Hadronic Highlights in G4 10.0

Alberto Ribon CERN PH/SFT

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Fritiof (FTF) model

- Further improvements of hadron-nucleon diffraction dissociation
- Re-tuning of the model with an enlarged set of thin-target data
 - In particular, changed the probability of Δ -isobar production
 - From 5% to 10%
 - Switched off hadron-nucleus (target & projectile) diffraction
 - Favored by thin-target data
 - Possible destructive interference between the hadron-nucleon amplitudes...
- Extension to handle also **nucleus-nucleus** collisions
 - Above a few GeV per nucleon
 - Validation in progress

Bertini-like (BERT) model

- Improved two-body final-state angular distributions for nucleon-nucleon and gamma-nucleon collisions
- Improved phase-space generation for multi-body final states
- Added capability to handle muon capture
- Several technical changes to adapt for multi-threading

Isomer production

- Before G4 10, all excited nuclear fragments were forced to decay promptly
- Now, in G4 10, isomers (i.e. *long-lived meta-stable nuclides*) can be produced in hadronic interactions
 - Framework in place to create isomers, models are in charged to produce them (still under development and testing)
 - By default, only isomers with $\tau_{1/2} > 1 \mu sec$ are considered
 - Optionally, more excited nuclei can be produced by setting G4ENSDFSTATEDATA to point to the new data set of nuclei properties from the Evaluated Nuclear Structure Data File, G4ENSDFSTATE-1.0
 - The produced isomers are decayed only if G4RadioactiveDecayPhysics is activated
 - Not the case for most physics lists

Photon Evaporation and Radioactive Decay

- Several changes and improvements in both de_excitation (in particular in photon_evaporation) and radioactive_decay
 - To allow the production of isomers
 - To be multi-threaded safe
- New libraries
 - G4PhotonEvaporation-3.0 (for all cases)
 - G4RadioactiveDecay-4.0 (if radioactive decay is used)

NeutronHP

- It is now capable of reading compressed data files
 - Reduced significantly the size of the G4NDL library
 - From (G4 9.6) G4NDL4.2 : 1.7 GB (1.2 GB without ThermalScattering)
 - To (G4 10.0) G4NDL4.4 : 0.5 GB (including ThermalScattering)
- A new verbosity control allows the suppression of warning messages
- Introduced a new fission fragments generator
 - Developed by Brycen Wendt
 - Not yet used by default

Removed models (declared obsolete in G4 9.6)

- CHIPS package
 - Kept a few components
 - Quasi-elastic, cross sections, electro-nuclear e -> γ^* -> γ
 - Replaced by Fritiof + Bertini in physics lists
 - Nuclear capture of negatively charged hadrons
 - Gamma- and electron-nuclear
- Parameterized (Gheisha-like) LEP/HEP models
 - Replaced with Fritiof + Bertini in physics lists
 - Not needed for FTF-based physics lists
 - For QGS-based physics lists, this could become unnecessary if the QGS model will be extended to lower energies
 - Fission process has been removed
 - Except for the HP-based physics lists, where the parameterized model G4LFission is kept and used only above 19.9 MeV

Neutron Capture

- Improved neutron capture simulation
 - Cross section: G4NeutronCaptureXS (instead of Gheisha)
 - Final-state model: G4NeutronRadCapture (instead of G4LCapture)
- Already used by QBBC and FTFP_BERT_TRV
- HP-based physics lists continue to use HP capture
- The main impact is for tungsten calorimeters
 - Because the neutron capture cross section is much bigger in tungsten than in iron, copper, lead

Neutron inelastic cross sections

- Replaced the Barashenkov neutron inelastic cross section with "NeutronXS" below 20 MeV
 - "NeutronXS" is a fast approach based on neutronHP
 - "group-wise": average xsec per bin of neutron kinetic energy
 - Closer to data than Barashenkov
- Already used by QBBC and FTFP_BERT_TRV
- Of course, HP-based physics lists continue to use HP inelastic cross sections

Physics lists

- New neutron capture, and low-energy neutron inelastic xsec
 - For non-HP physics lists
- Replaced LEP with FTFP + BERT in QGS-based P.L.
- All EM variants of the physics lists
 - EMV, EMX, EMY, EMZ, LIV, PEN available only through G4PhysListFactory
- New physics lists (based on INCL++):
 - QGSP INCLXX HP, FTFP INCLXX, FTFP INCLXX HP
- Removed obsolete physics lists: CHIPS, CHIPS HP, QGSC BERT, QGSC CHIPS, QGSP BERT CHIPS, LHEP, LHEP EMV, QGSP, QGSP QEL, QGSP BERT TRV, QGSP BERT 95, QGSP_BERT_95XS, QGSP FTFP BERT 95, QGSP FTFP BERT 95XS 10

Hadronic showers (see plots in backup slides)

- Hadronic showers in G4 **10.0** are similar to those in G4 9.6
 - Exception for **tungsten** calorimeters
 - Lower response and narrower lateral shape
 - Due to the improved neutron capture (xsec & final state)
 - Now closer to FTFP_BERT_HP

• **FTFP_BERT** our recommended HEP physics list

- To consider also the variant **FTFP_BERT_TRV** and **QBBC**
 - Smoother (because of the wider transition region **3 12 GeV**)
 - For QBBC, also use of Binary Cascade (BIC) for protons and neutrons below 1.5 GeV

Summary

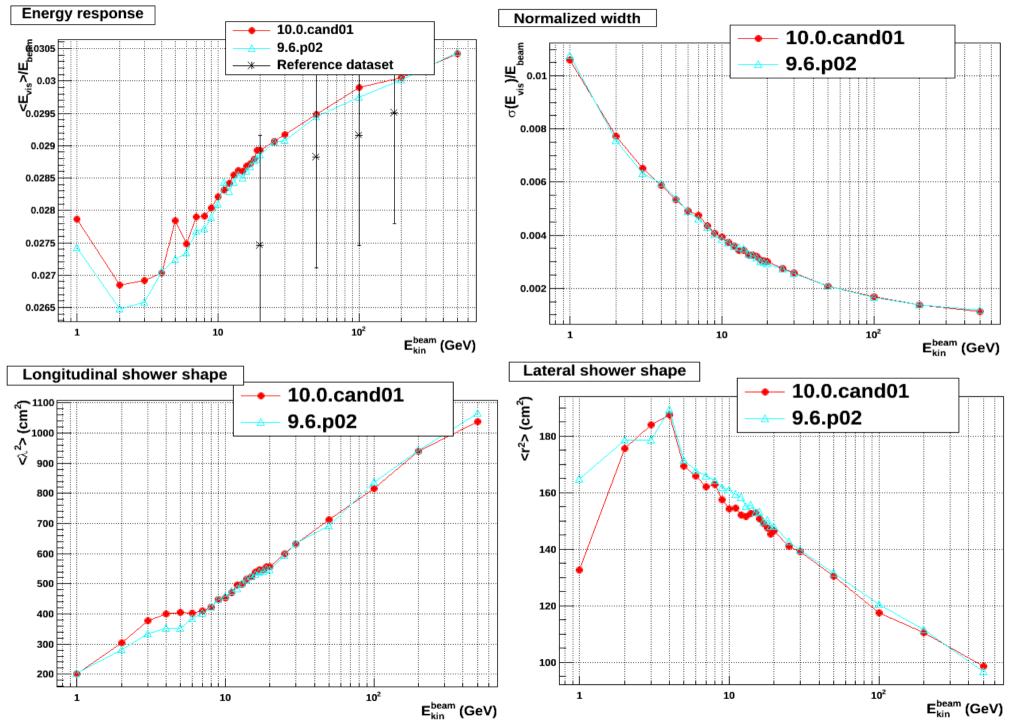
Continued the **consolidation** of hadronic physics - **models**, **cross sections**, and **physics lists** and adapted for multi-threading

- Improvements and extensions in **BERT** and **FTF**
- Enabled production of **isomers**
 - Revision of ions, de-excitation, and radioactive decay
- Removed CHIPS and LEP/HEP
- Improved neutron capture
- Improved low-energy neutron inelastic cross sections
- Expected improvements of FTFP_BERT hadronic showers in tungsten calorimeters

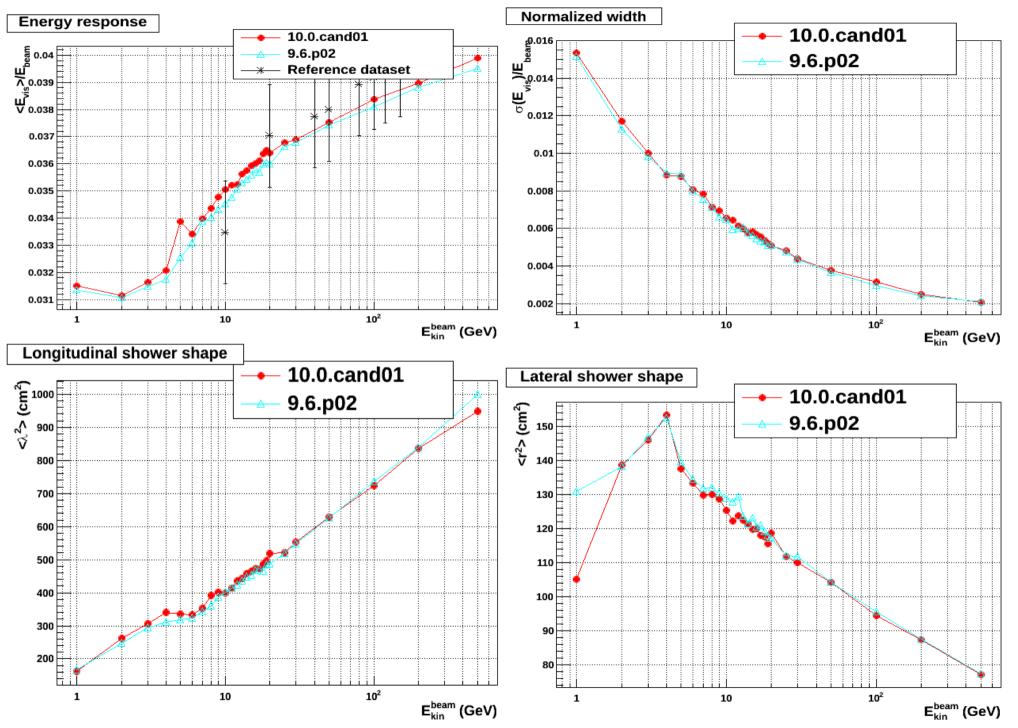
Backup slides

Comparing G4 versions: 10.0 vs 9.6.p02

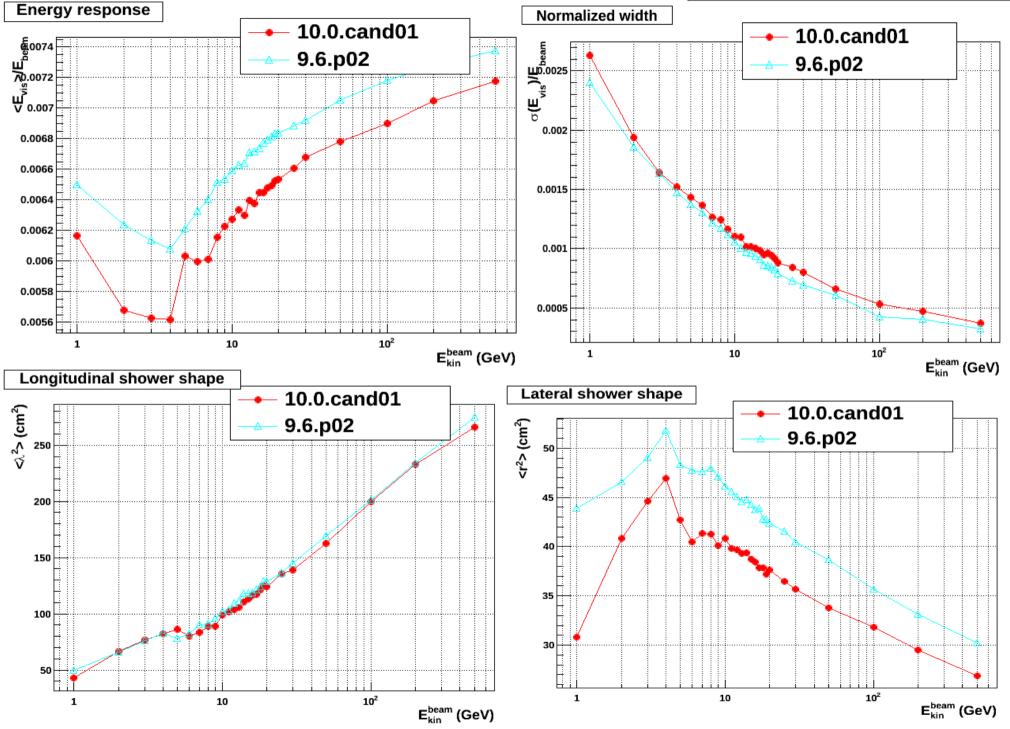
π^{on} Fe-Sci



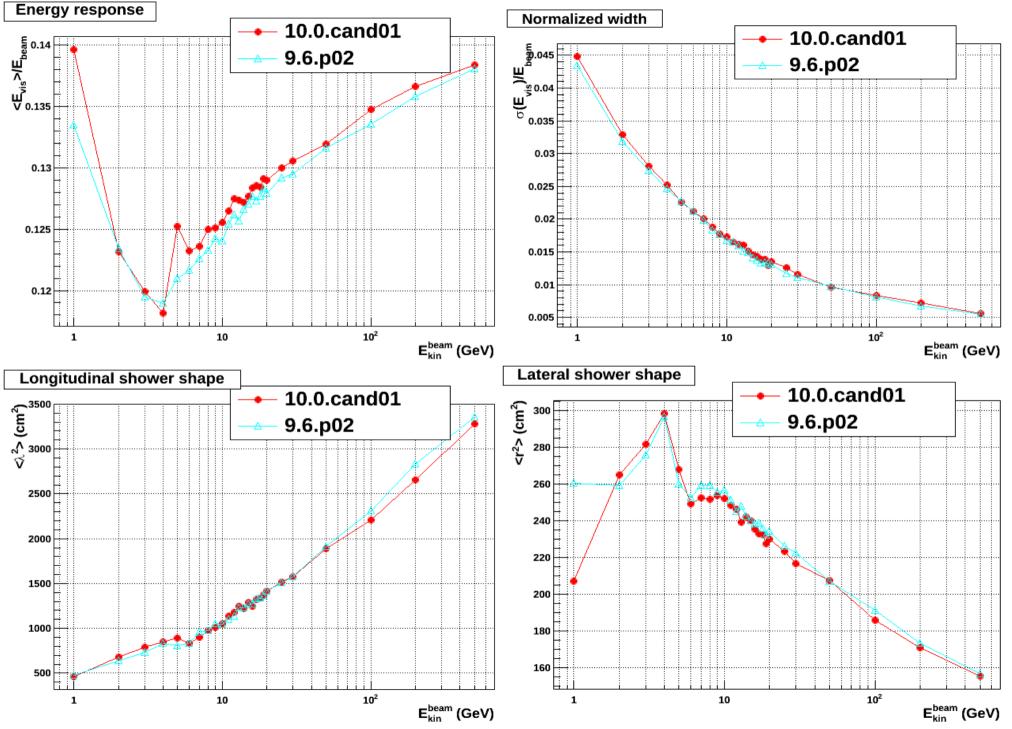
π on Cu-LAr



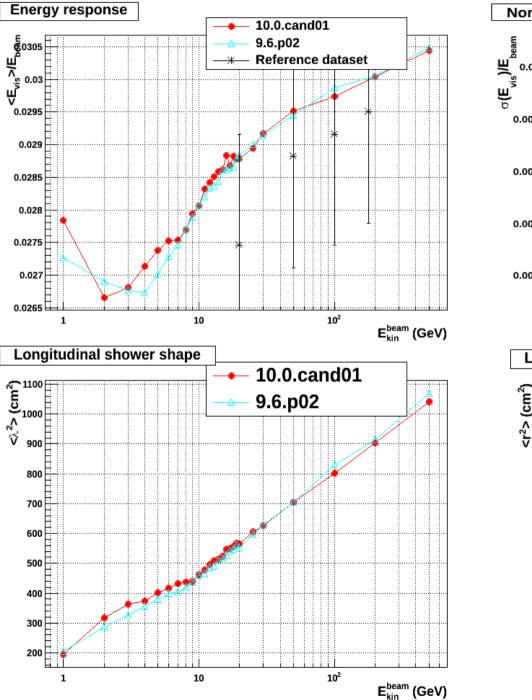
π on W-LAr

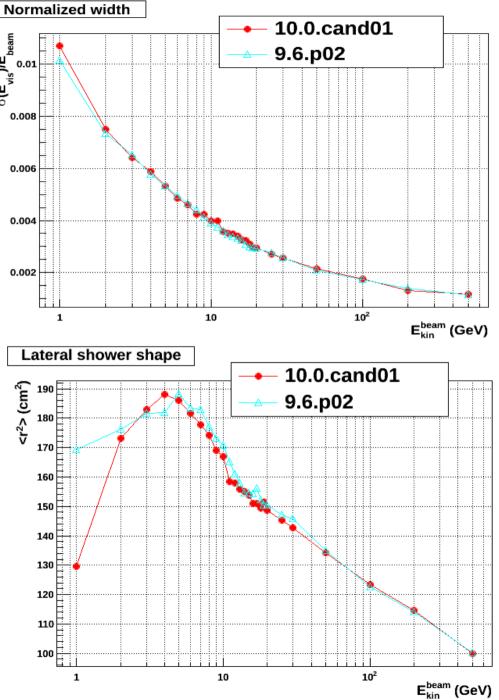


π on **Pb-LAr**

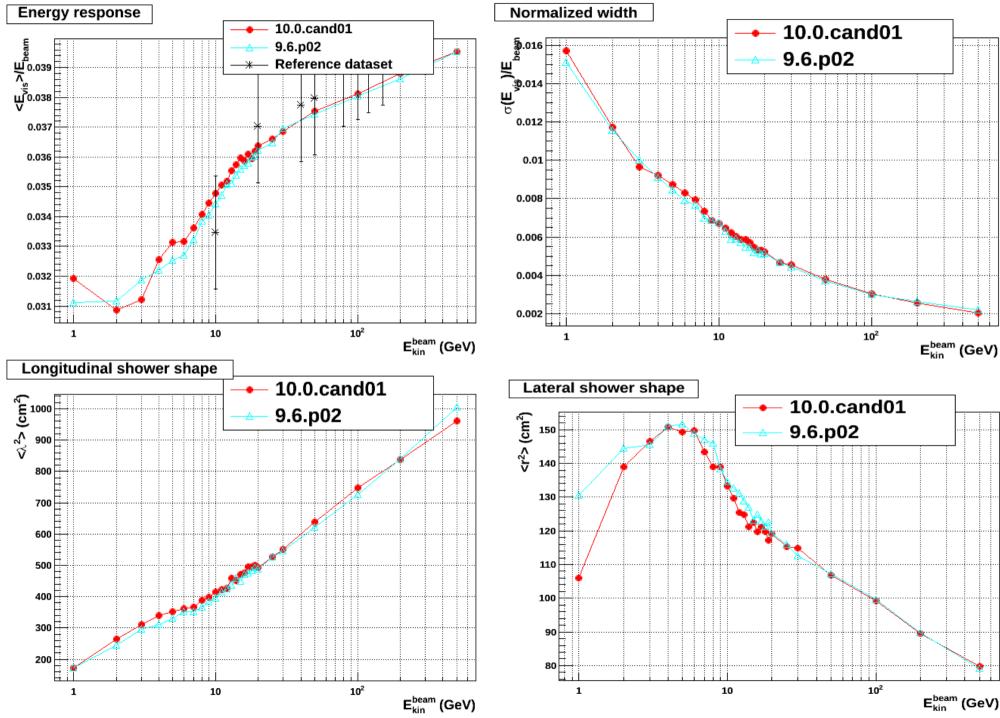


π on Fe-Sci

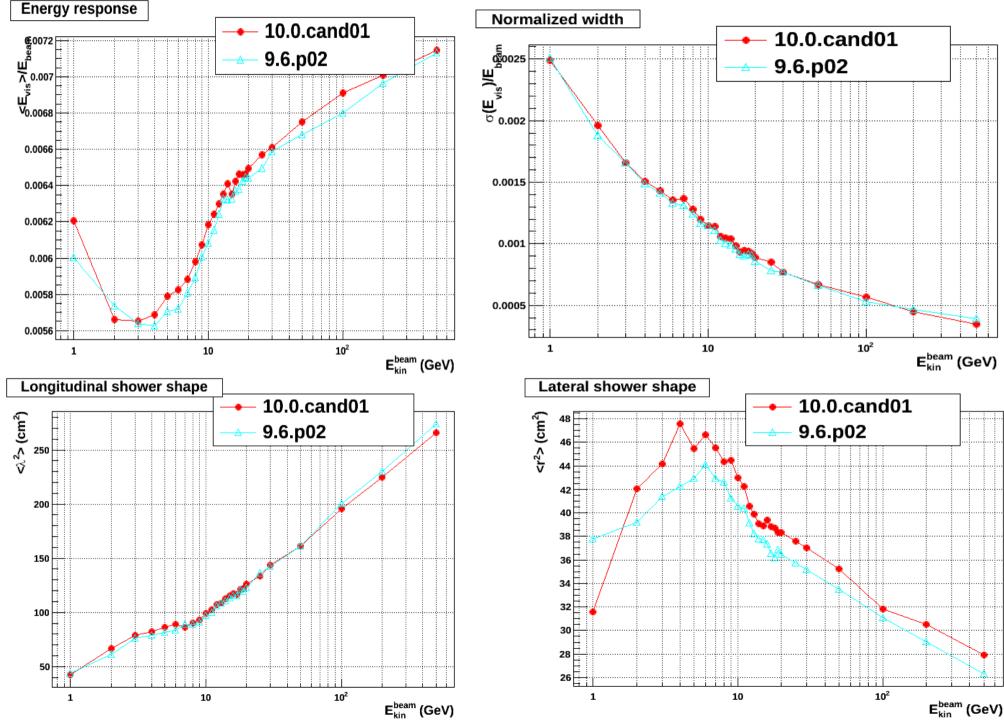




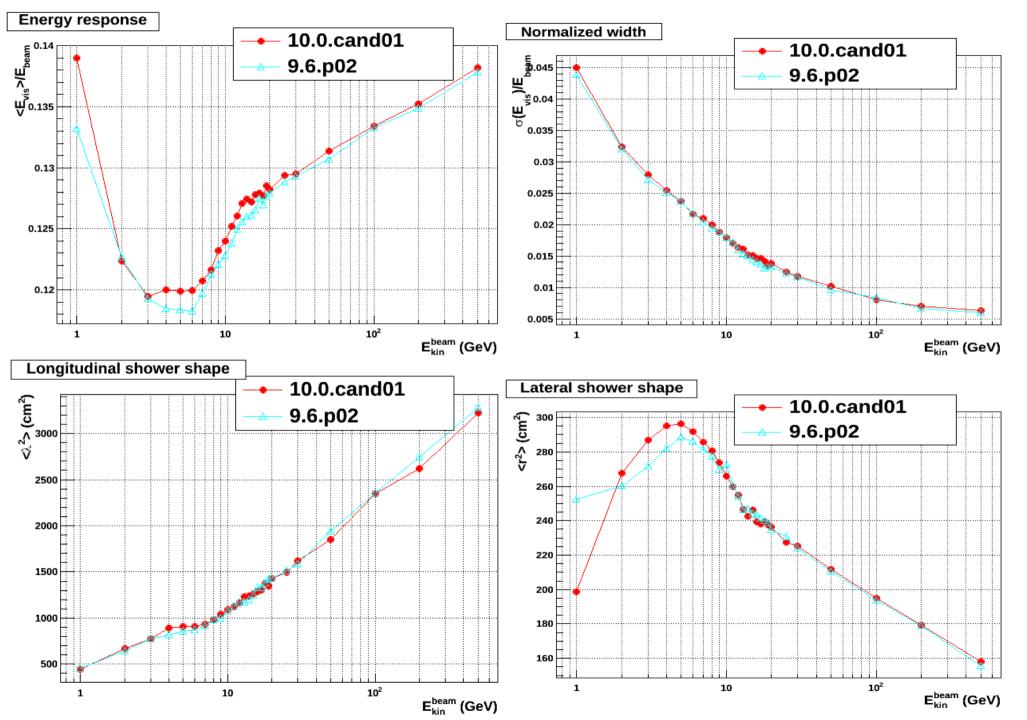
π on Cu-LAr



π on W-LAr

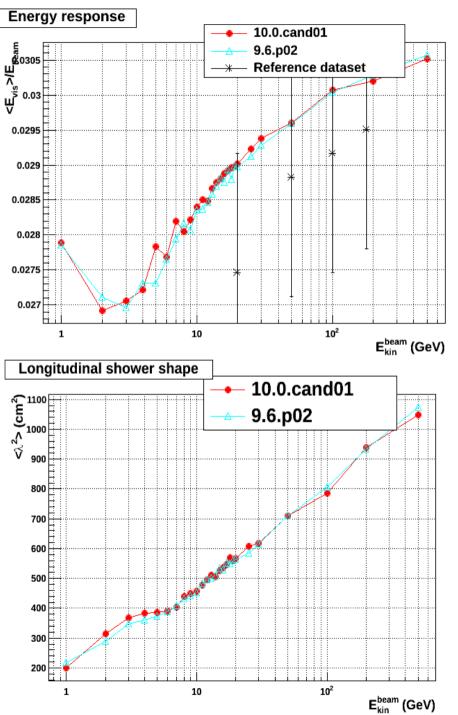


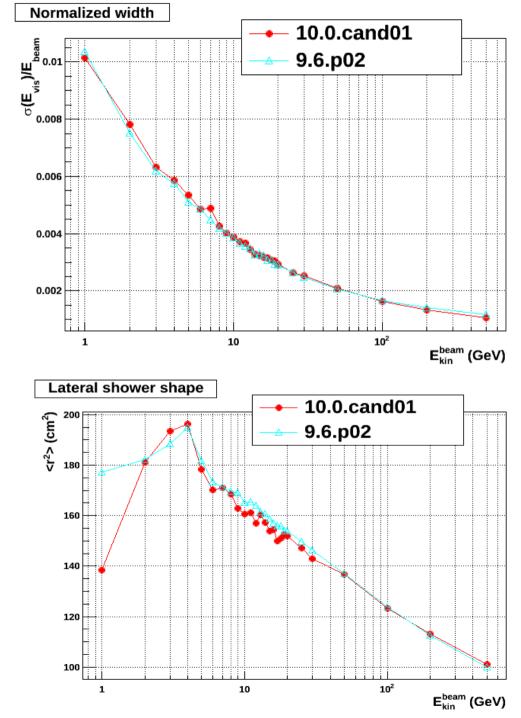
π on **Pb-LAr**



FTFP_BERT_HP

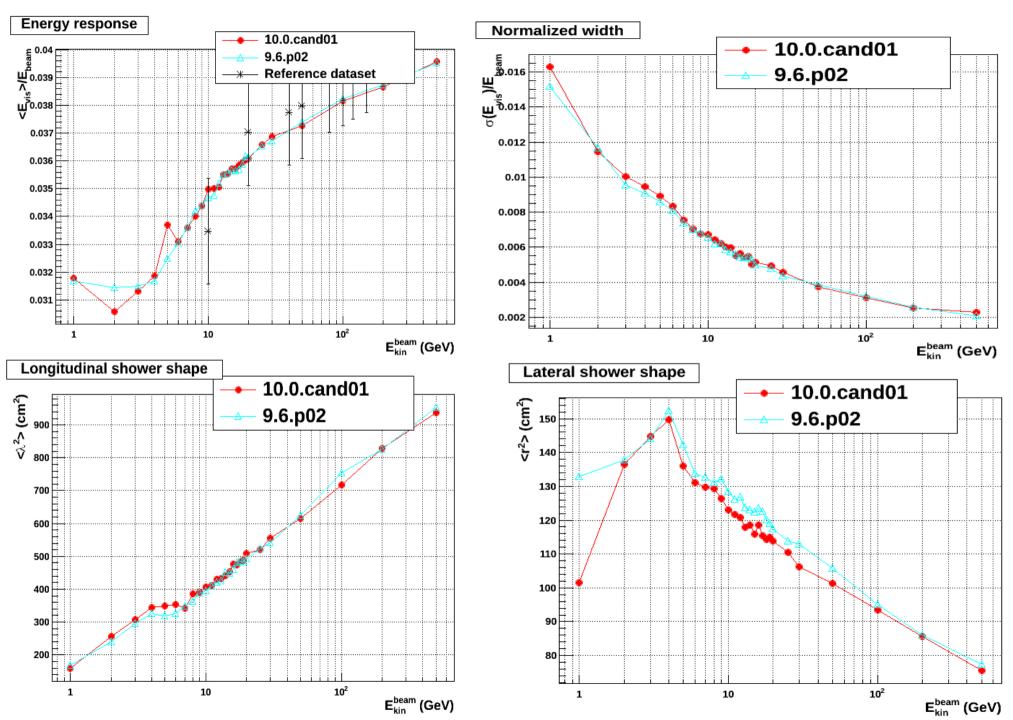
π on Fe-Sci

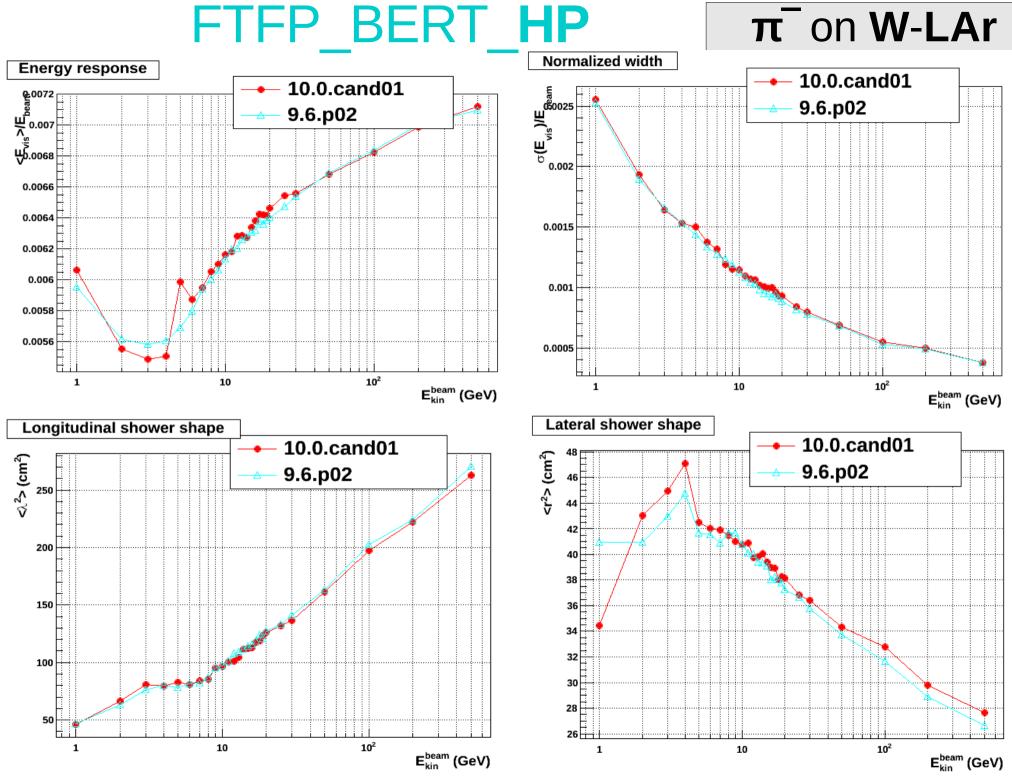




FTFP_BERT_HP

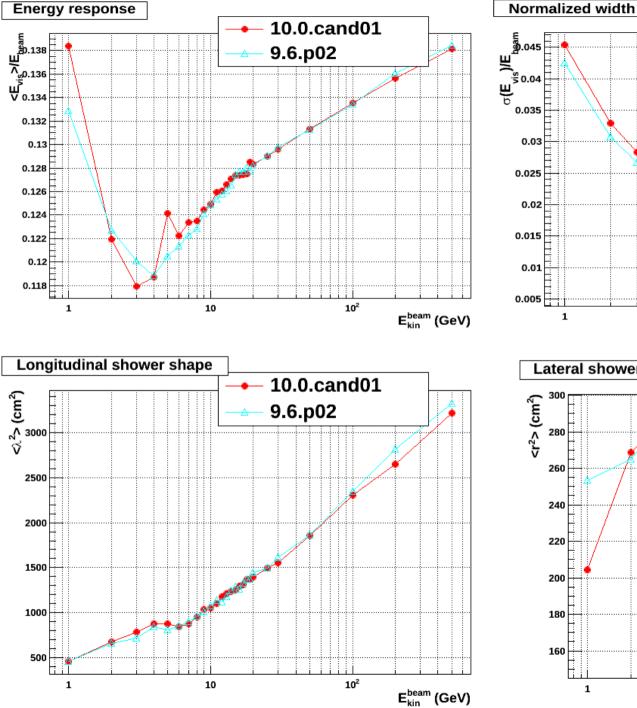
π on Cu-LAr

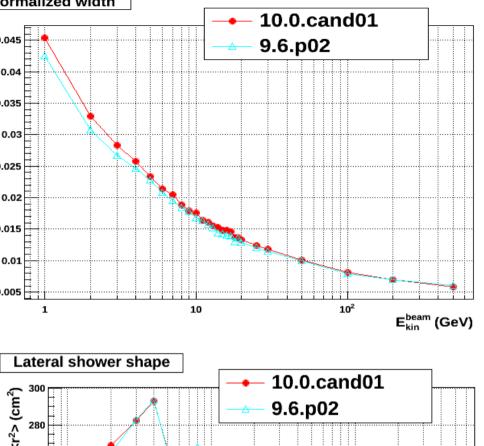


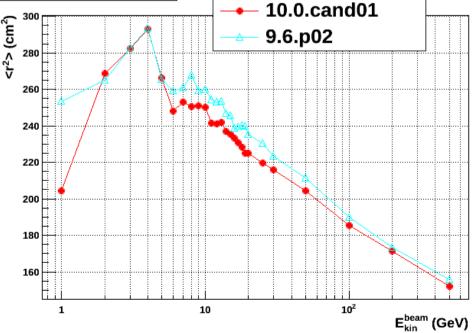


FTFP_BERT_HP

π on **Pb-LAr**

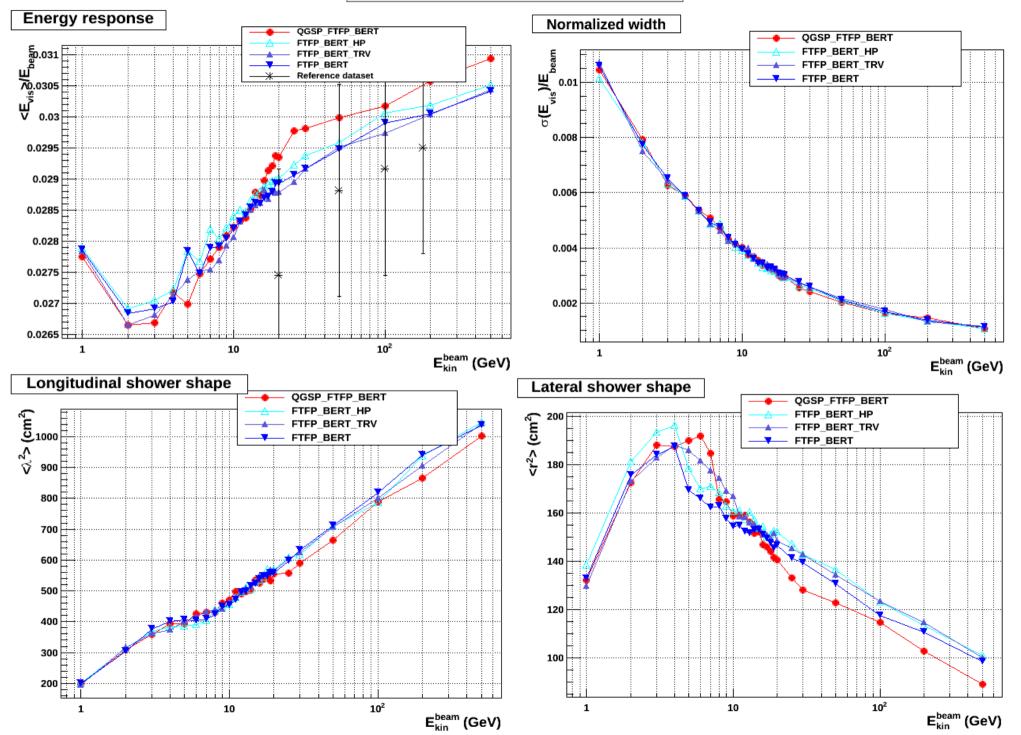


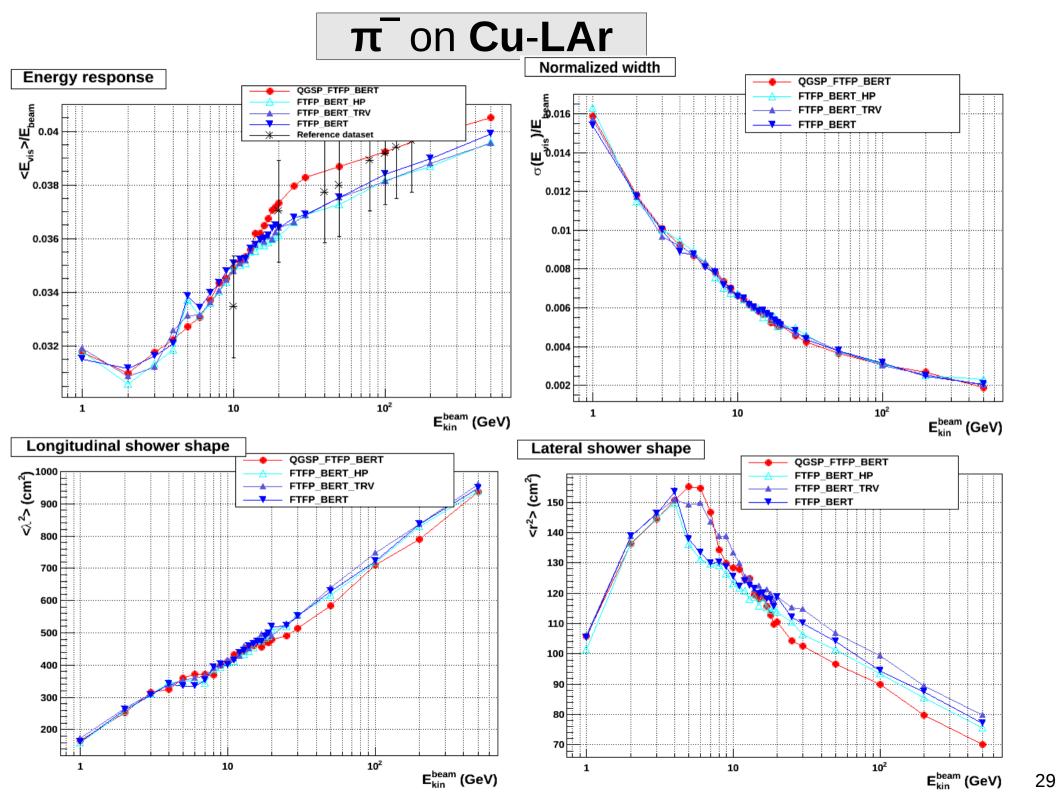




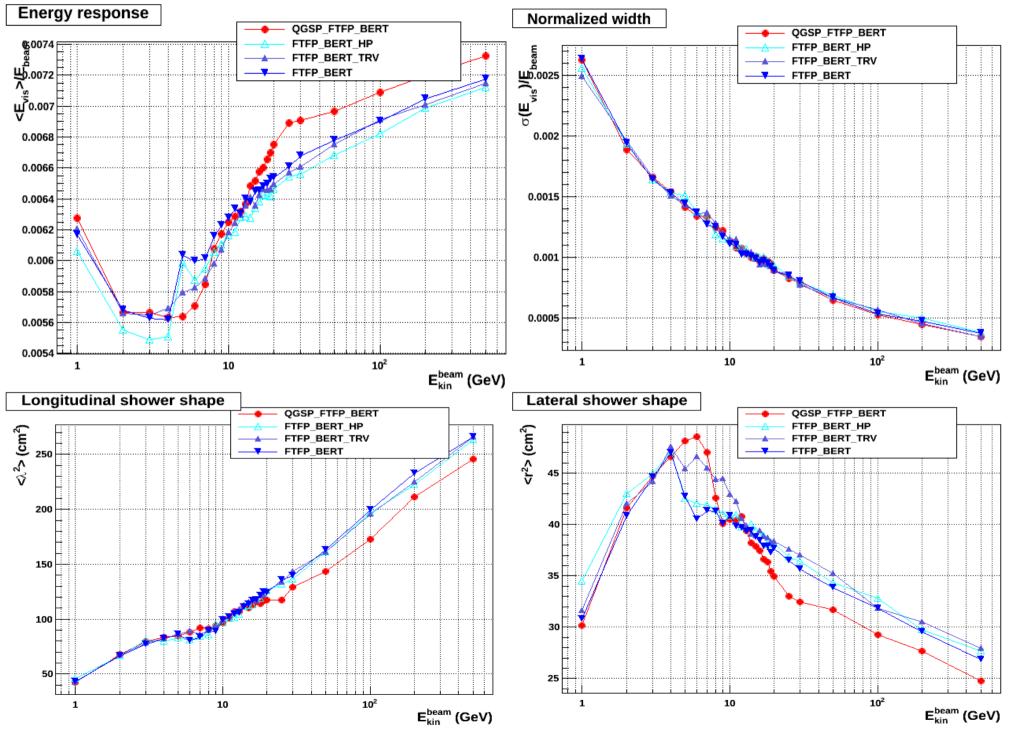
Comparing Physics Lists in G4 10.0

π on Fe-Sci





π on W-LAr



π on **Pb-LAr**

