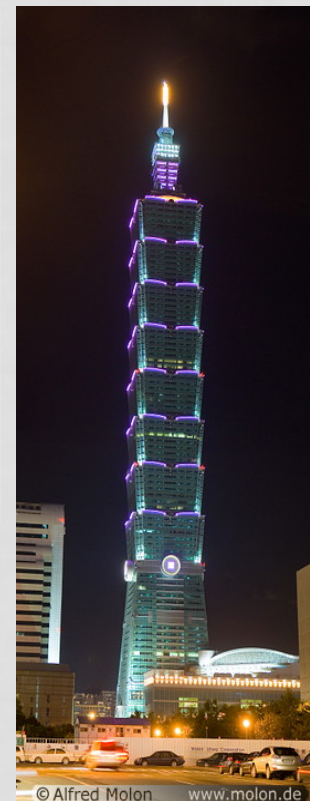


Search for non-SM Higgs bosons with CMS

Chayanit Asawatangtrakuldee (Peking University)
on behalf of the CMS collaboration

PASCOS2013 • 20-26 Nov 2013
Taipei (Taiwan)





Compact Muon Solenoid (CMS)

CMS DETECTOR

Total weight : 14,000 tonnes
 Overall diameter : 15.0 m
 Overall length : 28.7 m
 Magnetic field : 3.8 T

STEEL RETURN YOKE
 12,500 tonnes

SILICON TRACKERS
 Pixel (100x150 μm) $\sim 16\text{m}^2 \sim 66\text{M}$ channels
 Microstrips (80x180 μm) $\sim 200\text{m}^2 \sim 9.6\text{M}$ channels

SUPERCONDUCTING SOLENOID
 Niobium titanium coil carrying $\sim 18,000\text{A}$

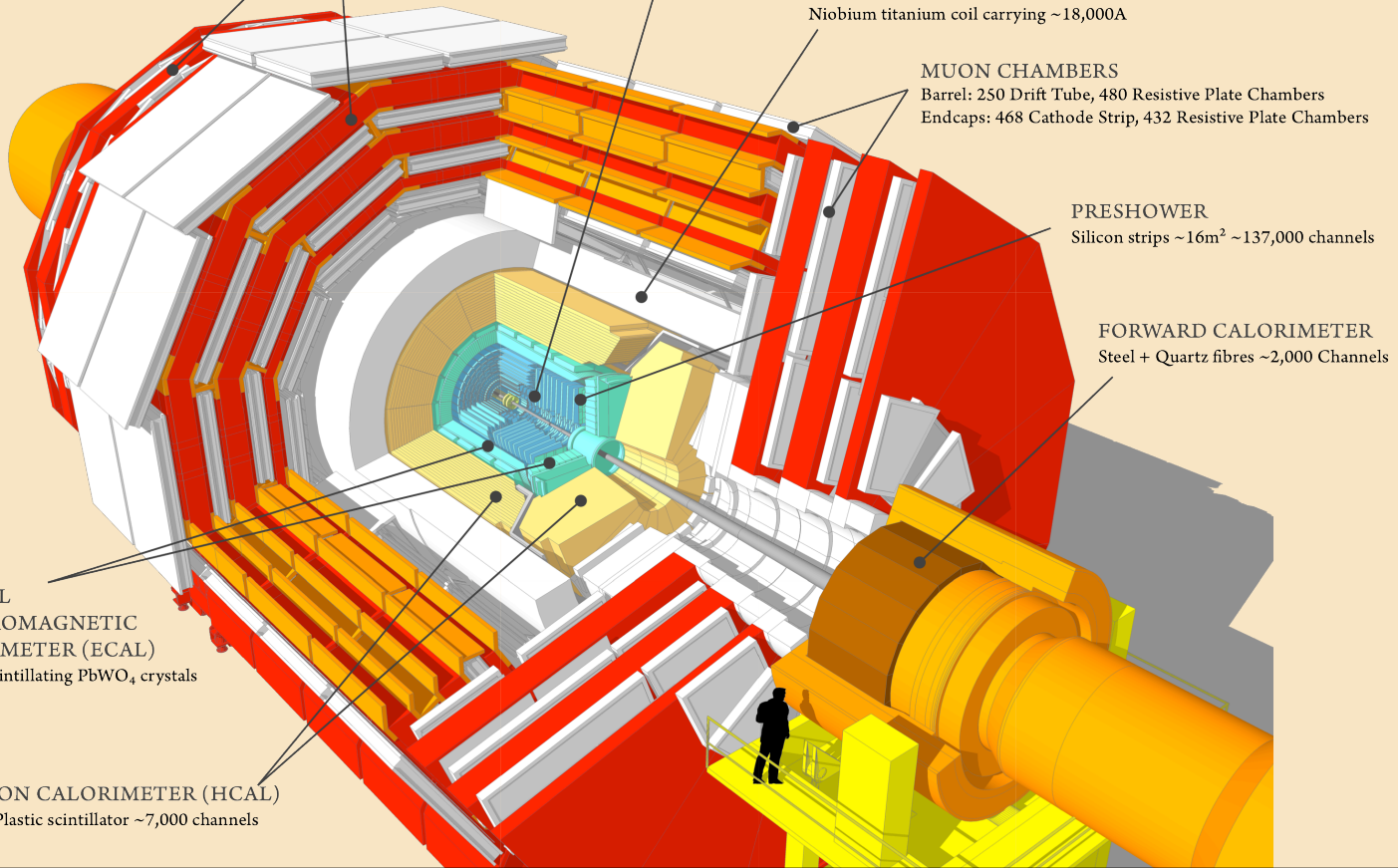
MUON CHAMBERS
 Barrel: 250 Drift Tube, 480 Resistive Plate Chambers
 Endcaps: 468 Cathode Strip, 432 Resistive Plate Chambers

PRESHOWER
 Silicon strips $\sim 16\text{m}^2 \sim 137,000$ channels

FORWARD CALORIMETER
 Steel + Quartz fibres $\sim 2,000$ Channels

CRYSTAL ELECTROMAGNETIC CALORIMETER (ECAL)
 $\sim 76,000$ scintillating PbWO_4 crystals

HADRON CALORIMETER (HCAL)
 Brass + Plastic scintillator $\sim 7,000$ channels



What're in this talk?

**non-SM
Higgs**

“Invisible Higgs”

VBF $H \rightarrow$ invisible	CMS PAS HIG 13-013
$Z(\ell\ell)H, H \rightarrow$ invisible	CMS PAS HIG 13-018
$Z(bb)H, H \rightarrow$ invisible	CMS PAS HIG 13-028

“MSSM Higgs sector”

$\Phi \rightarrow \tau\tau$	CMS PAS HIG 13-021
$\Phi \rightarrow \mu\mu$	CMS PAS HIG 12-011
$\Phi \rightarrow bb$	CMS PAS HIG 12-033
$H^\pm \rightarrow \tau^\pm\nu$	CMS PAS HIG 11-019, HIG 12-052

“NMSSM Higgs”

$h \rightarrow 2a + X \rightarrow 4\mu + X$	CMS PAS HIG 13-010
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Introduction

The discovery of a new Boson (The Nobel Prize 2013!)

- $m_X = 125.7 \pm 0.3$ (stat.) ± 0.3 (syst.) GeV
- Properties are consistent with SM Higgs

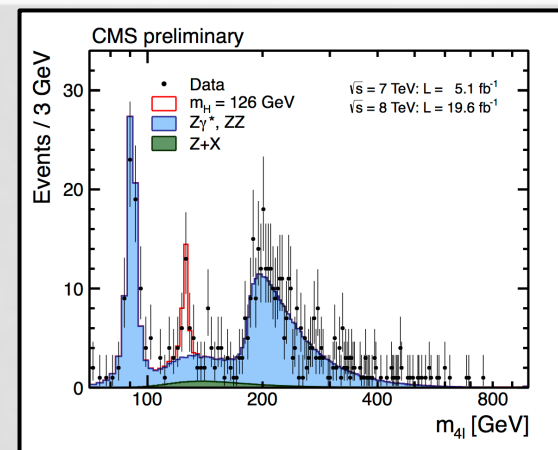
What's the problem of SM? Why we need BSM?

- Hierarchy problem
- Dark matter particle(s)
- Naturalness
- Asymmetry of matter-antimatter
- etc.

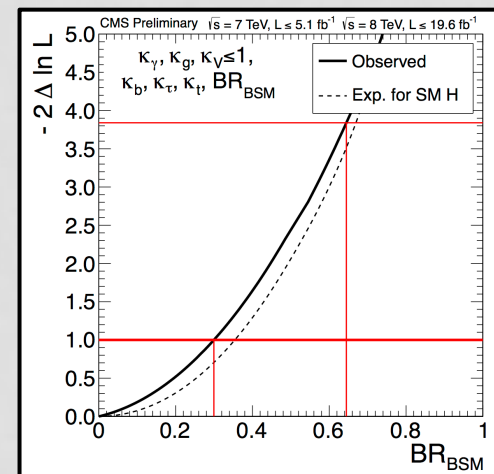
The current accuracy of Higgs boson measurement
constrains $\text{Br}(H \rightarrow \text{BSM decays}) < 0.64$ (95% CL.)

- still have plenty of room for non-SM Higgs

CMS PAS HIG 13-002



CMS PAS HIG 13-005





“Invisible Higgs”

Searches of $H \rightarrow$ Invisible

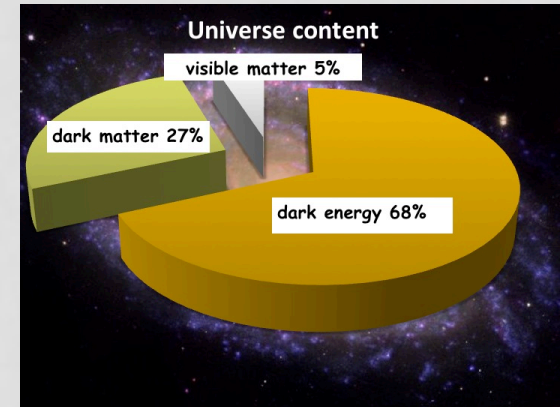
BR($H \rightarrow$ invisible) in SM, Higgs can only decays via $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow \nu\nu\nu\nu$ ($\sim 0.1\%$)

Significant BR($H \rightarrow$ invisible) would be a strong sign of physics beyond the SM

- $H \rightarrow 2\text{LSPs}$ in SUSY
- $H \rightarrow$ graviscalars in the ADD model

Evidence of Dark matter (DM)

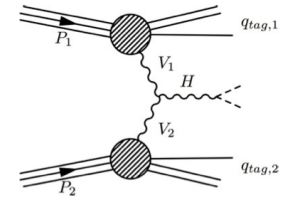
- LHC is currently most sensitive DM detection apparatus, at least in the context of simple Higgs-portal models



$H \rightarrow$ invisible topologies proposed for LHC searches

- VBF $H \rightarrow$ inv : D. Zeppenfeld, O.J.Eboli 2000
 - $Z(\ell, b\bar{b})H, H \rightarrow$ inv : D.P. Roy, D. Choudhuri 1994
 - $gg \rightarrow H+\text{jet}, H \rightarrow$ inv : A. Djouadi et. al. arXiv:1205.3169
- } combined soon!!

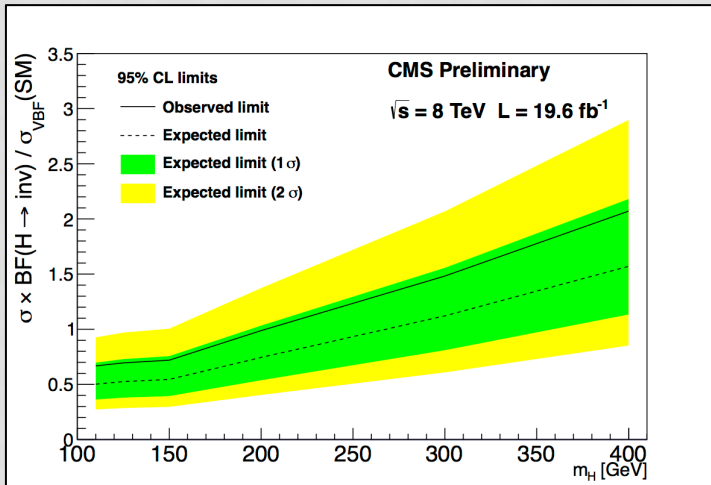
VBF H \rightarrow Invisible



Special VBF+MET triggers for VBF H \rightarrow invisible

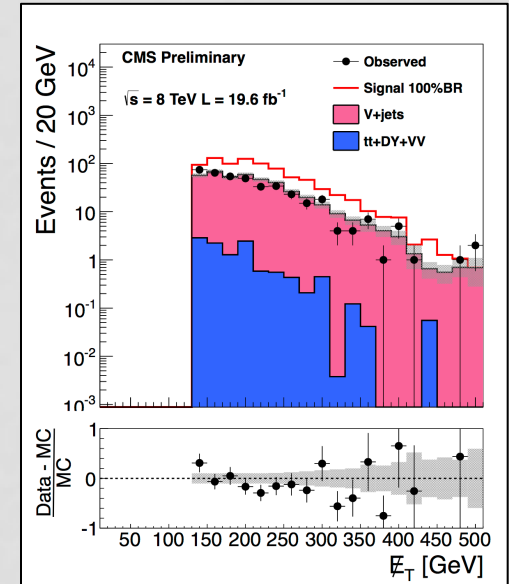
Events are tagged with 2 jets and large missing transverse energy

- jet $p_T > 50$ GeV, $|\eta| < 4.7$
- $M_{jj} > 1100$ GeV, $\Delta\eta_{jj} > 4.2$
- missing transverse energy > 130 GeV
- $\Delta\Phi_{jj} < 1.0$ and Central jet veto – largely reduce QCD multijets

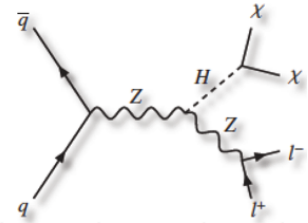


CMS PAS HIG 13-013

- Main backgrounds from Z(\rightarrow vv)+jets and W+jets estimated using data-driven methods.
- @ $m_H = 125$ GeV
 $\text{Br}(H \rightarrow \text{inv}) < 0.69$ (0.53 expected) at 95% CL.



Z(l)H → Invisible



Higgs production is associated with a Z boson

- lower cross-section than VBF but cleaner events
- events with two opposite charged leptons (only e,μ) and large missing transverse energy (MET)

Main backgrounds from irreducible ZZ(→llνν) and WZ(→lνll) when lepton from W is unidentified

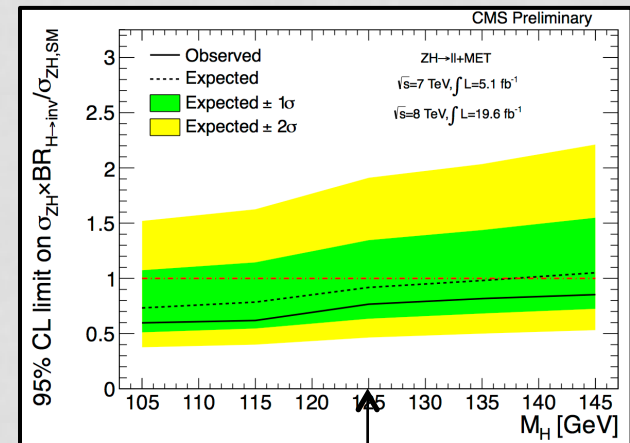
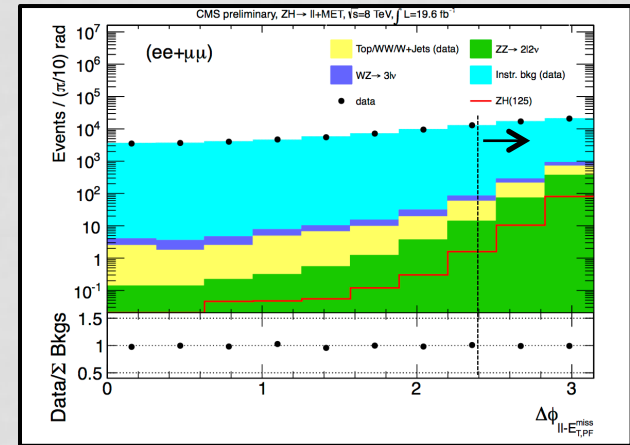
- introduce offline cuts $|\text{MET}-p_{T}^{\text{ll}}|/p_{T}^{\text{ll}}$ and $\Delta\Phi_{\text{ll-MET}}$, reject most of reducible backgrounds

Good agreement between data/MC prediction is shown

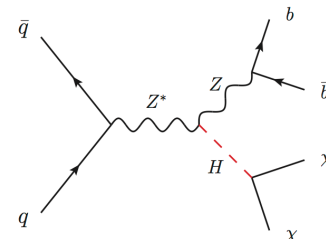
@ $m_{\text{H}} = 125 \text{ GeV}$

- $\text{Br}(\text{H} \rightarrow \text{inv}) < 0.75$ (0.91 expected) at 95% CL.

CMS PAS HIG 13-018



Z(bb)H → Invisible



CMS PAS HIG 13-028



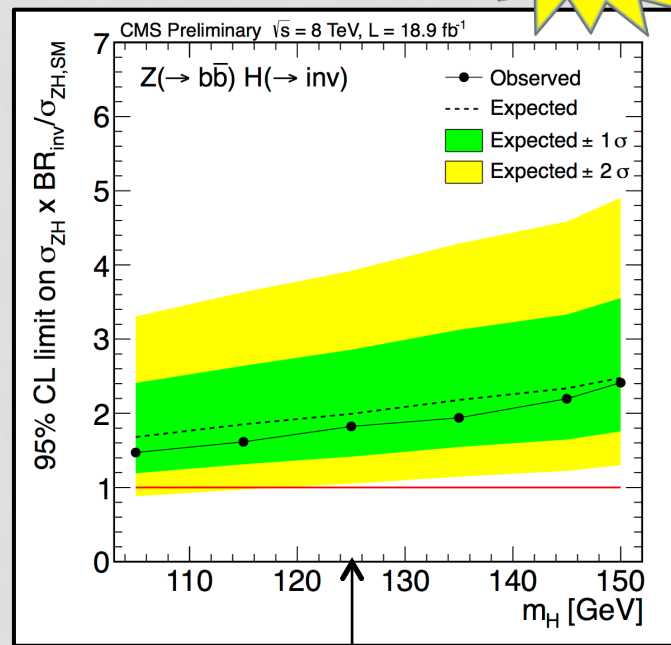
Higgs production is associated with a Z boson

- Z(→bb)H(→inv) require events with a pair of central jets and missing transverse energy
- same final state with VH(→bb) [CMS PAS HIG 13-012] but different mass of the resonance

Multivariate (BDT) regression technique applied to calibrate b jet energy on top of standard CMS corrections

- first used in CDF (arXiv:1107.3026)
- BDT shape analysis

Sensitive within mass range of Higgs 105-150 GeV



@ $m_H = 125$ GeV at 95% CL.

Br(H → inv) < 1.82 (1.99 exp.)



“MSSM Higgs sector”

Higgs sector of MSSM (1)

Higgs sector in SUSY contains two scalar doublets “MSSM Higgs Production”

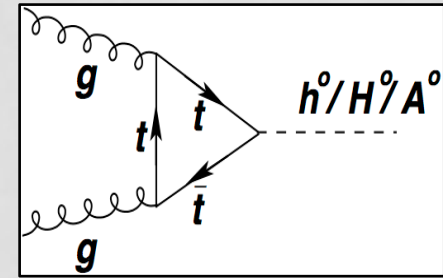
- five physical Higgs bosons
- 3 neutral Higgs : $\Phi = \text{CP-even } h \text{ and } H, \text{ CP-odd } A$
- 2 charged Higgs : H^\pm
- Standard Model-like Higgs : h

At tree level, Higgs sector is determined by only two parameters

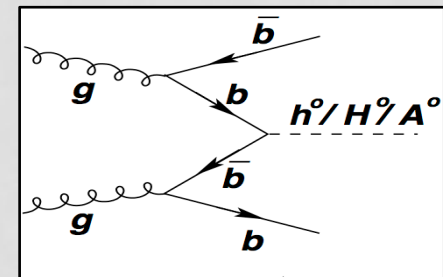
- m_A and $\tan\beta = v_u/v_d$

Neutral Higgs “ Φ ” decay channels

- $\text{Br}(\Phi \rightarrow b\bar{b}) \sim 90\%$
- $\text{Br}(\Phi \rightarrow \tau\tau) \sim 10\%$
- $\text{Br}(\Phi \rightarrow \mu\mu)$ very low but allows good mass reconstruction



gluon-fusion : small and moderate value of $\tan\beta$

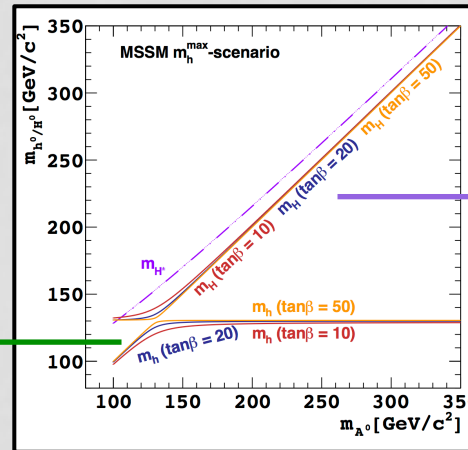


b-associated : large value of $\tan\beta$

Higgs sector of MSSM (2)

At large $\tan\beta$, mass of CP-odd boson A is usually degenerate with one of CP-even bosons, h and H

For $m_A \ll m_h^{\max}$
the masses of
A and h are nearly
degenerate, H becomes
SM-like Higgs boson



For $m_A \gg m_h^{\max}$
the masses of
A and H are nearly
degenerate, h becomes
SM-like Higgs boson

The observation of H(125) does not exclude a heavy MSSM Higgs in wide range of $\tan\beta$, so still fits both SM and MSSM

Charged Higgs “ H^\pm ” decay modes depend on mass of H^\pm

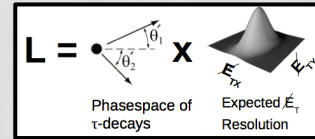
- Light H^\pm ($m_{H^\pm} < m_{\text{top}}$) : dominated by $H^\pm \rightarrow \tau^\pm \nu$
- Heavy H^\pm ($m_{H^\pm} > m_{\text{top}}$) : $H^\pm \rightarrow t b$ and $H^\pm \rightarrow \tau^\pm \nu$

MSSM $\Phi \rightarrow \tau\tau$

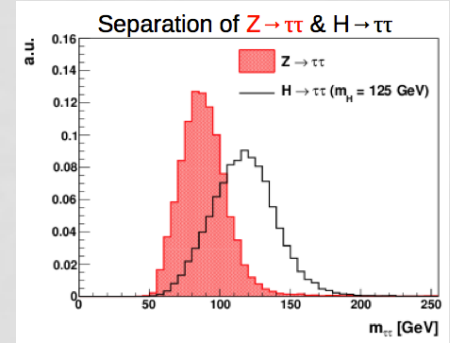
CMS PAS HIG 13-021

Reconstructed via 5 (out of 6) $\tau\tau$ final states

- $e\tau_h, \mu\tau_h, e\mu, \mu\mu, \tau_h\tau_h$ (new!)

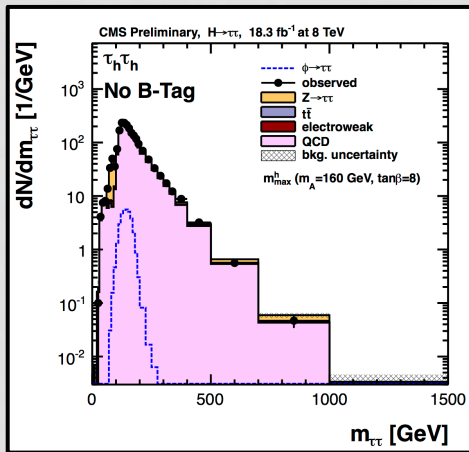


Signal extraction : determine invariant mass of di- τ system using **maximum likelihood method** (15-20% resolution of $M_{\tau\tau}$)

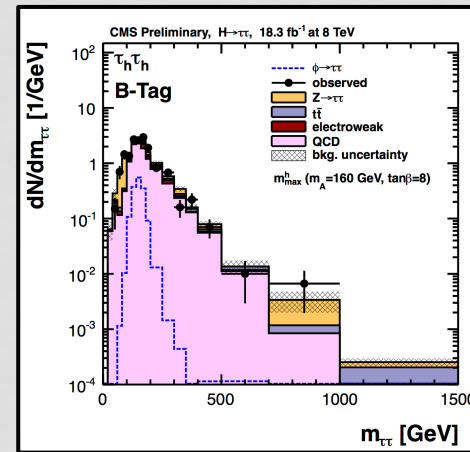


Main backgrounds from $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$ (embedding $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$), QCD, $Z \rightarrow ee/\mu\mu$, $t\bar{t}$ and Diboson

Categorization of selected events



No B-Tag
sensitive to gluon fusion production, no b-tagged jets with $p_T > 20$ GeV



B-Tag
to enhance Higgs boson production associated with b-quarks, at least one b-tagged jet with $p_T > 20$ GeV

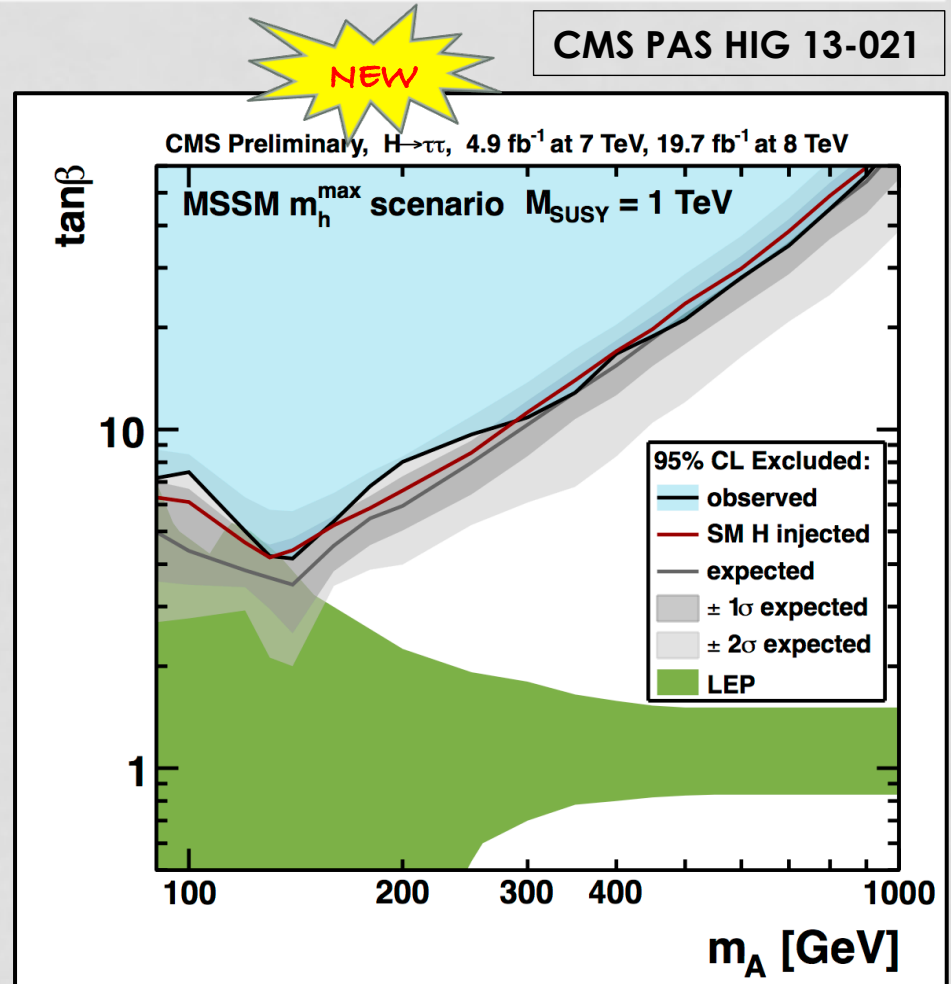
MSSM $\Phi \rightarrow \tau\tau$

No excess events over the predicted SM background in any categories

Exclude values of $\tan\beta$ as low as 4.2 at $m_A=140$ GeV for the MSSM m_h^{\max} scenario (at 95% CL.)

- assuming no MSSM but a SM Higgs 125-126 GeV (red line)
- assuming no (neither MSSM nor SM) Higgs $\rightarrow \tau\tau$ signal (grey line)
- LEP result (green band)

CMS PAS HIG 13-021



MSSM $\Phi \rightarrow \mu\mu$

CMS PAS HIG 12-011

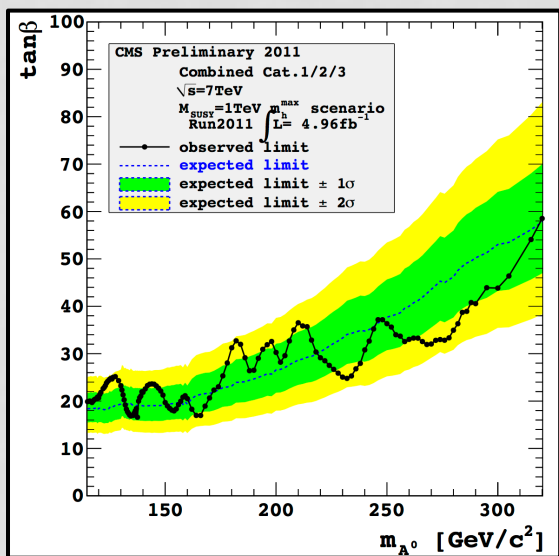
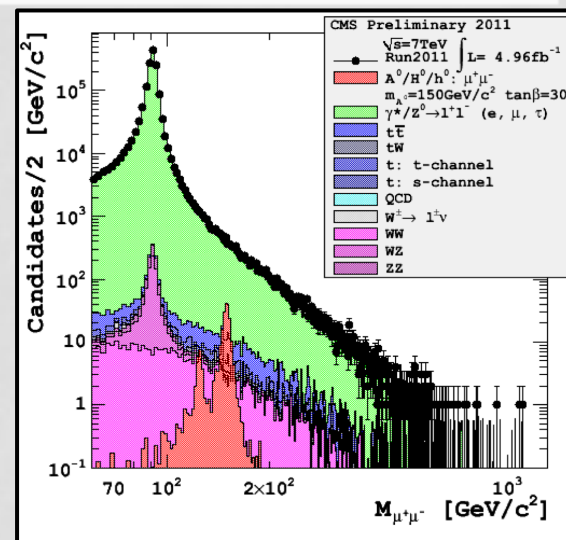
Good mass resolution due to full reconstructed final state

- events with two opposite charged high p_T muons
- three non-overlapping categories :

cat1 ≥ 1 b-tagged jet for $gg \rightarrow bb\Phi$

cat2 failed *cat1* but 3rd muon with $p_T > 3$ GeV

cat3 failed *cat1* and *cat2* (purely di-muon events) $gg \rightarrow \Phi$



Main backgrounds : Drell-Yan (Z^0bb), $t\bar{t}$ (cat1), WW (cat3)

No excess events is observed over SM background

Exclude range of $\tan\beta$ 16-26 for m_A 115 to 175 GeV in the MSSM m_h^{\max} scenario at 95% CL.

MSSM $\Phi \rightarrow b\bar{b}$

CMS PAS HIG 12-033

Highest branching fraction ($\sim 90\%$) but also large QCD multijet background

- dedicated trigger to identify b-tagged jets
- challenging background estimates (data-driven method)

Two categories of selected events for $gg \rightarrow b\bar{b}\Phi$ production

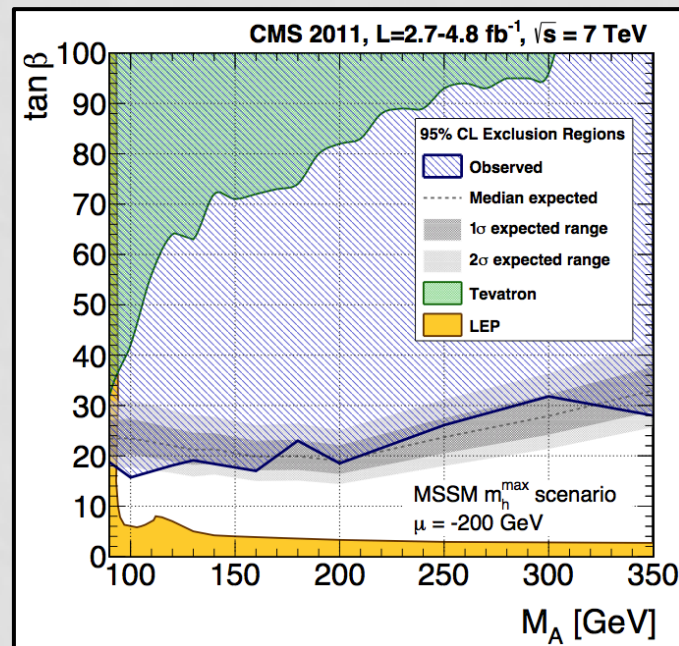
- All hadronic : three b-tagged leading jets (sorted by p_T)
- Semileptonic : two b-tagged leading jets + a muon

$p_T > 15$ GeV in a jet

Signal extraction from a peak in the di-jet mass M_{12}

No signal over the expected SM background

Upper limits reach as low as $\tan\beta \sim 18$ for $m_A \sim 100$ GeV in the MSSM m_h^{\max} scenario (at 95% CL.)

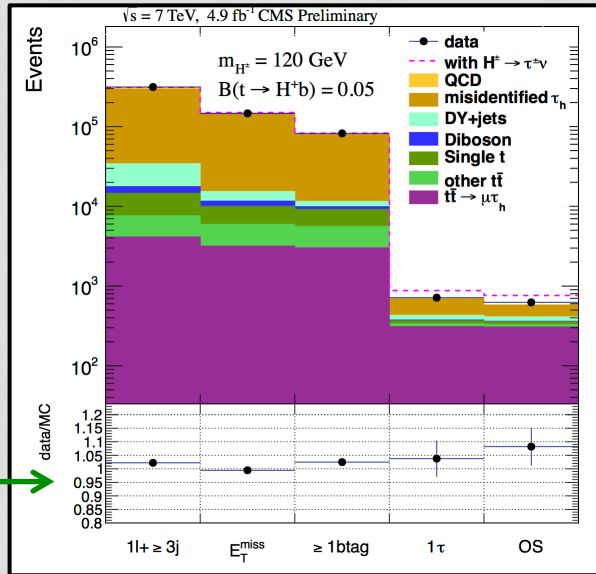


MSSM $H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu$

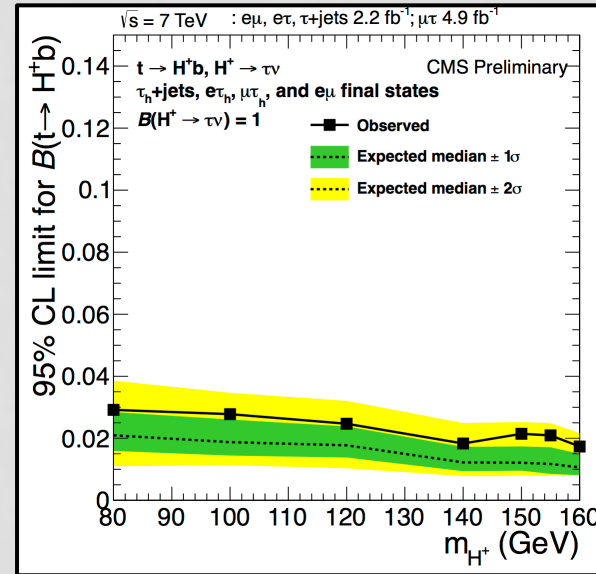
Dominant decay mode for light H^\pm ($m_{H^\pm} < m_{\text{top}}$) and $\tan\beta > 5$

CMS PAS HIG 11-019
&
CMS PAS HIG 12-052

Combined result of 4 final states : $\tau_h + \text{jets}$, $e\tau_h$, $e\mu$ and $\mu\tau_h$



data/MC agree well
no excess over SM prediction



Upper limits on $\text{Br}(H^\pm \rightarrow \tau^\pm \nu)$ between 2-3% for Higgs mass 80-160 GeV assuming $\text{Br}(H^\pm \rightarrow \tau^\pm \nu) = 1$



“NMSSM Higgs”

Higgs sector of NMSSM

Next to Minimal Supersymmetric Standard Model

- NMSSM superfields = MSSM superfields + Higgs superfield singlet \hat{S}
- solve “ μ -problem” of MSSM
- requires less fine-tuning

Additional two Higgs boson from singlet \hat{S}

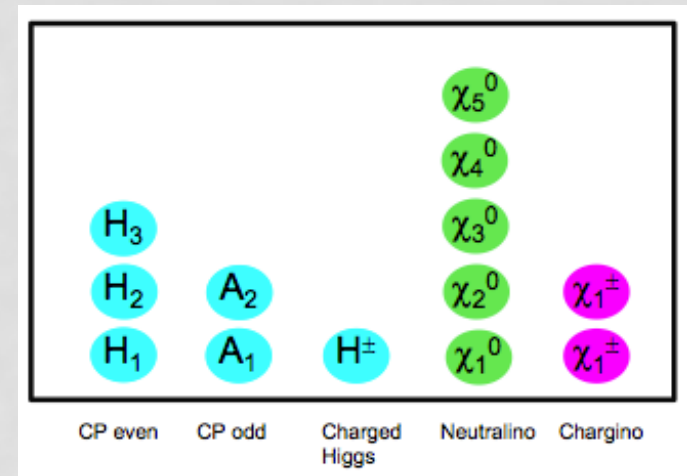
- seven physical Higgs bosons

5 neutral Higgs : 3 CP-even $h_{1,2,3}$, CP-odd $a_1 a_2$

($m_{h1} < m_{h2} < m_{h3}$) and ($m_{a1} < m_{a2}$)

2 charged Higgs : H^\pm

A fifth neutralino. compared to four in MSSM



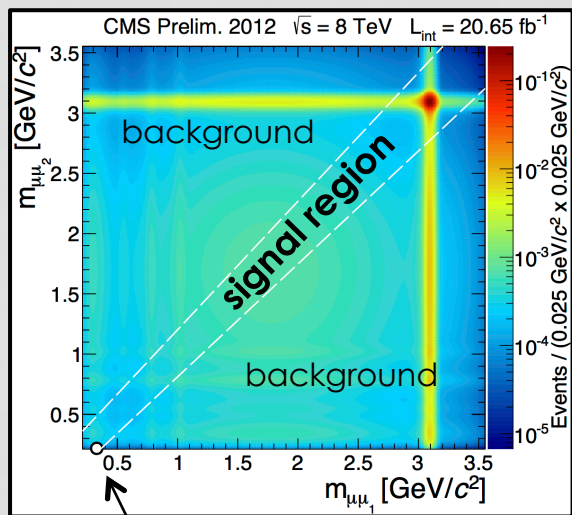
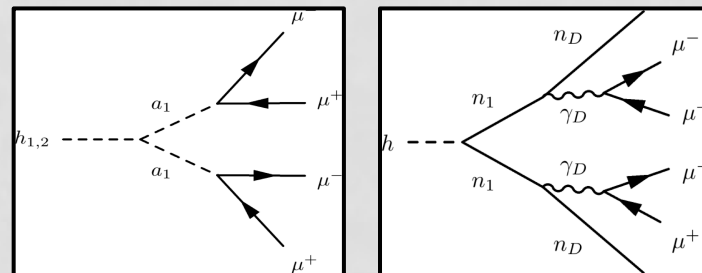
$H \rightarrow 2a + X \rightarrow 4\mu + X$

CMS PAS HIG 13-010

Search of a non-SM Higgs decays to two new light bosons, each decays to dimuon pair.

Two models interpretation

- NMSSM benchmark $h_{1,2} \rightarrow 2a_1 \rightarrow 4\mu$
- Dark SUSY benchmark $h \rightarrow 2n_1 \rightarrow 2n_D + 2\gamma_D \rightarrow 2$



Analysis strategy

- ≥ 1 muon $p_T > 17$ GeV $|\eta| < 0.9$ (central region) + ≥ 3 muons $p_T > 8$ GeV $|\eta| < 2.4$
- grouped 2 opposite charged muons with $m_{\mu\mu} < 5$ GeV
- two dimuons from same pp collision $|z_{\mu\mu 1} - z_{\mu\mu 2}| < 0.1$ cm
- diagonal signal region : $|m_{\mu\mu 1} - m_{\mu\mu 2}| < 5\sigma$ ($m_{\mu\mu 1} \approx m_{\mu\mu 2}$)

Main backgrounds from bb , J/ψ and $pp \rightarrow 4\mu$

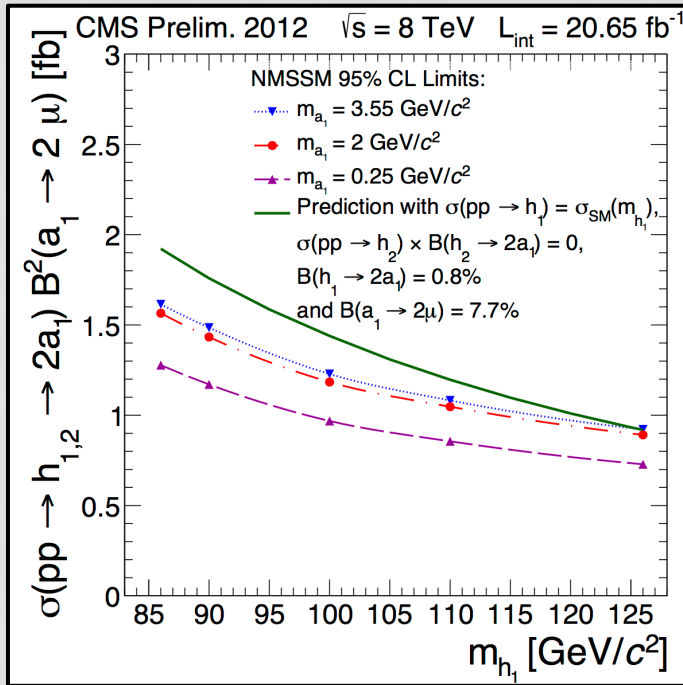
observed 1 event w.r.t

3.8 ± 2.1 expected SM background

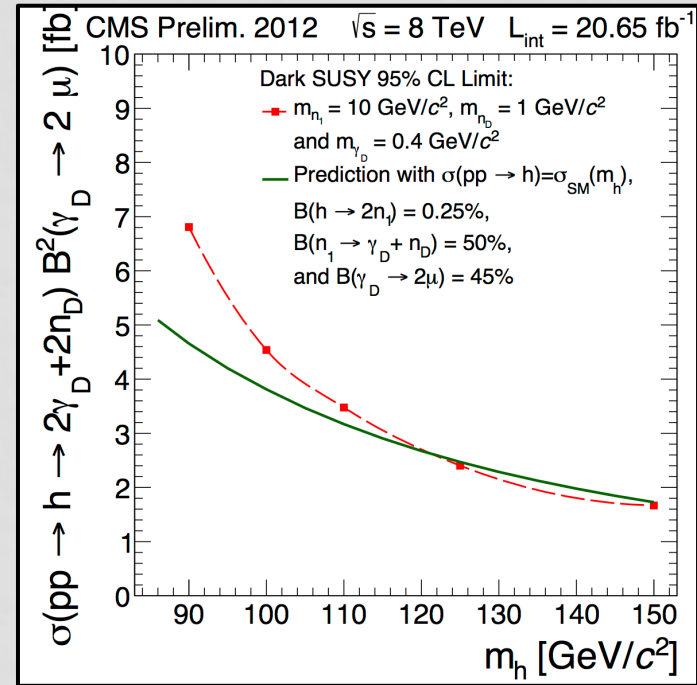
$H \rightarrow 2a + X \rightarrow 4\mu + X$

CMS PAS HIG 13-010

“NMSSM”



“Dark SUSY”



95% CL. Upper limit on the Higgs boson production in NMSSM and Dark SUSY as functions of h_1 or h Higgs boson mass



Summary

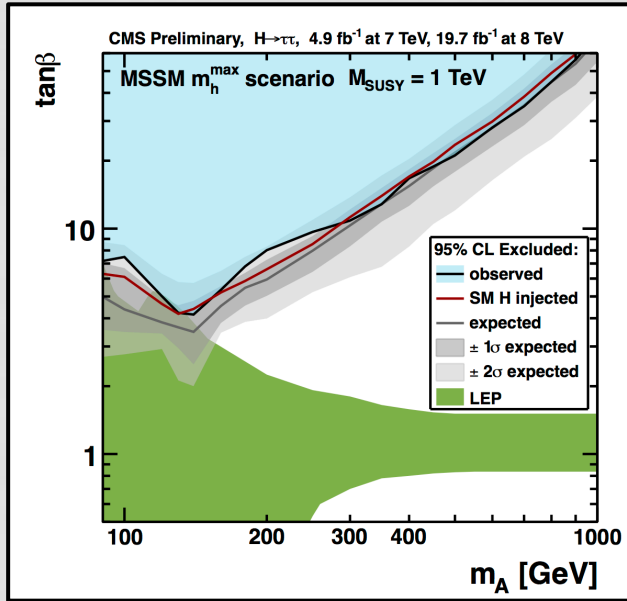
- A large amount of non-SM Higgs searches has been presented using data collected with the CMS detector during LHC Run I
 - No sign of new physics so far
- Stay tuned for LHC Run II!



BACKUP

MSSM $\Phi \rightarrow \tau\tau$

CMS PAS HIG 13-021



Zoom

