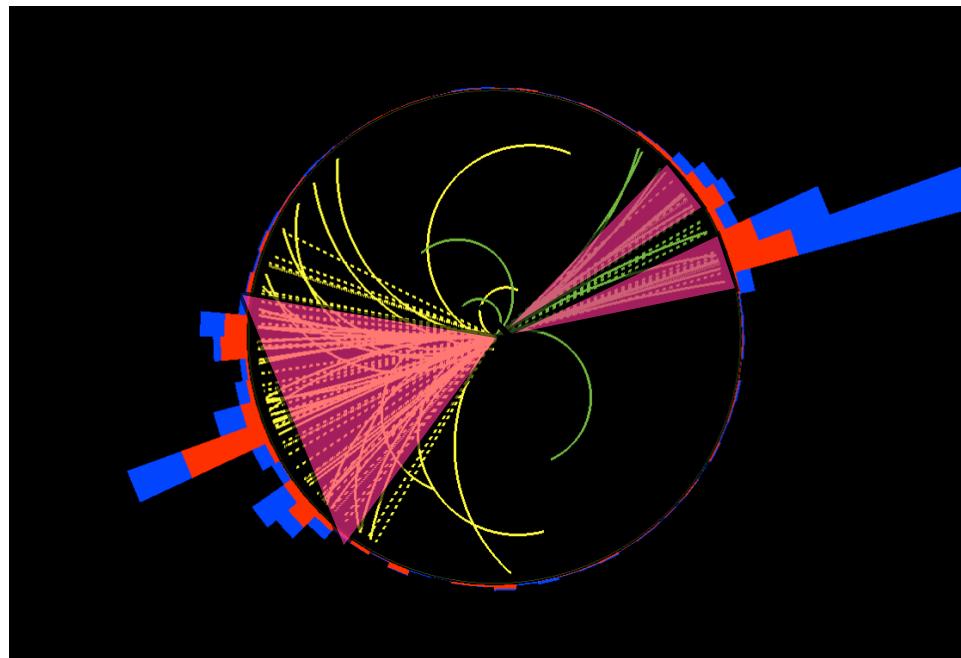


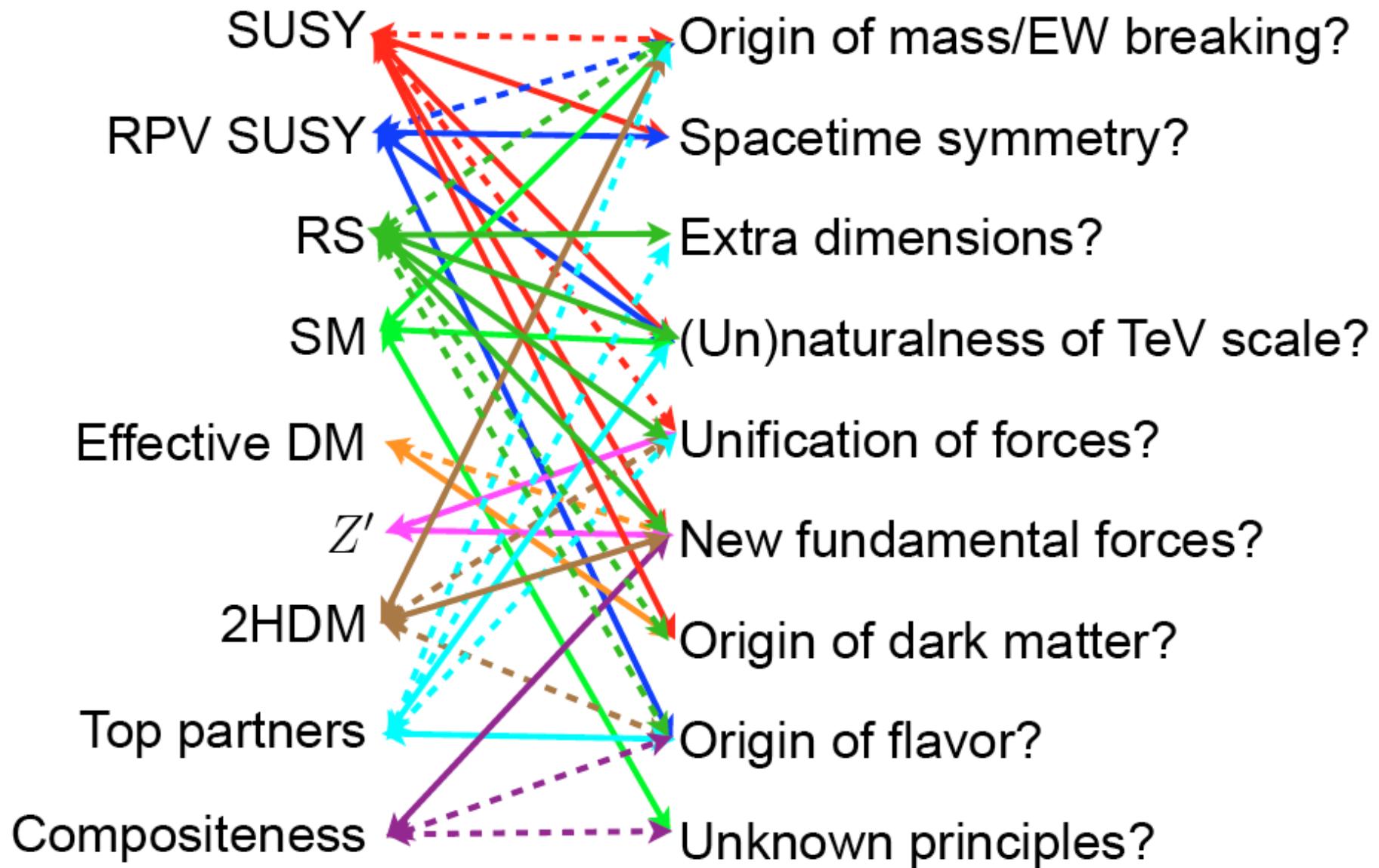
Searches for New Physics with Top-Like Signatures



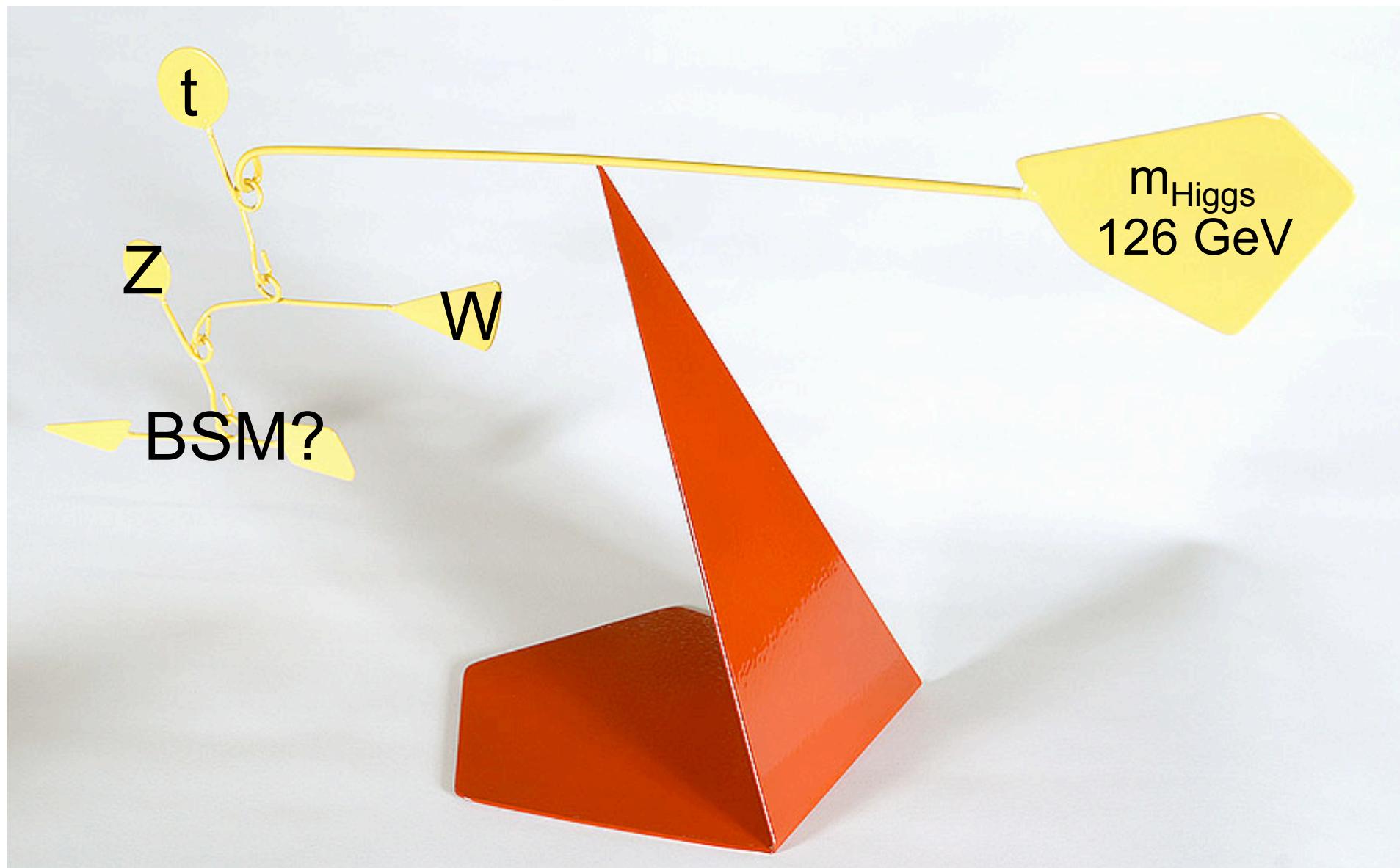
Robin Erbacher - U.C. Davis

Frontiers in Particle Physics - Aspen Winter Conference
January 19, 2014

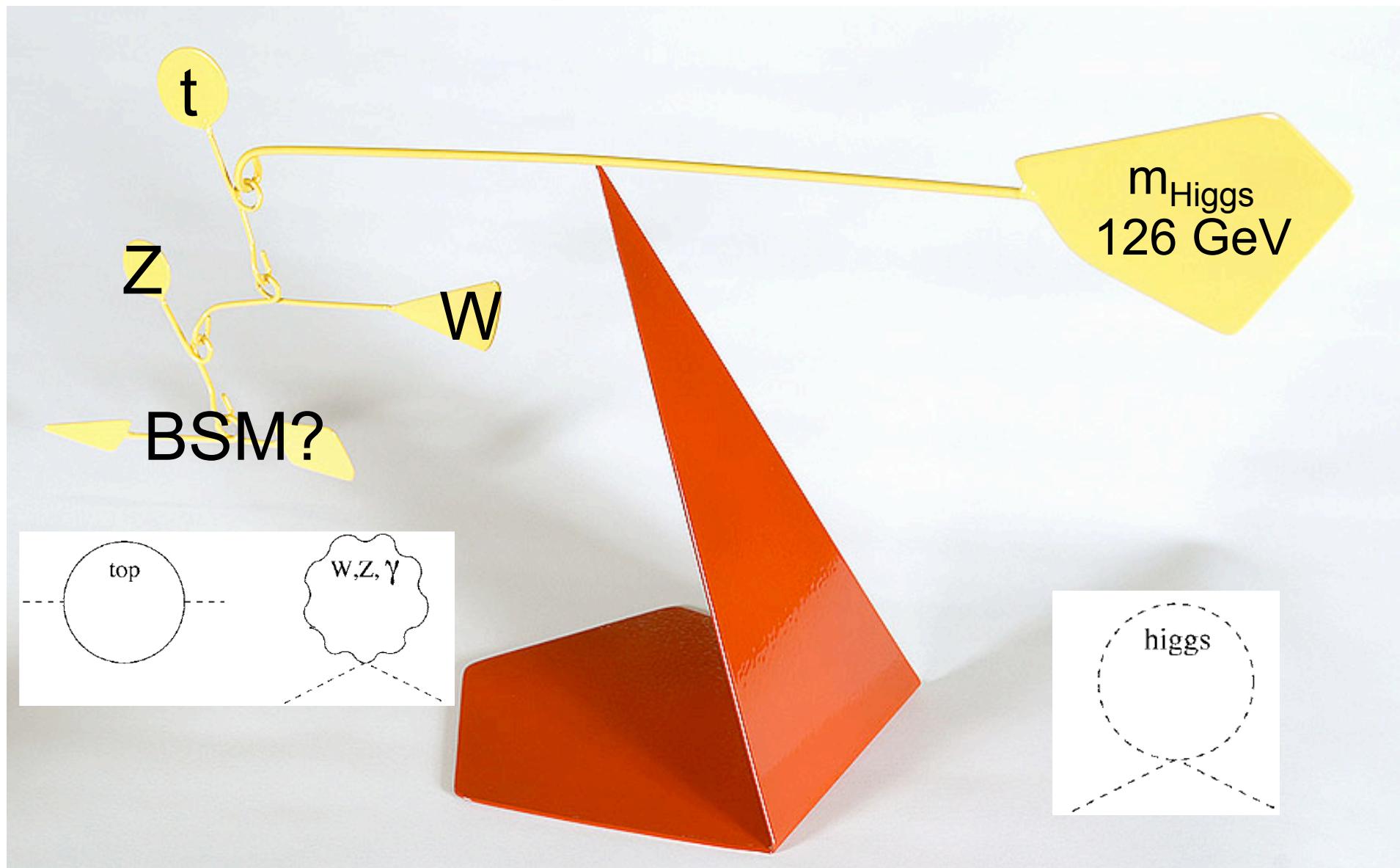
17 SM parameters, still many questions...



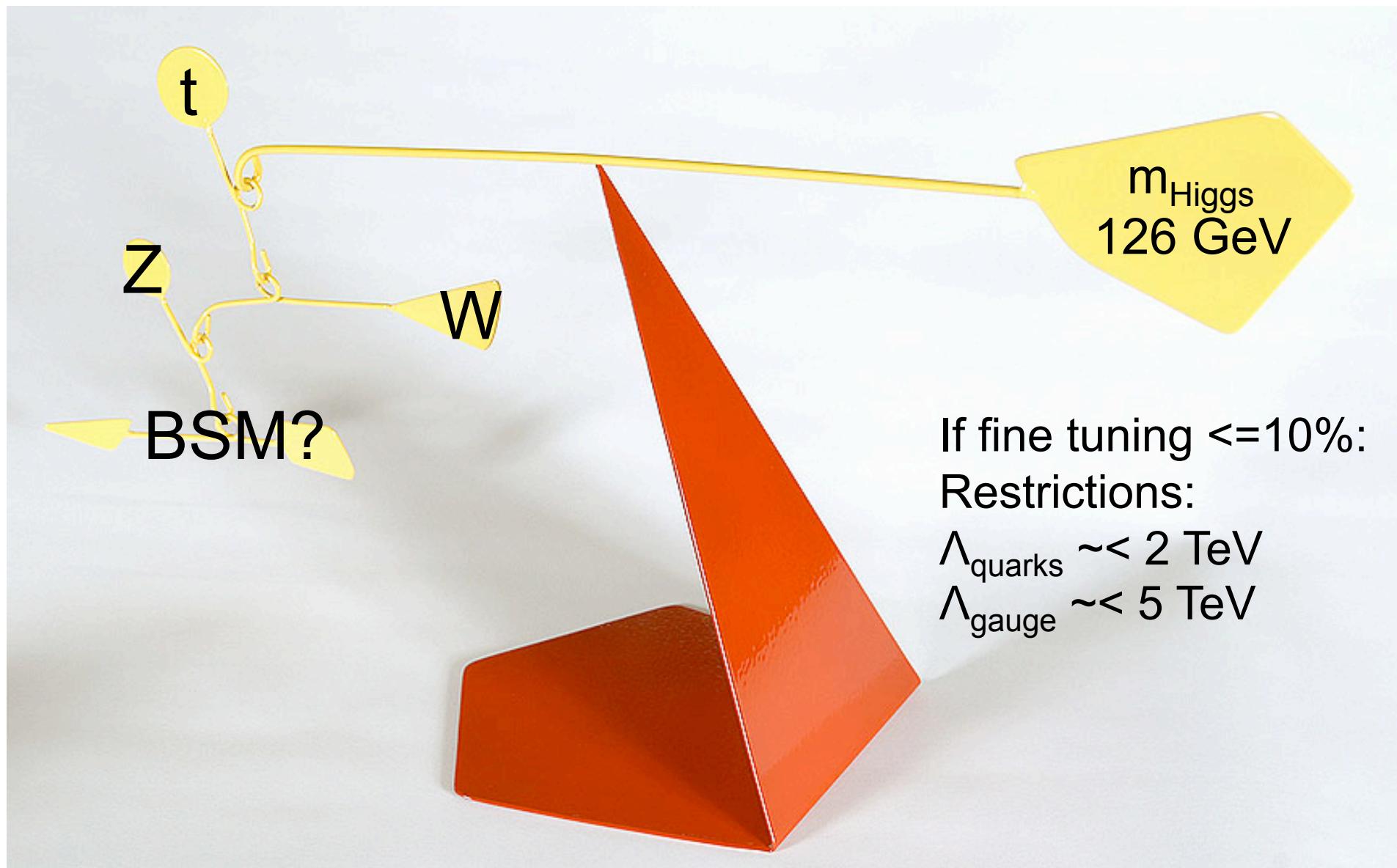
Little Hierarchy Problem: Naturalness



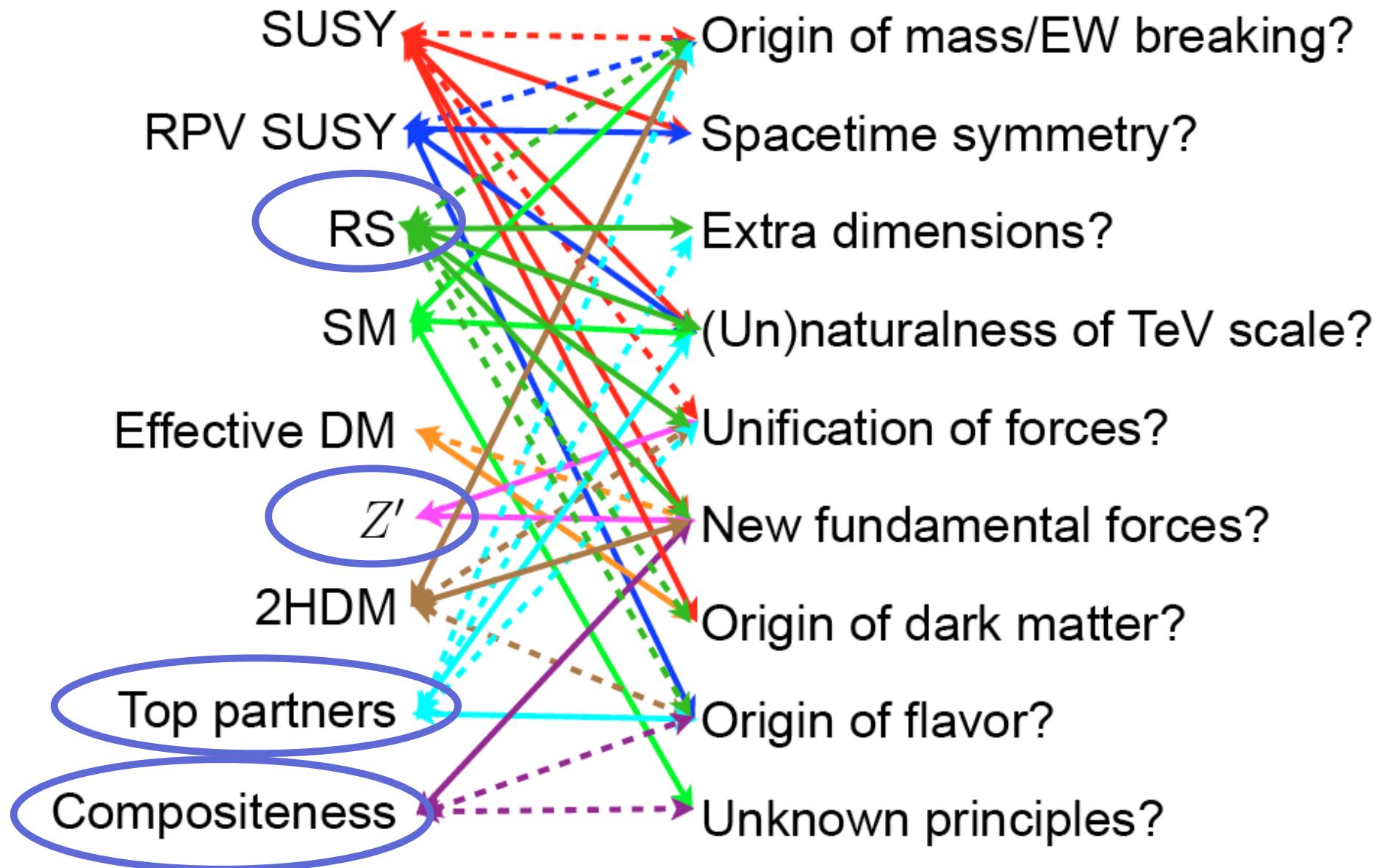
Little Hierarchy Problem: Naturalness



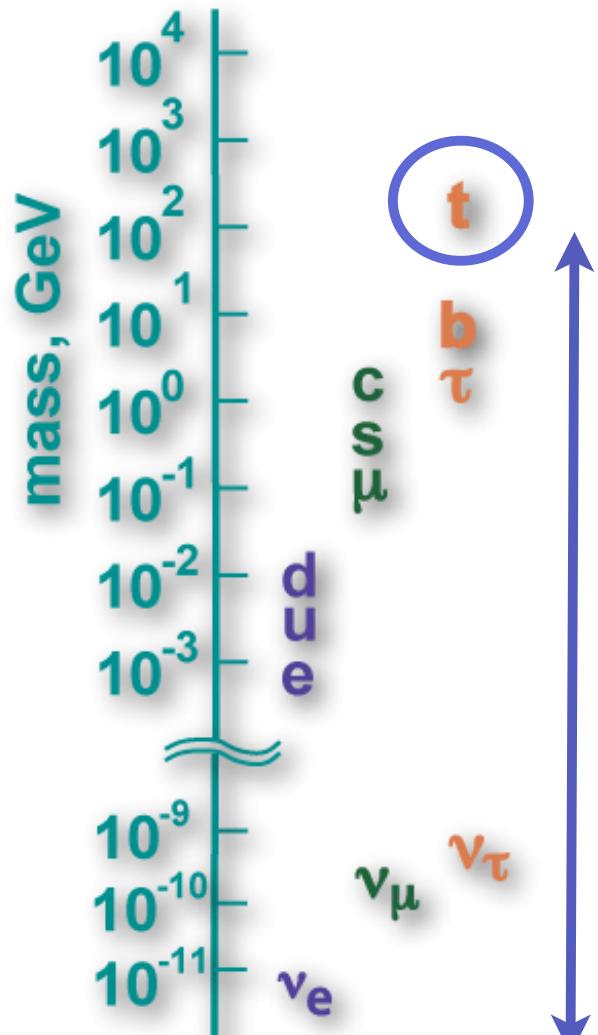
Little Hierarchy Problem: Naturalness



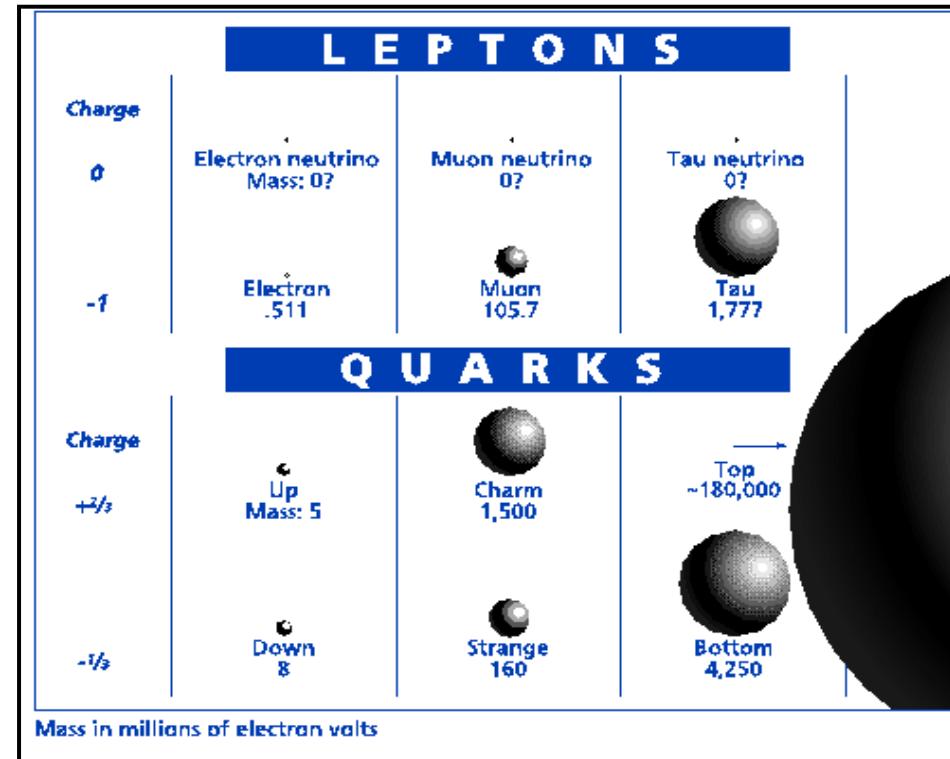
17 SM parameters, still many questions...



Searches with Top

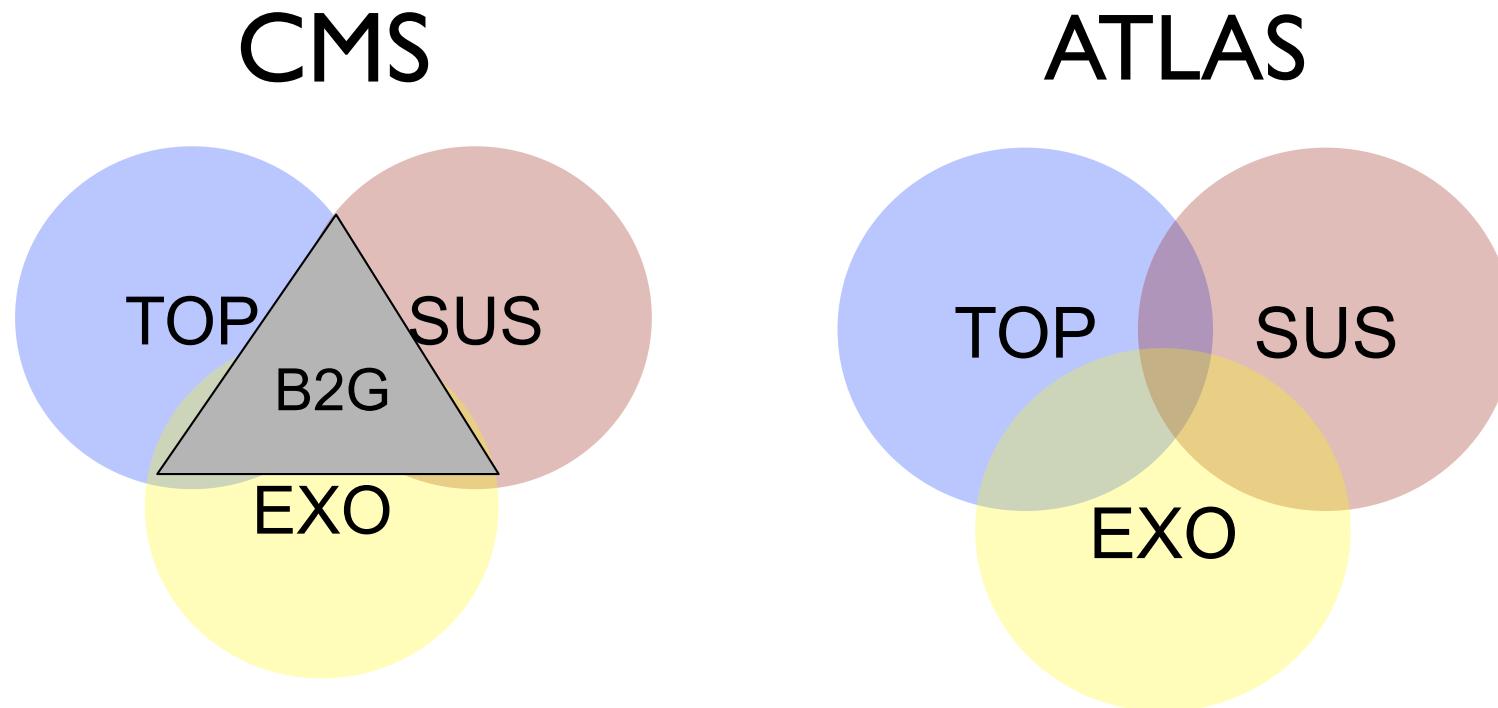


~5 orders of magnitude!



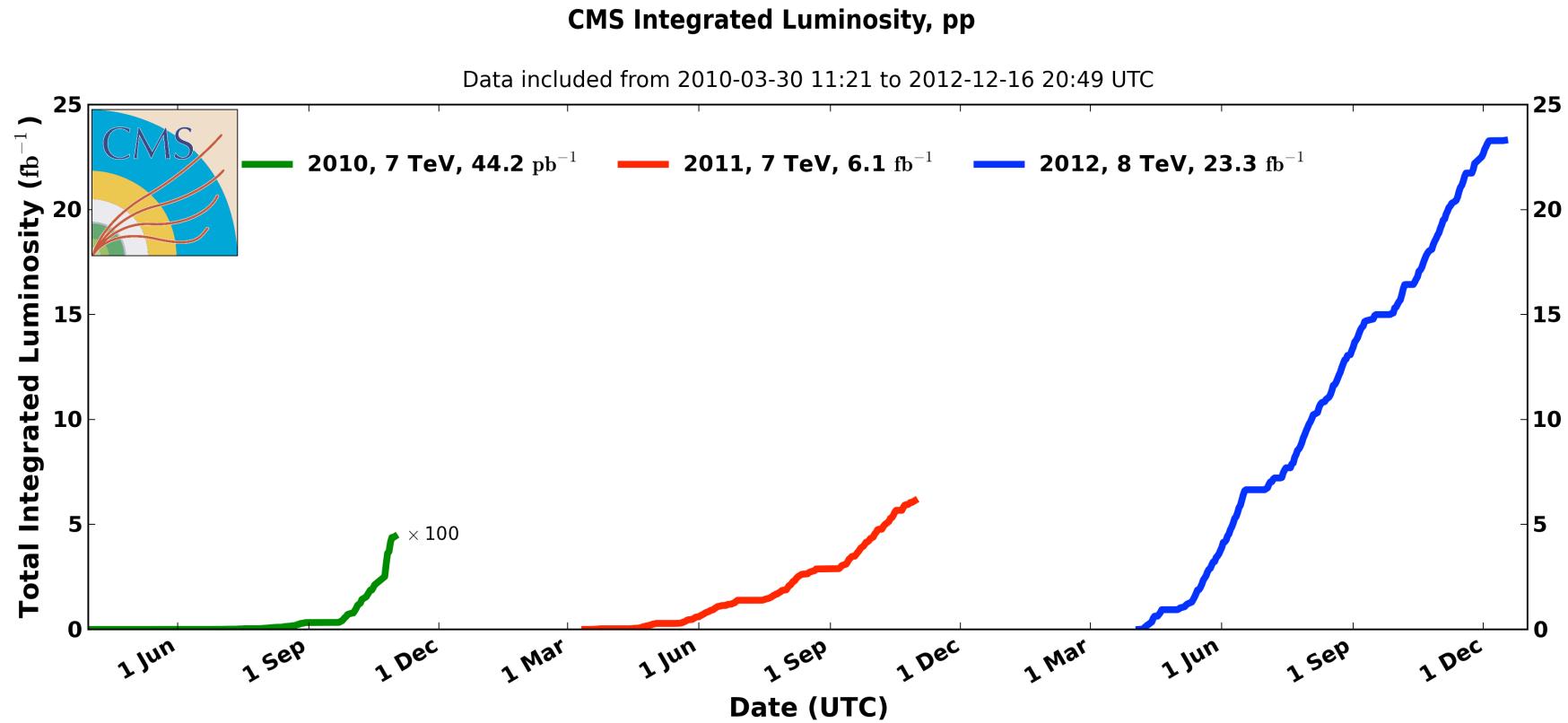
- Top quark is only fermion with a mass of order the EWK scale.
- Large mass suggests it may couple to physics beyond the SM.

New Physics in Top: Popular!



- Top BSM searches span many groups and categories.
- Focusing here on most recent results, LHC only.
- [B2G = Beyond 2nd Generation (Physics Analysis Group)]

LHC Performance so far...

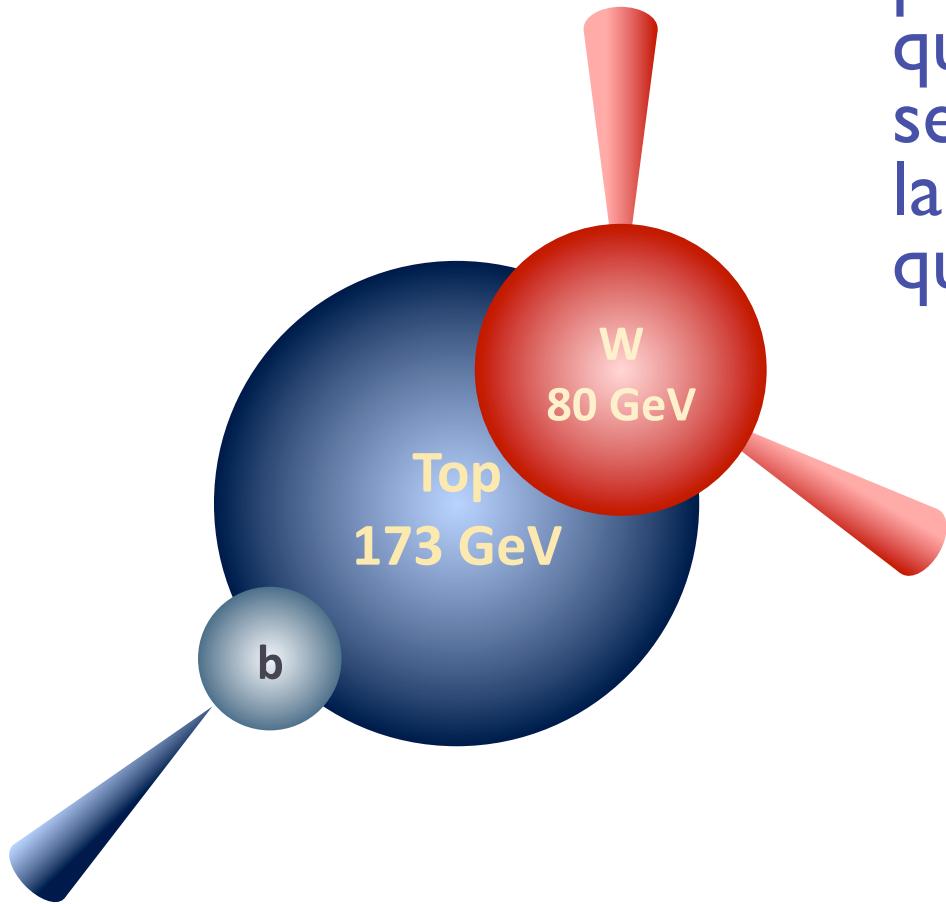


Outstanding LHC performance thus far.

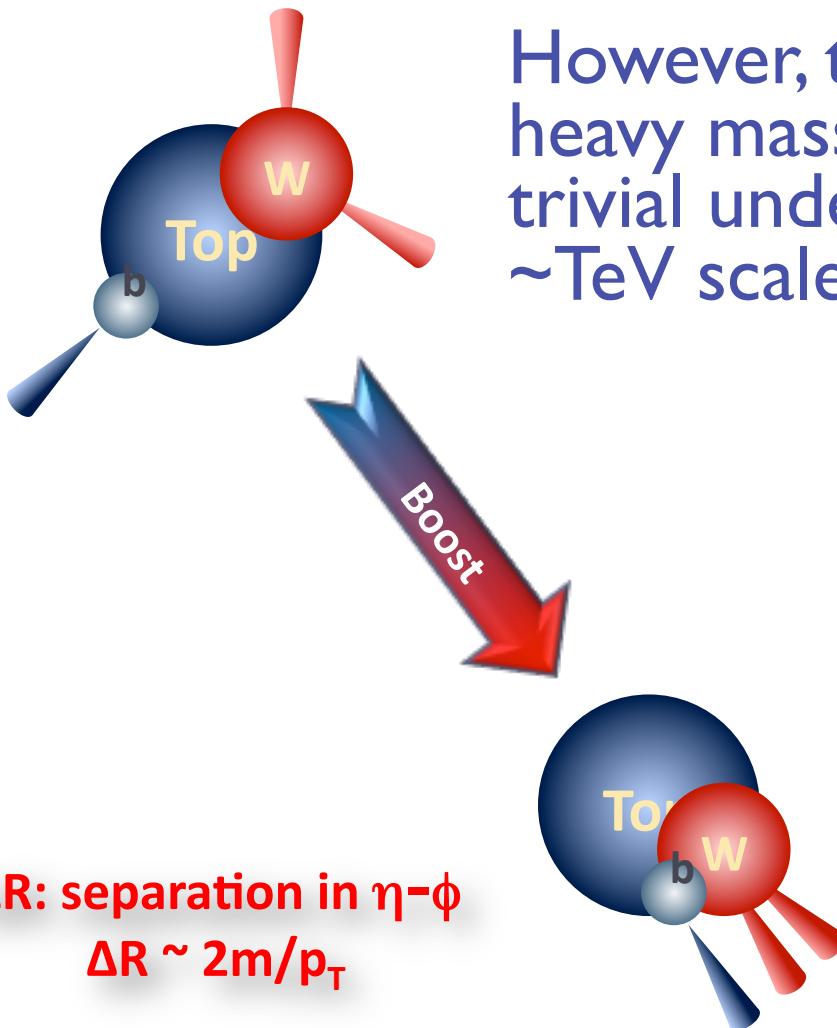
High hopes for 2015!

Top Quark Reconstruction

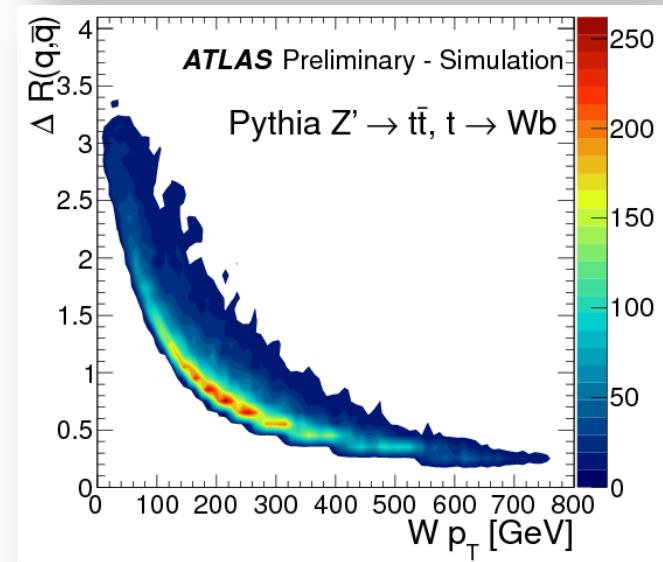
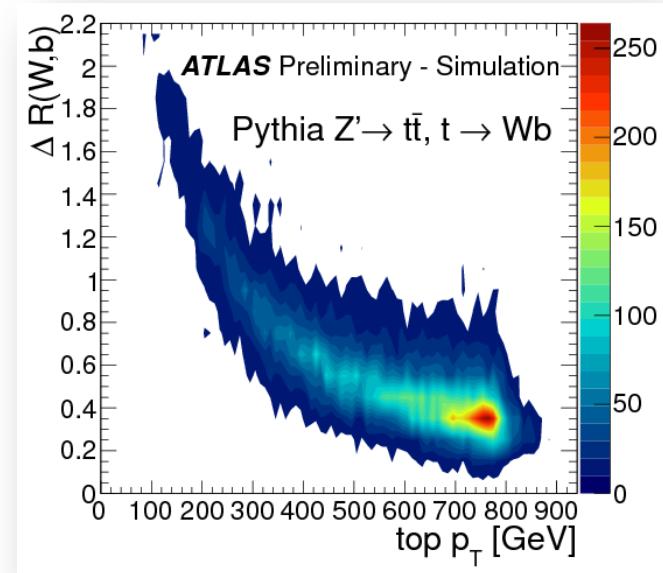
Traditionally, decay products from the top quark are clearly separated due to the large mass of the top quark and W boson...



Challenge of Boosted Tops

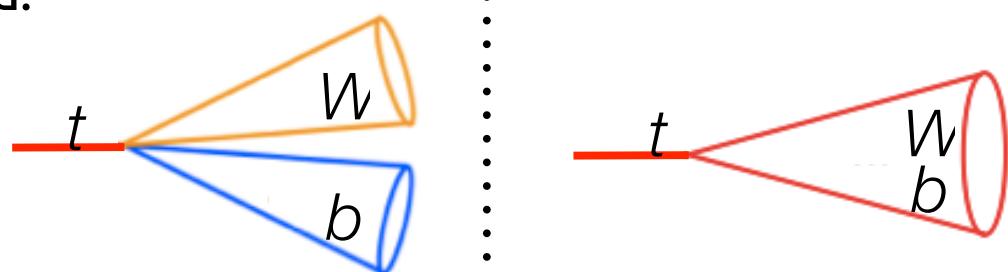
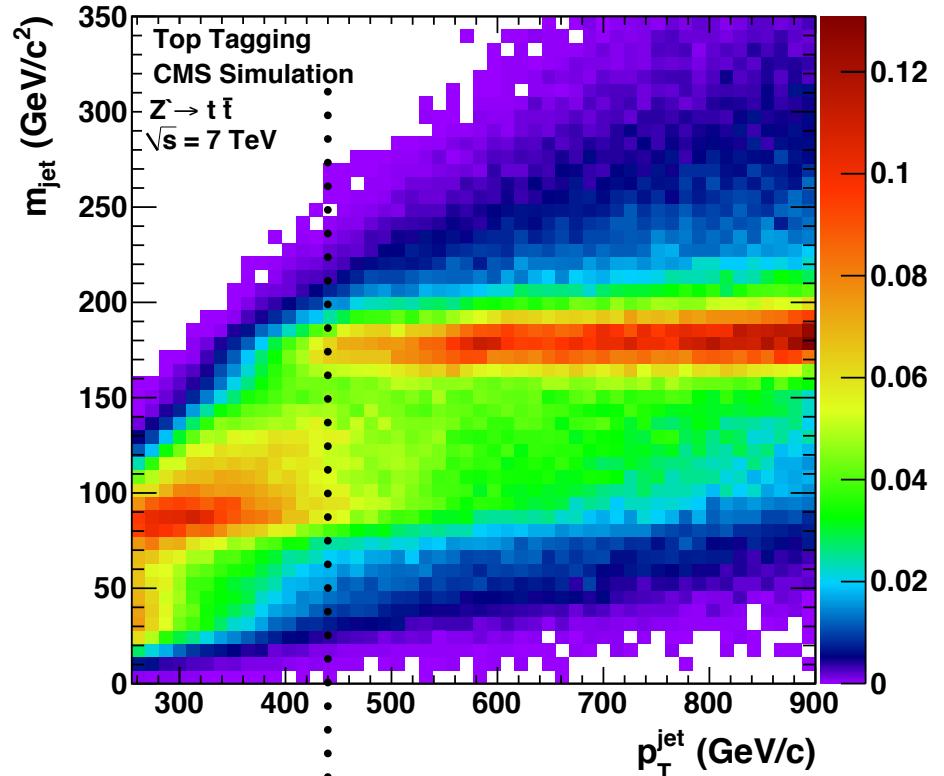


However, these heavy masses are trivial under \sim TeV scale boost



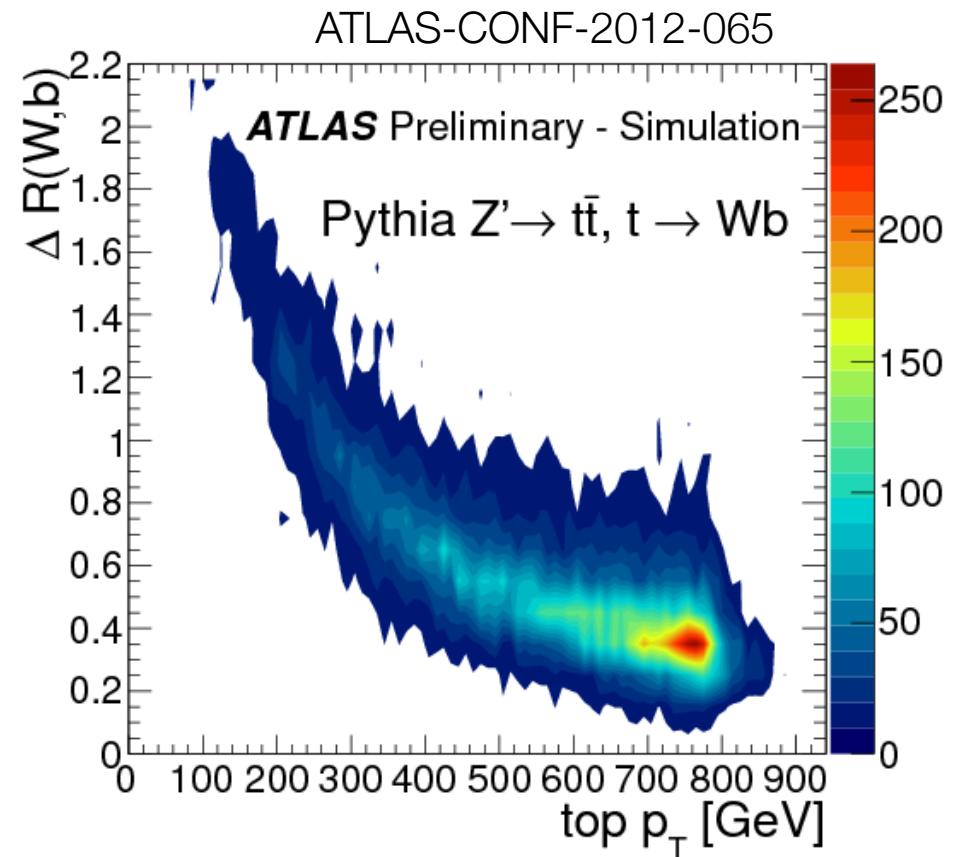
Kinematic Regimes

- Searches at different mass ranges need different strategies (eg: $X \rightarrow t\bar{t}$)
- Low-mass searches ($<\sim 1$ TeV)
 - Decay products well-separated
 - Standard top reco used
- High-mass searches ($>\sim 2$ TeV)
 - Boosted tops, collimated decays
 - Special reco algorithms needed:
 - Jet substructure!
- Intermediate mass range
 - Partially merged, mix of techniques



“Fat” Jets

- Choose large jet size for reconstruction to catch all decay products.
- ATLAS & CMS have studied $R=0.8, 1.0, 1.2, 1.5$.
- Use specific algorithms to identify the collimated decay products within this large- R jet. (C-A jets)



A large amount of work is ongoing in ATLAS and CMS on “tagging” boosted tops, W/Z (“V-tags”), boosted Higgs. Stay tuned....

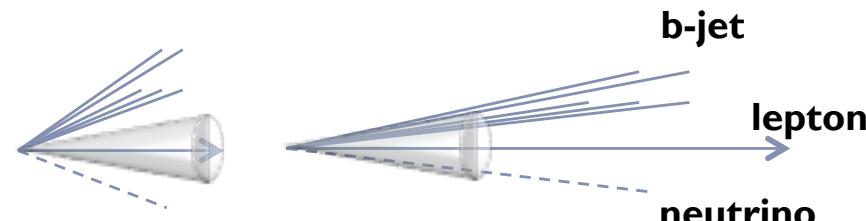
Boosted top references:

ATLAS-CONF-2012-065
[ATLAS-CONF-2013-084](#)

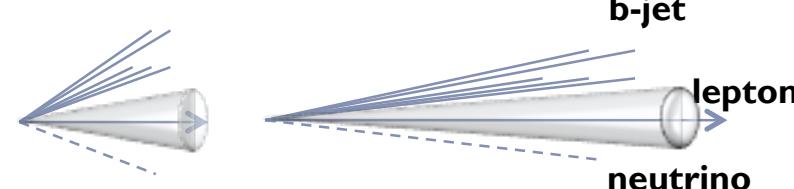
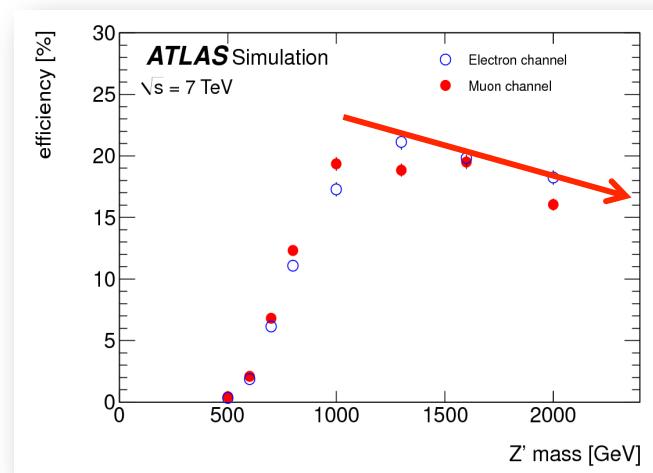
CMS-PAS-JME-10-013
[CMS-PAS-JME-13-007](#)

Lepton Isolation

- lepton and b-jet from boosted top highly collimated: lose isolation efficiency.
- But even boosted, leptons from tops have larger separation than those from light quark jets.
- Loss in efficiency can be recovered in part: variable p_T -dependent cone size, “mini isolation”, ...



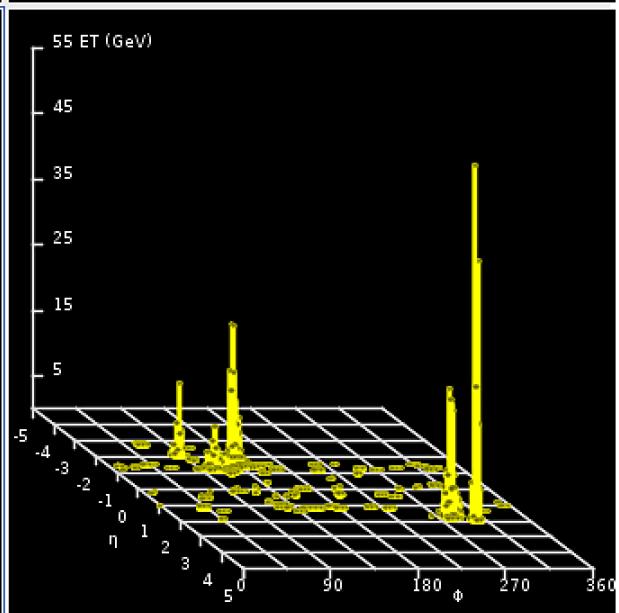
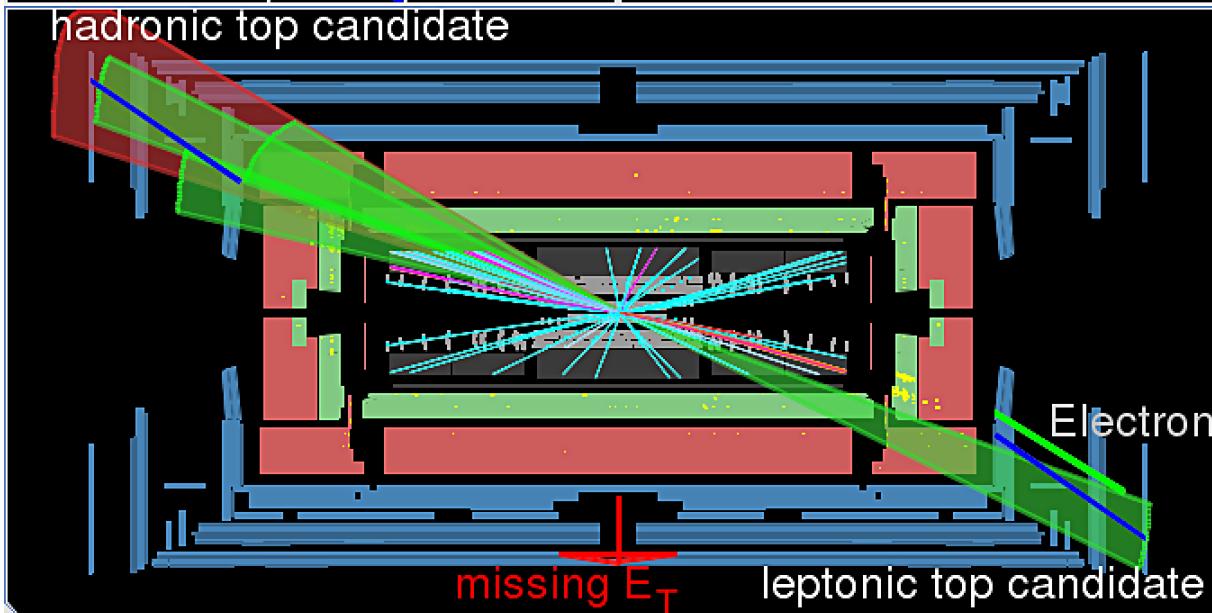
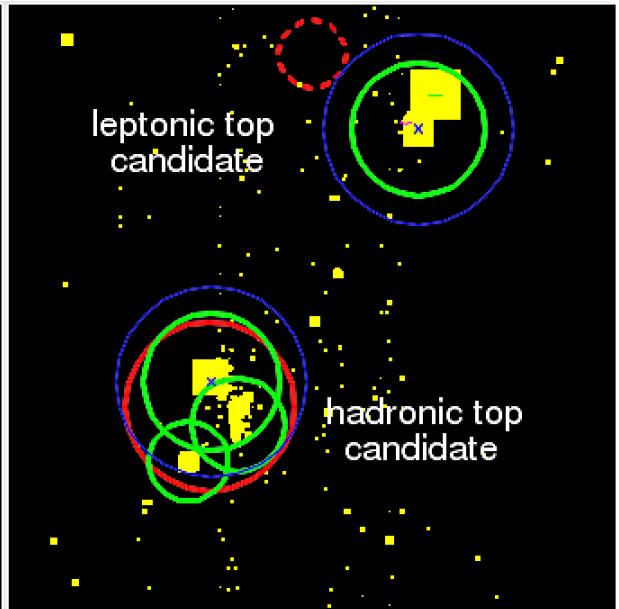
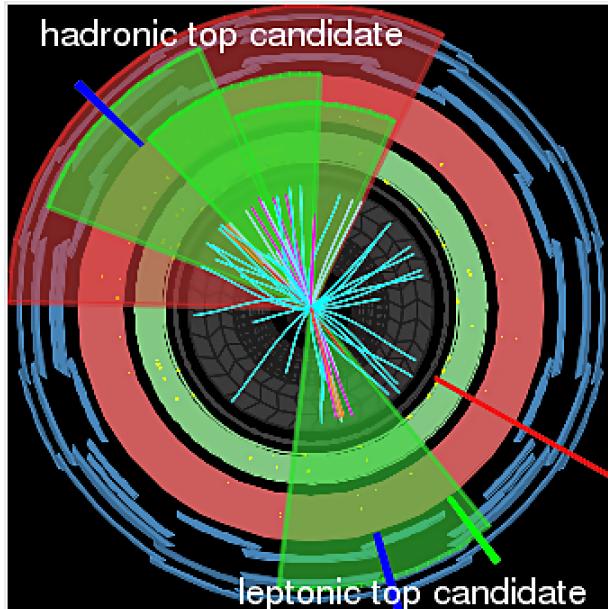
Boost $\Delta R \sim 2m / p_T$



JHEP 1103:059 (2011)
Rehermann, Tweedie

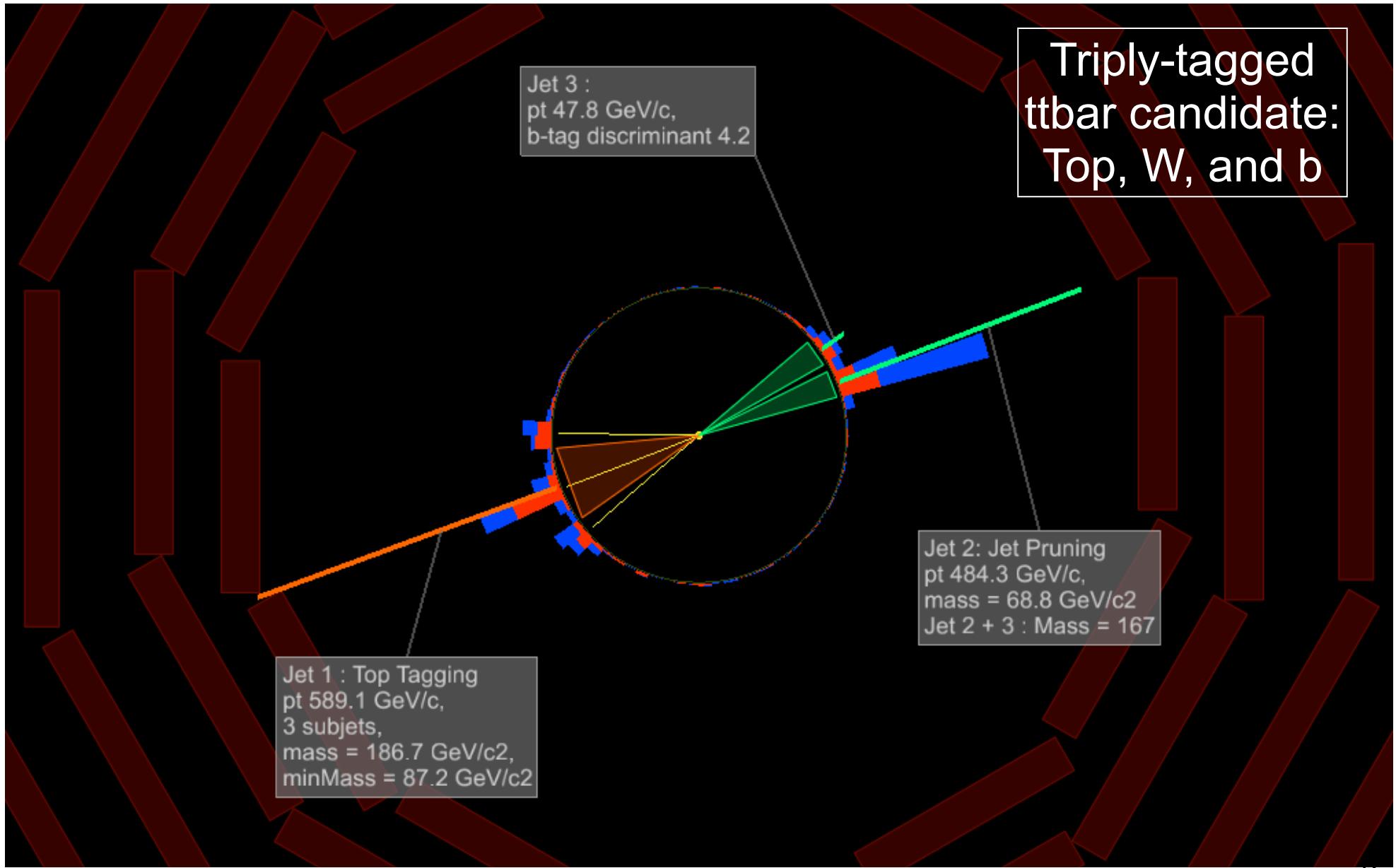


Candidate Top Quark Jets





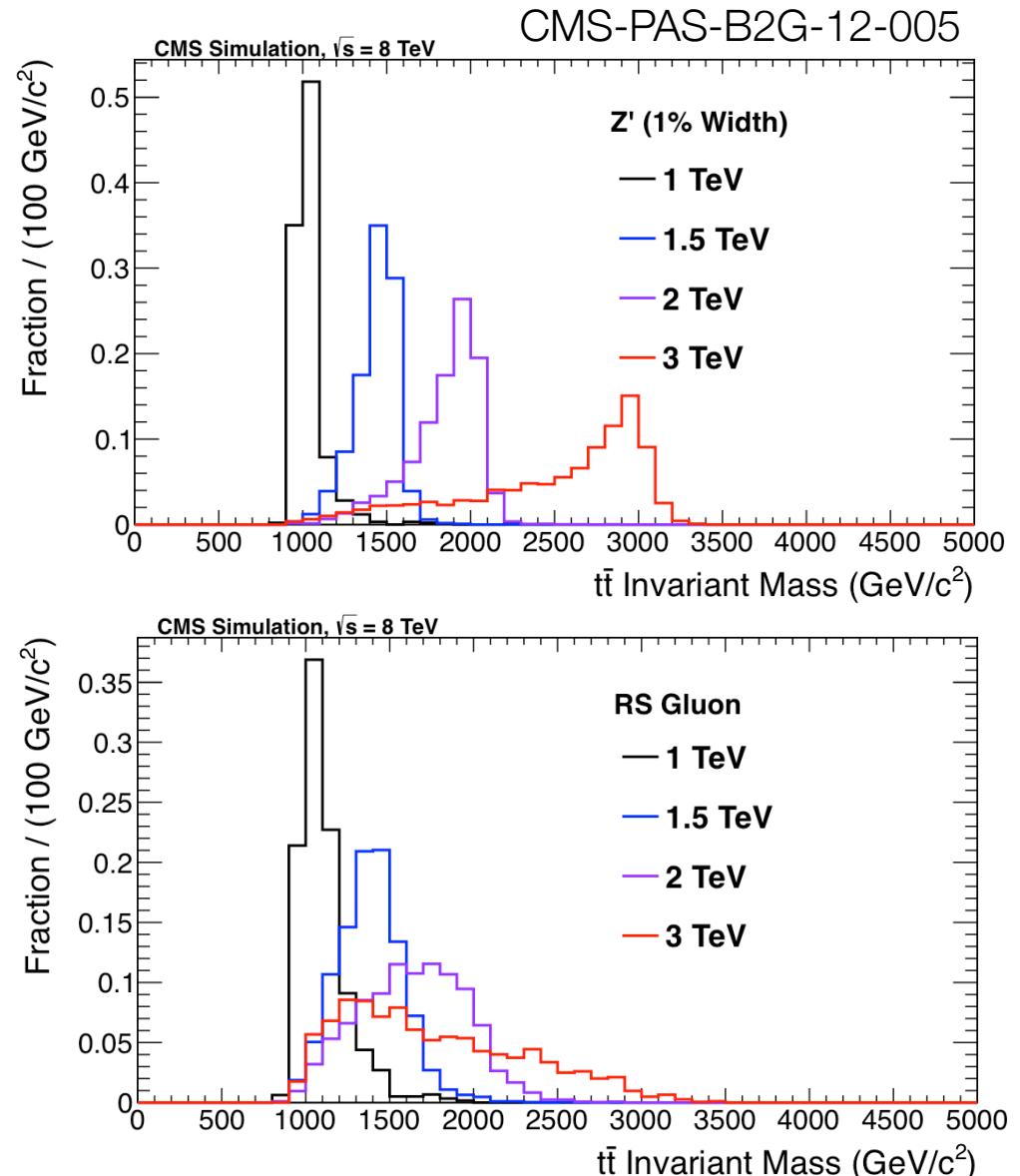
Candidate Top Quark Jets



**Massive resonances
decaying to top pairs**

Top Pair Resonances

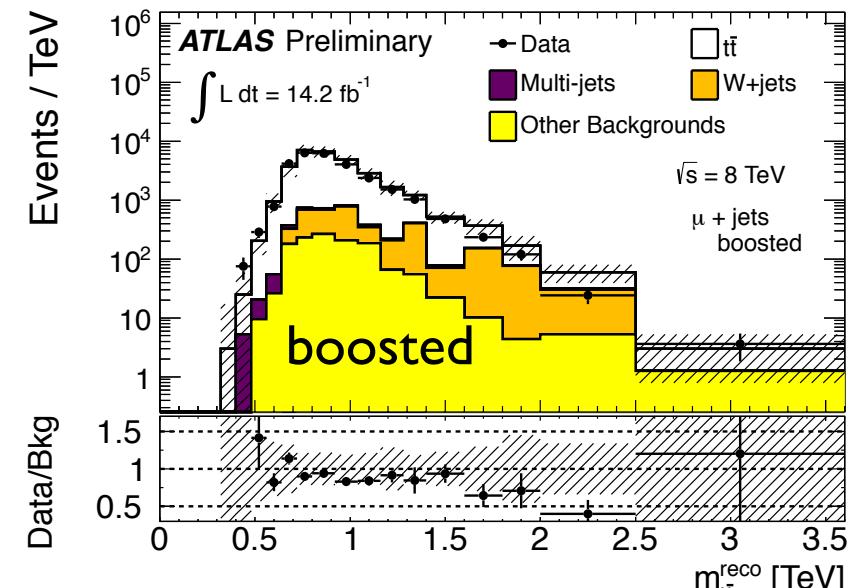
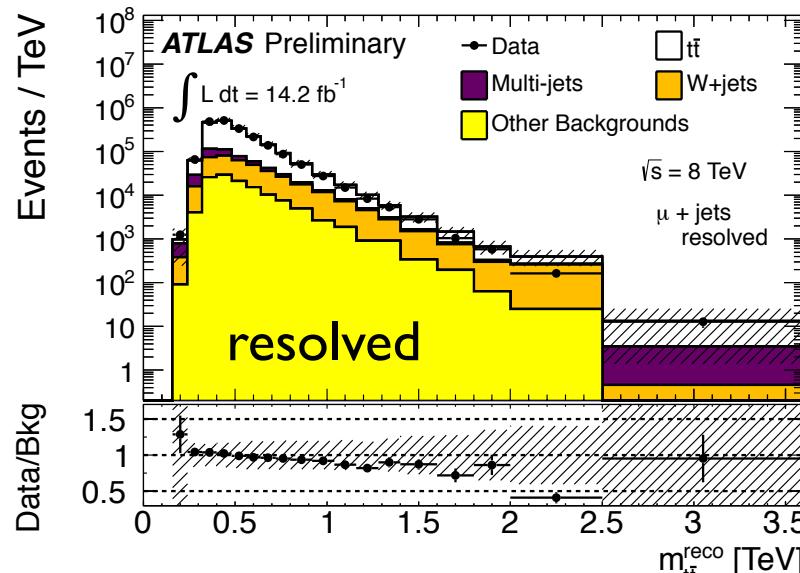
- Both ATLAS and CMS search for resonances in the M_{tt} spectrum:
 - $Z' \rightarrow tt$, $\Gamma/m_{Z'} = 1\%, 10\%$, \propto width but SM couplings
 - RS KK gluon $\rightarrow tt$
- Searches use mix of techniques
 - Low mass \rightarrow “threshold” analysis, standard reco
 - High mass \rightarrow boosted analysis, jet substructure
- All channels analyzed during Run I. I will focus on the most recent results only.



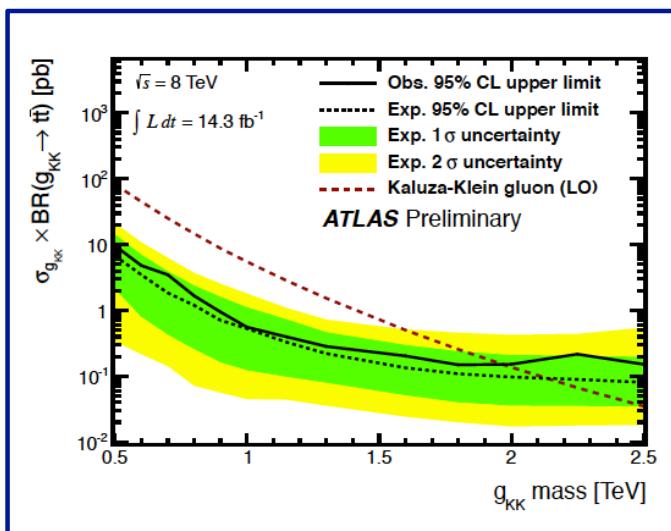


Semi-leptonic Searches

Atlas uses both resolved and boosted selections.



ATLAS-CONF-2013-052



$M_{g(KK)} > 2.0 \text{ TeV}$

$M_{Z'} > 1.8 \text{ TeV}$ (not shown)

Complements previous all-hadronic search:

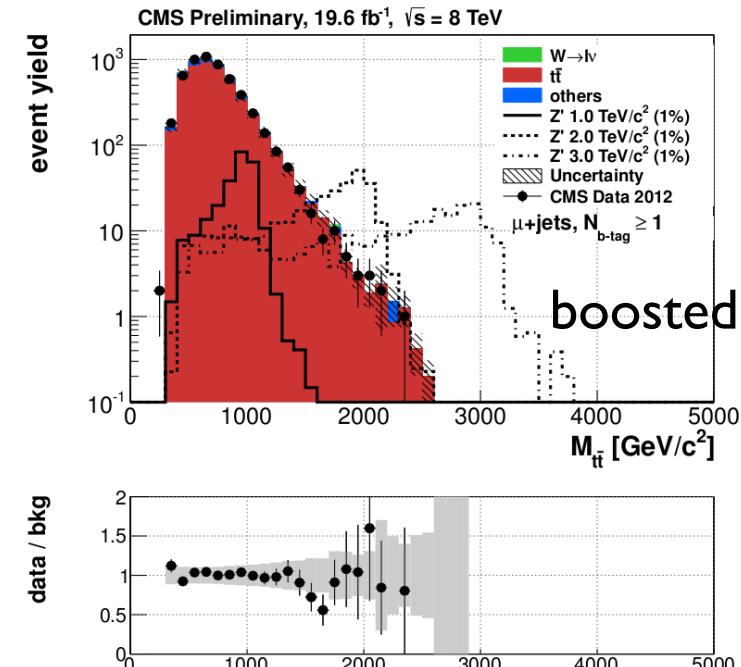
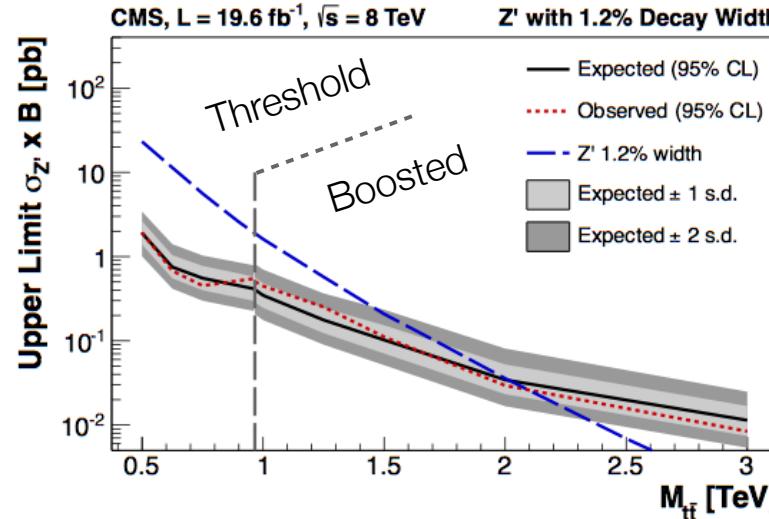
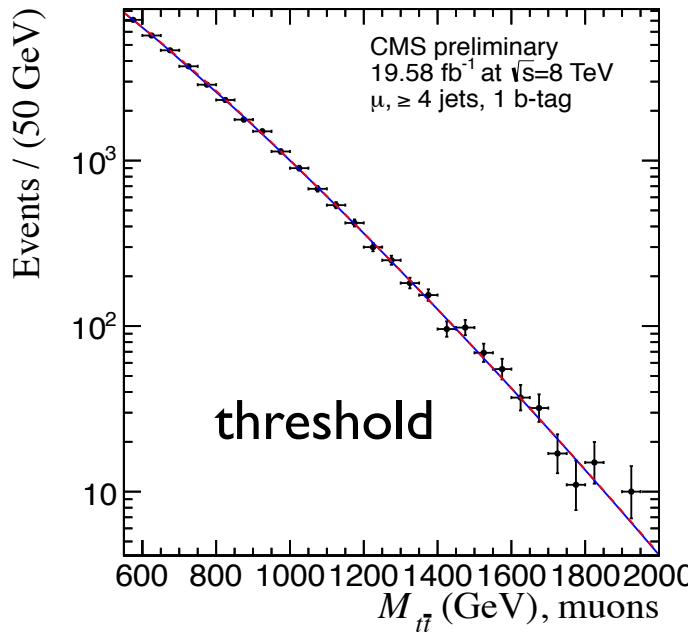
Phys. Rev. D88 (2013) 012004

JHEP 1301 (2013) 116



Semi-leptonic Searches

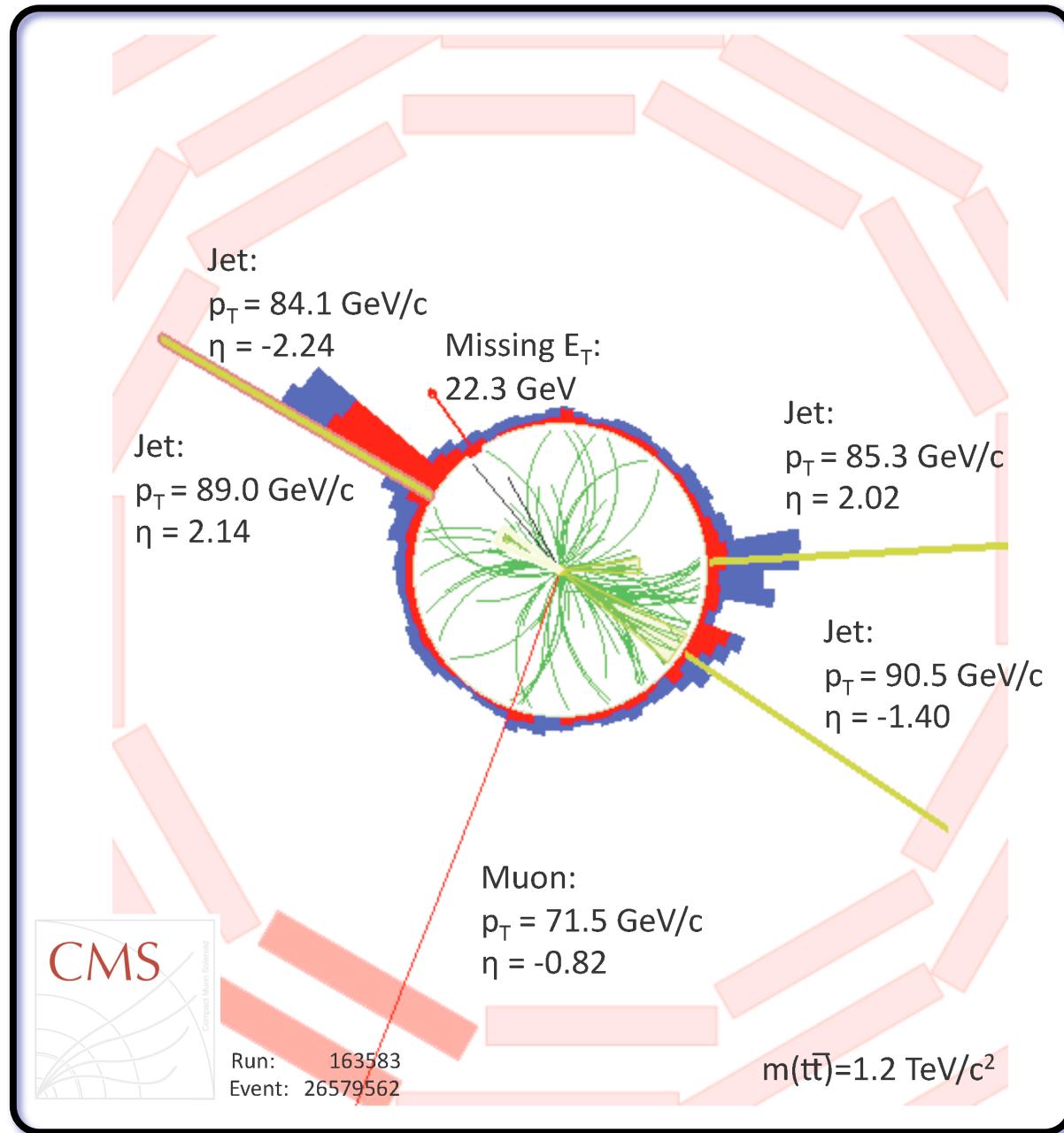
CMS also uses both “threshold” & boosted selection



CMS excludes:

- Narrow (1%) Z' up to 2.1 TeV
- Wide(10%) Z' up to 2.68 TeV
- RS KK gluon up to 2.5 TeV

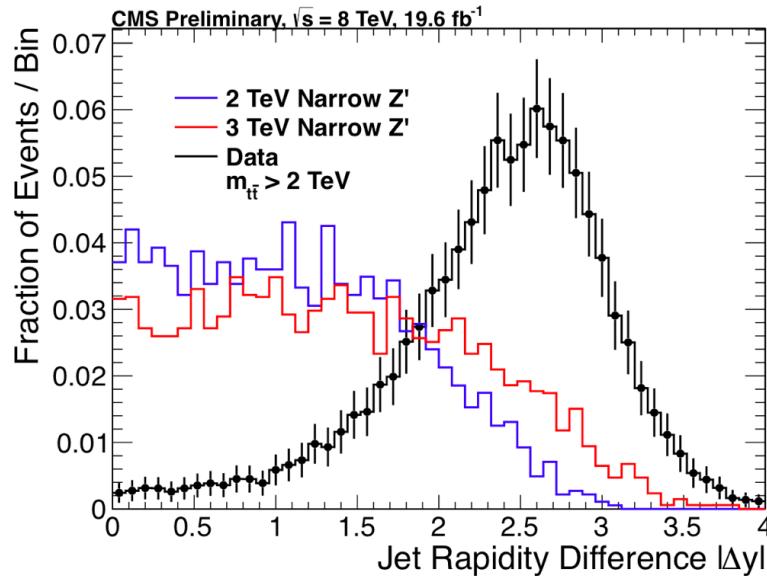
Invariant mass of t-tbar system





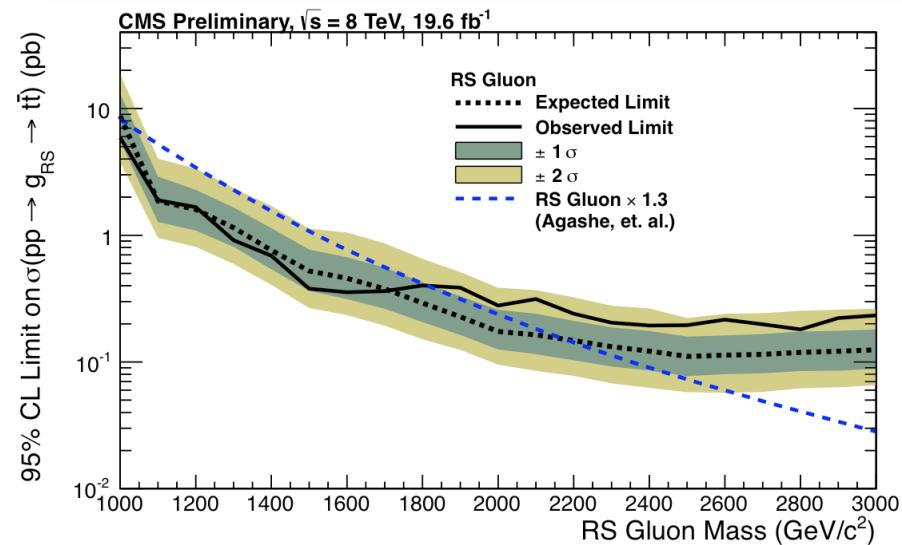
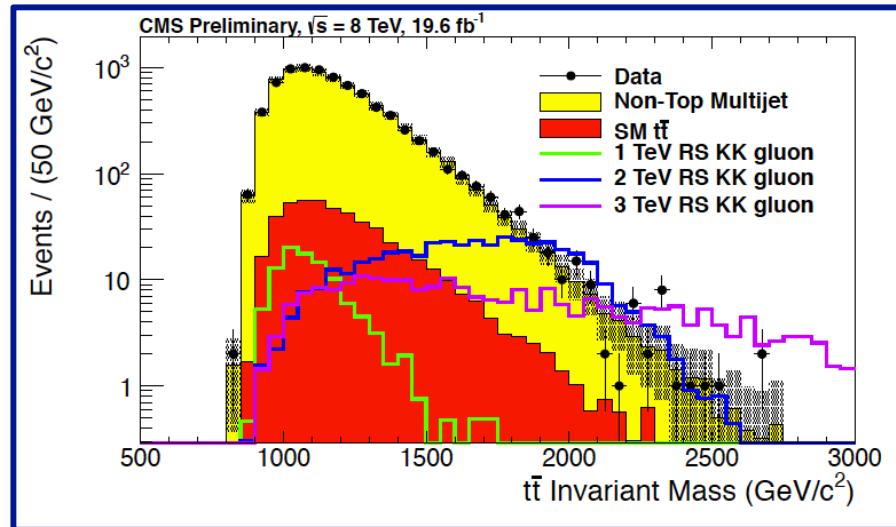
All-hadronic Searches

Dijet bump hunt with 2 boosted top fat jets, CMS tagger



jet rapidity separation
reduces QCD at high mass

- ▶ Narrow (1%) Z' exclusion to 1.65 TeV
- ▶ Wide (10%) Z' exclusion to 2.35 TeV
- ▶ RS KK gluon exclusion to 1.8 TeV

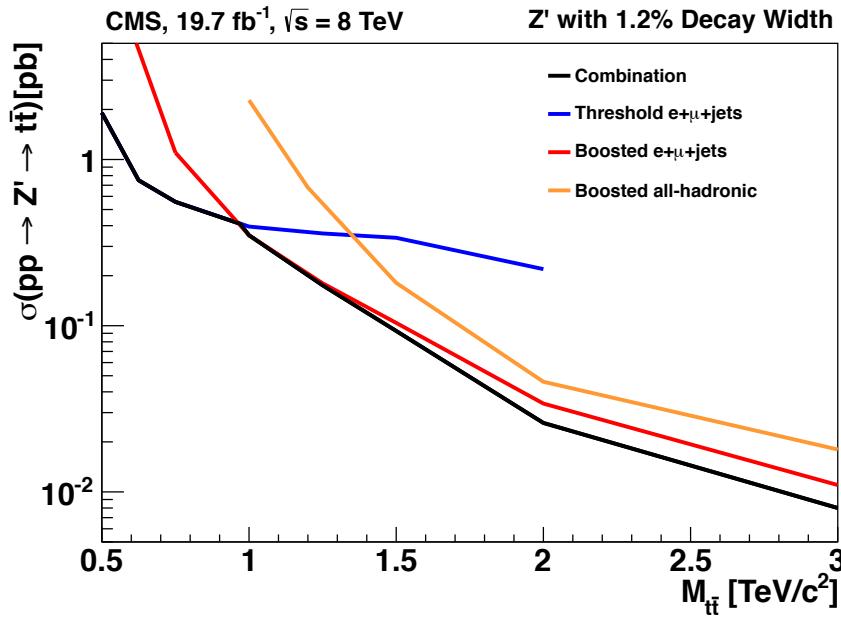




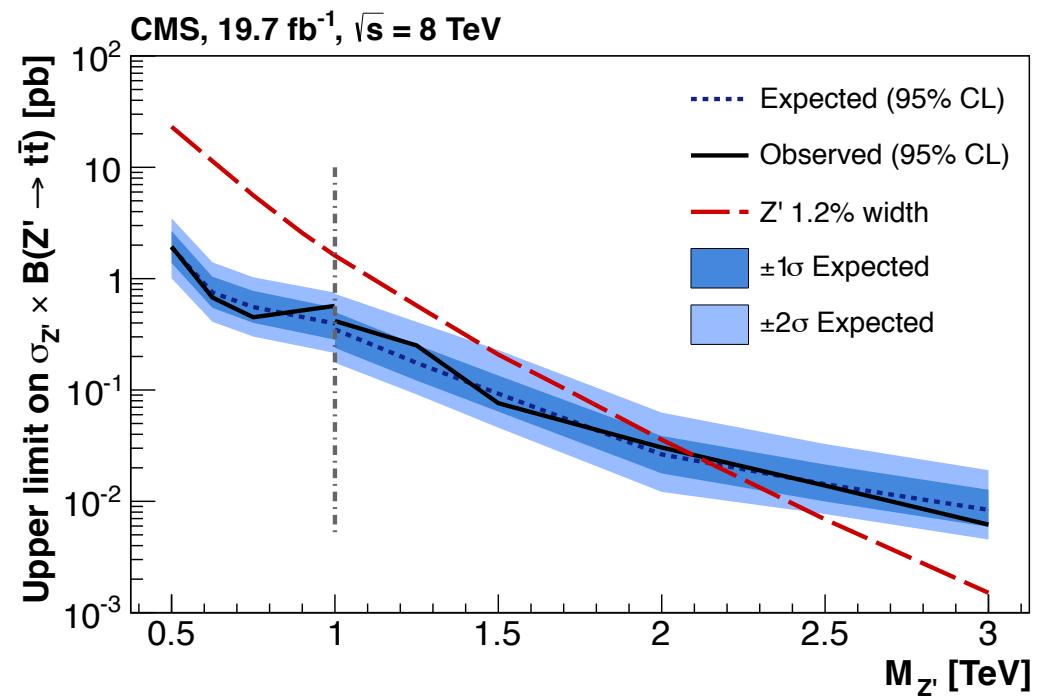
CMS Combined Results

Statistical combination of 4 channels:

- Threshold
- Boosted 0 btag
- Boosted 1 btag
- All-hadronic



Model	Observed Limit	Expected Limit
$Z', \Gamma_{Z'}/M_{Z'} = 1.2\%$	2.1 TeV	2.1 TeV
$Z', \Gamma_{Z'}/M_{Z'} = 10\%$	2.7 TeV	2.6 TeV
RS KK gluon	2.5 TeV	2.4 TeV



PRL 111, 211804 (2013)

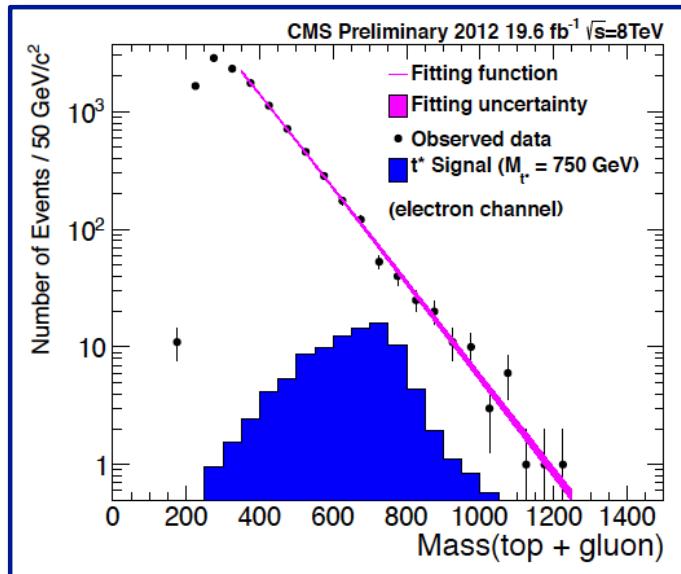


Excited Top Search

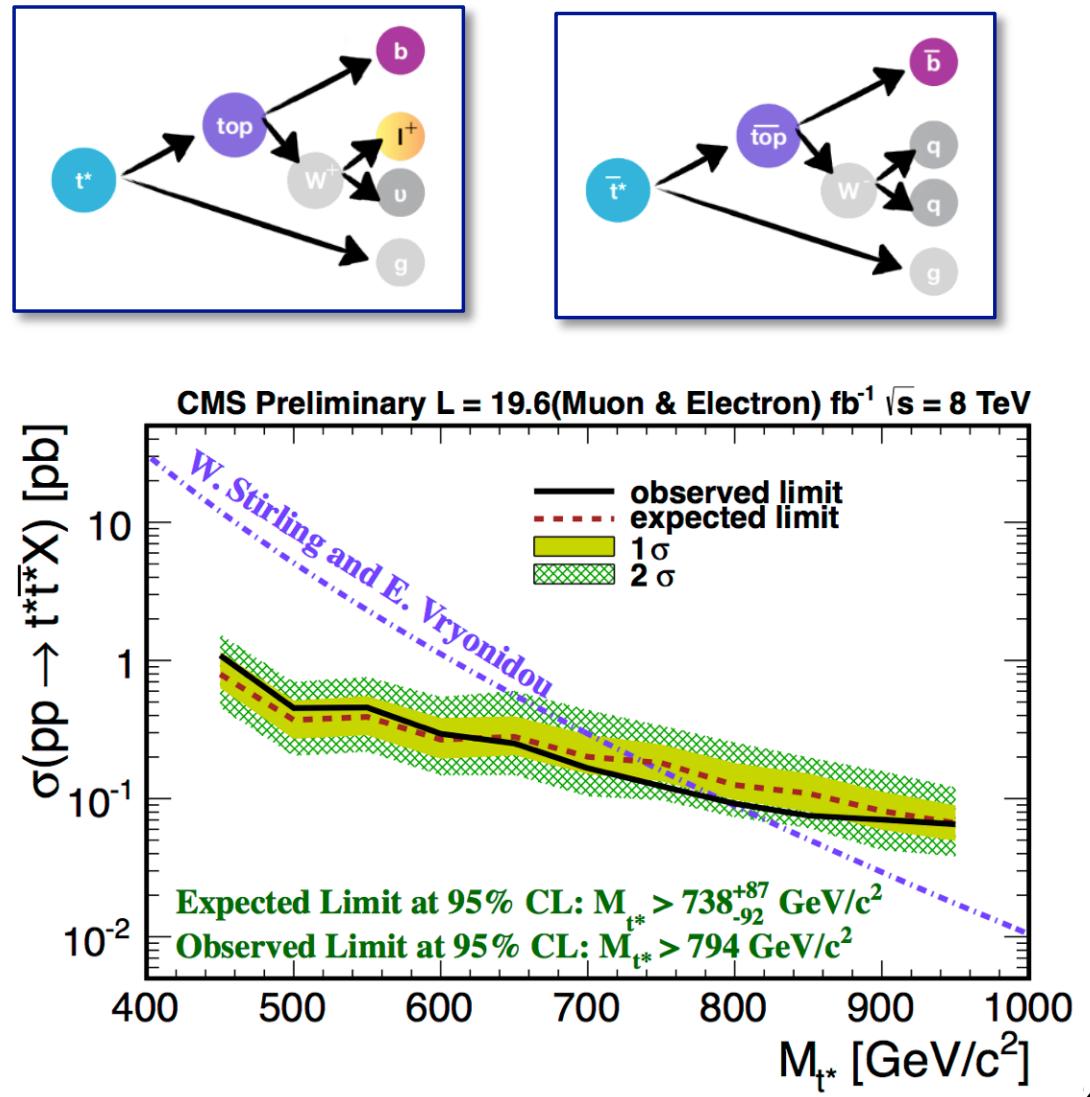
$T^* \rightarrow \text{top} + \text{gluon}$: Result given for spin 3/2 RS T^*

Fermi-like function modeling SM background sources:

$$f(x) = \frac{a}{1 + e^{\frac{x-b}{c}}},$$



CMS-PAS-B2G-12-014
arXiv:1311.5357



**Massive resonances
decaying to top + bottom**

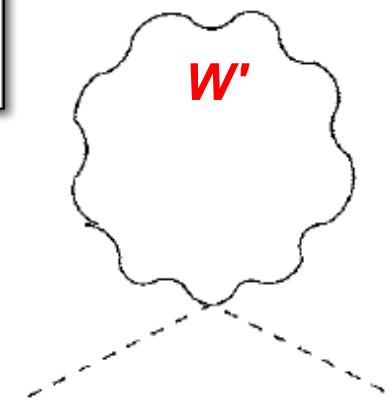
Resonances $W' \rightarrow tb$

- Could possibly solve hierarchy problem by canceling loops.
Little Higgs, Extra Dimensions, Technicolor, L-R Symmetry

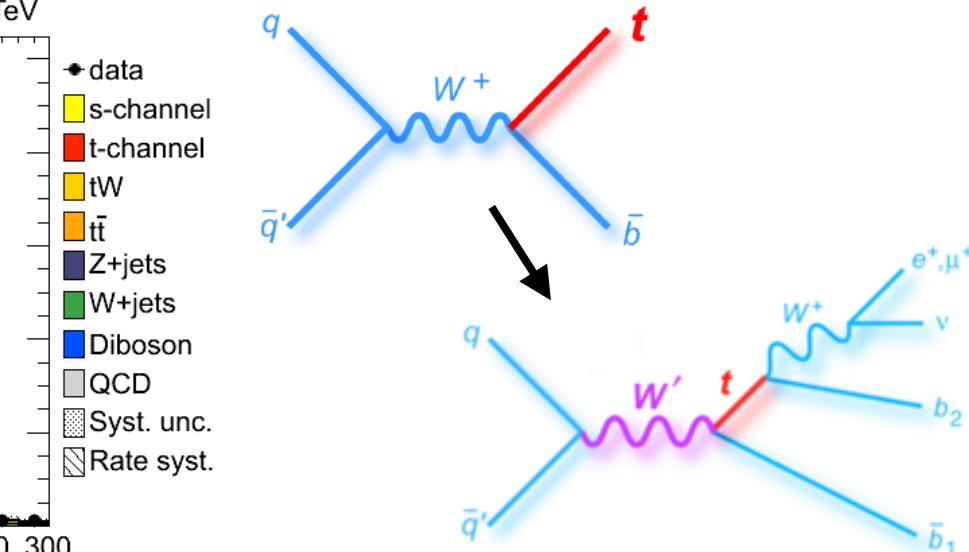
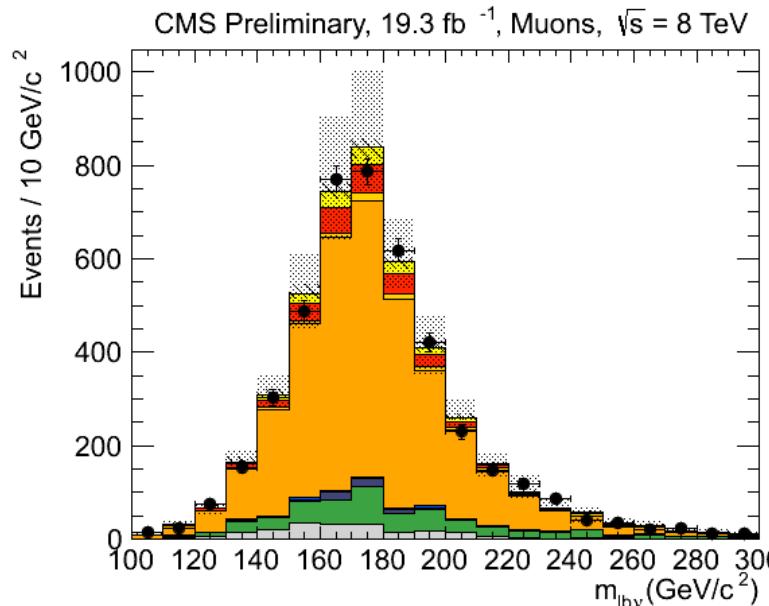
$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{V_{f_i f_j}}{2\sqrt{2}} g_w \bar{f}_i \gamma_\mu (a_{f_i f_j}^R (1 + \gamma^5) + \textcircled{a_{f_i f_j}^L (1 - \gamma^5)})^\mu f_j + \text{H.c.}$$

src: Z.Sullivan, Phys.Rev.D 66 075011

Non-0 \rightarrow interference with SM

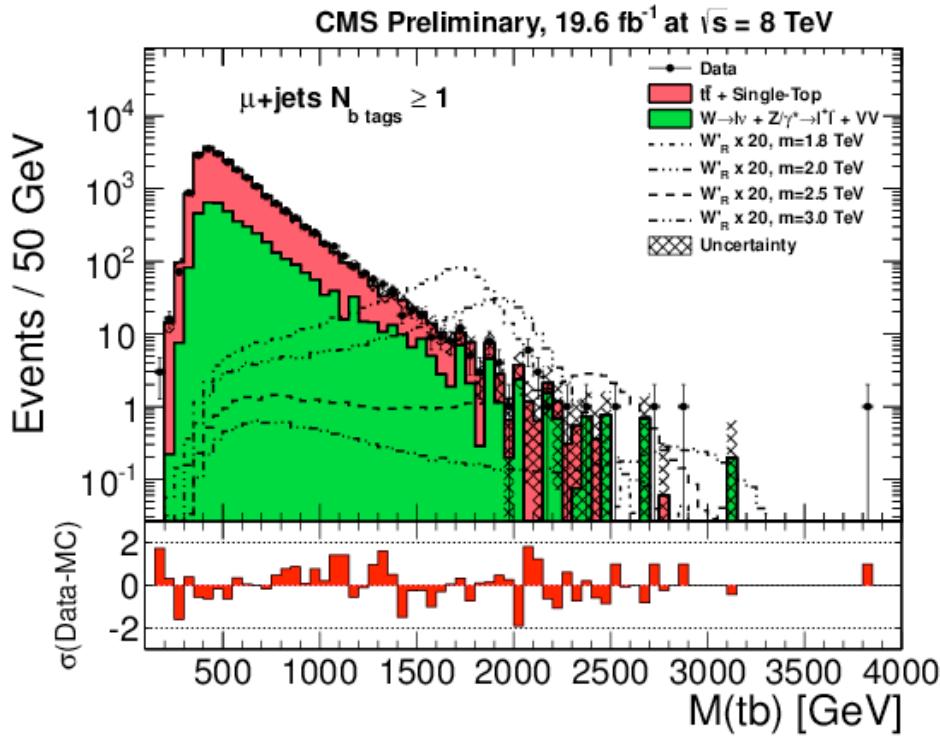


- Signature similar to single top s-channel





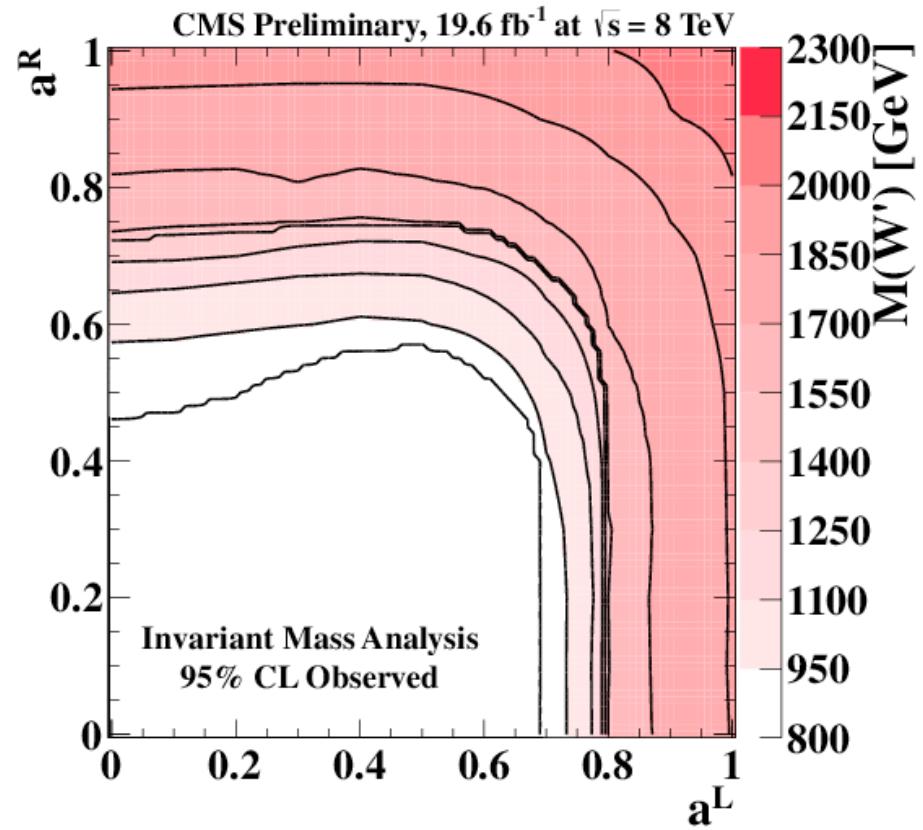
Search for $W' \rightarrow tb$



- no excess: interpret L- and R- handed W' scenarios

$M_{W'} > 2.03 \text{ TeV}$ for W'_R

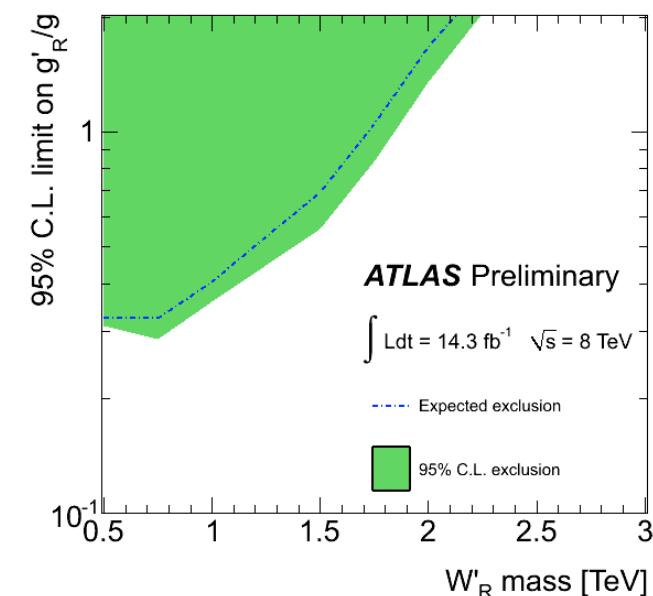
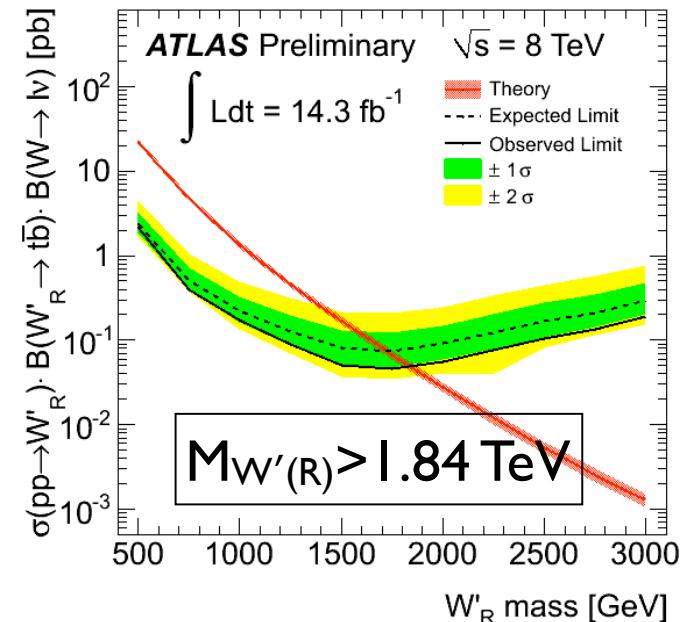
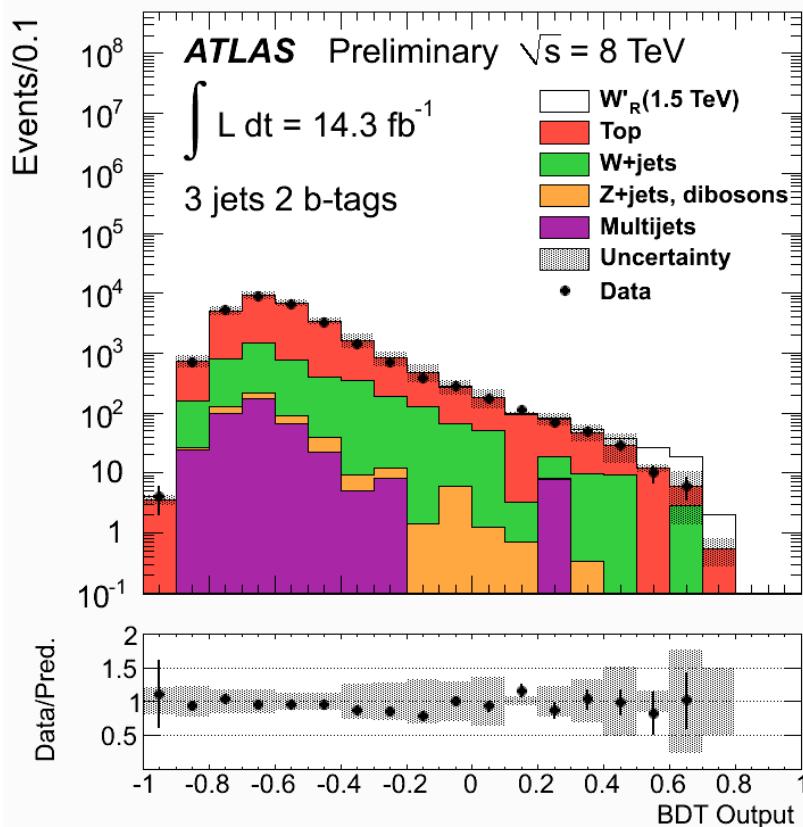
- lepton+MET+2b jets with mass reconstruction





Search for $W' \rightarrow tb$

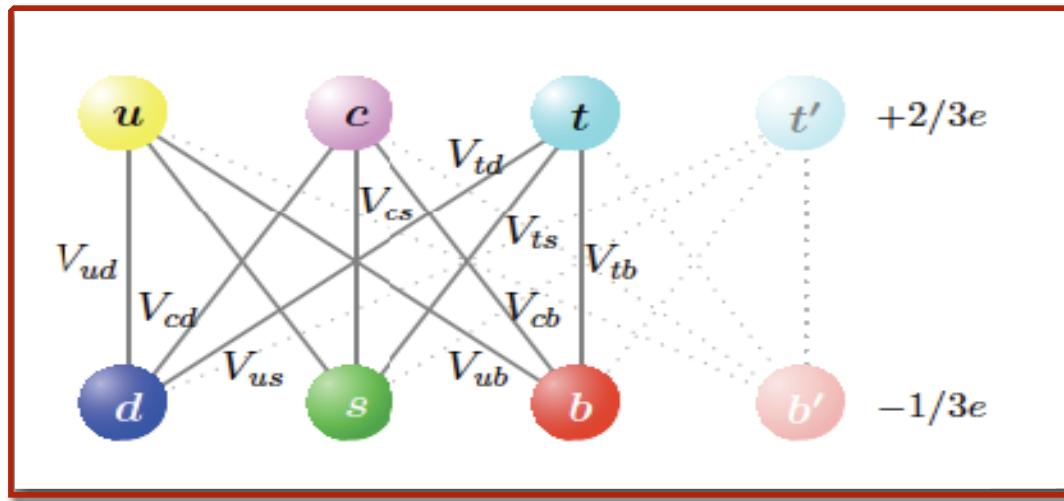
- 2 jets, 2 btags & 3 jets, 2 btags
- Boosted Decision Tree discriminant
- Both L- & R-handed W' limits



ATLAS-CONF-2013-050

Fourth Generation or Vector-Like Quarks

Is there a 4th Generation?



- A very compelling SM extension, but simplest models have been excluded directly or indirectly (eg- Higgs cross section).
- Elaborate models are still alive and are popular topics:
 - 2 Higgs doublet models, some predicting heavy top partners
 - vector-like top and bottom quark partners or exotic top partners with different charge
 - non-SM 4th gen can enhance CP violation, and heavy ν is DM candidate
 - if CKM is diagonal, $t' \rightarrow Wb$ and $b' \rightarrow tW$ due to GIM mechanism

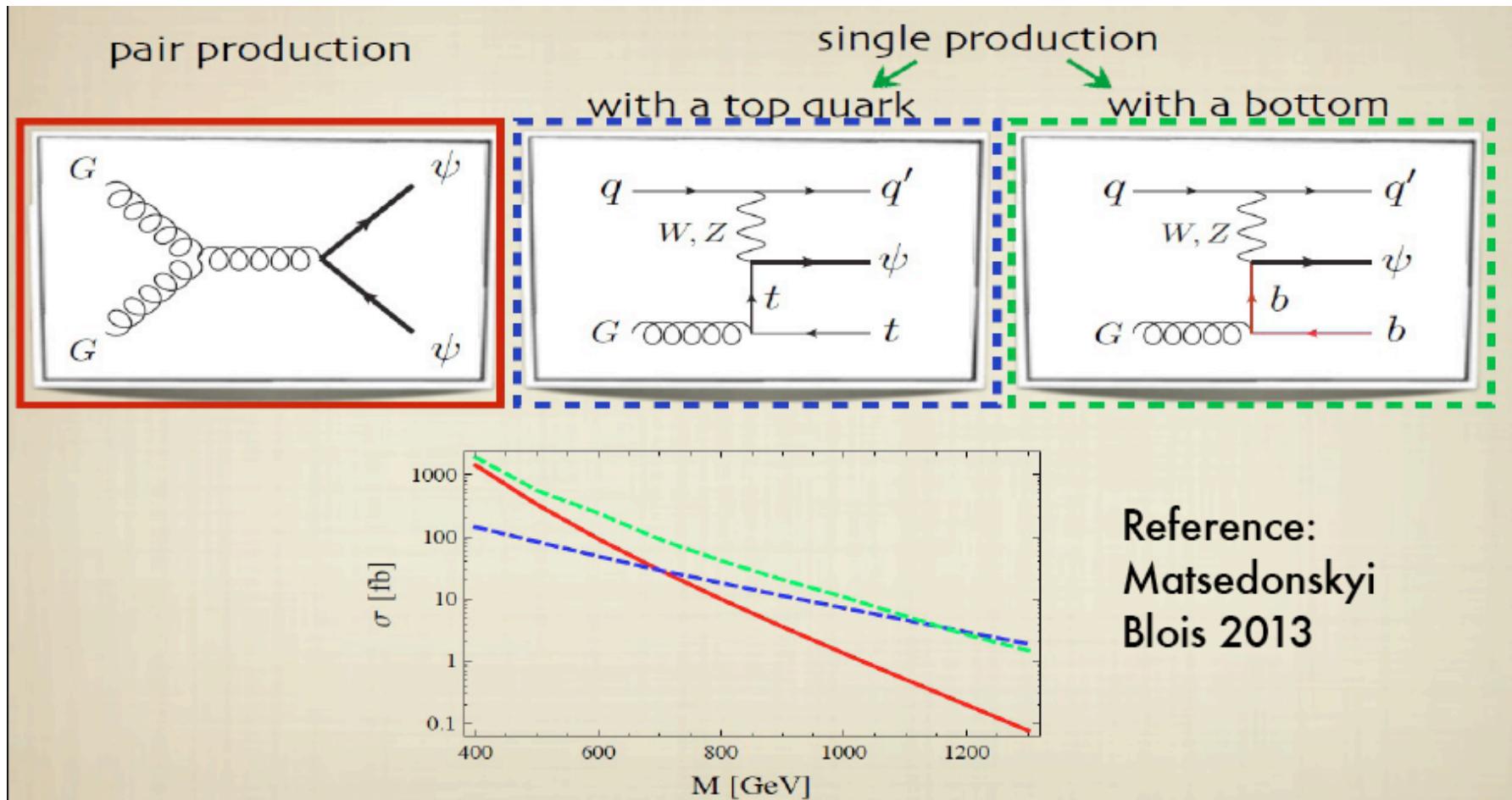
Vector-like Quarks

- Not your uncle's 4th generation! L- and R-handed components transform identically under $SU(2)$ weak isospin gauge symmetry
 - don't enhance Higgs prod, unlike 4th gen.
 - appear in Little Higgs & Extra Dimensions
 - cancel quadratic divergences from loops
- Can have same charge as b, t (B, T) or exotic charge ($X_{5/3}$ or $Y_{-4/3}$).
- Can be isospin singlet, doublet, triplet
- Interact with 3rd gen (naturalness): mixing proportional to SM quark mass. Light quark coupling sometimes enhanced.
- Charged and neutral decay, branching depends on mass and model.
- Pair production is mediated by the strong interaction
- Single production can be more pronounced at high masses

Four Generations of Matter (Fermions)			
Quarks			Gauge Bosons
I 2.4 MeV/c ² $\frac{2}{3}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ u up	II 1.27 GeV/c ² $\frac{2}{3}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ c charm	III 171. GeV/c ² $\frac{2}{3}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ t top	IV ??? GeV/c ² $\frac{2}{3}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ t' top'
IV 0 0 γ photon			
IV 0 0 g gluon			
IV 91.2 GeV/c ² 0 Z⁰ boson			
IV 80.4 GeV/c ² ± 1 W W boson			
Leptons			
I <2.2 eV/c ² 0 $\frac{1}{2}$ ν_e electron neutrino	II <0.17 MeV/c ² 0 $\frac{1}{2}$ ν_μ muon neutrino	III <15.5 MeV/c ² 0 $\frac{1}{2}$ ν_τ tau neutrino	IV ??? MeV/c ² 0 $\frac{1}{2}$ ν₄ neutrino
IV 0.511 MeV/c ² -1 $\frac{1}{2}$ e electron	IV 105.7 MeV/c ² -1 $\frac{1}{2}$ μ muon	IV 1.77 GeV/c ² -1 $\frac{1}{2}$ τ tau	IV ??? GeV/c ² -1 $\frac{1}{2}$ L₄ tau

Vector-like Quarks

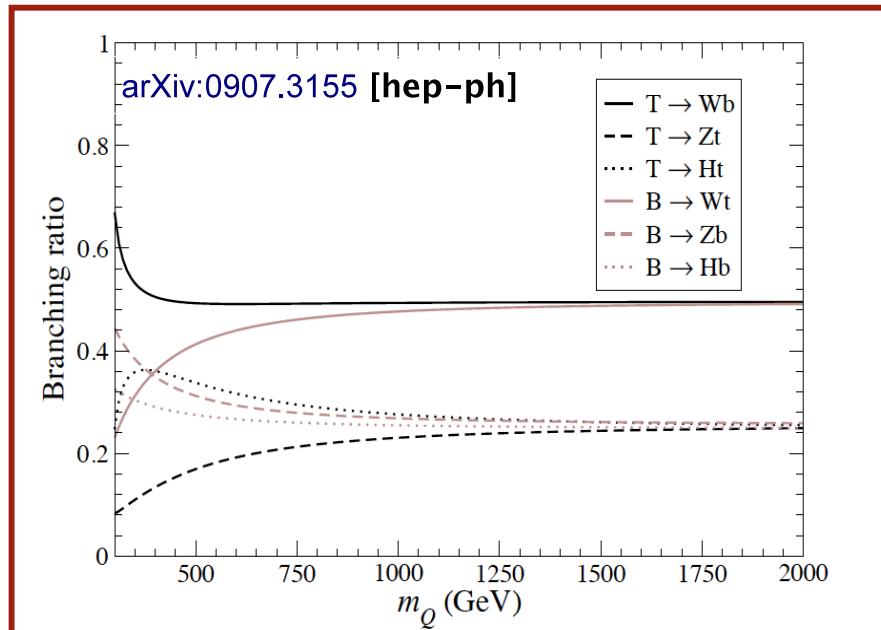
VLQ example: Partial compositeness



Vector-like Quarks

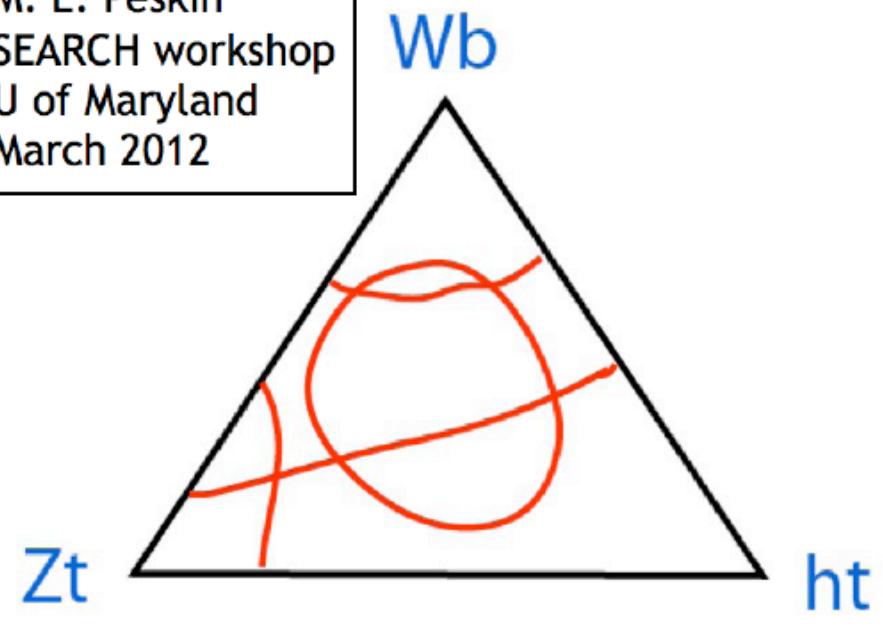
VLQs can have CC and NC decays: the branching ratios are constrained by the relation:

$$\text{BR(Wb)} + \text{BR(tZ)} + \text{BR(tH)} = 1$$



Exclude Triangles not Points

M. E. Peskin
SEARCH workshop
U of Maryland
March 2012



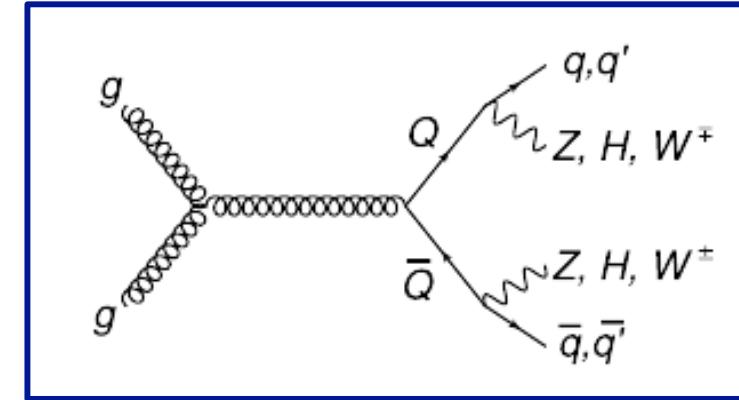
3 varying branching ratios describe the triangle

Partner Quark Topologies

Many distinct event topologies to consider:

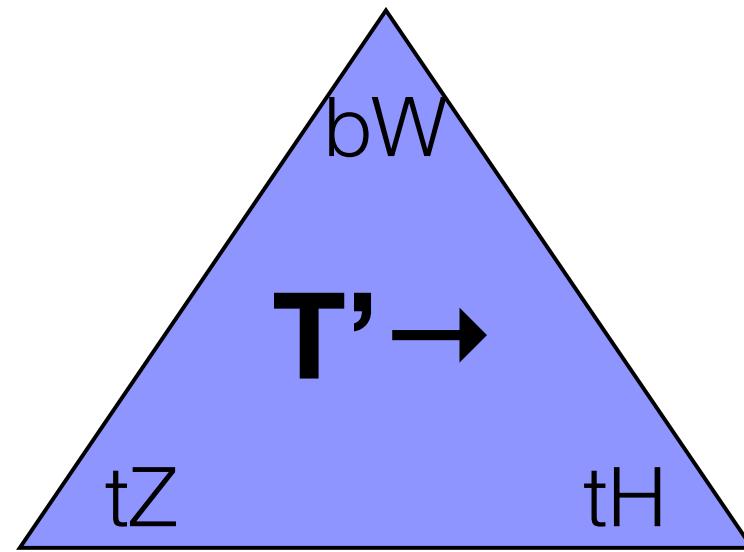
$$B' \rightarrow tW, bZ, bH$$

$$T' \rightarrow bW, tZ, tH$$



- Leptons, b-jets, (boosted) top, (boosted) W/Z, boosted H are all possible final states.
- Use standard (threshold) identification, and use boosted b-tag and V-tag algorithms as well.
- Set limits at 100% BR and also scan over all possible fractions.

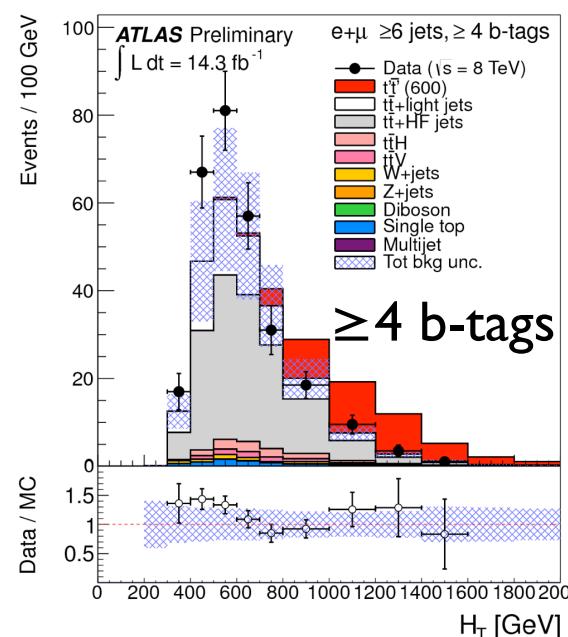
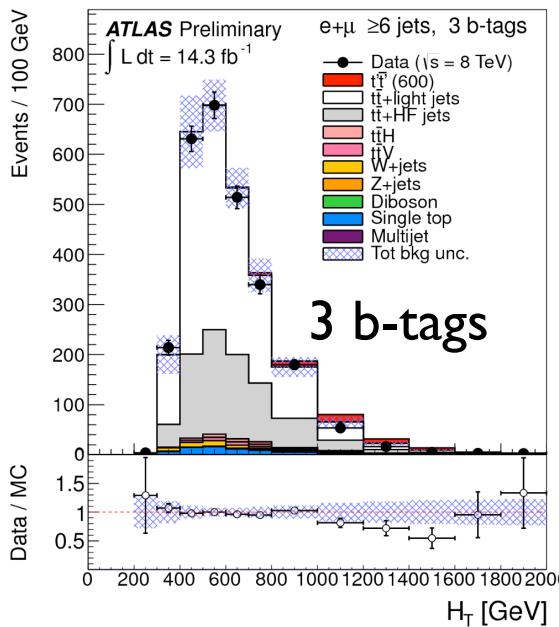
Top Partner Searches



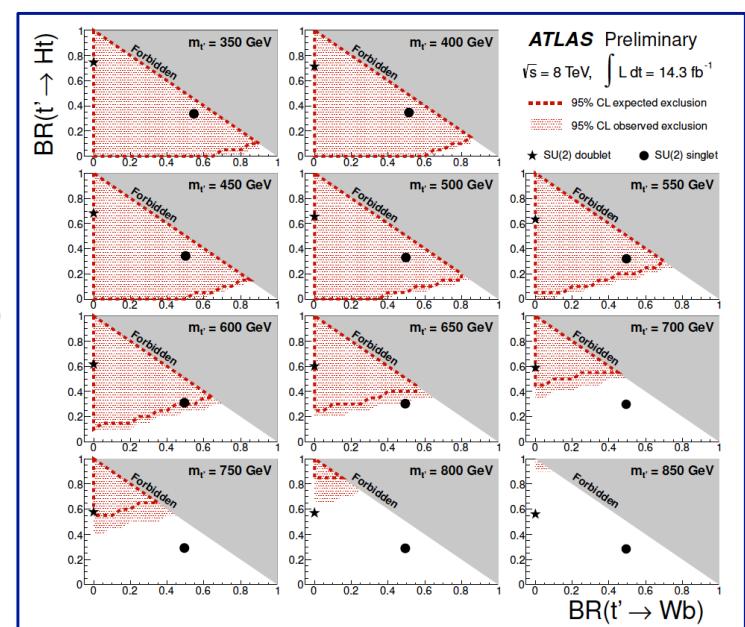


Searches for $T \rightarrow tH$ ($H \rightarrow bb$)

- Semi-leptonic decays, Missing energy + ≥ 6 jets.
- Sensitive to $T \rightarrow tHtH$, $tHbW$, $tHtZ$.



Observed/expected exclusion in plane of $\text{BR}(t' \rightarrow bW)$ & $\text{BR}(t' \rightarrow tH)$
(Protos event generator)

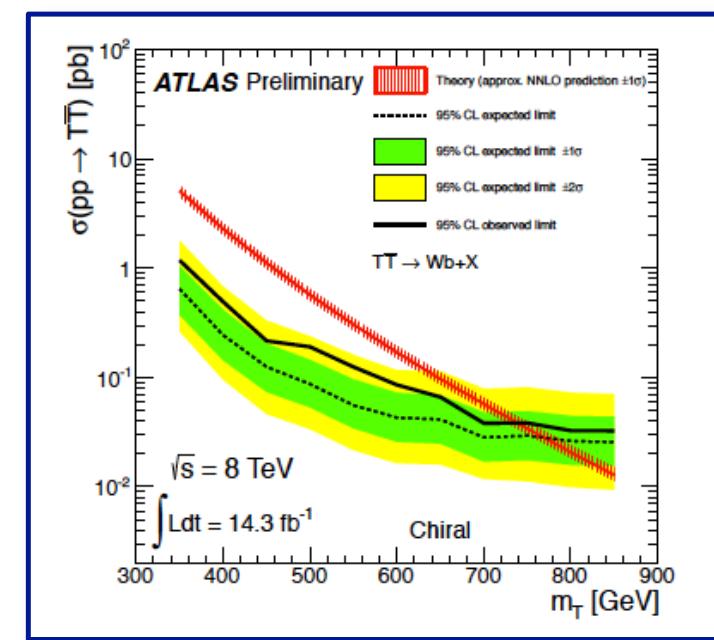
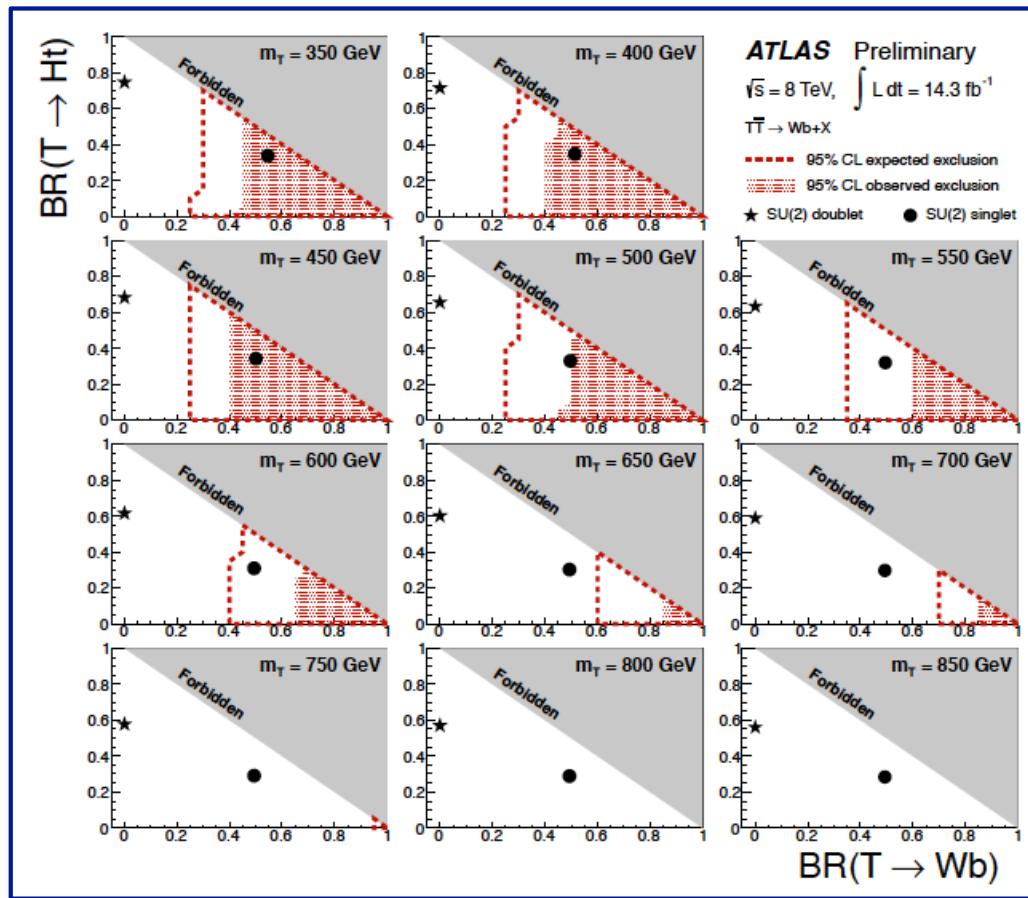


$M(T'_{\text{doublet}}) > 790 \text{ GeV}$
 $M(T'_{\text{singlet}}) > 640 \text{ GeV}$



Chiral 4th Gen. t' or VLQ T

- Semi-leptonic decays with ≥ 1 b-jet in bW final state.
- Complements previous result with ≥ 6 jets.
- Utilizes boosted W-tagging to extend acceptance.



$M(T') > 740 \text{ GeV}$ valid also for $Y(-4/3)$

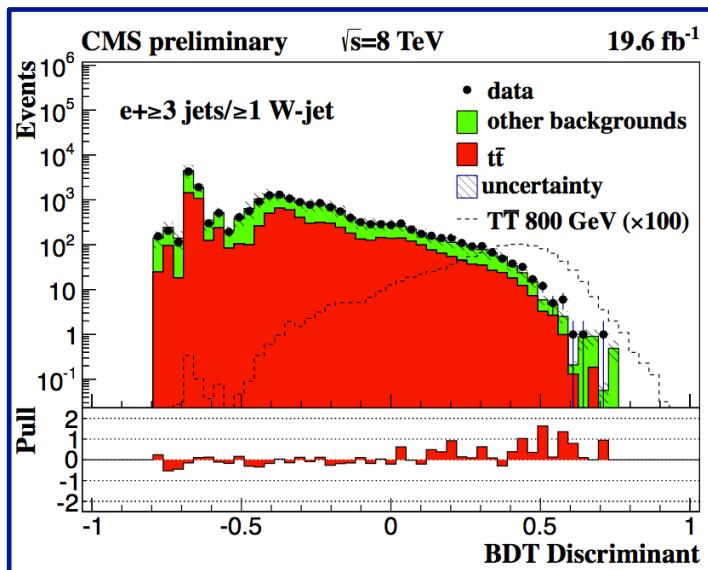
$M(T'_{\text{singlet}}) > 505 \text{ GeV}$

$M(T'_{\text{singlet}}) > 670 \text{ GeV} \rightarrow$ combined with previous result



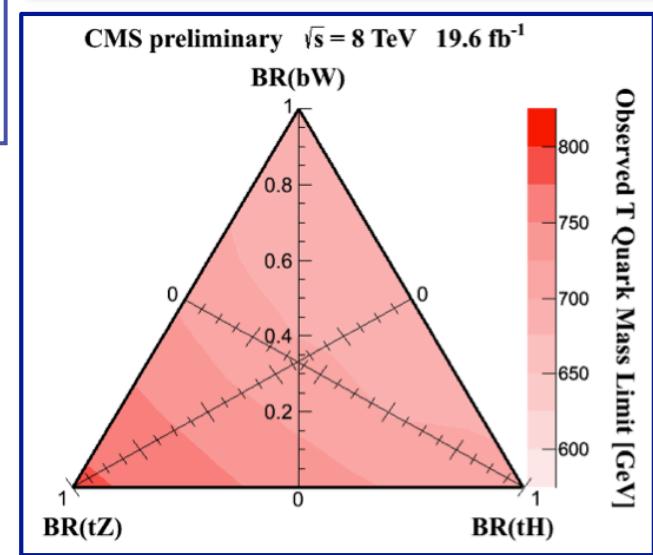
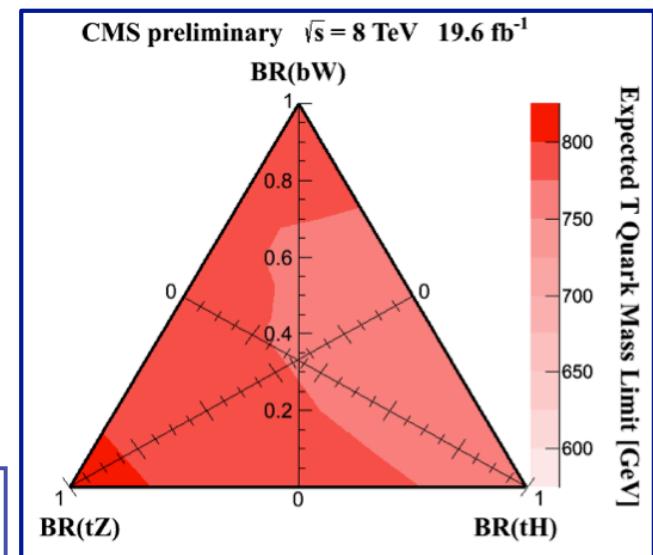
Inclusive Search for T (VLO)

- Single-lepton, OS and SS dileptons, and tri-lepton channels.
- Multi-lepton channels fairly clean. Use boosted decision tree to reject backgrounds in single lepton channel.



Observed exclusion limits are between:
 $M(T') > 782 \text{ GeV}$
 $M(T') > 687 \text{ GeV}$

- **BDT discriminant used for single-lepton channel based on:**
Jet multiplicity, b-tag multiplicity, H_T , missing p_T , lepton p_T , p_T of the 3rd jet & p_T of the 4th jet

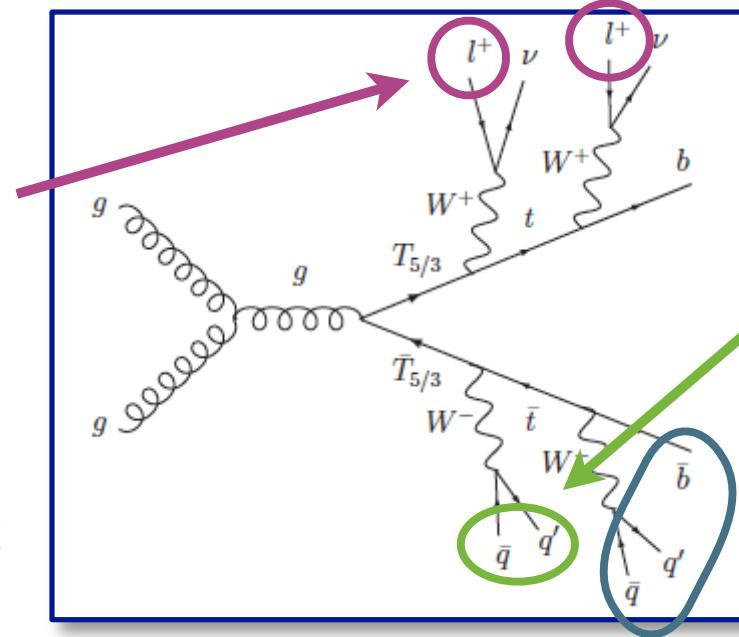




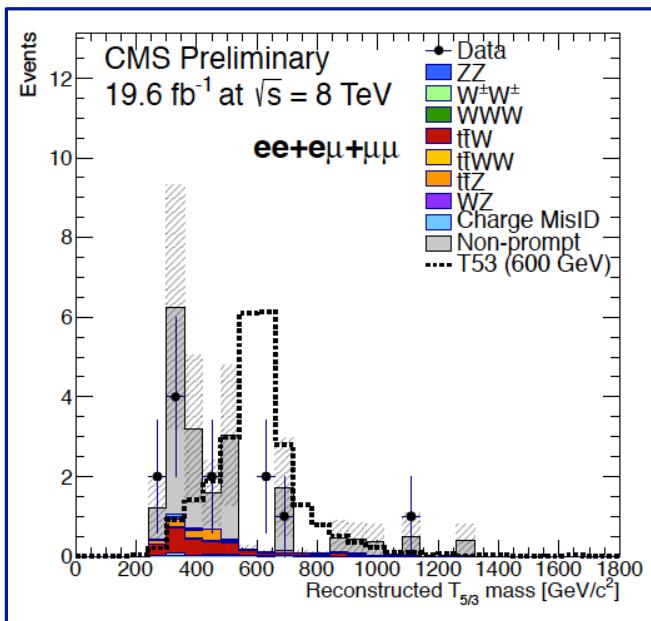
Peculiar Partners: $T_{5/3}$

- same-sign dileptons

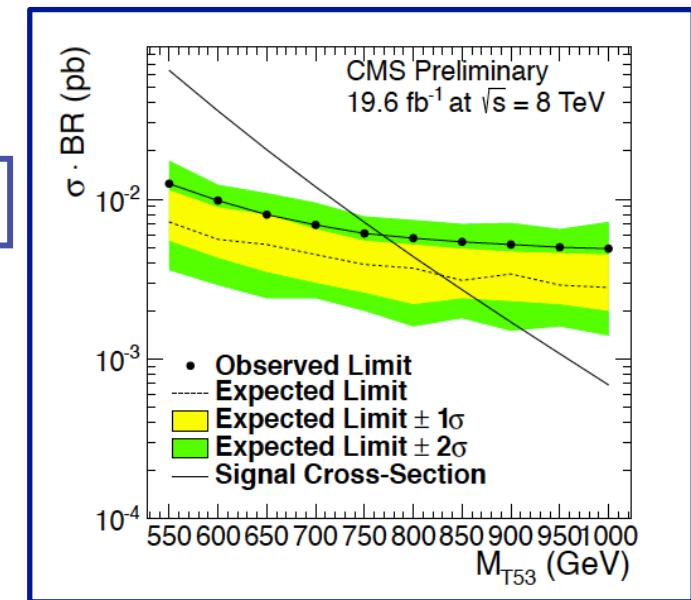
CMS-PAS-B2G-12-012



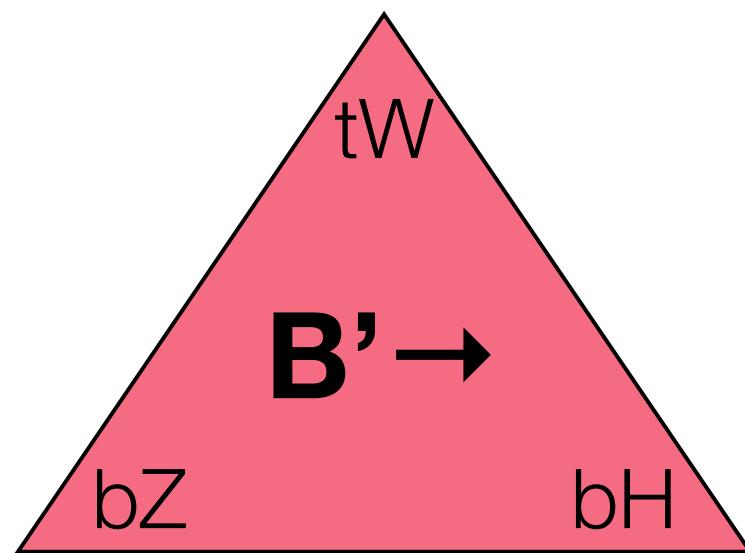
- boosted W tag:
2 subjets,
 $M_j[60, 130]$
- CMS top tag



$M_{T(5/3)} > 770 \text{ GeV}$



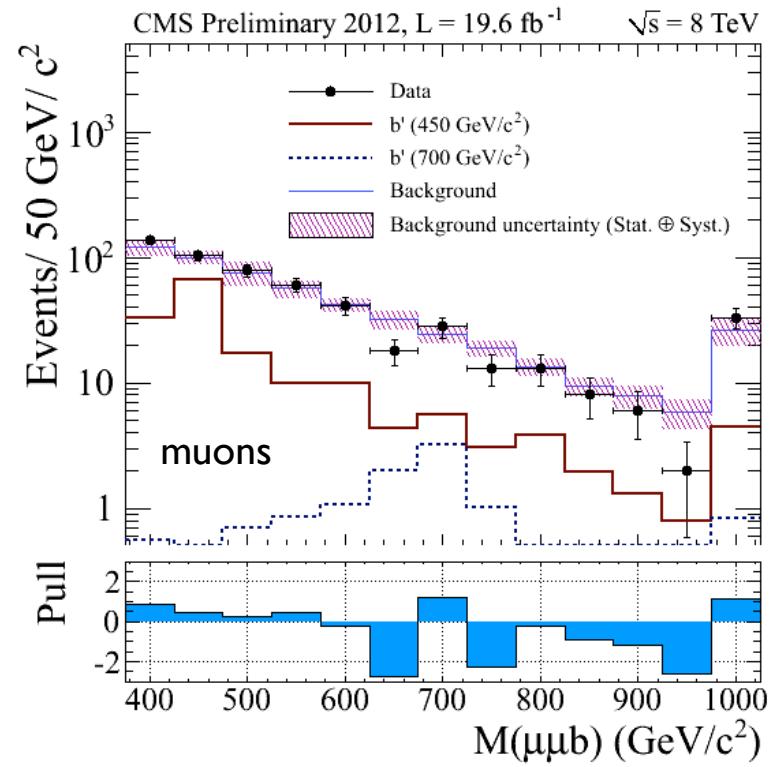
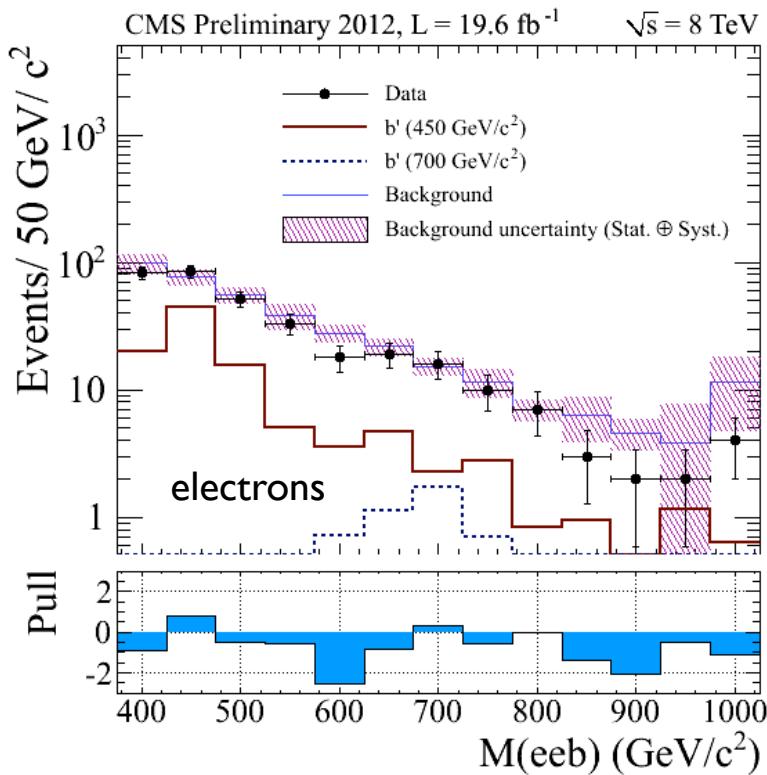
Bottom Partner Searches





Bump Hunt: $B' \rightarrow bZ$

- Look for pair production of charge -1/3 B' quarks, one of which decays to bZ , where $Z \rightarrow ee, \mu\mu$. Use OS dilepton events with at least one b -tag.



Combined limits:

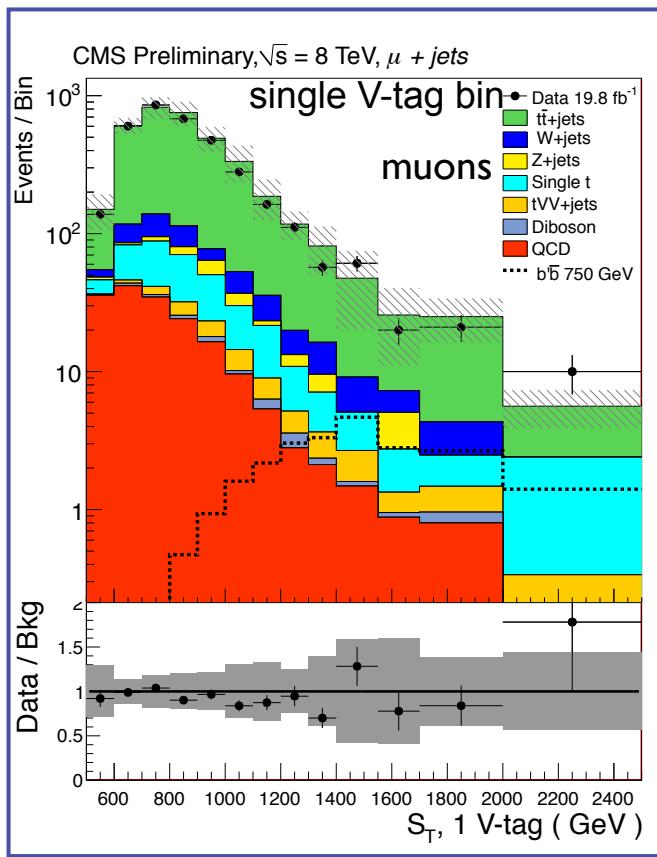
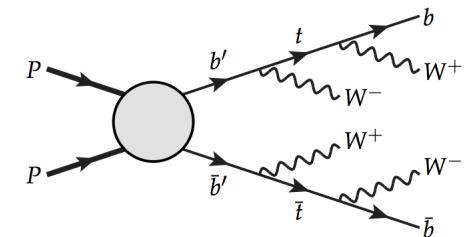
$M(B') > 680 \text{ GeV}$ (expected)

$M(B') > 700 \text{ GeV}$ (observed)



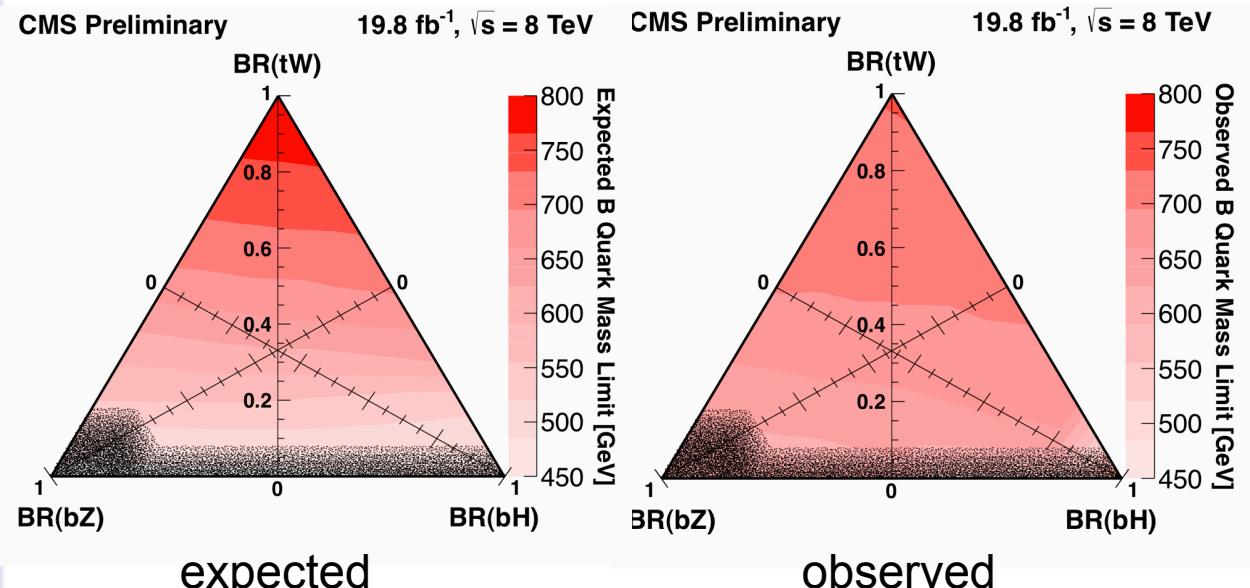
Search for $B' \rightarrow tW, bZ, bH$

Search in semi-leptonic channel decaying to tW, bZ, bH : uses fit to total energy S_T , binned by # of boosted V-tags.



S_T distribution for single V-tag bin

Most sensitive to $B' \rightarrow tW$ channel.
Grey shade indicates no sensitivity.

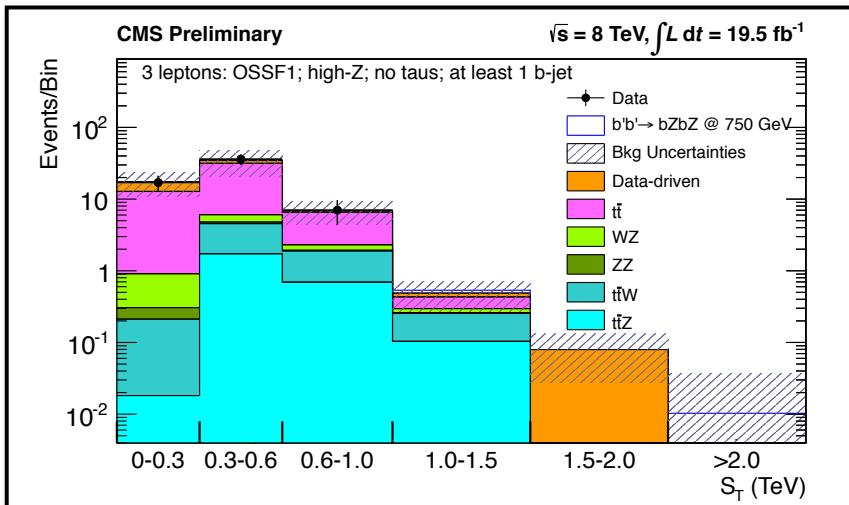


$M(B') > 732 \text{ GeV}$ (for 100% BR to tW)

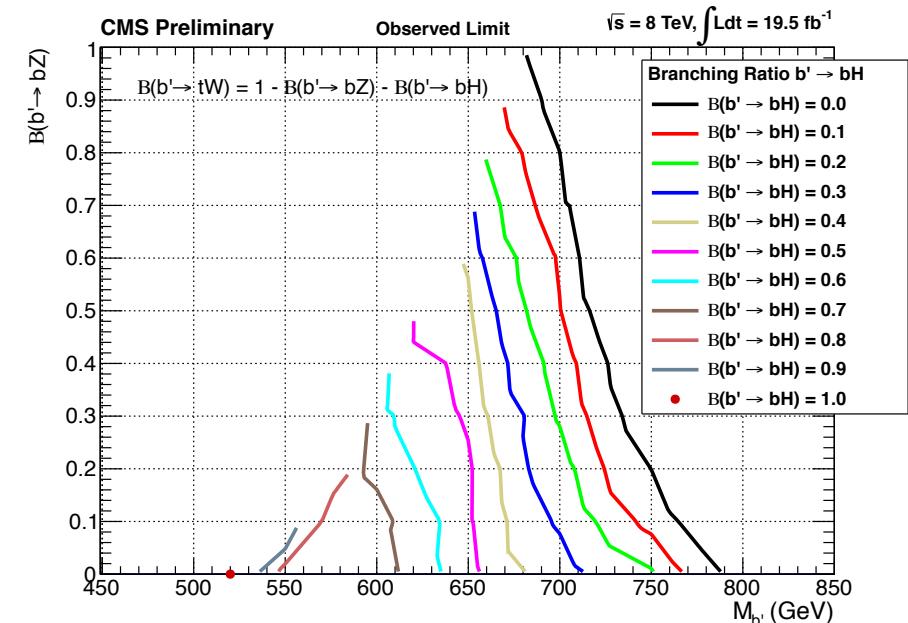


Searches for $B' \rightarrow tW, bZ, bH$

- Search in multi-lepton channel: multi-binned counting expt.

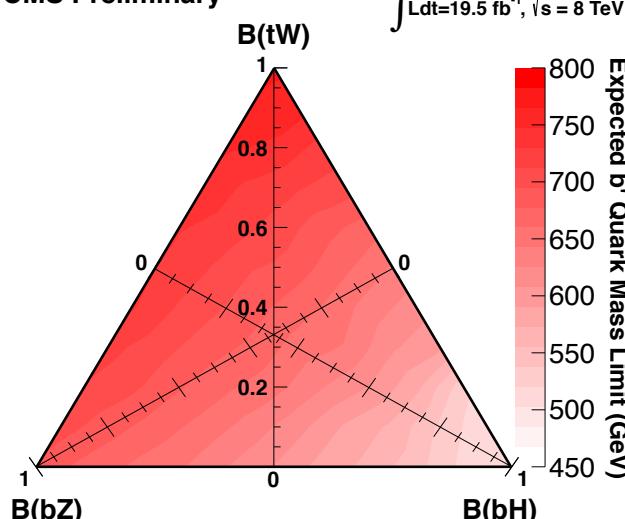


3 leptons, OSSF1, high Z, no taus, 1 b-jet

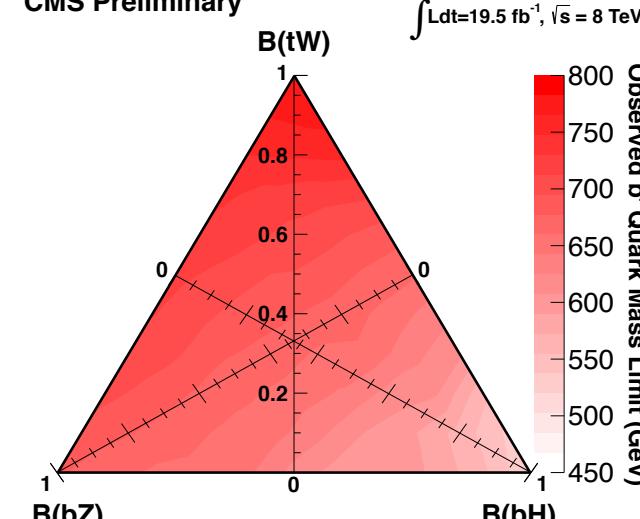


CMS Preliminary

$\int L dt = 19.5 \text{ fb}^{-1}, \sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$



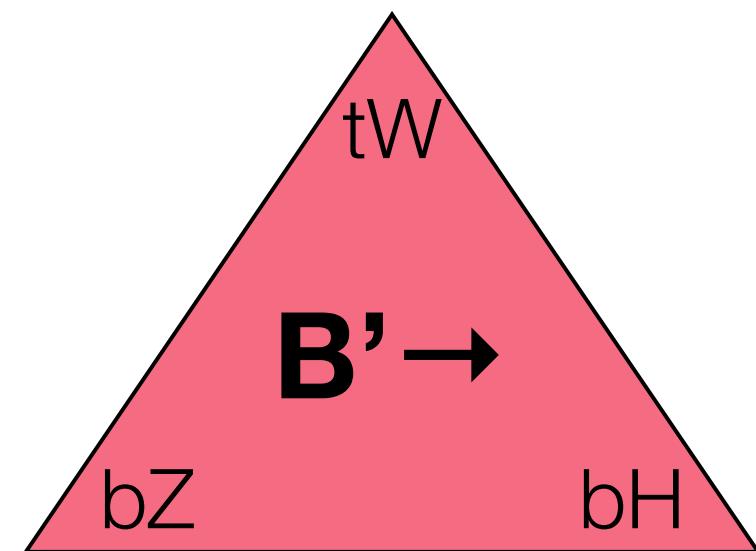
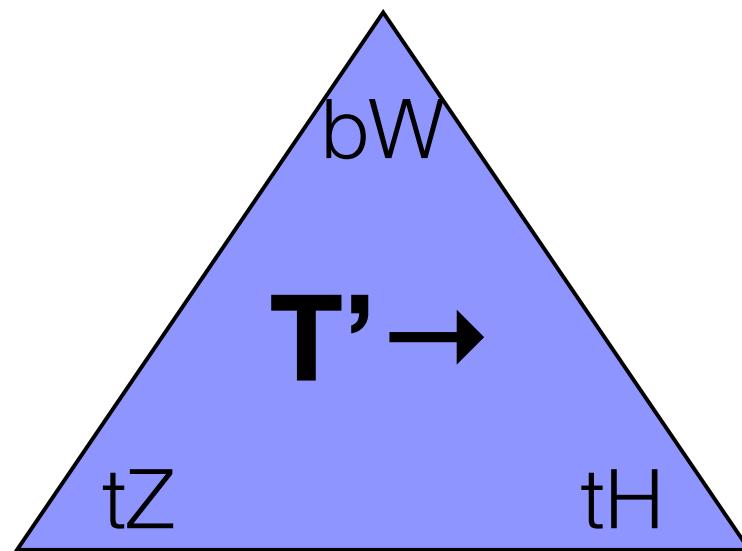
CMS Preliminary



$M(B') > 785 \text{ GeV}$
(for 100% BR to tW)

CMS-PAS-B2G-13-003

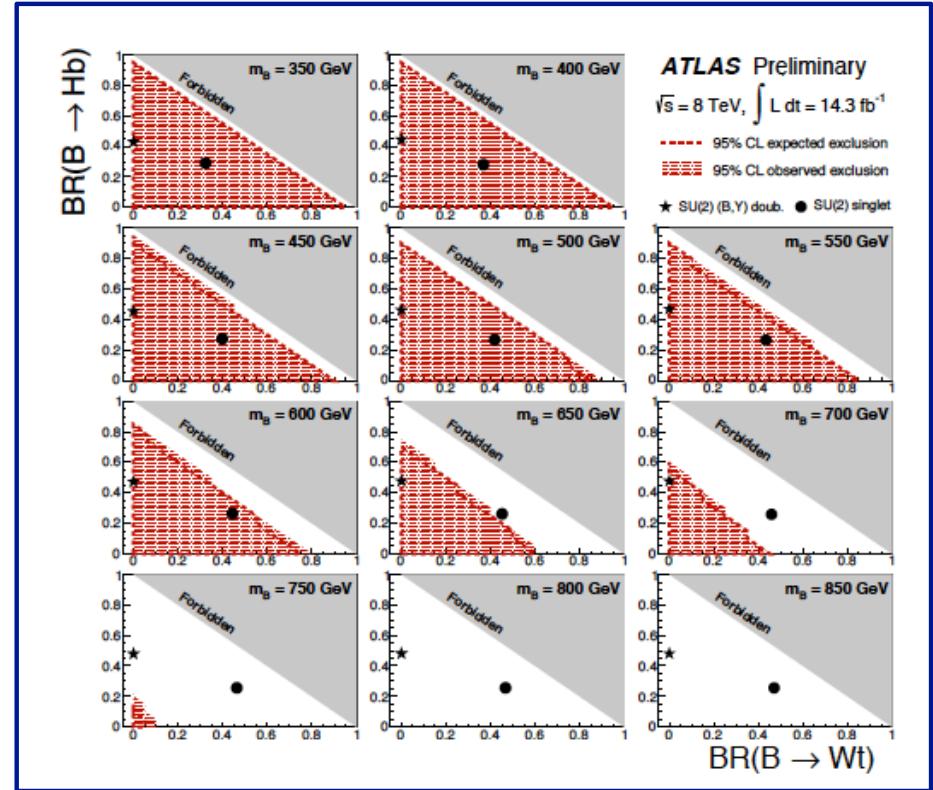
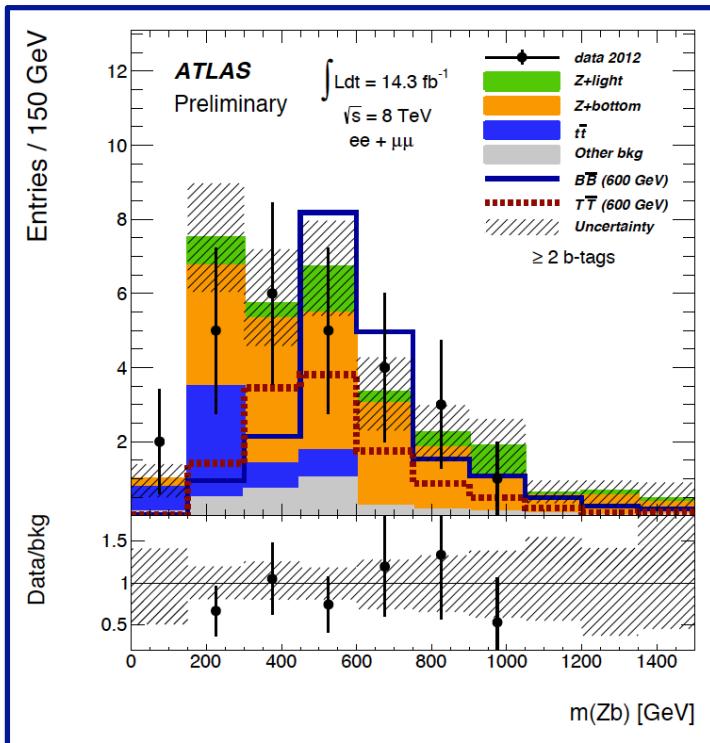
Top and Bottom Partners Together





Search for $T' \rightarrow tZ, B' \rightarrow bZ$

- Search in $Z \rightarrow ll$ candidate events with ≥ 2 b-tags.
- Search for weak isospin singlet T, B and doublet T of (X,T), B of (B,Y), with X(+5/3) and Y(-4/3)



Plots shown for $B \rightarrow bZ$ case

$M(T') > 585 \text{ GeV}$ (BR for singlet)

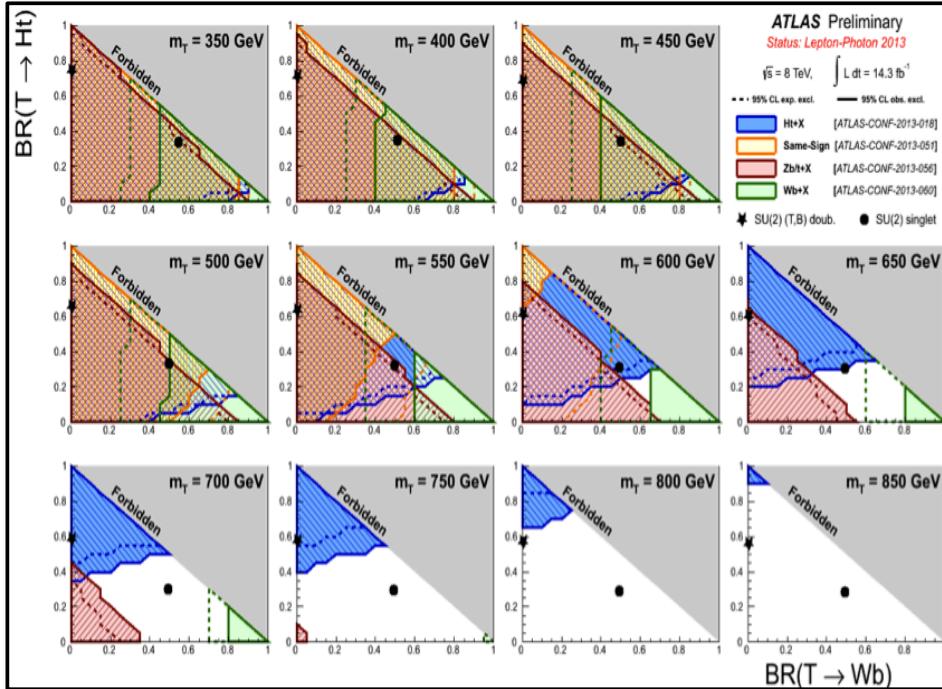
$M(B') > 645 \text{ GeV}$ (BR for singlet)

$M(T') > 680 \text{ GeV}$ (BR for doublet)

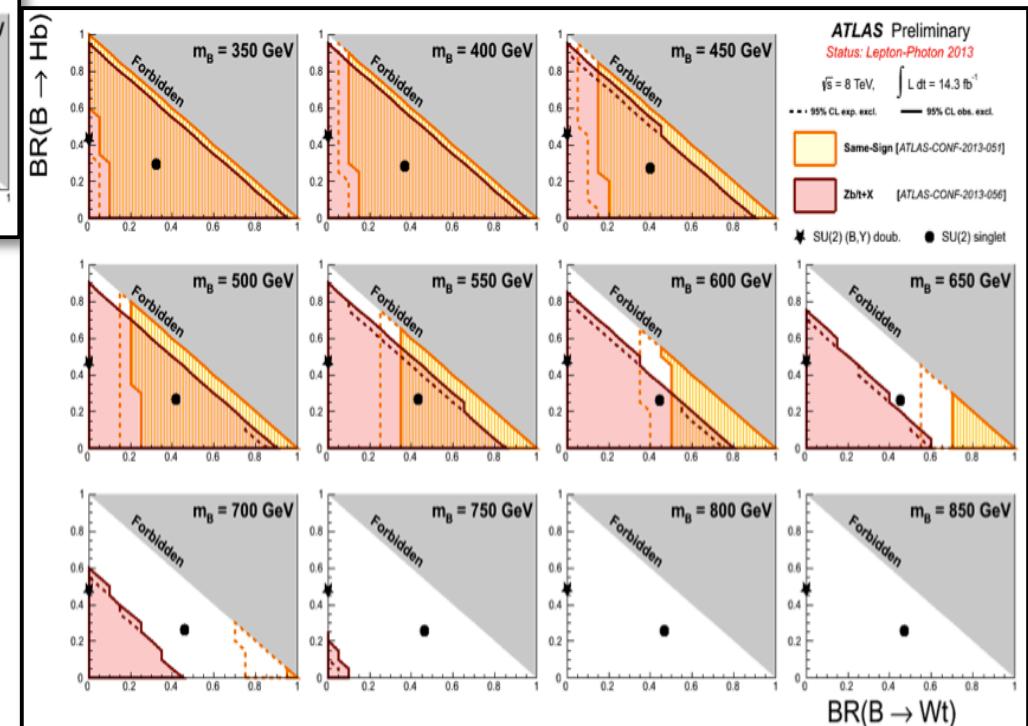
$M(B') > 725 \text{ GeV}$ (BR for doublet)



ATLAS Partner Quark Summary



Top Partner Exclusion Limits

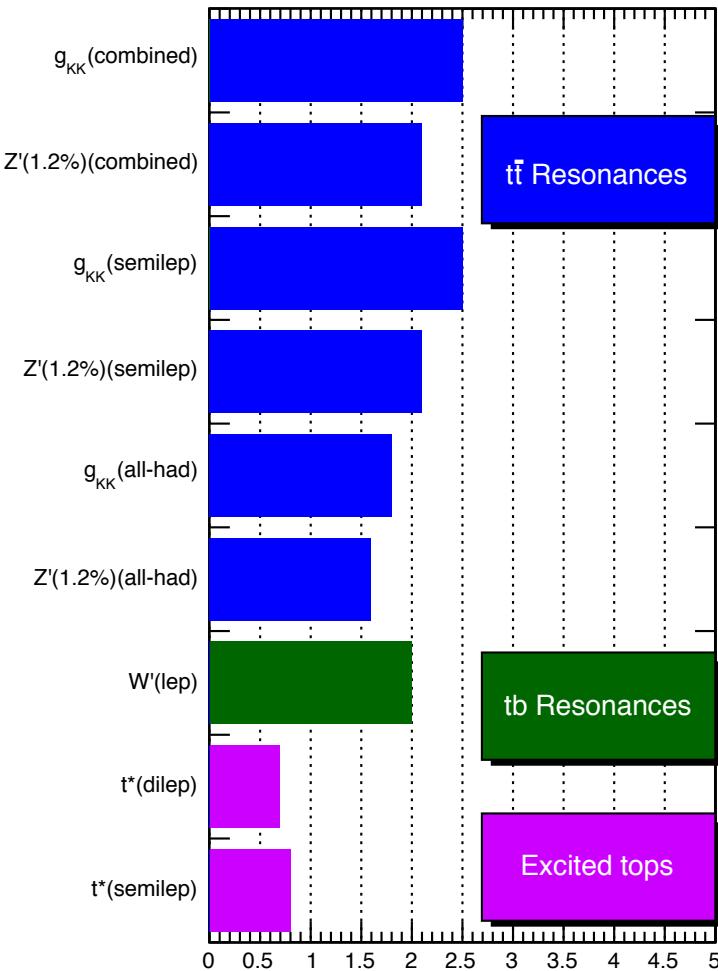
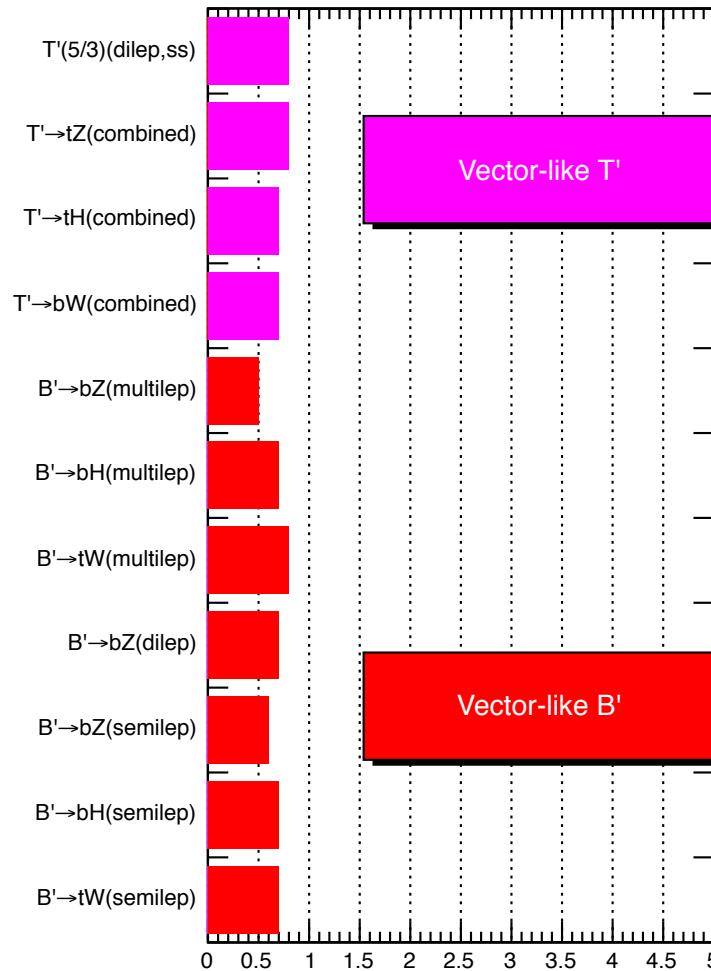


Bottom Partner Exclusion Limits



CMS Summary

CMS Searches for New Physics Beyond Two Generations (B2G) 95% CL Exclusions (TeV)



Summary

- ATLAS and CMS have a rich program in searches for solutions to the hierarchy problem, many of which could involve decays to top quarks or top-like signatures.
- More results on resonances and top and bottom partners from Run I (and utilizing more boosted particle identification) coming soon.
- Boosted top tagging and V-tagging (jet substructure) will be increasingly important in new physics searches as we move to higher mass scales.

Stay Tuned!