

3rd Annual Meeting 26-28 March 2014 Vienna University of Technology

The new Gamma Irradiation Facility at CERN

M.R. Jäkel (on behalf of the PH GIF team)







Overview

- Introduction to GIF/GIF⁺⁺
- Planned Infrastructure
- Status of the Construction



A New Irradiation Facility

The current CERN-Gamma Irradiation Facility (GIF) has been intensively used to simultaneously expose detectors to the photons from a 137 Cesium source and high energy particles from the X5 beam line in SPS West Area. From 2004 onwards, only the 137 Cesium (≈ 0.5 TBq) source was available.



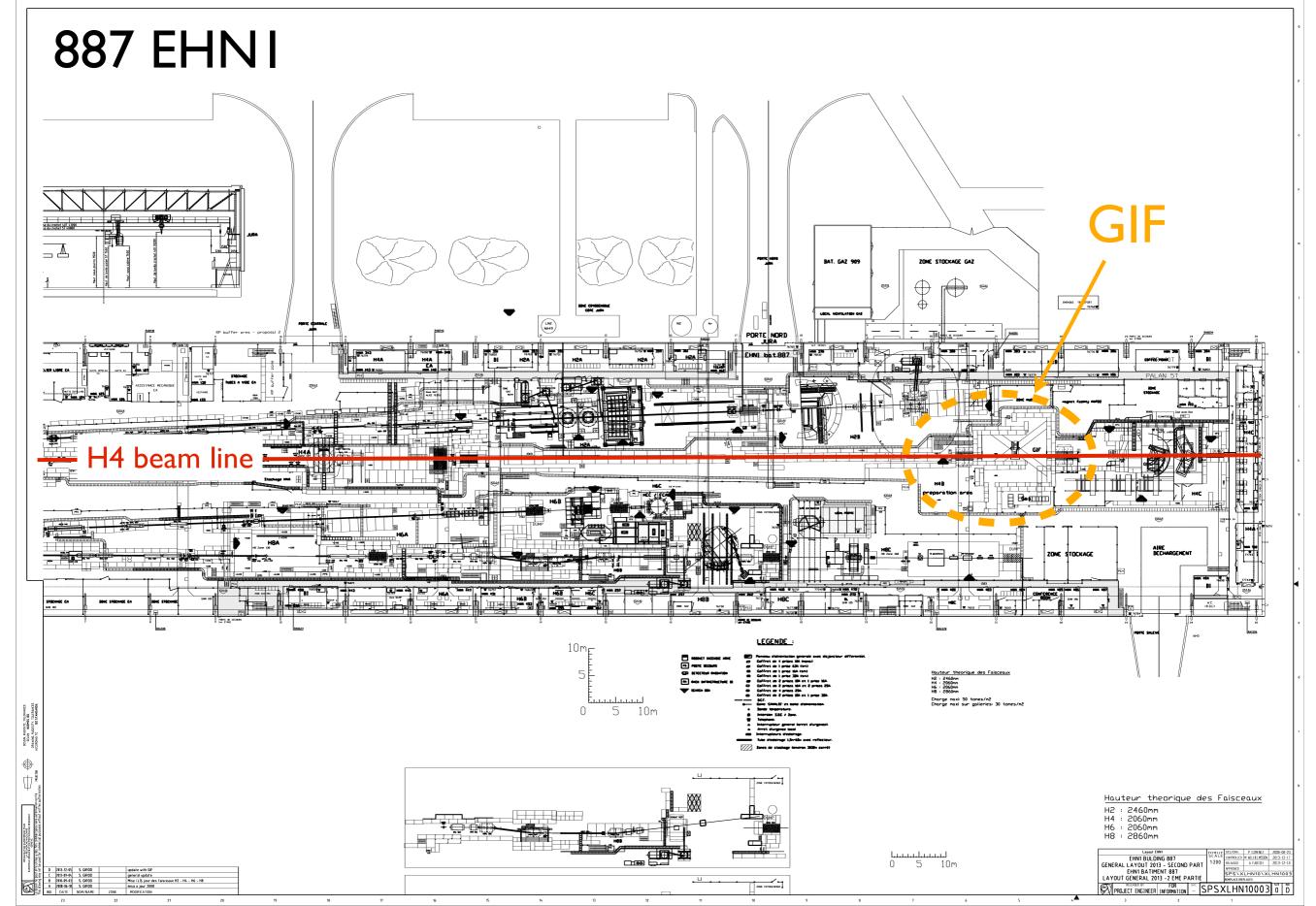
The high-luminosity LHC upgrade is setting a new challenge for particle detector technologies. Increase in luminosity will produce a higher particle background with respect to present conditions.

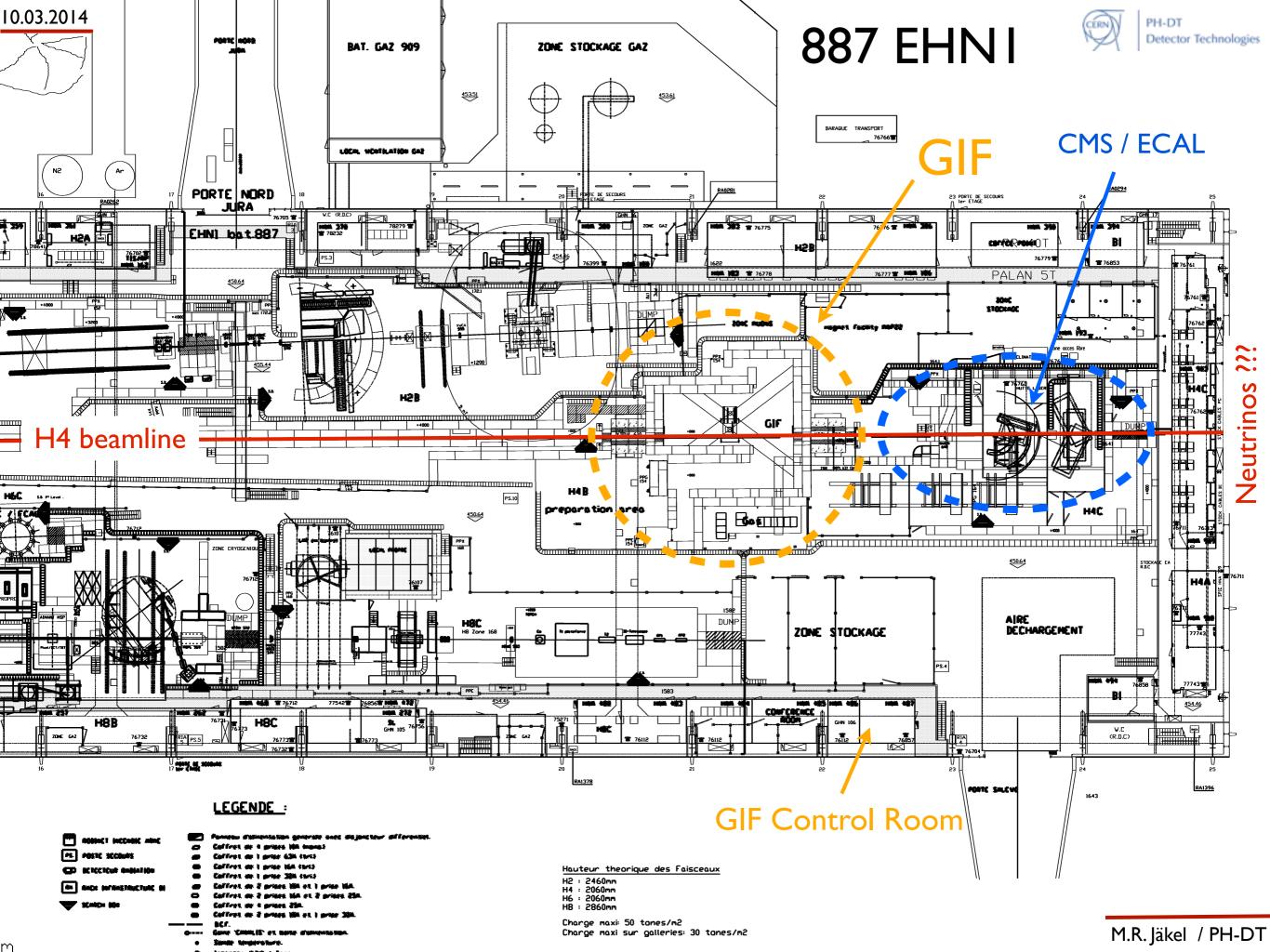


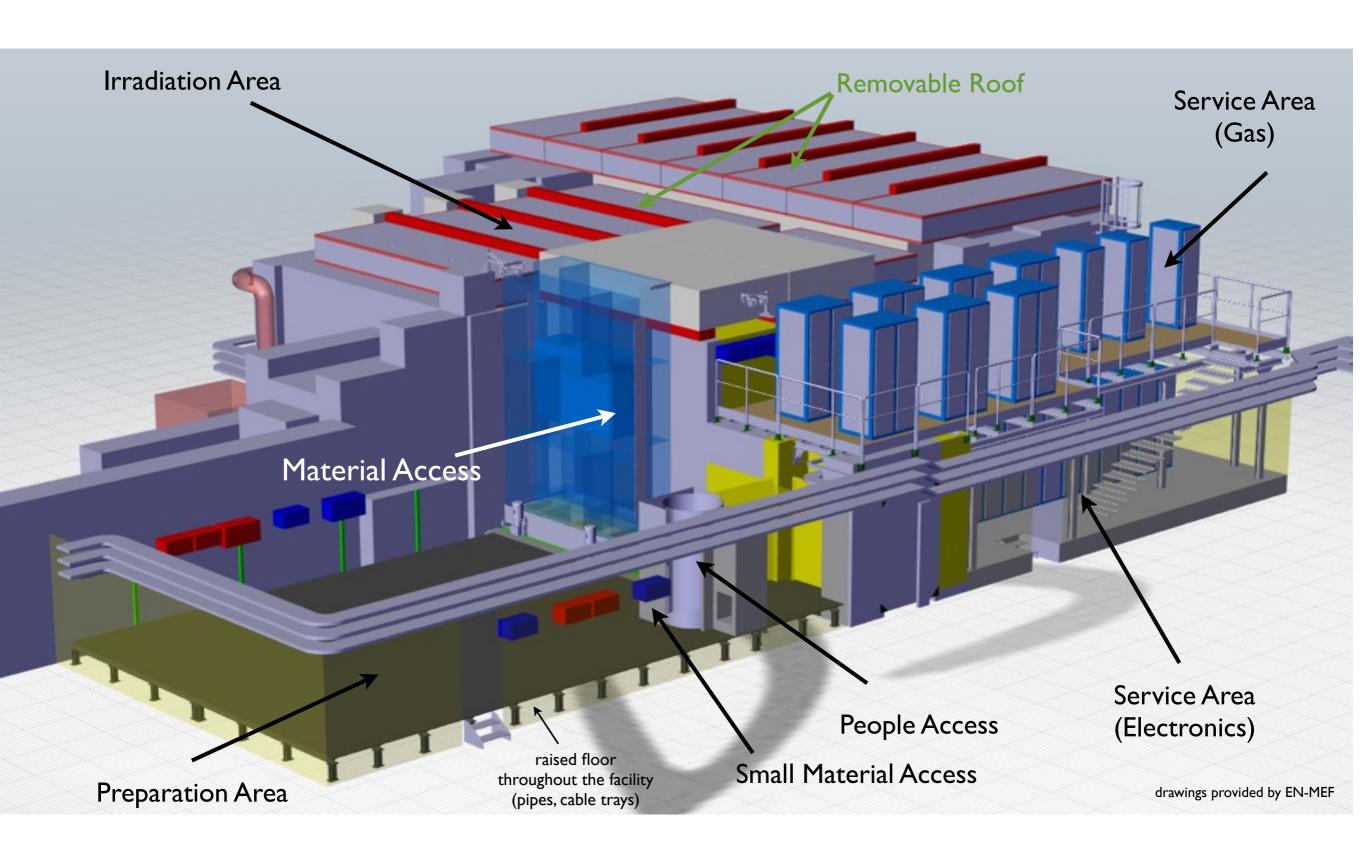
A New Irradiation Facility

- GIF⁺⁺ will be a unique place where high energy charged particle beams (mainly muon beam) are combined with a I4TBq ¹³⁷Cesium source (a factor 30 more intense than that at current GIF).
- High energy Muon beam from T2 target, on H4 beam line (few weeks dedicated muon beam & around 30% of the beam time halo muon beam)
- The 100 m² GIF++ irradiation bunker has two irradiation zones making it possible to test real size detectors, of up to several m², as well as a broad range of smaller prototype detectors and electronic components.
- 2 independent wide irradiation field (±37°). Independent attenuators up to 50.000 (Pb, Fe). Angular correction filter for both fields (exchangeable)
- Fixed installed beam-trigger & cosmic-trigger
- Central Control System: record of environmental parameters, beam parameters, filter settings, gas,... provides interlocks (e.g. for wrong gas mixtures)
- Wide range of available gases (+ custom gases), gas patch panels in bunker & service area (6.5 km of piping)



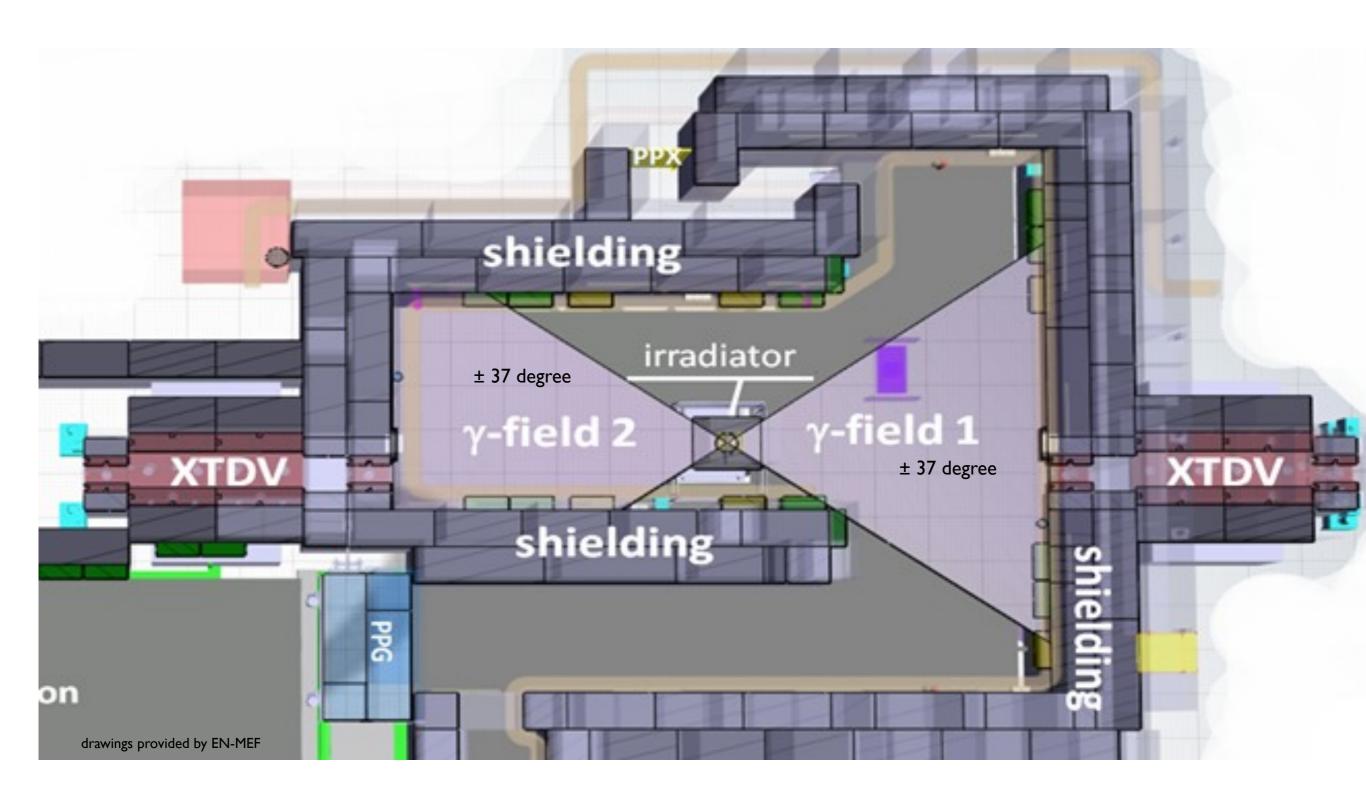






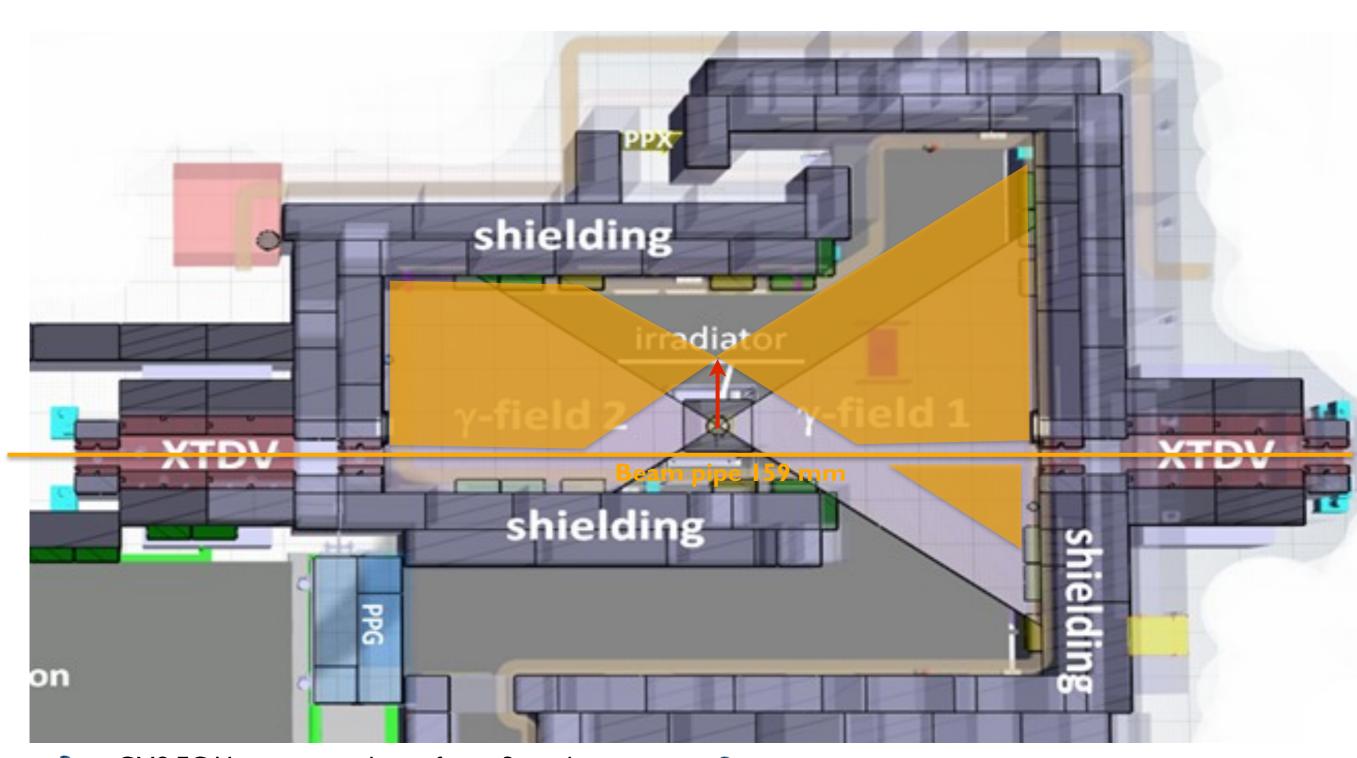


Irradiation Fields





Irradiation Fields - beam pipe



- CMS ECAL requires e^{-} beam for ≈ 3 weeks per year.
- Installation of beam pipe necessary
- No local shutters available

- Irradiator can be moved by 1.5 m
- Access limitations
- beam pipe can block installations



The Source

1.Nov.2011 = 14.91 TBq260 μ Gy/s at 1 meter

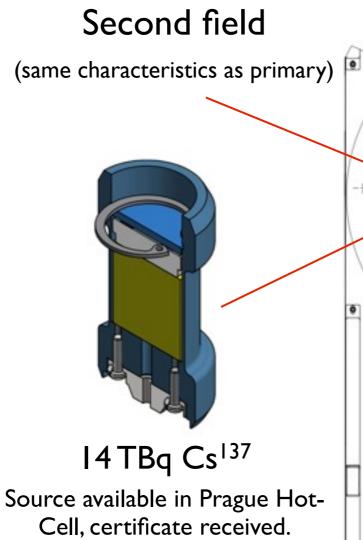
Attenuator

3 planes of Pb (Fe) plates flexible, up to 50.000 (independent on both sides!)

> Angular correction filter

Two rods showing the position of source



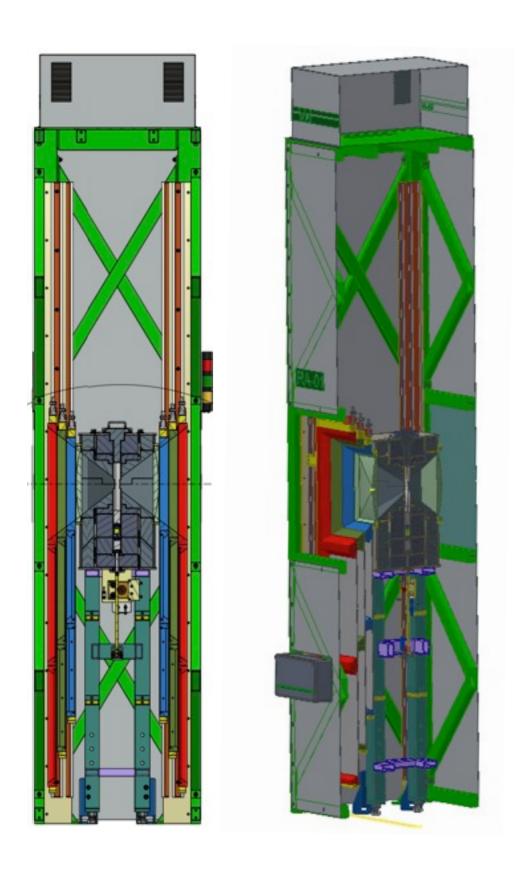




Source stacked with two cylinders of 74W while in Irradiator



The Irradiator



Two finished similar irradiators...



.. but bigger, due to internal multiple source carousel

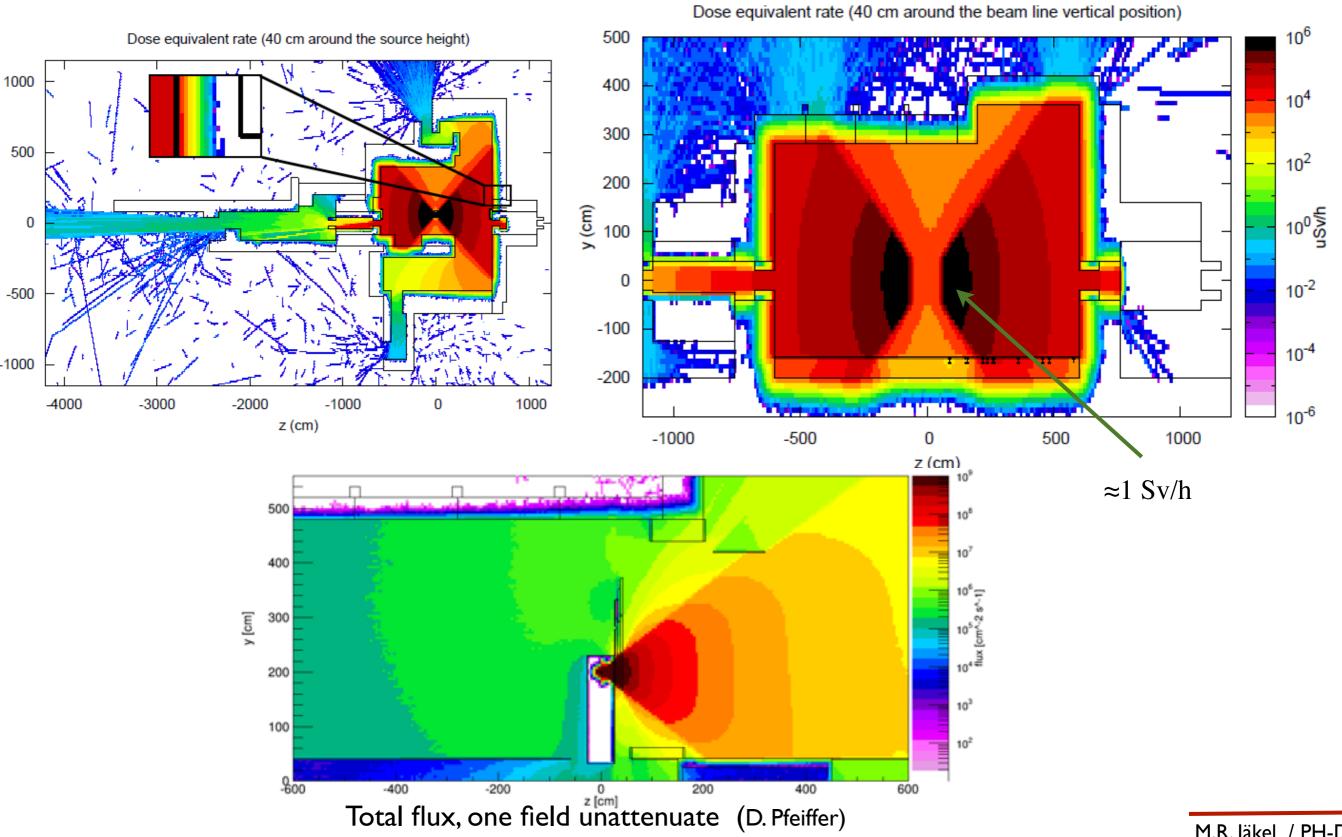


The Irradiator - Status

- Design of Irradiator practically finished (based on existing and well tested model)
- Design of attenuator is in late stage
- Delivery on track for september
- Decommissioning of old GIF starts 2-3 weeks before new source arrives (exact date will be announced)
- Clean-up of Bld. 190 started, some mechanical work can happen before september

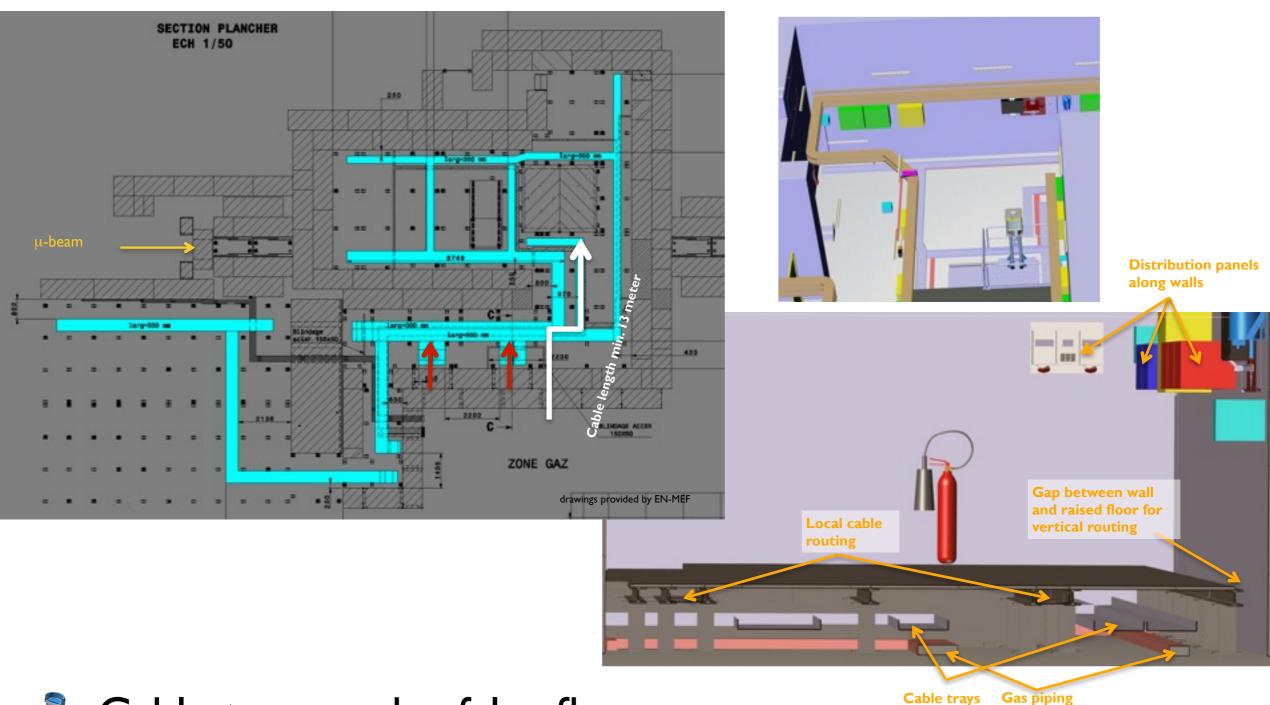


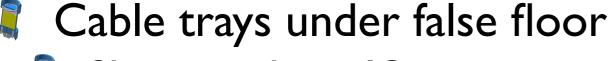
Radiation Simulation





Cable Paths





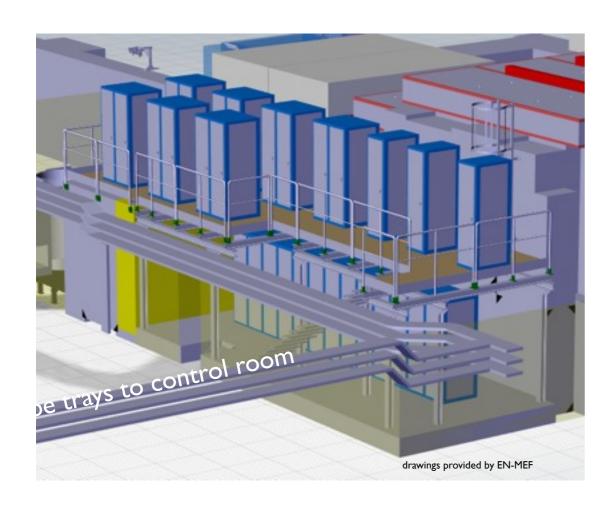
Short path ≥ 13m

Normal path ≈ 25 m

Please check with us for your cable length



Service Area



- Ground floor: Irradiator controls, DCS, electronic racks
- Top Floor: I7 gas racks and distribution panels. 40 m² net area

- \mathbb{R} 9 neutral gas lines : Ar, CO₂, N₂, He, SF₆, CF₄ and 3 spare pipes
- 6 lines for flammable gases or gases with very low vapor pressure : iC_4H_{10} , CH_4 , Ar/H_2 (optional), $C_2H_2F_4$ and 2 spares. Lines and room heated.
- One normal exhaust and one exhaust for potentially flammable gases



Gas supply panels

• Neutral gas distribution:

2 x 2 (gas zone) + 1 preparation zone gas distribution panels will be installed in the gas mixing zone. Each panel will contain five gas types (CERN standard panel for neutral gas 59.70.60.010.2).

• <u>Flammable gas distribution</u>:

1 (gas zone only) gas distribution panel will be installed in the gas mixing zone. It will contain five gas types. This panel will be instrumented with retention box and flammable gas detection head as it is normally done at CERN (CERN standard panel for neutral gas 59.70.60.020.0).



Gas mix zone

- At full capacity the gas mixing zone will contain
- 6 mixing racks,
- 3 closed loop gas systems,
- 2 analysis racks
- 1 control rack.
- 5 spare racks
- Gas analysis:
- 1 O2 and H2O analysis rack with possibility of automatic scan between all gas lines. In a second phase (just after the start-up of the main installations), a gas chromatograph will be integrated in the O2-H2O analysis rack.
- 1 infrared analysis rack with several (at least three) gas channels in order to monitor permanently the flammable gas concentration in non flammable mixtures. For each channel a hardwired interlock signal will be available in order to stop the corresponding mixer when required.



• Gas mixture distribution: distribution panel: 6 supply (outer diameter 8 mm) and 6 return (outer diameter 10 mm).

The gas distribution is divided in:

<u>panels for neutral mixtures</u> (hereafter panel A)

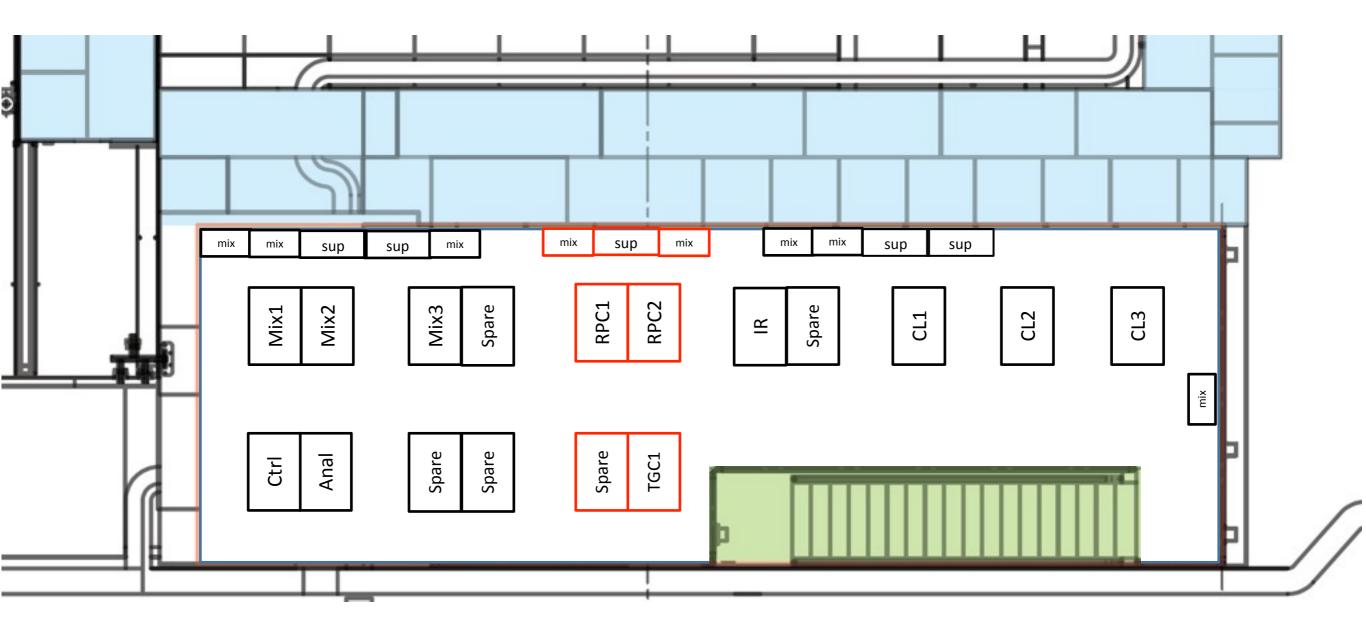
<u>panels for mixtures that might contain flammable gases</u> (hereafter panel B).

In the gas mixing zone 6 panels type A (36 supply + 36 return) and 6 panels type B (36 supply + 36 return) will be installed.

In the <u>irradiation bunker</u> the corresponding 6 panels type A and 6 panels type B will be installed.



Gas supply zone



Gas supply panel neutral gases 80 cm x 40 cm x 35 cm

sup Gas supply panel flammable gases 80 cm x 40 cm x 35 cm

mix Mixture distribution panels 60 cm x 30 cm x 35 cm



4 panels of type A and 1 of type B will be equipped with three way valves allowing to supply also the preparation area.

In fact in the preparation area the corresponding number of panels will be installed (2 type A and 3 type B).

In total there will be at least:

96 pipes (48 supply and 48 return) from the gas mixing zone to the irradiation bunker

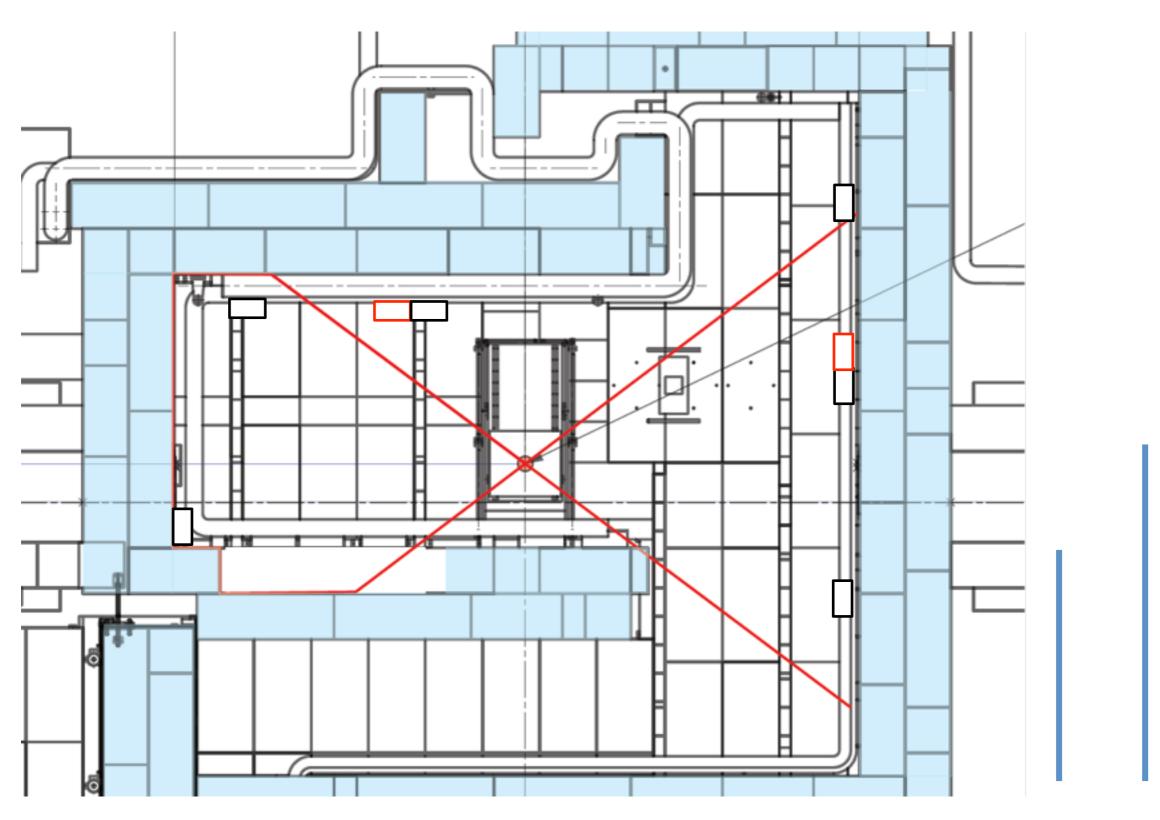
60 pipes (30 supply and 30 return) from the gas mixing zone to the preparation zone.

These pipes should be in stainless steel cleaned at CERN following standard cleaning procedure for the gas distribution systems.











Gas systems – start-up version

First version to start-up the facility:

- 1. 21 distribution panels
- 2. Simplified version of control rack (basic functionality like connection to remote pvss interface for recording flows, gas systems status, ...most probably available)
- 3. 2 gas mixing racks for the fixed installations (beam and cosmic trigger setups). Any additional mixer for users will cost about 15-20 kCHF (not included in the present list).
- 4. 1 IR analysis rack (needed to operate cosmic trigger gas system). It will be recuperated from GIF.
- 5. 1 analysis rack (O2+H2O+ gas chromatograph). It will be recuperated from GIF (currently used by CMS-GEM).
- 6. 1 closed loop gas system. It will be recuperated from old GIF systems (now at 904 or ATLAS).



Gas systems – future upgrades

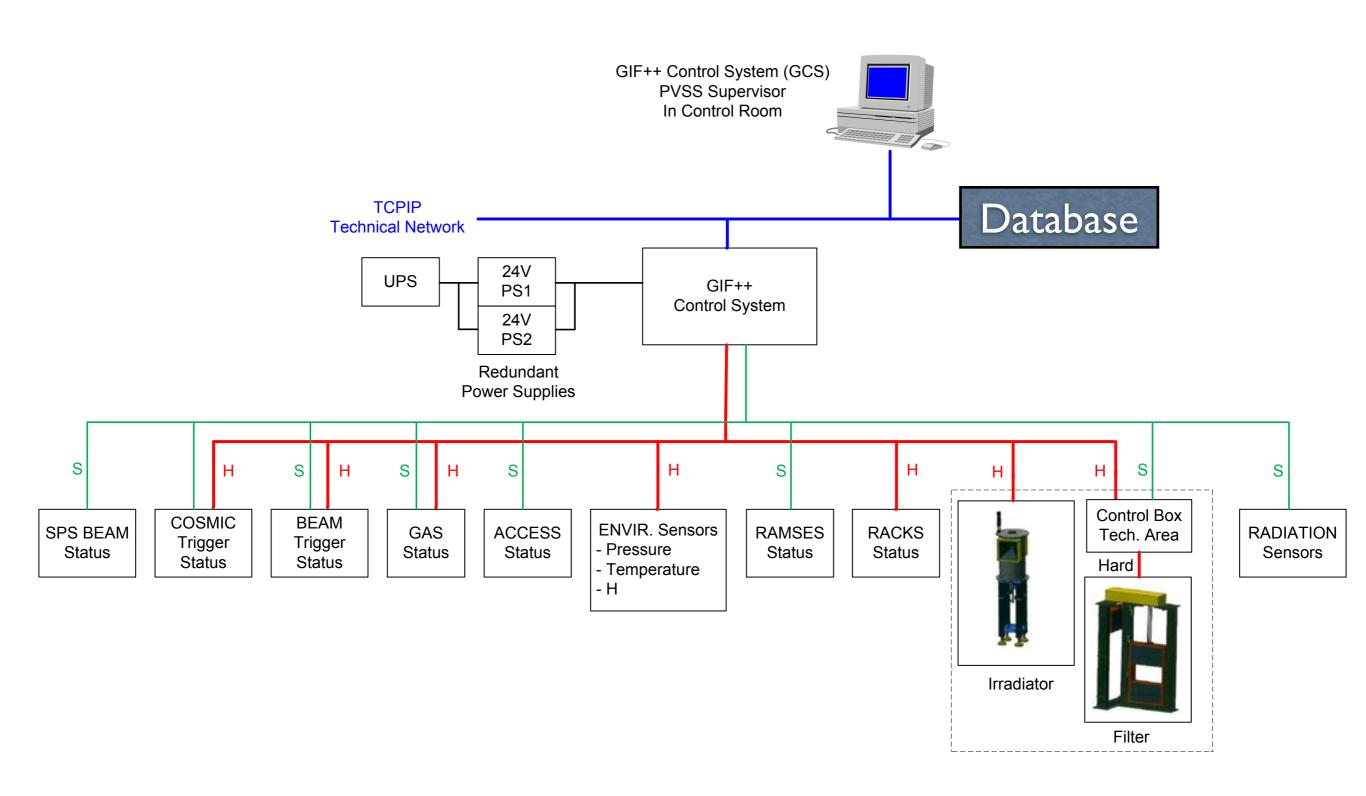
Many possibilities for future upgrades to be discussed with users for resources:

- 1. Upgrade control rack for more units (mixers, analysis, re-circulation systems, ...)
- 2. Additional IR analysis rack for second mixer using flammable gas
- 3. 3 mixers for users (15-20 kCHF each)
- 4. 3 new gas recirculation systems for users
- 5. Install more distribution panels (?)



GIF Control System

Gilles Maire







User Infrastructure





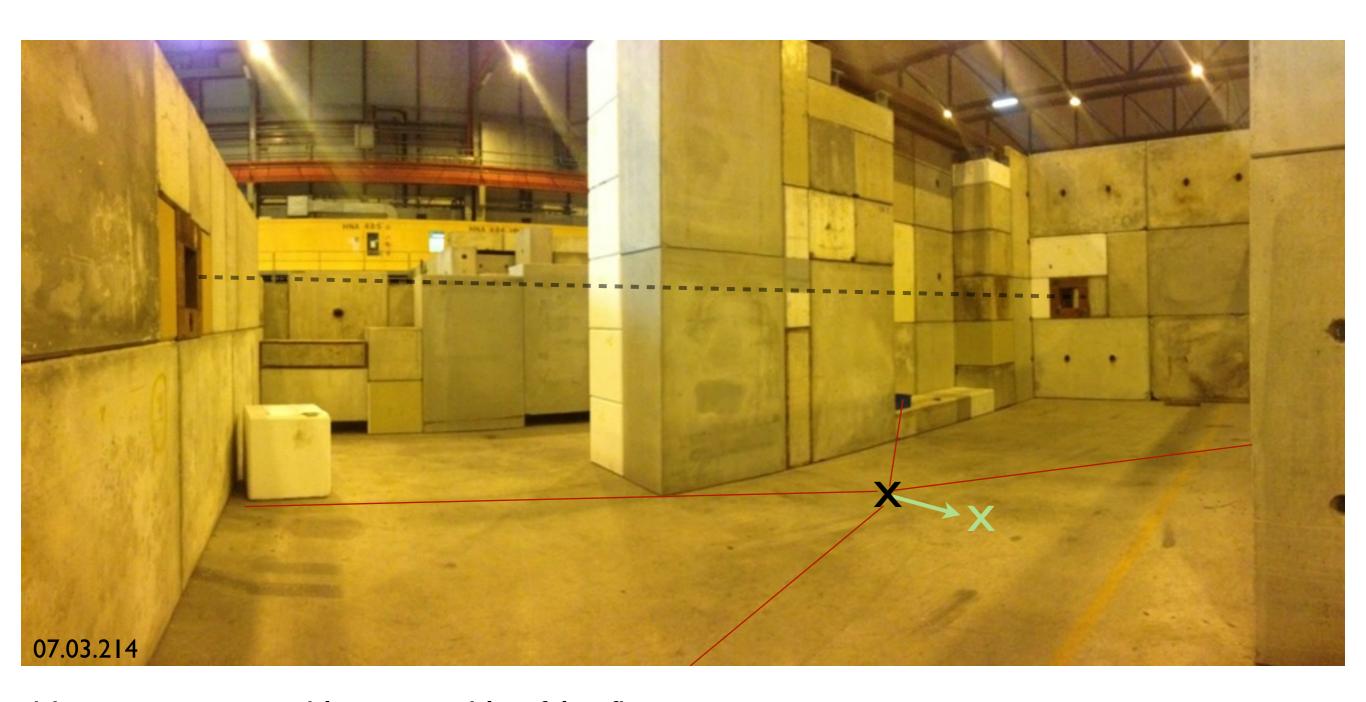
Status of Construction



By last friday, the concrete structure of bunker was practically finished.



Status of Construction Irradiation Fields



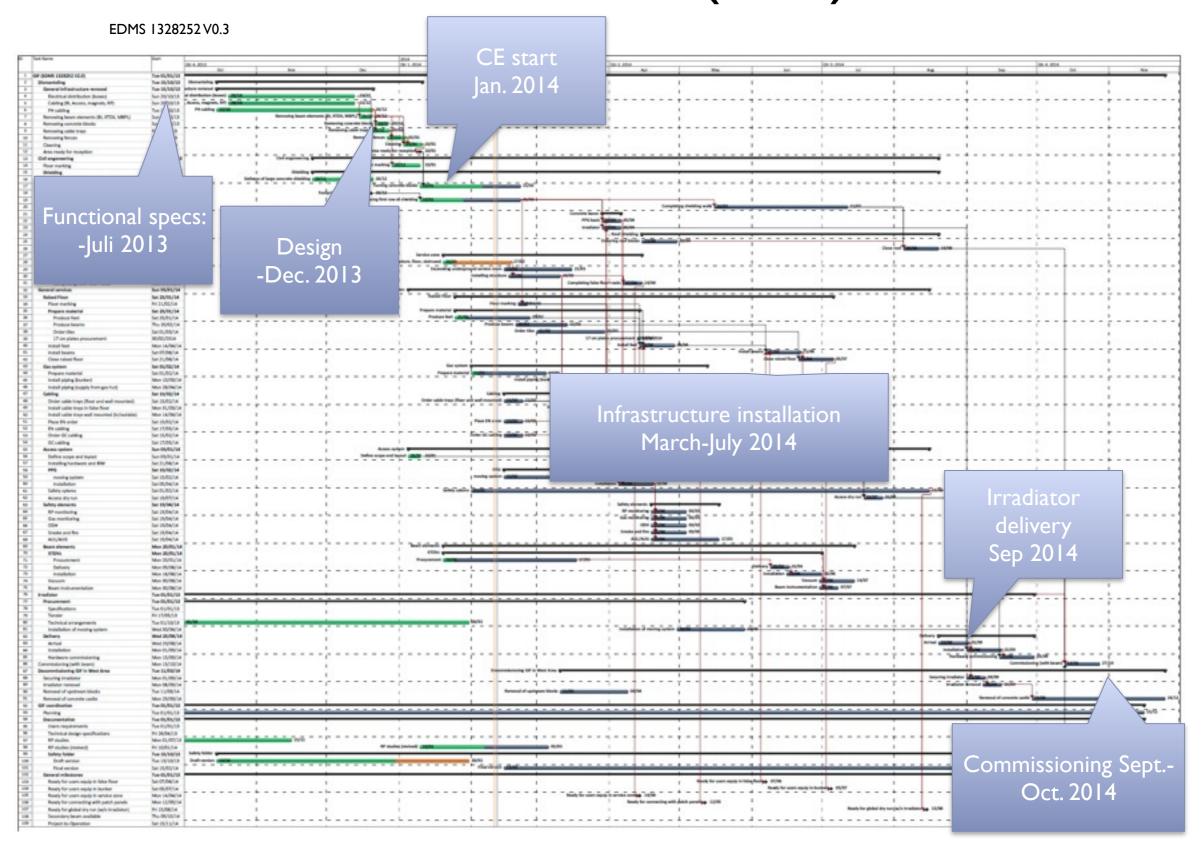
Next: gas pipes, cable trays, cables, false floor, painting....

Control room HNA486/487





Schedule (EN)



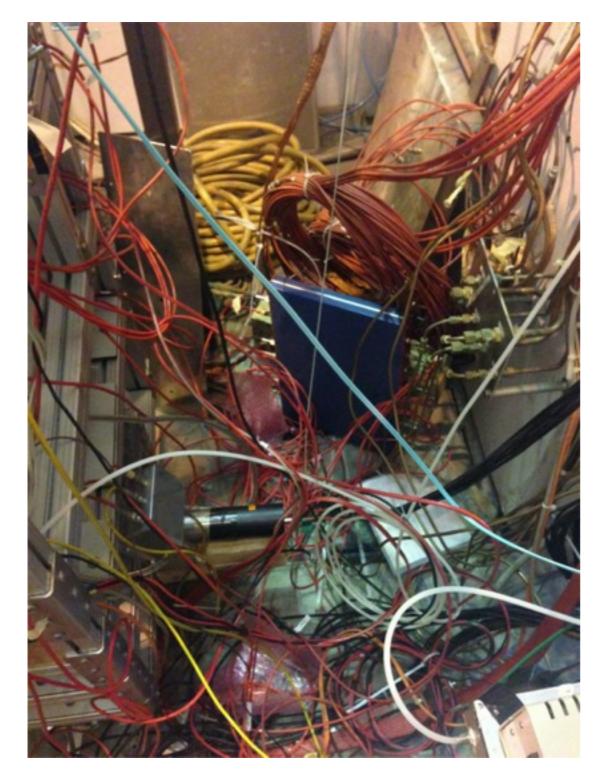


Points of attention....

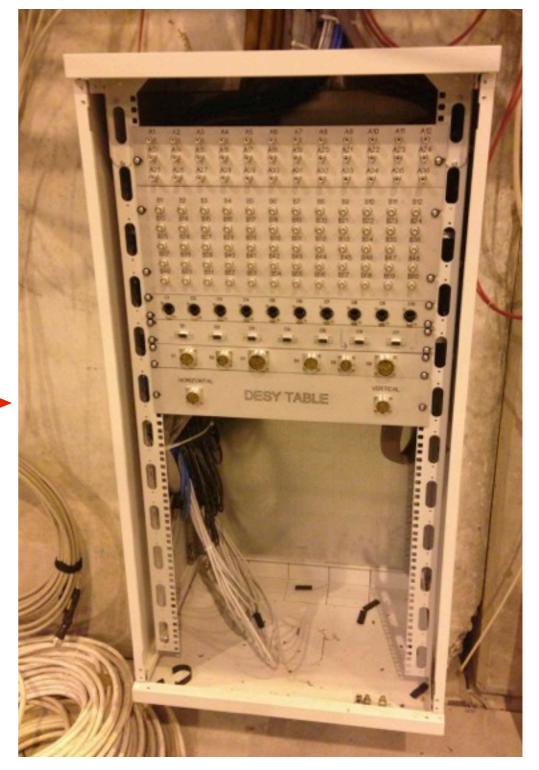
- Construction is ongoing and progressing well
- Last chance to provide feedback on infrastructure (patch panel cables, rack space, max. cable length...)
- Some needs are mentioned, but never specified (e.g FE cooling, rack monitoring, humidity control....)
- Next: allocate racks, define cable paths, commissioning plans (including requirements)
- We are building the facility for the users. Unless they tell us what they really need, we have to guess as good as we can.



We need to know your needs!



If we still want to avoid this...



...and have something like this!