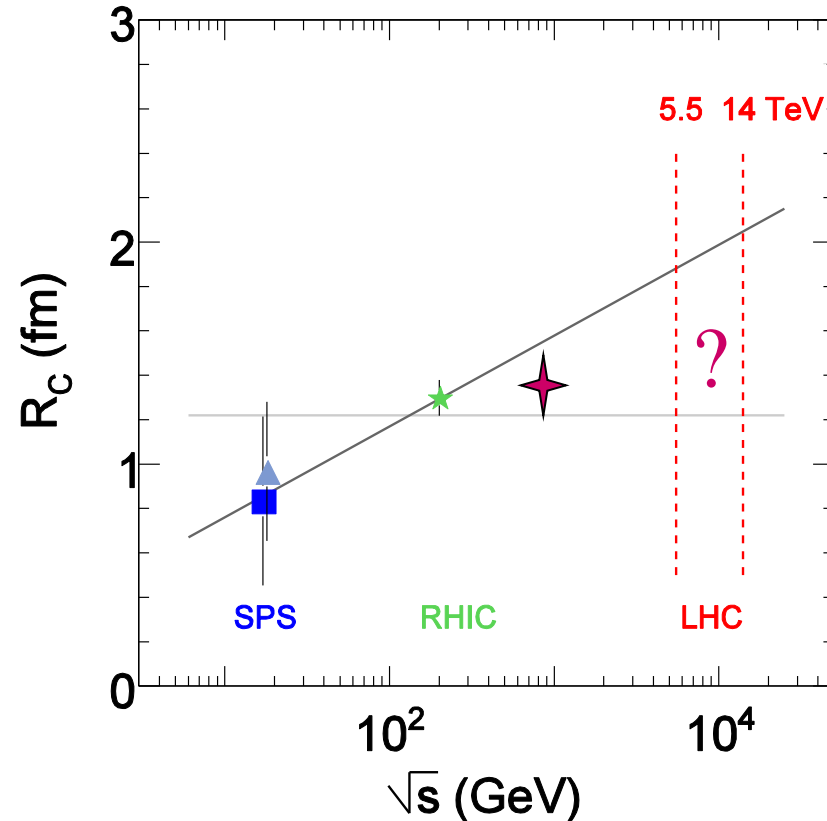
$T = 170 \text{ MeV}$

$\mu_B = \dots$

Values for LHC



Correlation Radii at LHC

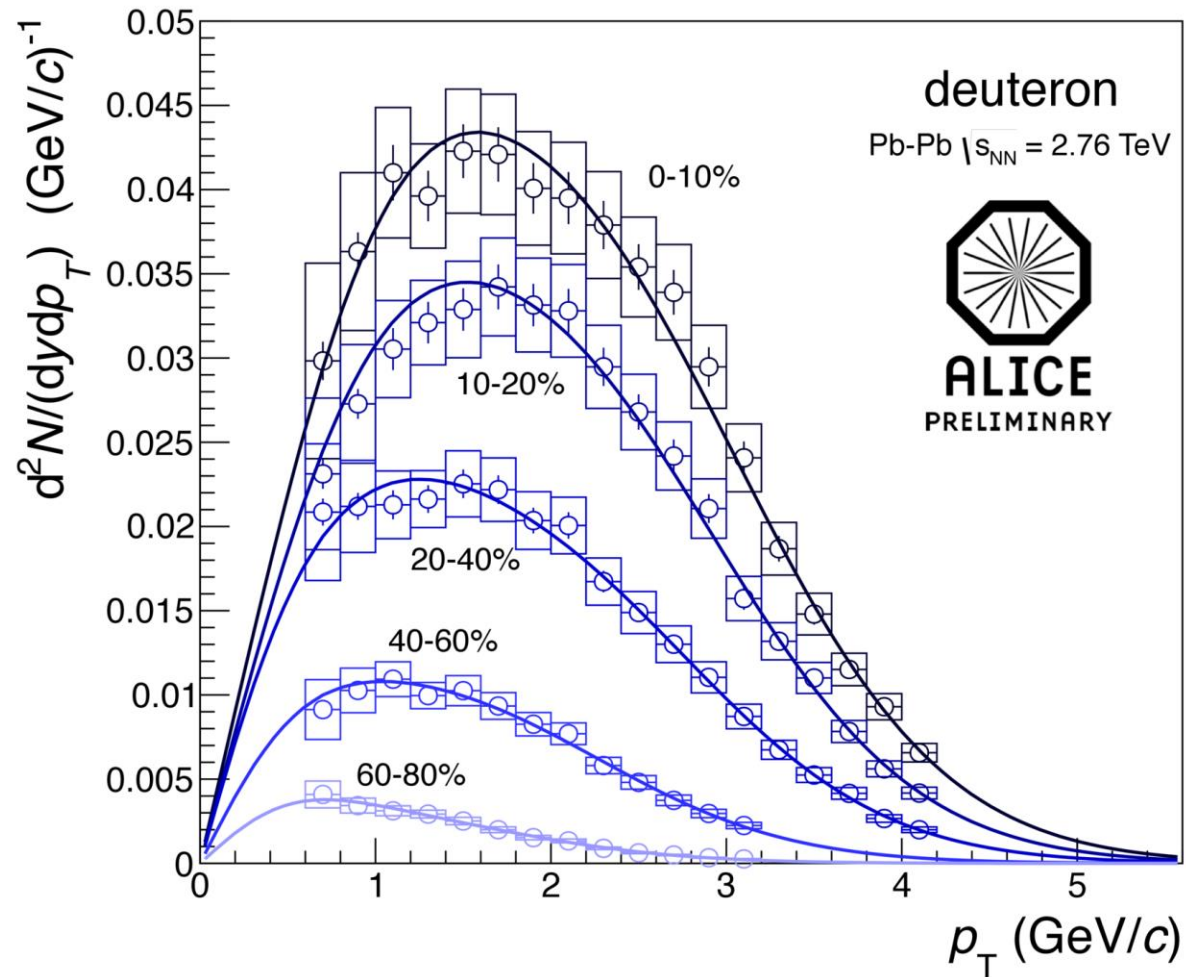


pp 900 GeV thermal fit: arXiv:1102.2745

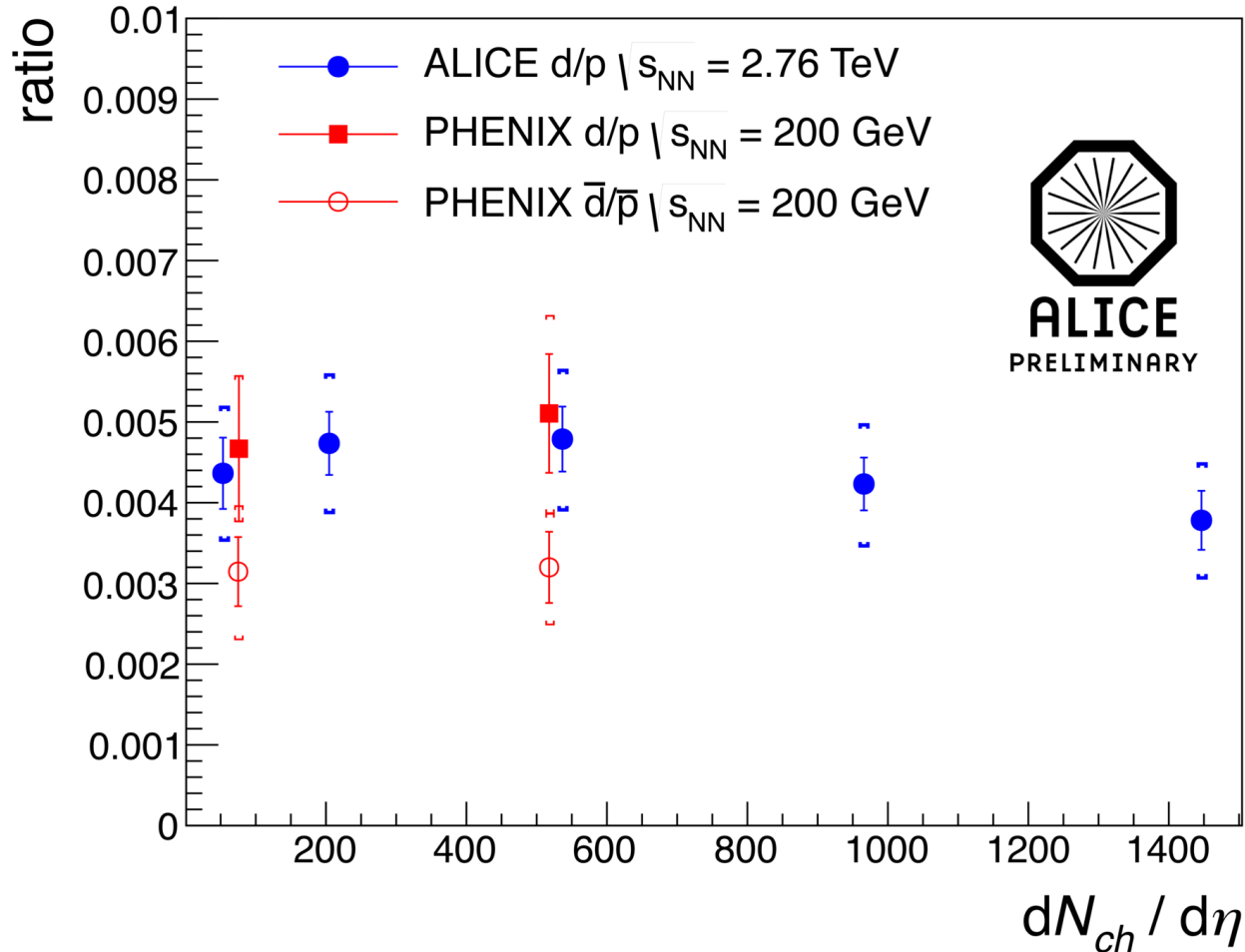
Next: high-multiplicity events in pp 7 TeV !!!???

Will pp collisions approach Grand canonical limit, i.e. HIC

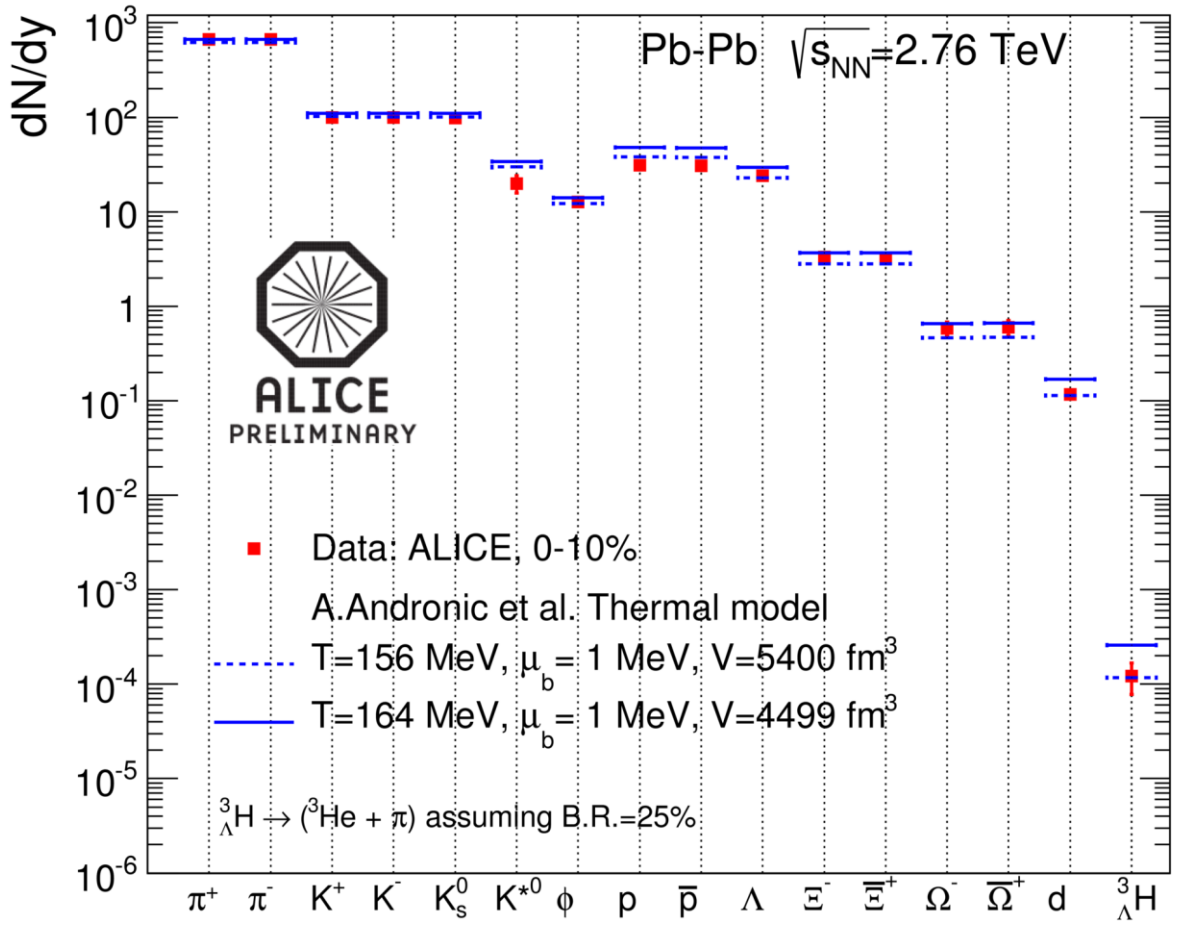
Measurement of (anti-)nuclei



Does the d/p ratio vary with centrality?



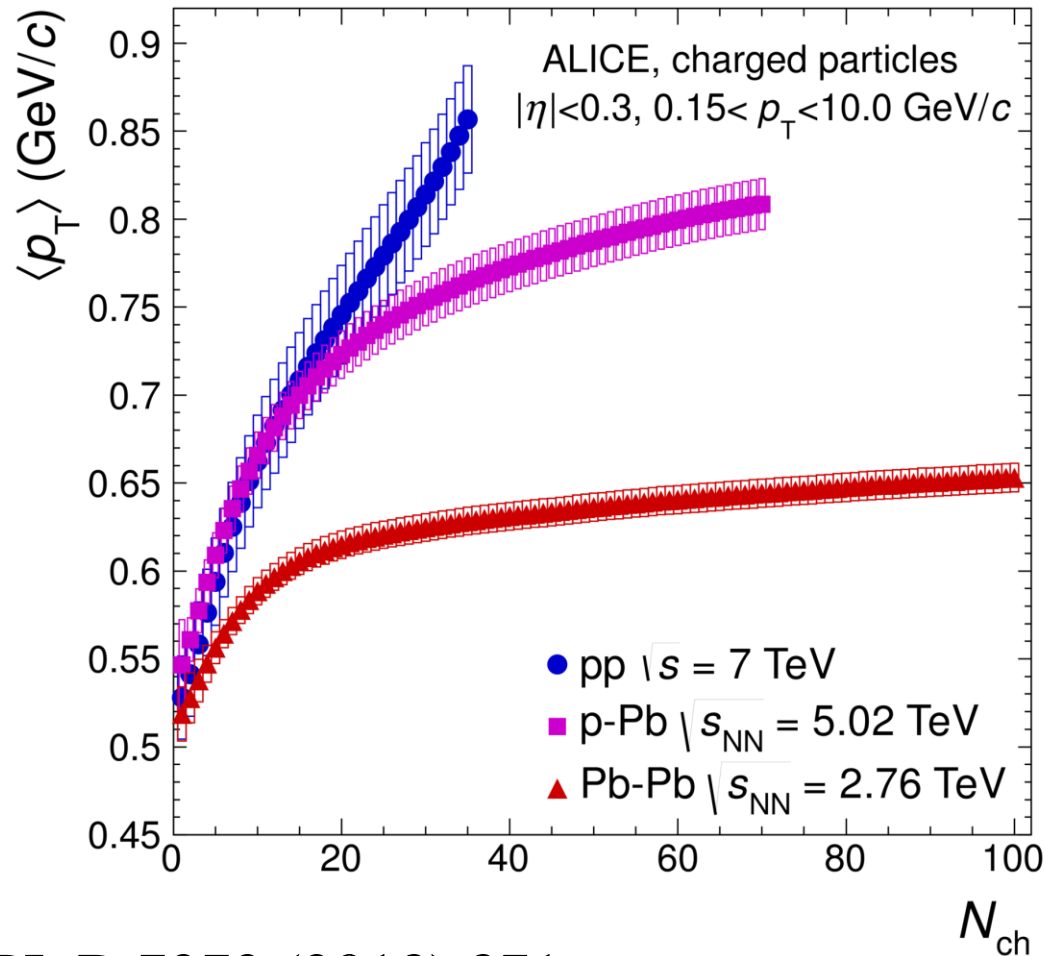
Do hypertritons fit in a thermal picture?



ALI-PREL-59772

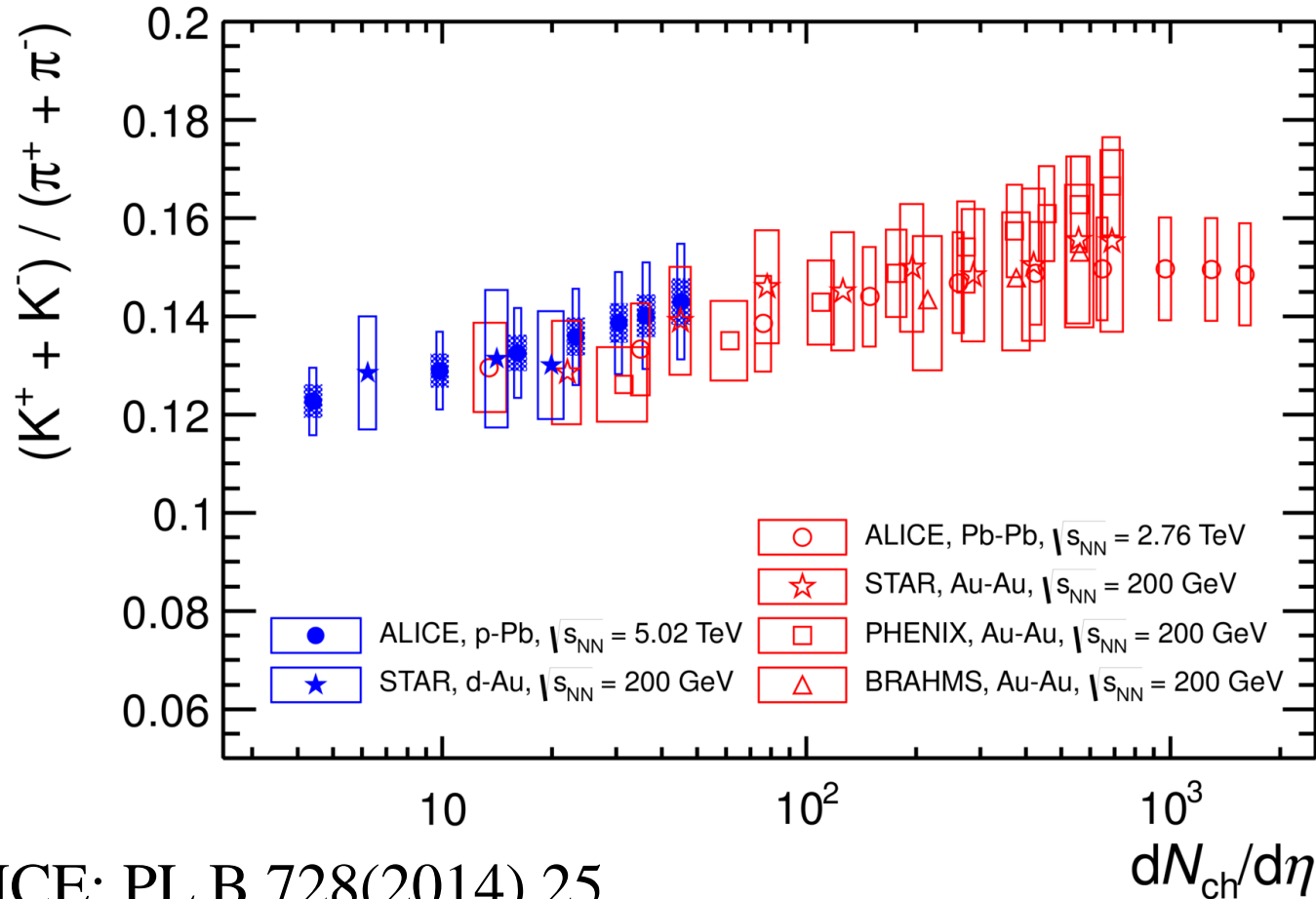
(B.R.=25%)

What can be learnt from a comparison pp, p-Pb and Pb-Pb?



ALICE: PL B 7272 (2013) 371

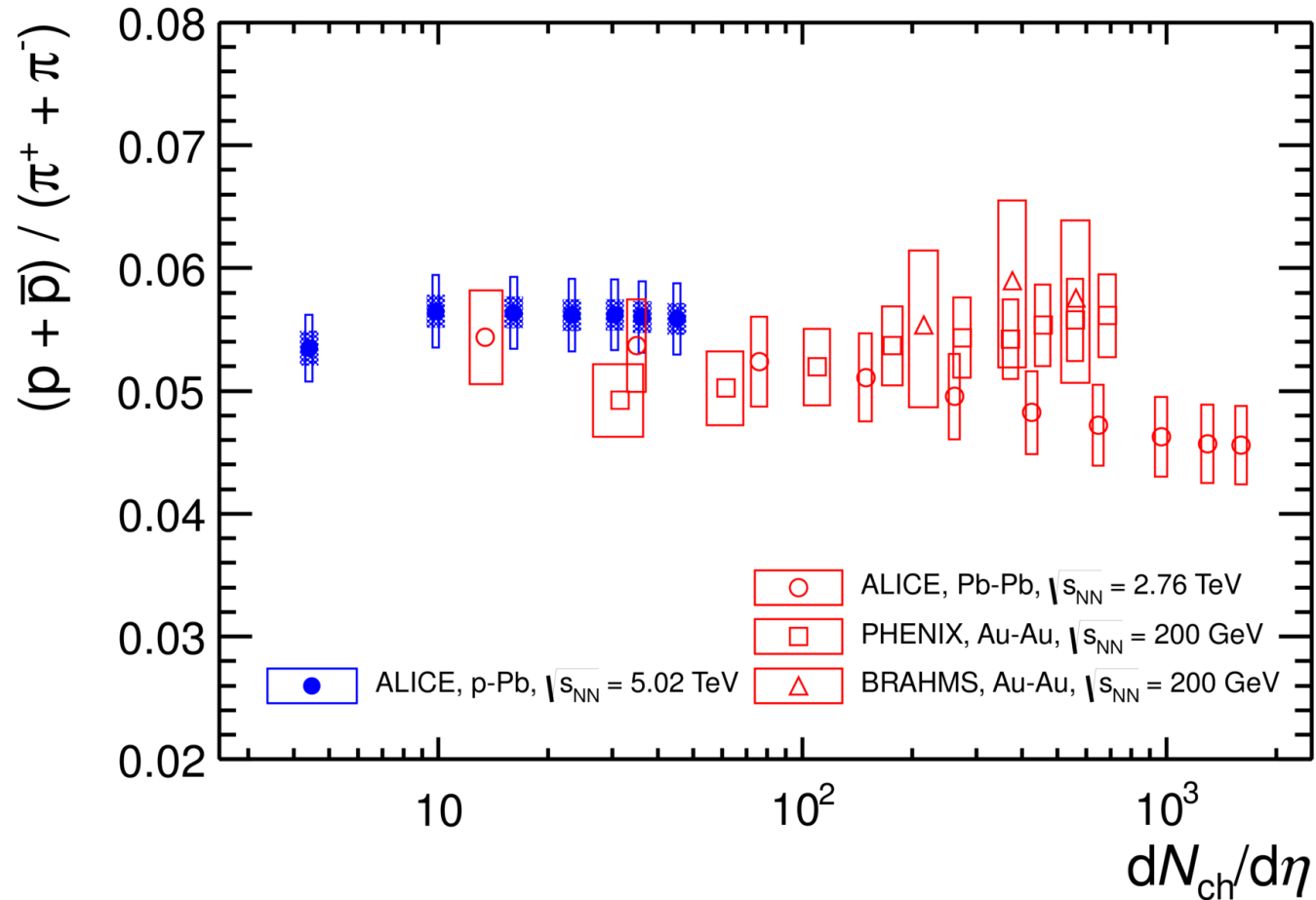
Centrality Dependence



ALICE: PL B 728(2014) 25

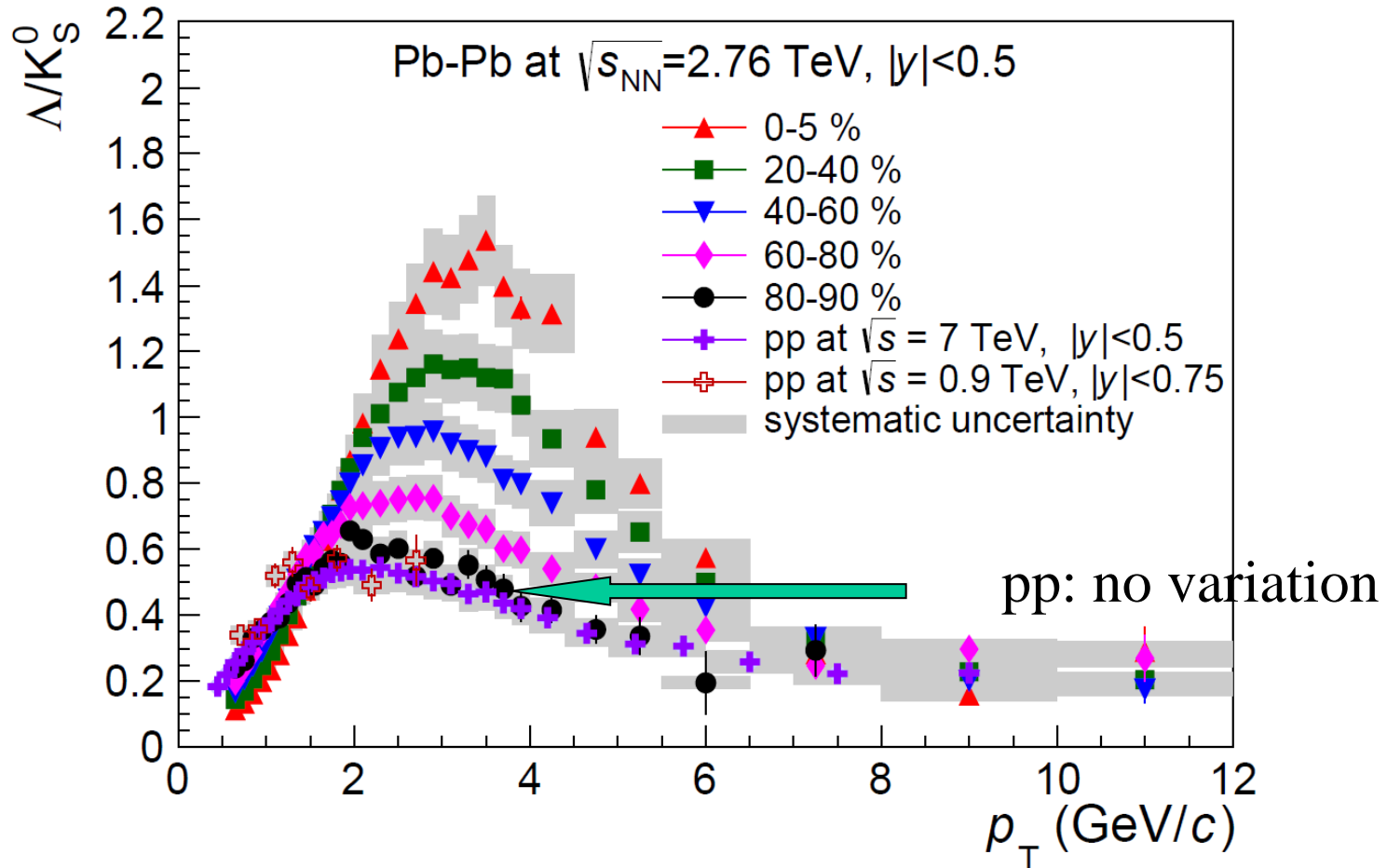
Influence of canonical suppression 19

Centrality Dependence



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Baryon-meson ratio



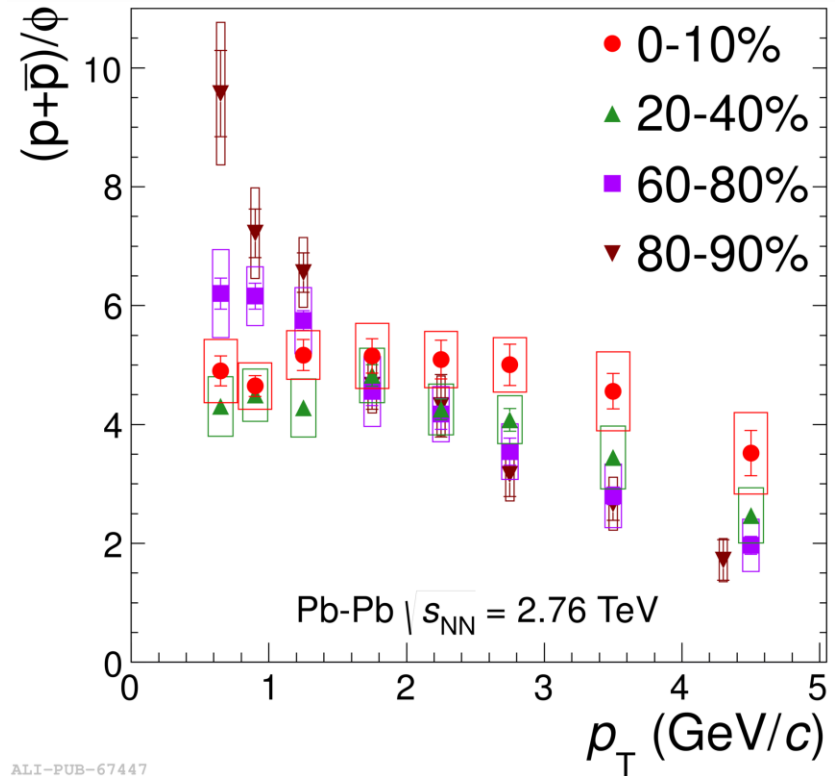
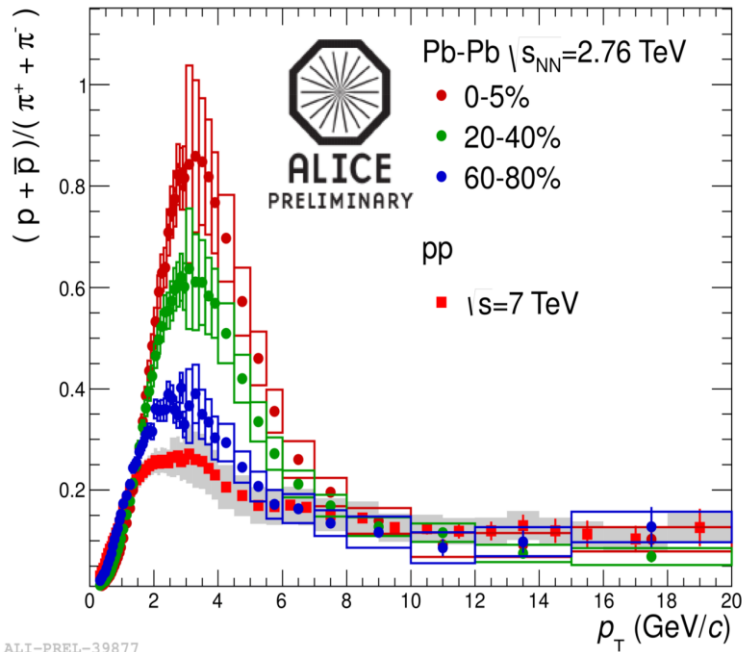
ALICE PRL 111 (2013) 222301 similar STAR: PRL 108(2012)

Speculation: recombination of two/three quark

Other Particle Ratios

arXiv: 1404.0495

Similar: arXiv:1401.1250



**p and π , large mass difference,
pronounced peak!**

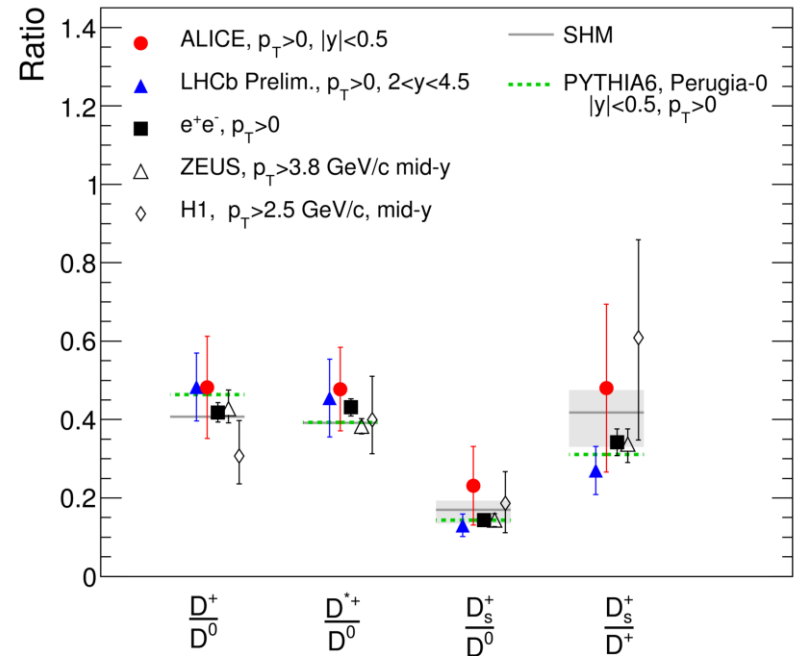
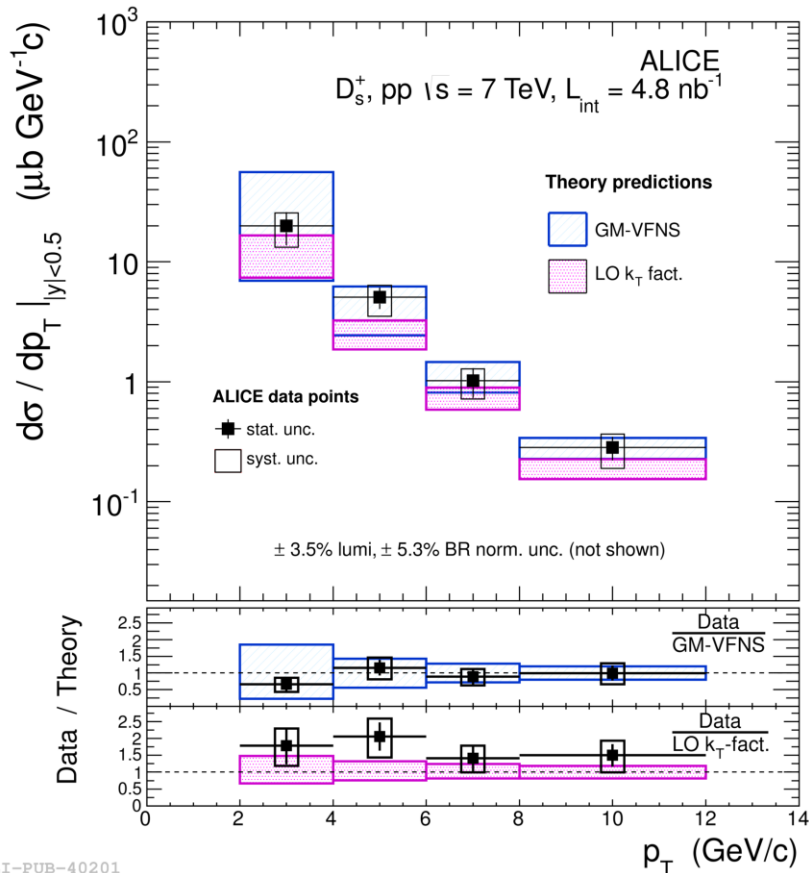
**ϕ and p, same mass,
flat for central collisions!**

Strong argument against quark coalescence! What about v_2 ? 22

Distribution of s, u and d quarks when c quarks present?

Ratio D_s/D^0

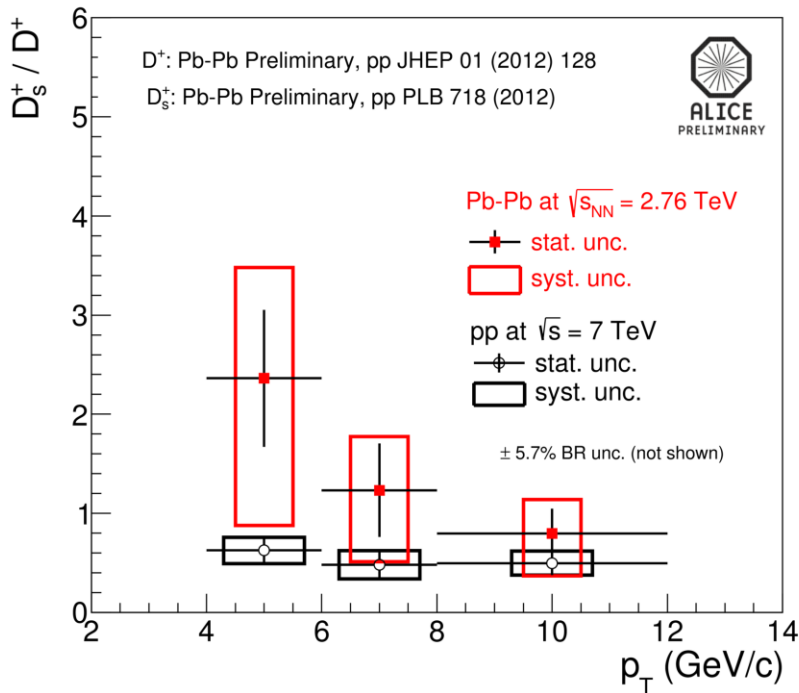
pp 7 TeV



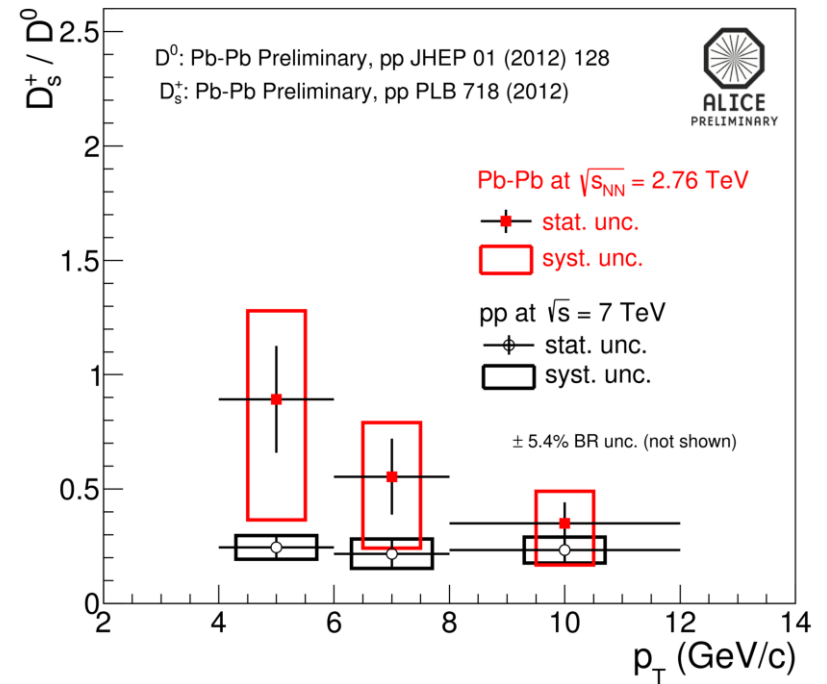
ALI-PUB-40215

ALICE PL B 718 (2012) 279

In Pb-Pb collisions

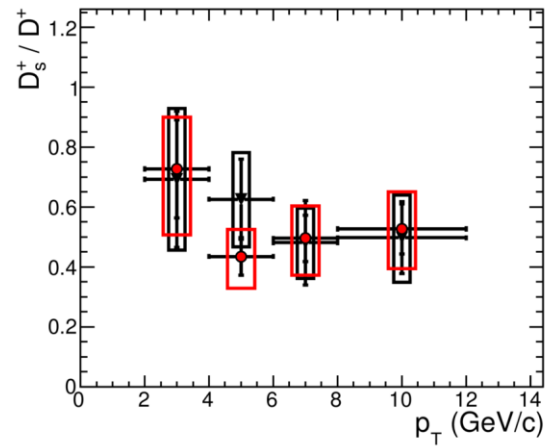
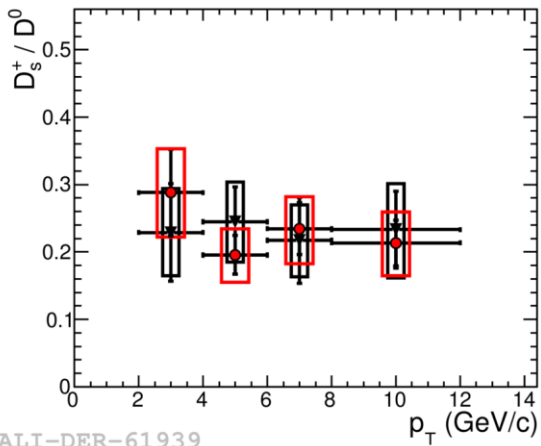
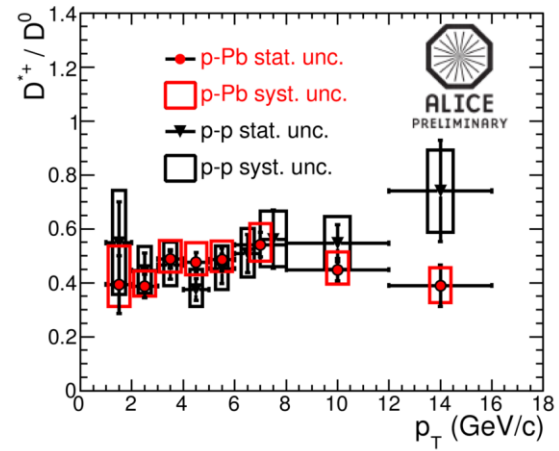
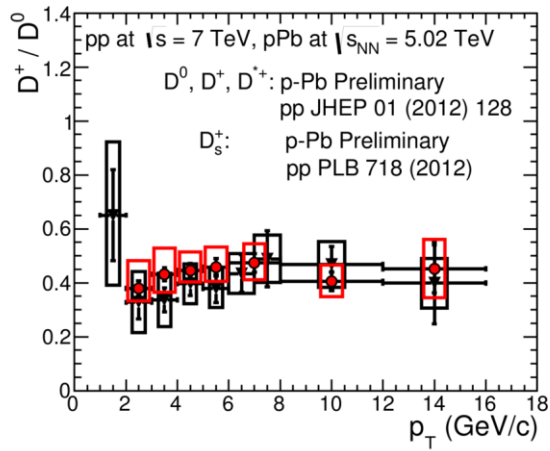


ALI-DER-44042



ALI-DER-44038

In p-Pb collisions



ALI-DER-61939

Review of strangeness

- Strangeness enhancement decreases with \sqrt{s} . Understood as disappearance of the canonical suppression in pp
- Particle ratios: okay, but deviations. What do we learn from these deviations?
- Also d, ^3He ratios are well described by statistical models. And what about coalescence?
- Meson-baryon anomaly: No anomaly \rightarrow radial flow
- Ratio D_s vs. D mesons, statistical equilibrium of u, d, s also when c present, but not of c with u, d, s, ????

Many thanks!

Predictions for LHC

Prediction for heavy ions:

Grand can. (blue)

I. Kraus et al.,

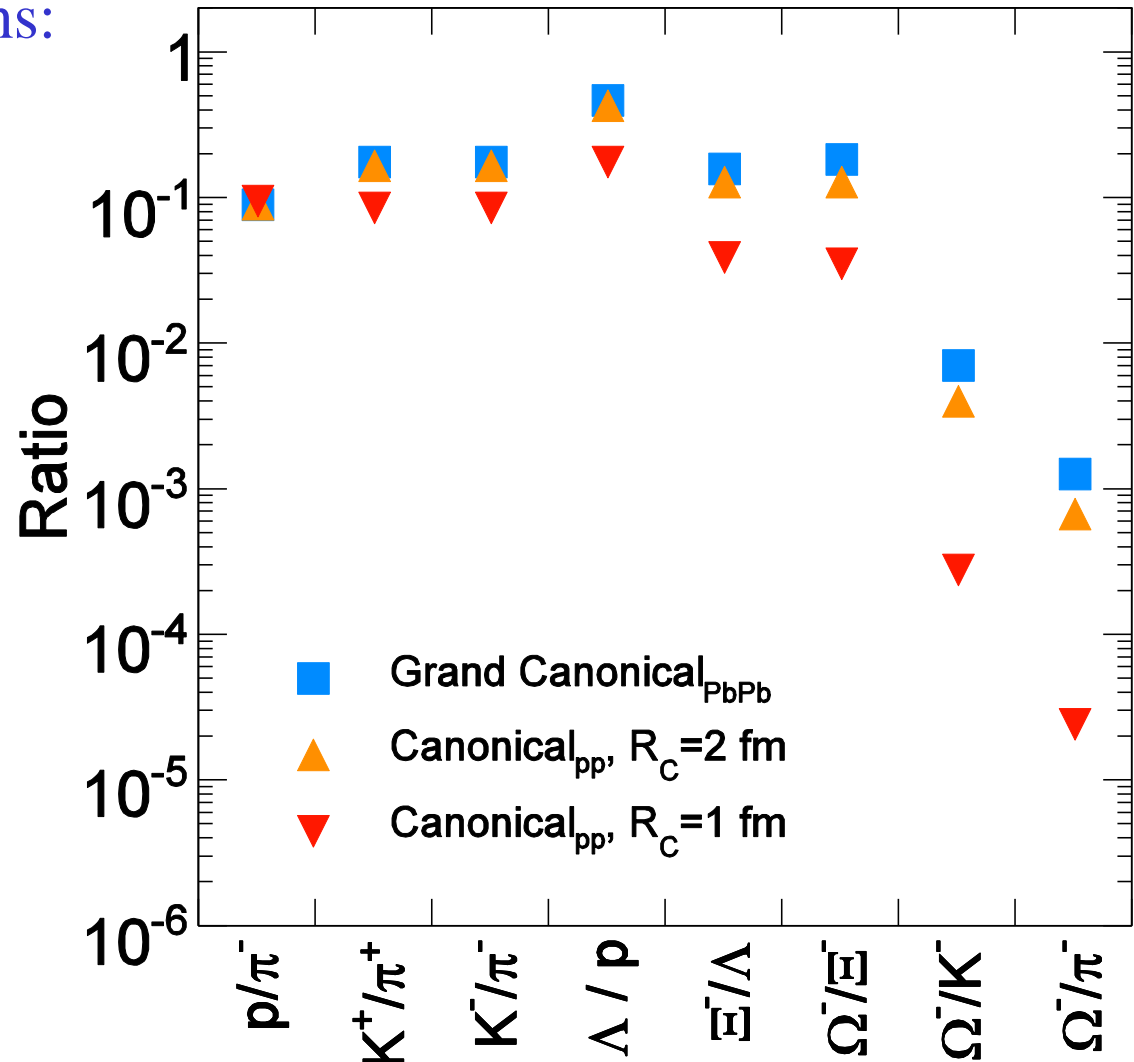
PRC 74 (2007)

For pp collisions:

Canonical (yellow and red)

I. Kraus et al.,

PRC 79(2009)

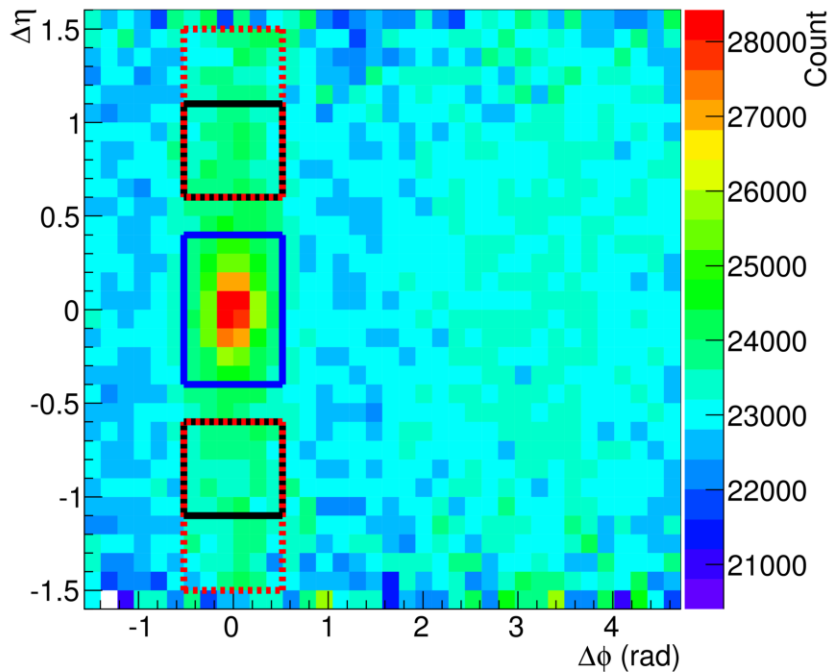


Particle Composition in Jets



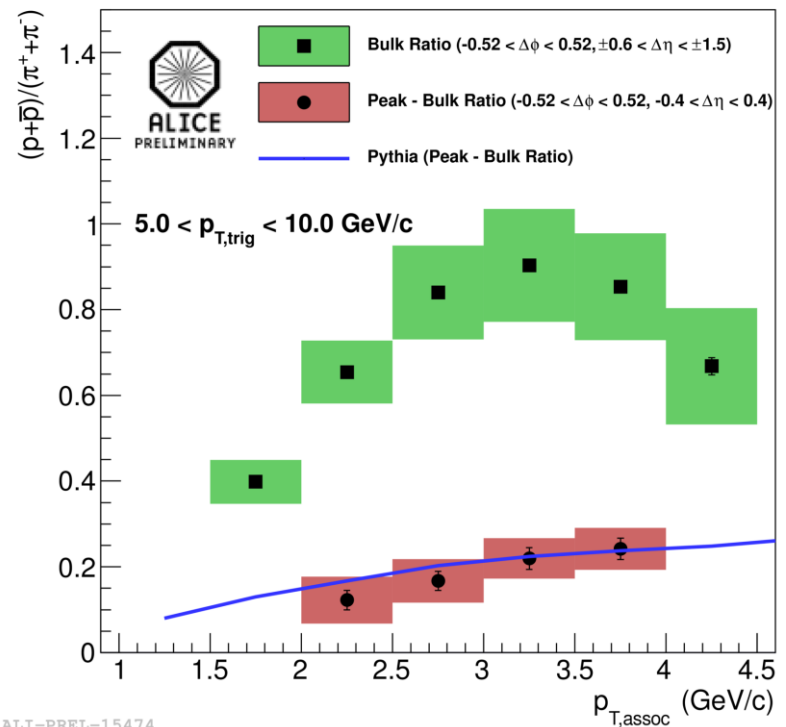
Pb-Pb, $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 2.76\text{TeV}$
 0-10% central
 $2.0 < p_T < 2.5\text{ GeV}/c$, $|\eta| < 0.8$

— Peak
 — Bulk I
 ... Bulk II



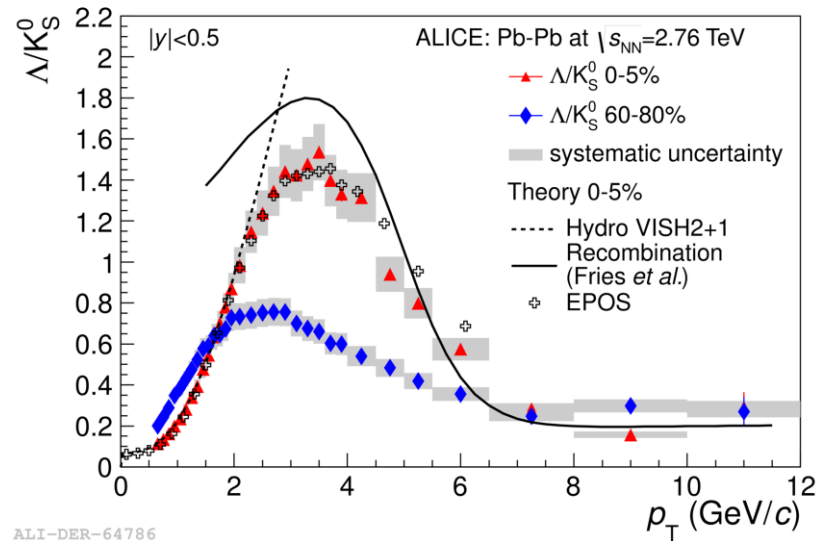
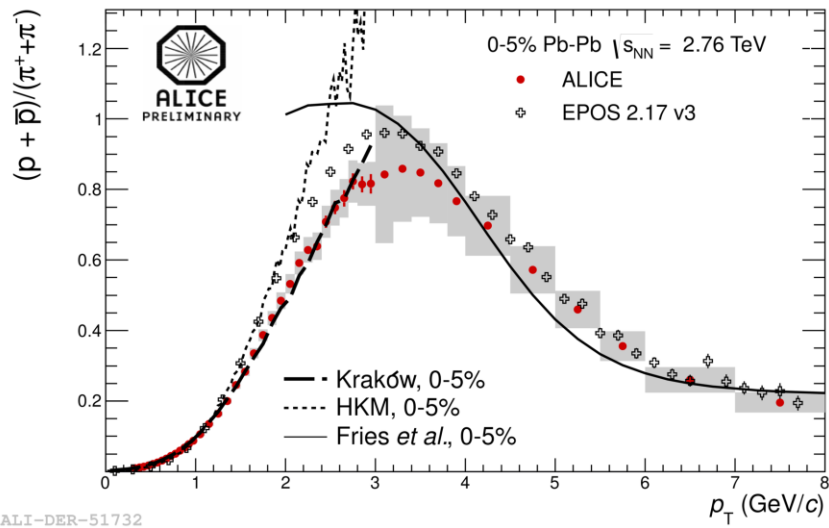
ALI-PERF-15359

Pb-Pb, $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 2.76\text{TeV}$, 0-10% central



ALI-PREL-15474

Comparison with Theory

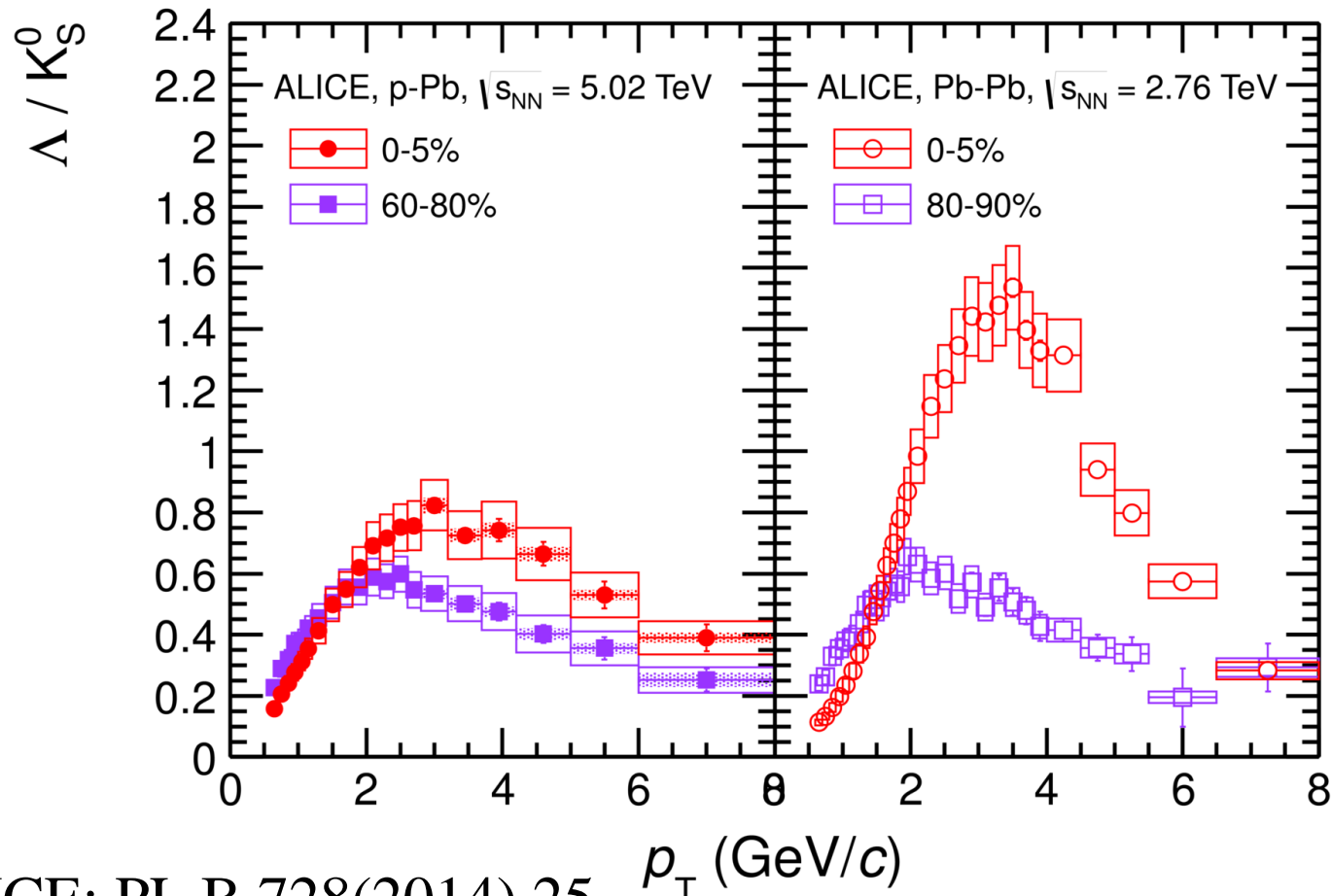


ALICE PRL 111 (2013) 222301

EPOS quite good

Hydro low p_T part \rightarrow radial flow

Λ/K^0 ratio p-Pb vs. Pb-Pb



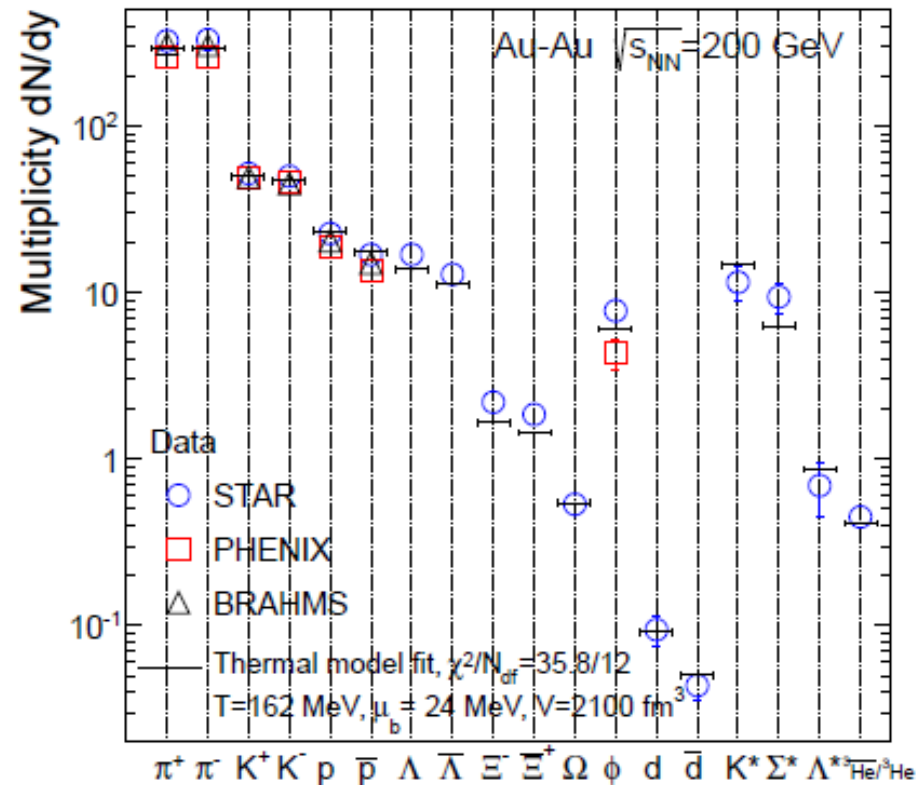
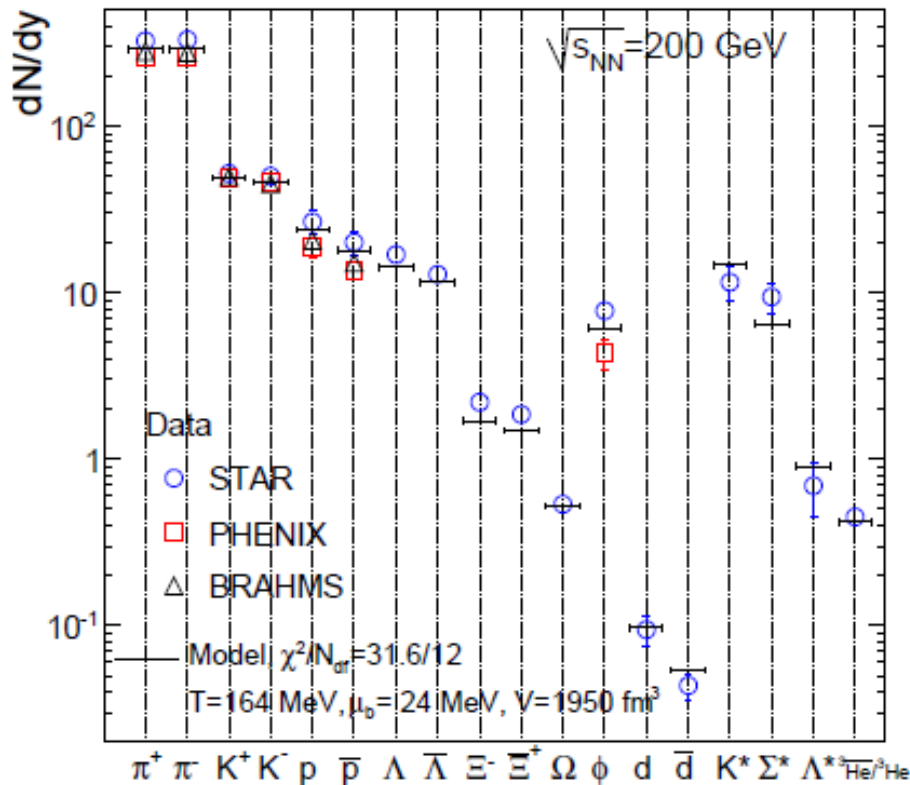
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Slight increase with multiplicity. Flow or color reconnection or ? 31

RHIC, $\sqrt{s_{NN}}=200$ GeV, fit of average data

2008: STAR 2/3 p from w.d. corr.;
PHENIX, BRAHMS 2/3 π w.d. corr.

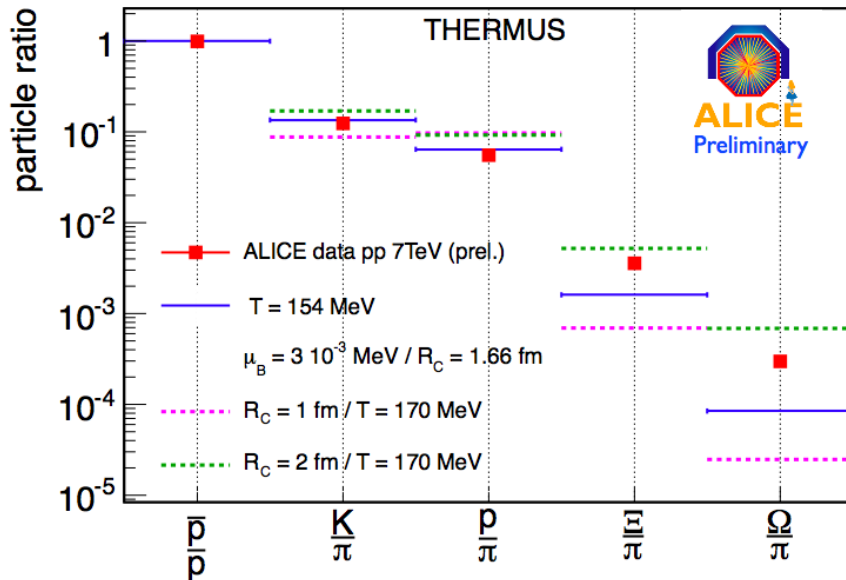
2012: STAR all p from w.d. corr.;
no BRAHMS π w.d. corr.



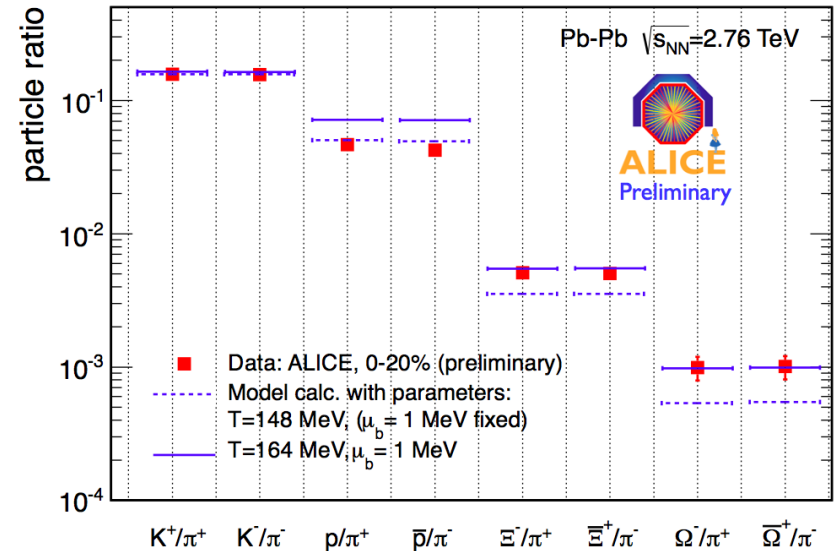
K^*, Σ^*, Λ^* not in fit

LHC Energies

pp 7 TeV



Pb-Pb 2.76 TeV



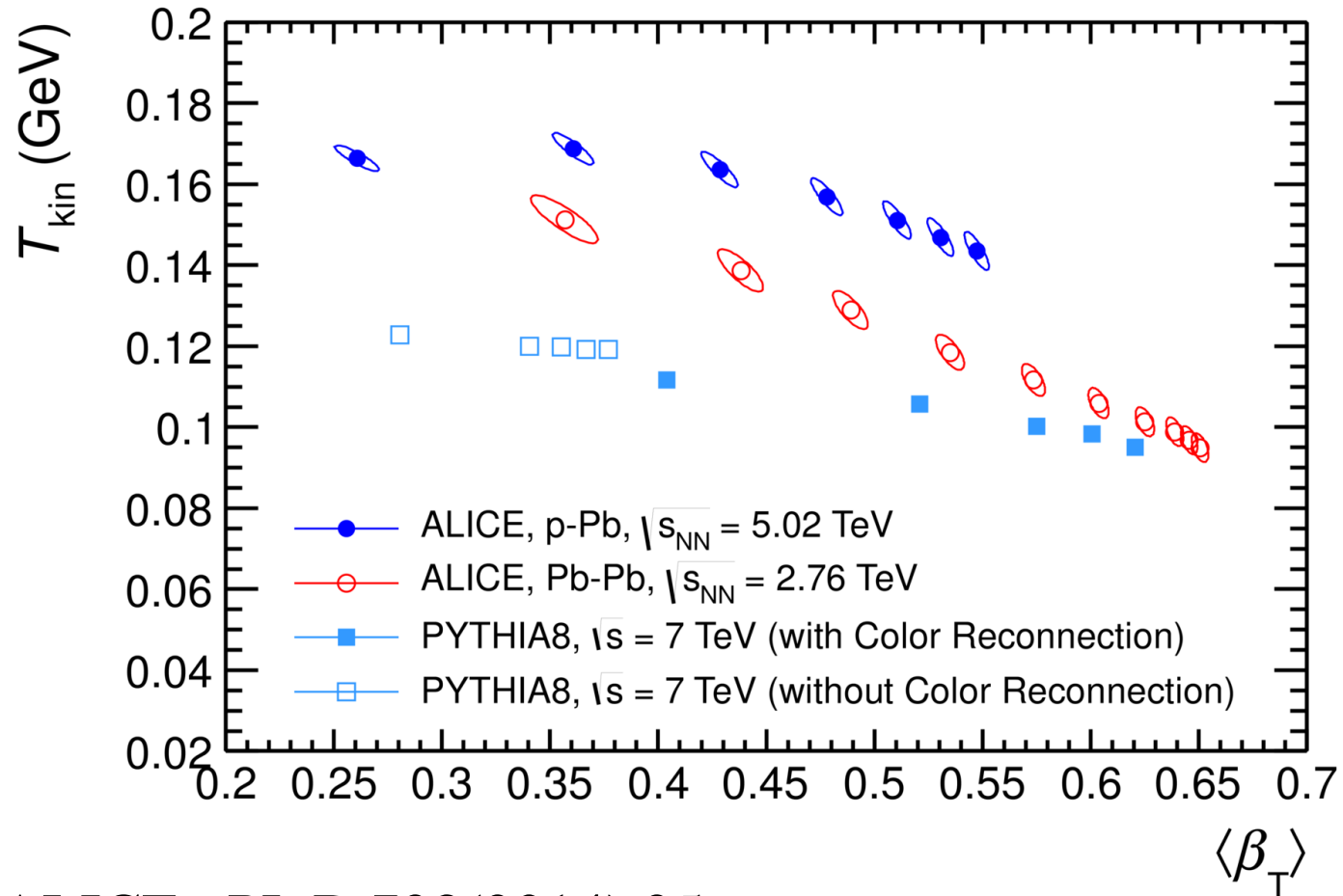
p/ π the same in pp and Pb-Pb,

BUT lower than expected from stat. models

K/ π in pp is lower than in Pb-Pb, expected from stat. model!

Strangeness is okay!

T - β Plane



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