

FTS3 and networks

BigPanDa workshop

Michail Salichos
IT/SDC

21/10/2013





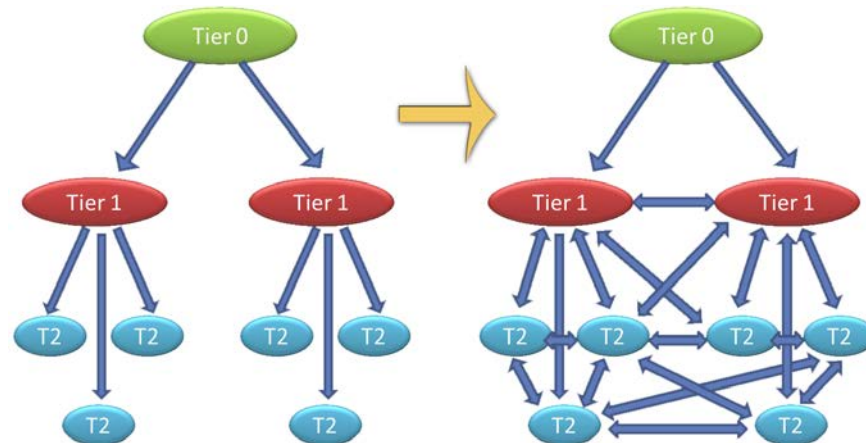
Outline

- **Background**
 - FTS2 vs FTS3
- **Features**
 - Network awareness
 - Supported + expected
- **More information**
 - CHEP 2013 presentation
 - <https://indico.cern.ch/contributionDisplay.py?sessionId=5&contributionId=40&confId=214784>



FTS highlights

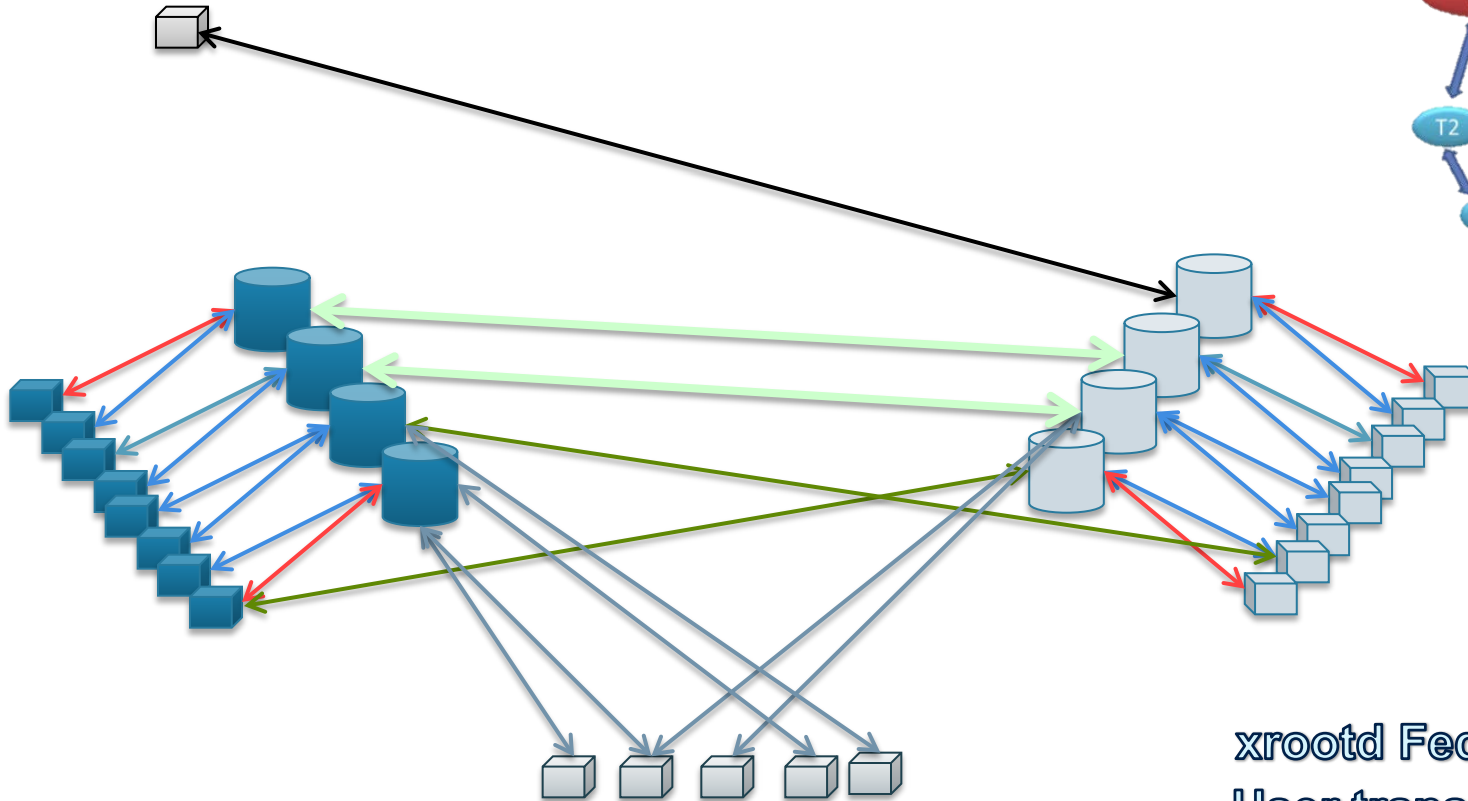
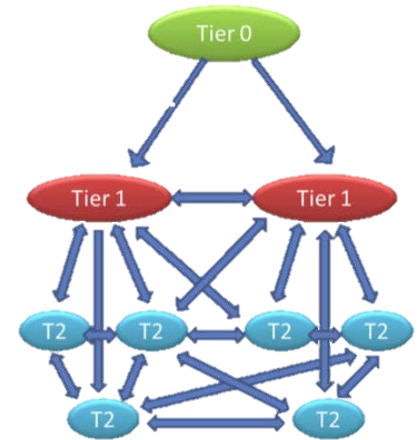
FTS2	FTS3
Mature service, ~10 years in prod	> 1 year as a Pilot – 6 months ATLAS prod + LHCb
Channel model – site pair	Endpoint-centric Adaptive optimization – zero config
SRM, gsiftp	SRM, gsiftp, HTTP, xroot
Oracle	Oracle, MySQL (SQLite or PostgreSQL easily)
No horizontal scalability	Scales well horizontally






What effects transfers?

- For every transfer three entities and their state play a role
 - Source storage system
 - Network
 - Destination storage system
- All three are effected by multiple activities

Activities...



xrootd Fed. 
User transfers 
Scheduled 

Alternatives

- Manage all resources
 - extremely complex, unlikely to succeed
 - optimal resource utilization
- Don't manage, but observe and react.
 - with reasonable algorithms
 - low priority for private access
 - medium for federation access
 - high for local and scheduled (FTS)
 - plus overprovisioning of network bandwidth
- Combination?

Role of “network as a resource”

- Use for every transfer
 - will result in an enormous complexity
 - only beneficial if combined with managing all forms of access (local,....) and storage systems load
- Use to reserve and limit bandwidth
 - changing only slowly (like batch quotas)
 - low granularity

FTS3 network as a resource (2)



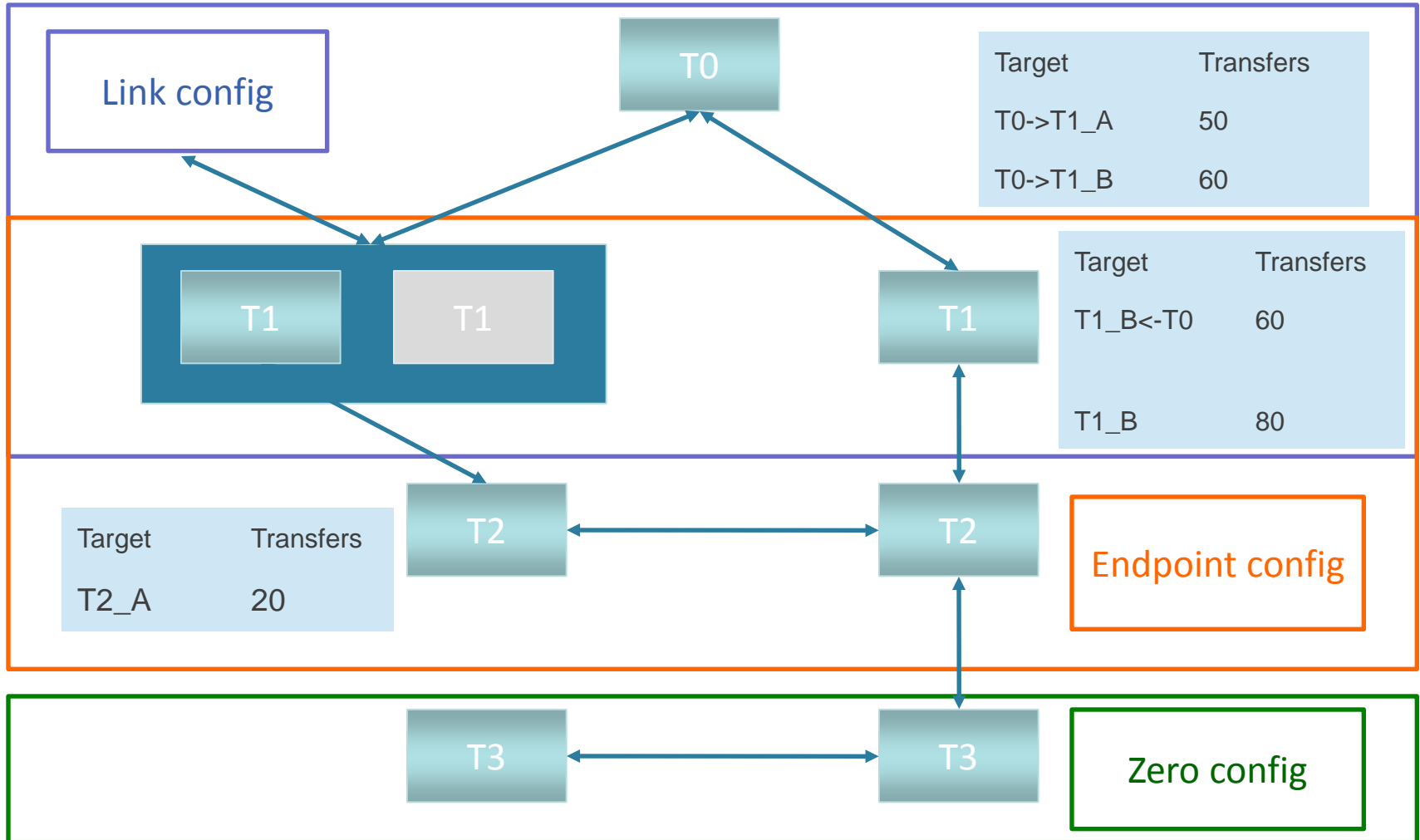
- Adaptive optimization
 - achieved throughput and success rate of links influencing the algorithm
 - information for transfers success rate and throughput are retrieved from FTS3 database
- PerfSonar
 - preliminary experimentation of bandwidth and ping tests shown that we can profit
 - integration will start very soon and Pilot service will be used for testing
- Software-defined networks

FTS 3 deployment Model

- Centralized (1 or 2 instances)
 - service can scale horizontally
 - less effort needed to exchange status between instances
 - (much) faster evolution
 - DevOps model for operation and support



FTS3 configuration model





FTS3 features

- Multiple replicas support
- Transfer multi-hop
- Stage-in files from archive (SRM)
- VO shares per activity (primary, production, secondary, tier0, tier1, etc)
- Integration of perfSonar information (bandwidth & ping tests)
- Blacklisting DN/SEs, retries, etc



FTS3 work in progress

- deeper integration with archival storage and include high performance file management capabilities (deletes, renames...)
- web interface for simple file selection and transfer management
 - proxy management and delegation within the browser
- transfer of files off local machines, e.g.
 - local to remote storage
 - remote storage to local
 - laptop to laptop ?



Sample volume



Total number of bytes transferred group by server

2013-09-09 08:50 to 2013-09-10 08:50 UTC

