Using Energy Peaks to Count Dark Matter Particles in Decays

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1212.5230 - Agashe, Franceschini, Kim, Wardlow

other related works:

- *1209.0772 - Agashe, Franceschini, Kim*
- *1309.4776 - Agashe, Franceschini, Kim*
- *1403.3399 - Chen, Davoudiasl, Kim*

Outline

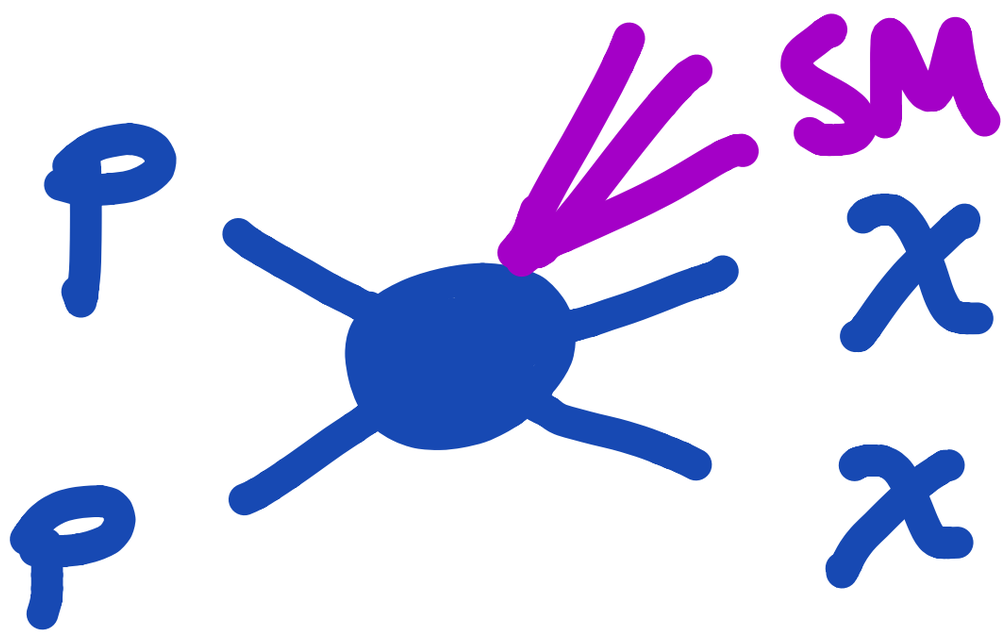
- Dark Matter at colliders
- A simple, yet subtle, invariance of the two body decay

  1209.0772 - Agashe, Franceschini, Kim
- Application to DM counting (DM stabilization symmetry)

  1212.5230 - Agashe, Franceschini, Kim, Wardlow
- Case study: heavy fermion decay to DM

Dark Matter at colliders

WIMPs $m(\chi) \sim 1$ TeV



χ leaves no trace in the detector

Observed by “contrast”:
energy imbalance such as for neutrinos in 30s

Dark Matter at colliders

Production of Dark Matter (candidates) is one of the biggest goals of LHC

ATLAS SUSY Searches* - 95% CL Lower Limits

Status: Moriond 2014

ATLAS Prelimina

$\int \mathcal{L}\, dt$ = (4.6 - 22.9) fb^{-1} $\sqrt{s}$ = 7, 8 TeV

	Model	e, μ, τ, γ	Jets	E_T^{miss}	$\int \mathcal{L}\, dt[\mathrm{fb}^{-1}]$	Mass limit		Reference
Inclusive Searches	MSUGRA/CMSSM	0	2-6 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{q}, \tilde{g}$ 1.7 TeV	m($\tilde{q}$)=m($\tilde{g}$)	ATLAS-CONF-2013-04
	MSUGRA/CMSSM	1 e, μ	3-6 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{g}$ 1.2 TeV	any m($\tilde{q}$)	ATLAS-CONF-2013-06
	MSUGRA/CMSSM	0	7-10 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{g}$ 1.1 TeV	any m($\tilde{q}$)	1308.1841
	$\tilde{q}\tilde{q}, \tilde{q}\to q\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2-6 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{q}$ 740 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=0 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-04
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g}\to q\bar{q}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2-6 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{g}$ 1.3 TeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=0 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-04
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g}\to qq\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}\to qqW^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	1 e, μ	3-6 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{g}$ 1.18 TeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)<200 GeV, m($\tilde{\chi}^{\pm}$)=0.5(m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)+m($\tilde{g}$))	ATLAS-CONF-2013-06
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g}\to qq(\ell\ell/\ell\nu/\nu\nu)\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ	0-3 jets	-	20.3	$\tilde{g}$ 1.12 TeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=0 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-08
	GMSB ($\tilde{\ell}$ NLSP)	2 e, μ	2-4 jets	Yes	4.7	$\tilde{g}$ 1.24 TeV	tanβ<15	1208.4688
	GMSB ($\tilde{\ell}$ NLSP)	1-2 τ	0-2 jets	Yes	20.7	$\tilde{g}$ 1.4 TeV	tanβ >18	ATLAS-CONF-2013-02
	GGM (bino NLSP)	2 γ	-	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{g}$ 1.28 TeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)>50 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2014-00
	GGM (wino NLSP)	1 $e, \mu + \gamma$	-	Yes	4.8	$\tilde{g}$ 619 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)>50 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2012-14
	GGM (higgsino-bino NLSP)	γ	1 b	Yes	4.8	$\tilde{g}$ 900 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)>220 GeV	1211.1167
	GGM (higgsino NLSP)	2 e, μ (Z)	0-3 jets	Yes	5.8	$\tilde{g}$ 690 GeV	m($\tilde{H}$)>200 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2012-15
	Gravitino LSP	0	mono-jet	Yes	10.5	$F^{1/2}$ scale 645 GeV	m($\tilde{g}$)>10^{-4} eV	ATLAS-CONF-2012-14
3rd gen. $\tilde{g}$ med.	$\tilde{g}\to b\bar{b}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	3 b	Yes	20.1	$\tilde{g}$ 1.2 TeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)<600 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-06
	$\tilde{g}\to t\bar{t}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	7-10 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{g}$ 1.1 TeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$) <350 GeV	1308.1841
	$\tilde{g}\to t\bar{t}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0-1 e, μ	3 b	Yes	20.1	$\tilde{g}$ 1.34 TeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)<400 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-06
	$\tilde{g}\to b\bar{t}\tilde{\chi}_1^+$	0-1 e, μ	3 b	Yes	20.1	$\tilde{g}$ 1.3 TeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)<300 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-06
3rd gen. squarks direct production	$\tilde{b}_1\tilde{b}_1, \tilde{b}_1\to b\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2 b	Yes	20.1	$\tilde{b}_1$ 100-620 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)<90 GeV	1308.2631
	$\tilde{b}_1\tilde{b}_1, \tilde{b}_1\to t\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$	2 e, μ (SS)	0-3 b	Yes	20.7	$\tilde{b}_1$ 275-430 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$)=2 m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)	ATLAS-CONF-2013-00
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$(light), $\tilde{t}_1\to b\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$	1-2 e, μ	1-2 b	Yes	4.7	$\tilde{t}_1$ 110-167 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=55 GeV	1208.4305, 1209.2102
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$(light), $\tilde{t}_1\to Wb\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ	0-2 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{t}_1$ 130-210 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$) =m($\tilde{t}_1$)-m(W)-50 GeV, m($\tilde{t}_1$)<<m($\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$)	1403.4853
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$(medium), $\tilde{t}_1\to t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ	2 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{t}_1$ 215-530 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=1 GeV	1403.4853
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$(medium), $\tilde{t}_1\to b\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$	0	2 b	Yes	20.1	$\tilde{t}_1$ 150-580 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)<200 GeV, m($\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$)-m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=5 GeV	1308.2631
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$(heavy), $\tilde{t}_1\to t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	1 e, μ	1 b	Yes	20.7	$\tilde{t}_1$ 200-610 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=0 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-03
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$(heavy), $\tilde{t}_1\to t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2 b	Yes	20.5	$\tilde{t}_1$ 320-660 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=0 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-02
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1\to c\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	mono-jet/c-tag	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{t}_1$ 90-200 GeV	m($\tilde{t}_1$)-m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)<85 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-06
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$(natural GMSB)	2 e, μ (Z)	1 b	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{t}_1$ 150-580 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)>150 GeV	1403.5222
	$\tilde{t}_2\tilde{t}_2, \tilde{t}_2\to\tilde{t}_1 + Z$	3 e, μ (Z)	1 b	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{t}_2$ 290-600 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)<200 GeV	1403.5222
EW direct	$\tilde{\ell}_{L,R}\tilde{\ell}_{L,R}, \tilde{\ell}\to\ell\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ	0	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\ell}$ 90-325 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=0 GeV	1403.5294
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^+\tilde{\chi}_1^-, \tilde{\chi}_1^+\to\tilde{\ell}\nu(\ell\tilde{\nu})$	2 e, μ	0	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ 140-465 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=0 GeV, m($\tilde{\ell}, \tilde{\nu}$)=0.5(m($\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$)+m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$))	1403.5294
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^+\tilde{\chi}_1^-, \tilde{\chi}_1^+\to\tilde{\tau}\nu(\tau\tilde{\nu})$	2 τ	-	Yes	20.7	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ 180-330 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=0 GeV, m($\tilde{\tau}, \tilde{\nu}$)=0.5(m($\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$)+m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$))	ATLAS-CONF-2013-02
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}_2^0\to\tilde{\ell}_L\nu\tilde{\ell}_L\ell(\tilde{\nu}\nu), \ell\tilde{\nu}\tilde{\ell}_L\ell(\tilde{\nu}\nu)$	3 e, μ	0	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}, \tilde{\chi}_2^0$ 700 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$)=m($\tilde{\chi}_2^0$), m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=0, m($\tilde{\ell}, \tilde{\nu}$)=0.5(m($\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$)+m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$))	1402.7029
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}_2^0\to W\tilde{\chi}_1^0 Z\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2-3 e, μ	0	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}, \tilde{\chi}_2^0$ 420 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$)=m($\tilde{\chi}_2^0$), m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=0, sleptons decoupled	1403.5294, 1402.7029
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}_2^0\to W\tilde{\chi}_1^0 h\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	1 e, μ	2 b	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}, \tilde{\chi}_2^0$ 285 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$)=m($\tilde{\chi}_2^0$), m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=0, sleptons decoupled	ATLAS-CONF-2013-09
Long-lived particles	Direct $\tilde{\chi}_1^+\tilde{\chi}_1^-$ prod., long-lived $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$	Disapp. trk	1 jet	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ 270 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$)-m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=160 MeV, τ($\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$)=0.2 ns	ATLAS-CONF-2013-06
	Stable, stopped $\tilde{g}$ R-hadron	0	1-5 jets	Yes	22.9	$\tilde{g}$ 832 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=100 GeV, 10 μs<τ($\tilde{g}$)<1000 s	ATLAS-CONF-2013-05
	GMSB, stable $\tilde{\tau}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0\to\tilde{\tau}(\tilde{e}, \tilde{\mu})+\tau(e, \mu)$	1-2 μ	-	-	15.9	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ 475 GeV	10<tanβ<50	ATLAS-CONF-2013-05
	GMSB, $\tilde{\chi}_1^0\to\gamma\tilde{G}$, long-lived $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 γ	-	Yes	4.7	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ 230 GeV	0.4<τ($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)<2 ns	1304.6310
	$\tilde{q}\tilde{q}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0\to qq\mu$ (RPV)	1 μ, displ. vtx	-	-	20.3	$\tilde{q}$ 1.0 TeV	1.5 <$c\tau$<156 mm, BR(μ)=1, m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=108 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-09
RPV	LFV $pp\to\tilde{\nu}_\tau + X, \tilde{\nu}_\tau\to e + \mu$	2 e, μ	-	-	4.6	$\tilde{\nu}_\tau$ 1.61 TeV	λ'_{311}=0.10, λ_{132}=0.05	1212.1272
	LFV $pp\to\tilde{\nu}_\tau + X, \tilde{\nu}_\tau\to e(\mu) + \tau$	1 $e, \mu + \tau$	-	-	4.6	$\tilde{\nu}_\tau$ 1.1 TeV	λ'_{311}=0.10, $\lambda_{1(2)33}$=0.05	1212.1272
	Bilinear RPV CMSSM	1 e, μ	7 jets	Yes	4.7	$\tilde{q}, \tilde{g}$ 1.2 TeV	m($\tilde{q}$)=m($\tilde{g}$), $c\tau_{LSP}$<1 mm	ATLAS-CONF-2012-14
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^+\tilde{\chi}_1^-, \tilde{\chi}_1^+\to W\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0\to ee\tilde{\nu}_\mu, e\mu\tilde{\nu}_e$	4 e, μ	-	Yes	20.7	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ 760 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)>300 GeV, λ_{121}>0	ATLAS-CONF-2013-03
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^+\tilde{\chi}_1^-, \tilde{\chi}_1^+\to W\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0\to\tau\tau\tilde{\nu}_e, e\tau\tilde{\nu}_\tau$	3 $e, \mu + \tau$	-	Yes	20.7	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ 350 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)>80 GeV, λ_{133}>0	ATLAS-CONF-2013-03
	$\tilde{g}\to qqq$	0	6-7 jets	-	20.3	$\tilde{g}$ 916 GeV	BR(t)=BR(b)=BR(c)=0%	ATLAS-CONF-2013-09
	$\tilde{g}\to\tilde{t}_1 t, \tilde{t}_1\to bs$	2 e, μ (SS)	0-3 b	Yes	20.7	$\tilde{g}$ 880 GeV		ATLAS-CONF-2013-00
Other	Scalar gluon pair, sgluon$\to q\bar{q}$	0	4 jets	-	4.6	sgluon 100-287 GeV	incl. limit from 1110.2693	1210.4826
	Scalar gluon pair, sgluon$\to t\bar{t}$	2 e, μ (SS)	2 b	Yes	14.3	sgluon 350-800 GeV		ATLAS-CONF-2013-05
	WIMP interaction (D5, Dirac χ)	0	mono-jet	Yes	10.5	M* scale 704 GeV	m(χ)<80 GeV, limit of<687 GeV for D8	ATLAS-CONF-2012-14

$\sqrt{s}$ = 7 TeV full data | $\sqrt{s}$ = 8 TeV partial data | $\sqrt{s}$ = 8 TeV full data

10^{-1} 1 **Mass scale [TeV]**

ATLAS SUSY Searches* - 95% CL Lower Limits

Status: Moriond 2014

ATLAS Prelimina

$\int \mathcal{L}\, dt$ = (4.6 - 22.9) fb^{-1} $\sqrt{s}$ = 7, 8 TeV

	Model	e, μ, τ, γ	Jets	E_T^{miss}	$\int \mathcal{L}\, dt[\mathrm{fb}^{-1}]$	Mass limit		Reference
Inclusive Searches	MSUGRA/CMSSM	0	2-6 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{q}, \tilde{g}$ 1.7 TeV	m($\tilde{q}$)=m($\tilde{g}$)	ATLAS-CONF-2013-04
	MSUGRA/CMSSM	1 e, μ	3-6 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{g}$ 1.2 TeV	any m($\tilde{q}$)	ATLAS-CONF-2013-06
	MSUGRA/CMSSM	0	7-10 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{g}$ 1.1 TeV	any m($\tilde{q}$)	1308.1841
	$\tilde{q}\tilde{q}, \tilde{q}\to q\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2-6 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{q}$ 740 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=0 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-04
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g}\to q\bar{q}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2-6 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{g}$ 1.3 TeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=0 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-04
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g}\to qq\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}\to qqW^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	1 e, μ	3-6 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{g}$ 1.18 TeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)<200 GeV, m($\tilde{\chi}^{\pm}$)=0.5(m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)+m($\tilde{g}$))	ATLAS-CONF-2013-06
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g}\to qq(\ell\ell/\ell\nu/\nu\nu)\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ	0-3 jets	-	20.3	$\tilde{g}$ 1.12 TeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=0 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-08
	GMSB ($\tilde{\ell}$ NLSP)	2 e, μ	2-4 jets	Yes	4.7	$\tilde{g}$ 1.24 TeV	tanβ<15	1208.4688
	GMSB ($\tilde{\ell}$ NLSP)	1-2 τ	0-2 jets	Yes	20.7	$\tilde{g}$ 1.4 TeV	tanβ >18	ATLAS-CONF-2013-02
	GGM (bino NLSP)	2 γ	-	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{g}$ 1.28 TeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)>50 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2014-00
	GGM (wino NLSP)	1 $e, \mu + \gamma$	-	Yes	4.8	$\tilde{g}$ 619 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)>50 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2012-14
	GGM (higgsino-bino NLSP)	γ	1 b	Yes	4.8	$\tilde{g}$ 900 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)>220 GeV	1211.1167
	GGM (higgsino NLSP)	2 e, μ (Z)	0-3 jets	Yes	5.8	$\tilde{g}$ 690 GeV	m($\tilde{H}$)>200 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2012-15
	Gravitino LSP	0	mono-jet	Yes	10.5	$F^{1/2}$ scale 645 GeV	m($\tilde{g}$)>10^{-4} eV	ATLAS-CONF-2012-14
3rd gen. $\tilde{g}$ med.	$\tilde{g}\to b\bar{b}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	3 b	Yes	20.1	$\tilde{g}$ 1.2 TeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)<600 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-06
	$\tilde{g}\to t\bar{t}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	7-10 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{g}$ 1.1 TeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$) <350 GeV	1308.1841
	$\tilde{g}\to t\bar{t}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0-1 e, μ	3 b	Yes	20.1	$\tilde{g}$ 1.34 TeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)<400 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-06
	$\tilde{g}\to b\bar{t}\tilde{\chi}_1^+$	0-1 e, μ	3 b	Yes	20.1	$\tilde{g}$ 1.3 TeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)<300 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-06
3rd gen. squarks direct production	$\tilde{b}_1\tilde{b}_1, \tilde{b}_1\to b\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2 b	Yes	20.1	$\tilde{b}_1$ 100-620 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)<90 GeV	1308.2631
	$\tilde{b}_1\tilde{b}_1, \tilde{b}_1\to t\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$	2 e, μ (SS)	0-3 b	Yes	20.7	$\tilde{b}_1$ 275-430 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$)=2 m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)	ATLAS-CONF-2013-00
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$(light), $\tilde{t}_1\to b\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$	1-2 e, μ	1-2 b	Yes	4.7	$\tilde{t}_1$ 110-167 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=55 GeV	1208.4305, 1209.2102
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$(light), $\tilde{t}_1\to Wb\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ	0-2 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{t}_1$ 130-210 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$) =m($\tilde{t}_1$)-m(W)-50 GeV, m($\tilde{t}_1$)<<m($\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$)	1403.4853
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$(medium), $\tilde{t}_1\to t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ	2 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{t}_1$ 215-530 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=1 GeV	1403.4853
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$(medium), $\tilde{t}_1\to b\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$	0	2 b	Yes	20.1	$\tilde{t}_1$ 150-580 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)<200 GeV, m($\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$)-m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=5 GeV	1308.2631
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$(heavy), $\tilde{t}_1\to t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	1 e, μ	1 b	Yes	20.7	$\tilde{t}_1$ 200-610 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=0 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-03
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$(heavy), $\tilde{t}_1\to t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2 b	Yes	20.5	$\tilde{t}_1$ 320-660 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=0 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-02
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1\to c\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	mono-jet/c-tag	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{t}_1$ 90-200 GeV	m($\tilde{t}_1$)-m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)<85 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-06
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$(natural GMSB)	2 e, μ (Z)	1 b	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{t}_1$ 150-580 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)>150 GeV	1403.5222
	$\tilde{t}_2\tilde{t}_2, \tilde{t}_2\to\tilde{t}_1 + Z$	3 e, μ (Z)	1 b	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{t}_2$ 290-600 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)<200 GeV	1403.5222
EW direct	$\tilde{\ell}_{L,R}\tilde{\ell}_{L,R}, \tilde{\ell}\to\ell\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ	0	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\ell}$ 90-325 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=0 GeV	1403.5294
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^+\tilde{\chi}_1^-, \tilde{\chi}_1^+\to\tilde{\ell}\nu(\ell\tilde{\nu})$	2 e, μ	0	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ 140-465 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=0 GeV, m($\tilde{\ell}, \tilde{\nu}$)=0.5(m($\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$)+m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$))	1403.5294
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^+\tilde{\chi}_1^-, \tilde{\chi}_1^+\to\tilde{\tau}\nu(\tau\tilde{\nu})$	2 τ	-	Yes	20.7	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ 180-330 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=0 GeV, m($\tilde{\tau}, \tilde{\nu}$)=0.5(m($\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$)+m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$))	ATLAS-CONF-2013-02
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}_2^0\to\tilde{\ell}_L\nu\tilde{\ell}_L\ell(\tilde{\nu}\nu), \ell\tilde{\nu}\tilde{\ell}_L\ell(\tilde{\nu}\nu)$	3 e, μ	0	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}, \tilde{\chi}_2^0$ 700 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$)=m($\tilde{\chi}_2^0$), m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=0, m($\tilde{\ell}, \tilde{\nu}$)=0.5(m($\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$)+m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$))	1402.7029
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}_2^0\to W\tilde{\chi}_1^0 Z\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2-3 e, μ	0	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}, \tilde{\chi}_2^0$ 420 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$)=m($\tilde{\chi}_2^0$), m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=0, sleptons decoupled	1403.5294, 1402.7029
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}_2^0\to W\tilde{\chi}_1^0 h\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	1 e, μ	2 b	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}, \tilde{\chi}_2^0$ 285 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$)=m($\tilde{\chi}_2^0$), m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=0, sleptons decoupled	ATLAS-CONF-2013-09
Long-lived particles	Direct $\tilde{\chi}_1^+\tilde{\chi}_1^-$ prod., long-lived $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$	Disapp. trk	1 jet	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ 270 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$)-m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=160 MeV, τ($\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$)=0.2 ns	ATLAS-CONF-2013-06
	Stable, stopped $\tilde{g}$ R-hadron	0	1-5 jets	Yes	22.9	$\tilde{g}$ 832 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=100 GeV, 10 μs<τ($\tilde{g}$)<1000 s	ATLAS-CONF-2013-05
	GMSB, stable $\tilde{\tau}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0\to\tilde{\tau}(\tilde{e}, \tilde{\mu})+\tau(e, \mu)$	1-2 μ	-	-	15.9	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ 475 GeV	10<tanβ<50	ATLAS-CONF-2013-05
	GMSB, $\tilde{\chi}_1^0\to\gamma\tilde{G}$, long-lived $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 γ	-	Yes	4.7	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ 230 GeV	0.4<τ($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)<2 ns	1304.6310
	$\tilde{q}\tilde{q}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0\to qq\mu$ (RPV)	1 μ, displ. vtx	-	-	20.3	$\tilde{q}$ 1.0 TeV	1.5 <$c\tau$<156 mm, BR(μ)=1, m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=108 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-09
RPV	LFV $pp\to\tilde{\nu}_\tau + X, \tilde{\nu}_\tau\to e + \mu$	2 e, μ	-	-	4.6	$\tilde{\nu}_\tau$ 1.61 TeV	λ'_{311}=0.10, λ_{132}=0.05	1212.1272
	LFV $pp\to\tilde{\nu}_\tau + X, \tilde{\nu}_\tau\to e(\mu) + \tau$	1 $e, \mu + \tau$	-	-	4.6	$\tilde{\nu}_\tau$ 1.1 TeV	λ'_{311}=0.10, $\lambda_{1(2)33}$=0.05	1212.1272
	Bilinear RPV CMSSM	1 e, μ	7 jets	Yes	4.7	$\tilde{q}, \tilde{g}$ 1.2 TeV	m($\tilde{q}$)=m($\tilde{g}$), $c\tau_{LSP}$<1 mm	ATLAS-CONF-2012-14
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^+\tilde{\chi}_1^-, \tilde{\chi}_1^+\to W\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0\to ee\tilde{\nu}_\mu, e\mu\tilde{\nu}_e$	4 e, μ	-	Yes	20.7	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ 760 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)>300 GeV, λ_{121}>0	ATLAS-CONF-2013-03
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^+\tilde{\chi}_1^-, \tilde{\chi}_1^+\to W\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0\to\tau\tau\tilde{\nu}_e, e\tau\tilde{\nu}_\tau$	3 $e, \mu + \tau$	-	Yes	20.7	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ 350 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)>80 GeV, λ_{133}>0	ATLAS-CONF-2013-03
	$\tilde{g}\to qqq$	0	6-7 jets	-	20.3	$\tilde{g}$ 916 GeV	BR(t)=BR(b)=BR(c)=0%	ATLAS-CONF-2013-09
	$\tilde{g}\to\tilde{t}_1 t, \tilde{t}_1\to bs$	2 e, μ (SS)	0-3 b	Yes	20.7	$\tilde{g}$ 880 GeV		ATLAS-CONF-2013-00
Other	Scalar gluon pair, sgluon$\to q\bar{q}$	0	4 jets	-	4.6	sgluon 100-287 GeV	incl. limit from 1110.2693	1210.4826
	Scalar gluon pair, sgluon$\to t\bar{t}$	2 e, μ (SS)	2 b	Yes	14.3	sgluon 350-800 GeV		ATLAS-CONF-2013-05
	WIMP interaction (D5, Dirac χ)	0	mono-jet	Yes	10.5	M* scale 704 GeV	m(χ)<80 GeV, limit of<687 GeV for D8	ATLAS-CONF-2012-14

$\sqrt{s}$ = 7 TeV full data | $\sqrt{s}$ = 8 TeV partial data | $\sqrt{s}$ = 8 TeV full data

10^{-1} 1 **Mass scale [TeV]**

ATLAS SUSY Searches* - 95% CL Lower Limits

Status: Moriond 2014

ATLAS Preliminar

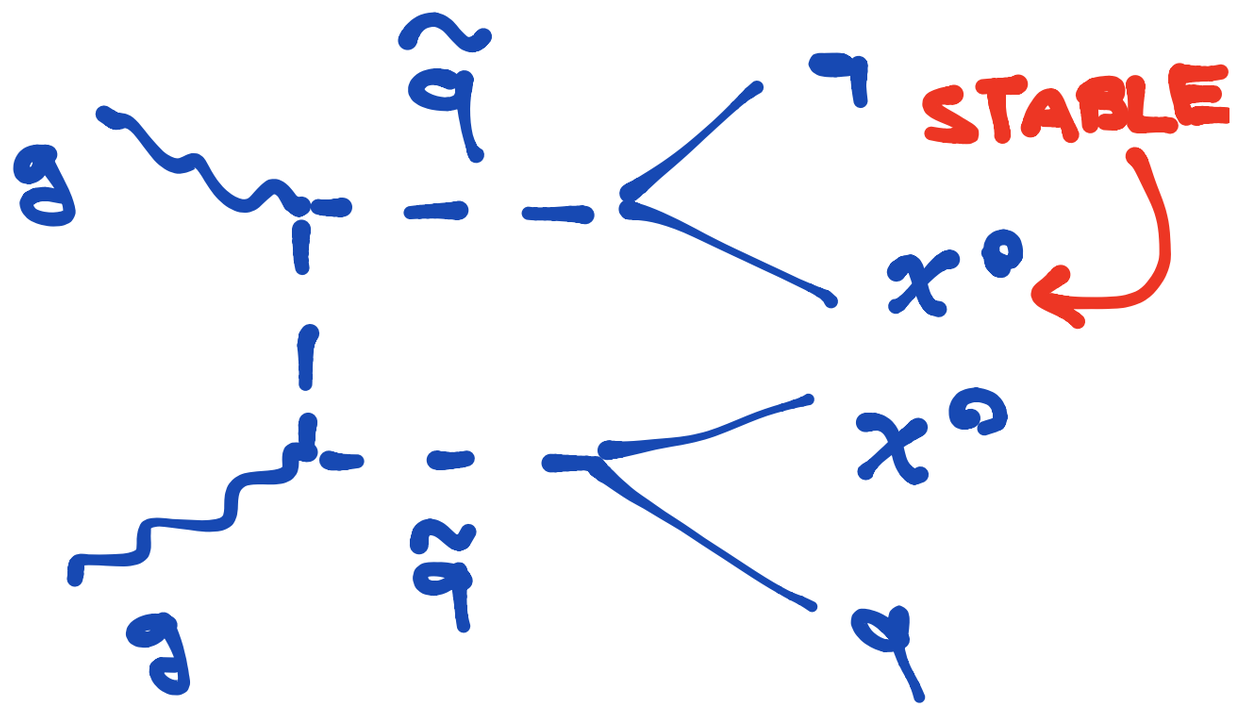
$\int \mathcal{L}\, dt$ = (4.6 - 22.9) fb^{-1} $\sqrt{s}$ = 7, 8 TeV

	Model	e, μ, τ, γ	Jets	E_T^{miss}	$\int \mathcal{L}\, dt$[fb^{-1}]	Mass limit		Reference
Inclusive Searches	MSUGRA/CMSSM	0	2-6 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{q}, \tilde{g}$ 1.7 TeV	m($\tilde{q}$)=m($\tilde{g}$)	ATLAS-CONF-2013-04
	MSUGRA/CMSSM	1 e, μ	3-6 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{g}$ 1.2 TeV	any m($\tilde{q}$)	ATLAS-CONF-2013-06
	MSUGRA/CMSSM	0	7-10 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{g}$ 1.1 TeV	any m($\tilde{q}$)	1308.1841
	$\tilde{q}\tilde{q}, \tilde{q}\to q\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2-6 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{q}$ 740 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=0 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-04
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g}\to q\bar{q}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2-6 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{g}$ 1.3 TeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=0 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-04
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g}\to qq\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}\to qqW^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	1 e, μ	3-6 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{g}$ 1.18 TeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)<200 GeV, m($\tilde{\chi}^{\pm}$)=0.5(m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)+m($\tilde{g}$))	ATLAS-CONF-2013-06
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g}\to qq(\ell\ell/\ell\nu/\nu\nu)\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ	0-3 jets	-	20.3	$\tilde{g}$ 1.12 TeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=0 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-08
	GMSB ($\tilde{\ell}$ NLSP)	2 e, μ	2-4 jets	Yes	4.7	$\tilde{g}$ 1.24 TeV	tanβ<15	1208.4688
	GMSB ($\tilde{\ell}$ NLSP)	1-2 τ	0-2 jets	Yes	20.7	$\tilde{g}$ 1.4 TeV	tanβ >18	ATLAS-CONF-2013-02
	GGM (bino NLSP)	2 γ	-	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{g}$ 1.28 TeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)>50 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2014-00
	GGM (wino NLSP)	1 $e, \mu + \gamma$	-	Yes	4.8	$\tilde{g}$ 619 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)>50 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2012-14
	GGM (higgsino-bino NLSP)	γ	1 b	Yes	4.8	$\tilde{g}$ 900 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)>220 GeV	1211.1167
	GGM (higgsino NLSP)	2 e, μ (Z)	0-3 jets	Yes	5.8	$\tilde{g}$ 690 GeV	m($\tilde{H}$)>200 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2012-15
	Gravitino LSP	0	mono-jet	Yes	10.5	$F^{1/2}$ scale 645 GeV	m($\tilde{g}$)>10^{-4} eV	ATLAS-CONF-2012-14
3rd gen. $\tilde{g}$ med.	$\tilde{g}\to b\bar{b}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	3 b	Yes	20.1	$\tilde{g}$ 1.2 TeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)<600 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-06
	$\tilde{g}\to t\bar{t}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	7-10 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{g}$ 1.1 TeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$) <350 GeV	1308.1841
	$\tilde{g}\to t\bar{t}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0-1 e, μ	3 b	Yes	20.1	$\tilde{g}$ 1.34 TeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)<400 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-06
	$\tilde{g}\to b\bar{t}\tilde{\chi}_1^+$	0-1 e, μ	3 b	Yes	20.1	$\tilde{g}$ 1.3 TeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)<300 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-06
3rd gen. squarks direct production	$\tilde{b}_1\tilde{b}_1, \tilde{b}_1\to b\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2 b	Yes	20.1	$\tilde{b}_1$ 100-620 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)<90 GeV	1308.2631
	$\tilde{b}_1\tilde{b}_1, \tilde{b}_1\to t\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$	2 e, μ (SS)	0-3 b	Yes	20.7	$\tilde{b}_1$ 275-430 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$)=2 m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)	ATLAS-CONF-2013-00
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$(light), $\tilde{t}_1\to b\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$	1-2 e, μ	1-2 b	Yes	4.7	$\tilde{t}_1$ 110-167 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=55 GeV	1208.4305, 1209.2102
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$(light), $\tilde{t}_1\to Wb\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ	0-2 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{t}_1$ 130-210 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$) =m($\tilde{t}_1$)-m(W)-50 GeV, m($\tilde{t}_1$)<<m($\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$)	1403.4853
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$(medium), $\tilde{t}_1\to t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ	2 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{t}_1$ 215-530 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=1 GeV	1403.4853
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$(medium), $\tilde{t}_1\to b\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$	0	2 b	Yes	20.1	$\tilde{t}_1$ 150-580 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)<200 GeV, m($\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$)-m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=5 GeV	1308.2631
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$(heavy), $\tilde{t}_1\to t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	1 e, μ	1 b	Yes	20.7	$\tilde{t}_1$ 200-610 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=0 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-03
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$(heavy), $\tilde{t}_1\to t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2 b	Yes	20.5	$\tilde{t}_1$ 320-660 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=0 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-02
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1\to c\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	mono-jet/c-tag	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{t}_1$ 90-200 GeV	m($\tilde{t}_1$)-m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)<85 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-06
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$(natural GMSB)	2 e, μ (Z)	1 b	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{t}_1$ 150-580 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)>150 GeV	1403.5222
	$\tilde{t}_2\tilde{t}_2, \tilde{t}_2\to\tilde{t}_1 + Z$	3 e, μ (Z)	1 b	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{t}_2$ 290-600 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)<200 GeV	1403.5222
EW direct	$\tilde{\ell}_{L,R}\tilde{\ell}_{L,R}, \tilde{\ell}\to\ell\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ	0	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\ell}$ 90-325 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=0 GeV	1403.5294
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^+\tilde{\chi}_1^-, \tilde{\chi}_1^+\to\tilde{\ell}\nu(\ell\tilde{\nu})$	2 e, μ	0	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ 140-465 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=0 GeV, m($\tilde{\ell}, \tilde{\nu}$)=0.5(m($\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$)+m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$))	1403.5294
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^+\tilde{\chi}_1^-, \tilde{\chi}_1^+\to\tilde{\tau}\nu(\tau\tilde{\nu})$	2 τ	-	Yes	20.7	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ 180-330 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=0 GeV, m($\tilde{\tau}, \tilde{\nu}$)=0.5(m($\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$)+m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$))	ATLAS-CONF-2013-02
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}_2^0\to\tilde{\ell}_L\nu\tilde{\ell}_L\ell(\tilde{\nu}\nu), \ell\tilde{\nu}\tilde{\ell}_L\ell(\tilde{\nu}\nu)$	3 e, μ	0	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}, \tilde{\chi}_2^0$ 700 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$)=m($\tilde{\chi}_2^0$), m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=0, m($\tilde{\ell}, \tilde{\nu}$)=0.5(m($\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$)+m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$))	1402.7029
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}_2^0\to W\tilde{\chi}_1^0 Z\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2-3 e, μ	0	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}, \tilde{\chi}_2^0$ 420 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$)=m($\tilde{\chi}_2^0$), m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=0, sleptons decoupled	1403.5294, 1402.7029
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}_2^0\to W\tilde{\chi}_1^0 h\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	1 e, μ	2 b	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}, \tilde{\chi}_2^0$ 285 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$)=m($\tilde{\chi}_2^0$), m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=0, sleptons decoupled	ATLAS-CONF-2013-09
Long-lived particles	Direct $\tilde{\chi}_1^+\tilde{\chi}_1^-$ prod., long-lived $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$	Disapp. trk	1 jet	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ 270 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$)-m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=160 MeV, τ($\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$)=0.2 ns	ATLAS-CONF-2013-06
	Stable, stopped $\tilde{g}$ R-hadron	0	1-5 jets	Yes	22.9	$\tilde{g}$ 832 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=100 GeV, 10 μs<τ($\tilde{g}$)<1000 s	ATLAS-CONF-2013-05
	GMSB, stable $\tilde{\tau}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0\to\tilde{\tau}(\tilde{e}, \tilde{\mu})+\tau(e, \mu)$	1-2 μ	-	-	15.9	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ 475 GeV	10<tanβ<50	ATLAS-CONF-2013-05
	GMSB, $\tilde{\chi}_1^0\to\gamma\tilde{G}$, long-lived $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 γ	-	Yes	4.7	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ 230 GeV	0.4<τ($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)<2 ns	1304.6310
	$\tilde{q}\tilde{q}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0\to qq\mu$ (RPV)	1 μ, displ. vtx	-	-	20.3	$\tilde{q}$ 1.0 TeV	1.5 <$c\tau$<156 mm, BR(μ)=1, m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)=108 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-09
RPV	LFV $pp\to\tilde{\nu}_\tau + X, \tilde{\nu}_\tau\to e + \mu$	2 e, μ	-	-	4.6	$\tilde{\nu}_\tau$ 1.61 TeV	λ'_{311}=0.10, λ_{132}=0.05	1212.1272
	LFV $pp\to\tilde{\nu}_\tau + X, \tilde{\nu}_\tau\to e(\mu) + \tau$	1 $e, \mu + \tau$	-	-	4.6	$\tilde{\nu}_\tau$ 1.1 TeV	λ'_{311}=0.10, $\lambda_{1(2)33}$=0.05	1212.1272
	Bilinear RPV CMSSM	1 e, μ	7 jets	Yes	4.7	$\tilde{q}, \tilde{g}$ 1.2 TeV	m($\tilde{q}$)=m($\tilde{g}$), $c\tau_{LSP}$<1 mm	ATLAS-CONF-2012-14
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^+\tilde{\chi}_1^-, \tilde{\chi}_1^+\to W\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0\to ee\tilde{\nu}_\mu, e\mu\tilde{\nu}_e$	4 e, μ	-	Yes	20.7	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ 760 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)>300 GeV, λ_{121}>0	ATLAS-CONF-2013-03
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^+\tilde{\chi}_1^-, \tilde{\chi}_1^+\to W\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0\to\tau\tau\tilde{\nu}_e, e\tau\tilde{\nu}_\tau$	3 $e, \mu + \tau$	-	Yes	20.7	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ 350 GeV	m($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$)>80 GeV, λ_{133}>0	ATLAS-CONF-2013-03
	$\tilde{g}\to qqq$	0	6-7 jets	-	20.3	$\tilde{g}$ 916 GeV	BR(t)=BR(b)=BR(c)=0%	ATLAS-CONF-2013-09
	$\tilde{g}\to\tilde{t}_1 t, \tilde{t}_1\to bs$	2 e, μ (SS)	0-3 b	Yes	20.7	$\tilde{g}$ 880 GeV		ATLAS-CONF-2013-00
Other	Scalar gluon pair, sgluon$\to q\bar{q}$	0	4 jets	-	4.6	sgluon 100-287 GeV	incl. limit from 1110.2693	1210.4826
	Scalar gluon pair, sgluon$\to t\bar{t}$	2 e, μ (SS)	2 b	Yes	14.3	sgluon 350-800 GeV		ATLAS-CONF-2013-05
	WIMP interaction (D5, Dirac χ)	0	mono-jet	Yes	10.5	M* scale 704 GeV	m(χ)<80 GeV, limit of<687 GeV for D8	ATLAS-CONF-2012-14

$\sqrt{s}$ = 7 TeV full data | $\sqrt{s}$ = 8 TeV partial data | $\sqrt{s}$ = 8 TeV full data

10^{-1} 1 **Mass scale [TeV]**

Dark Matter at colliders



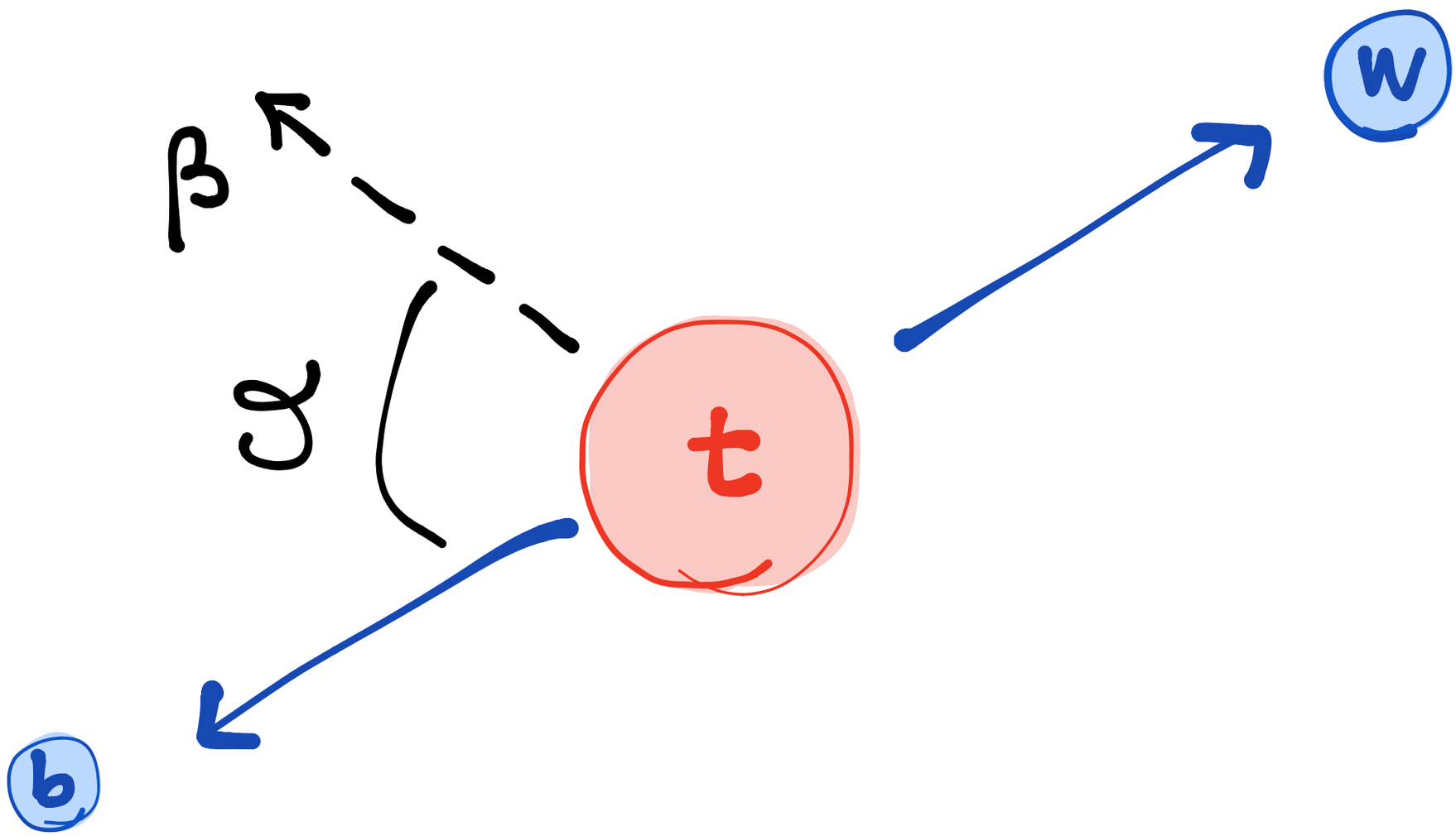
jet + mET

A simple, yet subtle, invariance of the two body decay

1209.0772 - Agashe, Franceschini and Kim

A simple, yet subtle, invariance

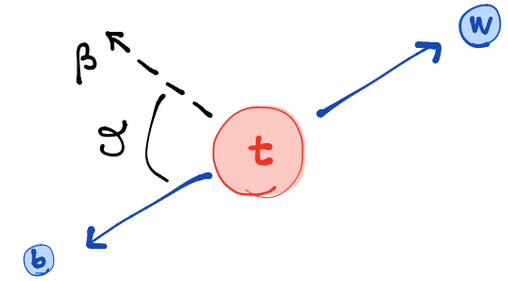
1209.0772 - Agashe, Franceschini and Kim



$$E_{lab,b} = E_b^* \gamma + p_b^* \gamma \beta \cos\vartheta$$

Event-by-event we cannot tell anything

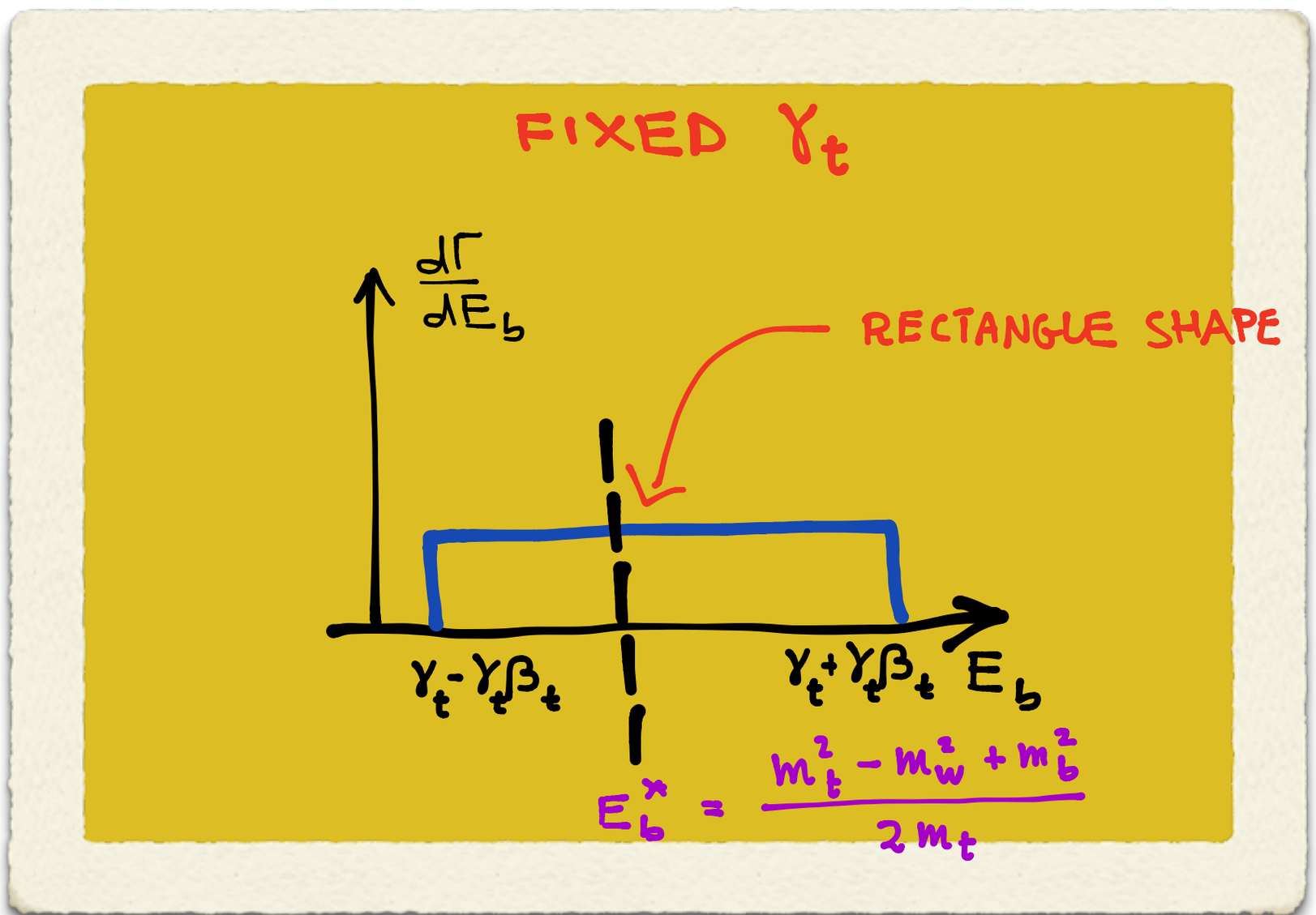
Fixed top boost decay



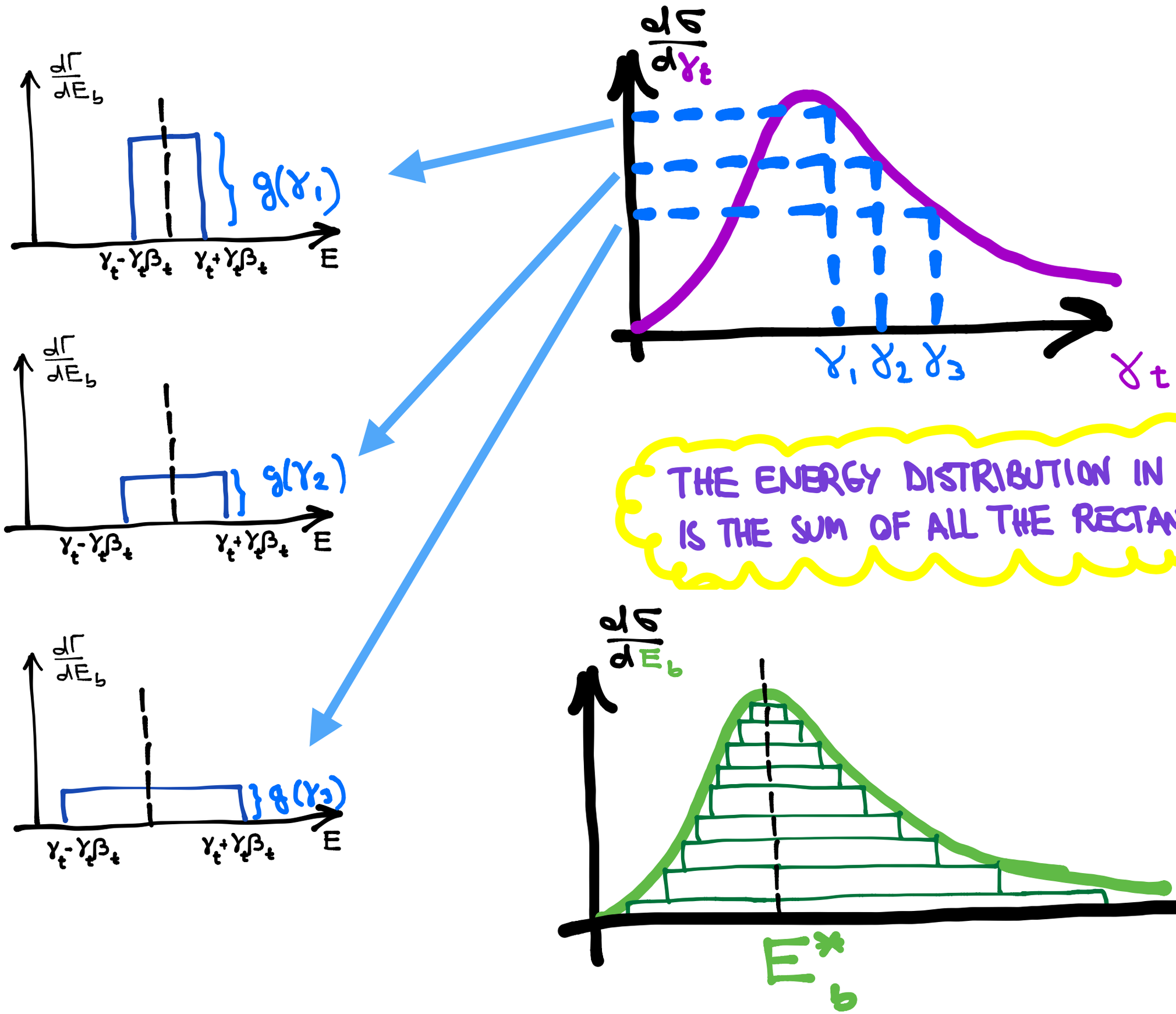
Massless b-quark (for now)

$$E_{lab,b} = E_b^*\left(\gamma + \gamma\beta\cos\vartheta\right)$$

unpolarized top sample ⟶ cosθ is flat

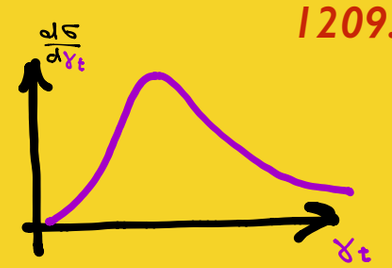


Summing over the top boosts

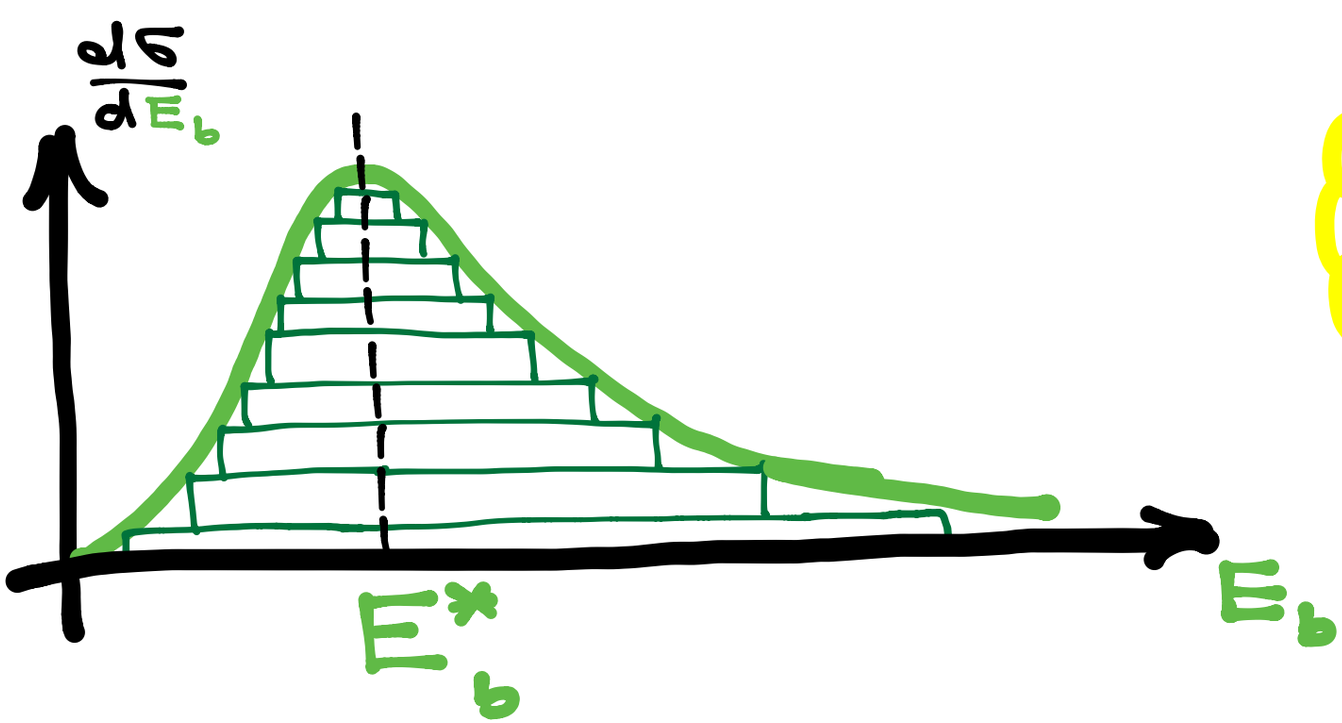


Lab-frame energy distribution

1209.0772 - Agashe, Franceschini and Kim
also Stecker 1971

for any top boost distribution  **the peak:**

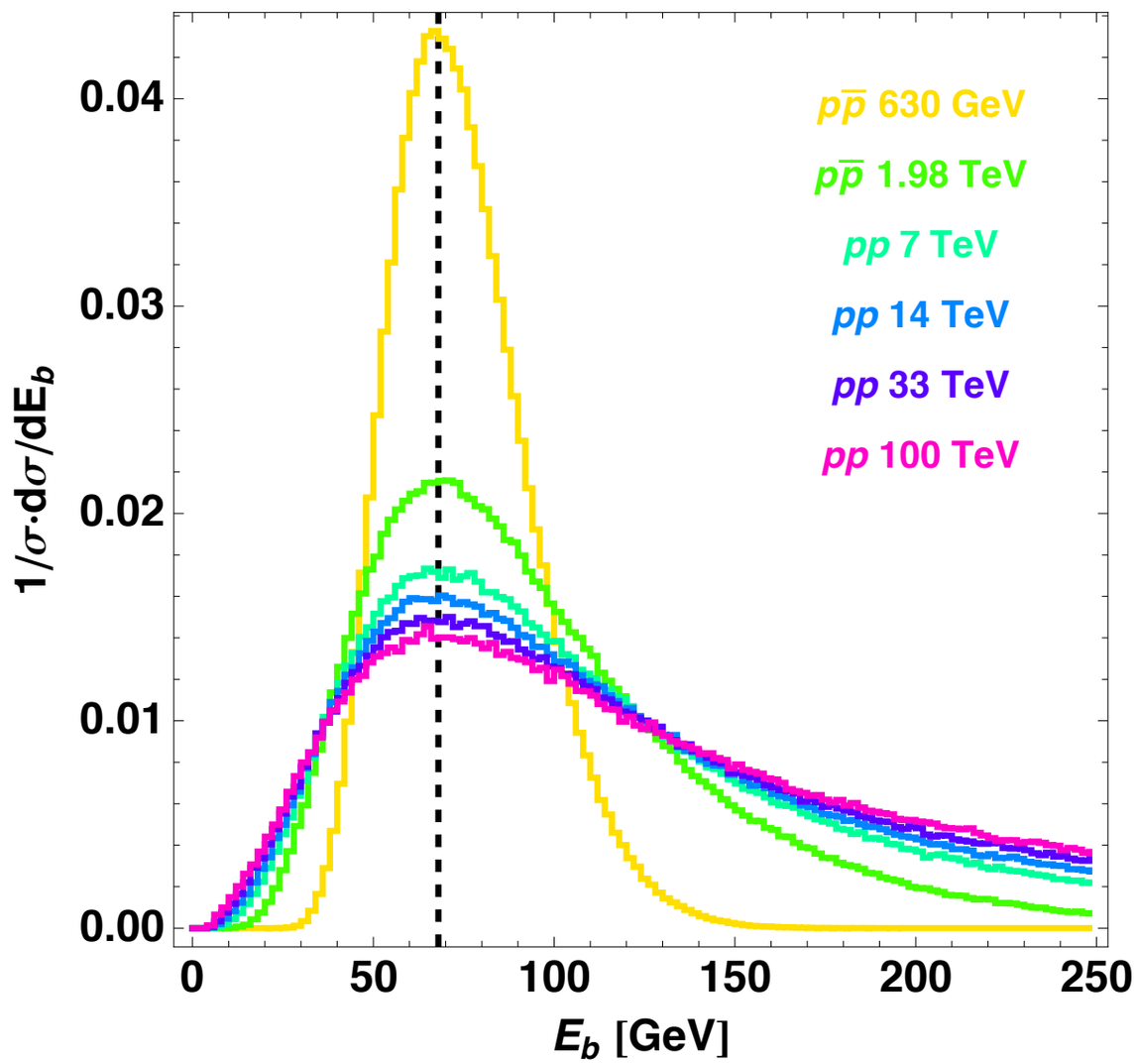
- is the same as in the rest frame
- encodes invariant $E_b^* = \dfrac{m_t^2 - m_W^2 + m_b^2}{2 m_t}$



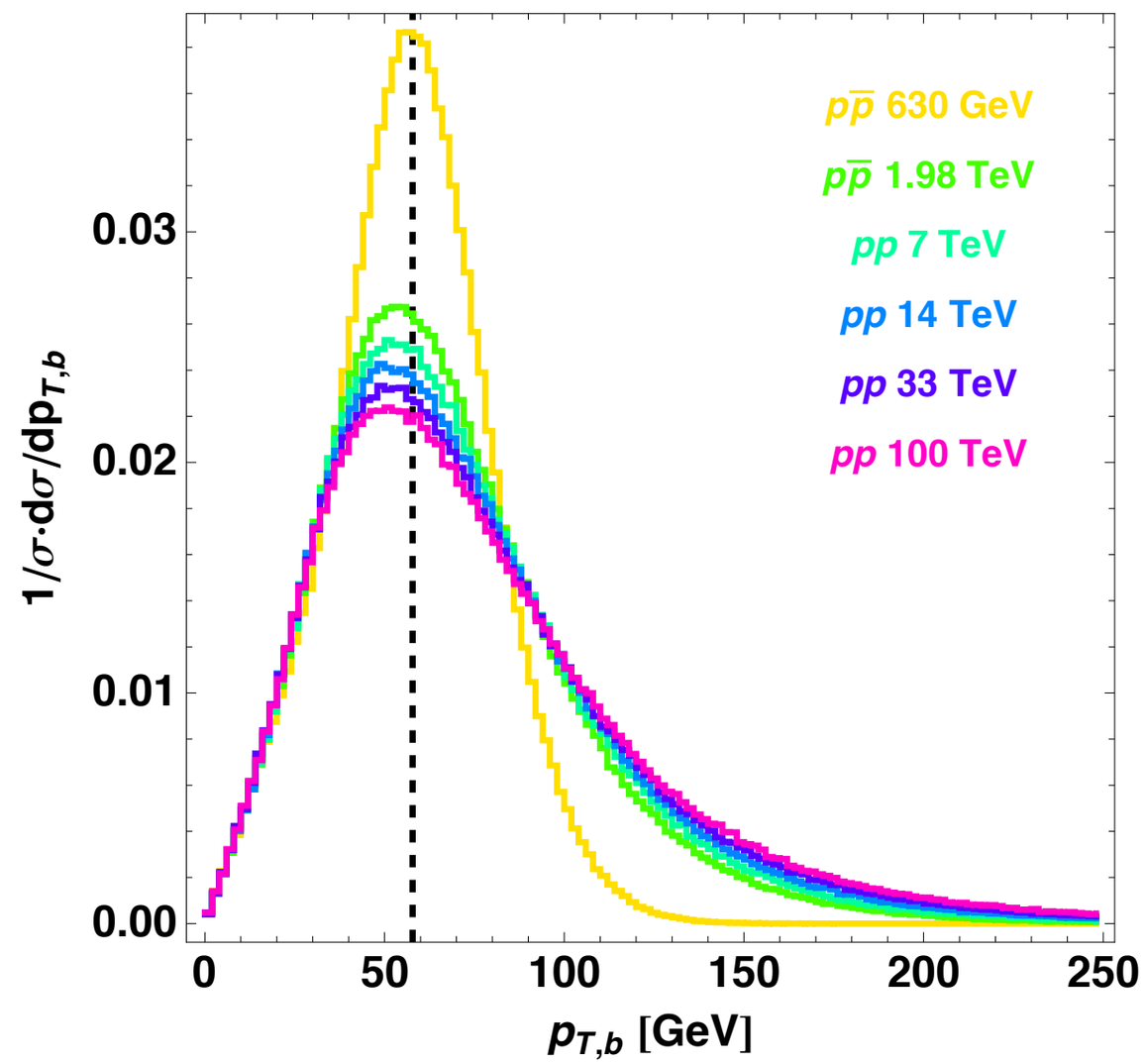
THE FRAME-DEPENDENT ENERGY DISTRIBUTION ENCODES THE INVARIANT E_d^* IN A VERY SIMPLE WAY

How special is this invariance?

Shape changes, peak doesn't!

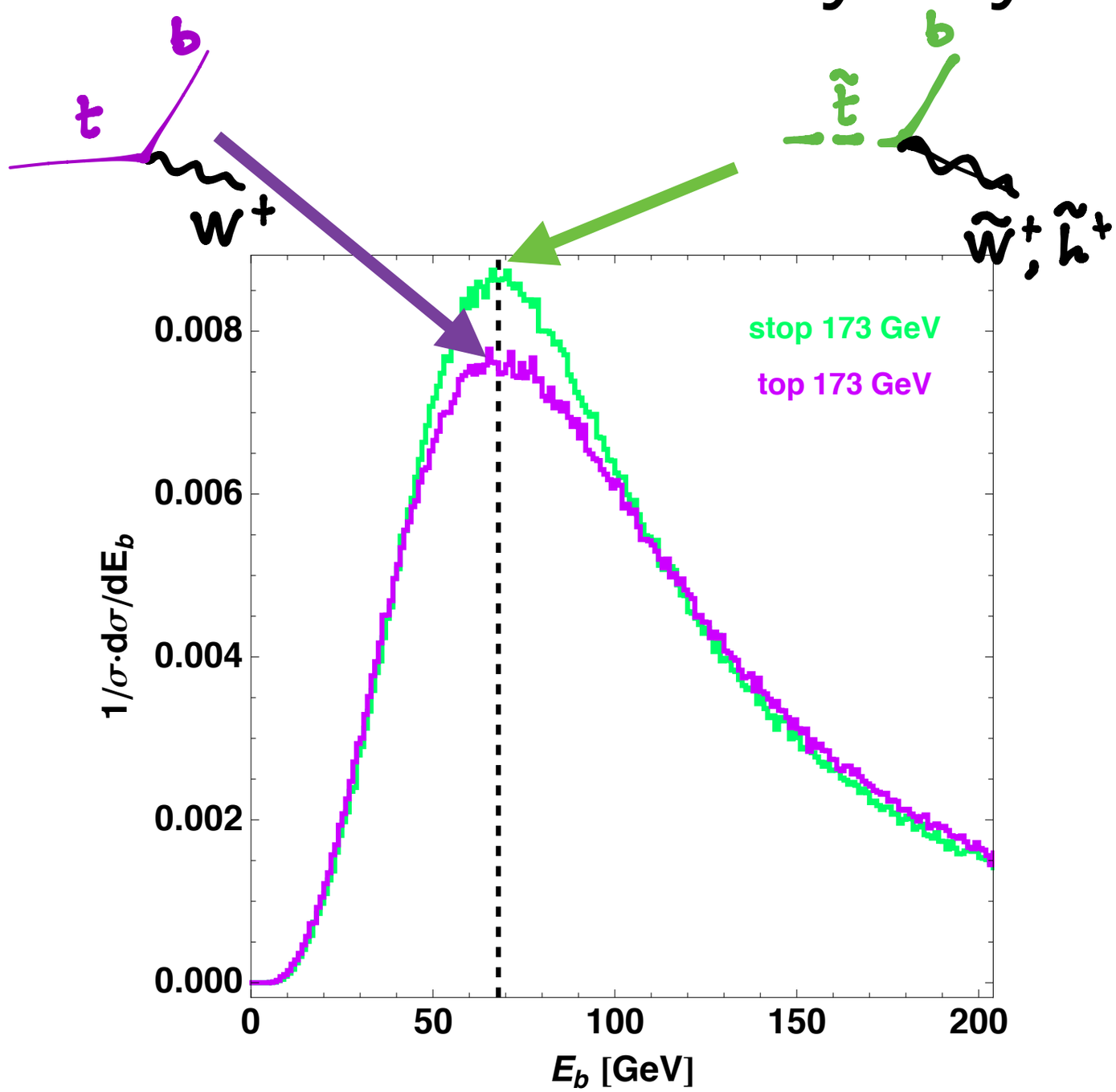


Shape changes, peak does too



How does it relate to DM?

Independent of decay dynamics

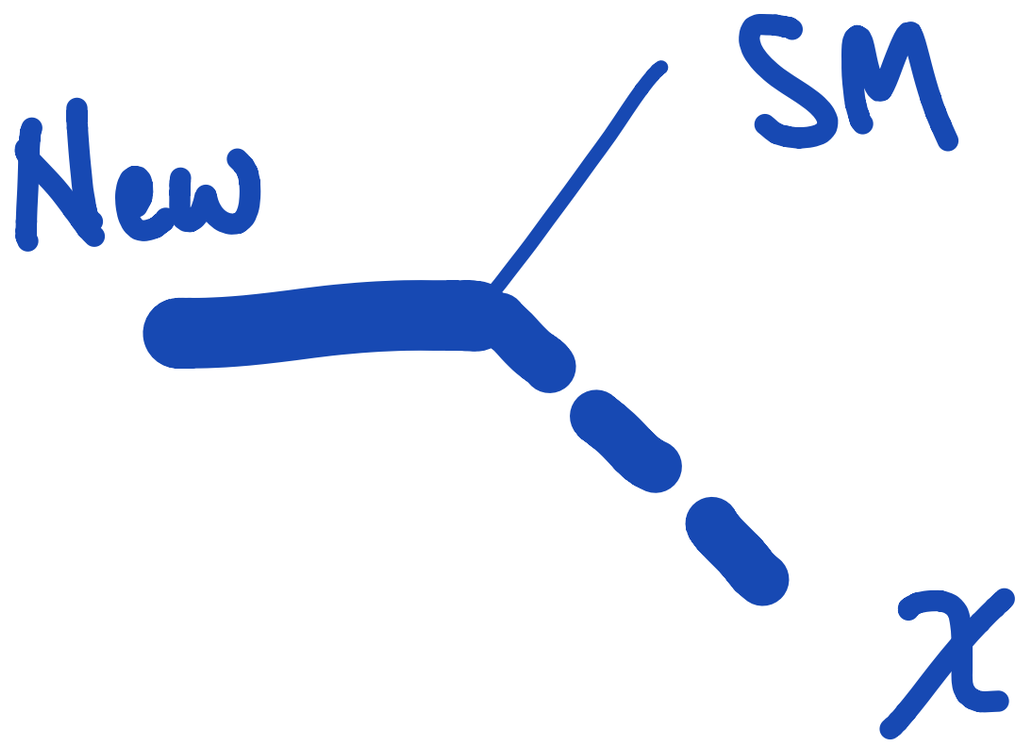


captures the peak for both stop and top: pure kinematics

suitable for the study of *newly discovered particles!*

Using Energy Peaks to Count Dark Matter Particles in Decays

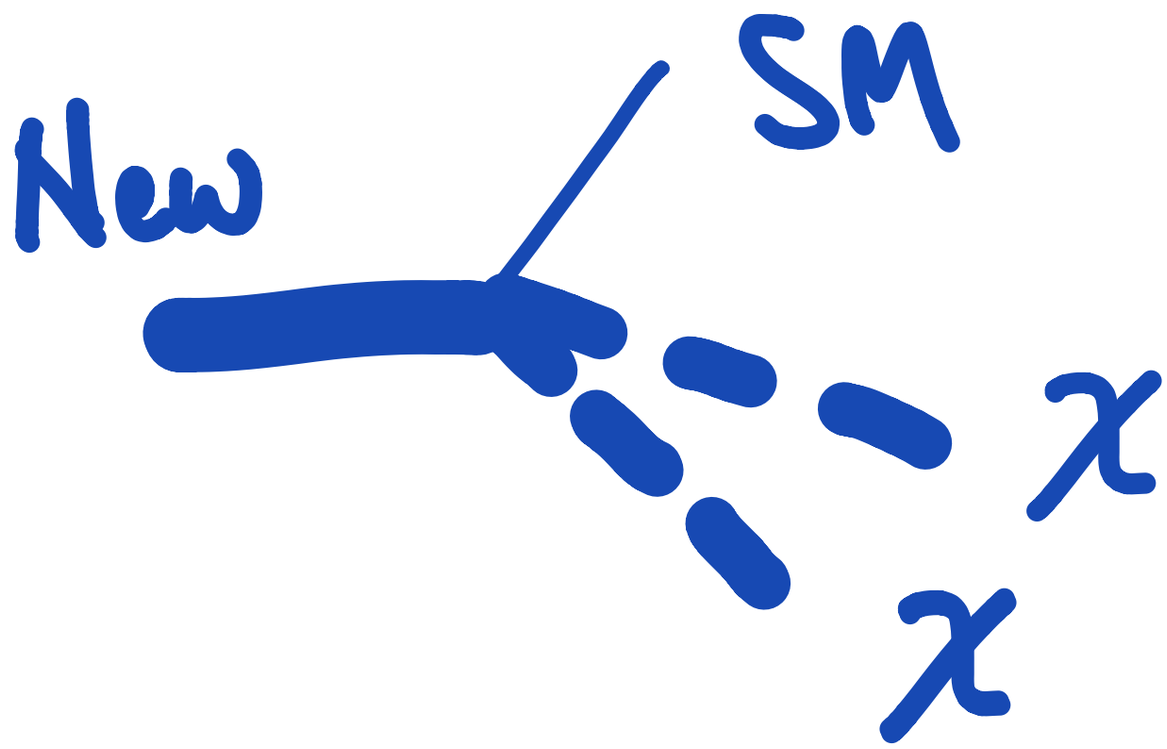
1212.5230 - Agashe, Franceschini, Kim, Wardlow



Probe of the **stabilization symmetry of the DM**

Using Energy Peaks to Count Dark Matter Particles in Decays

1212.5230 - Agashe, Franceschini, Kim, Wardlow



Probe of the **stabilization symmetry of the DM**

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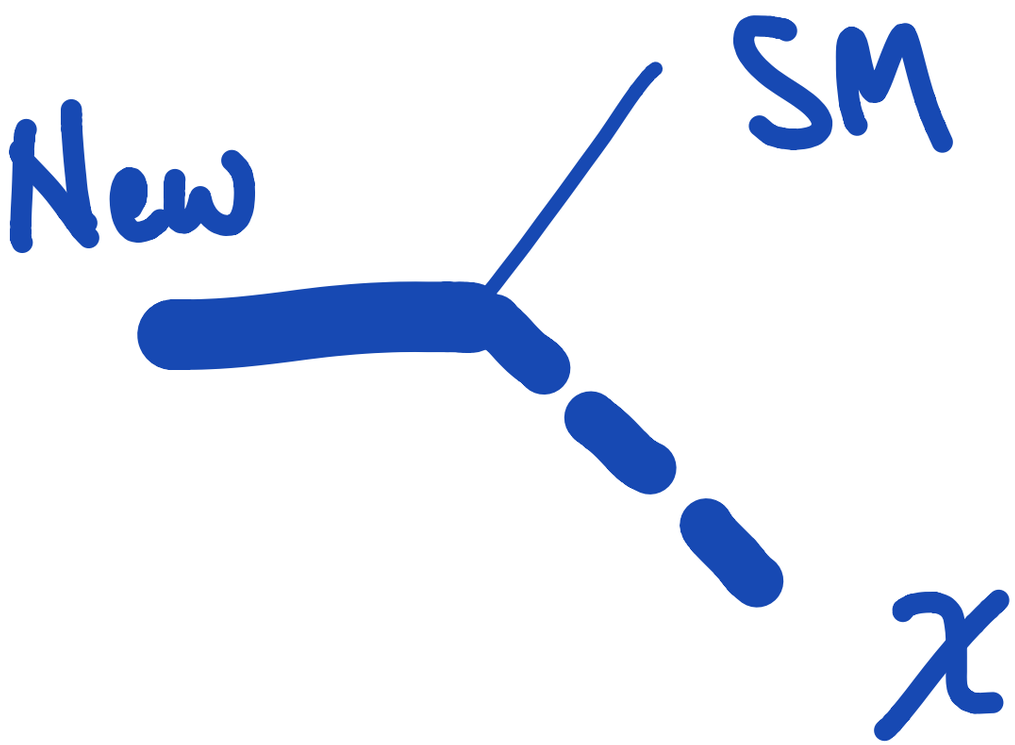
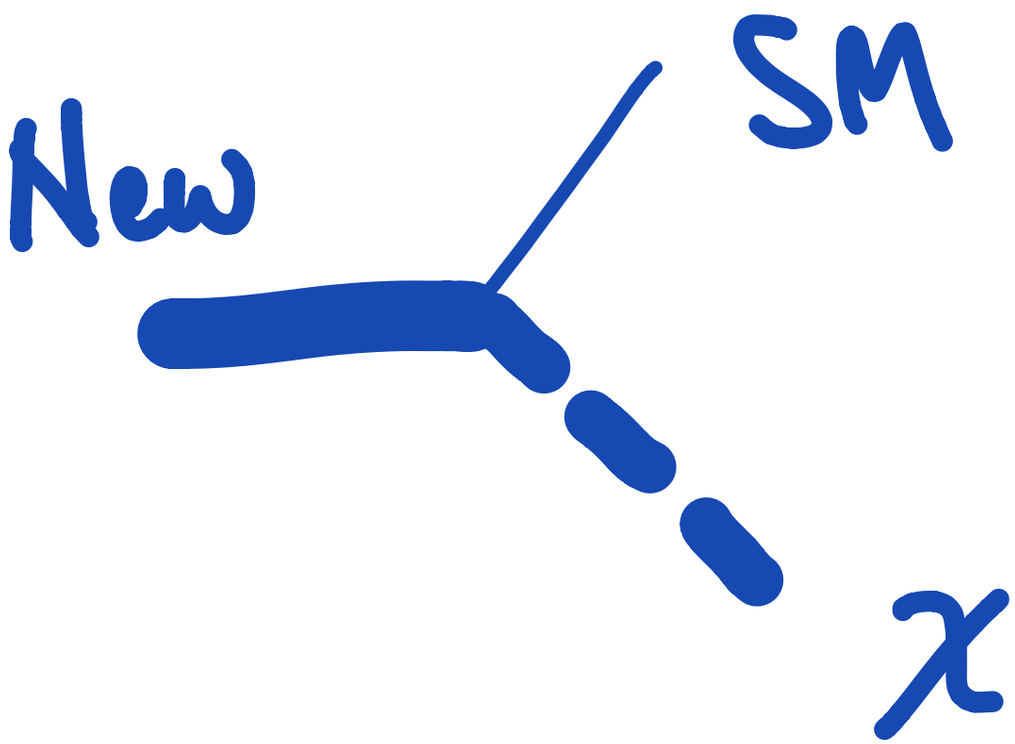


Z2 models
(matter parity models,
R-parity, T-parity, …)

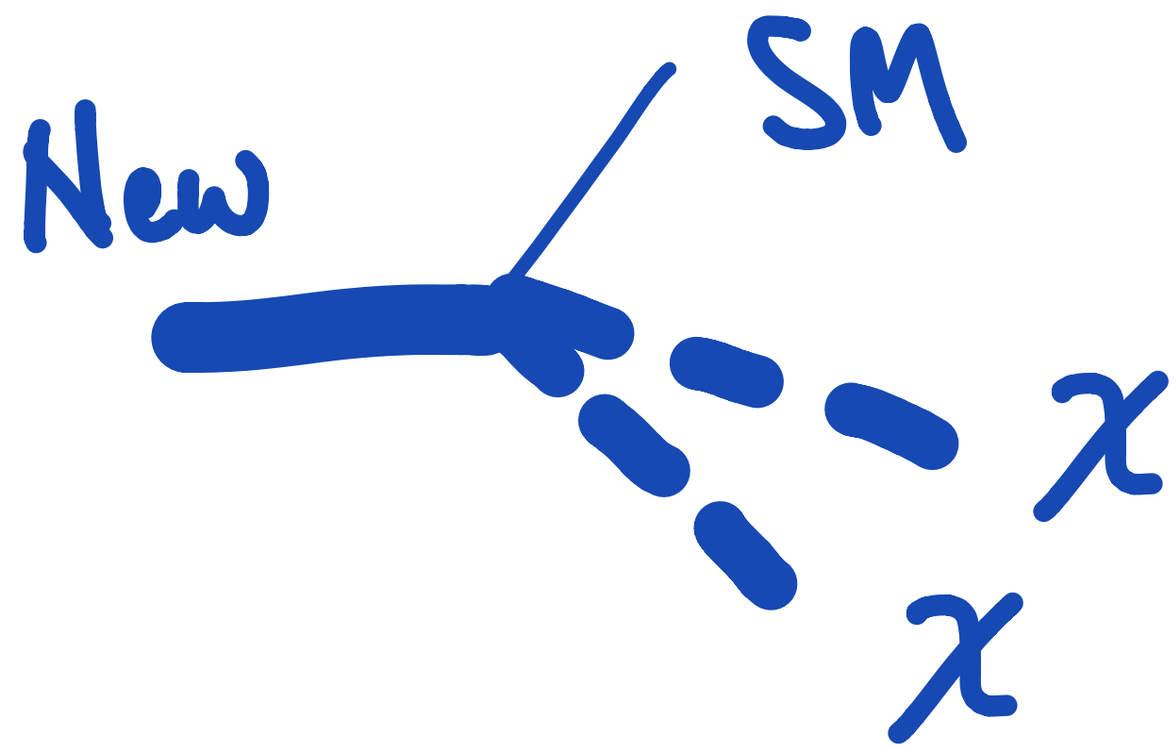
non-Z2 models
(Z3 models, …)

Using Energy Peaks to Count Dark Matter Particles in Decays

1212.5230 - Agashe, Franceschini, Kim, Wardlow



Z2 models
(matter parity models,
R-parity, T-parity, …)



non-Z2 models
(Z3 models, …)

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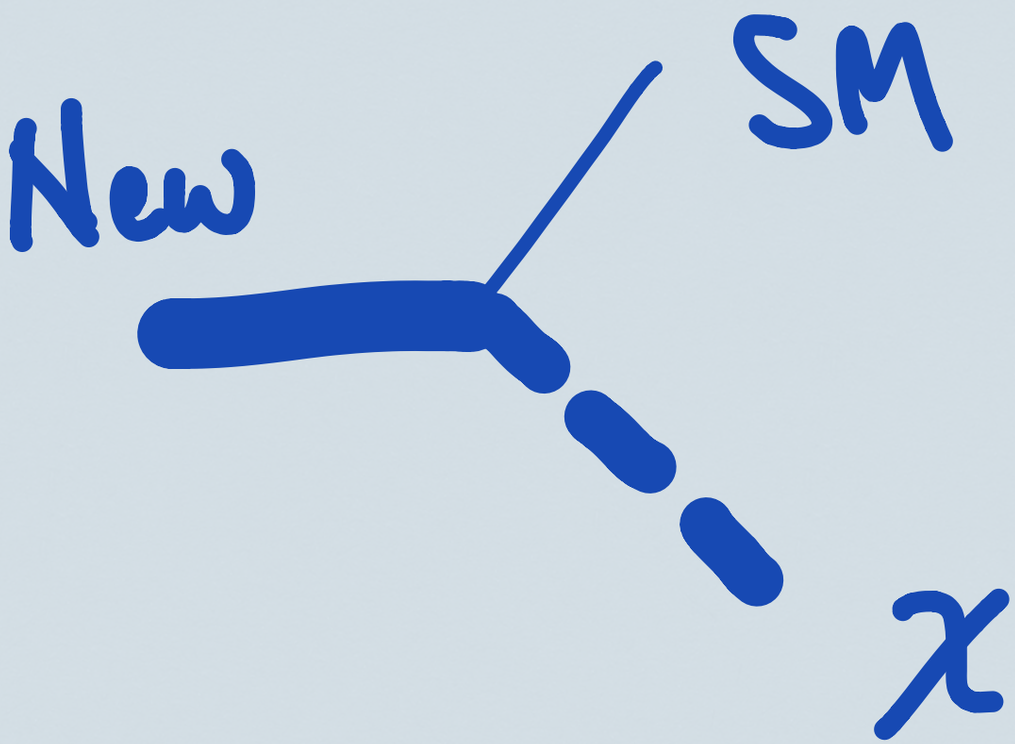
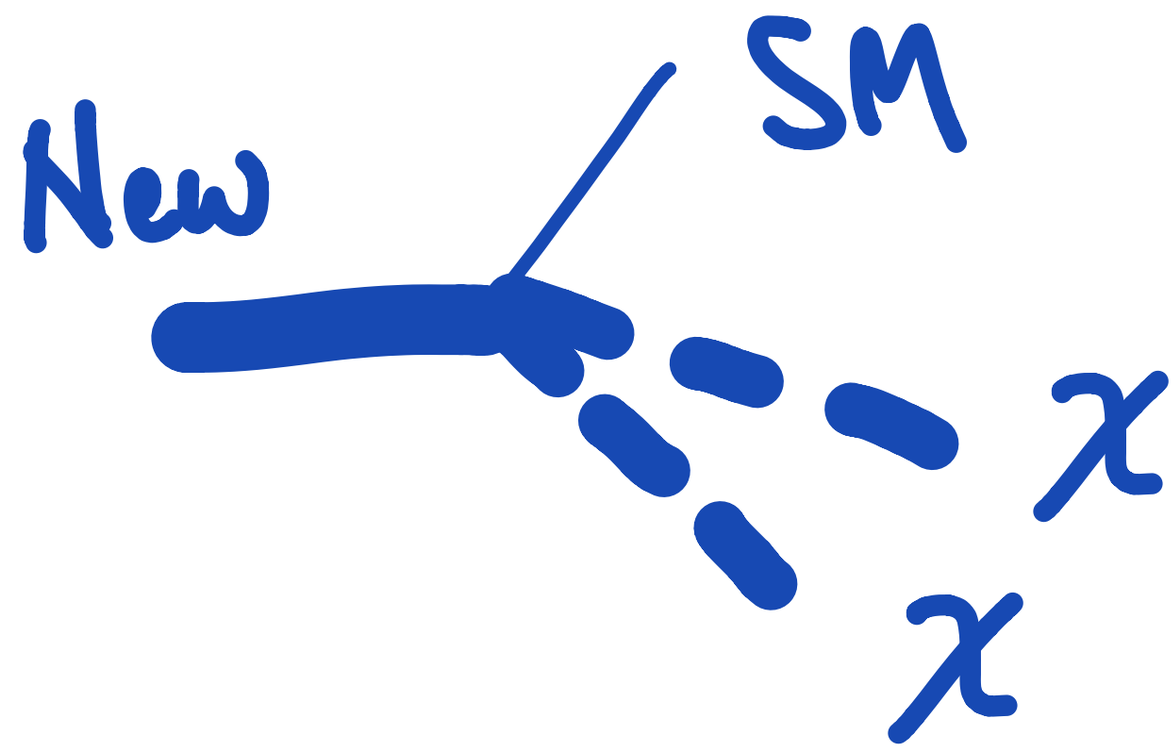
1212.5230 - Agashe, Franceschini, Kim, Wardlow

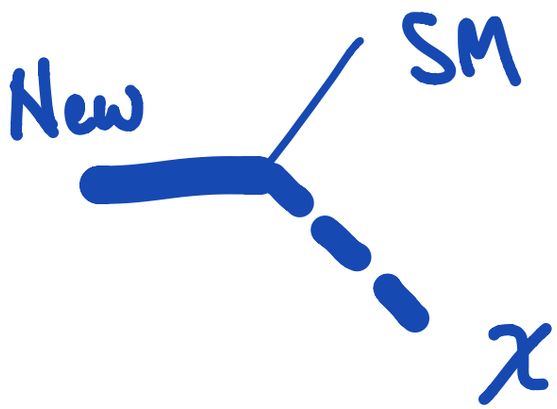
energy peak invariance holds!

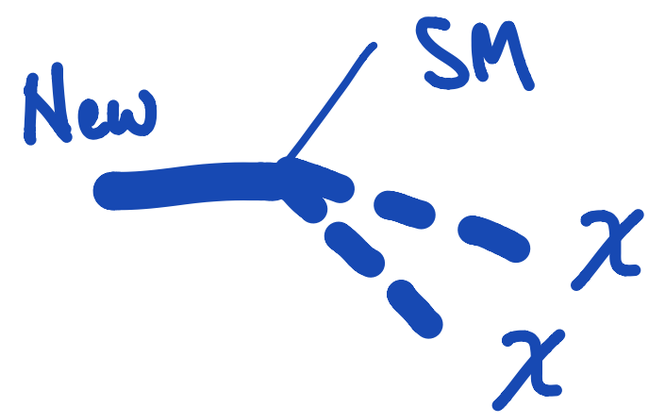


Z2 models
(matter parity models, R-parity, T-parity, …)



non-Z2 models
(Z3 models, …)



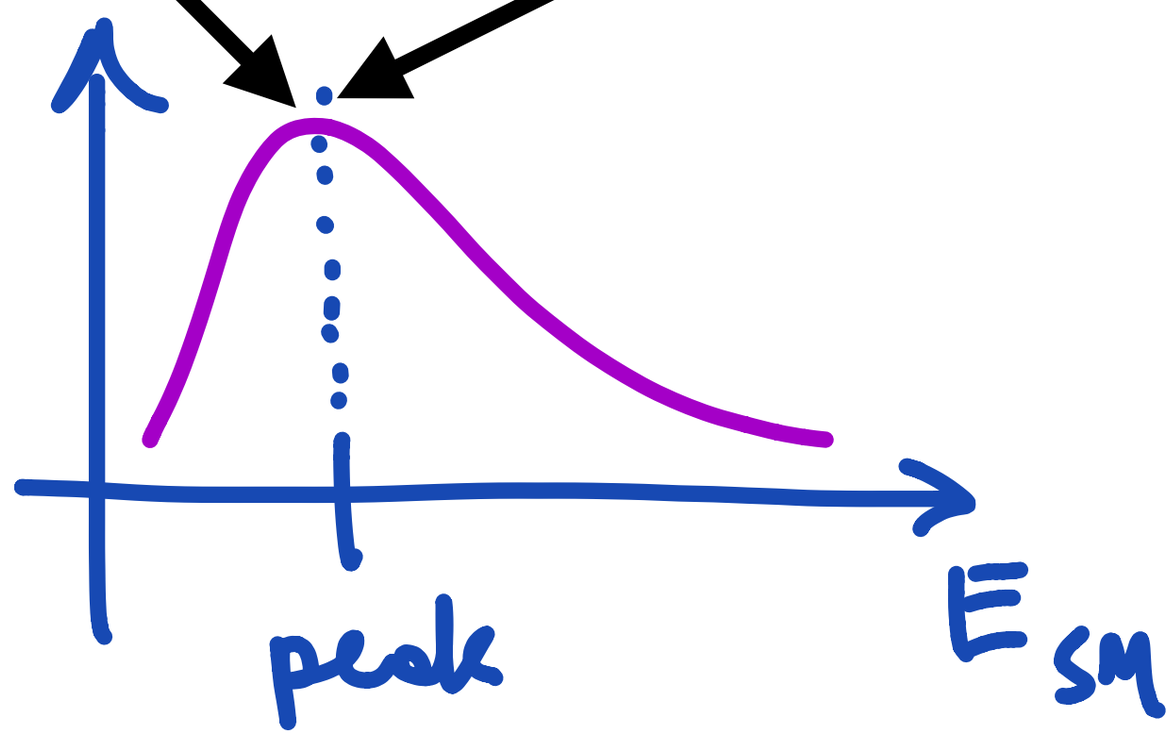


E_{SM} HAS A PEAK AT

$$E_{peak} = \bar{E} = \frac{m_{NP}^2 - m_\chi^2 + m_{SM}^2}{2m_{NP}}$$

E_{SM} HAS A PEAK BELOW

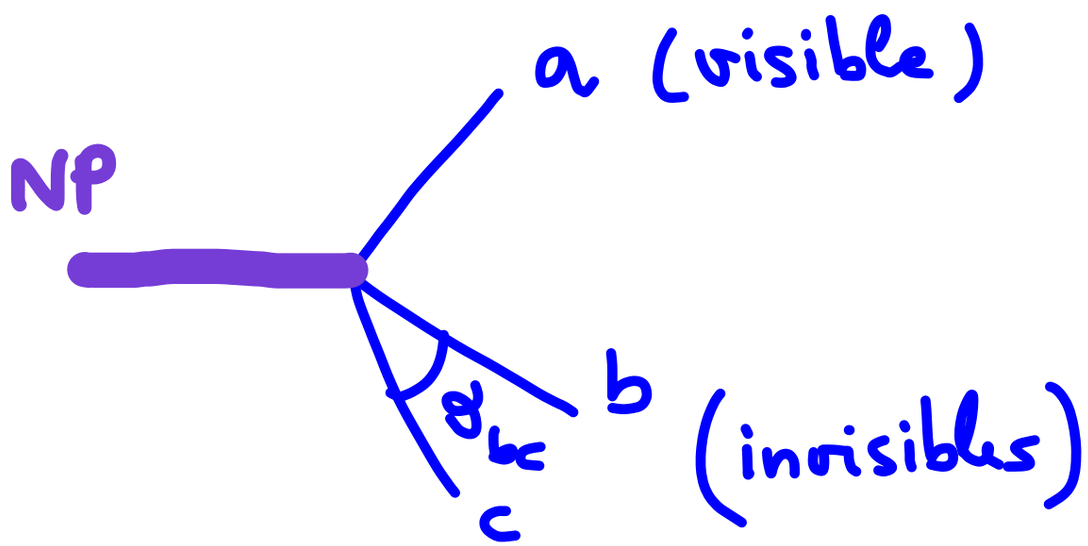
$$E_{peak} \leq \bar{E}' = \frac{m_{NP}^2 + m_{SM}^2 - 2m_\chi^2}{2m_{NP}}$$



Without prior knowledge of the masses we cannot check the peak position

Finding out the peak

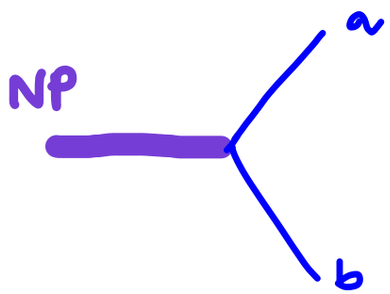
when two final states align they are much alike a single particle



$\vartheta_{bc} \to 0$

Study an observable that can single out these configurations

The transverse mass

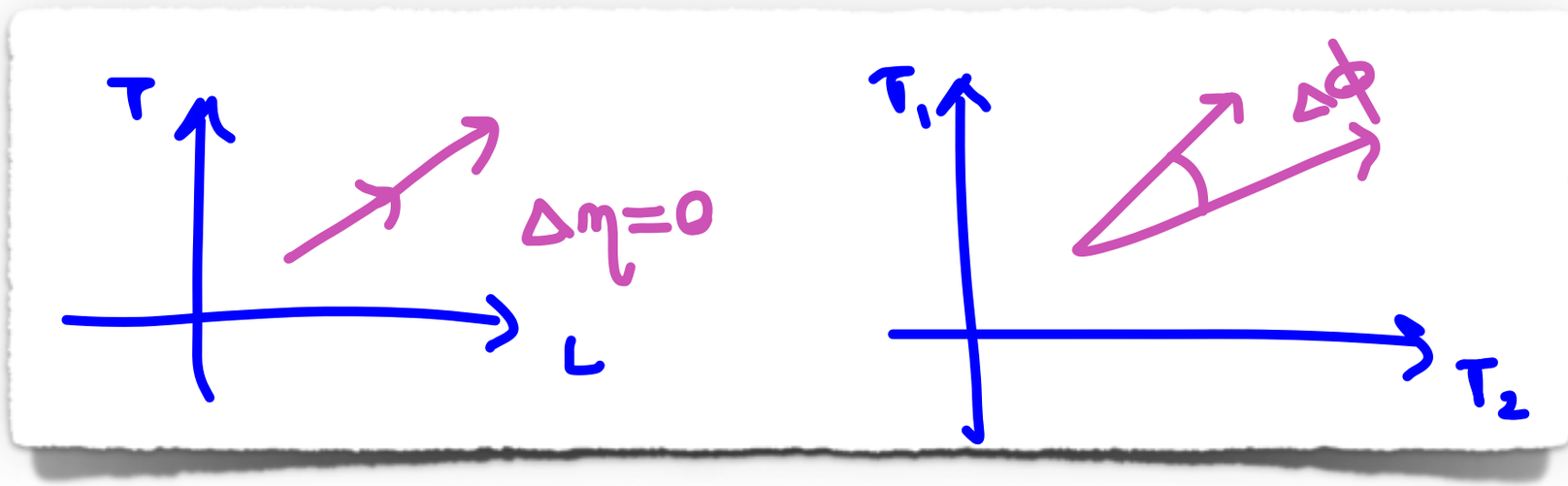


$$m_{ab}^2 = \left(p_\mu^{(a)} + p_\mu^{(b)}\right)^2$$

$$(E, p_x, p_y, p_z) \qquad\qquad (E, p_x, p_y)$$

$$m_{NP}^2 = m_a^2 + m_b^2 + 2\left(E_{T_a} E_{T_b} \cosh\Delta\eta_{ab} - p_{T_a} p_{T_b} \cos\Delta\phi_{ab}\right)$$

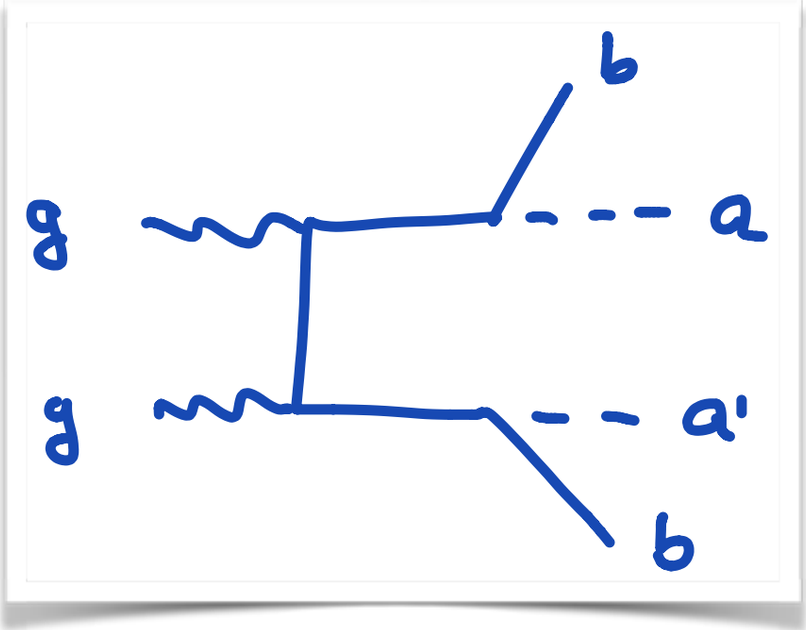
$$m_T^2 = m_a^2 + m_b^2 + 2\left(E_{T_a} E_{T_b} - p_{T_a} p_{T_b} \cos\Delta\phi_{ab}\right)$$



$m_T \leq m_{NP}$ AND $m_T = m_{NP}$ $\quad \Delta\eta_{ab} = 0$

THE MAX OF m_T SINGLES OUT A KIND OF COLINEAR CONFIGURATION

mT ——> mT2

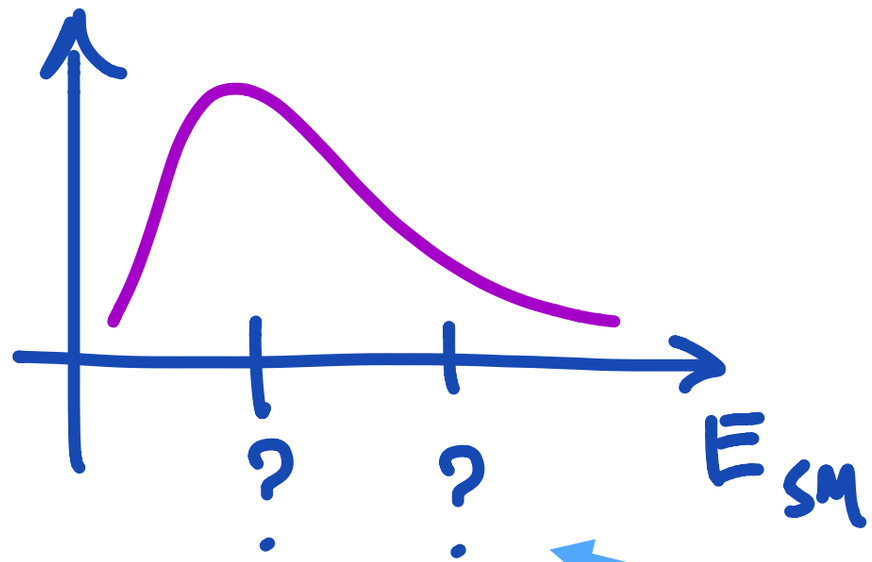


- BOTH a AND a' ARE INVISIBLE
- OBSERVE ONLY $\not{E}_T$ (THE SUM OF THE INVISIBLES)
- MAKE AN ANSATZ $\vec{p}_{T_a} + \vec{p}_{T_{a'}} = \not{E}_T$

$$m_{T_2} = \min_{\text{ansatz}} \left\{ \max \left(m_T , m_T \right) \right\}$$

- min OVER ALL POSSIBLE WAYS TO SPLIT THE MISSING MOMENTUM

m_{T_2} IS MAXIMIZED WHEN PARTICLES ARE ALIGNED



CLOSED FORM: "BALANCED CASE"

$$m_{T_2}^{max} = C + \sqrt{C^2 + \tilde{m}^2}$$

$$C_2 = \frac{m_{NP}^2 - m_a^2}{2 m_{NP}} = \boxed{E_{PEAK}}$$

$$C_n = \frac{m_{NP}^2 - n^2 m_a^2}{2 m_{NP}}$$

$m_a \to n\, m_a$

case study: heavy fermion decay to DM

$pp \to B' B'$ FOLLOWED BY $B' \to b\chi$ Z_2-model

$B' \to b\chi\chi$ non-Z_2 model

post-discovery scenario: large S/B

0 leptons with $|\eta_l| < 2.5$ and $p_{T\,l} > 20$ GeV for $l = e,\ \mu,\ \tau$,

2 b-tagged jets with $|\eta_b| < 2.5$ and $p_{T\,b_1} > 100$ GeV, $p_{T\,b_2} > 40$ GeV,

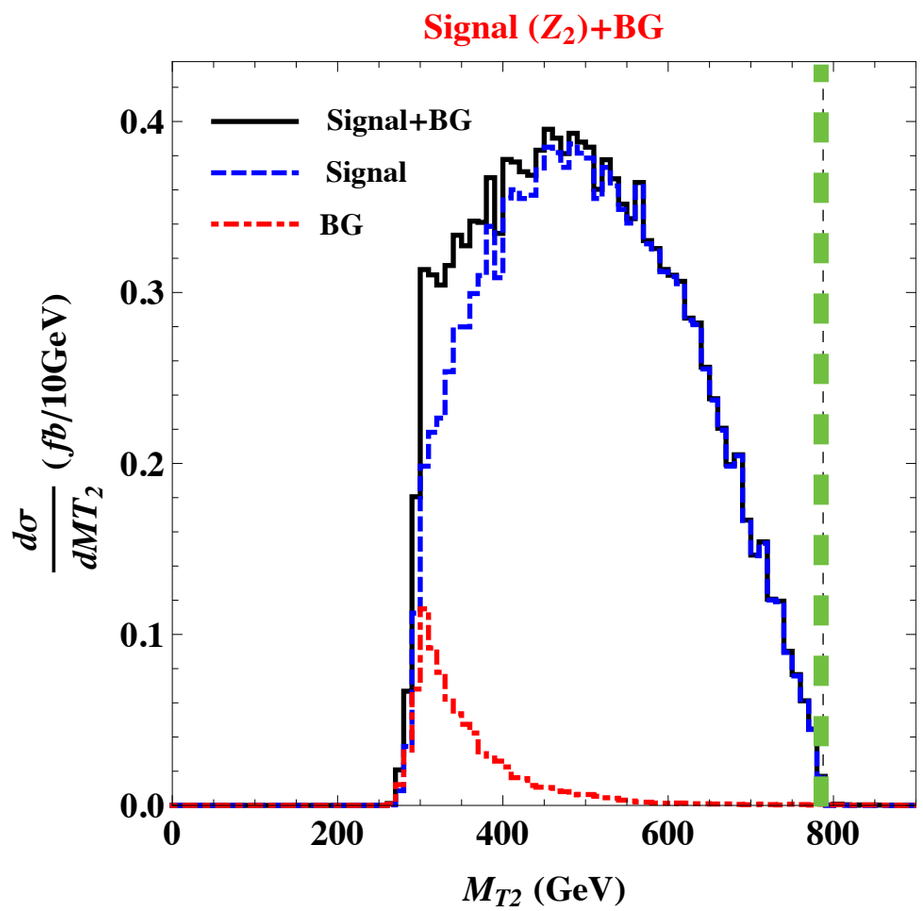
$\not{E}_T > 300$ GeV,

$S_T > 0.4$,

$f > 0.3$,

STEP 1:

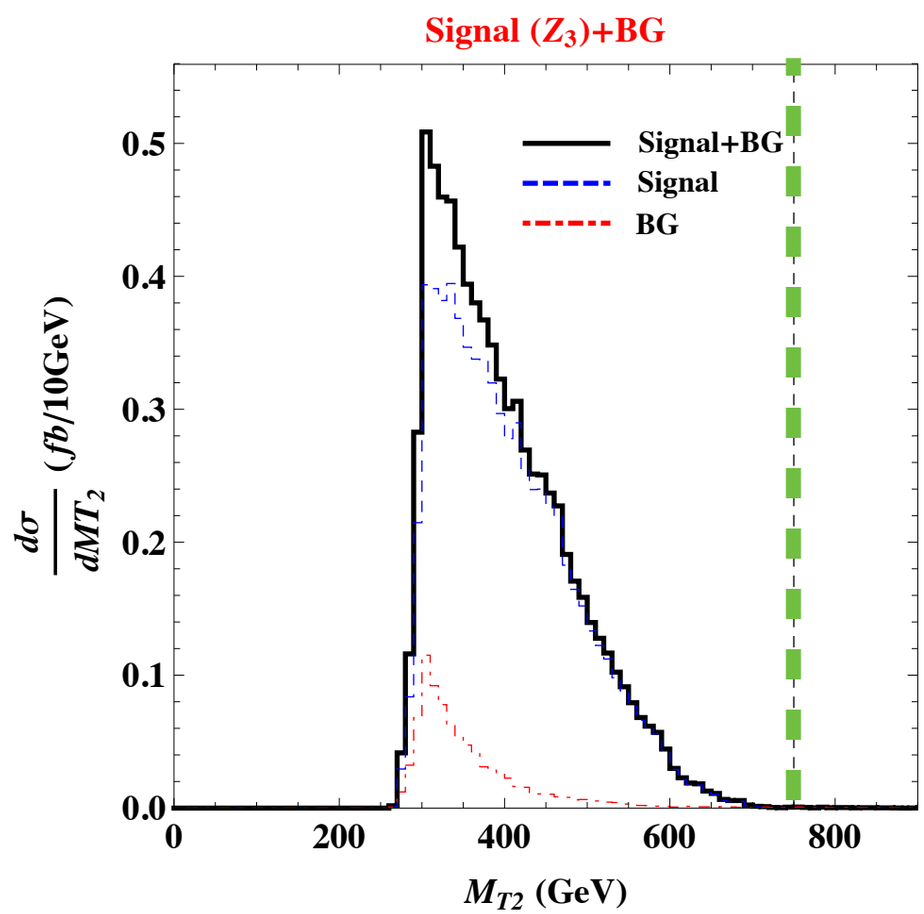
COMPUTE M_{T2} FOR ALL EVENTS FOR A TRIAL MASS OF THE INVISIBLE



STEP 2:

$$C+\sqrt{C^2+m_{TRIAL}^2}=m_{T2}^{max}$$

TO GET C



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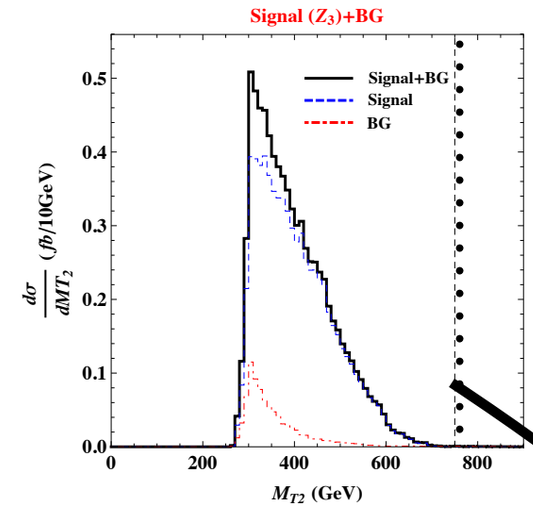
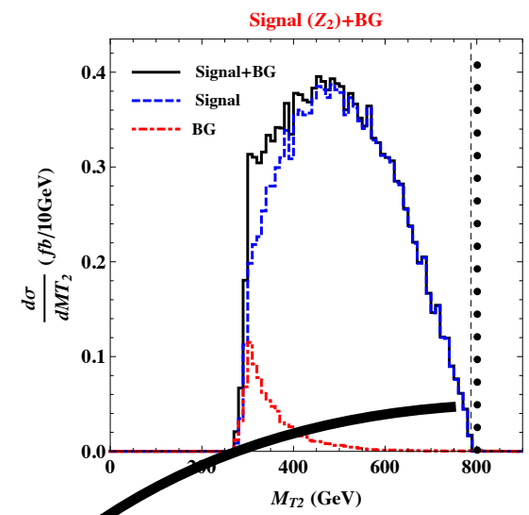
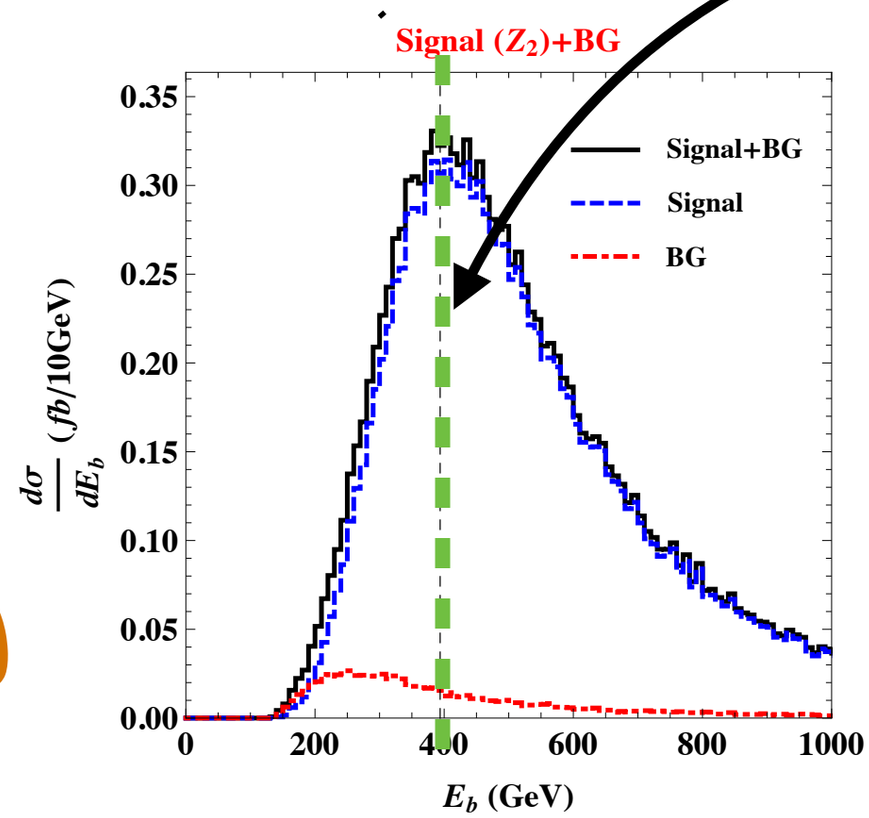
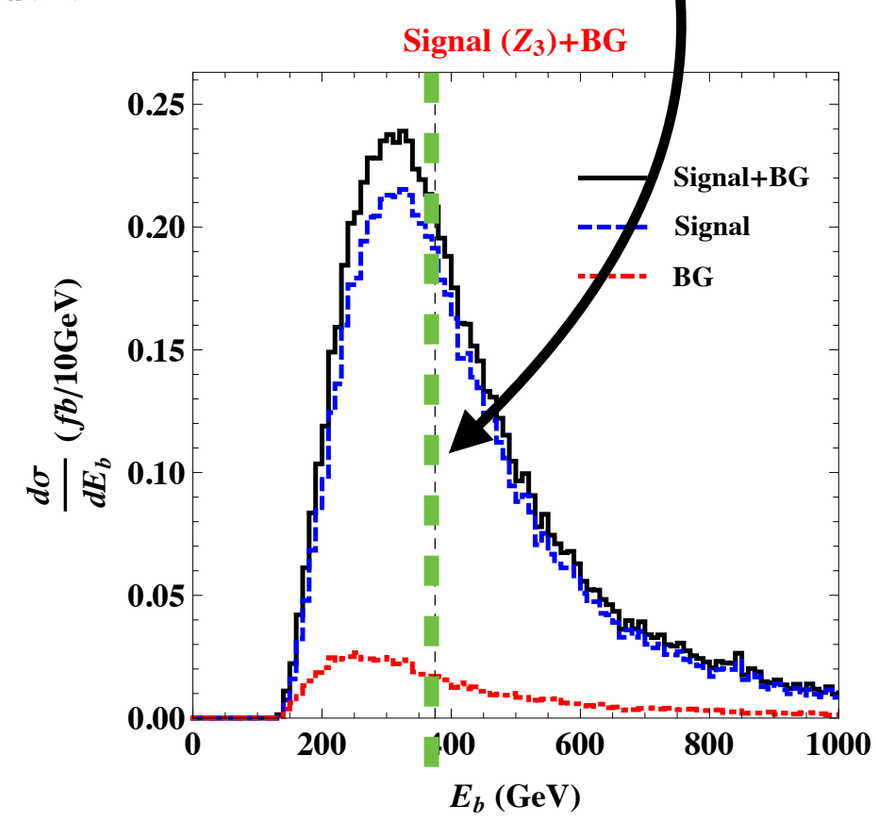
STEP 3:

FIND THE PEAK OF THE ENERGY DISTRIBUTION (POSSIBLY REMOVING BG)









STEP 1:

COMPUTE M_{T2} FOR ALL EVENTS FOR A TRIAL MASS OF THE INVISIBLE

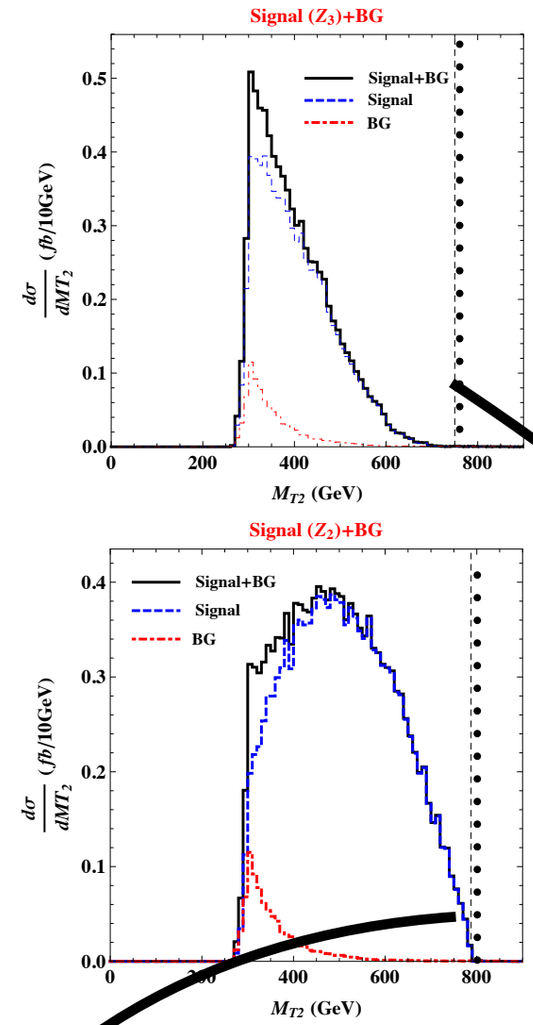
STEP 2:

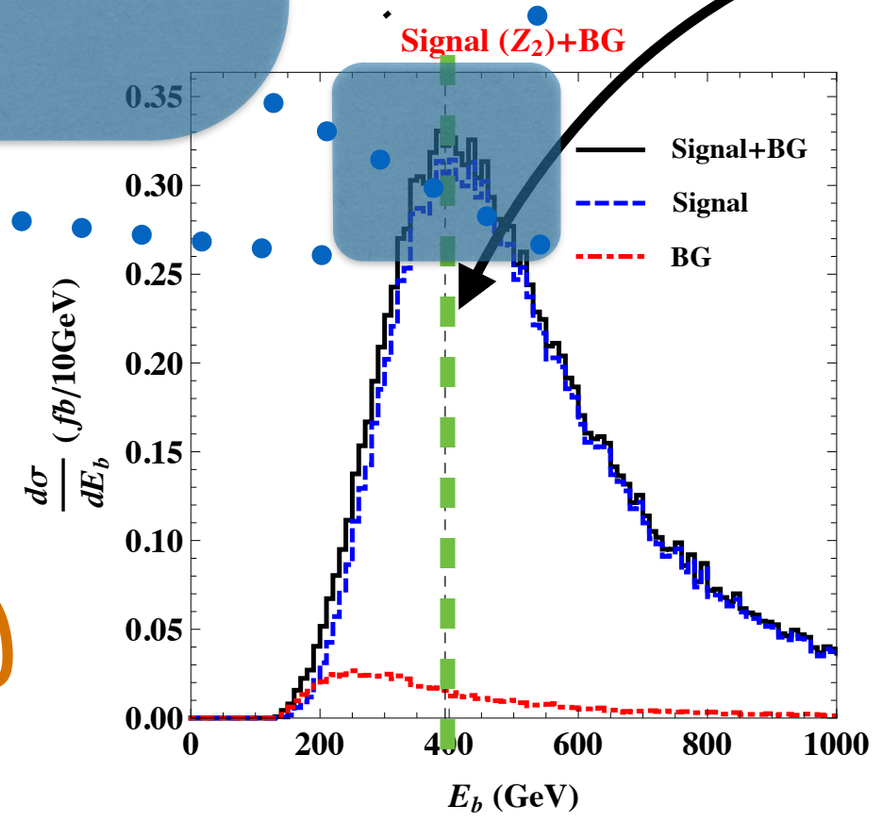
$$c+\sqrt{c^2+m_{TRIAL}^2}=m_{T2}^{max}$$

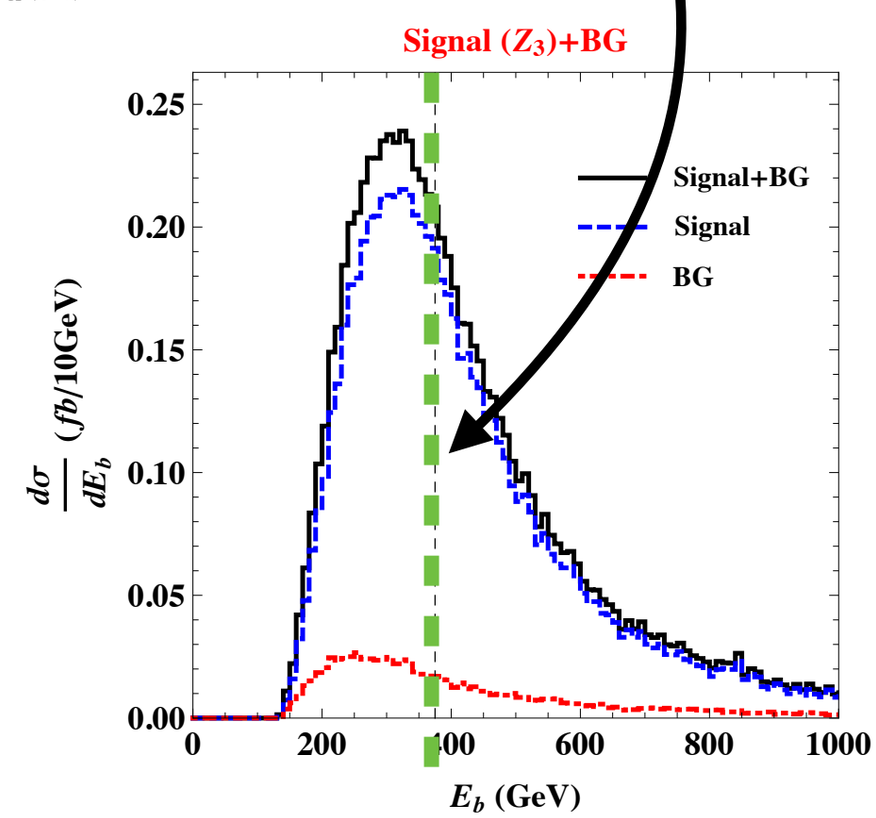
TO GET C

STEP 3:

FIND THE PEAK OF THE ENERGY DISTRIBUTION (POSSIBLY REMOVING BG)







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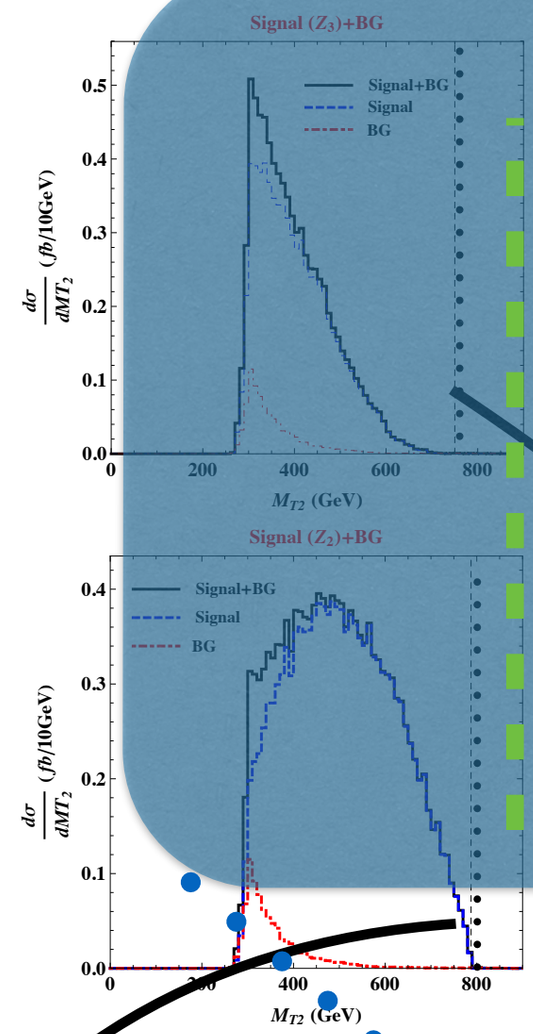
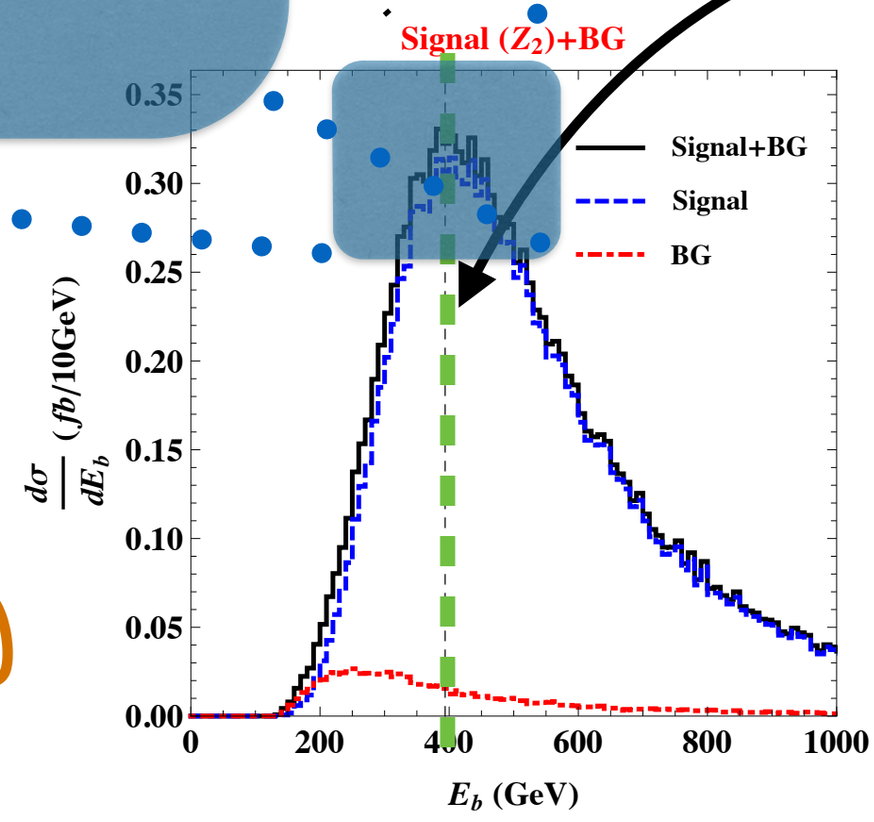
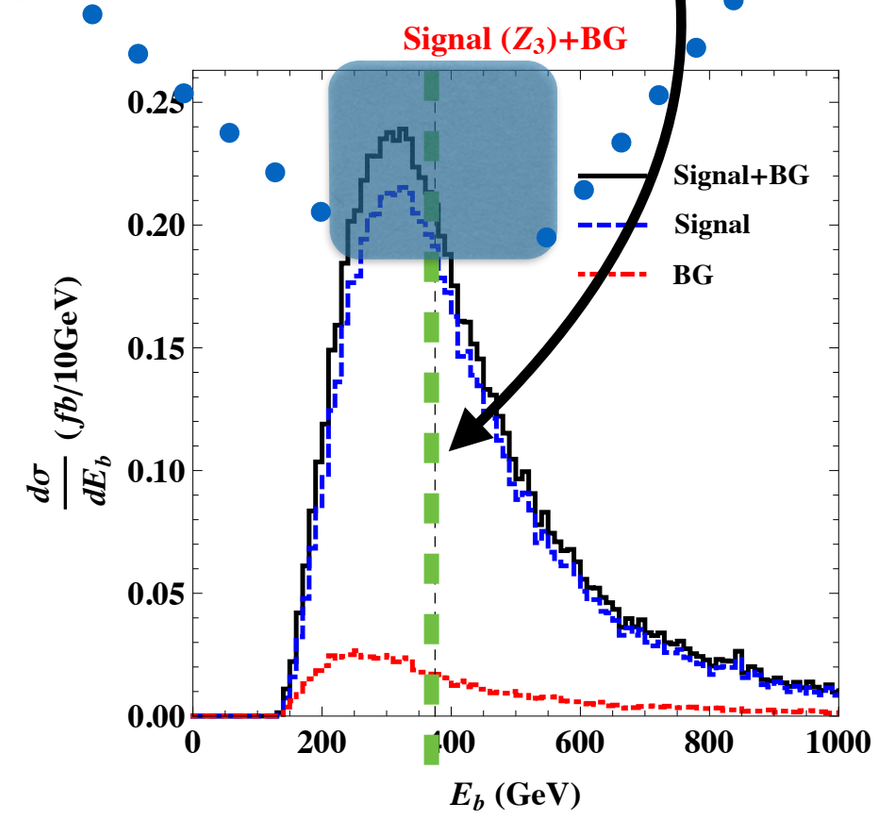




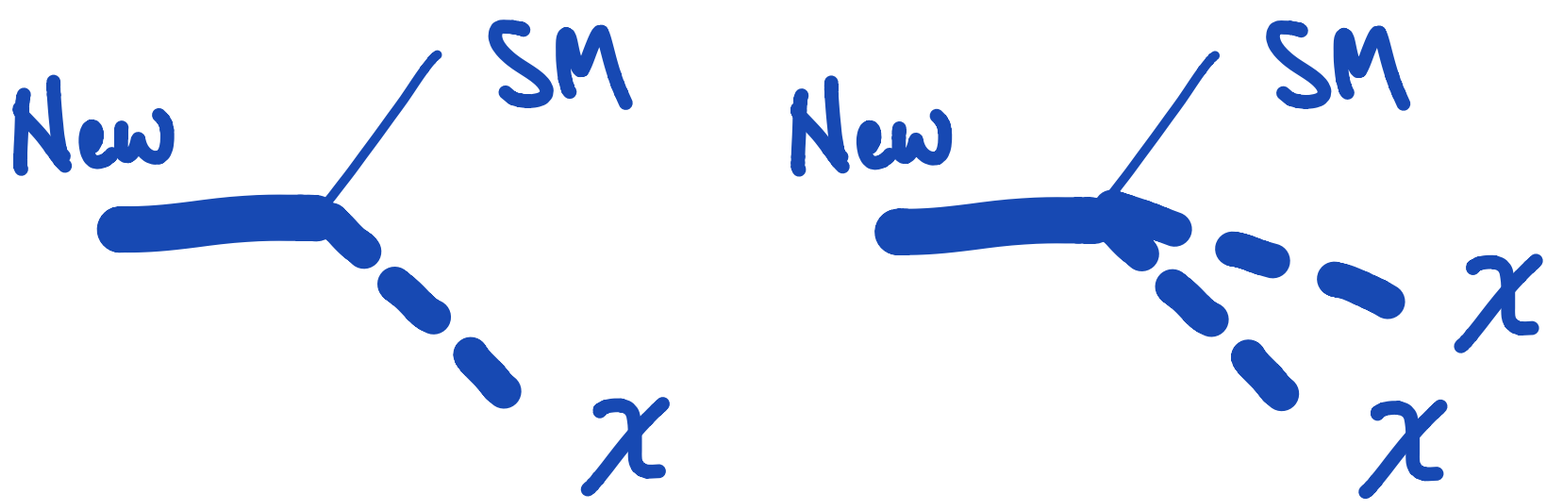


Conclusions

- Energy spectrum of 2 body decay has a “secret invariance”
- Energy peak predicted regardless of dynamics
- Suitable for new physics mass measurement

1209.0772 - Agashe, Franceschini, Kim
1309.4776 - Agashe, Franceschini, Kim
1403.3399 - Chen, Davoudiasl, Kim

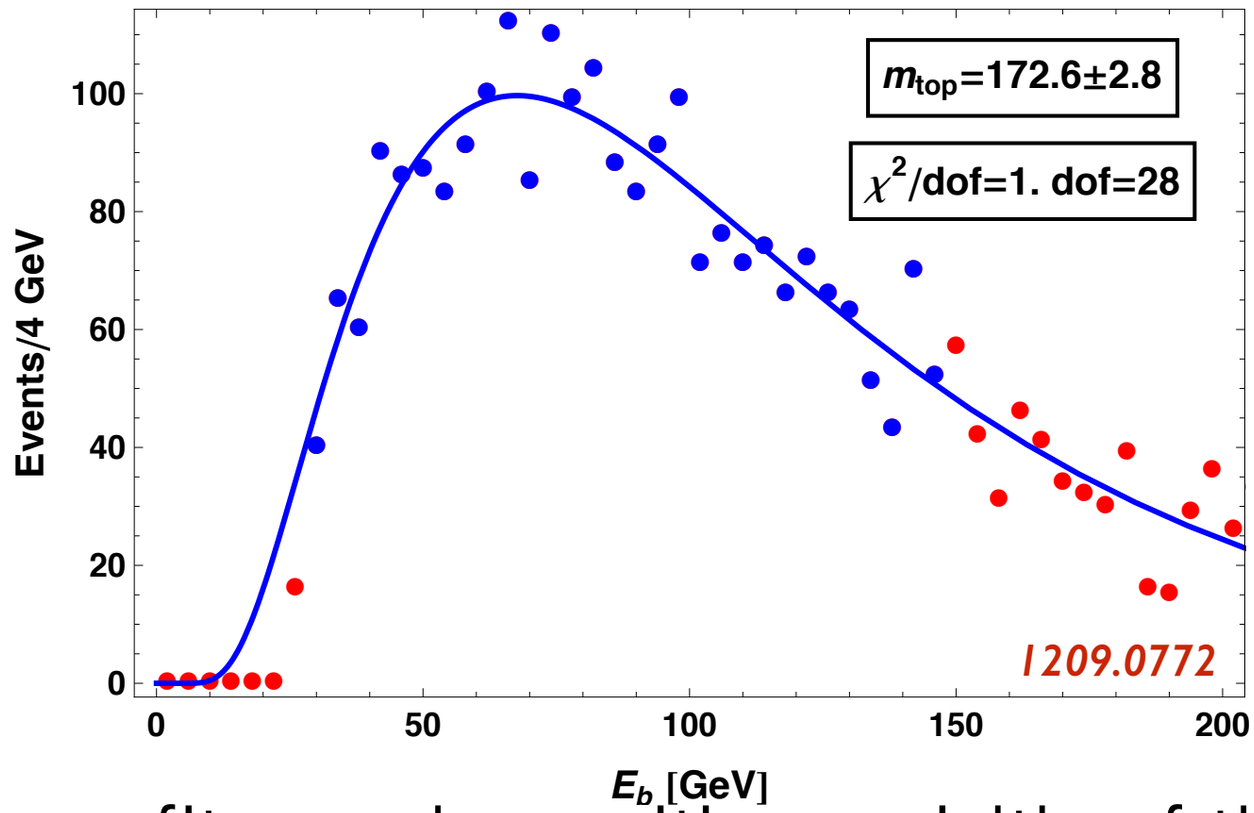
- **Suitable to distinguish between 2-body and many-body**
- Combined with mT2-endpoint analysis can discriminate



Backup

b-**jet** energy

100 pseudo-experiments from MadGraph5+Pythia6.4+Delphes (**ATLAS-2012-097**)



2-parameters fit: peak position, width of the distribution

Proof of the concept: ***5/fb LHC 7 TeV***

$$m_{top} = 173.1 \pm 2.5 \text{ GeV}$$

1209.0772 - Agashe Franceschini and Kim

message: LO effects are well under control

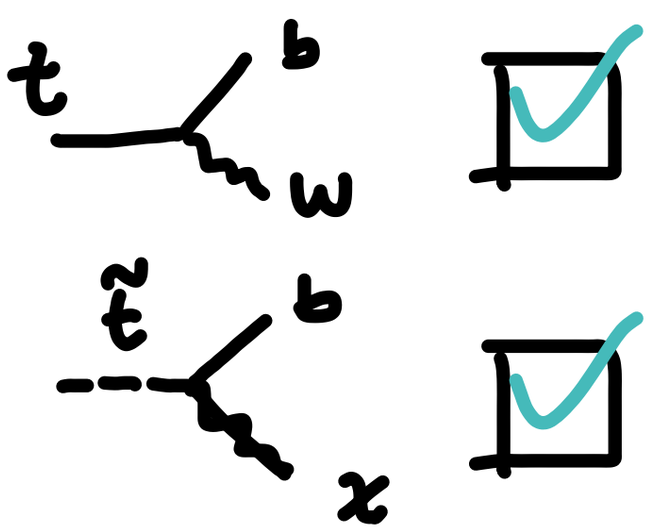
Useful for BSM mass measurement

pure kinematics!

- applicable to Known Physics
- applicable to New Physics

THE RESULT APPLIES FOR BOTH KNOW PARTICLES OF THE SM AND FOR NEW PHYSICS

1309.4776 - Agashe, Franceschini, Kim
1212.5230 - Agashe, Franceschini, Kim, Wardlow
1403.3399 - Chen, Davoudiasl, Kim



- NO NEED TO MEASURE THE OTHER DECAY PRODUCT

$\tilde{b} \to b\,\chi^0$

$W \to \ell\,\nu$

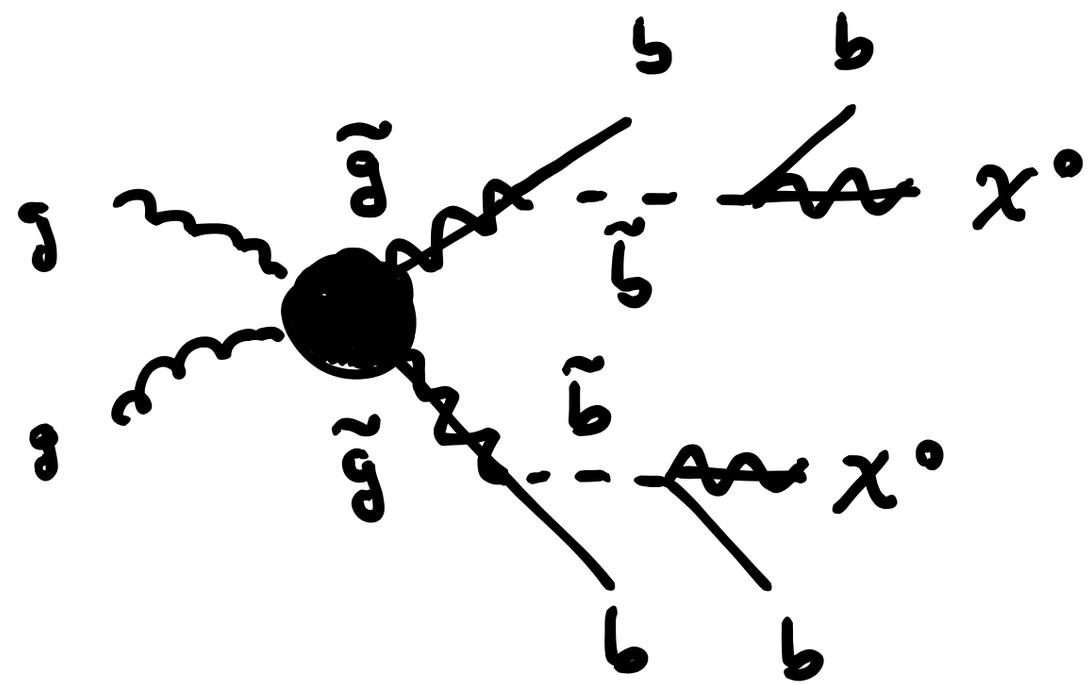
$t \to b\,W \to b\,\ell\,\nu$

NO NEED TO KNOW THE EXACT PRODUCTION MECHANISM

SUSY spectrum reconstruction without MET

Agashe, Franceschini, Kim - 1309.4776

$m_{\tilde{g}}, m_{\tilde{b}}, m_{\chi}$

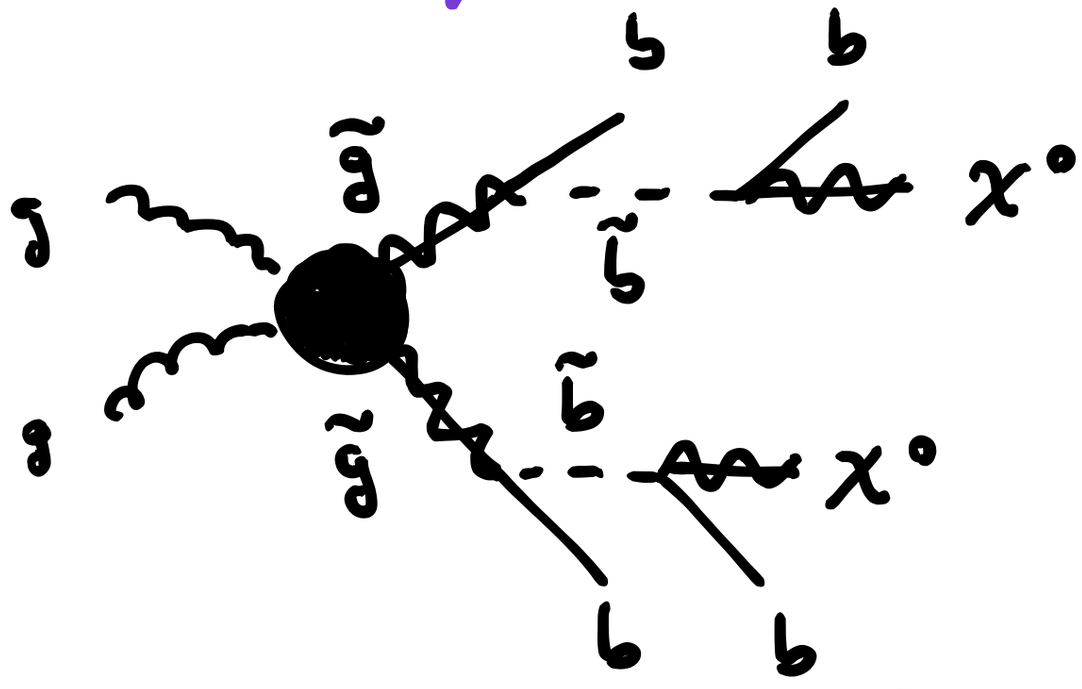


3-body theory

and

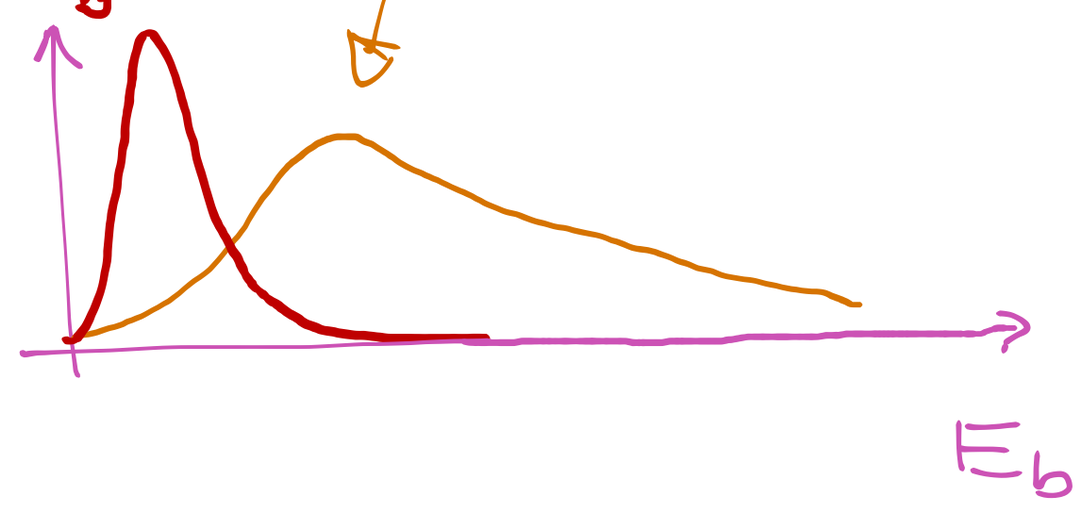
application to gluino 3-body is underway

$pp \to \tilde{g}\tilde{g} \to b\tilde{b}\, b\tilde{b} \to 4b\, \not{E}_T$



TWO-STEPS DECAY

$$E_b^{peak} = \frac{m_{\tilde{g}}^2 - m_{\tilde{b}}^2}{2 m_{\tilde{g}}} \qquad E_b^{peak} = \frac{m_{\tilde{b}}^2 - m_{\chi}^2}{2 m_{\tilde{b}}}$$



NO COMBINATORICAL ISSUES

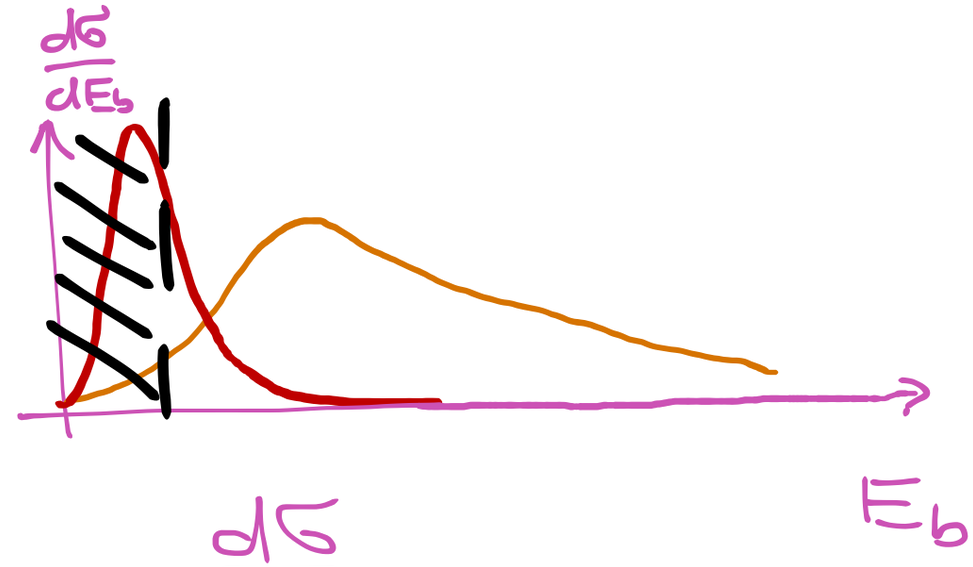
JUST LOOK AT $\frac{d\sigma}{dE_b}$

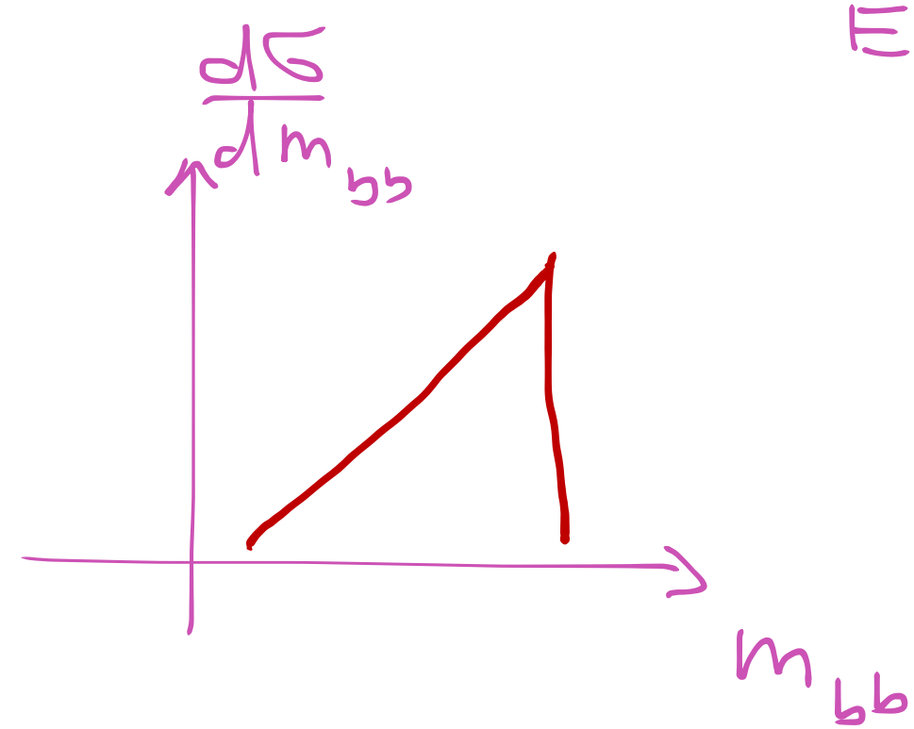
$$pp \to \tilde{g}\tilde{g} \to b\tilde{b}\, b\tilde{b} \to 4b\, \not{E}_T$$

$$E_{\tilde{b}_H} = \frac{m_{\tilde{b}}^2 - m_\chi^2}{2 m_{\tilde{b}}}$$

$$E_{\tilde{b}_L} = \frac{m_{\tilde{g}}^2 - m_{\tilde{b}}^2}{2 m_{\tilde{g}}}$$

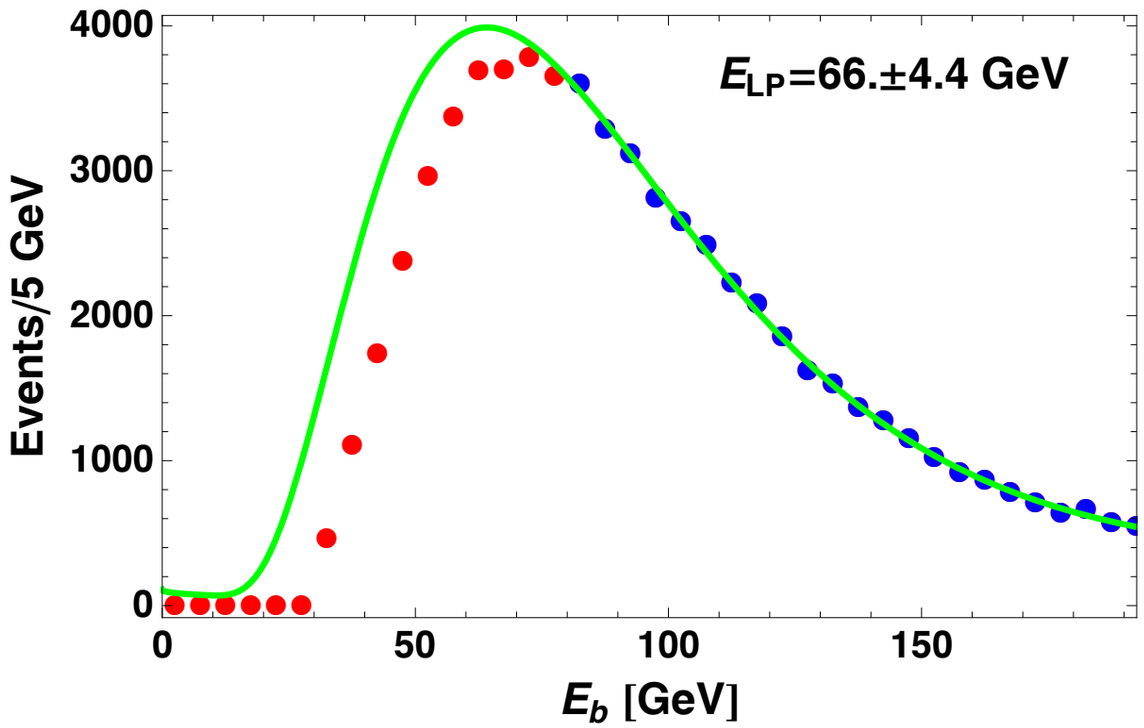
$$m_{bb}^{max} = \sqrt{4 \frac{m_\chi}{m_{\tilde{b}}} E_{\tilde{b}_H} E_{\tilde{b}_L}}$$

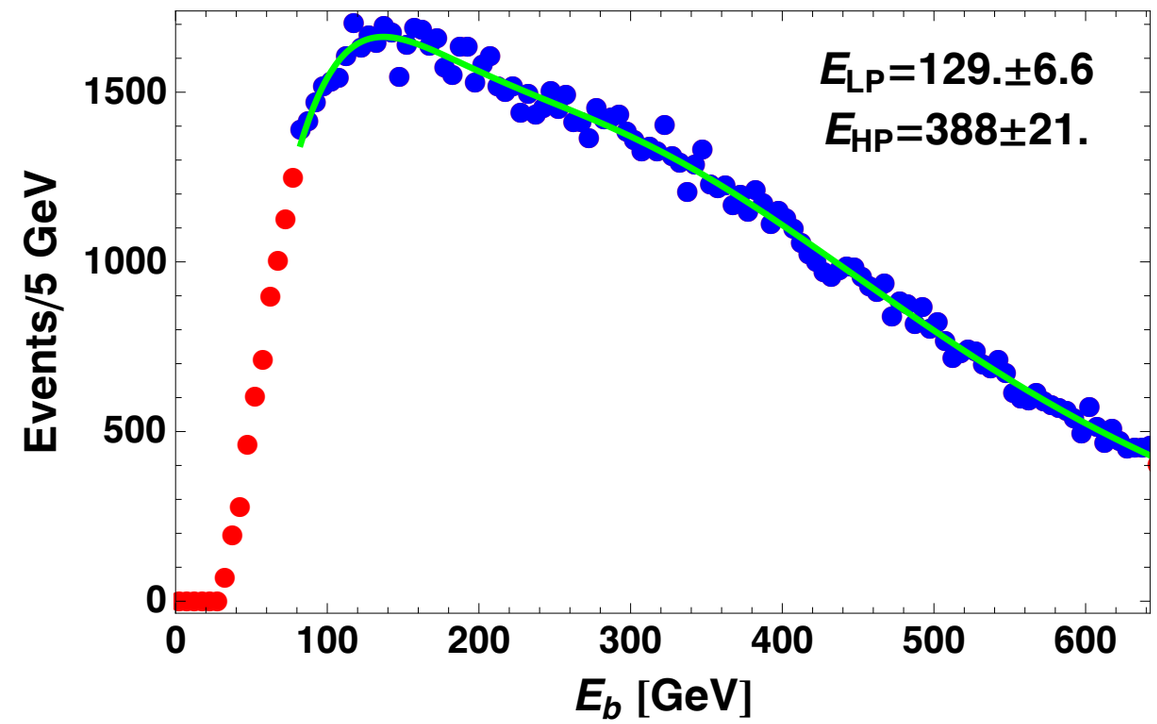


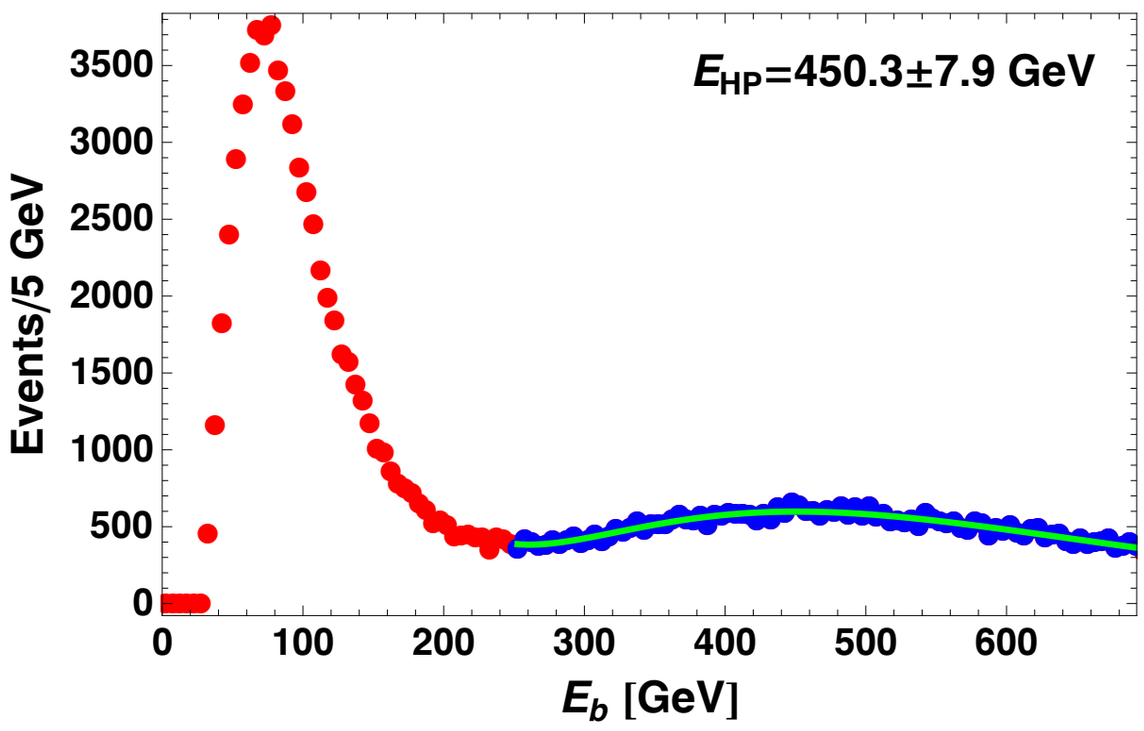


- BACKGROUNDS Z+jets (mostly $Z\, bbbb$) & $t\bar{t}b\bar{b}$ (SUBDOM)
- CUTS MAY AFFECT THE ENERGY DISTRIBUTION

$$p_{T_{jet}} > x \Rightarrow E_{jet} > x$$


E_{LP}=66.±4.4 GeV
Events/5 GeV
E_b [GeV]


E_{LP}=129.±6.6
E_{HP}=388±21.
Events/5 GeV
E_b [GeV]


E_{HP}=450.3±7.9 GeV
Events/5 GeV
E_b [GeV]

Also, since

$$\log E_\gamma = \tfrac{1}{2}(\log E_{\gamma,\,\mathrm{min}} + \log E_{\gamma,\,\mathrm{max}}) = \log \mu \qquad (1\text{–}225)$$

it follows that, on logarithmic plots of the energy spectra of these γ-rays, the rest-system energy μ will lie halfway between the extremum energies.

We are particularly concerned with decays that are isotropic in the rest system of the decaying particle, such as the π^0 and Σ^0 decays, which we have previously considered. For these decays, we have already shown that the resultant γ-ray energy distribution function is only a function of the momentum of the primary; indeed this function is a constant which is inversely proportional to this momentum for a given primary, within a range proportional to the momentum of the primary, and vanishes outside this range. Thus, for decays of parent particles with a wide range of primary energies, γ-ray spectra are generated which are made up of a superposition of rectangular spectra, as shown in figure 1–11. Higher energy primaries produce the γ-rays at the extremes of the spectrum. We therefore deduce a second important kinematic property, which holds for two-body decays that produce γ-rays isotropically in the rest system of the decaying primary; viz,

> The energy spectra of γ-rays produced isotropically in the rest system of the decaying primary will be symmetric on a logarithmic plot with respect to $E_\gamma = \mu$ and will peak at $E_\gamma = \mu$.

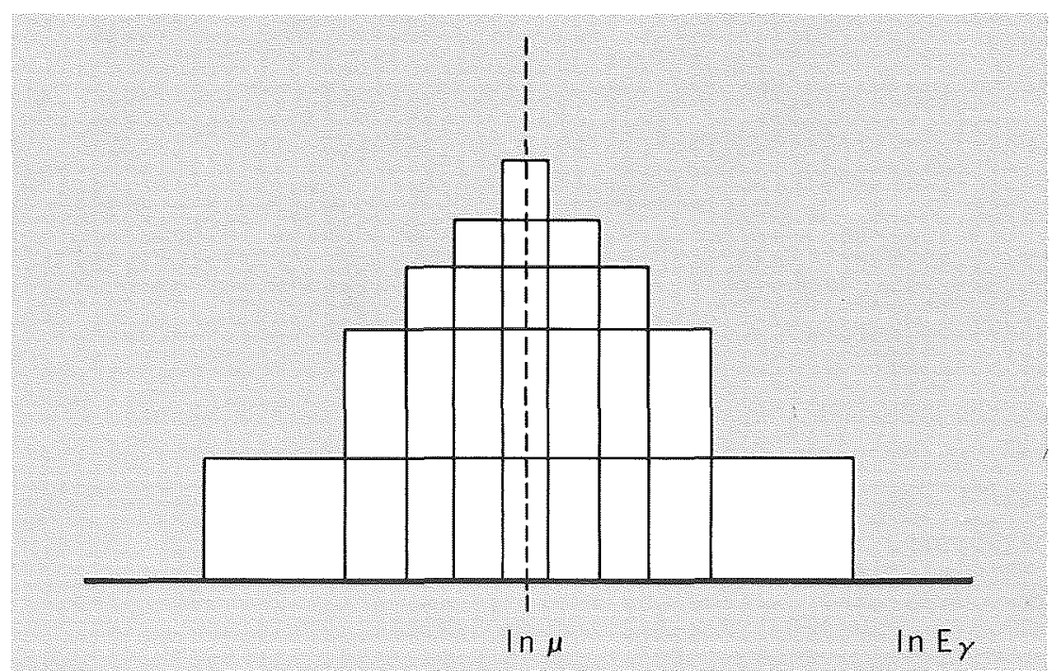


FIGURE 1–11.—Ideal superposition of γ-ray energy spectra from π^0 of Σ^0 particles having discrete values of energy.