

# Low Energy Beam line at CERN SPS

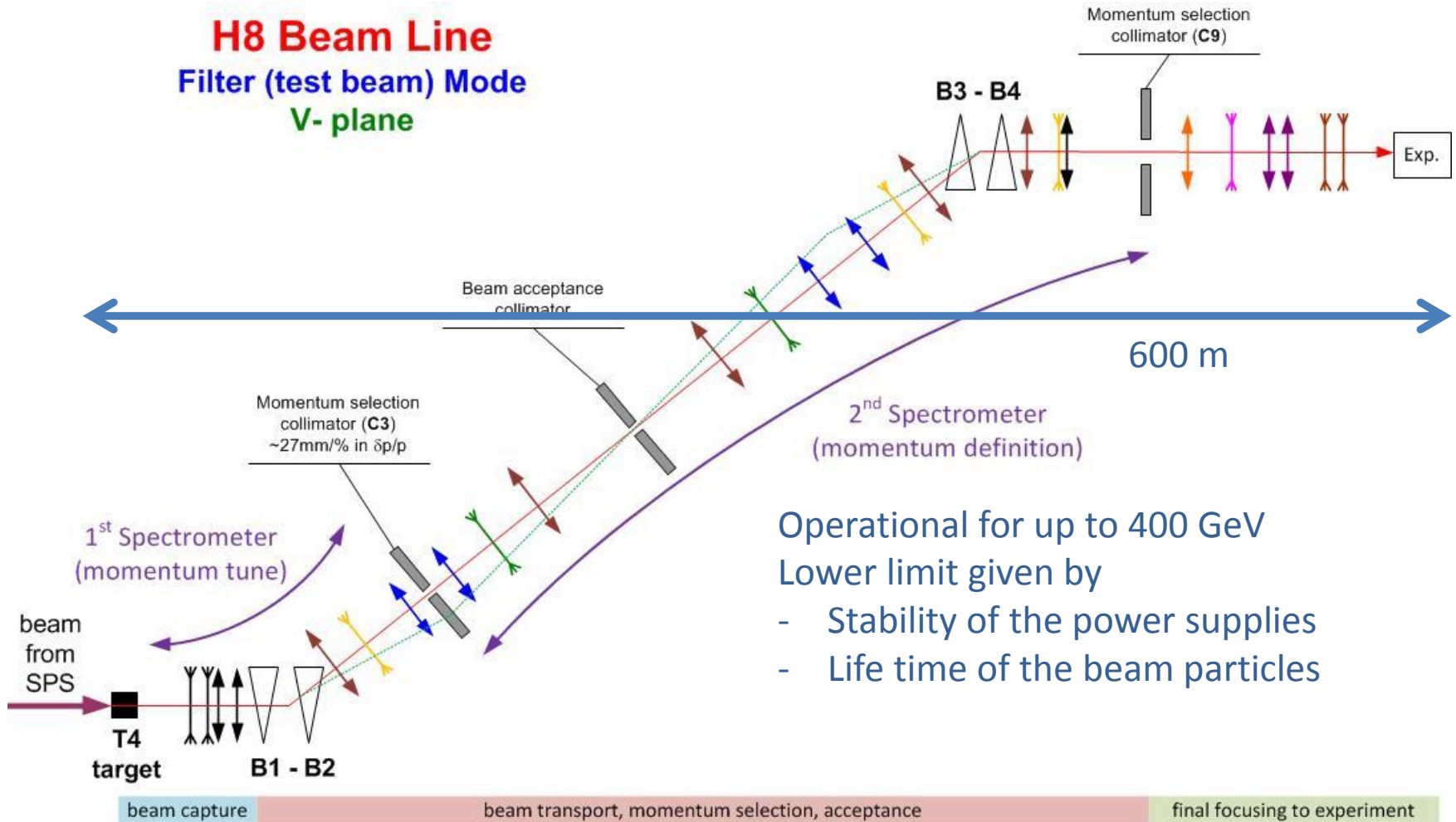
## Task 8.2 Report

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On behalf of I. Efthymiopoulos, M. Turner

AIDA 3<sup>rd</sup> Annual Meeting  
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# Existing High Energy Beam Line



Operational for up to 400 GeV

Lower limit given by

- Stability of the power supplies
- Life time of the beam particles

# Requirements

- Tasks 8.2: provide the test beam infrastructure at CERN and Frascati
- For testing neutrino detector technologies

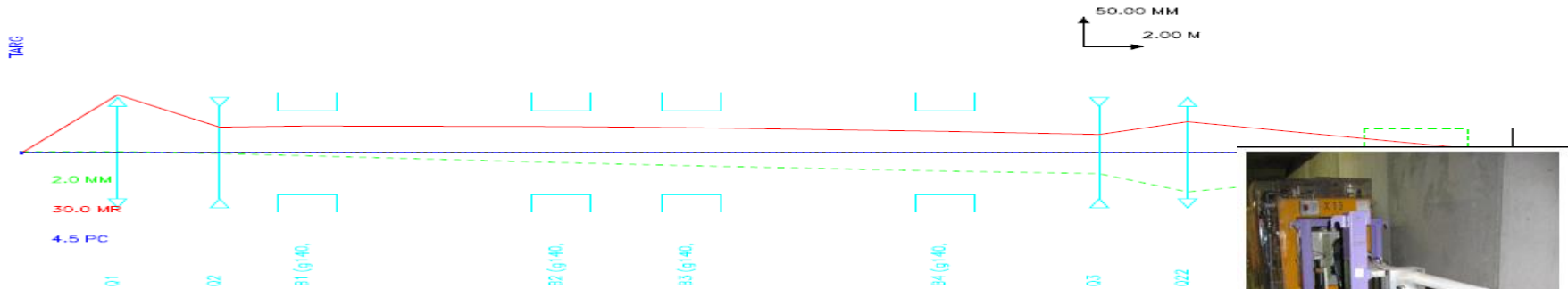
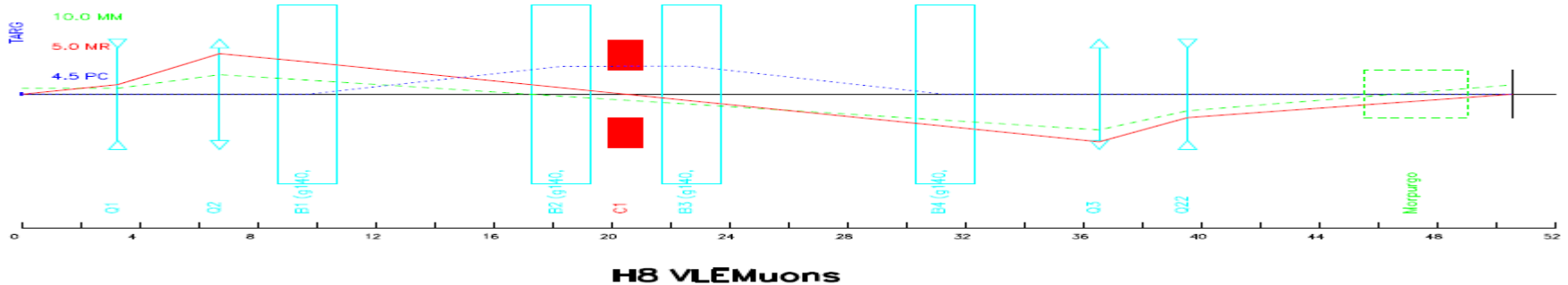
Requirements defined in <http://cdsweb.cern.ch/record/1430746/files/AIDA-MS27.pdf>

- Pions/protons, electrons and muons (both polarities)
- Extend the lower energy range down to 0.5 GeV
  - So far reaching 10 GeV
- Particle rates 1-2 kHz
- Magnetic field at the detector test location
- Including infrastructure like cryogenics

Design study performed by I. Efthymiopoulos and M. Turner  
looking into the specific case of H8 - but not limited to

# Beamline Concept

- Secondary beam in the energy range of 20-80 GeV (depending on particle type and tertiary energy)



- Create a tertiary beam closer to the detector
  - Introducing an additional production target
- Install dedicated spectrometer



# Beamline Optimisation

Studying systematically

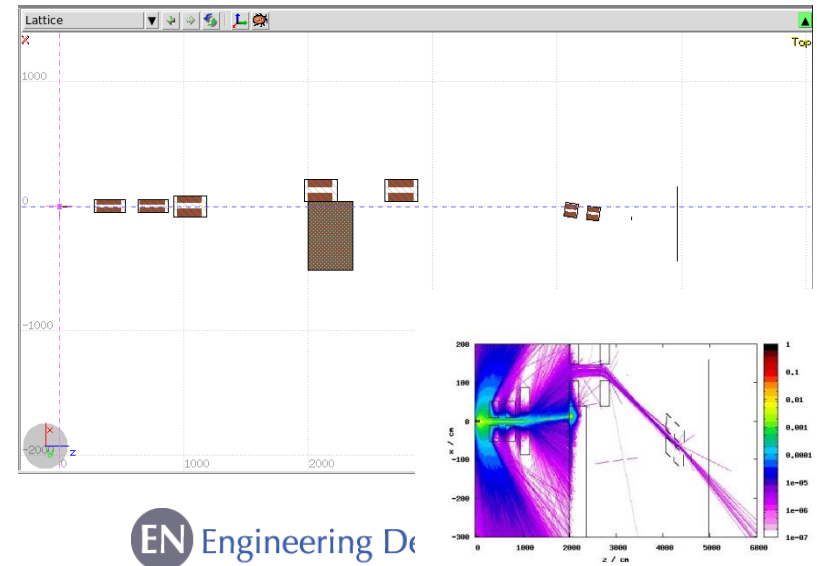
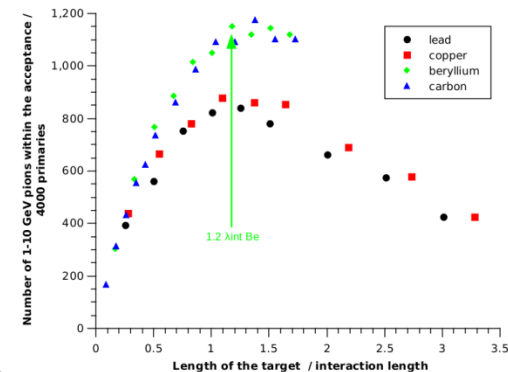
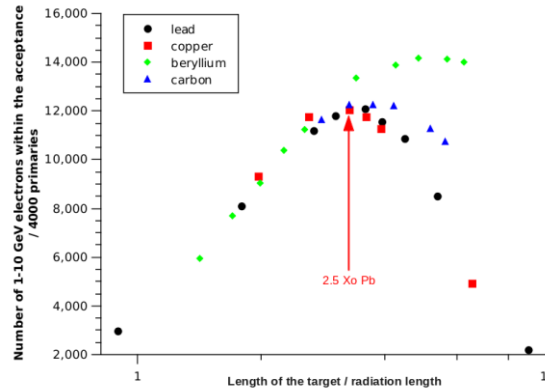
- target material and length
- Beamline layout: on-/off-axis

flux estimates of the cases for

- Electron
- Pion/proton
- Muon
  
- and background

Charge sign to be chosen on the spot

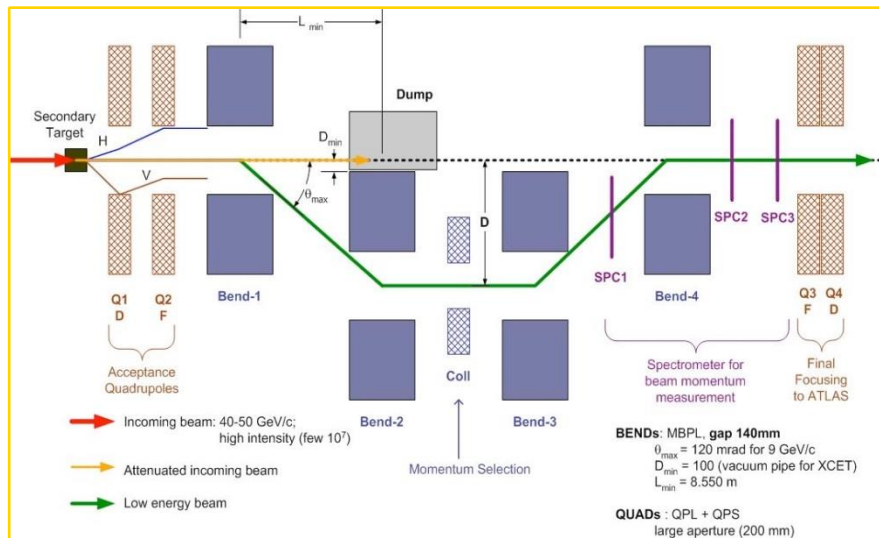
Studying the different cases using several simulation tools (turtle, halo, FLUKA)



# Layout Options

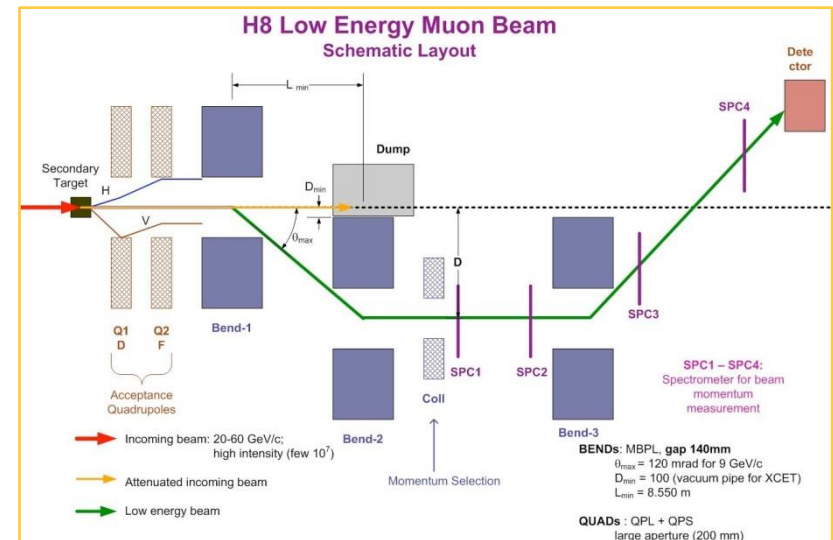
## Four-bends layout

- ▶ similar to the one used for the ATLAS&CMS calorimeters in the past
- ▶ compatible with detectors installed inside the large Morpurgo magnet
- ▶ suffers from large background from the direct secondary beam



## Three-bends layout

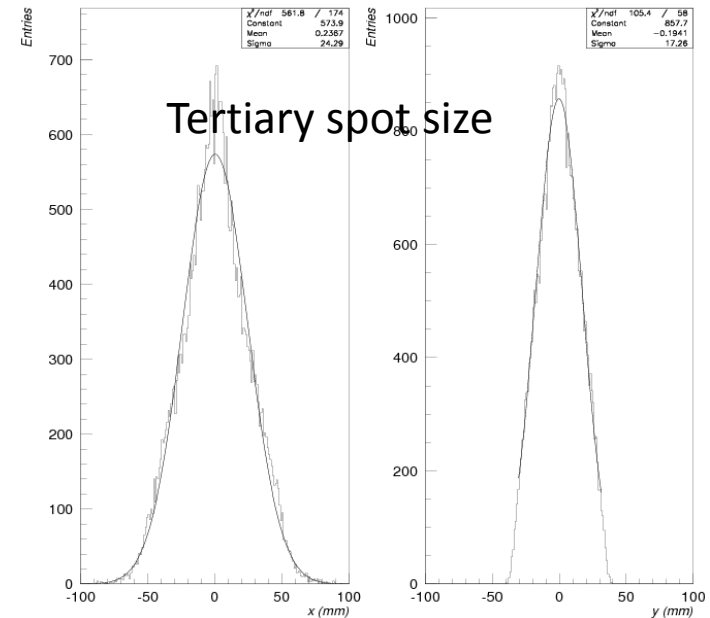
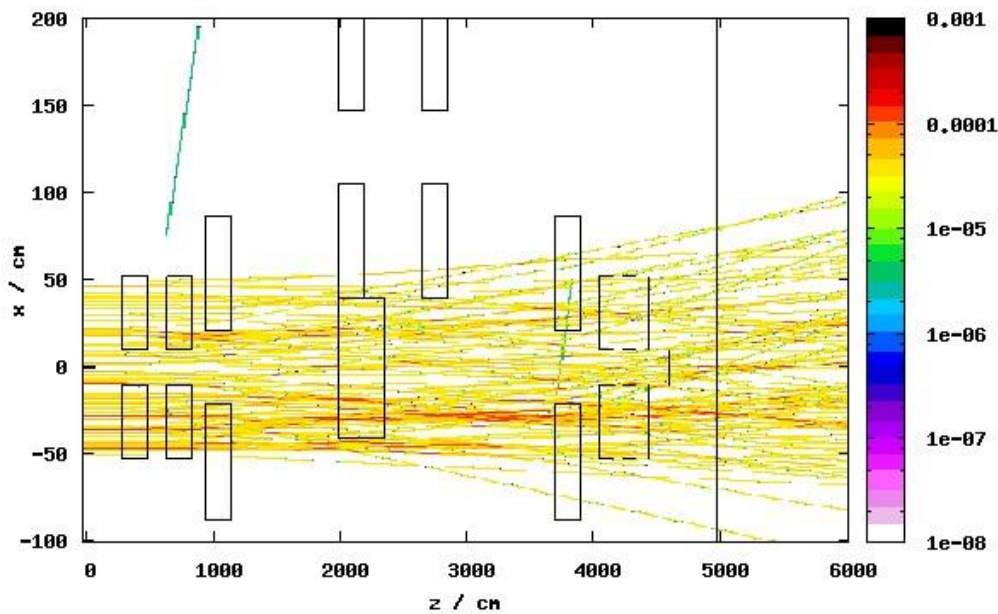
- ▶ reduces the background from the direct secondary beam – essential for  $\nu$ -detectors ?
- ▶ less straightforward to install detectors in inside the Morpurgo magnet



# Pion+proton performance

- Consider background from muons
  - At secondary (high) and tertiary energies

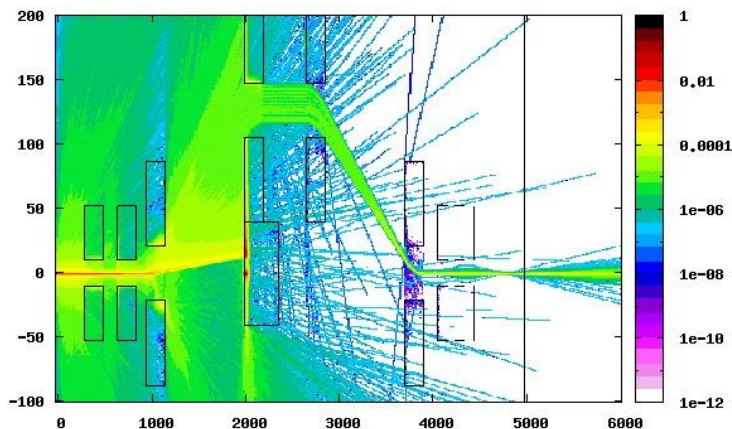
Secondary muons



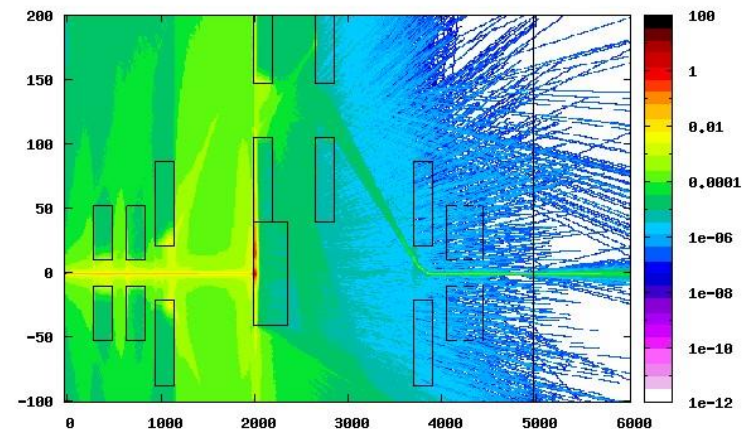
# Electron performance

- Secondary electron beam
- On 2 cm lead target
- Large photon background

Electrons only



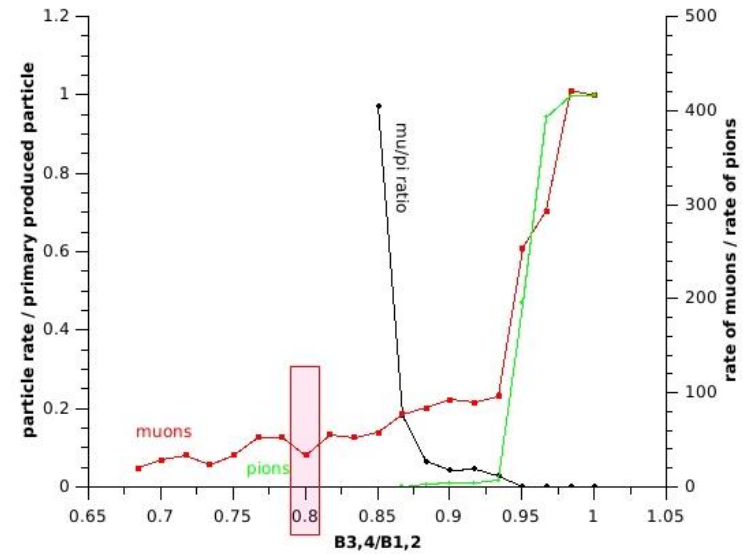
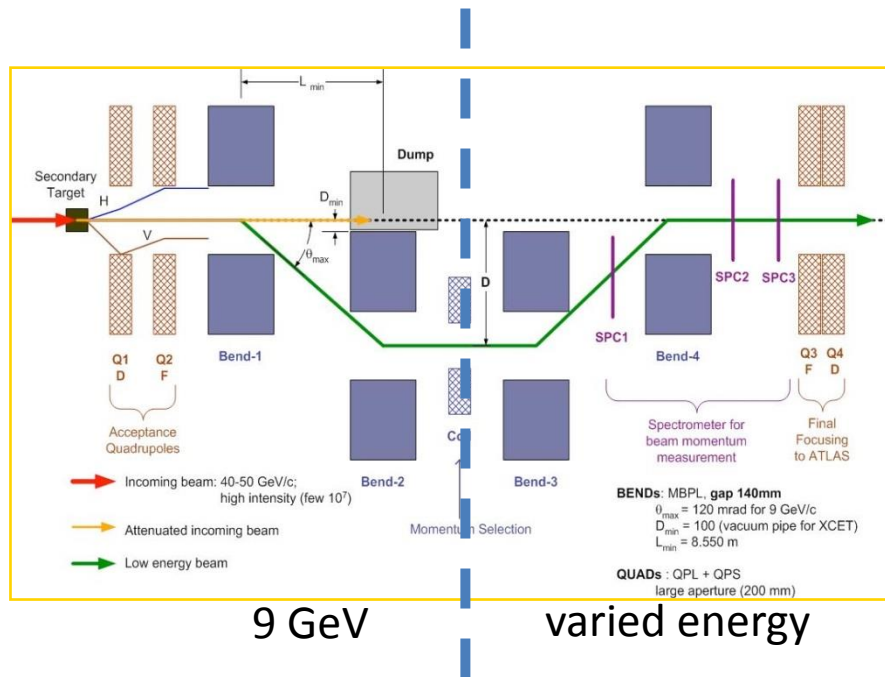
Including photons/positrons



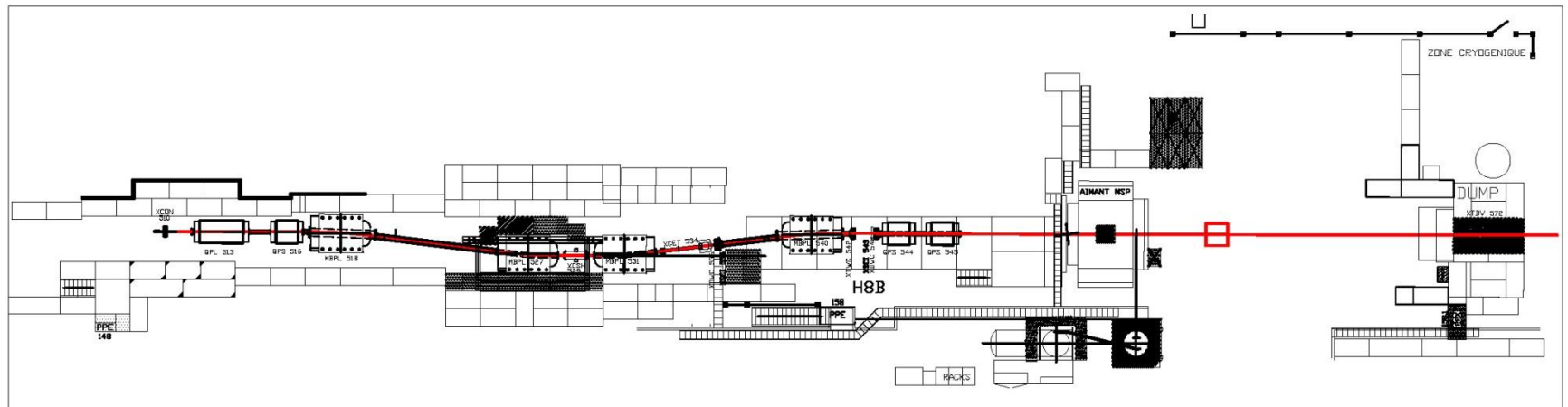
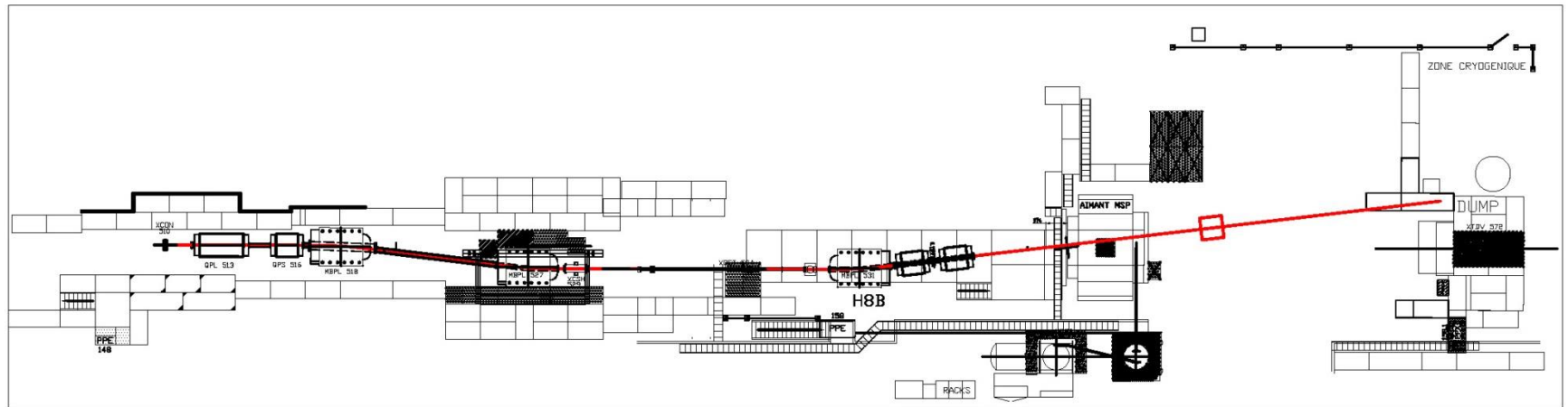


# Muon performance

- Selecting the “tertiary” muons by setting the first and second half of the VLE spectrometer at cascading energies.



# Real-case implementation



# Summary

- Cases for pion/proton, electron, muon optimised
  - Target options
  - Spectrometer layoutreport: <http://cds.cern.ch/record/1637970>
- Beam performance(s) matching the specifications
- Real case implementation in H8 available
  
- Positioning of  $\nu$ -prototype detectors and the existing/future ATLAS installation to be coordinated