

2-Loop Higgs Mass Corrections in Effective Potential Approach

Cargèse Summer School 2014

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Introduction



$$m_h = 125.36 \pm 0.41 \text{ GeV (ATLAS)}$$

- Tree-level:

$$m_{h,H}^2 = \frac{1}{2} \left(m_A^2 + m_Z^2 \mp \sqrt{(m_A^2 - m_Z^2)^2 + 4m_Z^2 m_A^2 \sin^2(2\beta)} \right)$$

- $m_h \leq m_Z |\cos(2\beta)|$
- large 1 loop corrections ($\approx 34 \text{ GeV}$)
- 2 loop dominant: $\alpha_s \alpha_{t,b}$, $(\alpha_t + \alpha_b)^2$, $\alpha_\tau \alpha_b$, α_τ^2 corrections ($\approx \text{GeV}$) ($\alpha_s = g_3^2/(4\pi)$)

Approaches for m_h corrections

- Full Diagrammatical Calculation
 - propagator corrections (2-point) with p^2 dependence
 - physical masses = poles of real part of propagator
 - most reliable – most challenging!

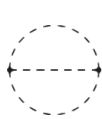
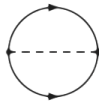
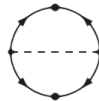
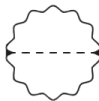
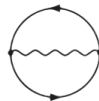
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- Effective Potential Approach (EP)
 - $V_{\text{eff}} =$ vacuum diagrams
 - calculate $\frac{\partial^2 V_{\text{eff}}}{\partial v_i \partial v_j}$ at minimum $\rightarrow \Delta \mathcal{M}_h^2$
 - neglects $\Pi(p^2 = m^2) - \Pi(0)$ and threshold effects
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- Renormalization Group Equations (RGE)
 - use running of gauge couplings to obtain Higgs self-couplings at m_Z
 - large logarithms are resummed

Effective Potential Approach

 SSS  SS  FFS  \overline{FFS}  SSV  VS  VVS  FFV  \overline{FFV}  VV  VVV  ggV

S. Martin, [arXiv:0111209v2]

Summary

- EP approach is easy method (extendable) for m_h at 2-loop
- will be part of SPheno (via SARAH)
- equivalent to diagrammatical for $p^2 = 0$
- Goldstone problem: $m_G = 0$ (Landau gauge)
- currently: p^2 dependent $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_t \alpha_s)$ (1)
- 3-Loop MSSM (2)

(1) S. Borowka, T. Hahn, S. Heinemeyer, G. Heinrich, W. Hollik, arXiv:1404.7074

(2) P. Kant, R.V. Harlander, L. Mihaila, M. Steinhauser, arXiv:1005.5709