

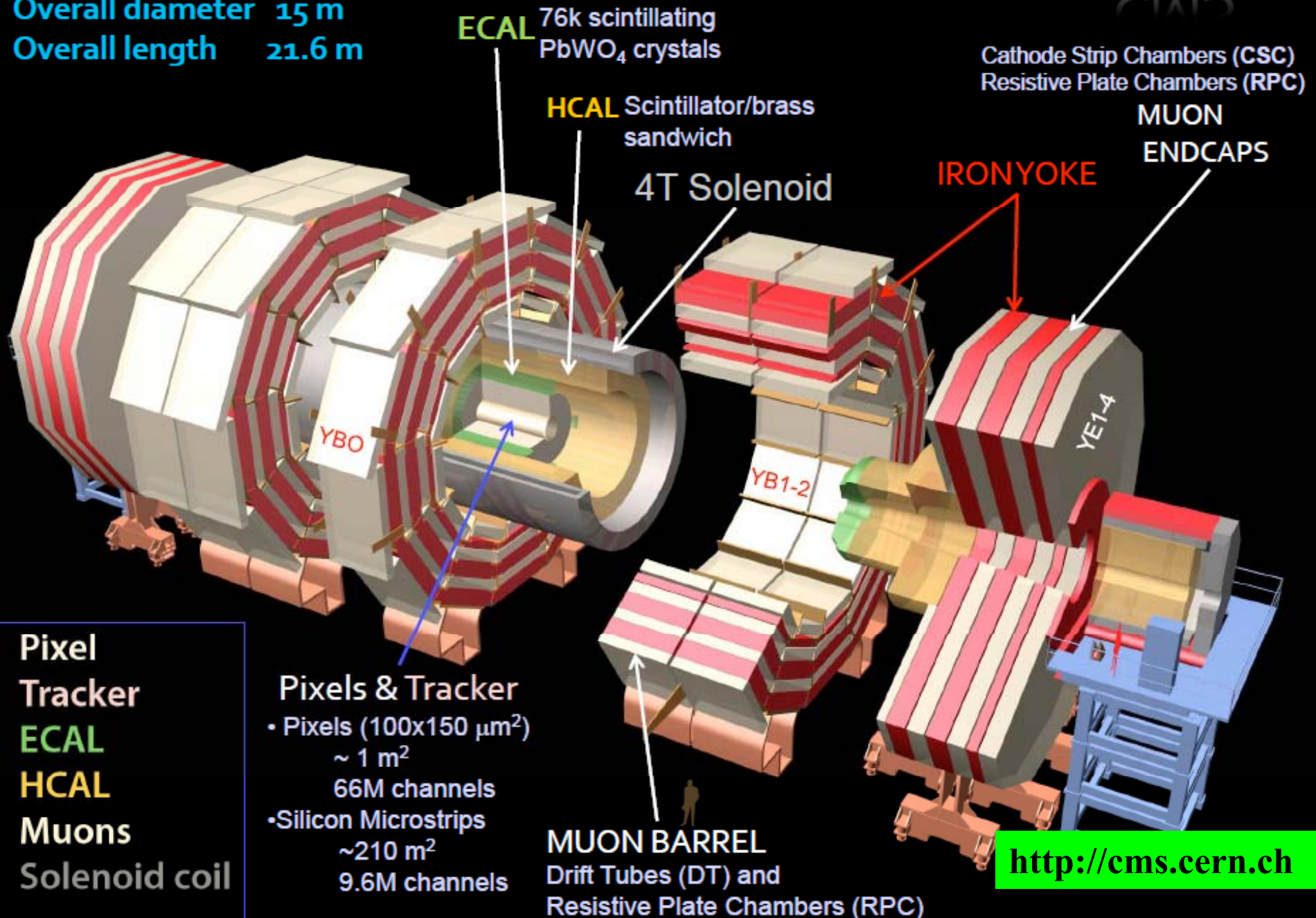
Top quark pair production cross section at CMS

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On behalf of the CMS Collaboration

CMS results: <https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/PhysicsResultsTOP>

Total weight 12500 t
Overall diameter 15 m
Overall length 21.6 m



Pixel Tracker
 ECAL
 HCAL
 Muons
 Solenoid coil

Pixels & Tracker
 • Pixels (100x150 μm²)
 ~ 1 m²
 66M channels
 • Silicon Microstrips
 ~210 m²
 9.6M channels

MUON BARREL
 Drift Tubes (DT) and
 Resistive Plate Chambers (RPC)

<http://cms.cern.ch>

LHC and CMS operation



2012: **23.30 fb⁻¹** delivered by LHC and **21.79 fb⁻¹** recorded by CMS

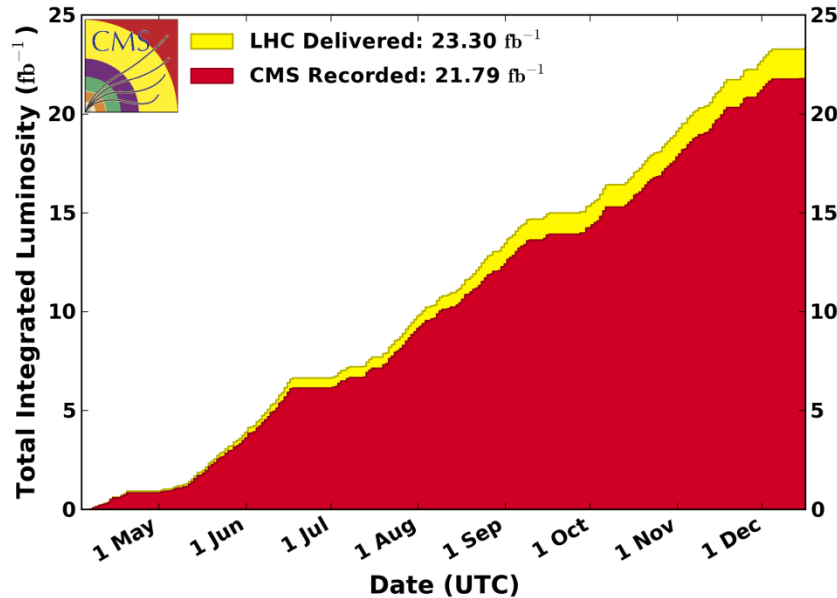
2011: **5.72 fb⁻¹** delivered by LHC and **5.20 fb⁻¹** at 7 TeV

2010 at 7 TeV : ~36 pb⁻¹

Uncertainty on integrated luminosity:
2.2% at 7 TeV / 2.6% at 8 TeV

CMS Integrated Luminosity, pp, 2012, $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV

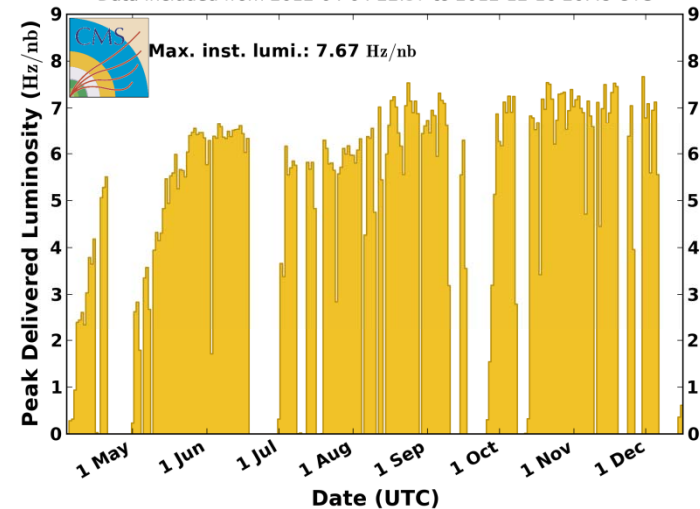
Data included from 2012-04-04 22:37 to 2012-12-16 20:49 UTC



Instantaneous luminosity above $7 \cdot 10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$

CMS Peak Luminosity Per Day, pp, 2012, $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV

Data included from 2012-04-04 22:37 to 2012-12-16 20:49 UTC



Overall data taking efficiency **~94%**.

Average fraction of operational channels per subsystem **>98%**

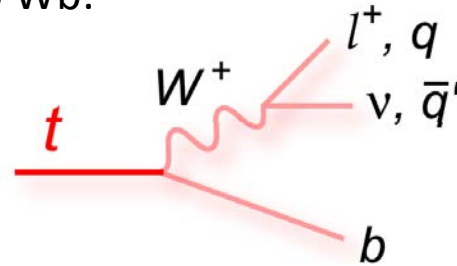
Successfully coping with PileUp at the trigger, DAQ, computing and reconstruction level

Top production and decay channels

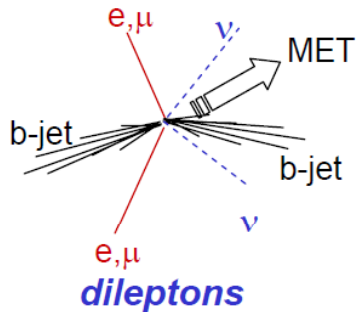
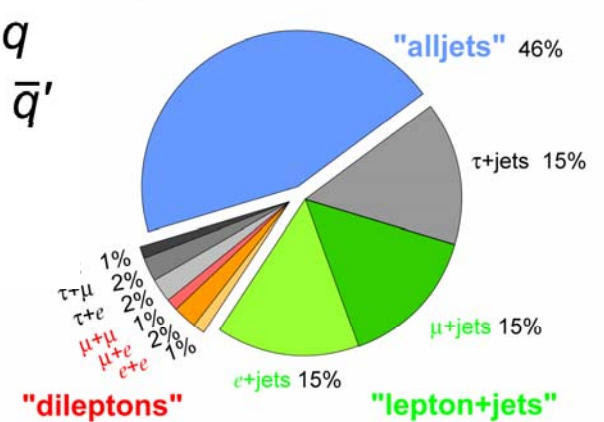
- Production: predominately in top-antitop pairs ($t\bar{t}$)

NNLO $\sigma_{t\bar{t}}$ for $m_{\text{top}} = 173.3 \text{ GeV}$
 (LHC@7TeV) = 172 pb,
 (LHC@8TeV) = 245 pb

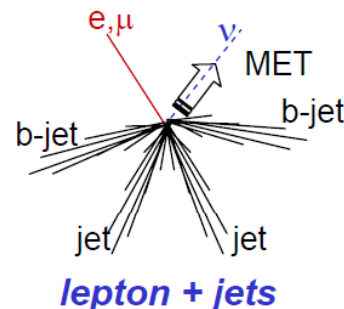
Top quark decays almost exclusively to Wb :



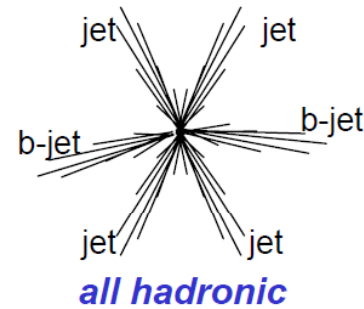
Top Pair Branching Fractions



BR: $\sim 5\%$
 Bkg: small
 Mainly: Z+jets
 dibosons



$\sim 30\%$ (e, μ)
 medium
 W+jets



$\sim 46\%$
 huge
 QCD multijets

Selection requirements

CMS PAS PFT-10-002

Trigger

- Single/double (isolated) leptons
- and/or based on hadronic activity

Jets

- Anti- k_T algorithm with $R=0.5$
- $p_T > 30-45$ GeV $|\eta| < 2.5$
- b-tagging

Leptons (e, μ , τ) with $p_T > 20-30$ GeV

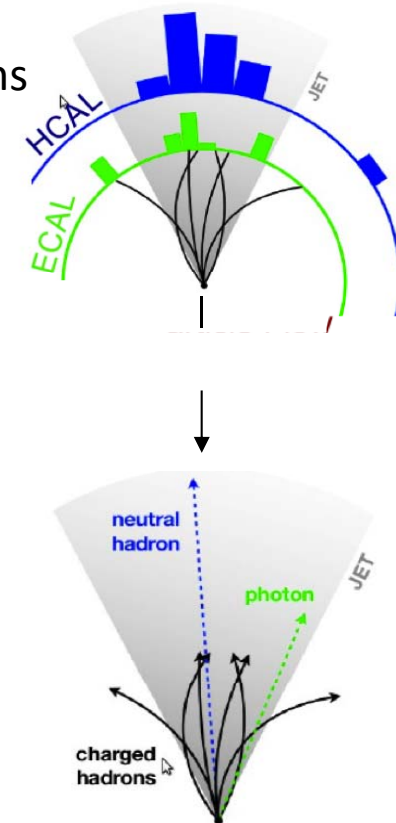
- Isolation in tracker and calorimeters
- Reconstruction and ID quality cuts

Missing transverse energy (E_T^{miss})

- In some analyses, $> 20-60$ GeV

“Particle Flow” reconstruction and identification combining information from all subdetectors:

- charged hadrons
- photons
- neutral hadrons
- muons
- electrons

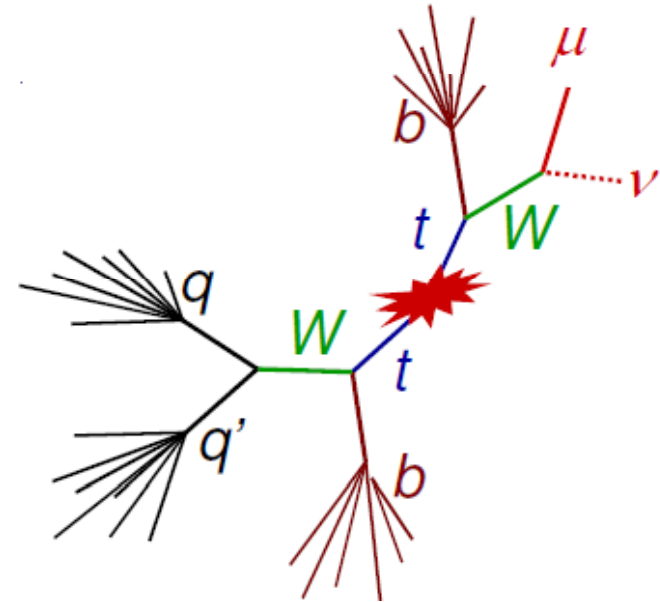


Leptons + jets

$$tt \rightarrow lvqqbb$$

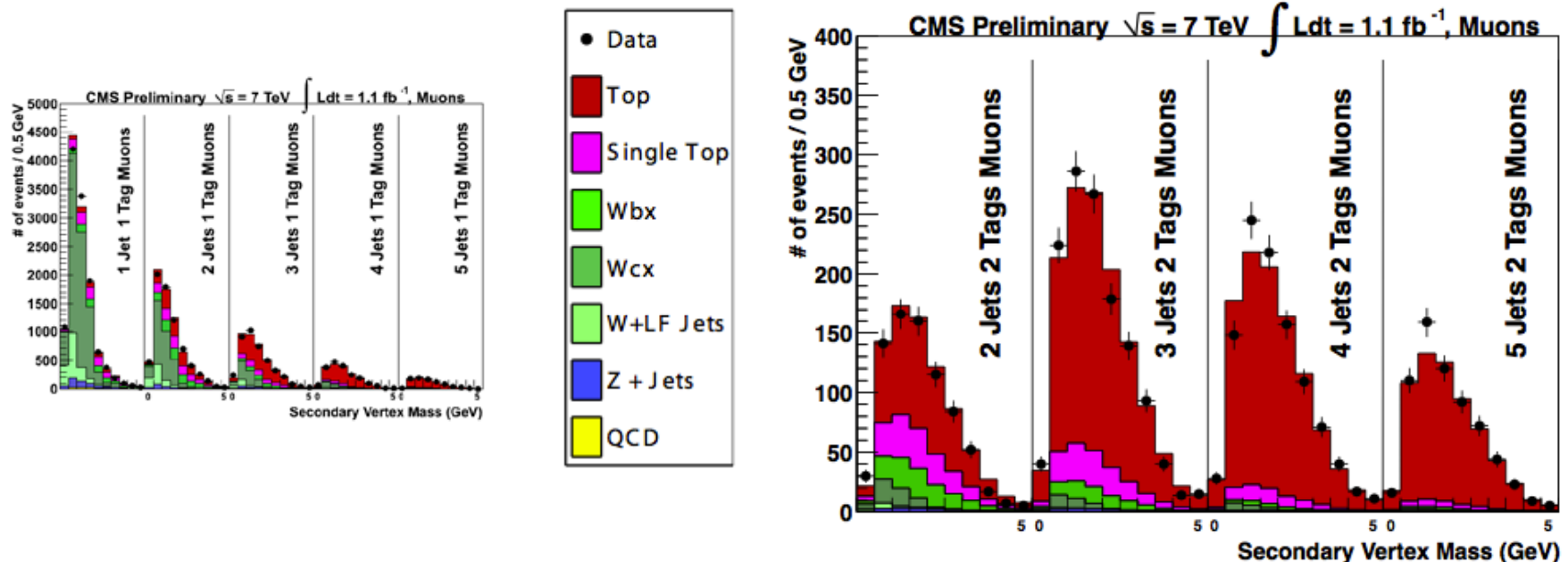
Common strategies:

- Trigger
- Require 1 isolated lepton (e, μ)
- high p_T (~ 30 GeV)
- veto on additional leptons
- at least 4 jets
- at least 1 b-tagged jet



Leptons + jets at 7 TeV

- Multijet shape from MC, normalization from data
- Profile Likelihood fit to Secondary vertex mass in N(jets), N(b-tagged jets) plane
- Some systematic uncertainties treated as nuisance parameters (Q2, b-tag eff.)



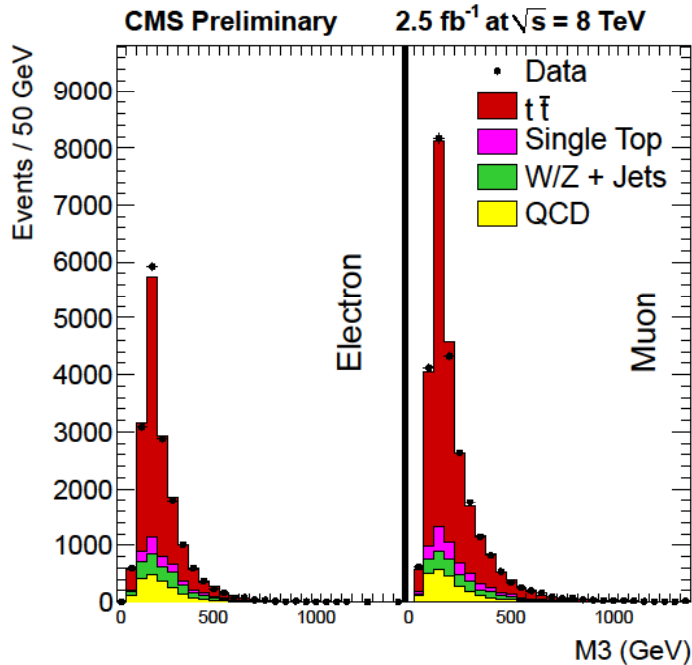
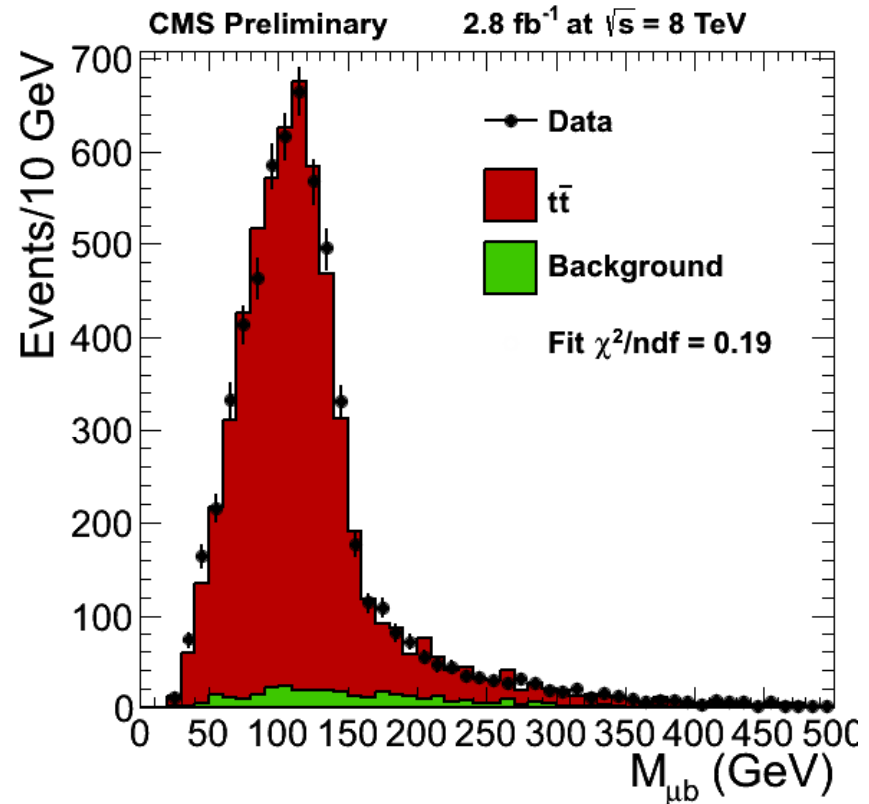
$$\sigma_{tt} = (158.1 \pm 2.1 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 10.2 \text{ (syst.)} \pm 3.5 \text{ (lumi.)}) \text{ pb}, \quad \Delta\sigma_{tt} / \sigma_{tt} = 6.9\%$$

Main systematics: lepton efficiencies 3%, jet energy scale 2.4%

Leptons + jets at 8 TeV



- Binned likelihood fit to M_{lb} distribution
- Related to the leptonic top quark mass
- Cross-check analysis: invariant mass of three-jet combination with highest p_T
- Data driven templates for QCD background: multijet shape and normalization from data



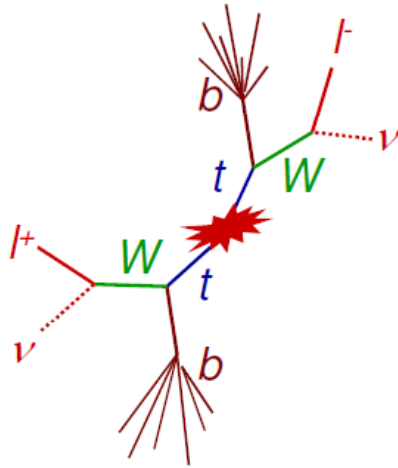
$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}} = (228.4 \pm 9.0(\text{stat.}) + 29-26(\text{syst.}) \pm 10.0(\text{lumi.})) \text{pb}, \quad \Delta\sigma_{t\bar{t}} / \sigma_{t\bar{t}} = 14.0\%$$

Main systematics: b-tagging efficiency 8%,
jet energy scale 5%

Results with 19.6 fb⁻¹
expected soon

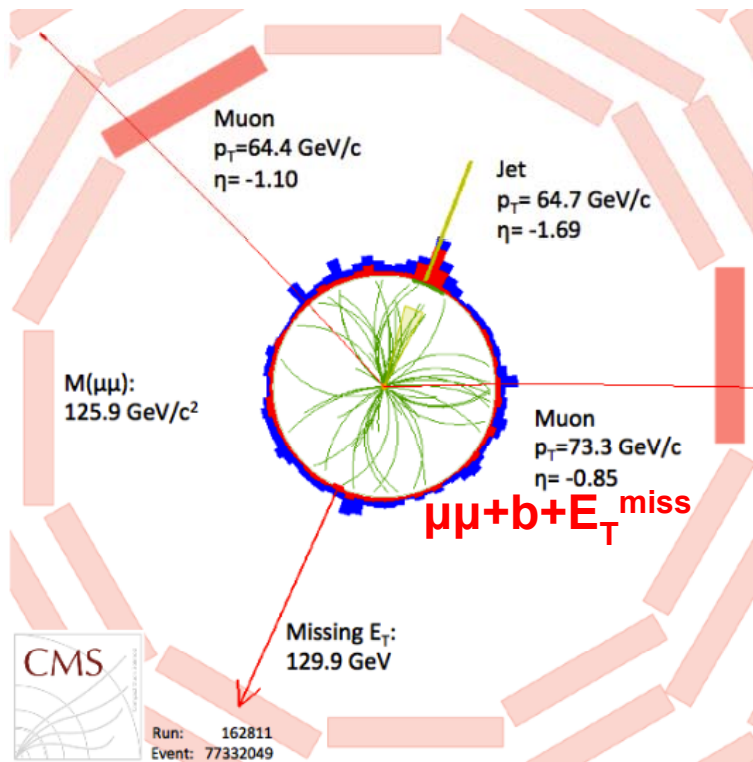
Dileptons

$tt \rightarrow l\nu l\nu b\bar{b}$

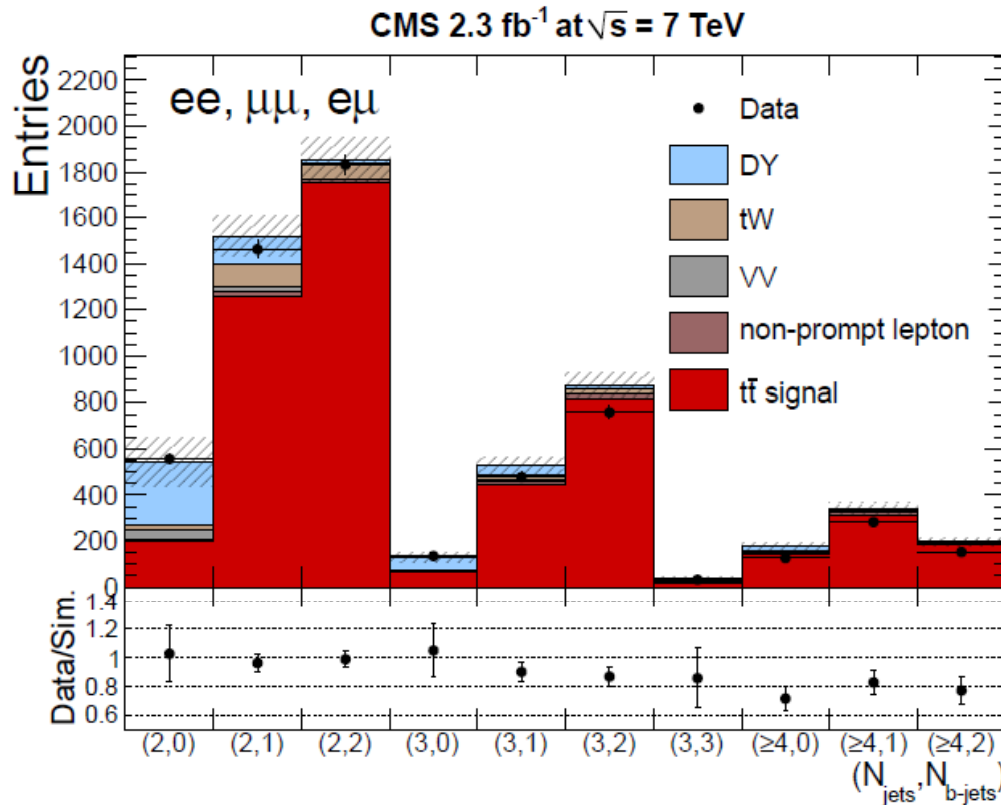


Common strategies:

- 2 OS isolated leptons
 - with high p_T
 - veto Z mass region for ee and $\mu\mu$
 - at least 2 jets
 - minimum E_T^{miss}
- DY and QCD lepton backgrounds estimated from data



Dileptons at 7 TeV



- Profile likelihood fit to jet multiplicity, b-tagged jet multiplicity
- DY events (inside the dilepton invariant mass window) estimated from sidebands
- Cross-check: cut-based analysis requiring 1 b-tagged jet

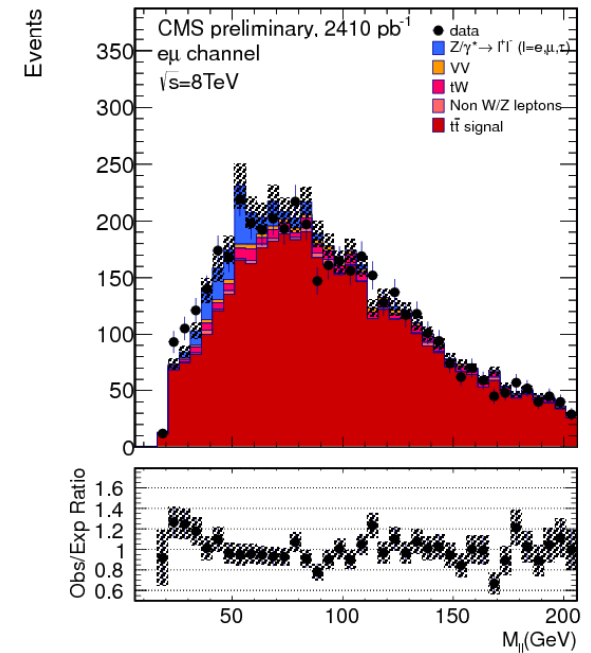
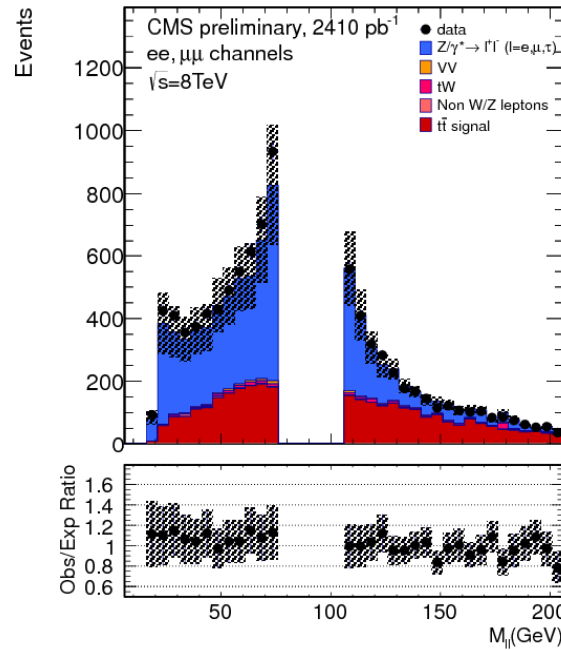
$$\sigma_{\text{tt}} = (161.9 \pm 2.5 \text{ (stat.)} + 5.1\text{-}5.0 \text{ (syst.)} \pm 3.6 \text{ (lumi.)}) \text{ pb}, \quad \Delta\sigma_{\text{tt}} / \sigma_{\text{tt}} = 4.2\%$$

Main systematics: lepton efficiencies 1.7%, jet energy scale 1.8%

Dileptons at 8 TeV



- Very low background
- Require 1 b-tagged jet
- Cut-based analysis
- DY events (inside the dilepton invariant mass window) estimated from sidebands



$$\sigma_{tt} = (226.8 \pm 3.1 \text{ (stat.)} + 10.7 \text{ (syst.)} - 10.0 \text{ (lumi.)}) \text{ pb,}$$

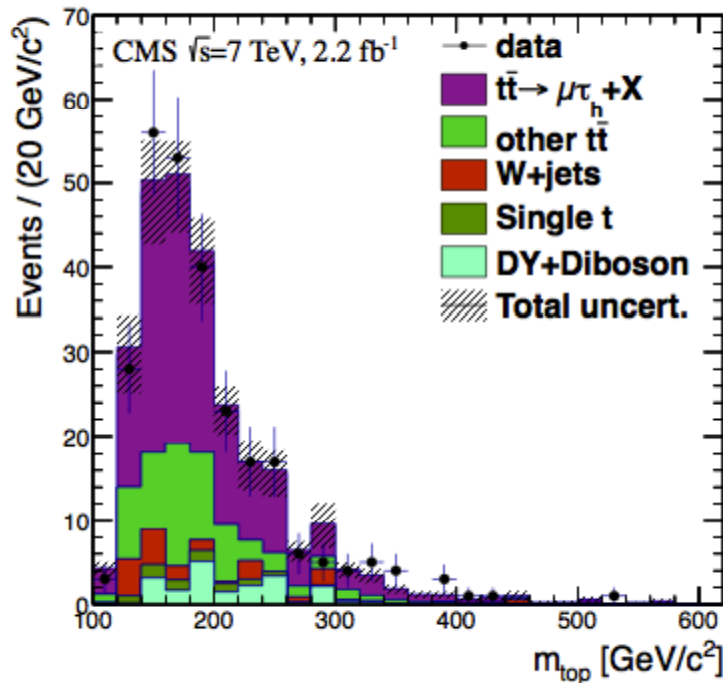
$$\Delta\sigma_{tt} / \sigma_{tt} = 6.6\%$$

Main systematics: lepton efficiencies 2%, jet energy scale 3%

**Results with 19.6 fb⁻¹
expected soon**

Dileptons ($\tau, e/\mu$) at 7 TeV

$tt \rightarrow \tau\nu l\nu bb$

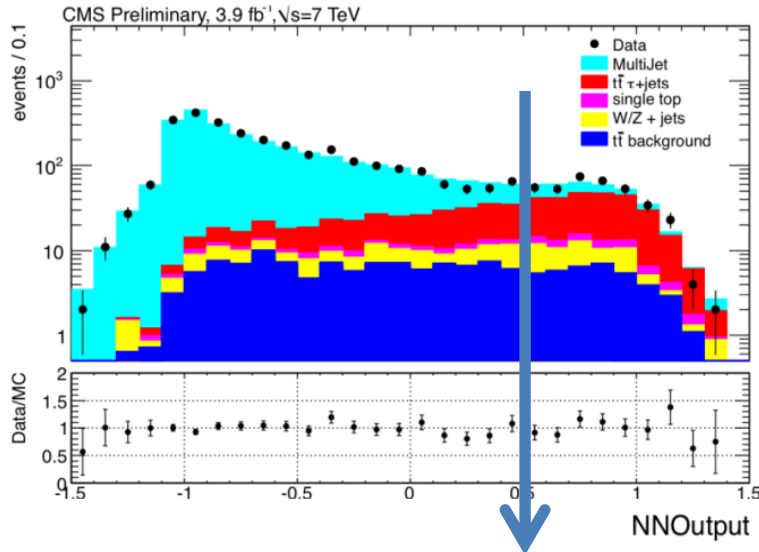


- Hadronic tau decays
- Based on PF, uses tracker and ECAL info to reconstruct and identify 1- and 3-prong decays plus photons from π^0 decays
- Profile likelihood fit to jet multiplicity, b-tagged jet multiplicity
- Cross-check: cut-based analysis requiring 1 b-tagged jet

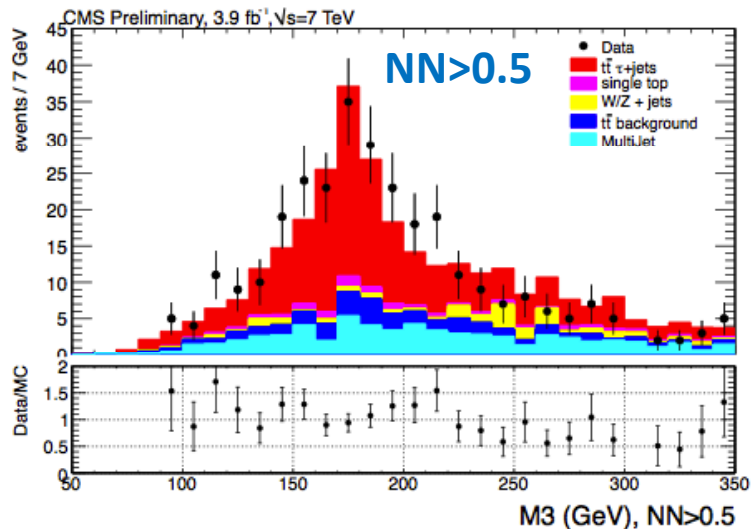
$\sigma_{tt} = (143 \pm 14 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 22 \text{ (syst.)} \pm 3 \text{ lumi.}) \text{ pb}, \quad \Delta\sigma_{tt} / \sigma_{tt} = 18\%$
 Main systematics: τ identification 6%, jet energy scale 6%

$\tau + \text{jets at 7 TeV}$

$t\bar{t} \rightarrow \tau\nu q\bar{q}b\bar{b}$



- At least 4 jets
- \geq one b-tagged jet
- \geq hadronically decaying τ
- Minimum E_{τ}^{miss}
- Hadronic tau decays
- QCD background extracted from data
- Profile likelihood fit to NN output
- Cross-check: cut-based analysis requiring 1 b-tagged jet



$\sigma_{t\bar{t}} = (152 \pm 12 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 32 \text{ (syst.)} \pm 3 \text{ (lumi.)}) \text{ pb}, \quad \Delta\sigma_{t\bar{t}} / \sigma_{t\bar{t}} = 23\%$
 Main systematics: τ identification 9%, τ energy scale 7%, τ trigger eff. 7%, jet energy scale 11%

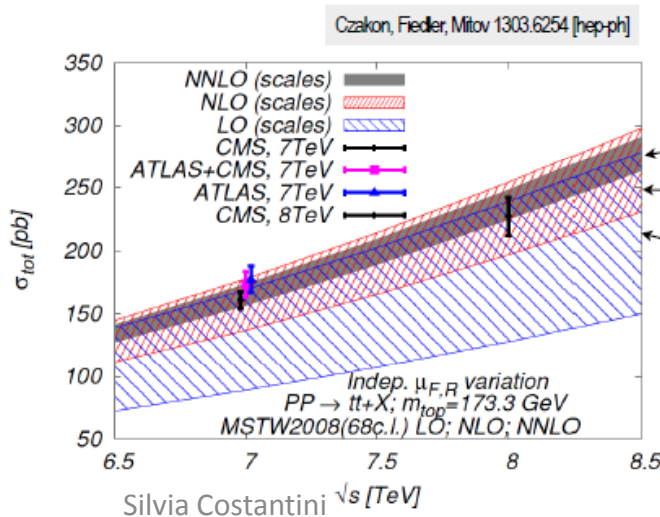
Comparison with theory



Approx. NNLO calculations, LHC @ 8 TeV

- Full NLO matrix element and approximate NNLO calculations for σ_{tot} by several groups
- **Exact NNLO calculations recently available**
- scale uncertainty: $\sim 3\%$

Authors	($\sigma_{\text{tt}} \pm \text{scale} \pm \text{PDF}$) pb
HATHOR, Moch et al. arXiv 1203.6282	202.1 +11.3-14.5 \pm 8.5 (ABM11 PDFs)
HATHOR, Moch et al. arXiv 1203.6282	249.9 +14.0-18.2 +6.2-6.3 (MSTW PDFs)
Cacciari et al. ,arXiv 1111.5869	228.6 +18.2-19.8 +5.6-5.9
Kidonakis, arXiv 1205.3453	234 +10-7 \pm 12
Ahrens et al., 1105.5824	224.7 +11.8-12.2 +10.8 -11.6
Czakon, Mitov, , 1303.6254	245.8 +6.2-8.4 \pm 6.2



CMS at 8 TeV, $\Delta\sigma_{\text{tt}} / \sigma_{\text{tt}} = 6.6\%$:

$$\sigma_{\text{tt}} = 227 \pm 3 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 11 \text{ (syst.)} \pm 10 \text{ (lumi) pb}$$

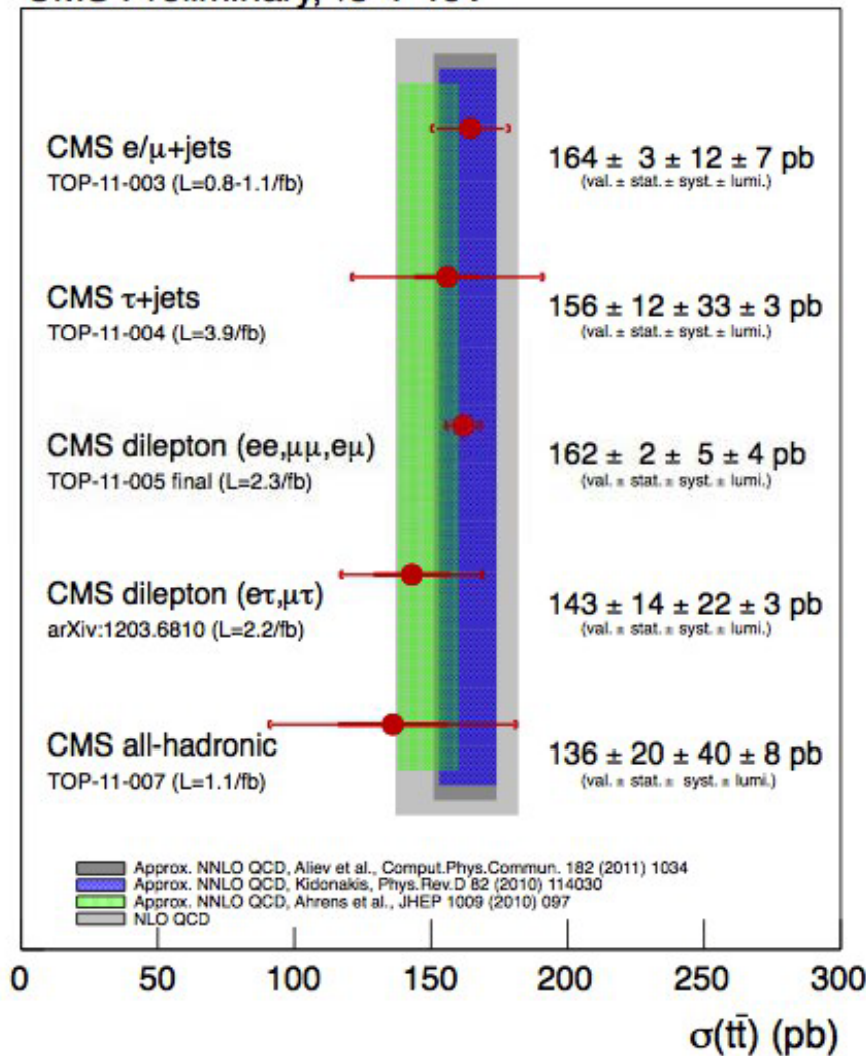
Challenging theory predictions

Results at 7 and 8 TeV

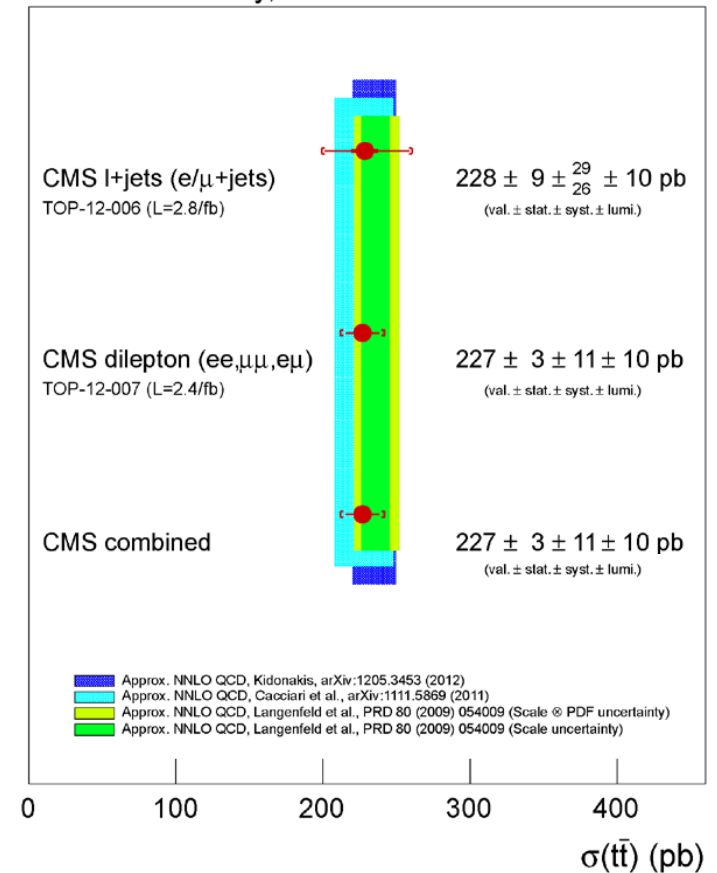


- Combination with a BLUE method
- Lepton ID, b-tagging, background normalization treated as uncorrelated syst. uncertainties
- PU, BR, JES, JER, theory and luminosity treated as correlated

CMS Preliminary, $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV



CMS Preliminary, $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV



Differential cross sections

Key measurements to experimental and theoretical precision
Access to higher orders

- Differential distributions as a function of various variables: top quark p_T , jet p_T , pseudo(rapidity), M_{lb} , ...

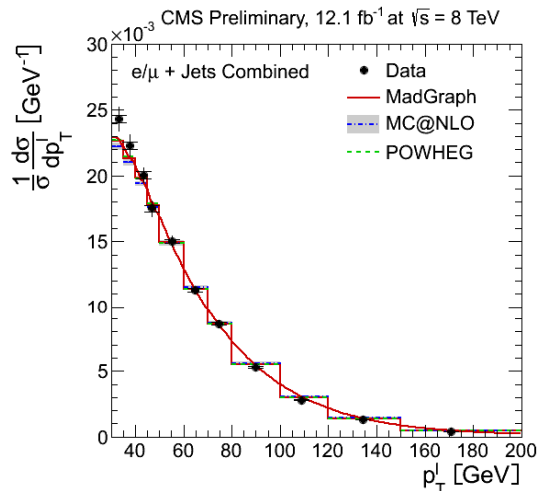
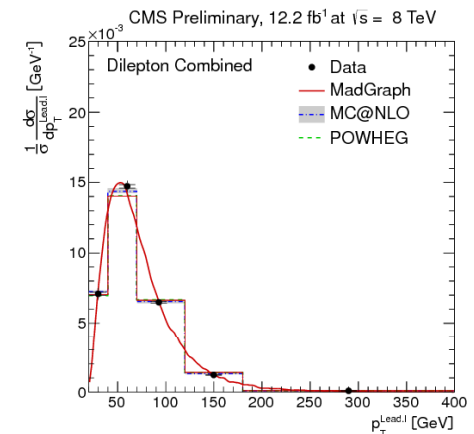
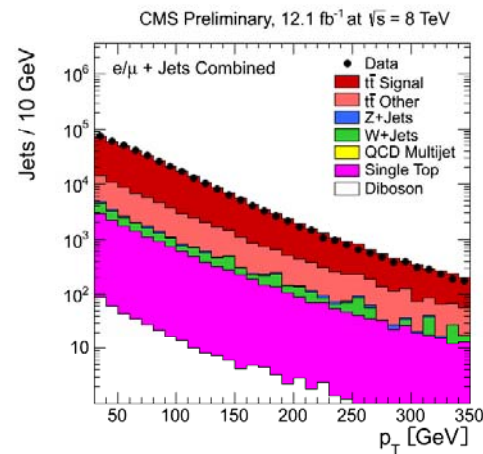
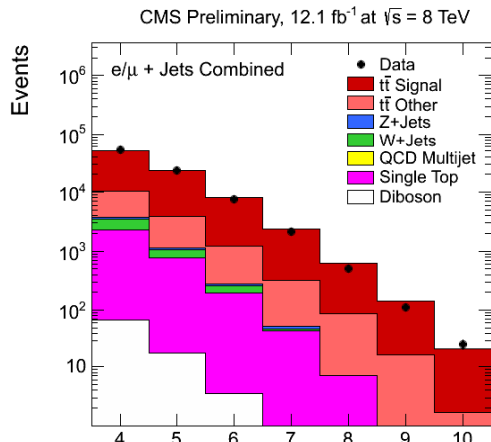
Differential cross sections

+jets: CMS PAS TOP-12-027 12.1 fb⁻¹

- e/μ + jets
- At least 4 jets with p_T > 30 GeV, 1 lepton with p_T > 30 GeV
- 2 b-tagged jets

Dileptons: CMS PAS TOP-12-028 12.1 fb⁻¹

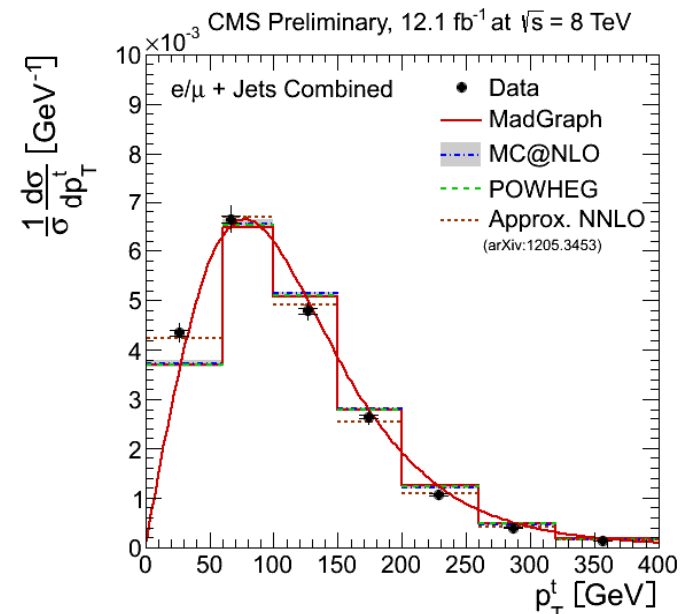
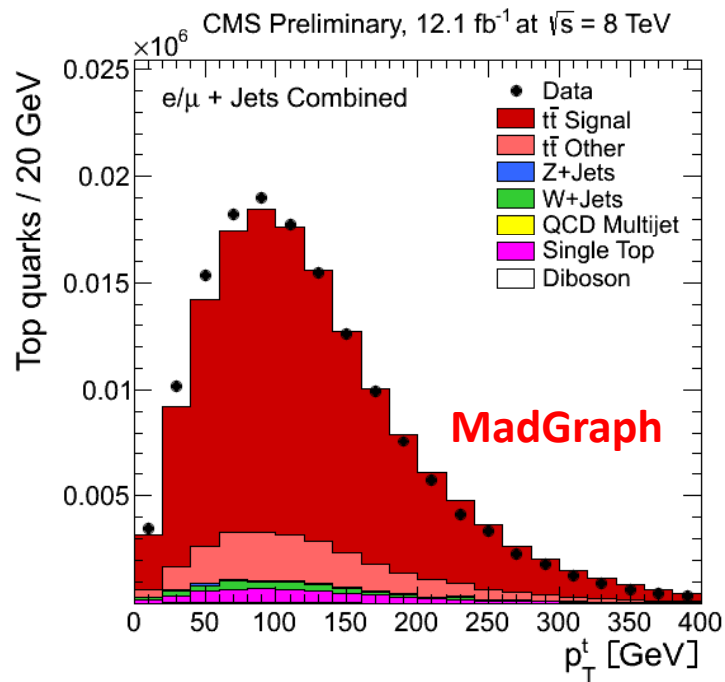
- ee, μμ, eμ
- Two opposite charge, isolated leptons with p_T > 20 GeV
- ee, μμ outside Z mass window (91 ± 15) GeV



- Good agreement with SM predictions
- More distributions available

Differential cross sections

- Top quark p_T : discrepancies observed between NLO+PS generators and data, as well as between NLO+PS and approx. NNLO predictions.

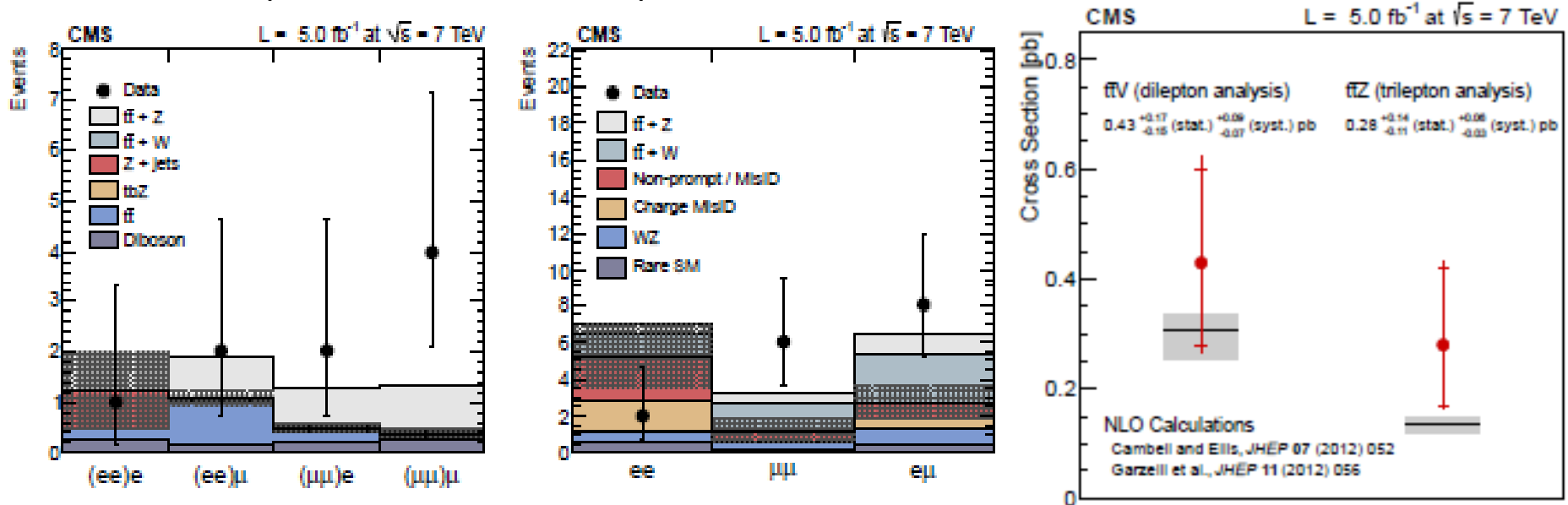


Shape differences taken into account as systematic uncertainties in recent measurements

Associated production

- $tt + W/Z$
- $tt + \text{jets}$
- $tt+bb$

Associated production of Vector Bosons with top-antitop pairs at 7 TeV
 Measurement performed in two independent channels



Trilepton channel,
 $p_T > 20, 20, 10$ GeV
 $HT > 120$ GeV

Exclusive search for ttZ
 Only events with $70 < m_{ll} < 110$ GeV

Dilepton channel (SS), $p_T > 55, 30$ GeV
 $HT > 100$ GeV
 Inclusive search for ttZ, ttW

Compatible with
 NLO calculations

Combining all 7 channels: ttV signal significance of 4.67 σ

$$\sigma_{ttV} = 0.43 + 0.17 - 0.15 \text{ (stat.)} + 0.09 - 0.07 \text{ (syst.) pb}$$

$$\sigma_{ttZ} = 0.28 + 0.14 - 0.11 \text{ (stat.)} + 0.06 - 0.03 \text{ (syst.) pb}$$

tt + jets

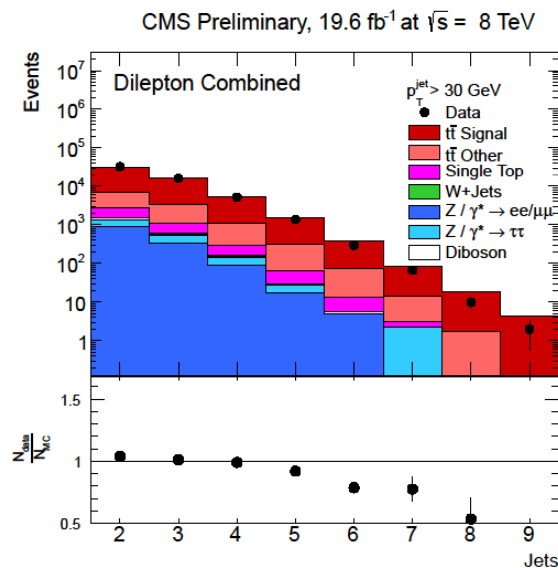


- Differential cross section measured as a function of the jet multiplicity for different jet p_T
- Measurement performed in the ee, e μ , $\mu\mu$ decay channels
- Require at least 2 isolated leptons, $p_T > 20$ GeV, with invariant mass outside Z window

At least 2 jets with $p_T > 30$ GeV

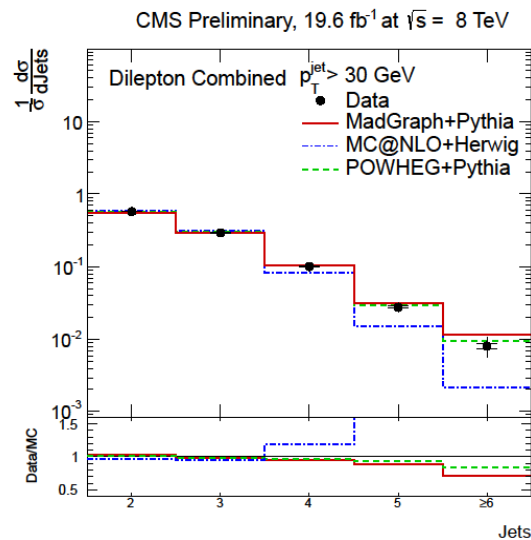
At least 1 b-tagged jet

Reasonable description of the data by NLO generators



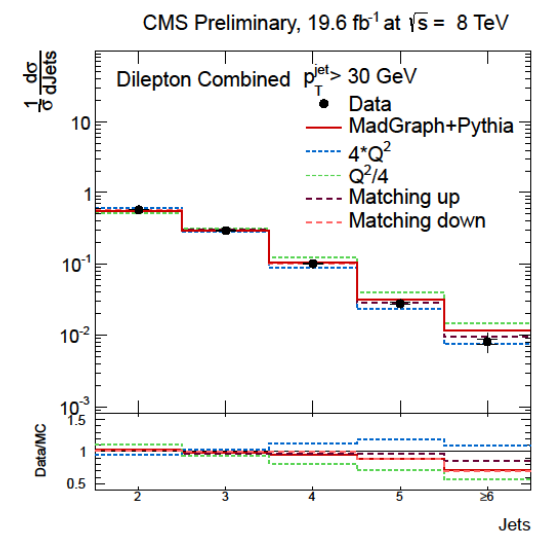
- Slightly higher jet multiplicity predicted by simulation

Silvia Costantini



- Lower multiplicity by MC@NLO +Herwig

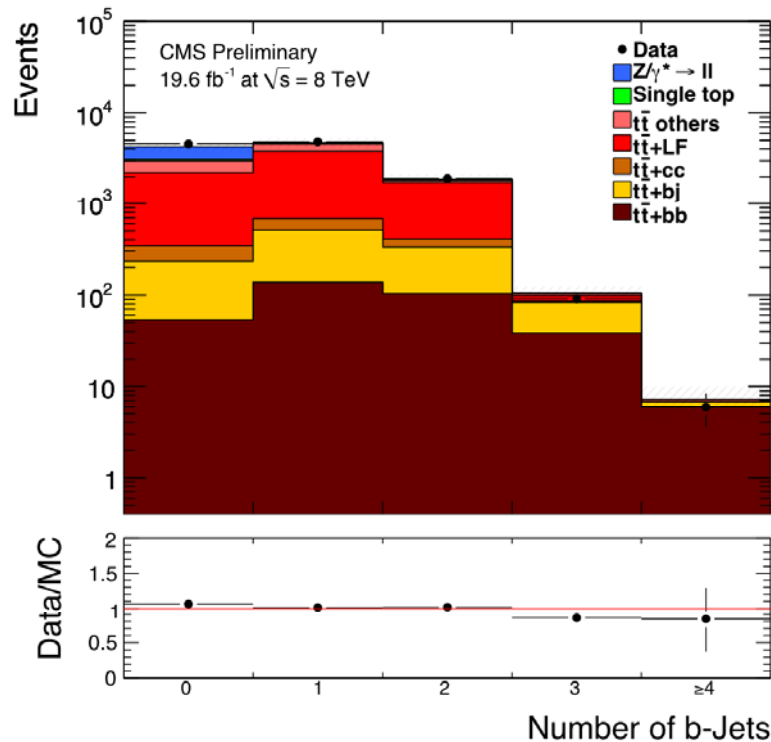
Pascos 2013 19-26 November 2013



- Slightly worse description by MadGraph with $Q^2/4$

21

tt + bb



- Study of heavy flavour content in tt events
- Comparison with NLO QCD calculations
- Searches for ttH

- Dilepton events
- ≥ 4 jets with $p_T > 20$ (40) GeV
- ≥ 2 b-tagged jets

- Measurement performed in the visible phase space

Experimental uncertainties cancel out in the cross section ratio

$$0.023 \pm 0.003 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.005 \text{ (syst.) at Jet } p_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\sigma(t\bar{t}b\bar{b}) / \sigma(t\bar{t}j\bar{j}) =$$

$$0.022 \pm 0.004 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.005 \text{ (syst.) at Jet } p_T > 40 \text{ GeV}$$

Summary

- Measurements of with (almost) all experimental signatures at 7 TeV and 8 TeV
- Experimental uncertainties on σ_{tt} : $\sim 4\%-7\%$
- Challenging theory predictions
- New measurements at 8 TeV to appear soon at:

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/PhysicsResultsTOP>

Additional slides

First α_s determination from $t\bar{t}$ cross section

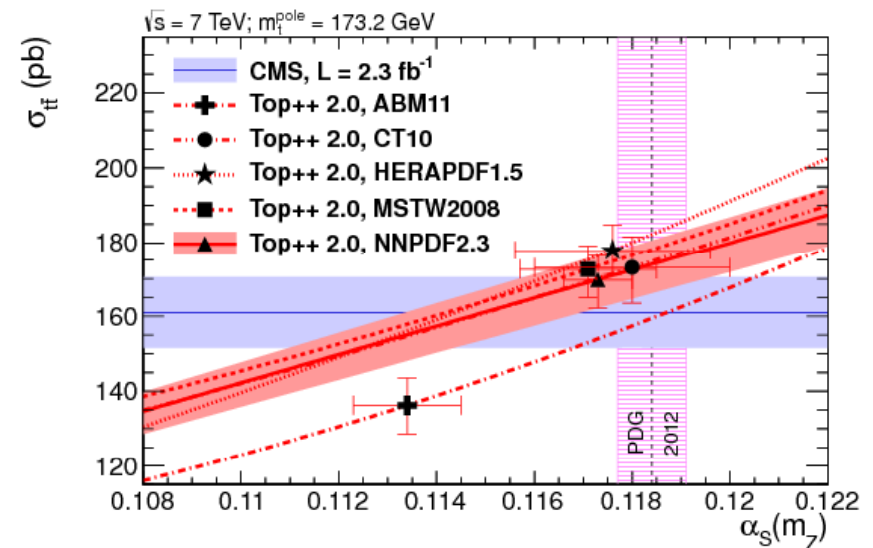
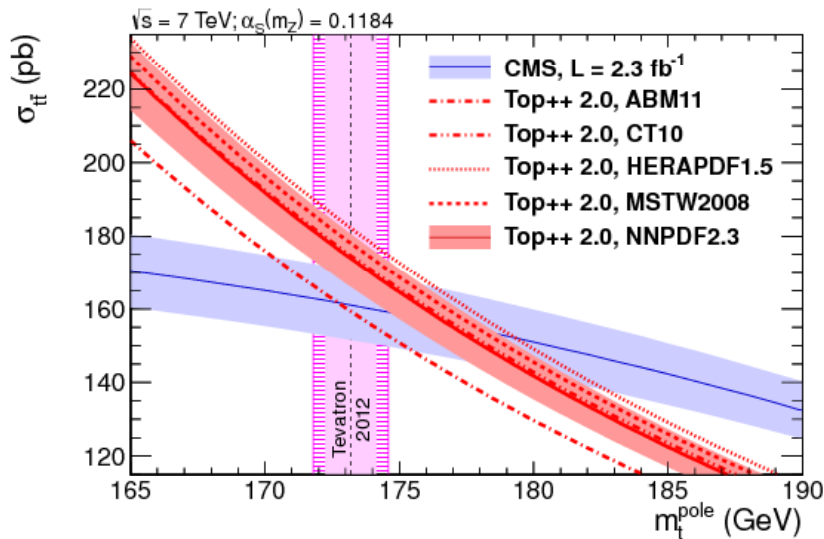
CMS PAS TOP-11-005 5 fb⁻¹

CMS PAS TOP-12-022

Subm. to Phys. Lett. B

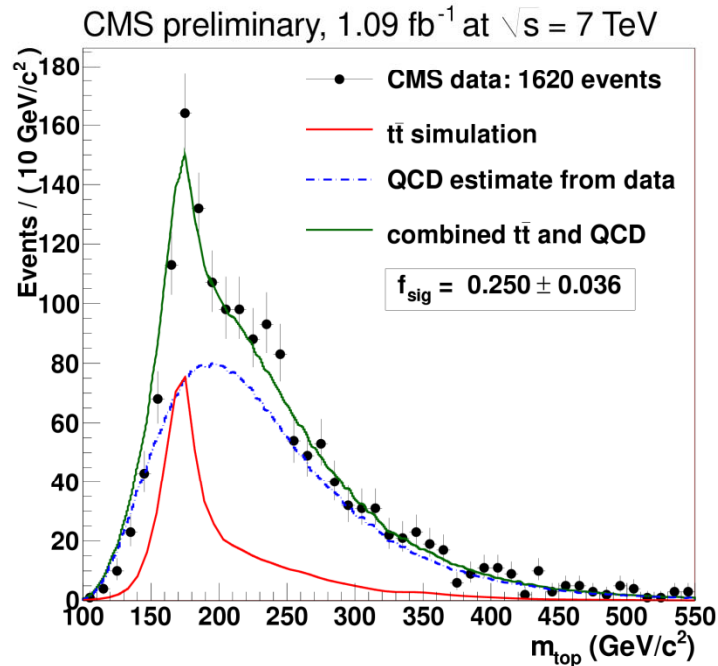
- Approx. NNLO QCD + different PDFs used to extract α_s from the $t\bar{t}$ cross section at 7 TeV. First determination of α_s from t quark production
- With PDF set NNPDF2.3, a pole mass $m_t = (176.7 + 3.8 - 3.4)$ GeV is obtained when constraining α_s at the m_Z scale
- Alternatively, by constraining m_t to the latest average from direct mass measurements, a value of $\alpha_s(m_Z) = 0.1151 + 0.0033 - 0.0032$ is extracted.

Most precise determination at hadron colliders



Fully hadronic at 7 TeV

$t\bar{t} \rightarrow q\bar{q}q\bar{q}b\bar{b}$



- Very high multijet background
- At least 6 jets
- With different high p_t thresholds
- Require 2 b-tagged jet (essential against QCD)
- QCD estimate from data, reweighted from 0 b-tag control region
- Unbinned likelihood fit to reconstructed top mass

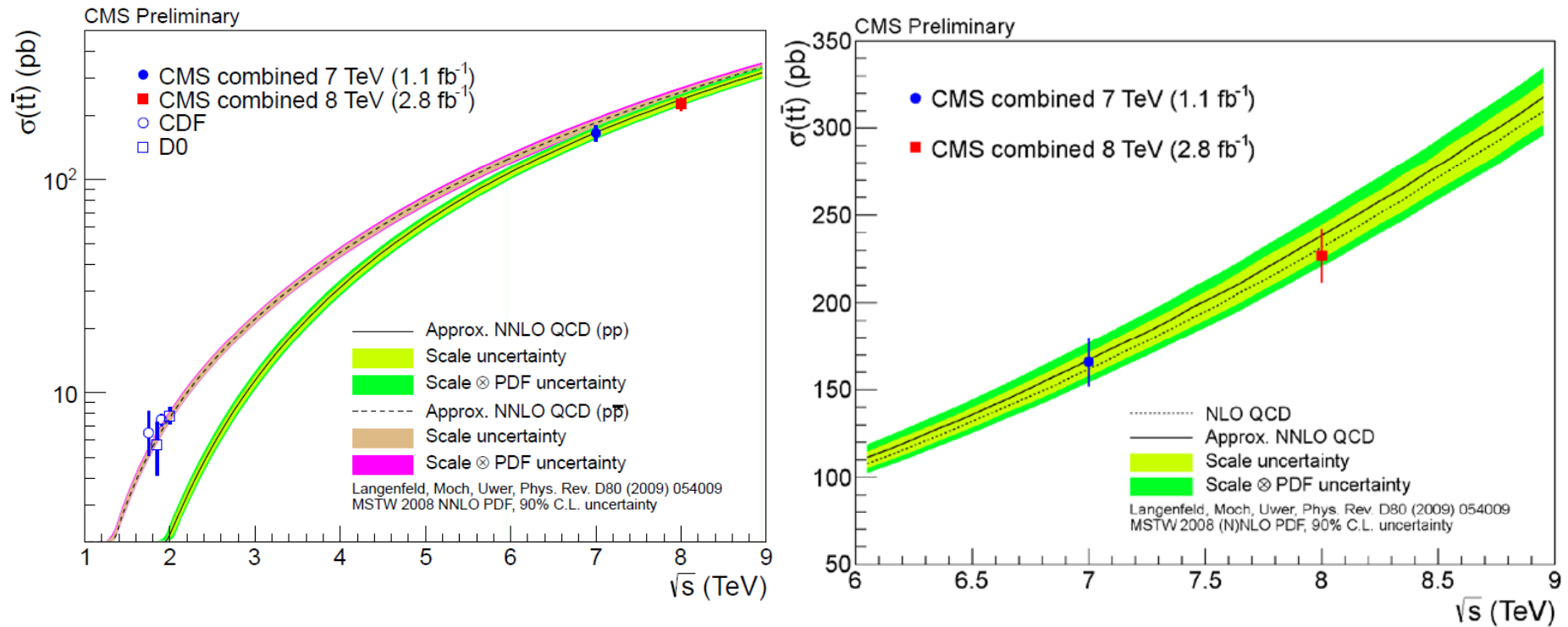
$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}} = (139 \pm 10 \text{ (stat.)} + 26 \text{ (syst.)} \pm 3 \text{ (lumi.)}) \text{ pb,}$$

$$\Delta\sigma_{t\bar{t}} / \sigma_{t\bar{t}} = 20\%$$

Main systematics: b-tagging efficiency 6%, background contribution, jet energy scale 10%

Results at 7 and 8 TeV (2)

Ratio 8/7 TeV



Ratio $R_{8/7} = (1.41 \pm 0.10)$ in the dilepton channel

Assuming fully correlated theoretical systematic uncertainties

Assuming uncorrelated experimental uncertainties

The systematic uncertainty due to the BR cancels out in the ratio