

Diffraction, forward physics and soft QCD results from CMS



Robert Ciesielski
(The Rockefeller University)

on behalf of the CMS collaboration



*LHCP 2014, The Second Annual Conference on Large Hadron Collider Physics
2-6 June 2014, New York City, USA*

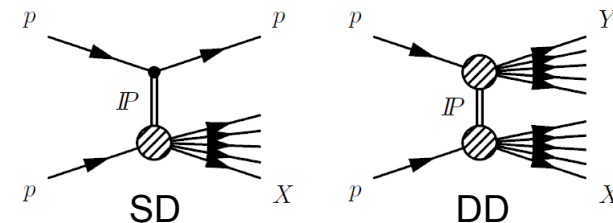
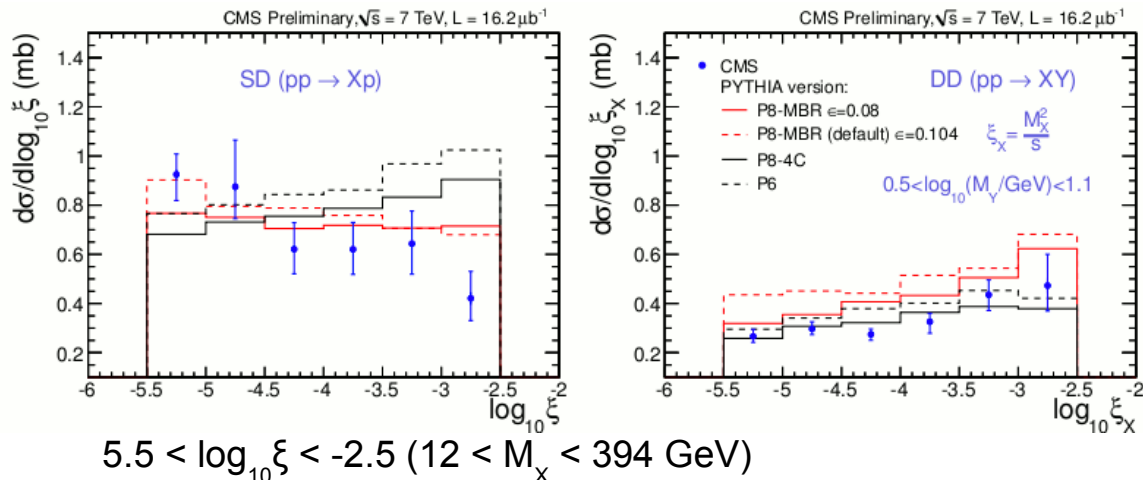
Outlook

Recent CMS results on:

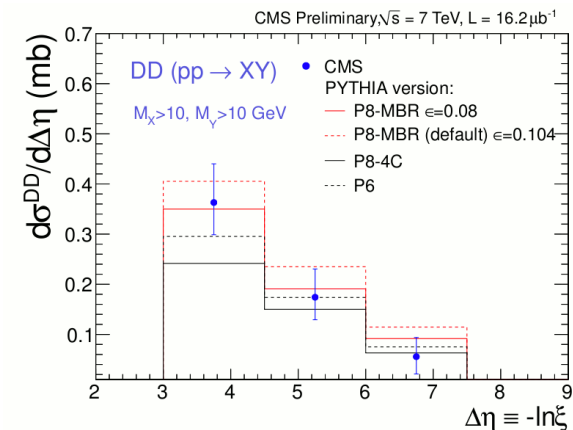
- **Diffractive cross sections**
- **Inclusive measurements at low p_T**
- **Forward inclusive jet cross section**
- **Forward-central jets**
- **Forward-backward (Mueller-Navelet, MN) jets**
- **Four-jet cross section and Double Parton Scattering (DPS)**
- **DPS with $W+2$ jets**
- **DY+jets**

Soft diffractive cross sections

SD and DD cross sections with forward LRG
SD/DD separation with CASTOR calorimeter



DD cross section with central LRG



PYTHIA8-MBR with $\epsilon=0.08$ (Minimum-Bias Rockefeller, developed and tested at CDF) describes the measured SD and DD cross sections well

PYTHIA8-4C and PYTHIA6 describe well the DD cross section, but fail to describe falling behavior of SD data

SD cross section integrated over
 $12 < M_X < 394 \text{ GeV}$:

$$\sigma_{\text{vis}}^{\text{SD}} = 4.27 \pm 0.04 \text{ (stat.)}^{+0.65}_{-0.58} \text{ (syst.) mb}$$

Multiplied by 2 to account for both $pp \rightarrow pX$ and $pp \rightarrow Xp$ processes.

consistent with TOTEM result

DD cross section integrated over
 $\Delta\eta > 3, M_X > 10 \text{ GeV}, M_Y > 10 \text{ GeV}$:

$$\sigma_{\text{vis}}^{\text{DD}} = 0.93 \pm 0.01 \text{ (stat.)}^{+0.26}_{-0.22} \text{ (syst.) mb}$$

Central and forward $dN_{ch}/d\eta$

CMS+TOTEM low-pileup 2012 run @8TeV, high β^* optics
 Minimum Bias trigger provided by TOTEM T2 telescopes ($5.3 < |\eta| < 6.5$)
 Events categorized into 3 samples:

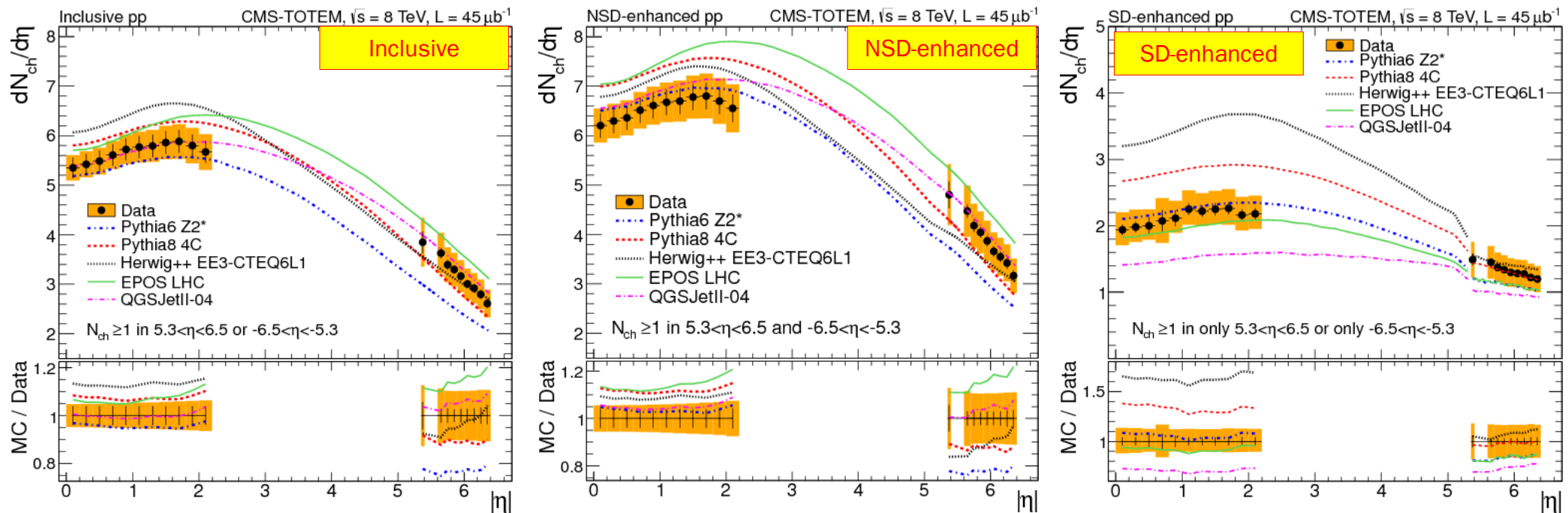
CERN-PH-EP-2014-063

arXiv:1405.0722

Inclusive – activity in T2

NSD-enhanced – activity in each of T2 (both z+ and z- sides)

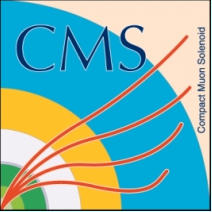
SD-enhanced – activity in only one T2 (z+ or z- side)



Multiplicity of SD events significantly smaller than NSD

No prediction able to describe $dN_{ch}/d\eta$ for all the samples in the entire η range

Data can help constrain modelling of hadronic final state and diffractive scattering



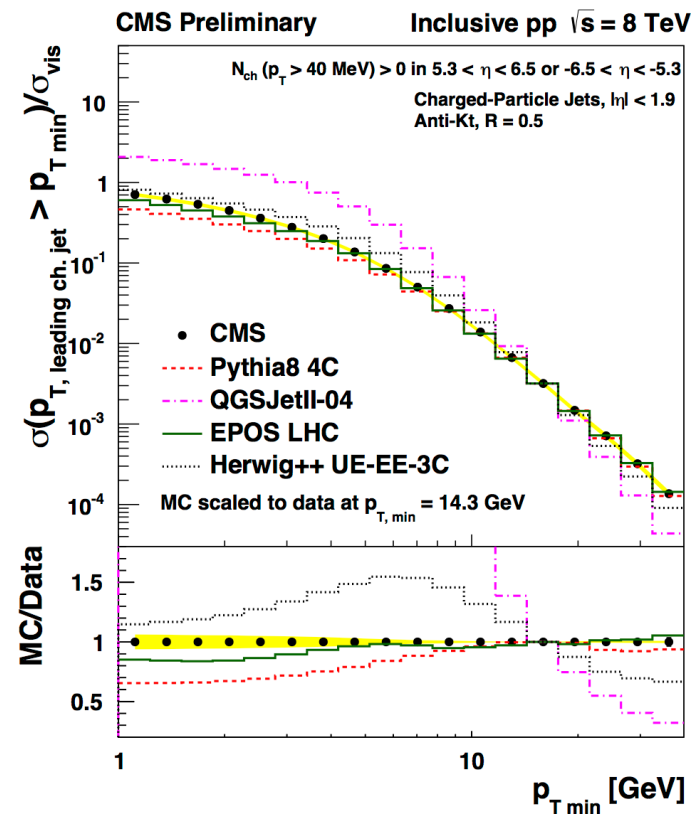
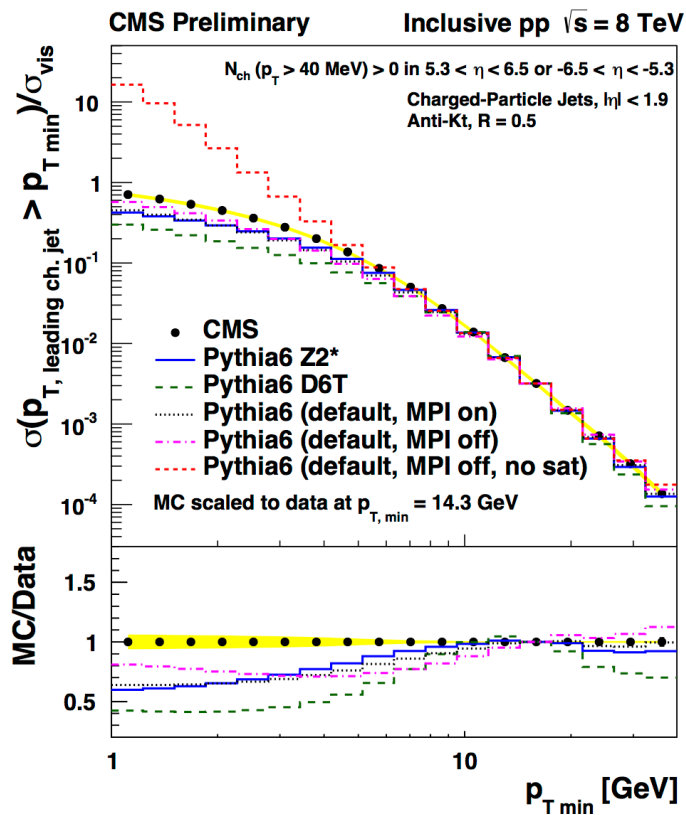
Leading charged particle and leading jet cross sections at small p_T

Charged particles with $p_T > 0.8$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.4$
 Charged-particle jets with $p_T > 1.0$ GeV, $|\eta| < 1.9$ (minijets)

CMS-PAS-FSQ-12-032
 Common CMS+TOTEM run

Normalized integrated leading charged particle and leading charge-particle jet cross sections

$$\frac{\sigma(p_{T\text{lead}} > p_{T\text{min}})}{\sigma_{\text{vis}}} = \frac{1}{N_{\text{evt}}} \sum_{p_{T\text{lead}} > p_{T\text{min}}} \Delta p_{T\text{lead}} \left(\frac{\Delta N}{\Delta p_{T\text{lead}}} \right)$$



No MC model able to reproduce the data, EPOS provides the best description
 Input for MC tunes, sensitive to regularization of partonic cross section at low- p_T

Inclusive jet cross section

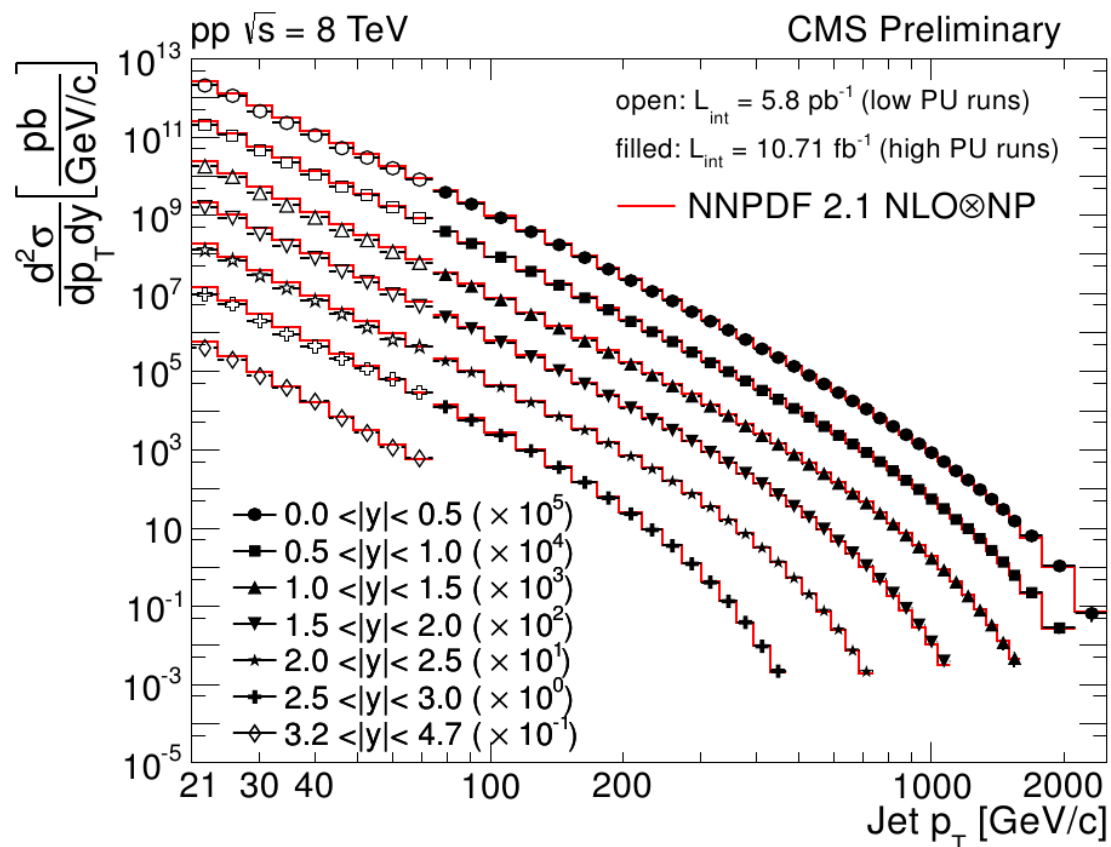
Combined low-pileup runs (Summer 2012) and full 2012 dataset.

CMS-PAS-FSQ-12-031

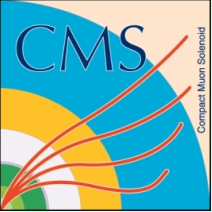
CMS-PAS-SMP-12-012

$21 < jet p_T < 74 \text{ GeV}$

$jet p_T > 74 \text{ GeV}$



Inclusive data are well described in a wide range of p_T and rapidities
by NLO \otimes NP theory predictions



Forward-central jet azimuthal correlations

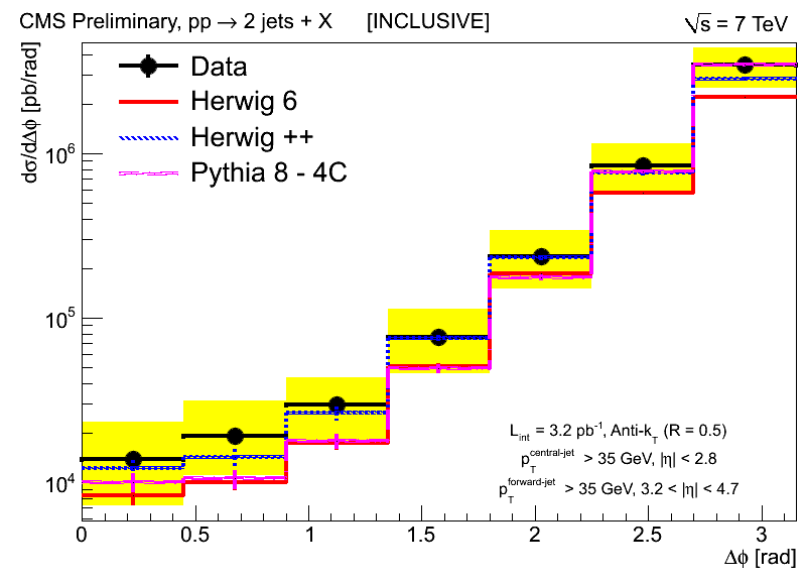
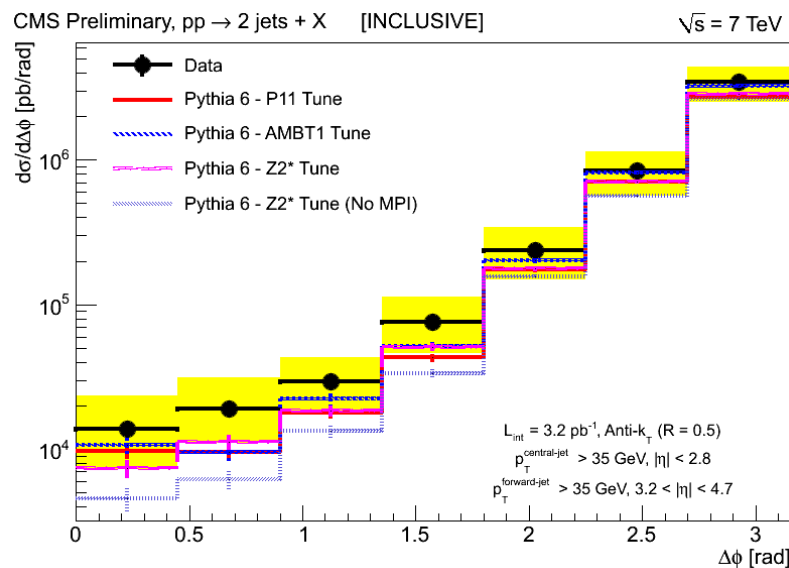
At least two jets with $p_T > 35$ GeV, central: $|\eta| < 2.8$, forward: $3.2 < |\eta| < 4.7$

$\Delta\eta < 7.5$ opens up phase space for additional radiation (PS and MPI)

Study azimuthal $\Delta\phi$ (de)correlations

(also in two bins of $\Delta\eta$, and with or w/o additional jet of $p_T > 20$ GeV, not shown)

CMS-PAS-FSQ-12-008



Theory predictions (PYTHIA6, PYTHIA8, HERWIG6, HERWIG++) describe the data within uncert.
 PYTHIA6 w/o MPI is below data at low $\Delta\phi$.
 HERWIG++ describes the measurement best.

Mullet-Navelet di-jet decorrelation

Most forward and backward jets with $p_T > 35$ GeV, $|\eta| < 4.7$

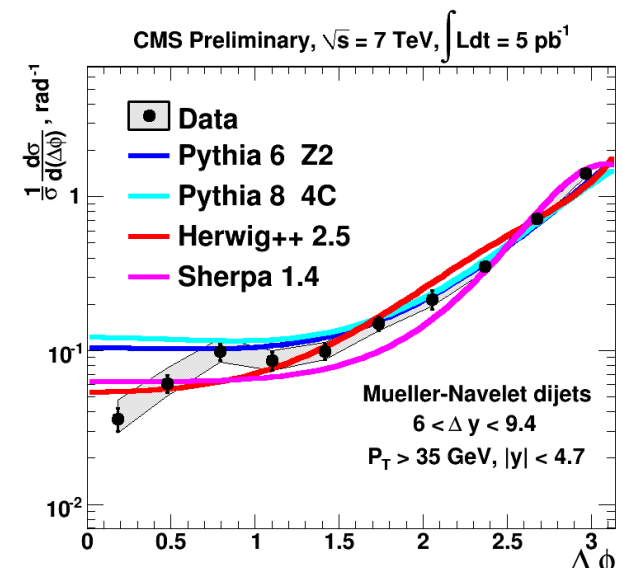
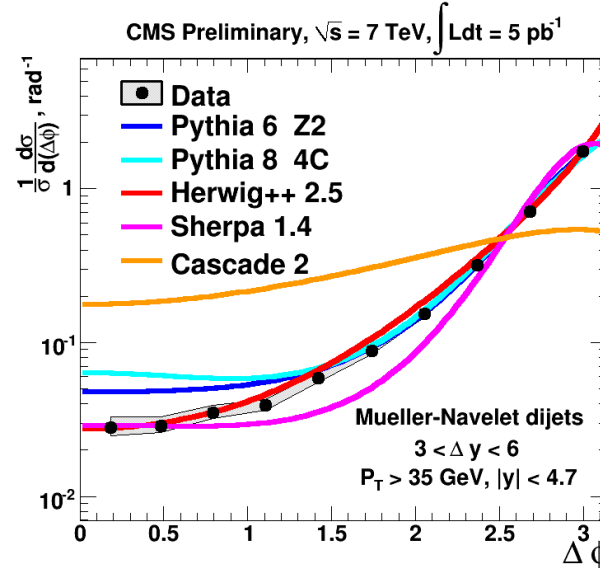
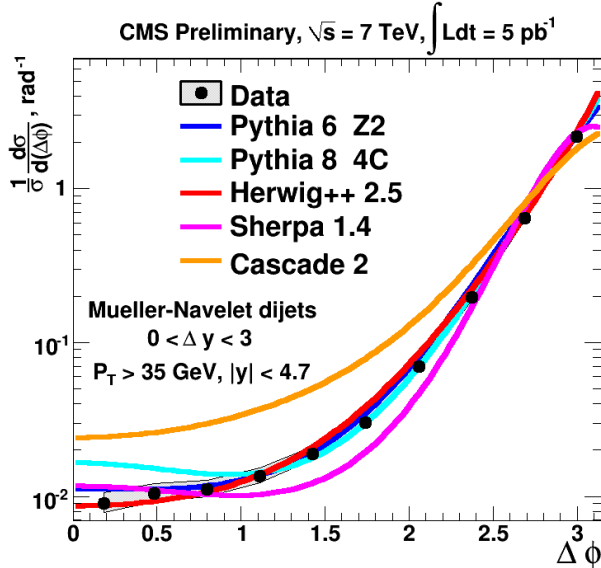
CMS-PAS-FSQ-12-002

$\Delta\phi$ between jets in bins of Δy

$\Delta y < 3$

$3 < \Delta y < 6$

$6 < \Delta y < 9.4$

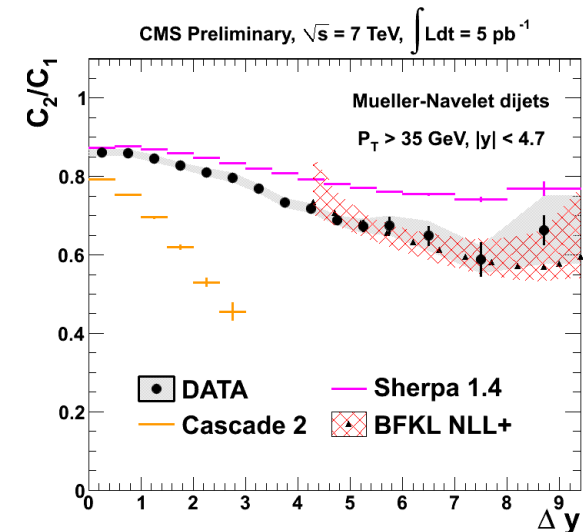


Decorrelation increases with rapidity separation
 DGLAP models give reasonable description of data:

- PYTHIA6/PYTHIA8 show too strong decorrelation
- SHERPA underestimates decorrelation
- HERWIG++ is consistent with the data

LL BFKL-inspired CASCADE predicts too strong decorrelations
 NLL BFKL consistent with average cosine ratios \rightarrow

$$C_n = \langle \cos(n(\pi - \Delta\phi)) \rangle$$



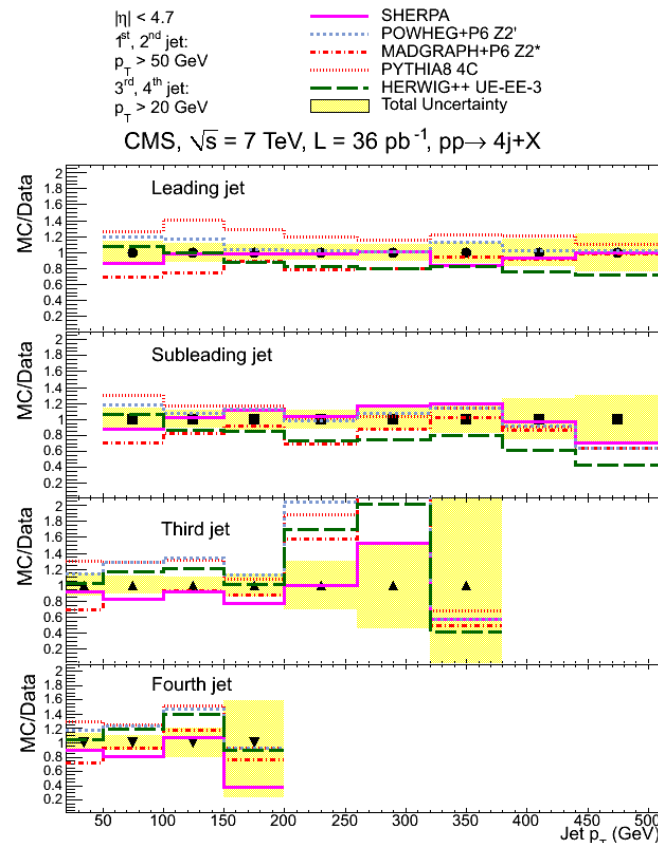
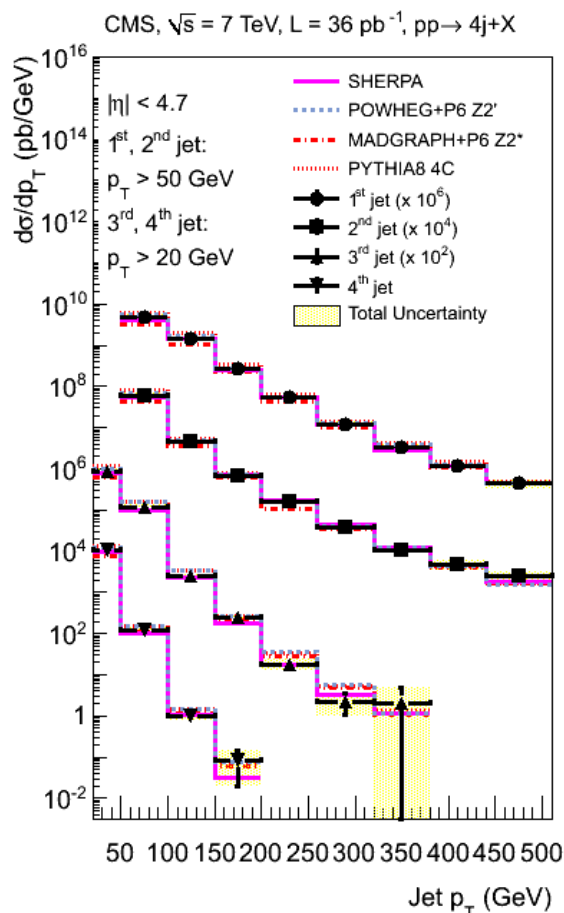
4-jet production

Leading jets $p_T > 50$ GeV, soft jets $p_T > 30$ GeV; $|\eta| < 4.7$

CERN-PH-EP/2013-229

$$\sigma(pp \rightarrow 4j + X) = 330 \pm 5 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 45 \text{ (syst.) nb}$$

arXiv:1312.6440



Theory predictions (SHERPA, POMWEG, MADGRAPH, PYTHIA8) are able to describe the differential cross sections only in some regions of phase space.
 Discrepancies at lower p_T for subleading and soft jets.

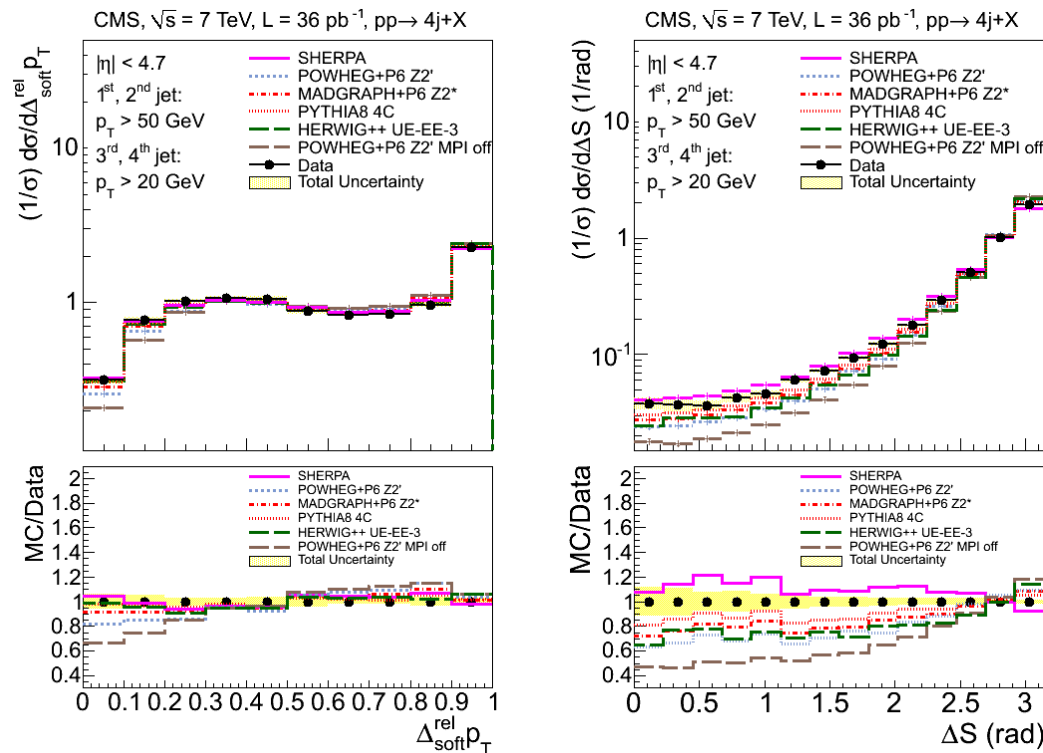
4-jet production, DPS

The 2 additional jets may be produced by parton showers or a second hard scattering.
 Access to DPS! Discriminate between SPS and DPS by studying:

- $\Delta_{\text{soft}}^{\text{rel}} p_T$ - transverse momentum balance of two soft jets (DPS around 0)
- ΔS - azimuthal angle between two di-jet pairs (DPS flat)

CERN-PH-EP/2013-229

arXiv:1312.6440



Valuable input for MPI tunes
 Recent tune to 4j DPS gives
 $\sigma_{\text{eff}} = 21.3^{+1.2}_{-1.6}$ mb,
 compared to $\sigma_{\text{eff}} \sim 30$ mb of
 PYTHIA8-4C and UE tunes

No significant differences between theory predictions
 POWHEG without MPI is far below data at low $\Delta_{\text{soft}}^{\text{rel}} p_T$ and ΔS
 SHERPA and PYTHIA8 give the best description of ΔS

CMS-PAS-GEN-14-001

DPS with W+2jet events

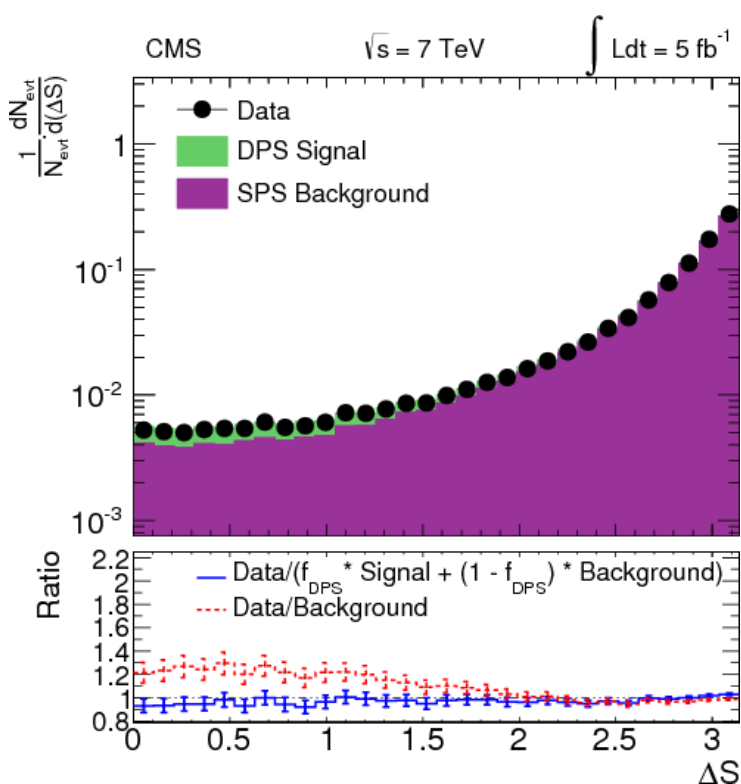
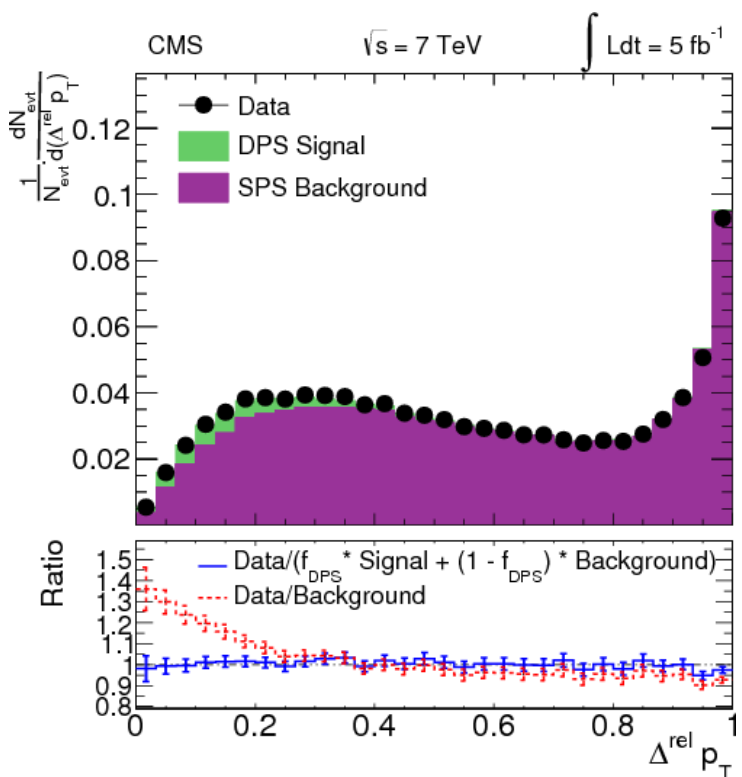
Iso μ with $p_T > 35$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2$; $\cancel{E}_T > 30$ GeV; $M_T^W > 50$ GeV
 jets with $p_T > 20$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2$

JHEP 03 (2014) 032

arXiv:1312.5729

Discriminate DPS W+2jet (W+0jet and dijets) from SPS W+2jet with:

- $\Delta^{\text{rel}} p_T$ - transverse momentum balance of two jets
- ΔS - azimuthal angle between W and dijet system



Fully-corrected data fitted with DPS and SPS templates (MC based, MADGRAPH5+PYTHIA8) to extract DPS fraction
 $f_{\text{DPS}} = 0.055 \pm 0.002 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.014 \text{ (syst.)}$

DPS with W+2jet events

JHEP 03 (2014) 032

arXiv:1312.5729

Measurement of σ_{eff} - effective area parameter, input to theoretical model

$$\sigma_{\text{eff}} = \frac{1}{m} \frac{\sigma_A \cdot \sigma_B}{\sigma_{A+B}^{\text{DPS}}} \quad \begin{array}{l} m = 1 \text{ when } A \neq B \\ m = 2 \text{ when } A = B \end{array}$$

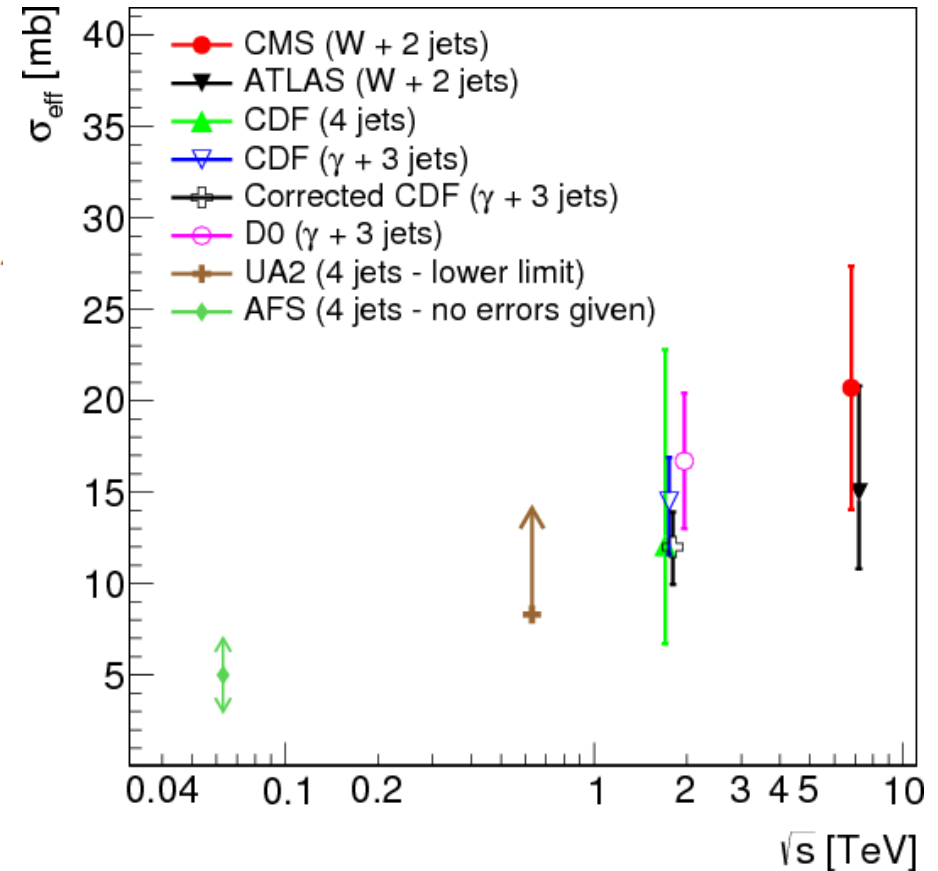
$$\sigma_{\text{eff}} = \frac{\sigma'_{W+0\text{jet}}}{\sigma'_{W+2\text{j}}^{\text{DPS}}} \cdot \sigma'_{2\text{j}} \quad \longrightarrow \quad \sigma_{\text{eff}} = \frac{R}{f_{\text{DPS}}} \cdot \sigma'_{2\text{j}}$$

f_{DPS} - fraction of $(W+2j)^{\text{DPS}}$ to all $W+2j$ (previous slide)

R - fraction of $W+0j$ to $W+2j$ events (from data)

σ'_{2j} - di-jet cross section at particle level (from data)

$$\sigma_{\text{eff}} = 20.7 \pm 0.8 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 6.6 \text{ (syst.) mb.}$$



Measurement consistent with ATLAS, CDF and D0 results

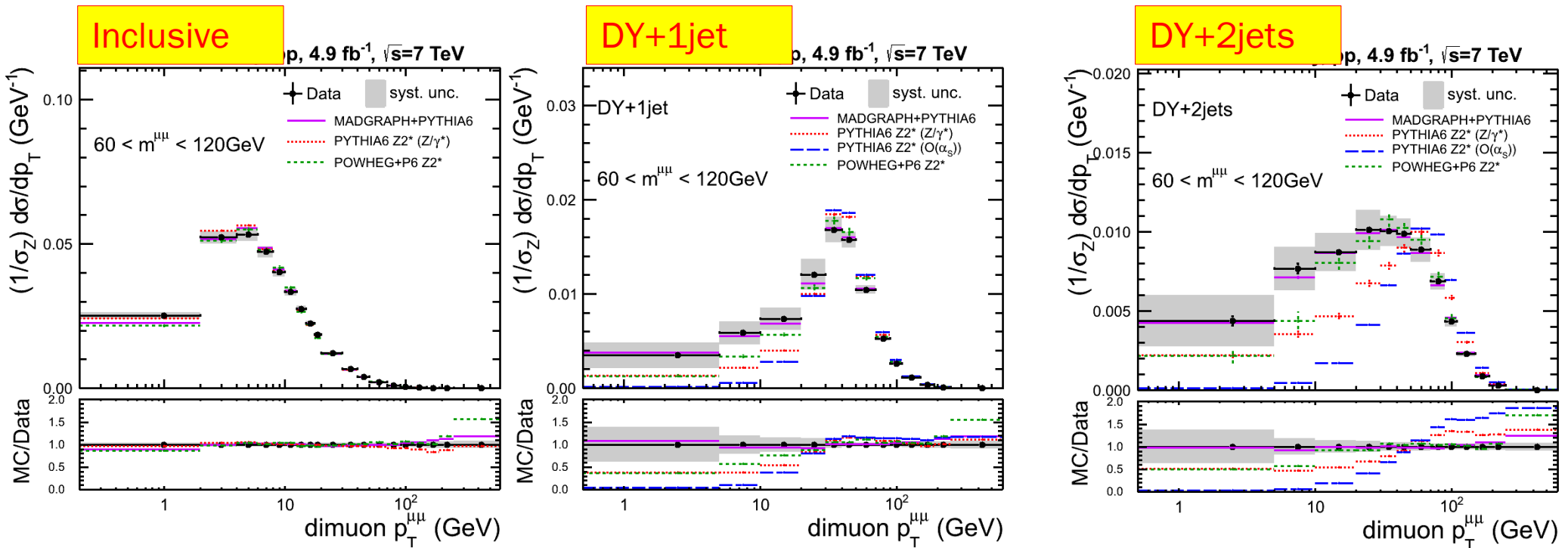
Large uncertainties, difficult to conclude on energy dependence of σ_{eff}

PYTHIA8: $\sigma_{\text{eff}} \sim 20\text{-}30$ mb, tune dependent

DY+jets

Di-muons with $p_T > 20(10)$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.1(2.4)$
 jets with $p_T > 30$ GeV, $|\eta| < 4.5$

Double-differentially in $m^{\mu\mu}$ and $p_T^{\mu\mu}$



DY – maximum at 5 GeV, below non-perturbative and pert. soft gluon emissions
 DY+jets – maximum shifted to higher value (~ 30 GeV), perturbative soft gluon emissions
 → Test of gluon resummation in perturbative regime

PYTHIA6(lowest order in α_s) predicts too low cross section at low $p_T^{\mu\mu}$
 MADGRAPH($N \leq 4$ ME)+PYTHIA6 describes the data best

Summary

Recent CMS results on diffraction, soft QCD and forward physics presented

Abundant source of data to test and help improve theory predictions

Need for better modelling of MPI and MC tuning

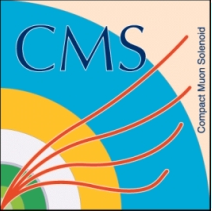
Access to hard DPS

No evidence for new QCD parton dynamics

More measurements to come. Check the latest CMS results at:

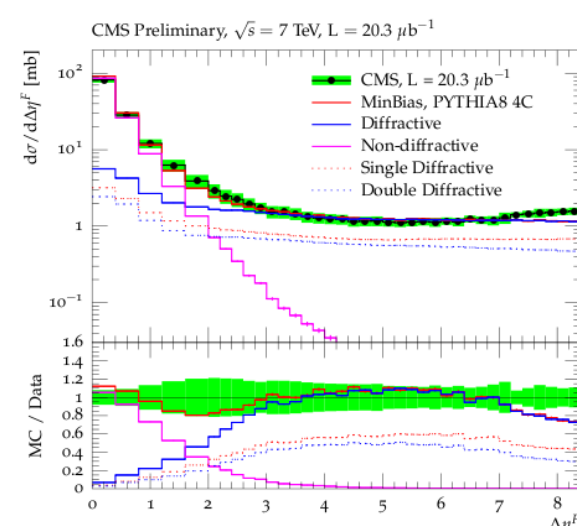
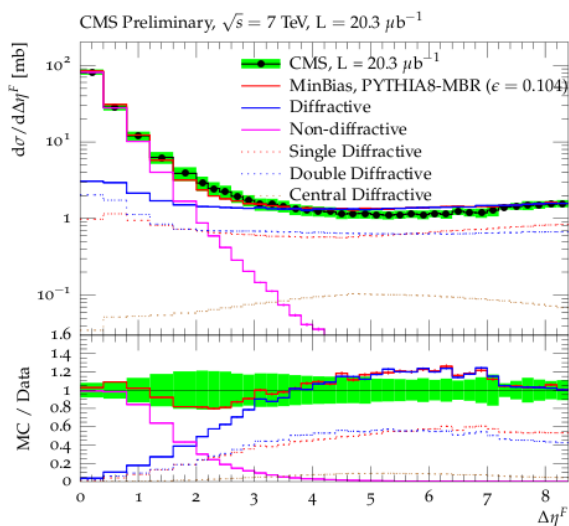
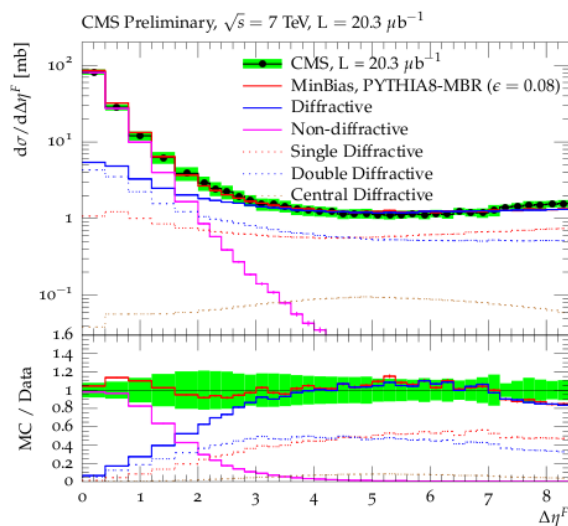
<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/PhysicsResultsFSQ>

Thank you for your attention!



Backup slides

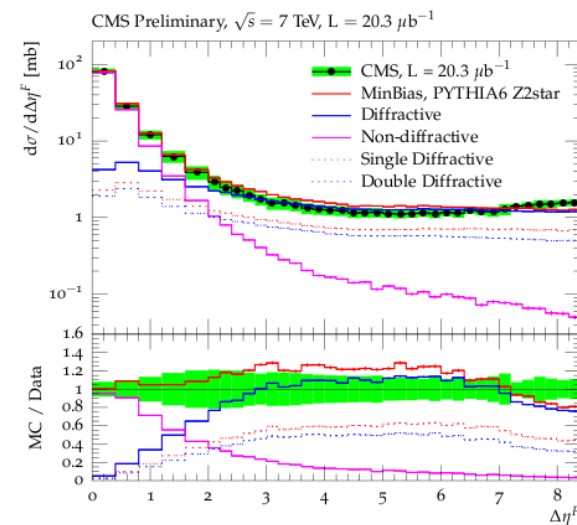
Forward-rapidity gap cross section



Hadron-level comparison of the forward rapidity gap cross section to predictions of PYTHIA8-MBR ($\epsilon=0.08$ and $\epsilon=0.104$), PYTHIA8-4C and PYTHIA6-Z2* simulations.

Exponentially falling ND contribution dominant for $\Delta\eta^F < 3$, above this value cross section weakly changing with $\Delta\eta^F$:

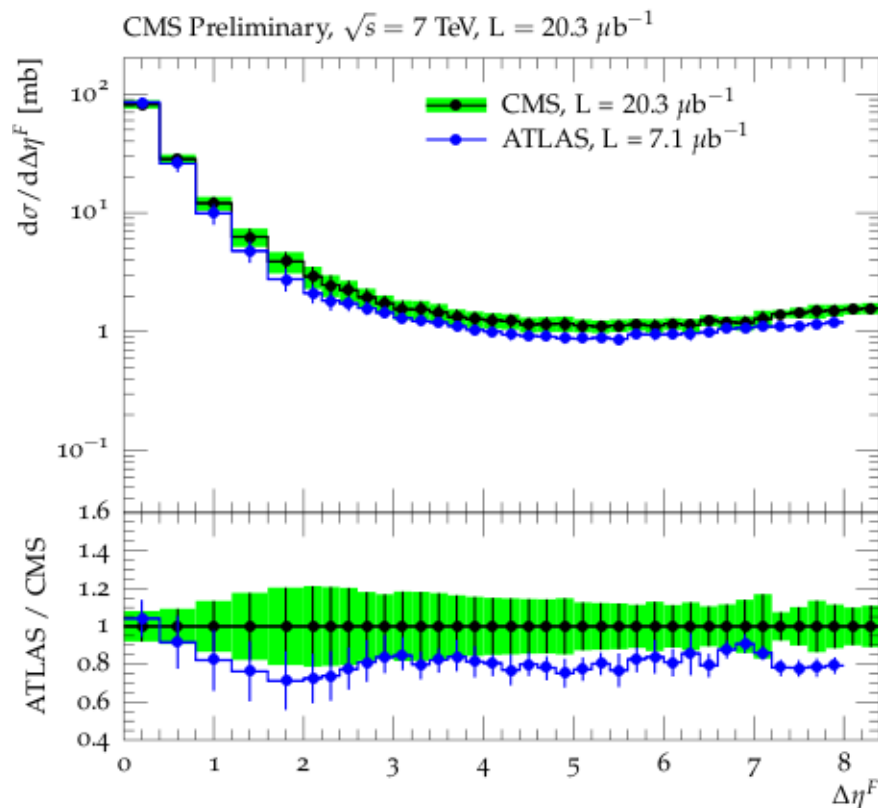
Sensitivity to model dependence.
 PYTHIA8-MBR ($\epsilon=0.08$) – best description within uncertainties.



CMS-PAS-FSQ-12-005

Forward-rapidity gap cross section

Comparison to the ATLAS measurement (EPJ C72 (2012) 1926).



Different hadron level definition: $|\eta| < 4.7$ (CMS) vs $|\eta| < 4.9$ (ATLAS) – up to 5% effect.
 Different MC sample used for unfolding – $\sim 10\%$ effect.
 Agreement with ATLAS within uncertainties.
 CMS extends the ATLAS measurement by 0.4 unit of gap size.

CMS-PAS-FSQ-12-005

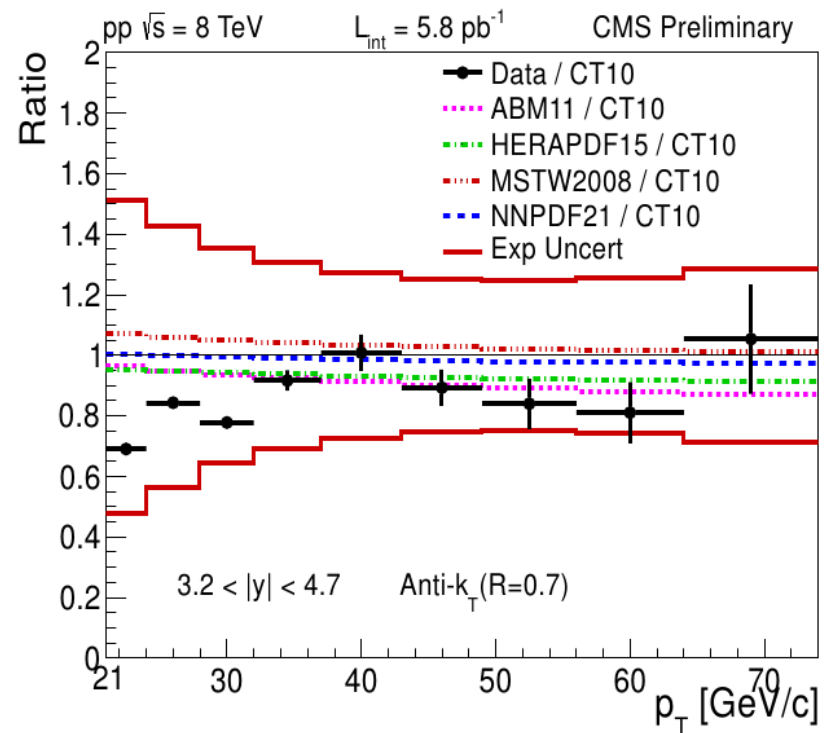
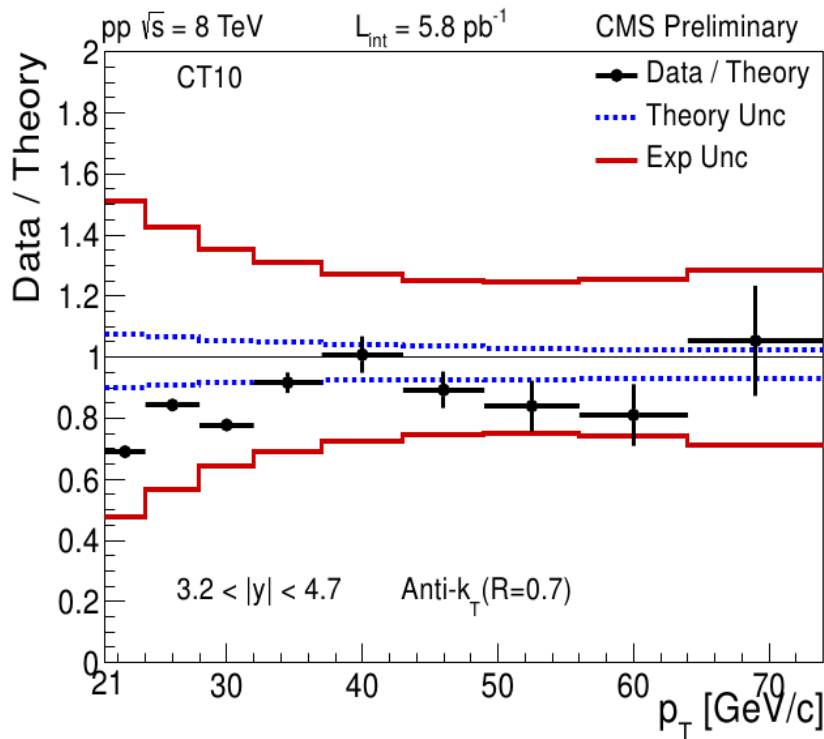
Forward jet cross section

Closer look at forward jets

$$3.2 < |\eta| < 4.7$$

$$21 < p_T < 74 \text{ GeV}$$

CMS-PAS-FSQ-12-031



All predictions agree with data within the uncertainties (dominant: JES unc. < 45%)

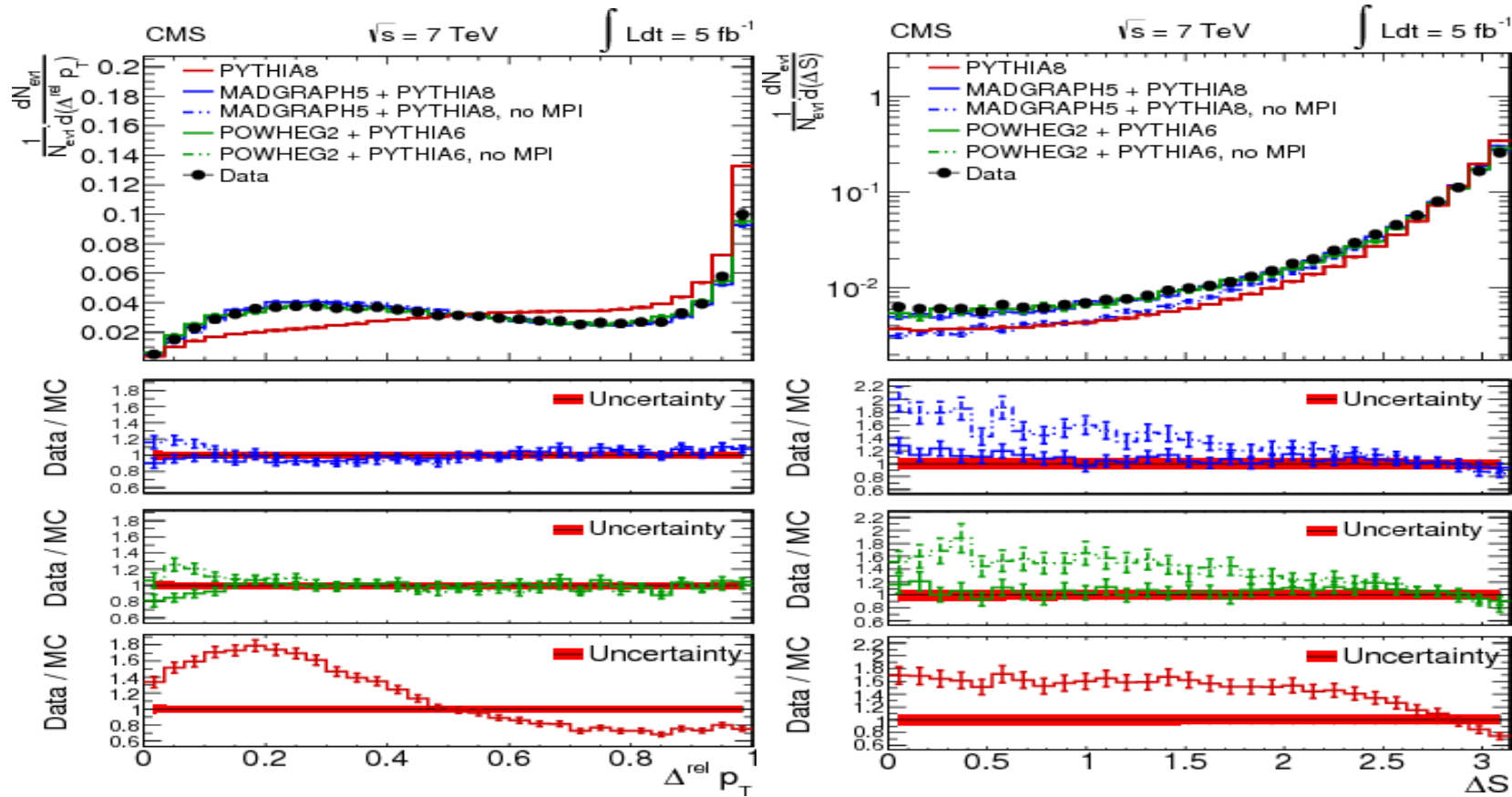
Inclusive jet production is well described by theory
 predictions in wide range of p_T and rapidities

DPS with W+2jet events

JHEP 03 (2014) 032

arXiv:1312.5729

Normalized distributions compared to theory predictions.



MADGRAPH+PYTHIA8 and POWHEG+PYTHIA6 give a good description of the data, both of them fail in absence of MPI

PYTHIA8 fails to describe the data (missing higher order processes)