

Time dependent Dalitz Plot analysis of $B^0 \rightarrow K_S \pi^+ \pi^-$

Jelena Ilic

University of Warwick

- ▶ 3 body decays - Dalitz plot
- ▶ Motivation
- ▶ Backgrounds
- ▶ Self Cross Feed
- ▶ Results
- ▶ Conclusion

3 body decays - Dalitz Plot

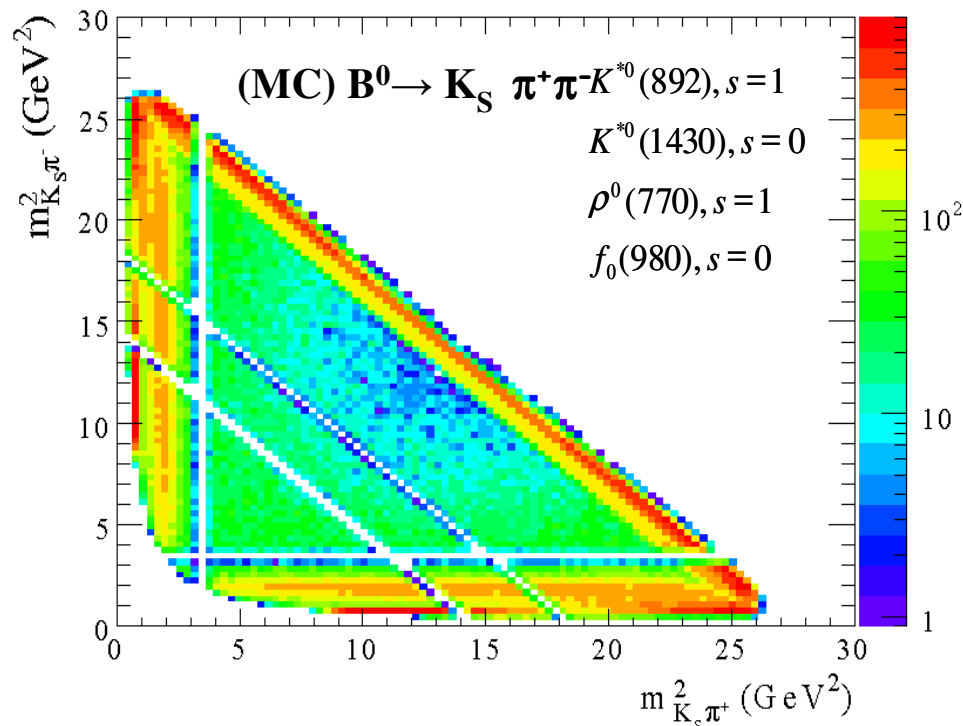
| | |
|-------------------|----------|
| 4 vectors | 12 |
| conservation laws | -4 |
| meson masses | -3 |
| free rotation | -3 |
| total | 2 |

♦ Usual choice : m_{12}^2 , m_{23}^2 or m_{13}^2 invariant mass of combined ij particle

♦ Decay rate:

$$\Gamma \propto |M|^2 dm_{12}^2 dm_{23}^2 \quad (M - \text{invariant amplitude})$$

Dalitz plot - visualisation of the 3 body phase space



♦ Interfering Q2B modes

- ♦ DP analysis is sensitive to their relative phases
- ♦ This allows to measure $2\beta_{\text{eff}}$ in penguin dominated modes rather than just S or $\sin(2\beta_{\text{eff}})$.
- ♦ Interfering tree and penguin diagrams \sim information on CKM angle γ

Motivation

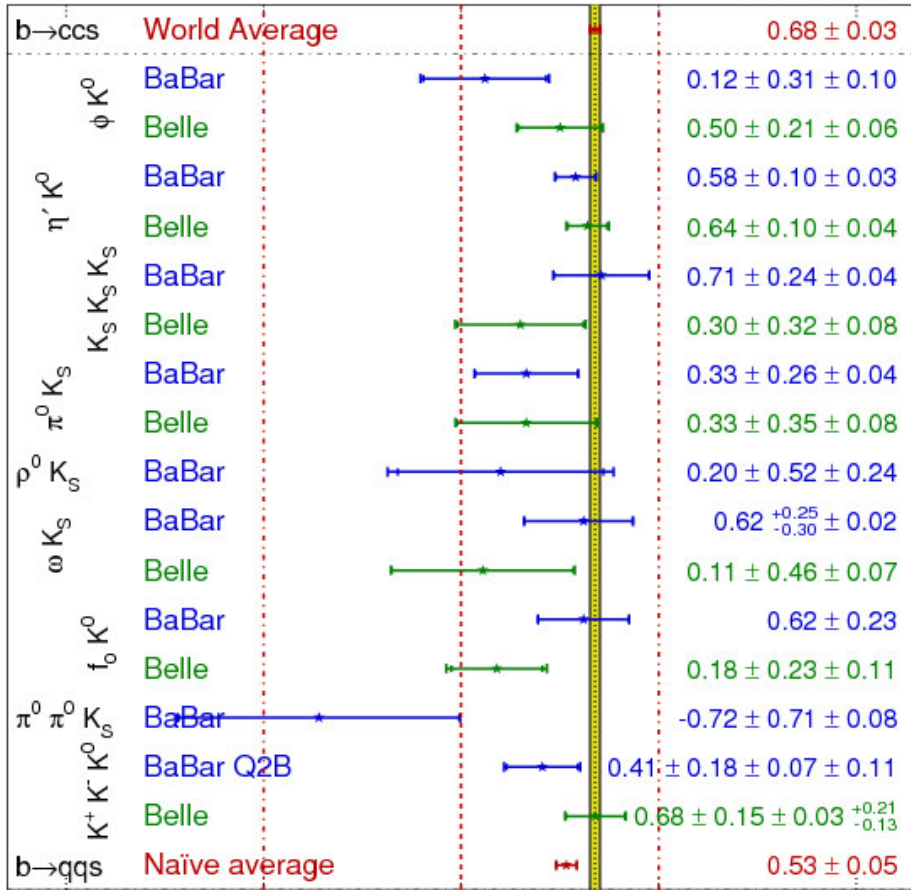
Study CP violation effects

Standard Model ~ CKM matrix ~ couples the quarks with the weak force carriers

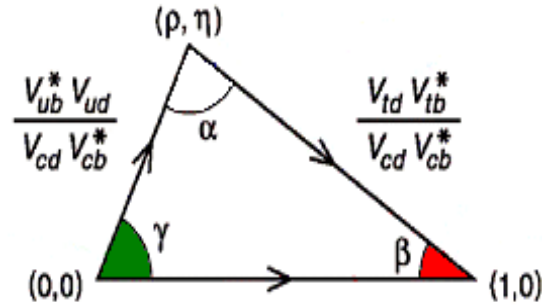
measurement of the angle β in $b \rightarrow sq\bar{q}$

$$\sin(2\beta^{\text{eff}}) \equiv \sin(2\phi_1^{\text{eff}})$$

HFAG
Moriond 2007
PRELIMINARY



$$V_{\text{CKM}} = \begin{bmatrix} V_{ud} & V_{us} & V_{ub} \\ V_{cd} & V_{cs} & V_{cb} \\ V_{td} & V_{ts} & V_{tb} \end{bmatrix}$$

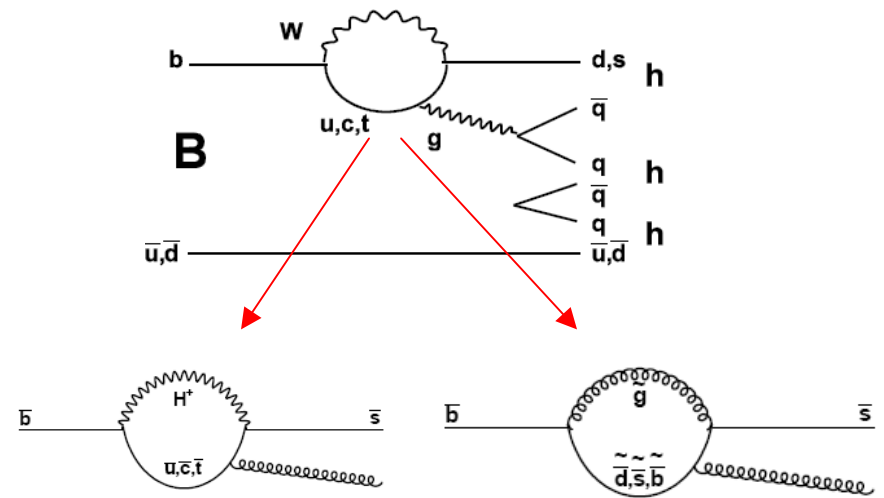


constraint on the angle γ

M. Ciuchini, M. Perini and L. Silvestrini, Phys.Rev. D **74** (2006) 051301

M. Gronau, D. Pirjol, A. Soni and J. Zupan, Phys.Rev. D **75** (2007) 014002

New Physics?



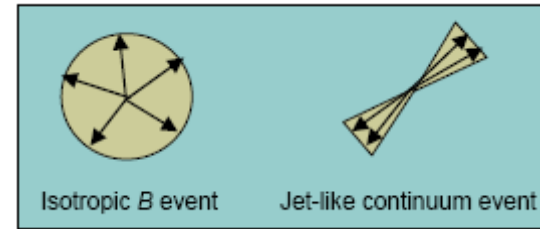
Background

Continuum

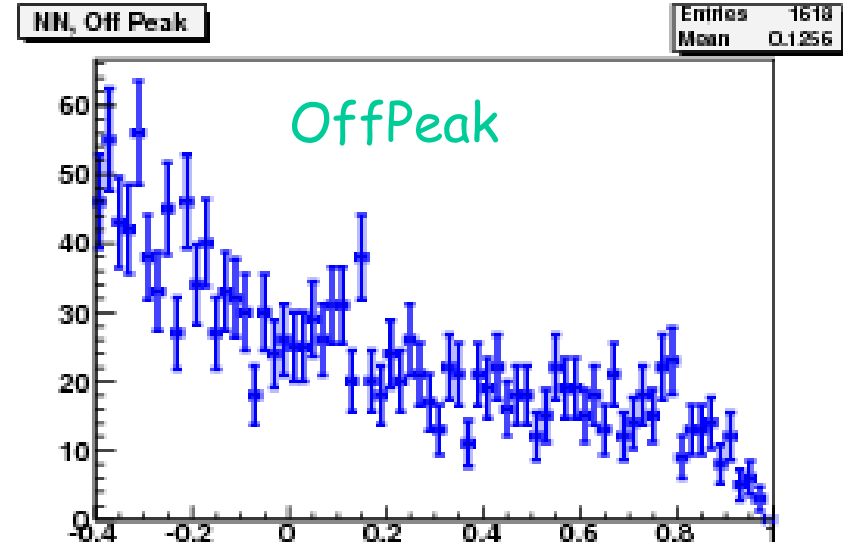
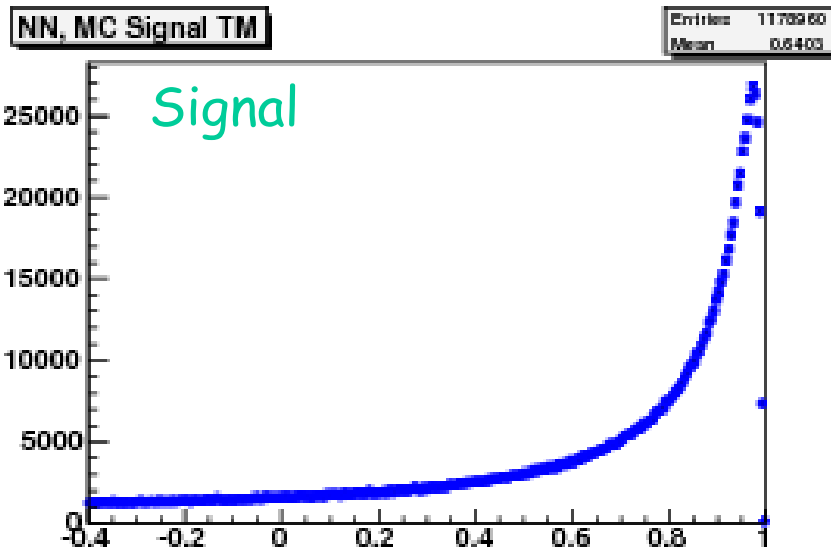
$e^+e^- \rightarrow qq\bar{q}$ (q=light quark)

Dominant background

Use events topology



Combine topological variables to form a NN



Use kinematical variables

- Energy substituted mass
- Energy difference

$$m_{ES} = \sqrt{E_x^2 - \vec{p}_B^2}$$

$$\Delta E = E_B - E_x \quad E_x = \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{s}$$

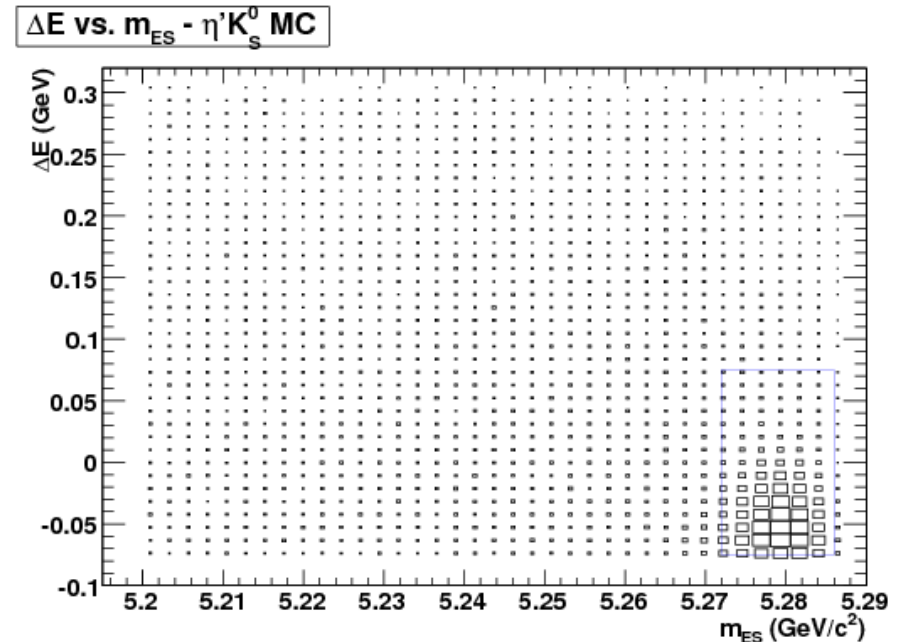
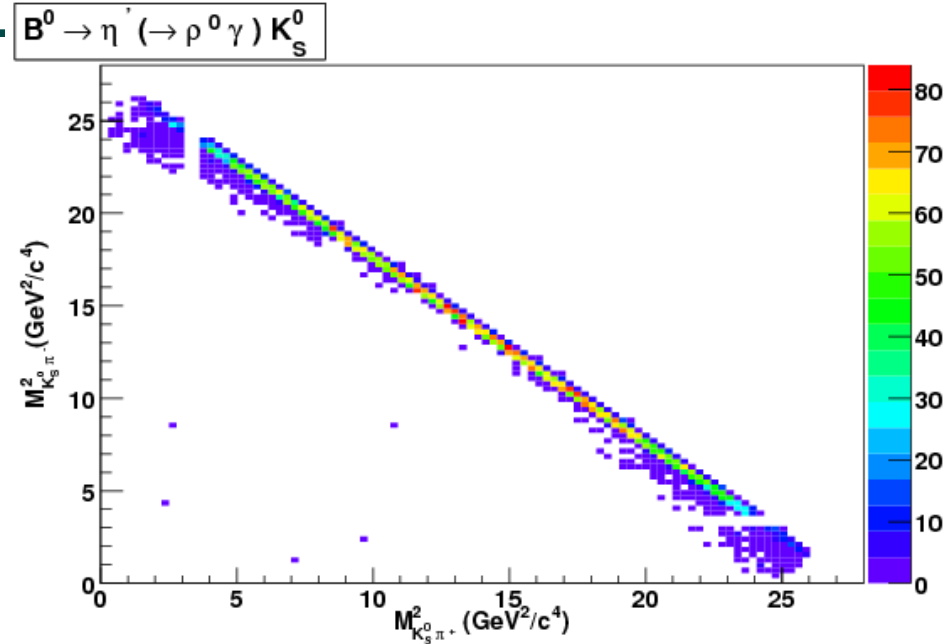
Sqrt(s) - Invariant mass of e^+e^- system

Background

BBbar

- ◆ B decay events
- ◆ Final state is **not** a product of **charmless** B meson decay to $K_S \pi^+ \pi^-$
- ◆ Study using both generic and exclusive MC samples
- ◆ find dominant decay modes (peaking background)
- ◆ combinatorial background

| Mode | Number of events |
|---|------------------|
| $B^0 \rightarrow D^- (\rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^-) \pi^+$ | 3377 ± 60 |
| $B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi (\rightarrow l^+ l^-) K_S^0$ | 1803 ± 43 |
| $B^0 \rightarrow \psi(2S) K_S^0$ | 142 ± 13 |
| $B^0 \rightarrow \eta' K_S^0$ | 37 ± 16 |
| $B^0 \rightarrow a_1^\pm \pi^\mp$ | 7.3 ± 0.7 |
| $B^0 \rightarrow D^{*-} (\rightarrow D \pi) \pi^+$ | 43.8 ± 2.5 |
| $B^0 \rightarrow D^- h^+ ; B^0 \rightarrow D^- \mu^+ \nu_\mu$ | 281 ± 20 |
| $B^0 \rightarrow D^{*-} \rho^+$ | 34.5 ± 4.6 |
| $B^0 \rightarrow \{\text{neutral generic decays}\}$ | 114 ± 7 |
| $B^+ \rightarrow \{\text{charged generic decays}\}$ | 282 ± 11 |



Self Cross Feed

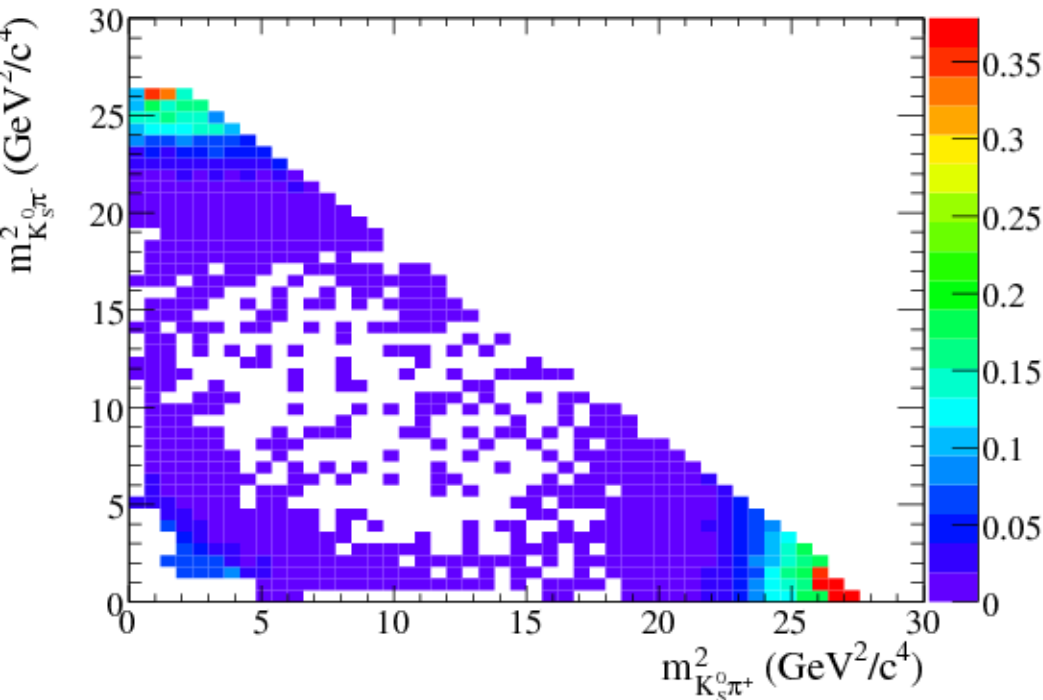
Self Cross Feed

Misreconstructed signal events (one or more particles actually from decay of other B in event)

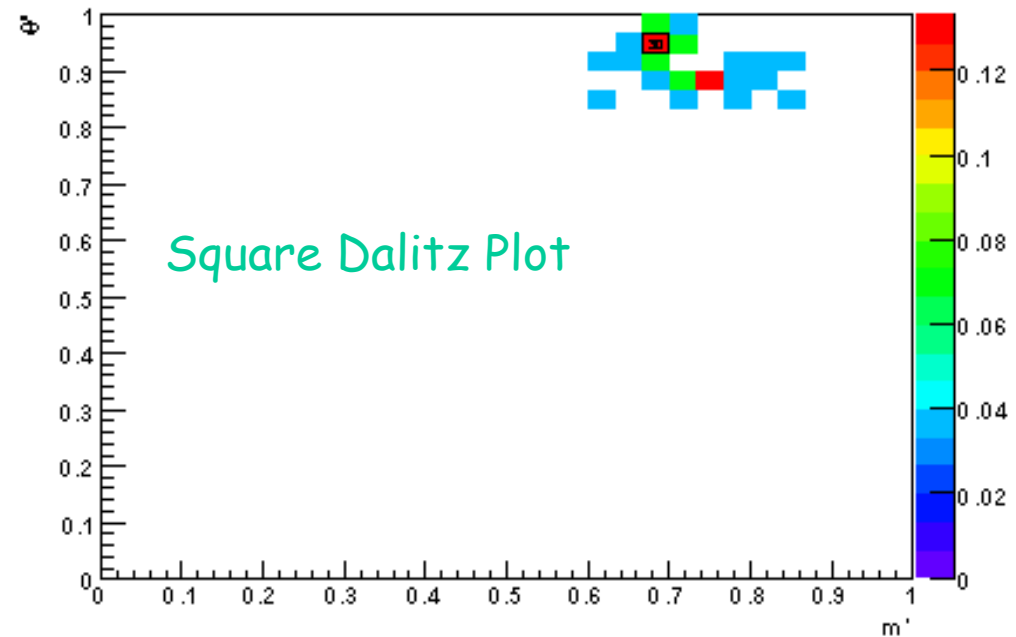
~1%

$$d_{\text{migration}} = \sqrt{(m_{13_{MC}}^2 - m_{13_{\text{reco}}}^2)^2 + (m_{23_{MC}}^2 - m_{23_{\text{reco}}}^2)^2}$$

SCF events fraction



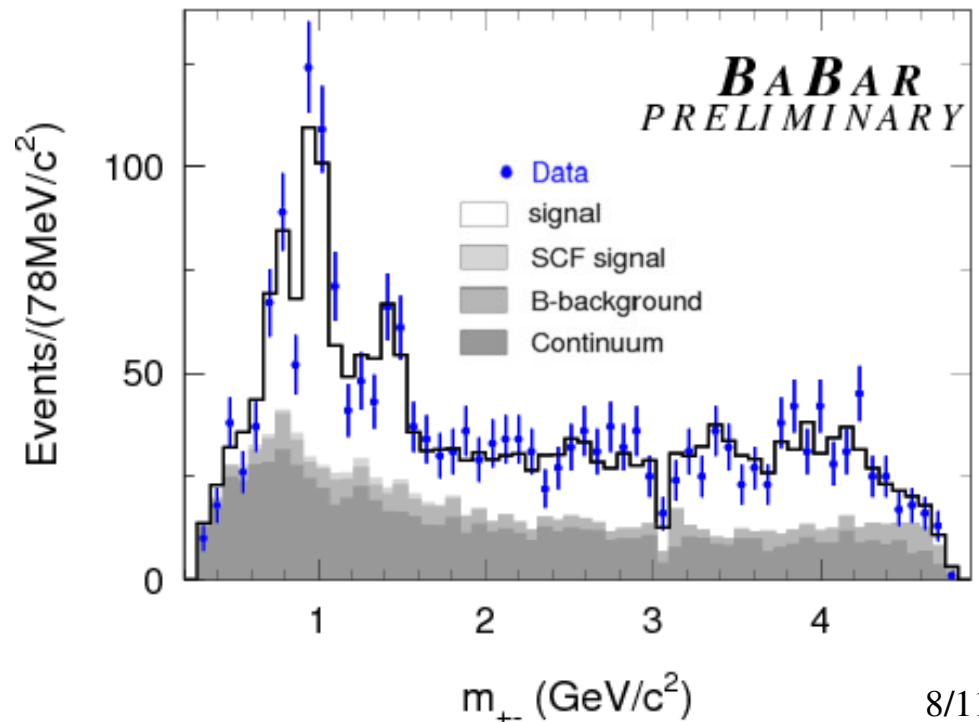
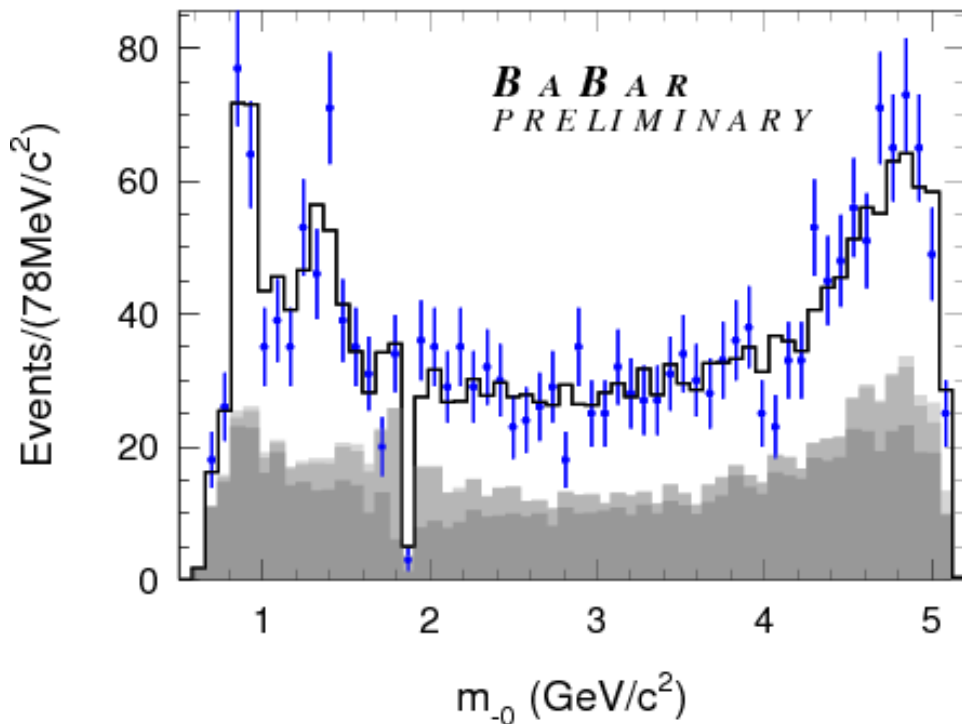
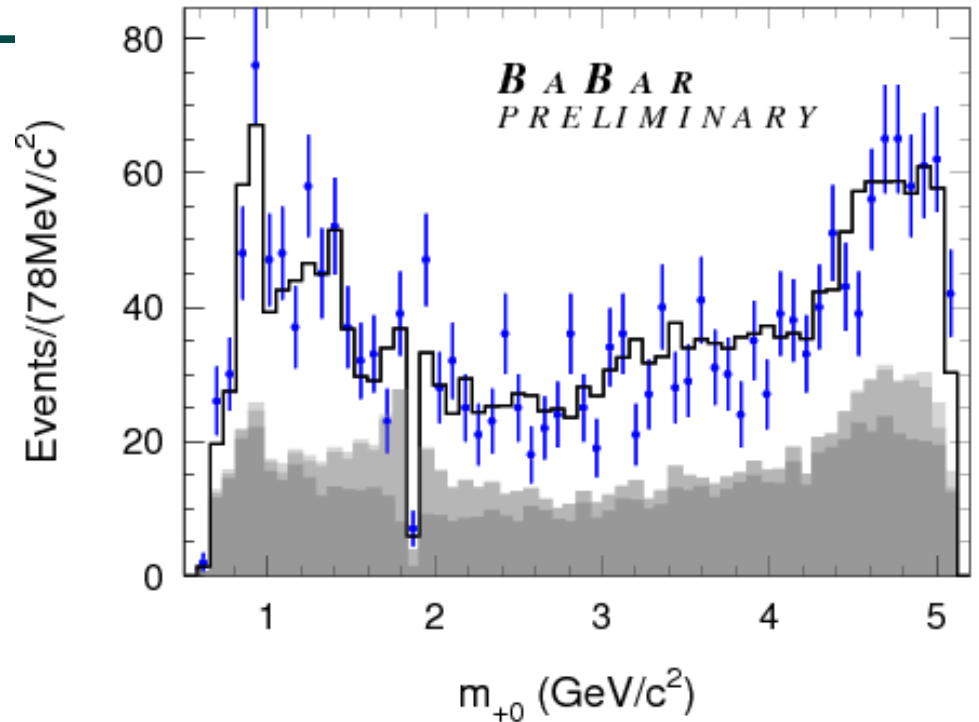
SCF events migration probability



Results

- ◆ $(383 \pm 3)10^6$ BBbar decays
 - ◆ 22525 candidates
 - ◆ $B \rightarrow K_S \pi^+ \pi^-$ signal yield: 2172 ± 70

arXiv: 0708.2097 [hep-ex]



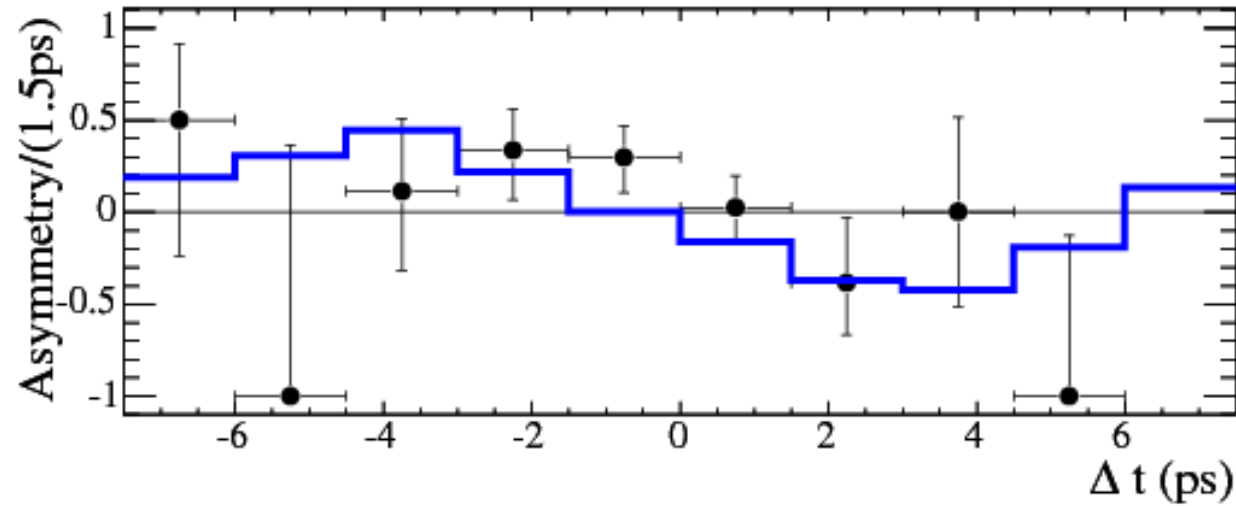
Resonances' relative magnitudes and phases

| Resonance Name | $ c_\sigma $ | ϕ [degrees] | $ \bar{c}_\sigma $ ($ \bar{c}_{\bar{\sigma}} $) | $\bar{\phi}$ [degrees] |
|----------------------|-------------------|------------------|---|------------------------|
| $f_0(980)K_S^0$ | 4.0 | 0.0 | 2.8 ± 0.7 | -88.6 ± 21.3 |
| $\rho^0(770)K_S^0$ | 0.10 ± 0.02 | 58.6 ± 16.4 | 0.09 ± 0.02 | 21.3 ± 21.2 |
| $f_0(1300)K_S^0$ | 1.9 ± 0.4 | 117.6 ± 22.6 | 1.1 ± 0.3 | -15.2 ± 23.8 |
| Nonresonant | 3.0 ± 0.6 | 13.8 ± 14.3 | 3.7 ± 0.5 | -16.2 ± 17.3 |
| $K^{*+}(892)\pi^-$ | 0.136 ± 0.021 | -60.7 ± 18.5 | 0.113 ± 0.018 | 102.6 ± 22.9 |
| $K^{*+}(1430)\pi^-$ | 4.9 ± 0.7 | -82.4 ± 16.8 | 7.1 ± 0.9 | 79.2 ± 20.5 |
| $f_2(1270)K_S^0$ | 0.011 ± 0.004 | 62.9 ± 23.3 | 0.010 ± 0.003 | -73.9 ± 27.8 |
| $\chi_{c0}(1P)K_S^0$ | 0.34 ± 0.15 | 68.7 ± 31.1 | 0.40 ± 0.11 | 154.5 ± 28.6 |

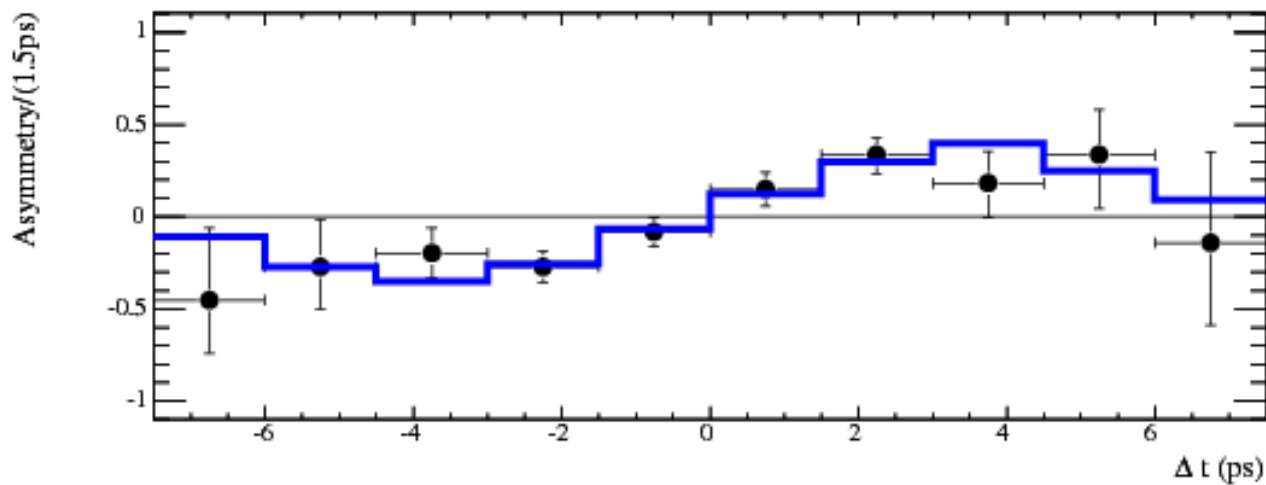
Mixing phase, direct and mixing-induced CP asymmetries

| Resonances | $2\beta_{\text{eff}}$ (degrees) | C | S |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| $f_0(980)K_S^0$ | $89^{+22}_{-20} \pm 5 \pm 8$ | $0.35 \pm 0.27 \pm 0.07 \pm 0.04$ | $-0.94^{+0.07+0.05}_{-0.02-0.03} \pm 0.02$ |
| $\rho^0(770)K_S^0$ | $37^{+19}_{-17} \pm 5 \pm 6$ | $0.02 \pm 0.27 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.06$ | $0.61^{+0.22}_{-0.24} \pm 0.09 \pm 0.08$ |
| $K^*(892)\pi$ | | $-0.18 \pm 0.10 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.03$ | |

♦ Δt asymmetry



♦ $f_0(980)K_S^0$ region



♦ $\rho^0(770)K_S^0$ region

Conclusion

- First Time Dependent Dalitz plot analysis of $B \rightarrow K_S \pi^+ \pi^-$ decays
- Allows measurement of $2\beta_{\text{eff}}$ for $f_0(980)K_S$ and $\rho(770)K_S$
- Improved statistical accuracy
- Direct CP asymmetries \sim consistent with 0
- Time dependent asymmetries coefficients S measured
 - $S(f_0(980))$ compatible with previous BaBar measurement; It is above $b \rightarrow ccs$ expectation in contrast to most $b \rightarrow qqs$ analysis
 - $S(\rho^0(770))$ consistent with charmonium measurement of $\sin(2\beta)$
 - Small errors a natural consequence of DP analysis with central value of S close to physical boundary
- Relative phases and magnitudes for different resonances measured
- Measurements of relative phases of $K^* \pi$ allow constraint on gamma using CPS/GPSZ theoretical method