

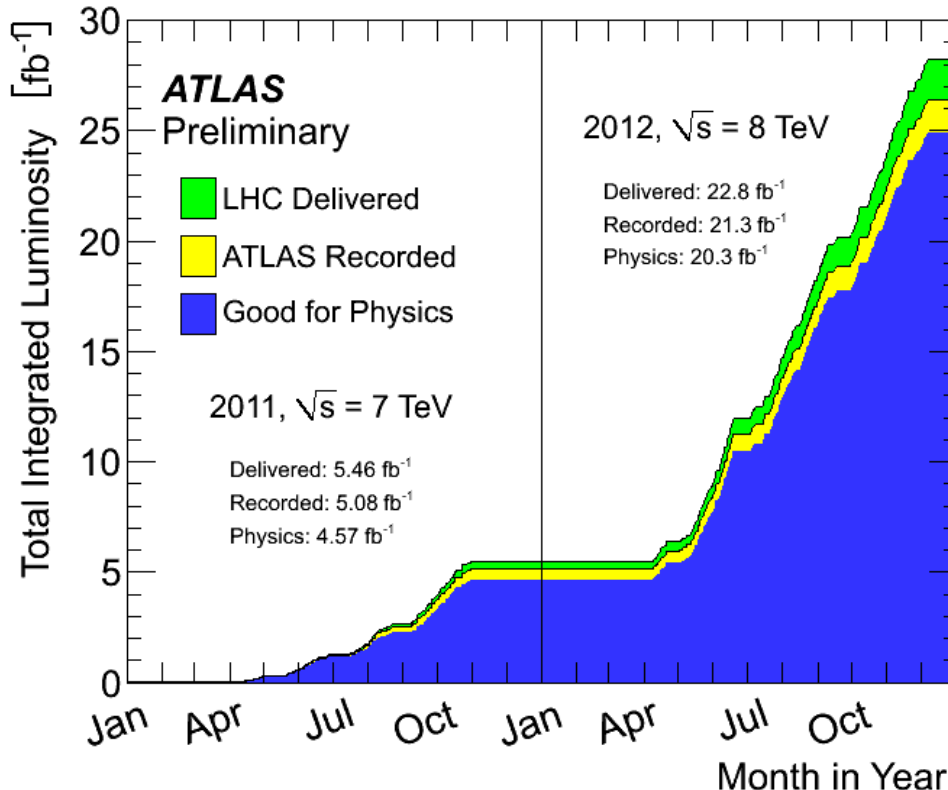


# ATLAS results on top properties

Frédéric Derue, LPNHE Paris  
(on behalf of the ATLAS collaboration)



## The 2<sup>nd</sup> annual conference on Large Hadron Collider Physics LHCP 2014, Columbia University New York, USA



- Introduction
- mass
- charge
- polarization
- spin correlation
- charge asymmetry
- FCNC

7 TeV analyses  $\sim 1 \times 10^6$  pairs  
 8 TeV analyses  $\sim 5 \times 10^6$  pairs

# What kind of physics with top quark ?

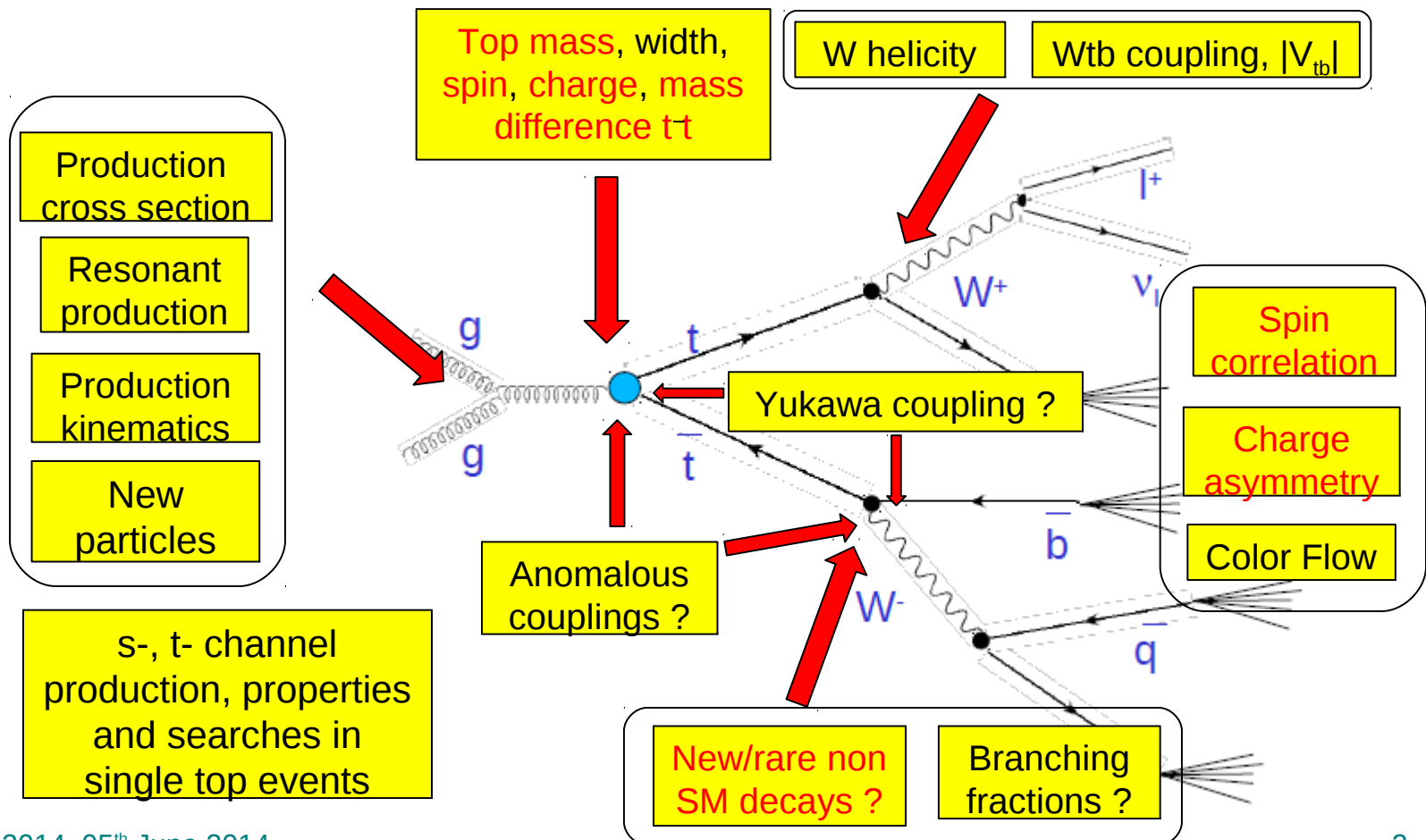
Heaviest fundamental particles → large Higgs coupling (special rôle in EWSB?)

Very short lifetime ( $\sim 10^{-25}$ s) → decays before hadronization ( $10^{-23}$ s)

→ spin information carried to final state particles

Possibility to study bare quark

Great tool to study Standard Model – or search for New Physics





# Top quark mass

ATLAS-CONF-2013-046

## Motivation

★ test internal consistency and constrain of the SM and BSM theories

## Strategy

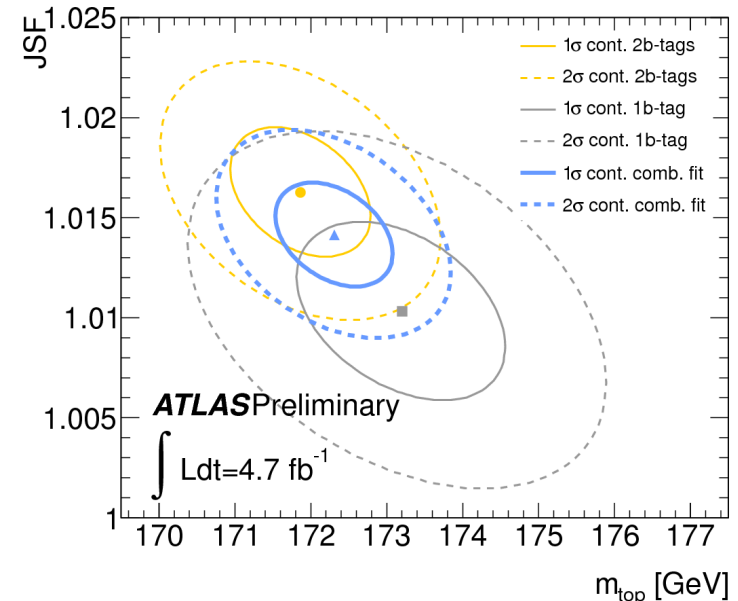
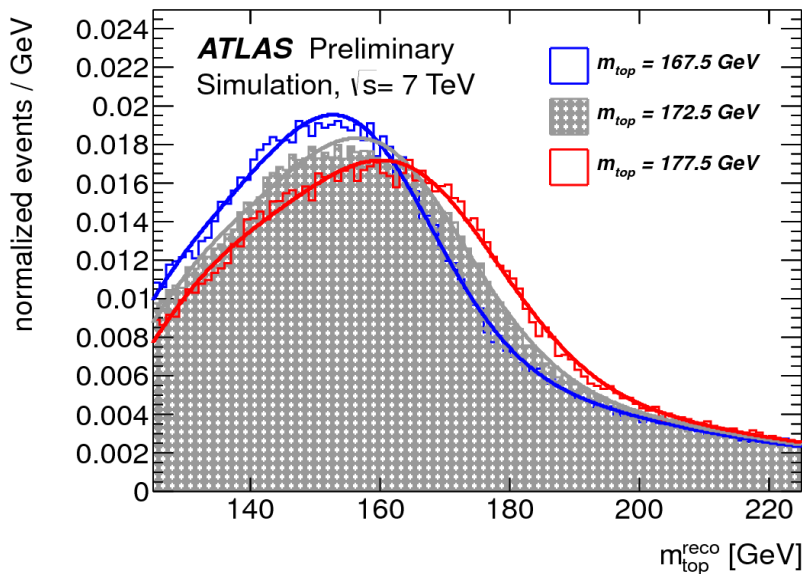
★ data : 4.7 fb<sup>-1</sup> at 7 TeV, semileptonic

★ m<sub>t</sub> from kinematic likelihood fit, reconstructed m<sub>W</sub>, R<sub>lb</sub>

★ templates for m<sub>t</sub> [167.5,177.5] in 3D : m<sub>t</sub> ⊗ JSF ⊗ bJSF

$$R_{lb}^{reco,1b} = \frac{p_T^{b_{tag}}}{(p_T^{W_{jet1}} + p_T^{W_{jet2}})/2}$$

$$R_{lb}^{reco,2b} = \frac{p_T^{b_{had}} + p_T^{b_{lep}}}{p_T^{W_{jet1}} + p_T^{W_{jet2}}}$$



$$m_{top} = 172.31 \pm 0.75 \text{ (stat+JSF+bJSF)} \pm 1.35 \text{ (syst)} \text{ GeV}$$

$$JSF = 1.014 \pm 0.003 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.021 \text{ (syst)}$$

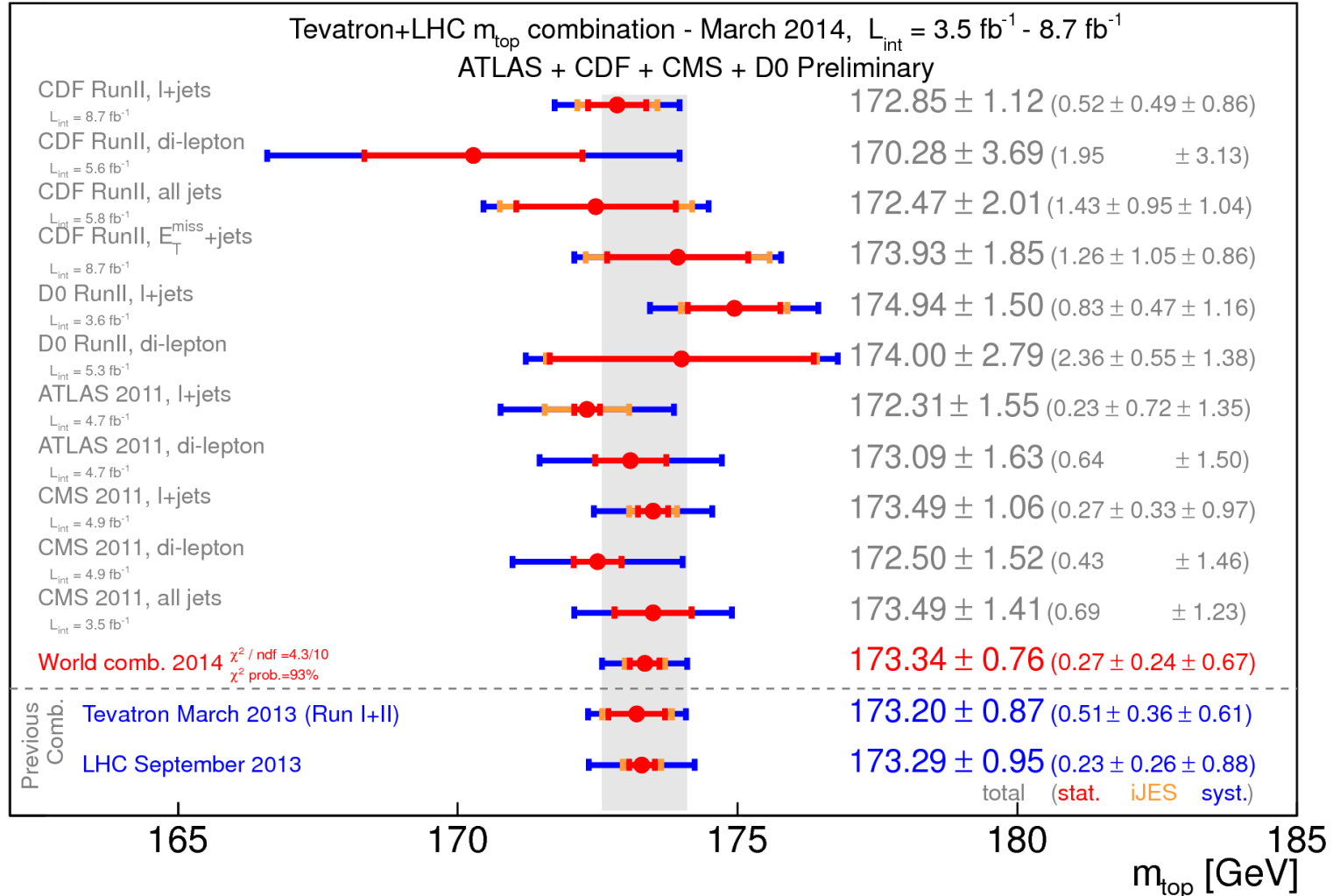
$$bJSF = 1.006 \pm 0.008 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.020 \text{ (syst)}$$

Main systematic uncertainties :  
b-tagging eff, JSF, bJSF



# Top quark mass (combination)

First combination of LHC (ATLAS+CMS) and Tevatron (CDF+D0)

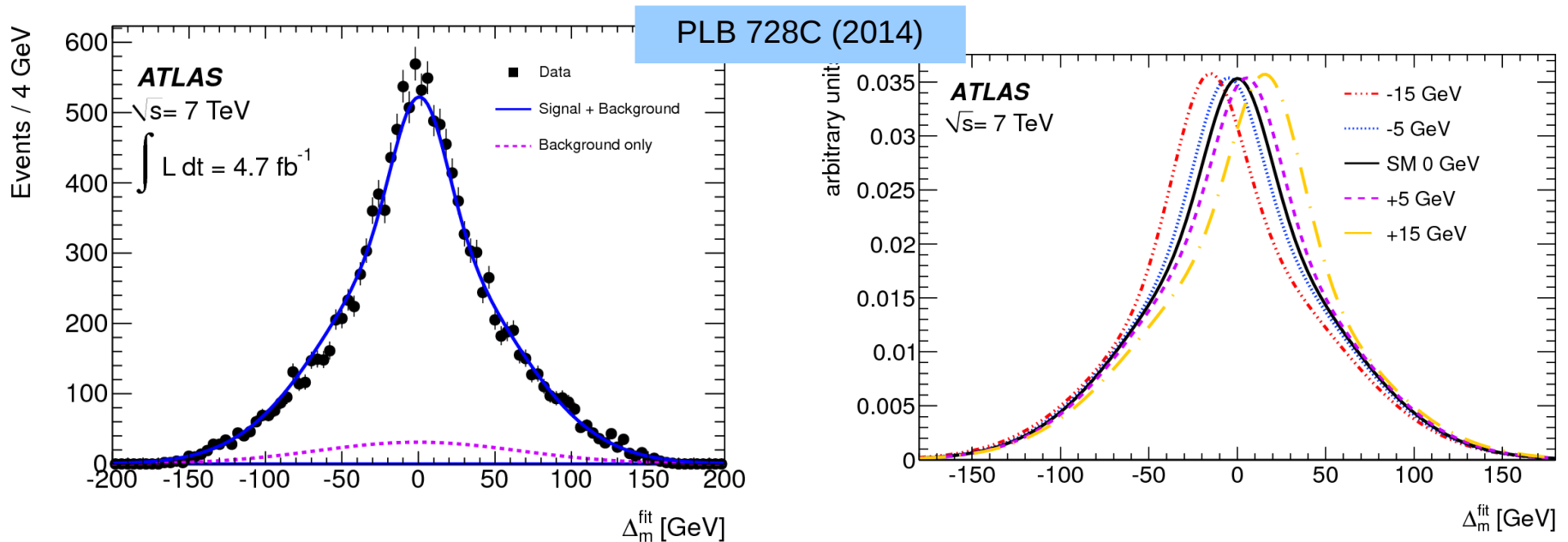


ATLAS-CONF-2014-008 ; CDF-NOTE-11071 ; CMS-PAS-TOP-13-014 ; D0-NOTE-6416; arXiv:1403.4427



# Mass difference between $t$ and $\bar{t}$

- **Motivation** first ATLAS measurement of  $\Delta m = m(t) - m(\bar{t})$ 
  - ★ by CPT invariance  $m(t) = m(\bar{t})$  is a condition for local field theory
- **Strategy**
  - ★ data :  $4.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  at 7 TeV, semileptonic (2 btag)
  - ★ kinematic fit allows to measure  $m(l\nu b) - m(j\bar{b})$  for each events
  - ★ 15 samples simulated with  $\Delta m = [-15, 15] \text{ GeV}$ ,  $(m_t + m_{\bar{t}})/2 = 172.5 \text{ GeV}$
  - ★ unbinned likelihood fit to extract  $\Delta m$



Main systematic uncertainties :  
 b/bbar decay uncertainties (0.34)

$\Delta m = 0.67 \pm 0.61 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.41 \text{ (syst)} \text{ GeV}$   
 consistent with SM



# Electric charge

## Motivation

- ★ test whether the charge  $Q$  is  $2/3e$  (SM) or  $-4/3e$
- ★ SM top can decay to  $l^+$ ,  $b^{-1/3}$ , an exotic  $t_x$  to  $l^+$ ,  $b^{-1/3}$

JHEP11 (2013) 031

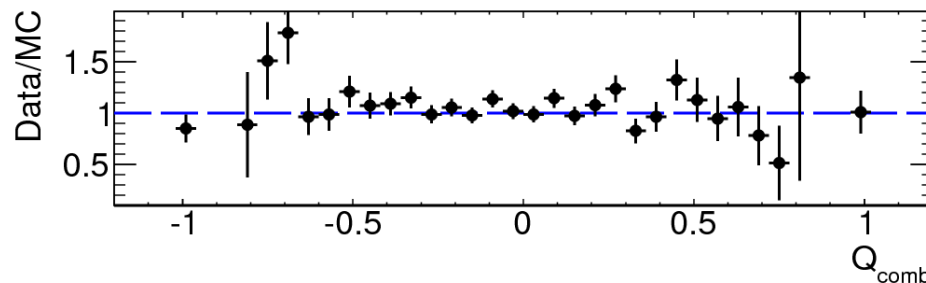
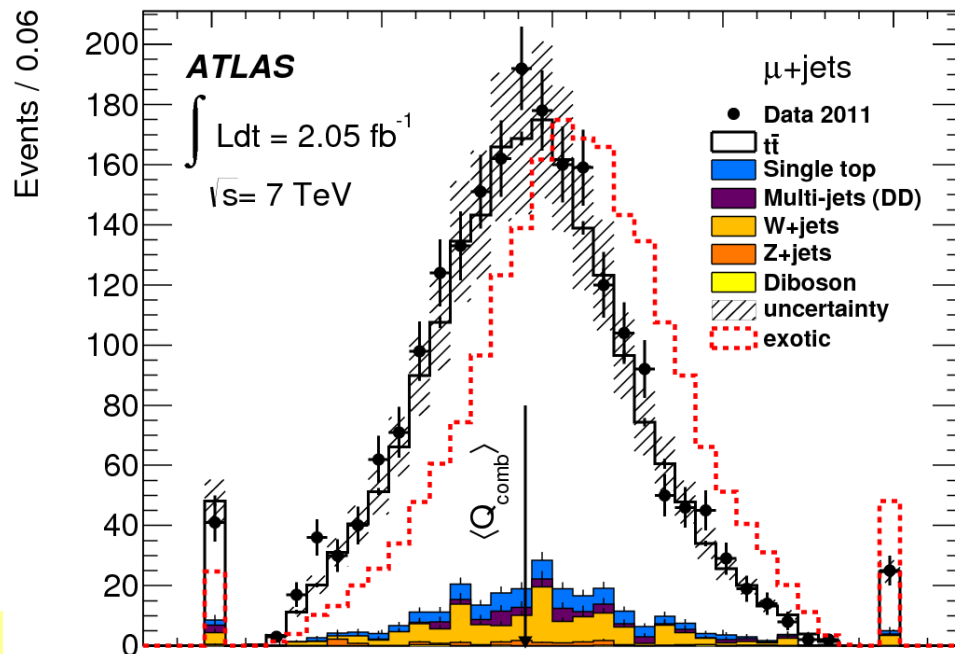
## Strategy

- ★ data :  $2.05 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  at  $7 \text{ TeV}$ ,
- ★ select semileptonic  $t\bar{t}$  events
- ★ b jet charge  $Q(b)$  obtained from weighted sum of b tracks
- ★ pairing of lepton and b from  $m_{lb}$
- ★ measure  $Q(\text{comb}) = Q(b) \times Q(l)$

$Q = 0.64 \pm 0.02 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.08 \text{ (syst)} e$   
 $Q = -4/3 e$  excluded at  $8\sigma$

### Main systematic uncertainties :

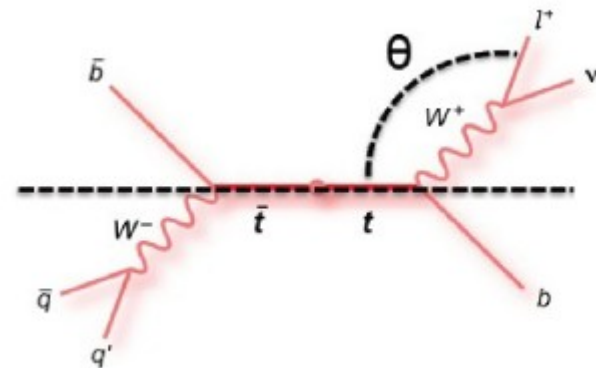
- Jet energy scale (8.3%)
- Parton shower (7.9%)



# Polarization and spin correlation

## Motivation

- ★ top quarks produced in pairs are almost unpolarized in the SM, but the spins of the top and antitop are correlated
- ★ the study of these properties through the decay products can be affected by BSM models either in top production or decay
- ★ study the angles of the top decay products



## Strategy

- ★ double differential cross section

$$\frac{1}{\sigma} \frac{d\sigma}{d \cos \theta_1 d \cos \theta_2} = \frac{1}{4} (1 + \alpha_1 P_1 \cos \theta_1 + \alpha_2 P_2 \cos \theta_2 - C \cos \theta_1 \cos \theta_2)$$

- ★  $\theta$  is the polar angle of the decay particles
- ★  $\alpha$  is the spin analyzing power ( $\sim 1$  for charged leptons)
- ★  $C$  is the  $t\bar{t}$  spin correlation :  $C = -A\alpha_+\alpha_-$ , with  $A \equiv \frac{N(\uparrow\uparrow)+N(\downarrow\downarrow)-N(\uparrow\downarrow)-N(\downarrow\uparrow)}{N(\uparrow\uparrow)+N(\downarrow\downarrow)+N(\uparrow\downarrow)+N(\downarrow\uparrow)}$
- ★  $P_1$  ( $P_2$ ) is the degree polarization of top (antitop)

$$P = \frac{A_P}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{N(\cos \theta_l > 0) - N(\cos \theta_l < 0)}{N(\cos \theta_l > 0) + N(\cos \theta_l < 0)}$$



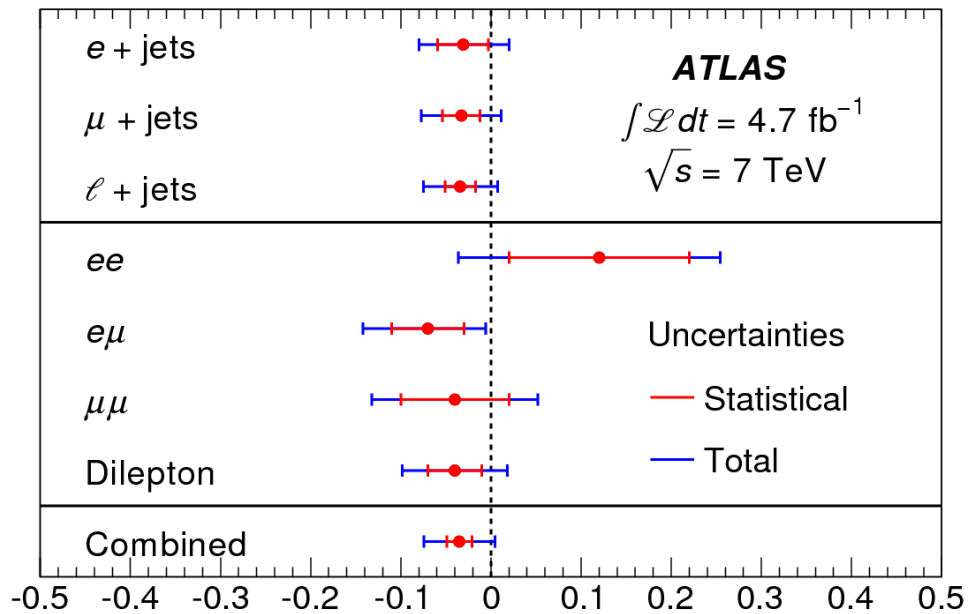
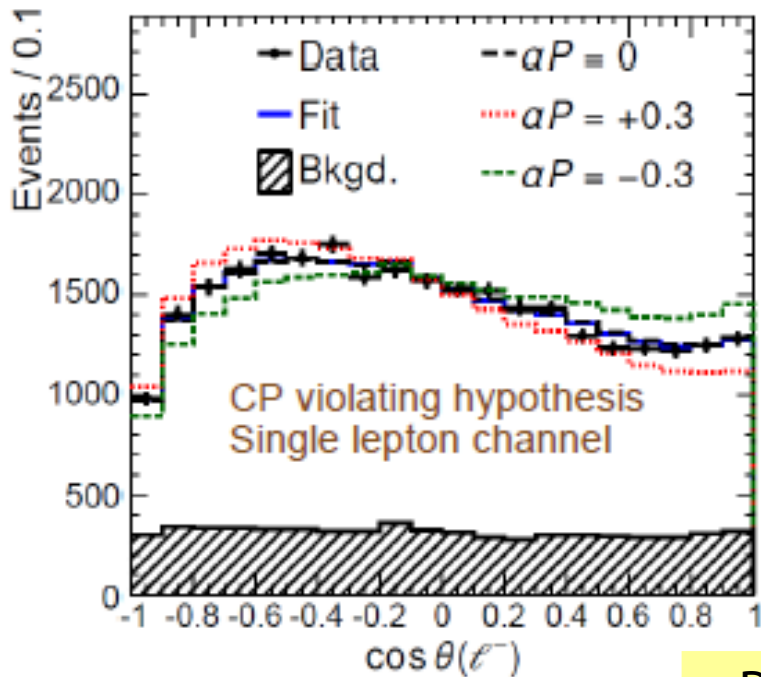


# Polarization

## Strategy

- ★ data : 4.66 fb<sup>-1</sup> at 7 TeV, selection of semileptonic and dilepton events
- ★ produce templates with positive/negative polarization from MC tt̄ sample
- ★ extract αP from fit cos(θ) on data distributions to templates for two scenarii
  - CP conserving : same αP for top and antitop
  - CP violating : opposite αP for top and antitop

Phys.Rev.Lett 111, 232002 (2013)



Main systematic uncertainties :

Jet reconstruction  
(0.031 on α<sub>l</sub>P<sub>CPC</sub>)

$$\alpha_l P_{CPC} = -0.035 \pm 0.014 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.037 \text{ (syst)}$$

$$\alpha_l P_{CPV} = 0.020 \pm 0.016 \text{ (stat)}^{+0.013}_{-0.017} \text{ (syst)}$$

α<sub>l</sub>P<sub>CPC</sub>

Results are in agreement with expectations from SM





# Spin correlation

ATLAS-CONF-2013-101

## Strategy

- ★ data : 4.6 fb<sup>-1</sup> at 7 TeV, dilepton
- ★ 4 observables sensitive to different sources of new physics in t $\bar{t}$  production

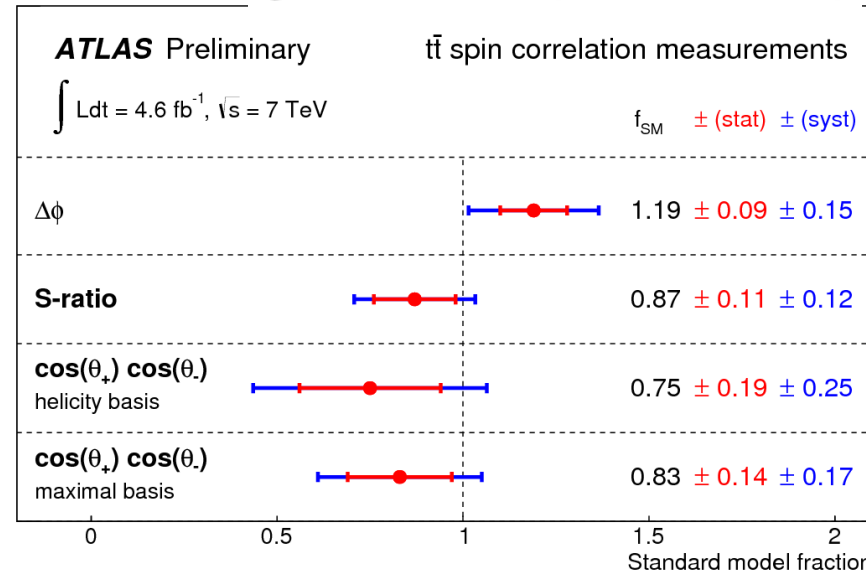
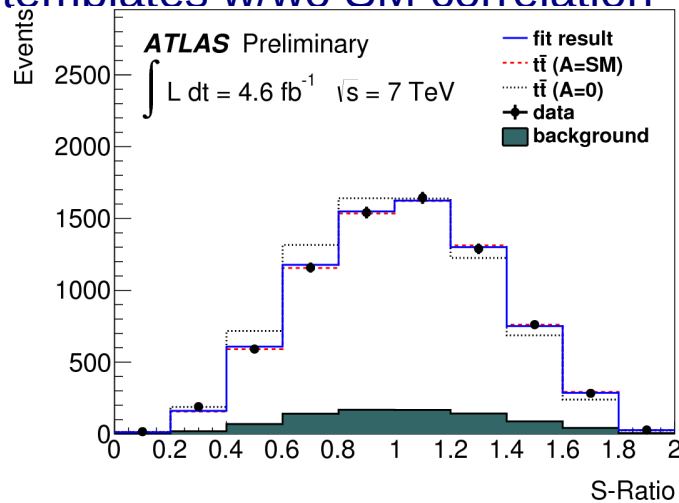
→  $\Delta\phi$  between the two leptons (lab frame)

→  $\cos(\theta_1)\cos(\theta_2)$  in the helicity and maximal bases

→ S ratio  $S = \frac{(|M|_{RR}^2 + |M|_{LL}^2)_{\text{corr}}}{(|M|_{RR}^2 + |M|_{LL}^2)_{\text{uncorr}}}$

$$f_{\text{SM}} = N_{A=\text{SM}} / (N_{A=\text{SM}} + N_{A=0})$$

## ★ templates w/wo SM correlation



Main systematic uncertainties :  
signal modeling and Jet energy scale

$$A_{\text{basis}}^{\text{measured}} = f_{\text{SM}} A_{\text{basis}}^{\text{SM}}$$

Basis	$\Delta\phi$	S-ratio	$\cos(\theta_+) \cos(\theta_-)_{\text{helicity}}$	$\cos(\theta_+) \cos(\theta_-)_{\text{maximal}}$
$A_{\text{helicity}}^{\text{measured}}$	$0.37 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.05$	$0.27 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.04$	$0.23 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.10$	—
$A_{\text{maximal}}^{\text{measured}}$	$0.52 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.07$	$0.38 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.06$	—	$0.36 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.09$

Results are in agreement with NLO predictions of SM



# Charge asymmetry

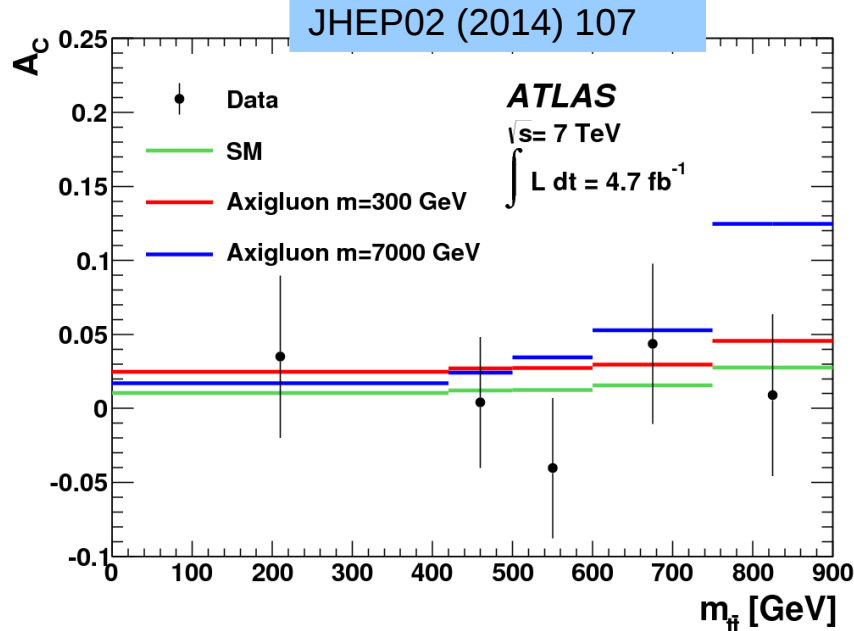
## Motivation

- ★  $t\bar{t}$  pair production has a small asymmetry under charge conjugation in SM
- ★ BSM could lead to an enhancement in this effect

## Strategy

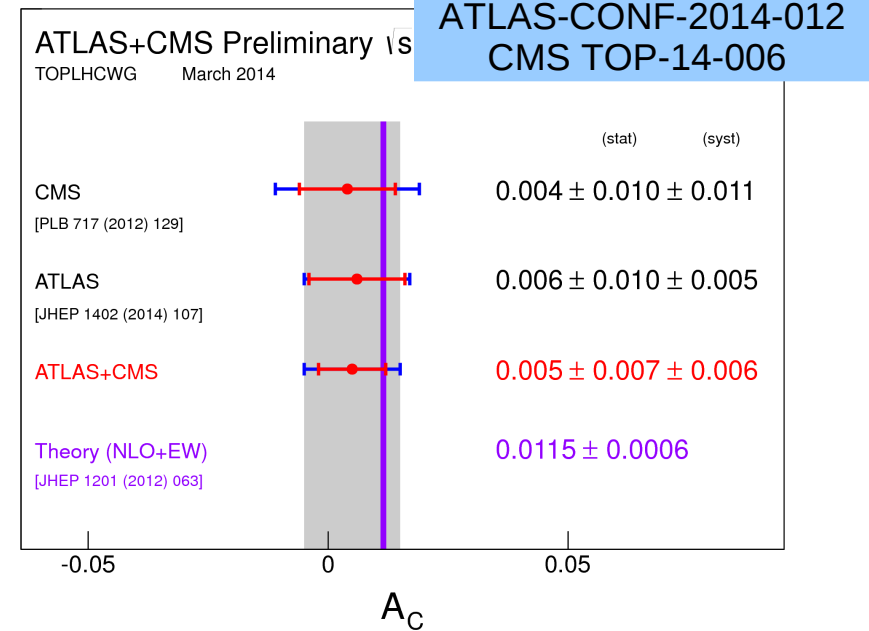
- ★ data :  $4.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  at 7 TeV, semileptonic  $t\bar{t}$  events
- ★ differential measurements in  $p_T$ , mass and rapidity of  $t\bar{t}$  pairs

$$A_C^{t\bar{t}} = \frac{N(\Delta|y| > 0) - N(\Delta|y| < 0)}{N(\Delta|y| > 0) + N(\Delta|y| < 0)}$$



$$A_C^{t\bar{t}} = 0.006 \pm 0.010(\text{stat}) \pm 0.005(\text{syst})$$

$$A_C^{\text{SM}} = 0.0123 \pm 0.0005$$



$$A_C^{t\bar{t}} = 0.005 \pm 0.007(\text{stat}) \pm 0.006(\text{syst})$$

Results are in agreement with expectations from SM

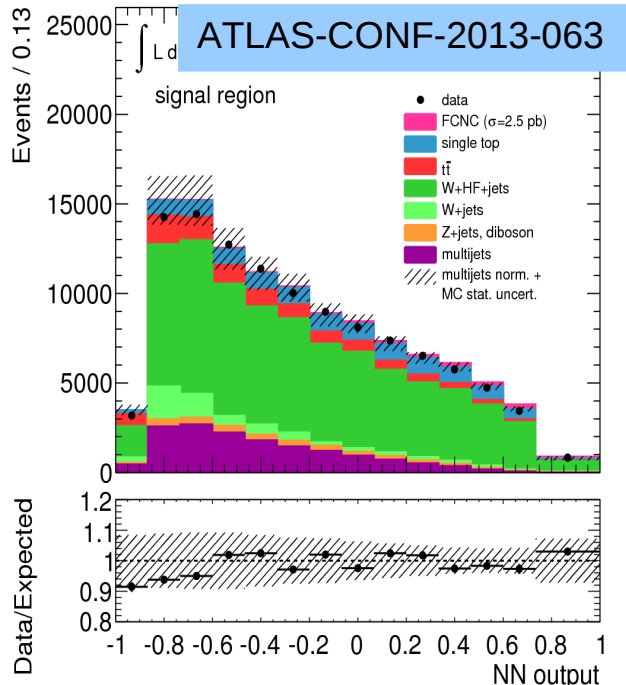
# Flavour Changing Neutral Current

## Motivation

- ★ in SM, FCNC processes forbidden at tree level and suppressed at higher orders
- ★ BSM with new sources of flavour predict order of magnitudes higher rates

## Production

- ★ data : 14.2 fb<sup>-1</sup> at 8 TeV
- ★ single top (t-channel)



$\sigma_t(qg \rightarrow t) \times BR(t \rightarrow Wb) < 2.5$  pb @95% CL

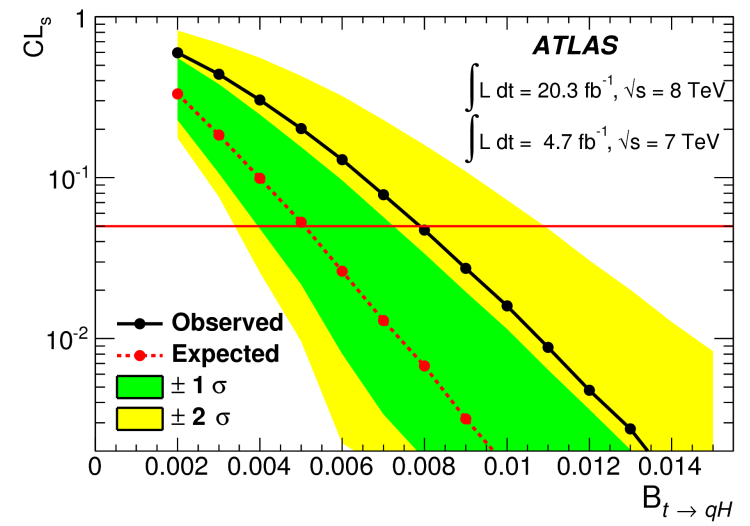
$\kappa_{ugt} / \Lambda < 5.1 \times 10^{-3}$  TeV<sup>-1</sup>

$\kappa_{cgt} / \Lambda < 1.1 \times 10^{-2}$  TeV<sup>-1</sup>

## Decay

- ★ 4.7 fb<sup>-1</sup> at 7 TeV / 20.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> at 8 TeV
- ★  $t \rightarrow qH$  ( $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ )
- ★ search in fully hadronic / semileptonic

JHEP acc. ArXiv 1403.6293



$BR(t \rightarrow qH) < 0.79\%$  @95% CL  
(expected < 0.51%)



# Summary

- **Precise measurements of top quark properties at LHC**
  - ★ measurements of the top mass, mass difference between  $t$  and  $\bar{t}$ , charge, polarization as well as spin correlation, charge asymmetry and search for flavour changing neutral current have been presented
  - ★ most of the inclusive ones are systematically dominated
- **No hints of new physics in top quark properties measurements**
- **Lots of 8 TeV studies are still in progress**

Charge asymmetry  
Look at poster of Daniel Marley !

Public results

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/TopPublicResults>



# Backup slides



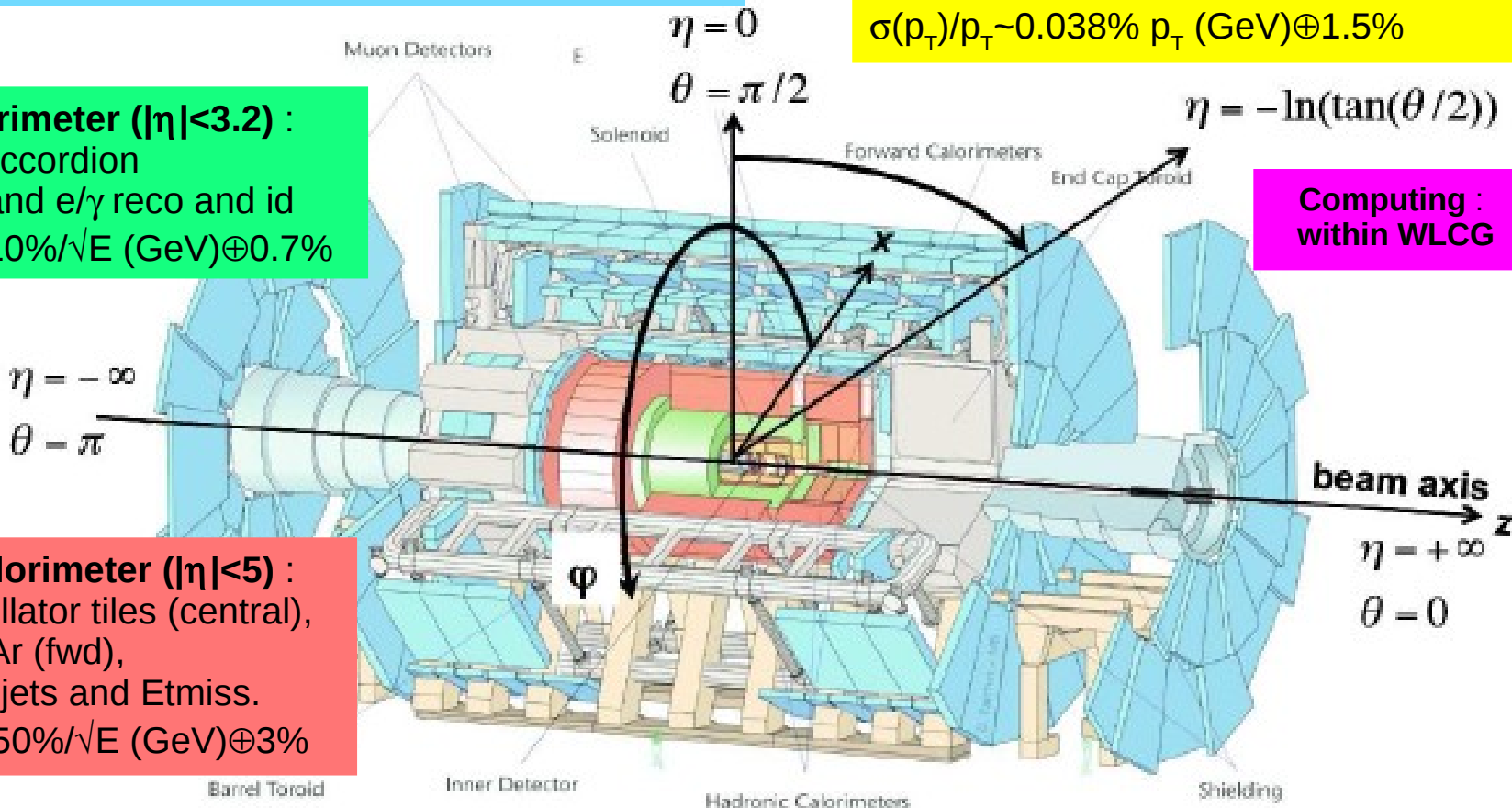
# The ATLAS detector

**Muon spectrometer ( $|\eta| < 2.7$ ) :** air-cores toroids with gas-based chambers. Trigger and measurement. Momentum resolution  $< 10\%$  up to  $E_\mu \sim 1$  TeV

**Inner Detector ( $|\eta| < 2.5$ ) :** Si pixel, SCT, TRT  
Tracking and vertexing.  $e/\pi$  separation  
 $\sigma(p_T)/p_T \sim 0.038\% p_T$  (GeV)  $\oplus 1.5\%$

**EM calorimeter ( $|\eta| < 3.2$ ) :** Pb/LAr accordion  
Trigger and  $e/\gamma$  reco and id  
 $\sigma(E)/E \sim 10\%/\sqrt{E}$  (GeV)  $\oplus 0.7\%$

Computing :  
within WLCG



**HAD calorimeter ( $|\eta| < 5$ ) :** Fe/scintillator tiles (central), Cu/W LAr (fwd), Trigger, jets and  $E_{miss}$ .  
 $\sigma(E)/E \sim 50\%/\sqrt{E}$  (GeV)  $\oplus 3\%$

$$\vec{p}_T = (p_x, p_y)$$

$$p_T = p \sin\theta, \quad E_T = E \sin\theta$$

$$\vec{E}_T^{miss} = - \sum_{\text{clusters } i} E_i \hat{n}_i$$

**Trigger :**  
L1 : hardware, L2-EF,  $\sim 200$  Hz in output



# Object reconstruction

To study top quark it implies good understanding of many different objects reconstructed in all different ATLAS subdetectors

## Muons

**combined** fitted tracks

**tight identification**

**central** :  $|\eta| < 2.5$ ,  $p_T > 25$  GeV

**isolated**

## Tau (based on jets)

**matched** calo cluster +  
1 or 3 tracks

**identification** using a BDT

$20 < p_T < 100$  GeV,  $|\eta| < 2.3$

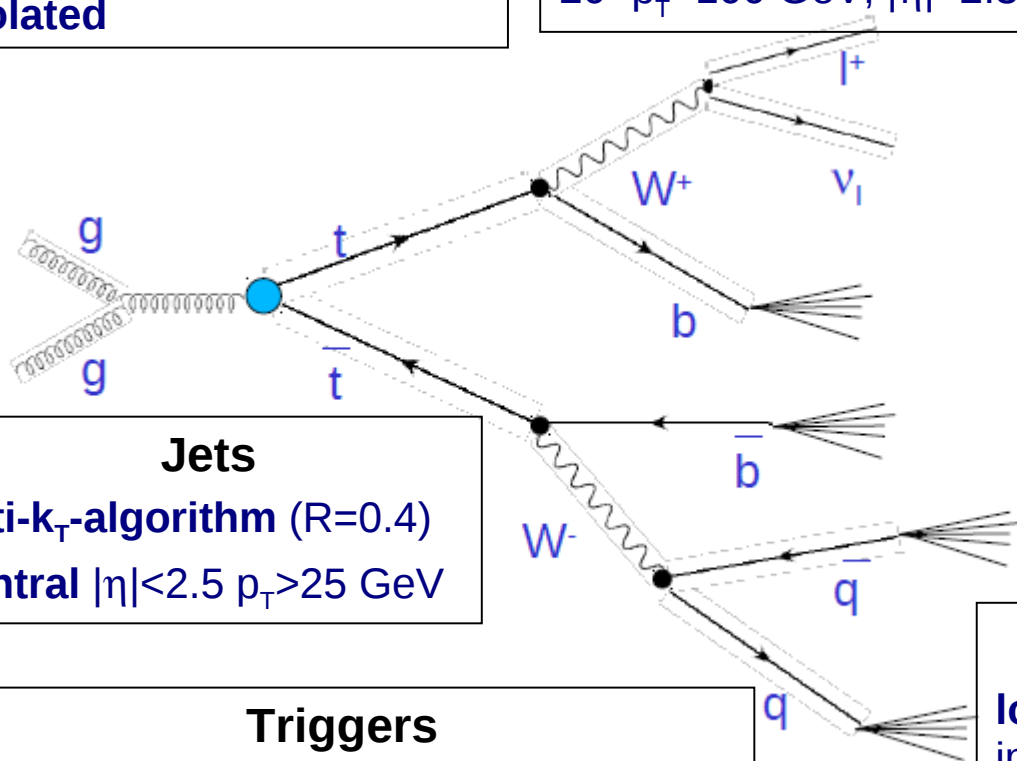
## Electrons

**matched** track and EM cluster

**tight identification** using  
shower shape variables, ID

**central** :  $|\eta| < 2.5$ ,  $p_T > 25$  GeV

**isolated**



## Jets

**anti- $k_T$ -algorithm** ( $R=0.4$ )

**central**  $|\eta| < 2.5$   $p_T > 25$  GeV

## Triggers

based on single lepton high  $p_T$  or N jets

$$E_T^{\text{miss}}$$

vector sum of energy in calorimeter cells, ID, spectro projected in transverse plane, associated with high  $p_T$  object and dead material loss

$$S_{ET^{\text{miss}}} = E_{T^{\text{miss}}} / (0.5 \times \sum E_T)$$

## b-tagging

**long lifetime of B hadrons** : NN based on impact parameter, secondary vertex, fragmentation properties, resonance mass





# Top quark production and decays

## Production mechanism

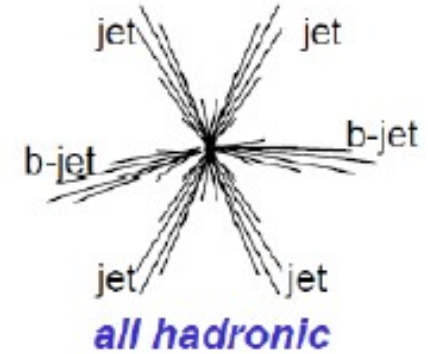
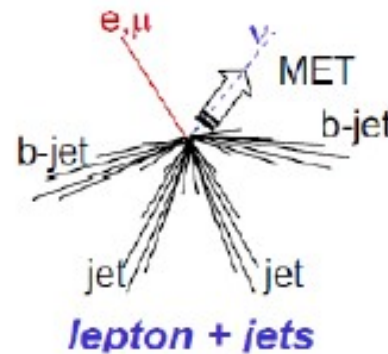
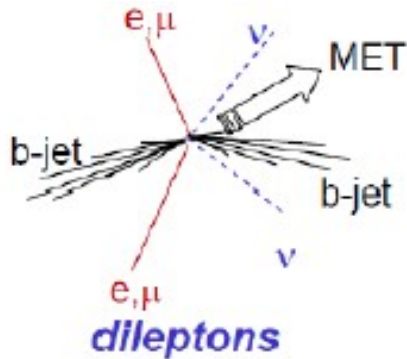
- ★  $t\bar{t}$  pair, 85% by gluon fusion, ~15% by  $q\bar{q}$  production
- ★ single top (electroweak)

## Predictions $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$

$$\sigma(pp \rightarrow t\bar{t})_{\text{NNLOapprox}} = 167_{-18}^{+17} \text{ pb}$$

Computed with: Aliev et. al., HATHOR, arXiv:1007.1327 (2011)

## Top pair event classification according to W decays



Branching ratio

4.9%

29.6%

45.7%

Final state

2 isolated leptons

1 isolated lepton

no lepton

large  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$

$E_T^{\text{miss}}$

no  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$

2 b-jets

2 b-, 2 light jets

2 b-, 4 light jets

Backgrounds

few

moderate

huge

(mainly Z+jets)

(mainly W+jets)

(mainly QCD)

$\tau$  channels : 13.5% for  $\tau$ +jets and 6.3% for  $\tau$ +e/ $\mu$ +jets

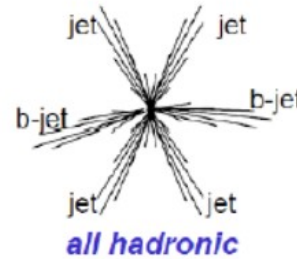


# $t\bar{t}$ decay modes

General distinction according to the  $W^\pm$  pairs decay modes

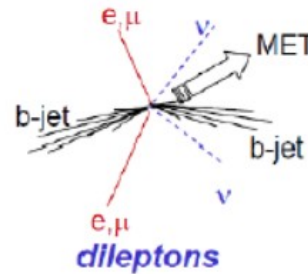
“All hadronic” 45.7%

high background



$e^\pm \nu_e + \text{jets}$  14.53 %  
 $\mu^\pm \nu_\mu + \text{jets}$  14.29 %

} “lepton+jets”

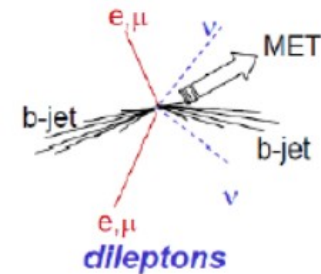


$\tau^\pm \nu_\tau + \text{jets}$  15.21 %  
 $e^\pm \tau^\pm \nu_\tau \nu_e$  2.42 %  
 $\mu^\pm \tau^\pm \nu_\tau \nu_\mu$  2.23 %  
 $\tau^+ \tau^- \nu_\tau \nu_\tau$  1.26 %

} leptonic or hadronic  $\tau$  decay modes

$e^+ e^- \nu_\tau \nu_\mu$  1.15 %  
 $\mu^+ \mu^- \nu_\tau \nu_\mu$  1.12 %  
 $e^\pm \mu^\pm \nu_\tau \nu_\mu$  2.27 %

} Clean in terms of trigger and selection  
 Presence of two  $\nu$ 's.  
 Transverse mass. “dilepton”



Top pair decay channels

$c\bar{s}$	electron+jets	muon+jets	tau+jets	all-hadronic	
$u\bar{d}$					
$\tau^+$	$e\tau$	$\mu\tau$	$\tau\tau$	tau+jets	
$\mu^-$	$e\mu$	$\mu\mu$	$\mu\tau$	muon+jets	
$e^-$	$e\mu$	$e\mu$	$e\tau$	electron+jets	
$W$ decay	$e^+$	$\mu^+$	$\tau^+$	$u\bar{d}$	$c\bar{s}$

Plot from Angela Barbaro Galtieri et al. 2012 Rep. Prog. Phys. 75 056201



# Top mass combination

On going effort to harmonize systematic uncertainties

Uncertainty	Input measurements and uncertainties in GeV											World Combination
	CDF				D0		ATLAS		CMS			
	<i>l</i> +jets	di- <i>l</i>	all jets	$E_T^{\text{miss}}$	<i>l</i> +jets	di- <i>l</i>	<i>l</i> +jets	di- <i>l</i>	<i>l</i> +jets	di- <i>l</i>	all jets	
$m_{\text{top}}$	172.85	170.28	172.47	173.93	174.94	174.00	172.31	173.09	173.49	172.50	173.49	173.34
Stat	0.52	1.95	1.43	1.26	0.83	2.36	0.23	0.64	0.27	0.43	0.69	0.27
iJES	0.49	n.a.	0.95	1.05	0.47	0.55	0.72	n.a.	0.33	n.a.	n.a.	0.24
stdJES	0.53	2.99	0.45	0.44	0.63	0.56	0.70	0.89	0.24	0.78	0.78	0.20
flavourJES	0.09	0.14	0.03	0.10	0.26	0.40	0.36	0.02	0.11	0.58	0.58	0.12
bJES	0.16	0.33	0.15	0.17	0.07	0.20	0.08	0.71	0.61	0.76	0.49	0.25
MC	0.56	0.36	0.49	0.48	0.63	0.50	0.35	0.64	0.15	0.06	0.28	0.38
Rad	0.06	0.22	0.10	0.28	0.26	0.30	0.45	0.37	0.30	0.58	0.33	0.21
CR	0.21	0.51	0.32	0.28	0.28	0.55	0.32	0.29	0.54	0.13	0.15	0.31
PDF	0.08	0.31	0.19	0.16	0.21	0.30	0.17	0.12	0.07	0.09	0.06	0.09
DetMod	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	0.36	0.50	0.23	0.22	0.24	0.18	0.28	0.10
<i>b</i> -tag	0.03	n.e.	0.10	n.e.	0.10	<0.01	0.81	0.46	0.12	0.09	0.06	0.11
LepPt	0.03	0.27	n.a.	n.a.	0.18	0.35	0.04	0.12	0.02	0.14	n.a.	0.02
BGMC	0.12	0.24	n.a.	n.a.	0.18	n.a.	n.a.	0.14	0.13	0.05	n.a.	0.10
BGData	0.16	0.14	0.56	0.15	0.21	0.20	0.10	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	0.13	0.07
Meth	0.05	0.12	0.38	0.21	0.16	0.51	0.13	0.07	0.06	0.40	0.13	0.05
MHI	0.07	0.23	0.08	0.18	0.05	<0.01	0.03	0.01	0.07	0.11	0.06	0.04
Total Syst	0.99	3.13	1.41	1.36	1.25	1.49	1.53	1.50	1.03	1.46	1.23	0.71
Total	1.12	3.69	2.01	1.85	1.50	2.79	1.55	1.63	1.06	1.52	1.41	0.76

Table 3: Uncertainty categories assignment for the input measurements and the result of the world  $m_{\text{top}}$  combination. All values are in GeV. In the table, “n.a.” stands for not applicable; “n.e.” refers to uncertainties not evaluated (see text for details).

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