

Retour d'expérience du HST Program

Konrad Jende, French Teacher Programme 2014

Outline

- 1. History of the High School Teacher Programme
- 2. HST Resources
- 3. Experiences from 17 editions
- 4. CERN Resources in Education
- 5. Outlook





first row (from left to right): organizers Jose Salicio Diez & Michelangelo Mangano





morning: Summer Student Lecture Programme afternoon: discussion sessions, physics teaching resources of the world wide web, workshops on how to great webpages, design lesson plans, compare syllabi of countries

2003: http://indico.cern.ch/event/a031572/
2004: http://indico.cern.ch/event/a042016/
2005: http://indico.cern.ch/event/a051051/
2006: http://indico.cern.ch/event/3324/
2007: http://indico.cern.ch/event/16623/
2008: http://indico.cern.ch/event/35996/

2002: http://indico.cern.ch/event/334159/overview

2009: <u>http://indico.cern.ch/event/61942/</u>

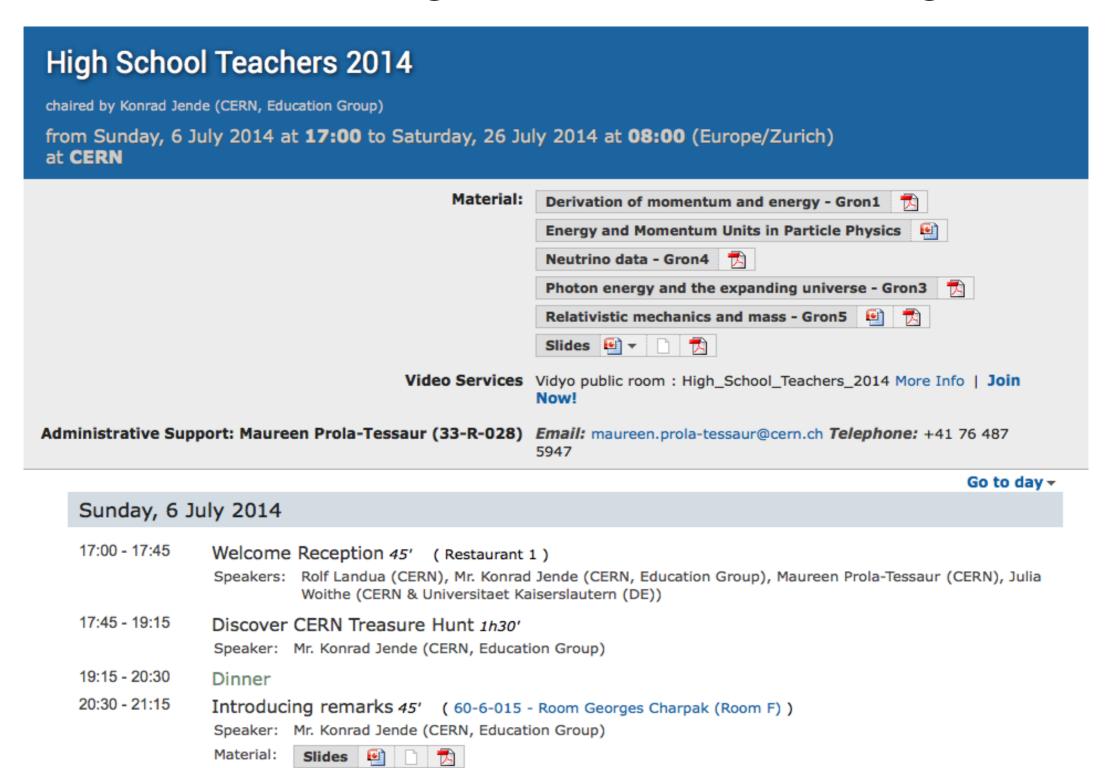
2010: http://indico.cern.ch/event/96344/

2011: <u>http://indico.cern.ch/event/144034/</u>

2012: http://indico.cern.ch/event/193928/

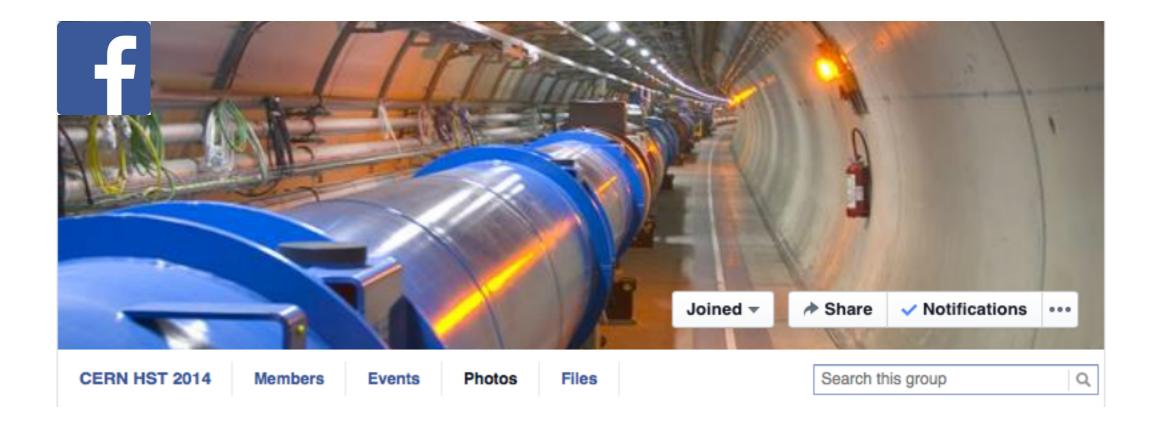
2013: http://indico.cern.ch/event/257353/

2014: http://indico.cern.ch/event/318730/



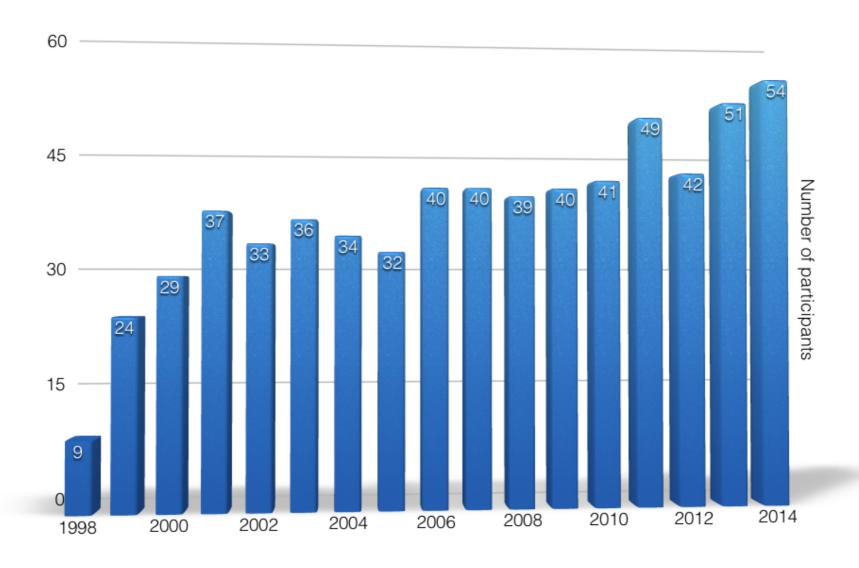


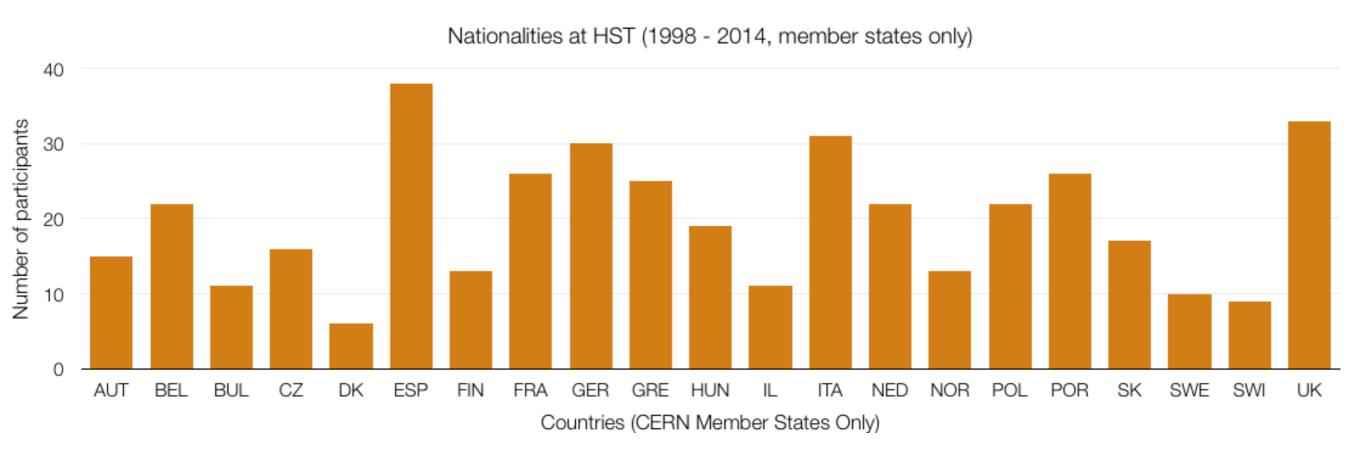


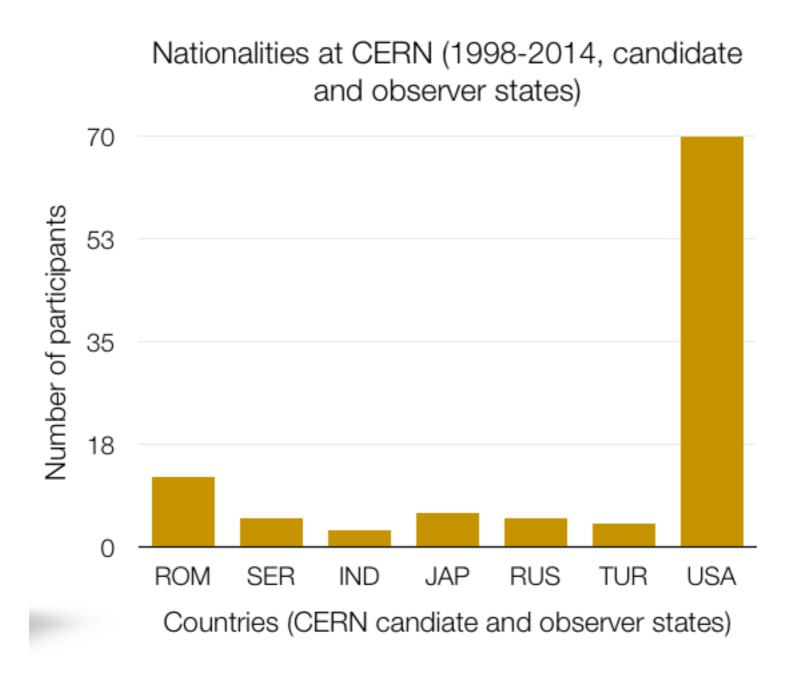


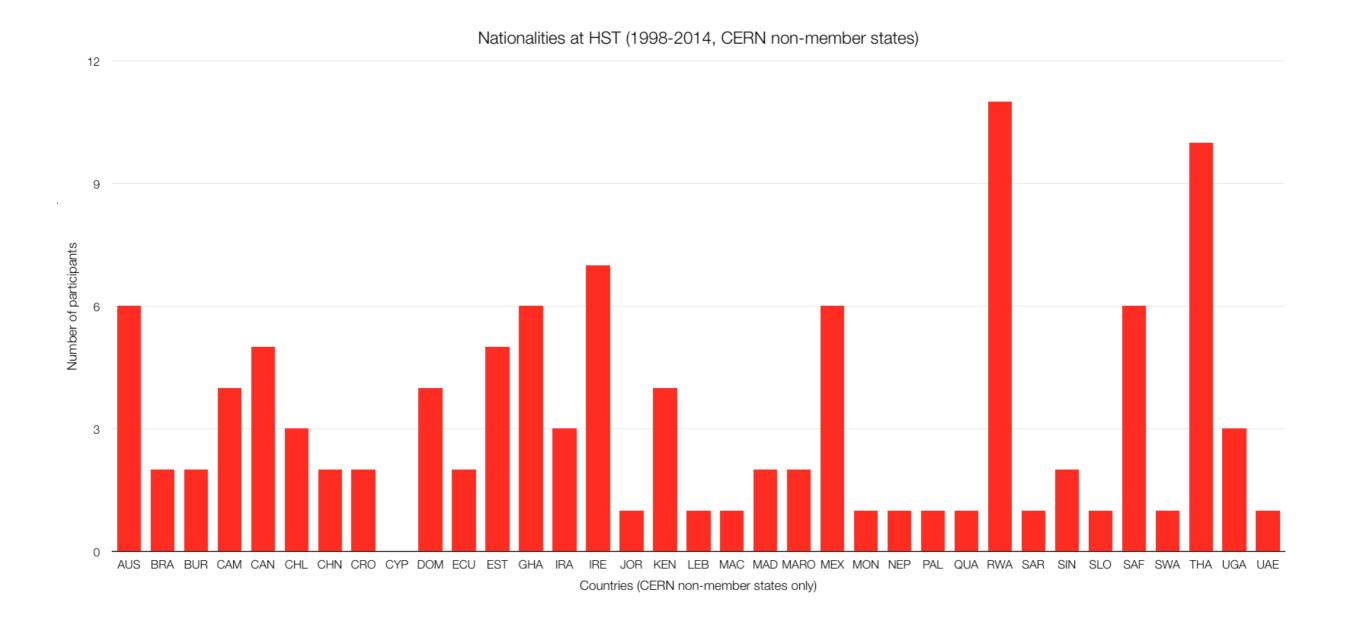
Number of participants in CERN's High School Teacher Programme

1998 - 2014









Publications

1998: http://teachers.web.cern.ch/teachers/hst/1998/1998.htm

1998: http://bullarchive.web.cern.ch/bullarchive/9833/art1/Text E.html

2000: http://bullarchive.web.cern.ch/bullarchive/0031/Art1/Text E.html

2000: http://arxiv.org/abs/physics/0005021v1

2001: http://cds.cern.ch/record/45182?ln=en

2009: http://cds.cern.ch/journal/CERNBulletin/2009/32/News%20Articles/1195729?ln=en

http://www.scienceinschool.org/print/1043

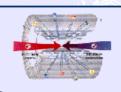
http://www.scienceinschool.org/repository/docs/issue13_cernhst.pdf

2014: http://cds.cern.ch/journal/CERNBulletin/2014/31/News%20Articles/1743537?ln=en

2014: http://home.web.cern.ch/students-educators/updates/2014/07/inspiring-science-education-middle-east



High School Teachers at CERN



WWW.CERN.CH

TEACHING MATERIALS

VISITING CERN

HST PROGRAMMES

LINKS & BOOKS

The main goal of this site is to document the work done by the participants of the programme and to collect material useful for classroom activities and public education in physics, which is then available for everyone.

NEWS

Applications for HST2014 are now being accepted

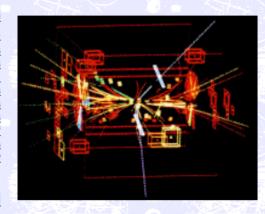
FOR MORE INFORMATION PLEASE FOLLOW THE LINK BELOW

HST TEACHING MATERIALS

Accelerators Bubble chambers Build a Cloud Chamber Feynman diagrams Detectors Experiments About CERN and HEP General Physics Syllabus review

VISITING CERN

Microcosm **CERN** websites



The First Z Particle 30th April 1983 (CERN Photo)

PHYSICS LINKS

General Physics Particle Physics Research Organizations Books and Journals CERN's Educational Page

HST PROGRAMMES

1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014

SITEMAP

WORKING AREA

TASK 1

In the LHC ring there are 2835 bunches in each ring which will collide with each other once in each detector. How many collisions of bunches are there in

- a) one second,
- b) one run which will last about 10 hours.

Solution 1

The bunches travel at nearly the speed of light so they meet every

$$\frac{27 \cdot 10^3 m}{2835} = 3.175 \cdot 10^{-8} s$$

so the frequency of collisions is

$$\frac{1}{3.175 \cdot 10^{-8} s} = 32 MHz$$

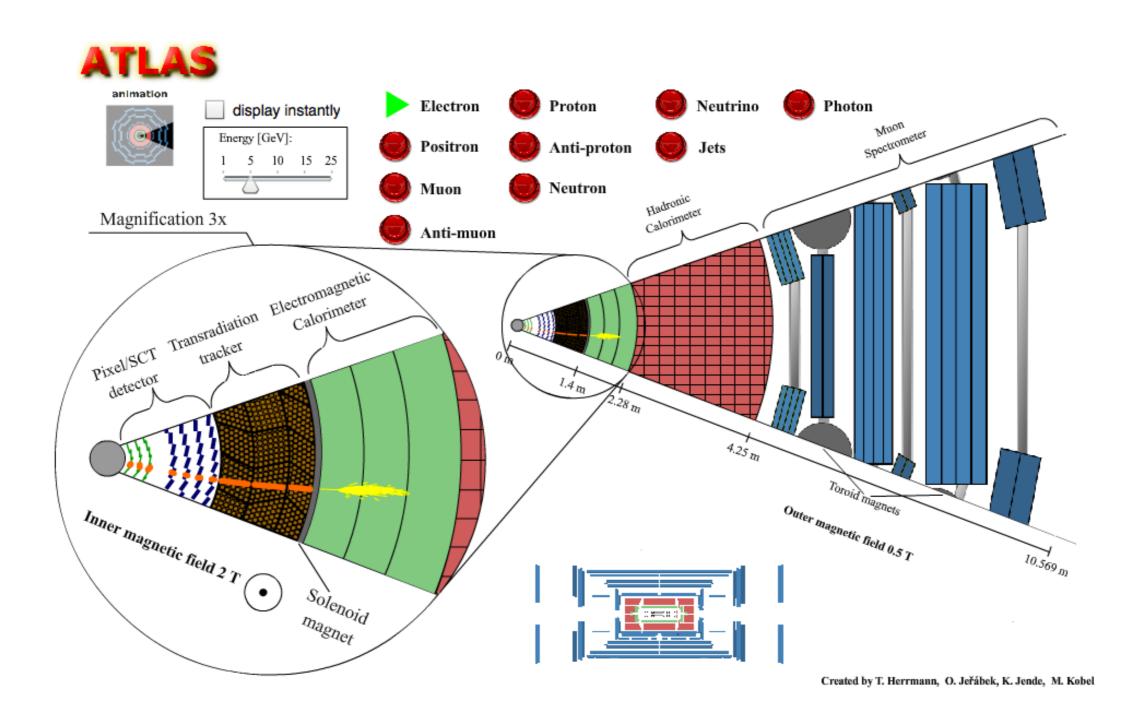
It should be 40 MHz, but there are some holes in the beam in other words some bunches are missing. This is the reason for the pacman effect, that will be eating the beam little by little, because those bunches that are not colliding will behave in a strange way and somehow eat the other bunches or make more holes to the beam.

And in 10 hours there will be about

$$32 \cdot 10^6 \frac{1}{s} \cdot 10 \cdot 3600s \approx 1.2 \cdot 10^{12}$$
 collisions

•

The data that will be collected from the collisions corresponds to the amount of about 10000 Britannica Encyclopaedia per one second.

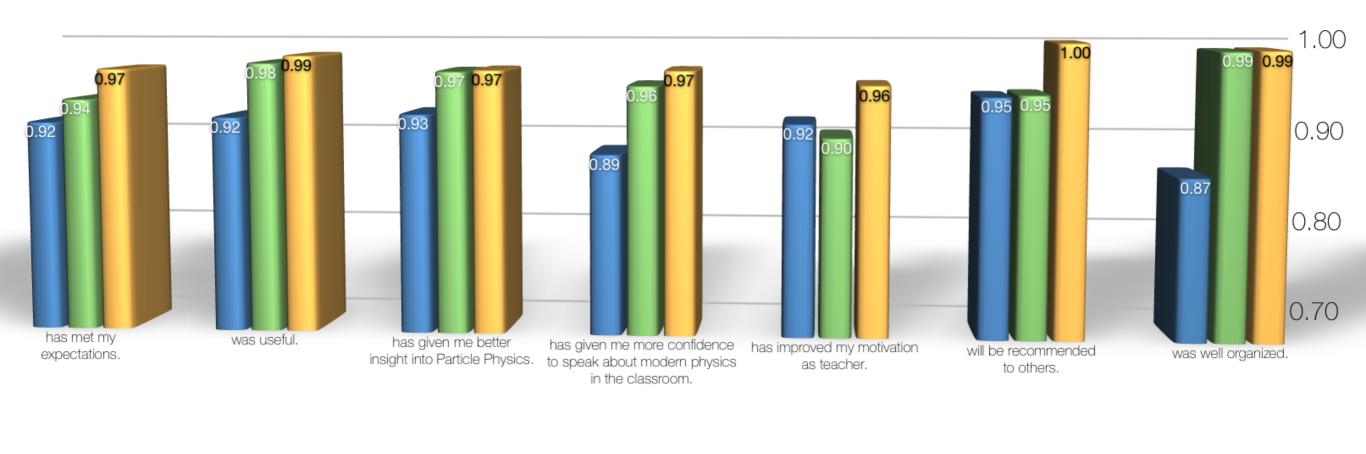








The High School Teachers Programme



2012 2013 2014

Teachers want to come back!!!

Teachers want to stay connected!!!

Teachers want to share knowledge!!!

Teachers want to come back!!!

But how?



Come and learn about fundamental research and see inside the world's largest particle physics laboratory. Feel free to visit our permanent exhibitions and experience CERN's scientific adventure on your own. Book and take part at one of our guided tours and discover the secrets of matter.



Exhibitions

The Microcosm exhibition near the CERN reception tells the story of CERN's scientific adventure.



Guided tours

Come and learn about fundamental research by looking inside the world's largest particle physics laboratory.

1/2 day visit

simple formula:

presentation (1h) + 2 visits +

exhibition (Microcosm+Globe)

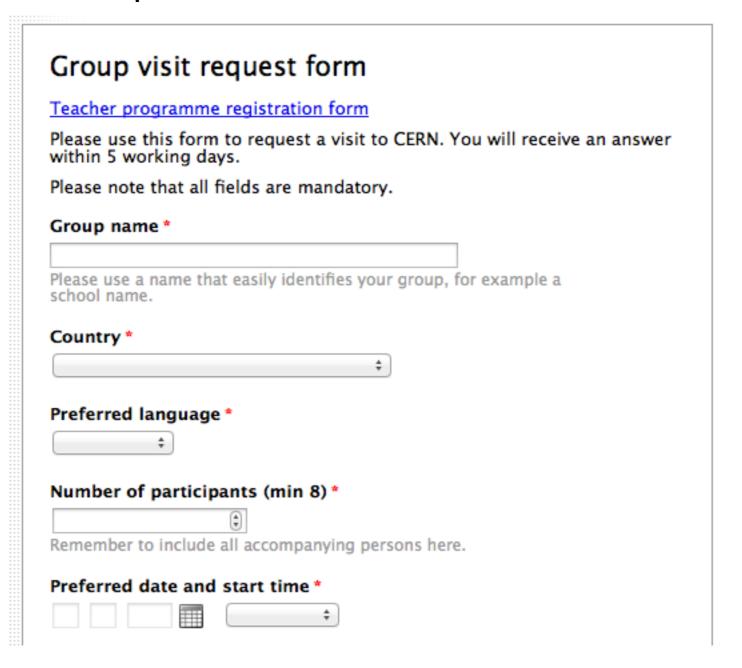
+

(for school groups only and as of 2015)
S'Cool LAB visit

Magnettest Facility (SM18), Low Energy Ion Ring (LEIR), Antiproton Decelerator (AD), ATLAS Visitor Centre (AVC), Data Centre, CERN Controll Center (CCC), Alpha Magnetic Spectrometer POCC, COMPASS, CMS visitor centre, LHCb exhibition + CAST, ALICE exhibition

FAQ

- 1. Can we use the CERN hotel? NO!
- 2. Where to go instead? Geneva Youth Hostel



Teachers want to stay connected!!!

But how?

Through mailing lists, facebook groups, e-mail, website(s), activities, events, follow-up activities, conferences ...

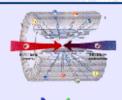
Teachers want to share knowledge!!!

But how?





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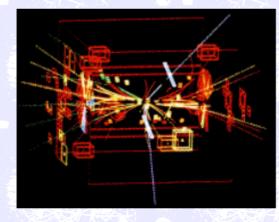
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SITEMAP

WORKING AREA



glossary | FAQ | documents | links | credits | sitemap

Introduction to the RC site



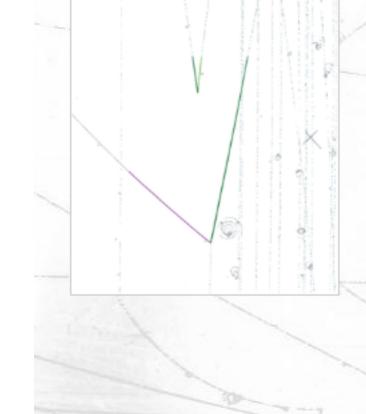
Bubble chamber photographs provide an insightful introduction to the exotic short-lived particles that emerge from all high energy accelerator experiments. When they study proton-proton collisions at the LHC, most of the particles that the physicists will pick up in their modern electronic detectors will be ones first identified in bubble chambers and their precursors, cloud chambers and photographic emulsions.

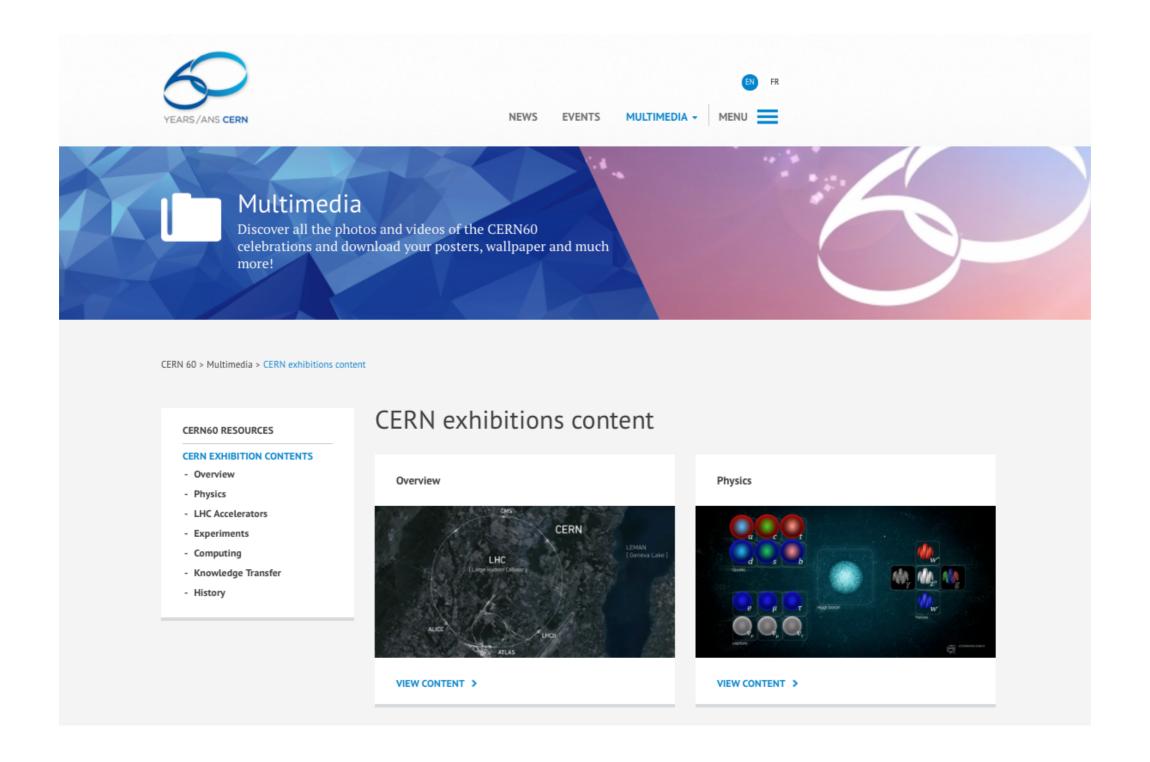
Since they show actual trails of bubbles that are formed as charged particles force their way through an unstable liquid, bubble chamber pictures are perceived by non-particle physicists as real, and therefore a good way to introduce particle physics. The pictures themselves are quite often easy to understand in an intuitive, qualitative way.

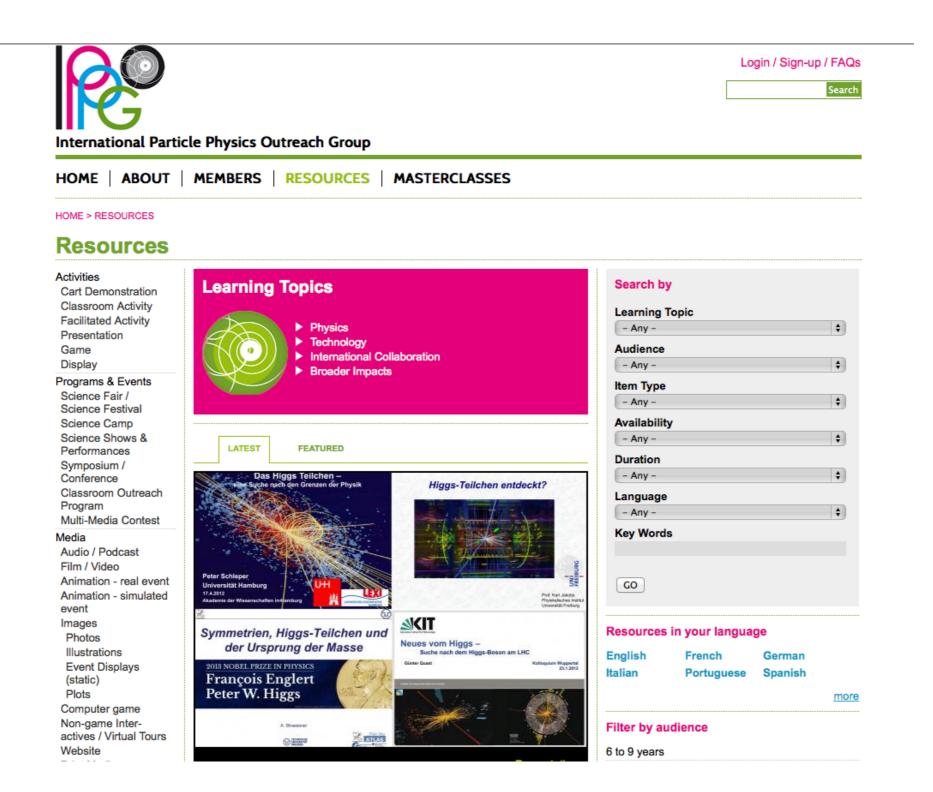
The pictures, moreover, possess a mysterious, cosmic beauty that is particularly appealing to the non-scientist.

Stimulated by the work of participants at the CERN High School Teachers' Summer School over the last few years, this is a limited mini version of a Website aimed at teachers world-wide. Eventually it is hoped that it will be extended and will appear in many languages.

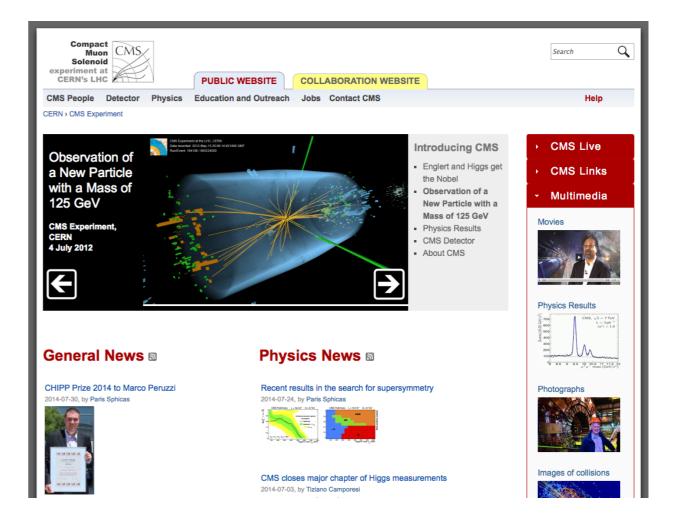
- What is particle physics?
- How does a bubble chamber work?
- How does one 'read' bubble chamber pictures? A step-by-step tutorial.
- A 'Would you like to see a ...?' gallery of pictures with descriptions. showing examples of many of the particles that come out of particle collisions. Some of these are very simple and illustrate ordinary concepts such as momentum conservation and charge conservation in an esoteric setting.
- A glossary of terms used.
- Frequently asked questions.











5. Outlook



Des questions?



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