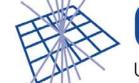
The Grid for Particle Physics



Glenn Patrick IOP HEPP Annual Conference Lancaster, April 2008



Science & Technology Facilities Council Rutherford Appleton Laboratory

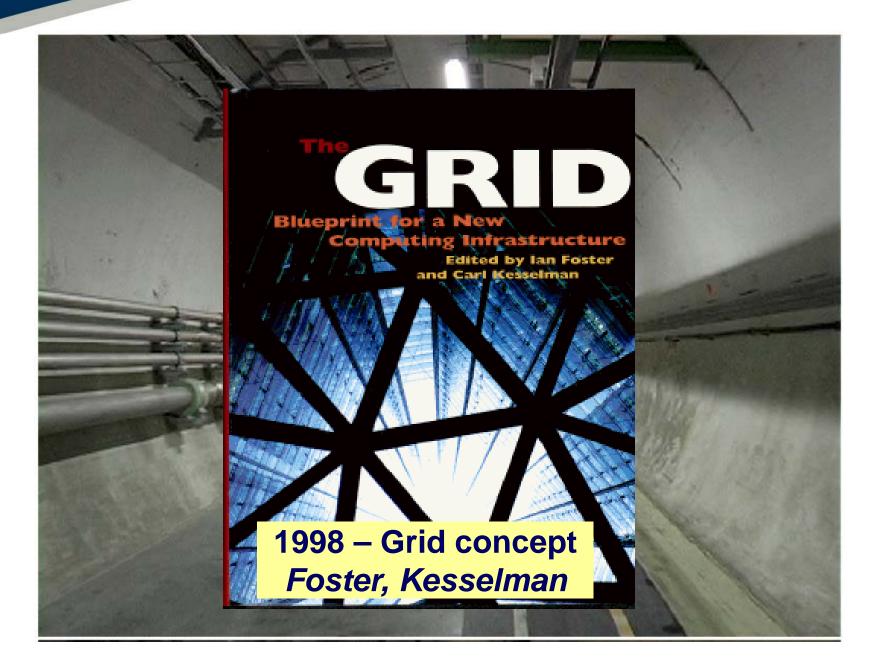






In the beginning...

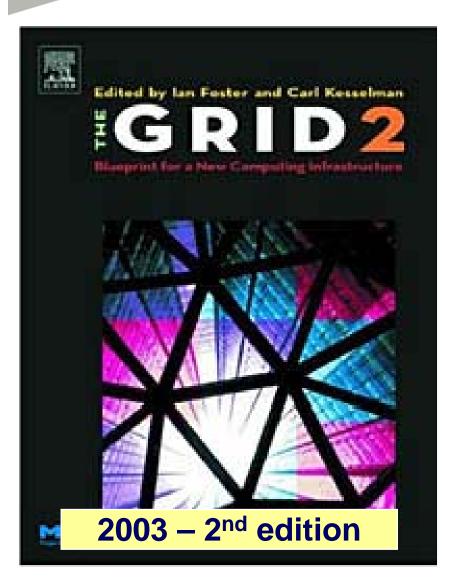






What is a Grid?





"A computational grid is a hardware and software infrastructure that provides dependable, consistent, pervasive, and inexpensive access to high-end computational capabilities". Ian Foster & Carl Kesselman, 1998

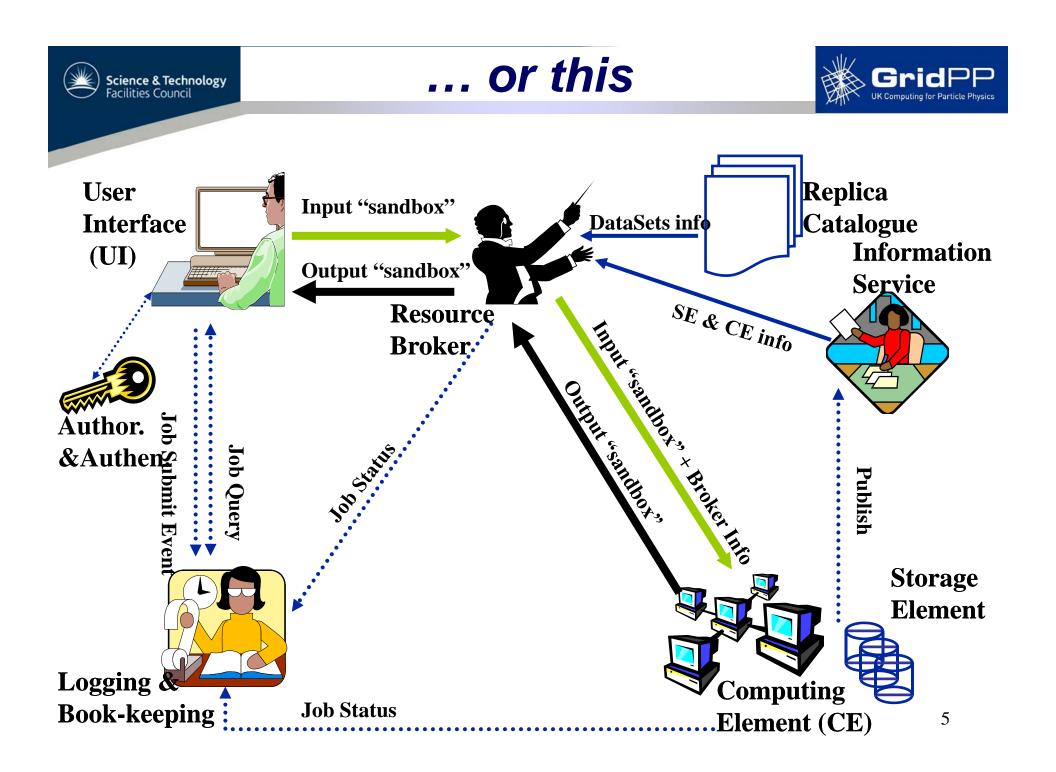
Grid Checklist (2002):

- Co-ordinates resources that are not subject to centralized control.
- ... using standard, open, general-purpose protocols and interfaces.
- ... to deliver non-trivial qualities of service.

Something like this...

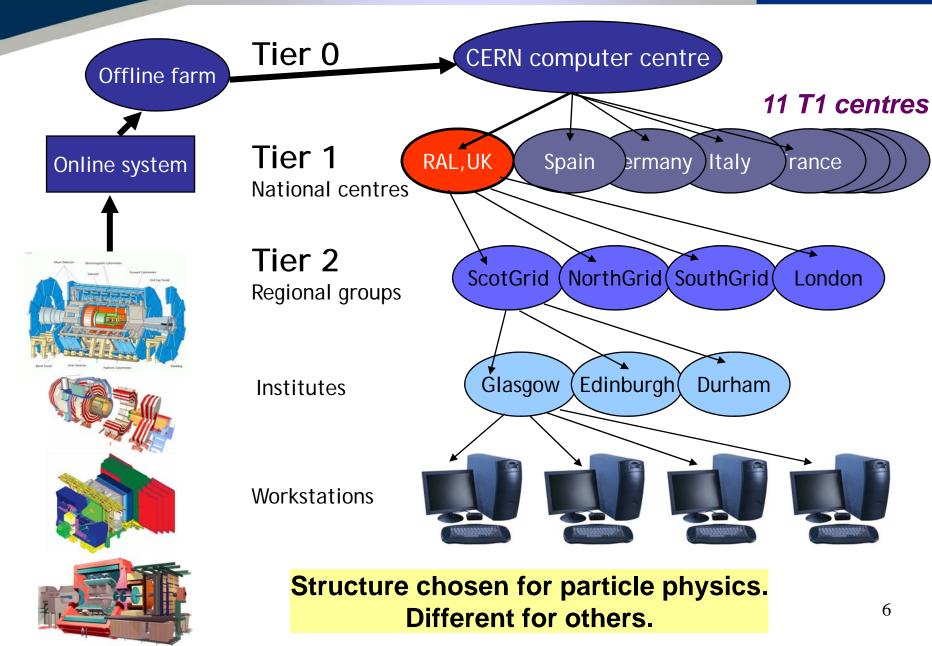






Physical Tier Structure











Particle Physics e-Science Programme Proposal

Particle Physics e-Science Programme Proposal

The UK Grid for Particle Physics Collaboration

GridPP



University of Birmingham, University of Bristol, Brunel University, CERN, European Organization for Nuclear Research, University of Cambridge, University of Durham, University of Edinburgh, University of Glasgow, Imperial College of Science, Technology and Medicine, Lancaster University, University of Liverpool, University of Manchester, Oxford University, Queen Mary, University of London, Royal Holloway, University of London, Rutherford Appleton Laboratory, University of Sheffield, University of Sussex, University of Wales Swansea, University College London.

Contacts Dr. Tony Doyle – <u>A.Doyle@physics.gla.ac.uk</u> Dr. Steve Lloyd – <u>S.L.Lloyd@gmw.ac.uk</u>







UK's contribution to LHC computing: - 19 UK Universities, STFC and CERN

GridPP1 (2001- 2004) £17M "From Web to Grid"

GridPP2 (2004 - 2008) £16M "From Prototype to Production"

GridPP3 (2008 – 2011) ~£30M "From Production to Exploitation"

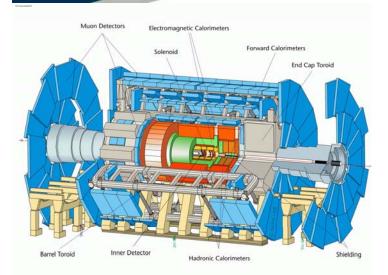




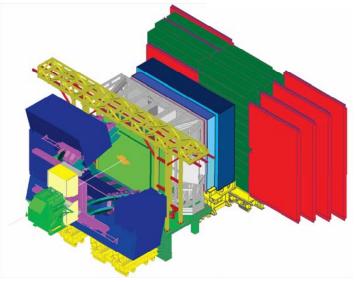
PRIFYSGOL CYMRU ABERTAWE UNIVERSITY OF WALES SWANSEA

...and the experiments





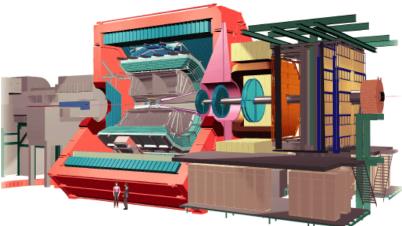


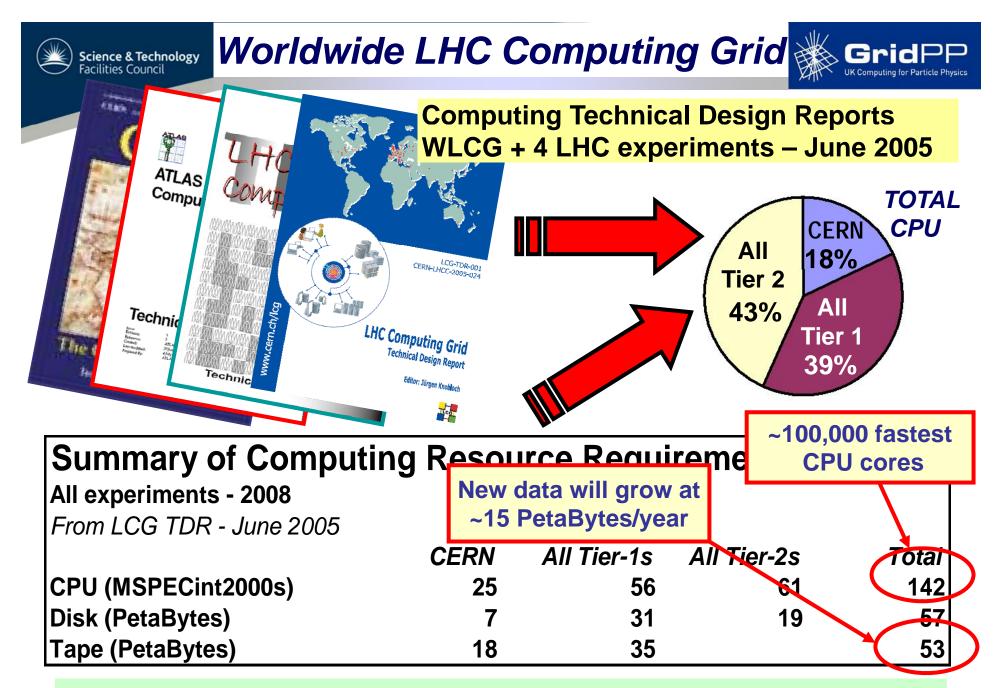












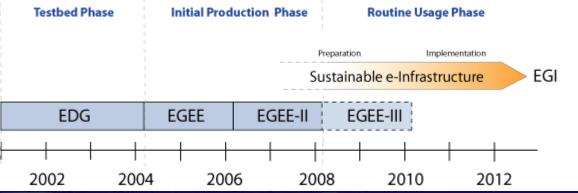
Need more than twice as much by 2010!

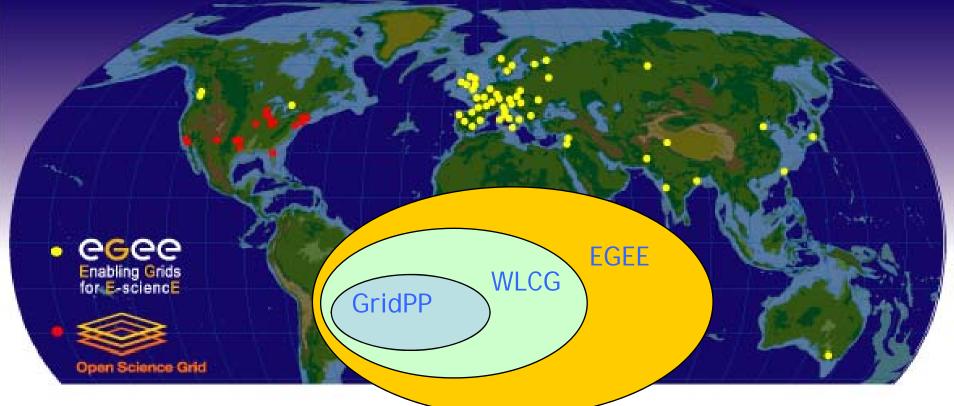


Grid Infrastructure



WLCG based on EGEE and OSG Grid infrastructure.





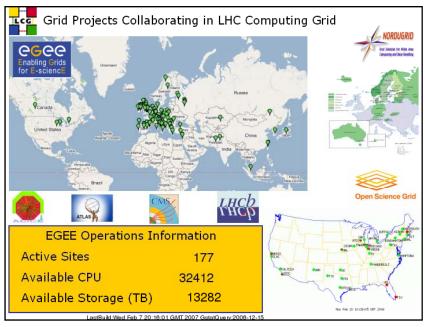
A map of the worldwide LCG infrastructure operated by EGEE and OSG.



WLCG Status



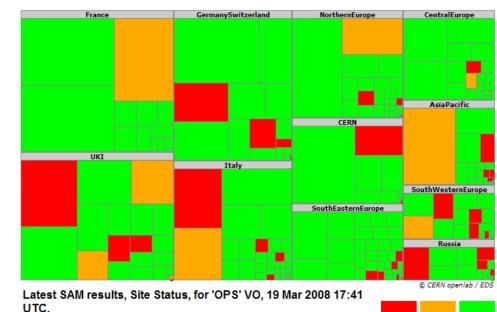
March 2007



Status in 2007: 177 sites, 32,412 CPUs, 13,282 TB storage

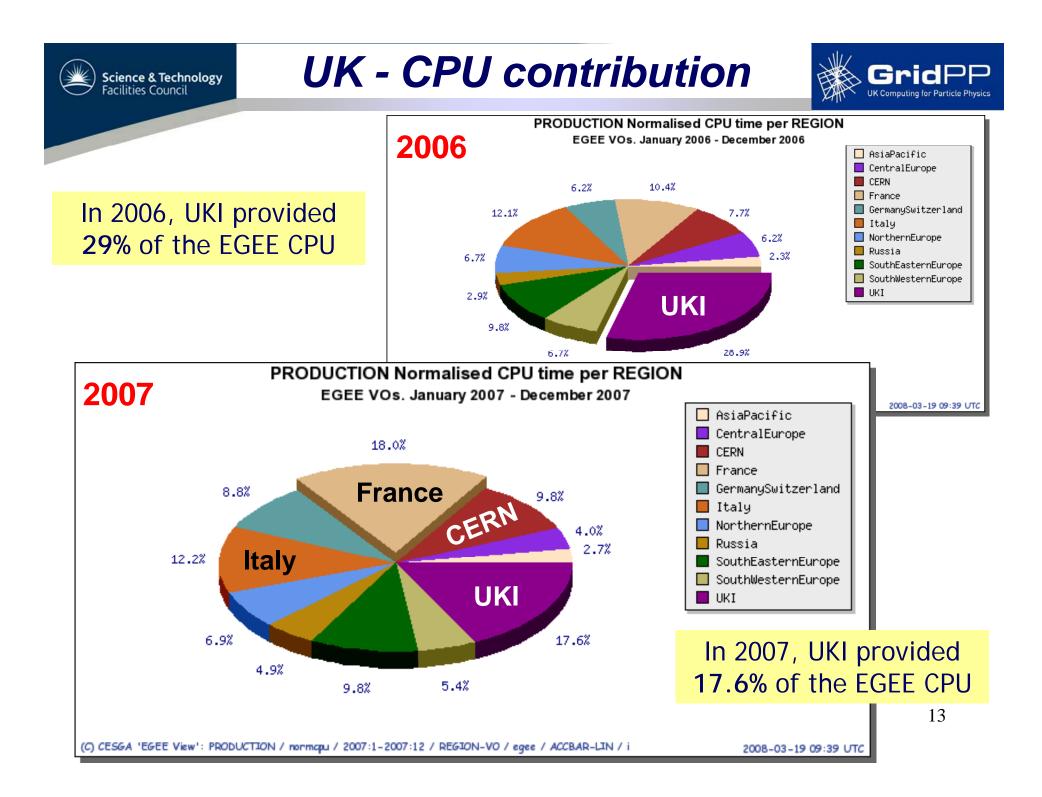
(Dave Britton, IOP Conference Guildford, April 2007)

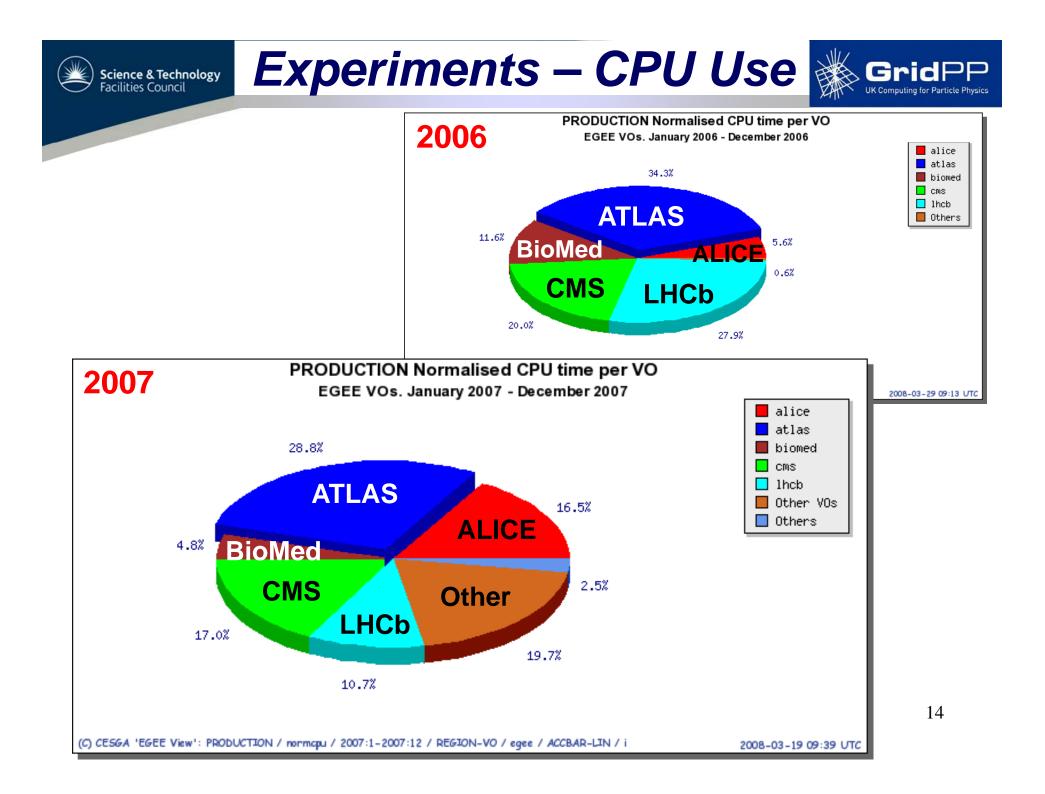
March 2008



Size of site rectangles is number of CPUs from BDII. Certified Production sites, grouped by regions.

Status on 29 March 2008: 250 sites, 50 countries 55,094 CPUs (MaxCPU=70,973) 21,079 TB storage (?)







Building the UK Tier 1







History repeats ...



Replaces ATLAS Centre. Current home to UK Tier 1.





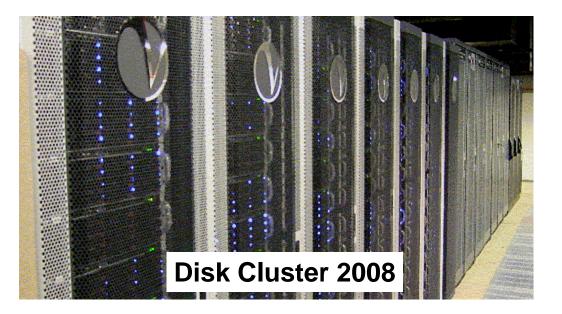


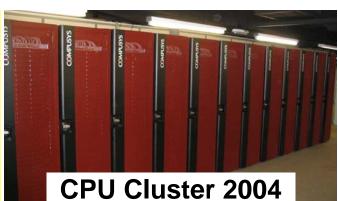
UK Tier 1 Hardware

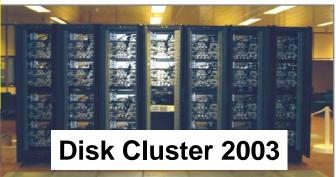


From ~April 2008

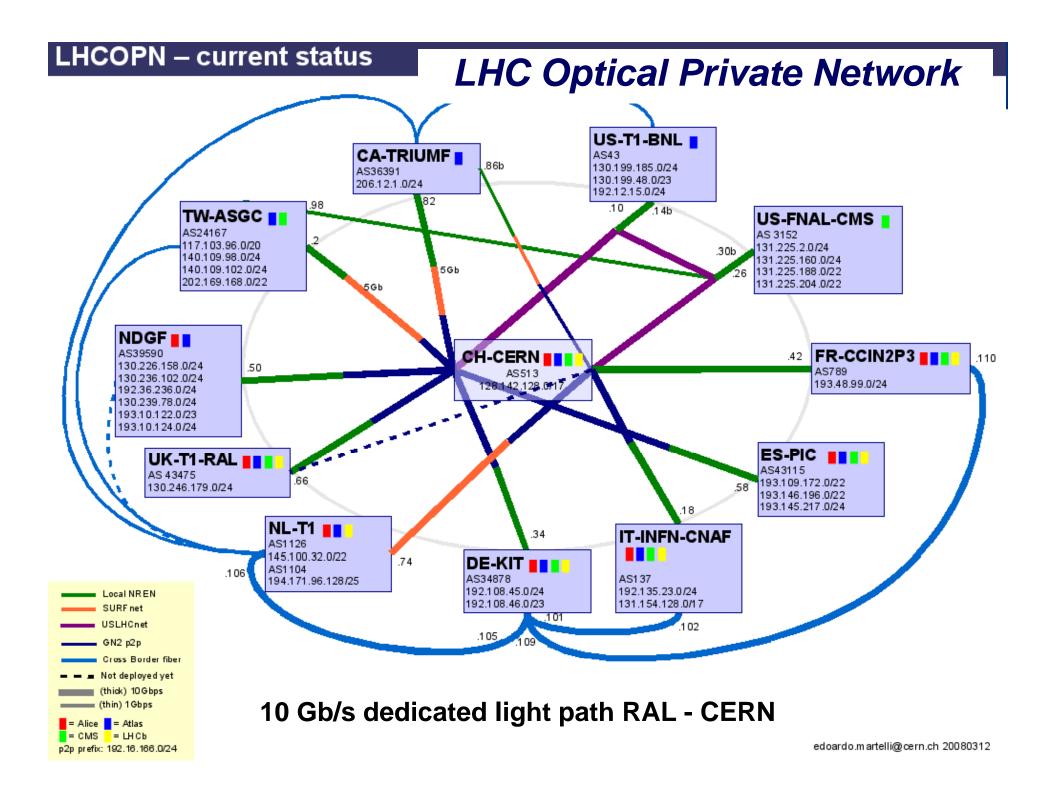
- CPU Cluster with over 3,200 cores delivering 4,500 KSI2K.
- **Disk 340 servers** spinning over **5,400 drives** and providing over **2.3 PetaBytes** of disk storage.
- Tape SL8500 tape robot with 2 PetaBytes of media, 18*T10K drives and 8*9940B drives. 10,000 slots → 5 PetaBytes

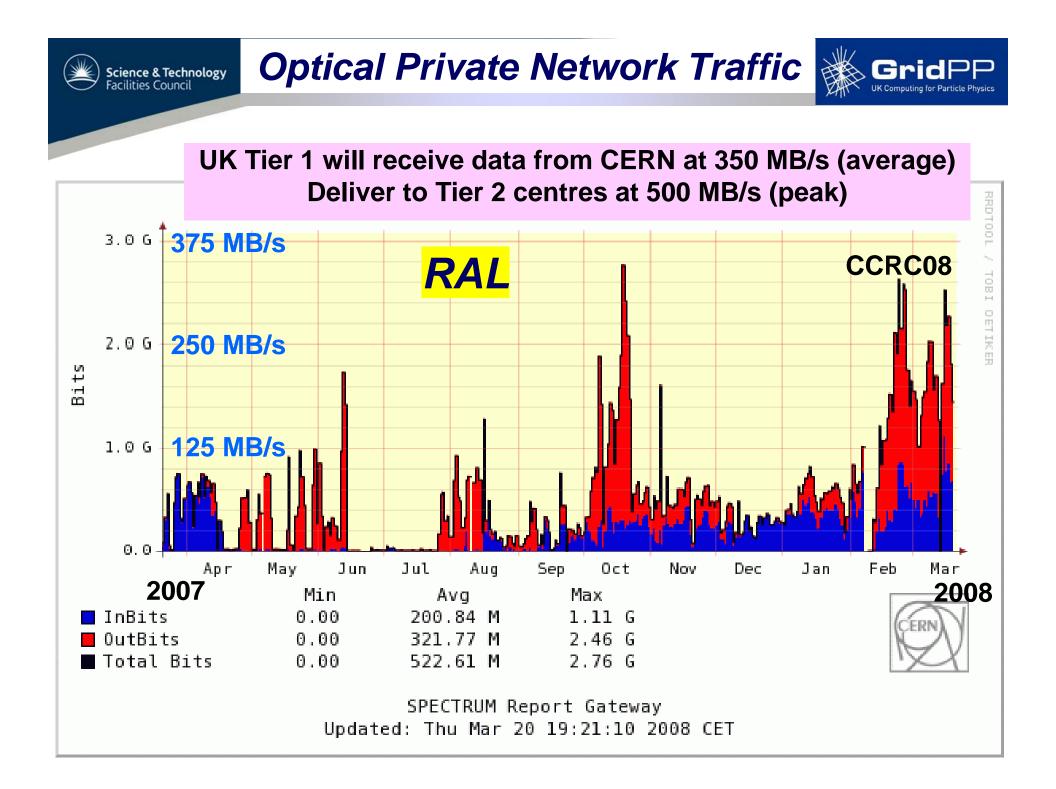






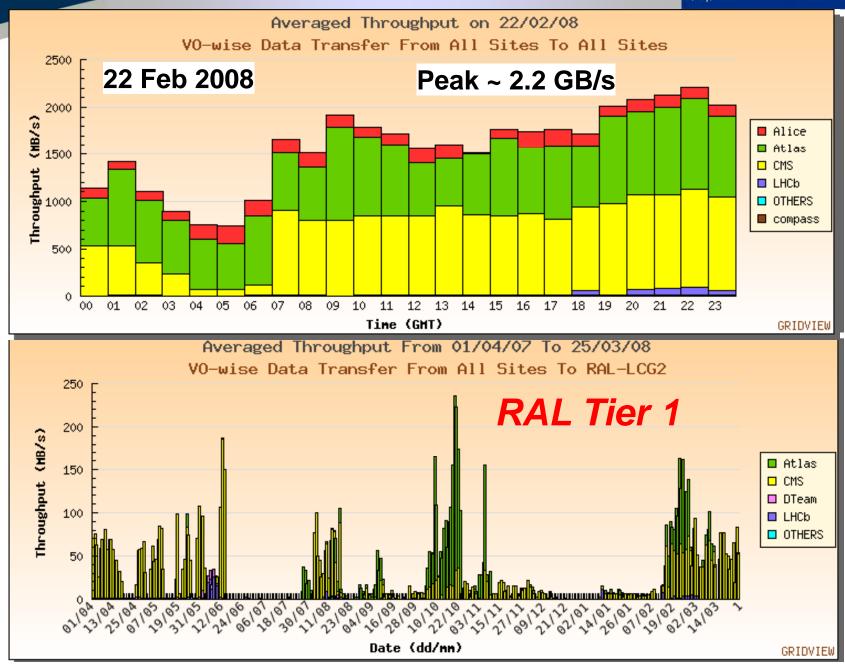






Experiment Data Transfers

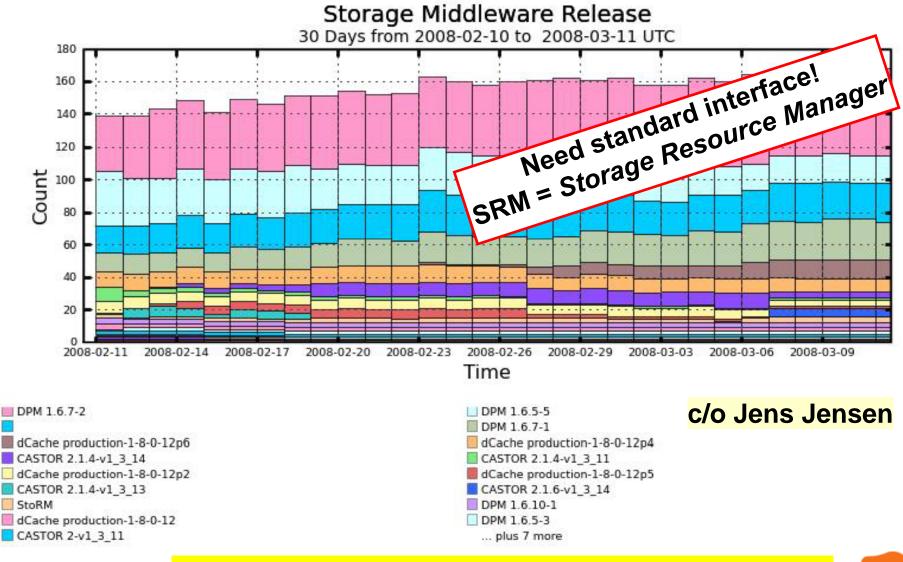






Storage Middleware







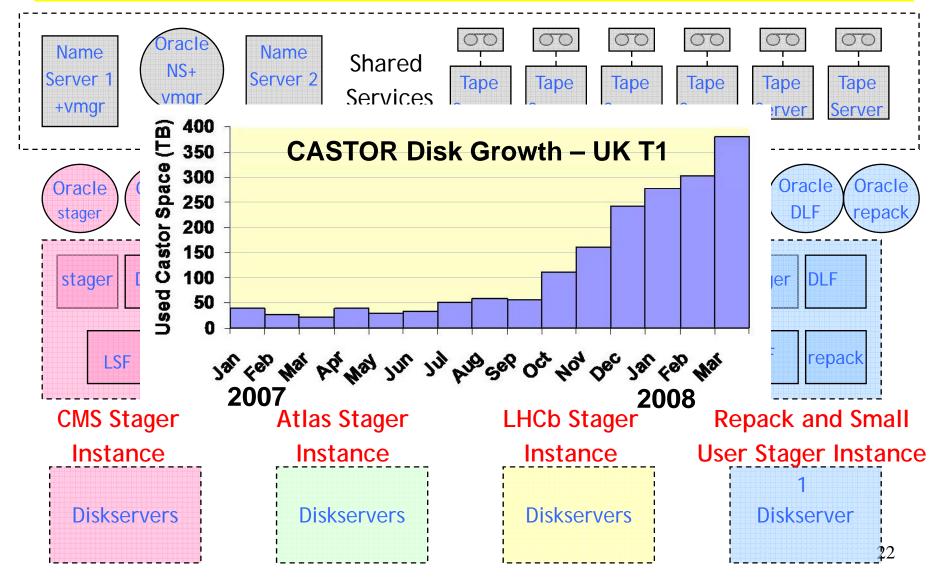
RAL Tier 1 - migrating from dCache to Castor 2 A journey which started in 2006

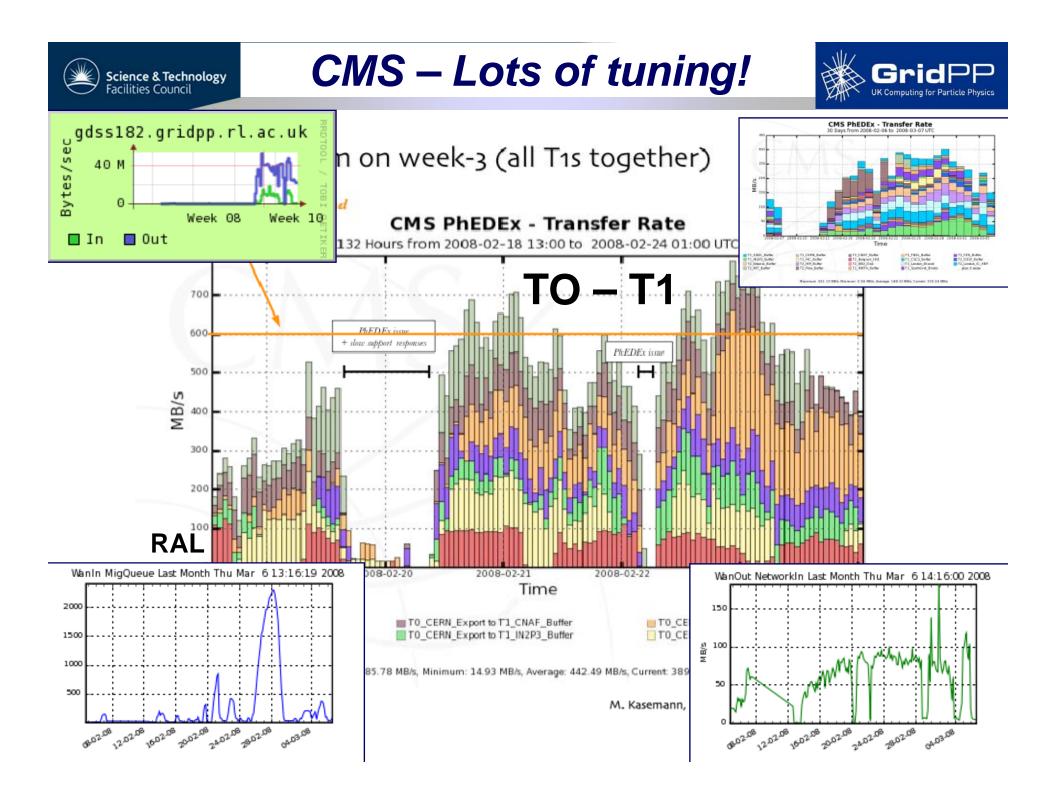


UK T1 – Castor2 Architecture 💥

Science & Technology Facilities Council Gri









UK Tier 2 Centres





ScotGrid

Durham, Edinburgh, Glasgow NorthGrid

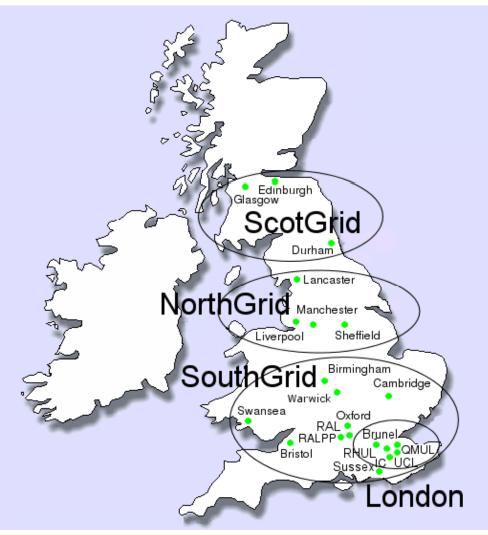
Daresbury, Lancaster, Liverpool, Manchester, Sheffield

SouthGrid

Birmingham, Bristol, Cambridge, Oxford, RAL PPD, Warwick

London

Brunel, Imperial, QMUL, RHUL, UCL

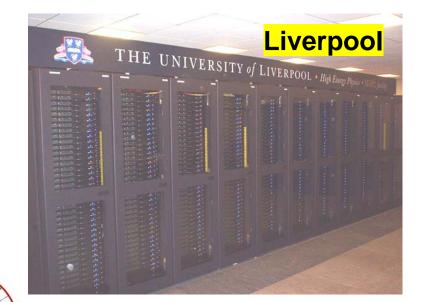


An Example - NorthGrid



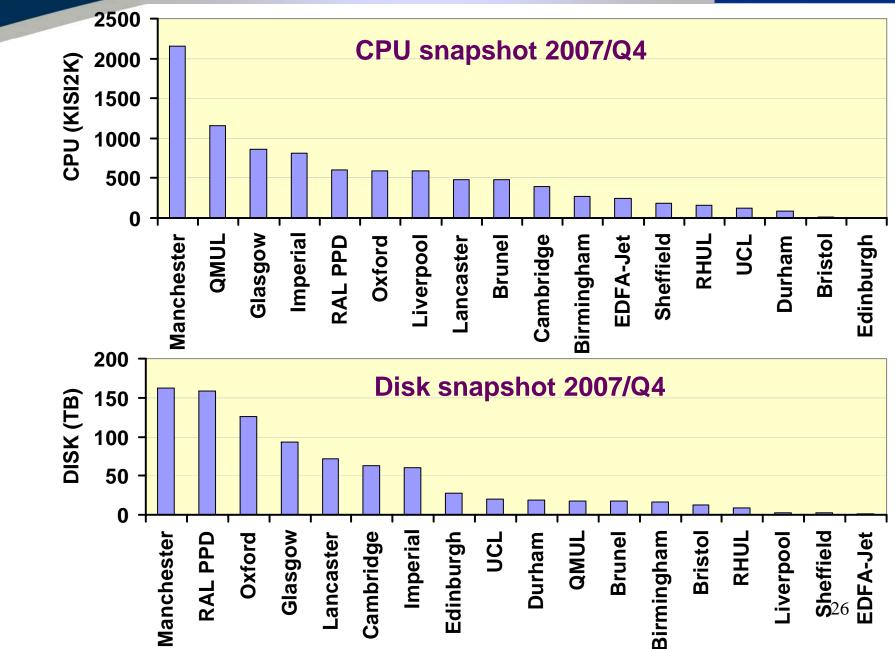


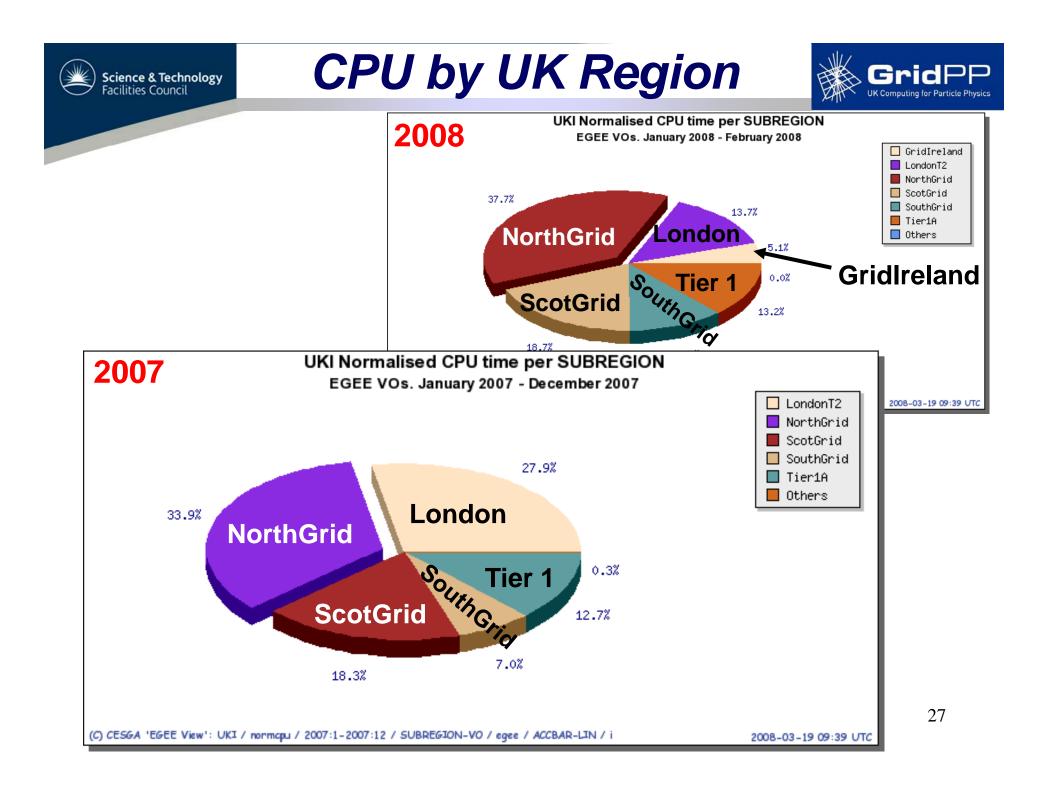
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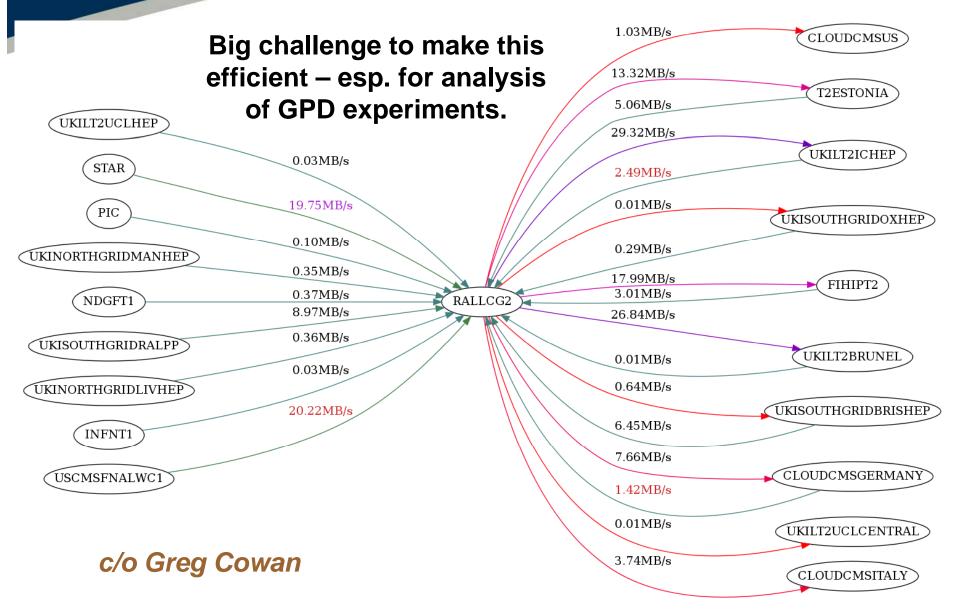






T0-T1-T2 Data Movement





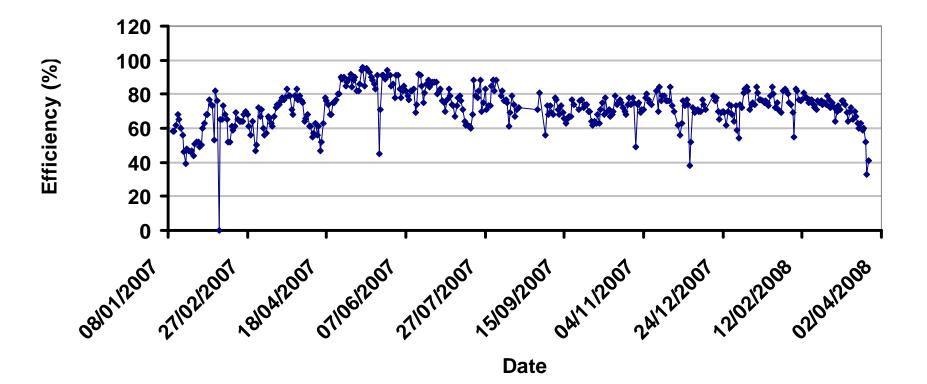
RAL FTS transfer rates for VO=all from 2008-03-03 16;36;59 to 2008-03-04 16;36;59 (last day). Coloured rate implies jobs in queue, ready to be transferred.



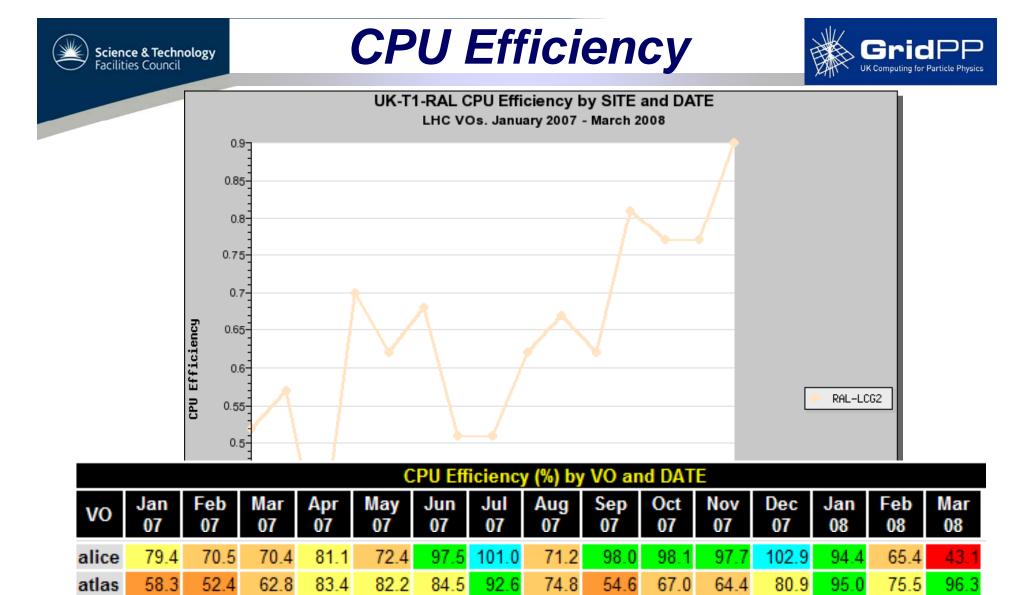




Percentage of successful ATLAS test jobs each day – c/o Steve Lloyd



Averaged over all GridPP sites



Efficiency = CPU Time/Wallclock Time

7.9

16.5

51.4

82.0

53.3

62.3

65.3

47.9

67.0

67.9

19.9

62.0

68.8

65.3

80.9

78.1

18.9

77.5

2008-03-26 09:34 UTC

81.3

80.7

77.5

30

86.0

71.5

90.1

0.

82.7

51.0

86.5

37.7

52.3

cms

Ihcb

Total

72.8

42.2

57.1

23.4

63.8

35.

63.9

94.9

69.7

21

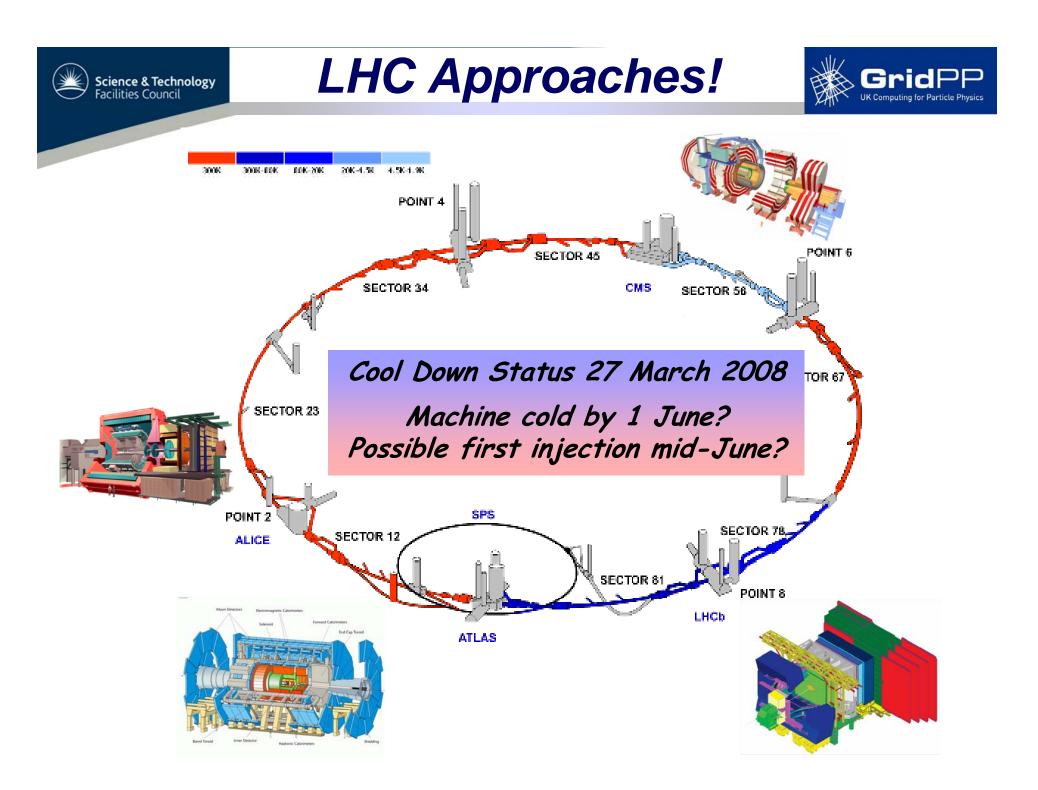
45.6

61.6

14

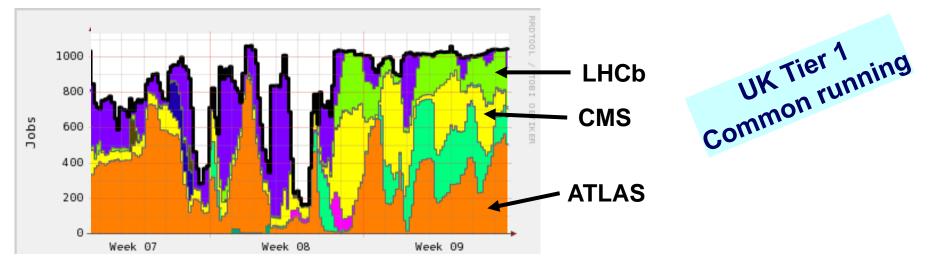
70.1

68.3

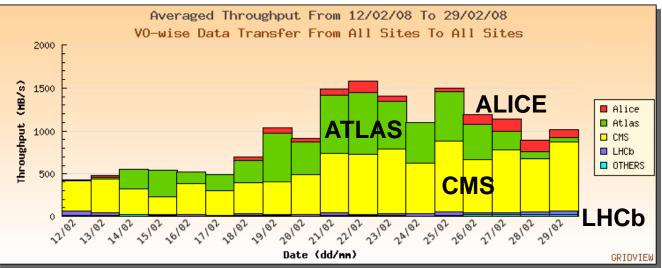


Science & Technology Facilities Council LHC Experiments - CCRC08

CCRC08 = Common Computing Readiness Challenge Phase 1: 4 – 29 Feb 2008, Phase 2: 5 – 30 May 2008



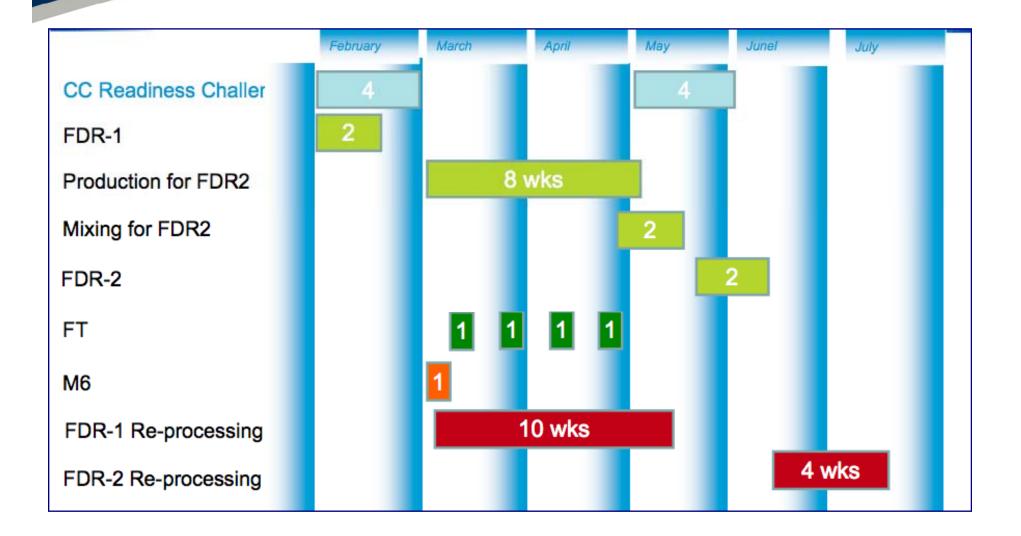






ATLAS 2008 Schedule

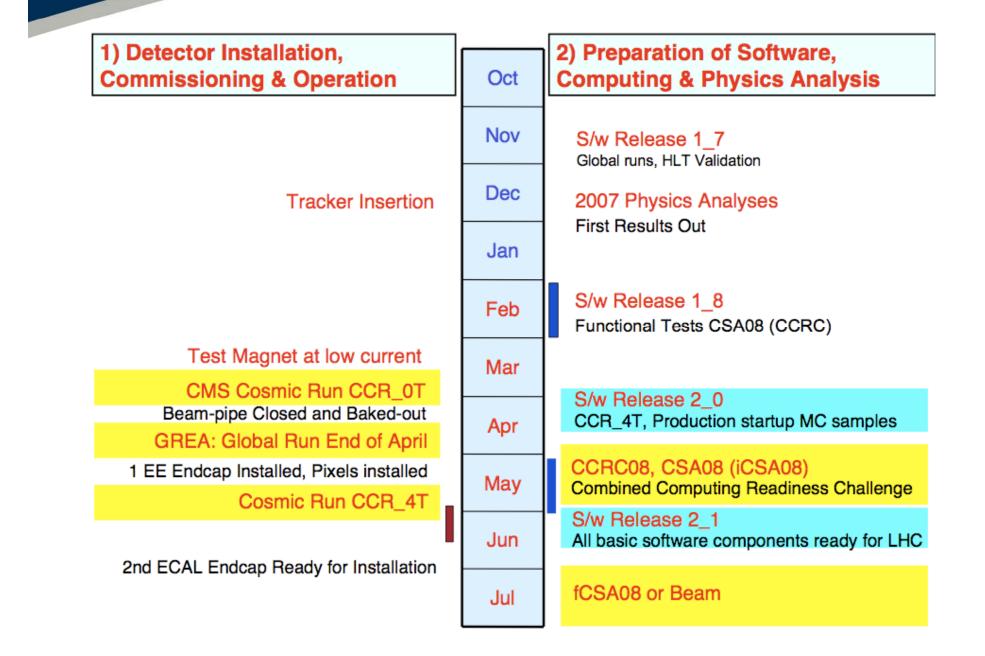










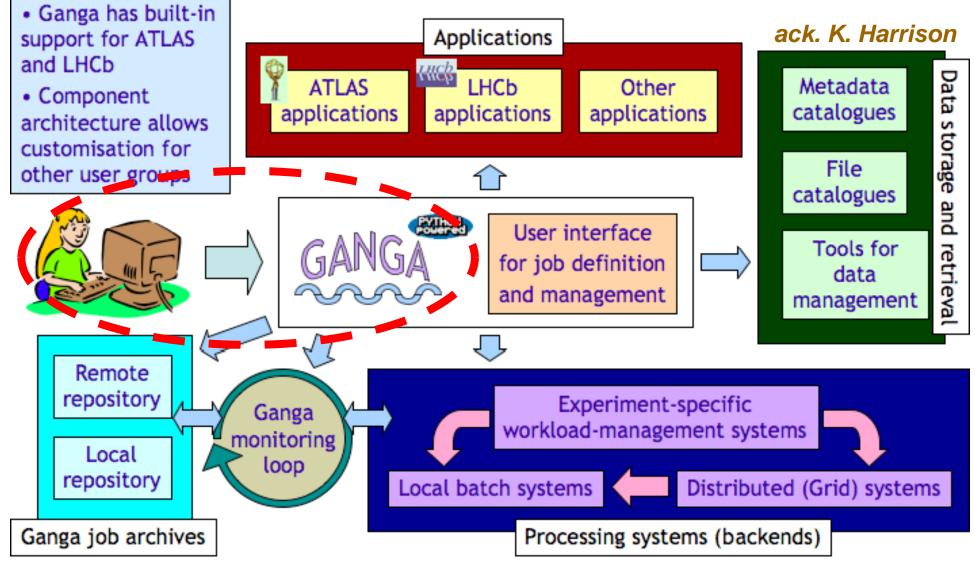








Ganga – simplifies use of the Grid! UK led project







- Great progress has been made in developing an operational Grid for the LHC experiments.
- Leading UK contribution *thanks to a large number* of people in T0/T1/T2 centres from 21 institutes and from the experiments.
- User analysis increasing & posing new challenges.
- GridPP3 started yesterday!
- Final ramp-up of resources for the start of LHC.
- Reliability/availability/efficiency needs to be improved over next few months still a lot of work to do.
- Hype finally becomes reality?









...but also the start

