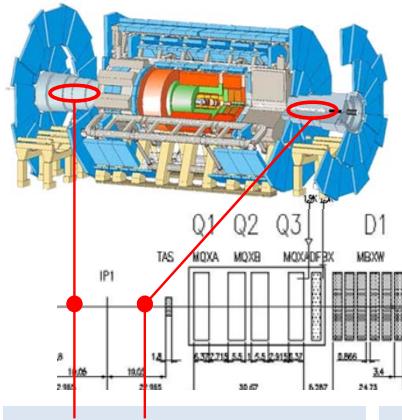


The ATLAS Forward Proton Project



APP Physics:

Low Luminosity Program ($\mu \approx 1$):

1 week ≈ 100 hrs at $\mu \approx 1 \rightarrow \sim 100 \text{ pb}^{-1}$

Conditionally approved by ATLAS

Single Diffraction

- Jets, W, Z: Soft survival probability
- Double-Pomeron Exchange (DPE)**
- Dijet: constrain gluon content of P
- γ -jet: constrain quark content of P
- Jet-gap-Jet: test BFKL P

Low- μ analysis	Luminosity [pb^{-1}]	Optimal μ	Optics β^* [m]	L1 Trigger
Particle Spectra in diffraction	1	<0.05	90 (ALFA/APP)	APP-Single Tag
			0.55	APP-Double Tag
Rapidity Gap Spectra	1	<0.05	90 (ALFA/APP)	APP-ST
			0.55	APP-DT
SD jj	0.1 – 1	0.01 – 1	90 – 0.55	APP-ST && Jet
SD W	10 – 100	0.1 – 1	90 – 0.55	APP-ST && Lepton && MET
DPE jj	1 – 10	0.5 – 5	90 – 0.55	APP-DT && Jet
DPE γ j/ γ jj	>200	1 – 2	90 – 0.55	APP-DT && Jet/Photon
DPE j-gap-j	>100	0.1 – 2	90 – 0.55	APP-DT && Jet

High Luminosity Program ($\mu \geq 50$):

1 week ≈ 100 hrs at $\mu \approx 50 \rightarrow \sim 5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

Not approved; to be reviewed after successful running at Low Luminosity ...

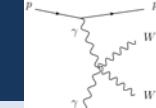
Central Exclusive Production

- Dijets, Trijets: constrain predictions for CEP Higgs production
- S^2 , Sudakov suppression, unintegrated f_g



Double-Photon Exchange

- $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow WW/ZZ/\gamma\gamma$: Anomalous quartic couplings: sensitivity ~100x larger with APP
- $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \mu\mu$: calibration/alignment of APP

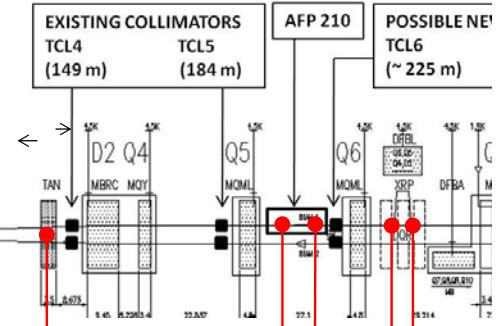


Example: $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow WW$ anomalous quartic $\gamma\gamma WW$ coupling:

- Best limits from LEP(OPAL): ~ 0.02 – 0.04 GeV^{-2} (PRD 70 (2004) 032005)
- Predicted sensitivities at the LHC a few 10^{-4} GeV^{-2} (P.J. Bell; ArXiv:0907.5299)
- Recent papers from DØ and CMS for $\gamma\gamma WW$: $\sim 10^{-4} \text{ GeV}^{-2}$ (100x better than LEP) (CMS-PAS-FSQ-12-010)
- Sensitivity predicted with APP: 100x better
 - e.g. for 30 events per fb (1 yr run in 2016):

C. Royon and O. Kepka; PRD 78 (2008)
E. Chapon, C. Royon, O. Kepka; PRD 81 (2010)

form factor	limits [10^{-6} GeV^{-2}]			
	$ a_0^W/\Lambda^2 $	$ a_C^W/\Lambda^2 $	$ a_0^Z/\Lambda^2 $	$ a_C^Z/\Lambda^2 $
$95\% \text{ c.l.}$	$\Lambda_{cut} = \infty$	1.2	4.2	2.8
	$\Lambda_{cut} = 2 \text{ TeV}$	2.6	9.4	6.4
$3\sigma \text{ evidence}$	$\Lambda_{cut} = \infty$	1.6	5.8	4.0
	$\Lambda_{cut} = 2 \text{ TeV}$	3.6	13	9.0
$5\sigma \text{ discovery}$	$\Lambda_{cut} = \infty$	2.3	9.7	6.2
	$\Lambda_{cut} = 2 \text{ TeV}$	5.4	20	14



ZDC

140 m

Proton/Ion remnants: γ, π^0, n

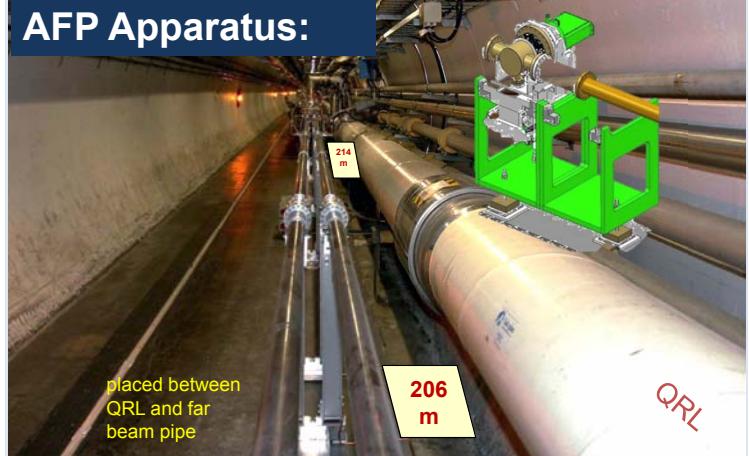
APP

206 m-214 m
Diffractive protons

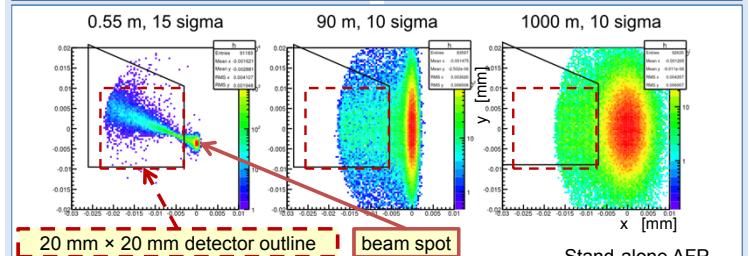
ALFA

237 m-241 m
Elastic protons

APP Apparatus:



APP y-x hit patterns for $\beta^*=0.55 \text{ m}$, 90 m, 1000 m:



Stand-alone APP simulations using MadX tracking

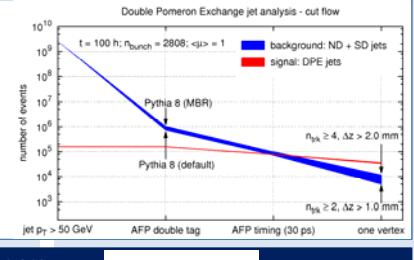
The need for Picosecond Timing

Example: DPE jj Full Simulation

- at high $\mu \geq 1$, protons from single-diffraction pile-up events begin to dominate the two-proton sample
- accurate proton time-of-arrival measurements can reject the pile-up background:

$$Z_{\text{vx}} = (t_{\text{Right}} - t_{\text{Left}})/(2c)$$

→ if $\sigma_t = 10 \text{ ps}$, then $\sigma_z = 2.1 \text{ mm}$



Fermilab beam test results (2012):

SiPM₃ – Qbar₃

2 mm wide × 6 mm deep (in beam direction) Quartz bar positioned at the 48° Cherenkov angle, read by 10 μm pore MCP-MAPMT:

- single bar: $\sigma_t \approx 20 \text{ ps} \rightarrow 4 \text{ Qbars at } 48^\circ \sim 10 \text{ ps}$
- rad hard PMT (no degradation seen up to 7 °C) PMT out of the direct beam!
- Multiple measurements = ‘tunable’ resolution, size, and radiation/interaction length ...

