



Enabling Grids for E-science

# Application of the Grid to Pharmacokinetic Modelling of Contrast Agents in Abdominal Imaging

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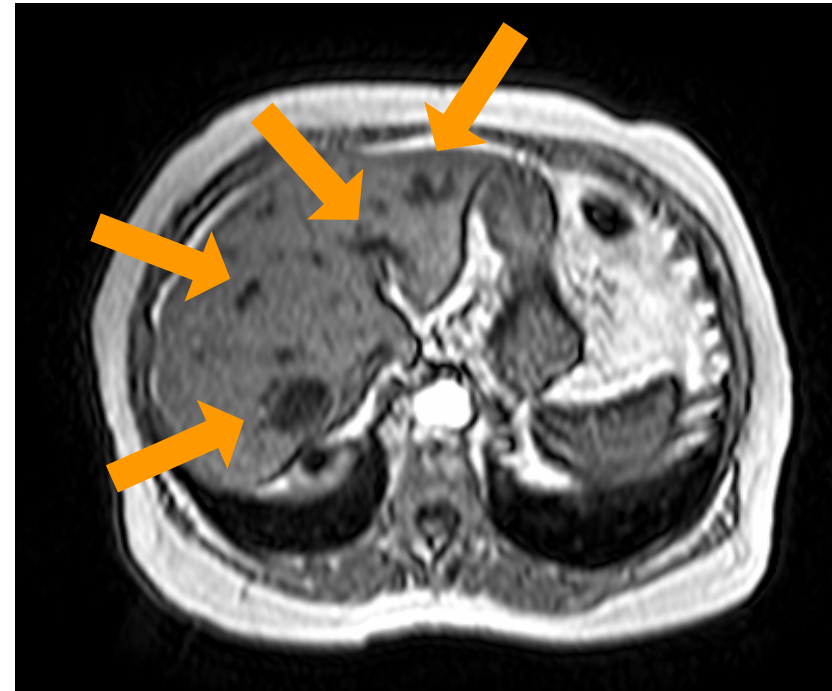


Information Society

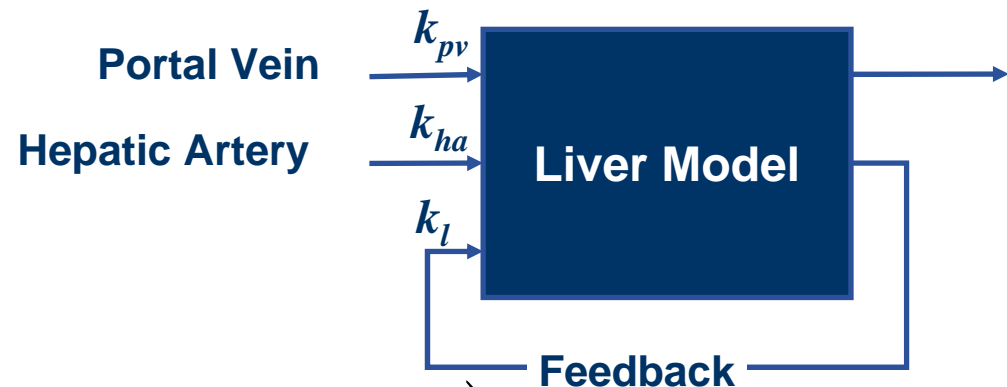


- **Short Introduction of the Problem and Motivation.**
- **Technical Issues**
  - Acquisition and Pre-processing of the Data.
  - Image Post-processing.
- **Grid Approach**
  - Requirements of the Application.
  - Data Flow.
  - Computationally-Intensive Tasks.
- **Analysis of the Results and Performance.**
- **Conclusions and Further Work.**

- **The Liver is a Key Organ of the Abdomen in Oncology.**
- **Angiogenesis is Quite an Important Marker of Tumour Aggressiveness and Response to Therapy.**
- **Dynamic Contrast Enhanced Magnetic Resonance Imaging (DCE-MRI) is Extensively Used for the Detection of Primary and Metastatic Hepatic Tumours.**
- **However, the Assessment of Early Stages of the Malignancy and Other Diseases like Cirrhosis Require the Quantitative Evaluation of the Hepatic Arterial Supply.**



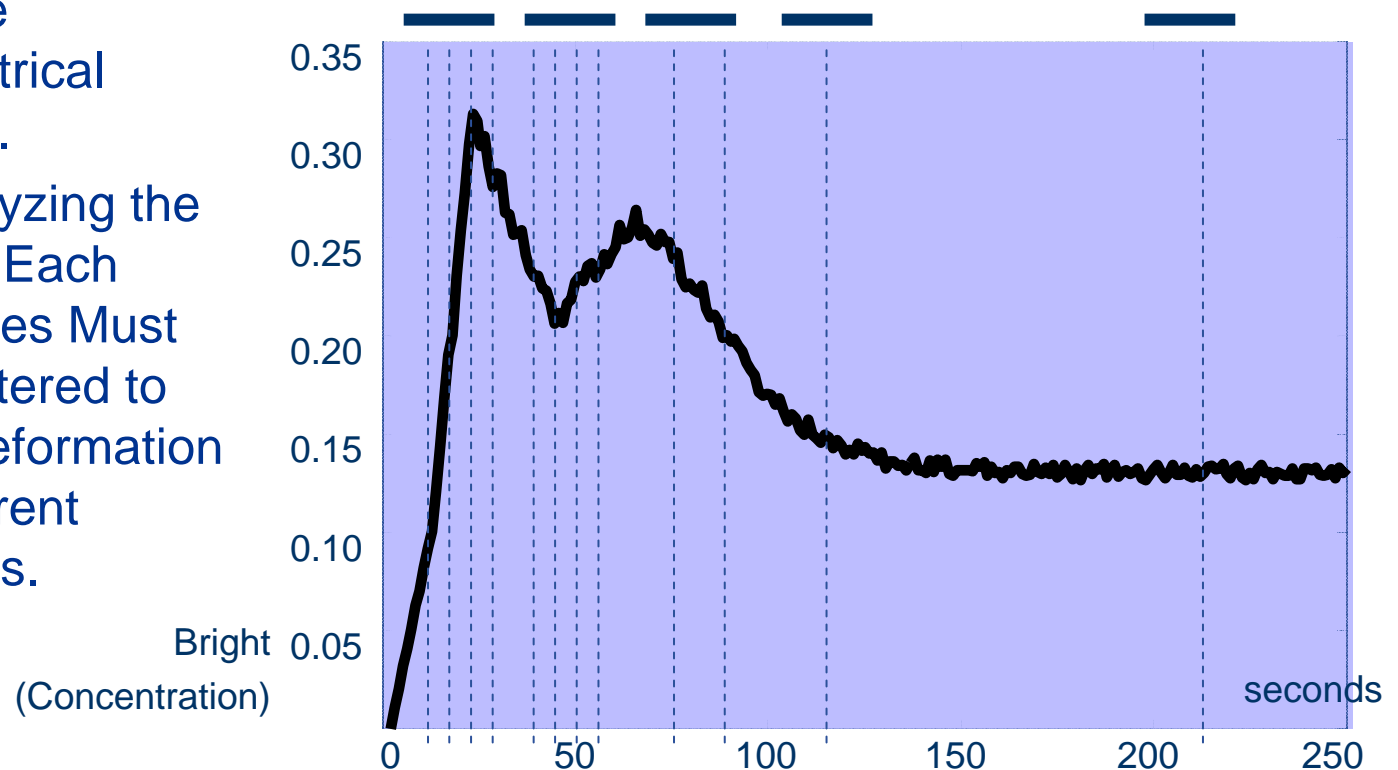
- The Objective is the Characterization of the Tissular Nature by the Analysis of the Evolution of Contrast in a Time Series.
- Different Tissues Define Different Constants for Recycling And Flow Rate of the Physical Models.
- Those Constants can be used for the Creation of Parametric Images.



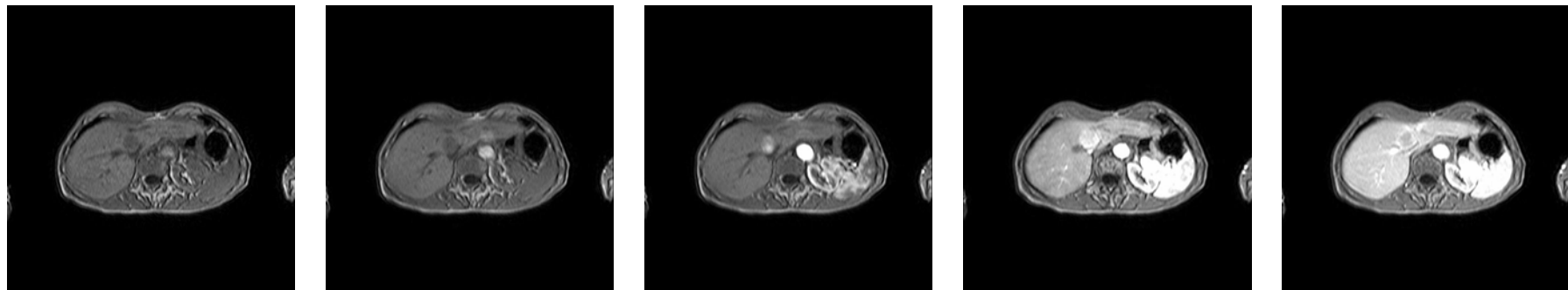
$$C_L(t) = \int_0^t \left( k_{ai} C_a(x) + k_{pi} C_p(x - \tau) \right) e^{-k_{Lo}(t-x)} dx$$

- **Description**

- The Process Requires Obtaining a Sequence of DCE-MRI Volumetric Images.
- Different Images are Obtained in Different Breath-holds.
- The Movement of the Abdomen is Unavoidable and Relevant When Voxels have Sub-millimetrical Dimensions.
- Before Analyzing the Variation of Each Voxel, Images Must be Co-registered to Minimize Deformation due to Different Breath Holds.

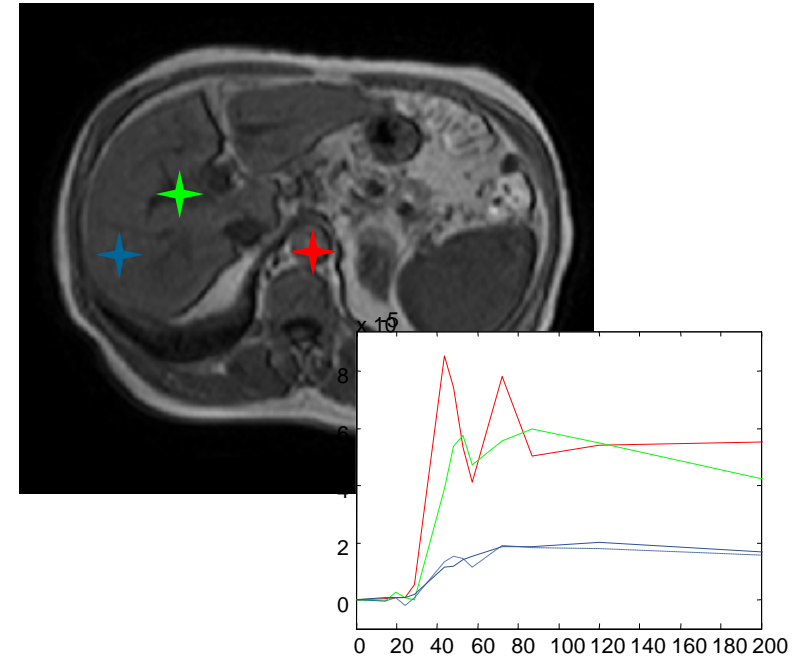


- **Acquisition of Data**
  - 13 DICOM 3D Studies of 24 Slices at Different Timesteps.
- **Data Pre-processing**
  - Anonymisation of the DICOM Images and Conversion to Raw Format (Analyze).
  - Cropping of Blank Areas to Reduce Overhead in the Co-registration Process.
  - Co-registration with Respect to Reference Image Using Deformable Methods (Around 100-140h).
  - Slice re-ordering to Produce 24 studies of 13 Slices.



- **Model Estimation**

- Identification of Portal Vein and Hepatic Artery.
- Optimisation of the Nonlinear Model Through Least Squares.
- The Equation is Solved For Each Time Value for Each Voxel of the 3D Images ( $k_{ai}$ ,  $k_{pi}$  and  $k_{lo}$  are the Unknowns).



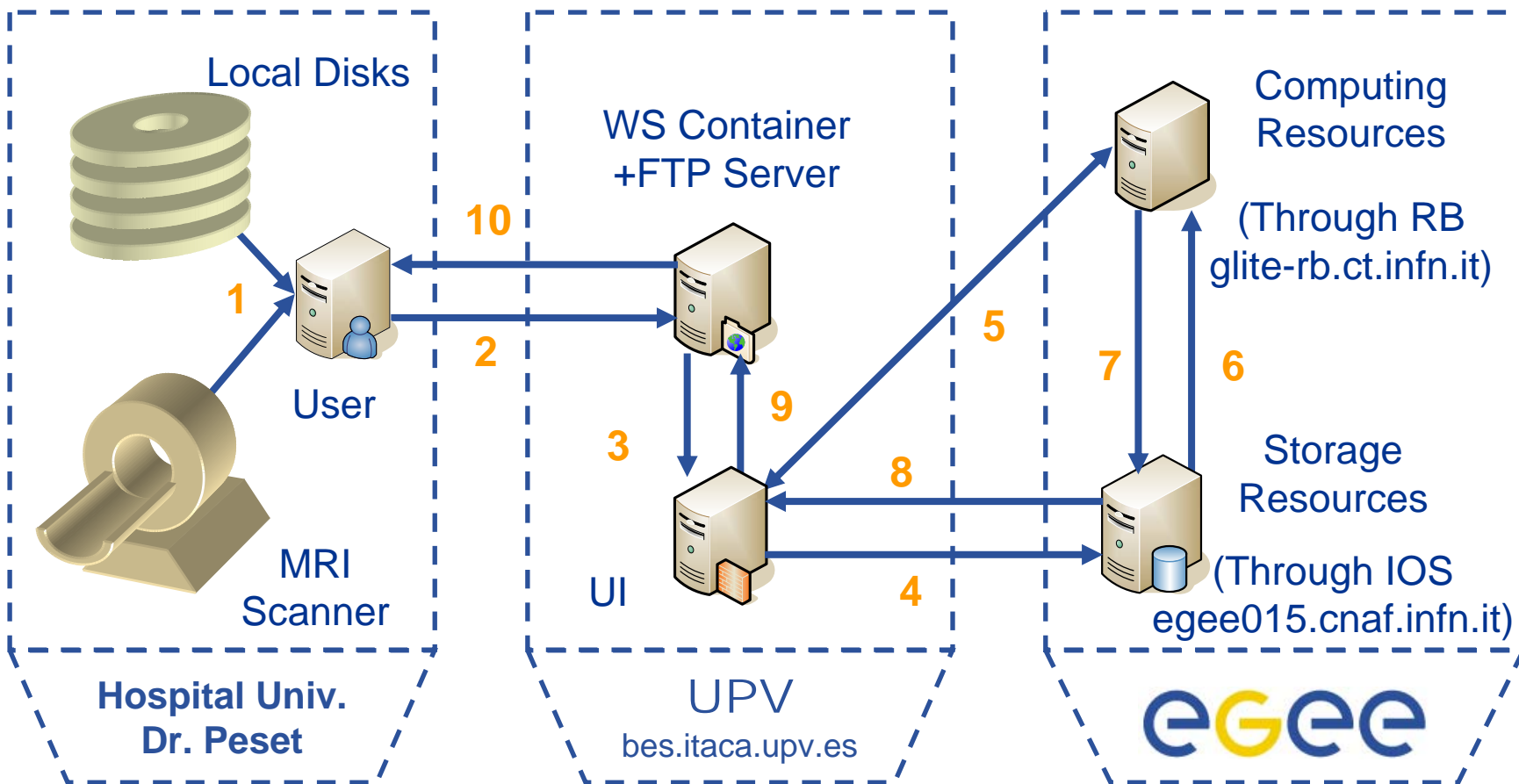
$$C_L(t) = \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} \left( \left( \frac{p_i(t_{i+1})}{k_{Lo}} - \frac{p_i'(t_{i+1})}{k_{Lo}^2} - \frac{p_i''(t_{i+1})}{k_{Lo}^3} - \frac{p_i'''(t_{i+1})}{k_{Lo}^4} \right) e^{-k_{Lo}(t-t_{i+1})} - \left( \frac{p_i(t_i)}{k_{Lo}} - \frac{p_i'(t_i)}{k_{Lo}^2} - \frac{p_i''(t_i)}{k_{Lo}^3} - \frac{p_i'''(t_i)}{k_{Lo}^4} \right) e^{-k_{Lo}(t-t_i)} \right)$$

- Computation of the Parametrical Image (Function of  $k_{ai}$ ,  $k_{pi}$  and  $k_{lo}$ ).

- **Performance**
  - Use of the Grid to Provide the Computational Power.
  - >> Use a Large Grid Infrastructure
- **Usability**
  - Reduce the Complexity of Grids by Using a Friendly Interface.
  - Provide an Interface Open to its Integration in Other Applications.
  - >> Implement a Web-services Based Portal.
- **Security**
  - Deal with the Risks of Using Remote Resources.
  - >> Anonymise and Access Control Need for gLite.
- **Reliability**
  - Production Capability.
  - >> Provide Intelligence on Selecting the Sites.

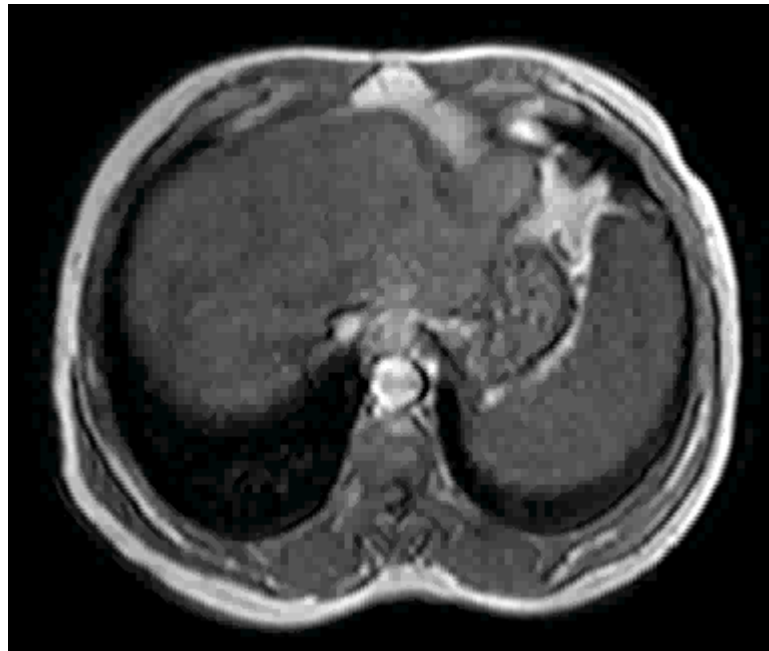




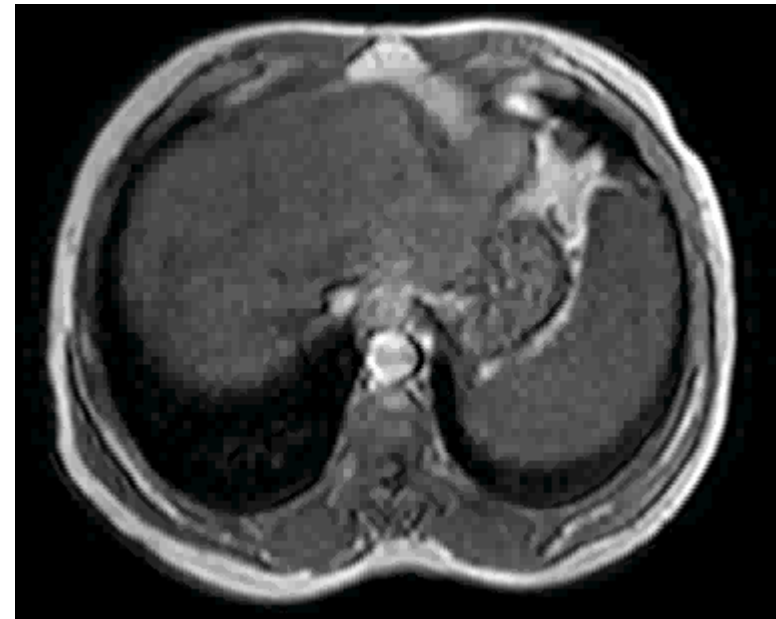


- **A Graphical User Interface has been Created.**
- **The Gui Calls the Web Services to Implement**
  - Creating the Proxy on the Grid.
  - Transferring the data into the Grid Storage Area.
  - Select the ranges of the parameters to test:
    - Maximum Step Length for the Gradient Descent Optimisator.
    - Maximum Number of Iterations for the Optimiser.
    - Initial Scaling Factor.
    - Initial Angle for Deformation.
  - Create the JDLs and Define the Arguments for the Scripts of Each Job
    - One Job per Registration and per Combination of Parameters.
  - Monitoring of the Evolution of a Set of Jobs.
  - Downloading the Output of all the Jobs in a Group with a Single Click.

**Before Co-registration**

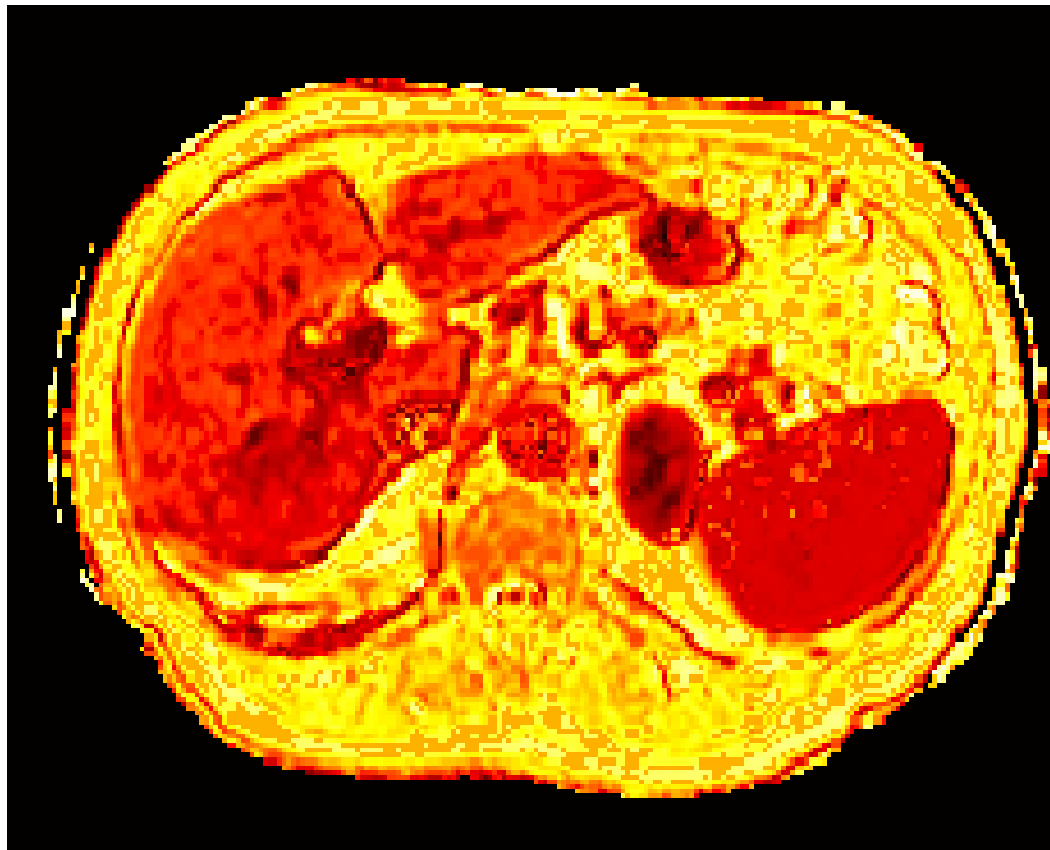


**After Co-registration**

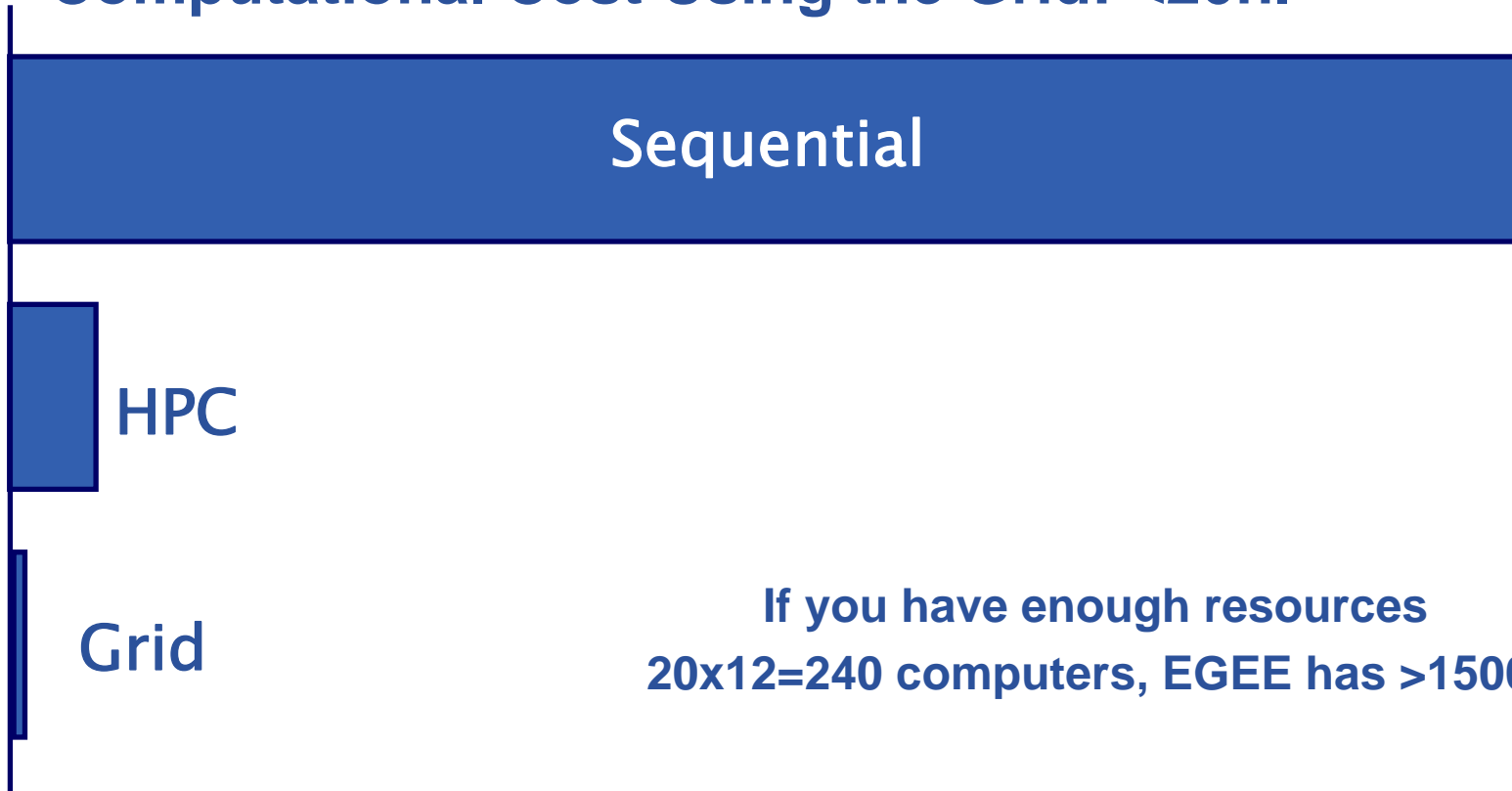


# Results: Parametrical Images

- **The Evolution of the Concentration of Contrast on Each 3D Pixel (Voxel) Defines the K-Coefficients.**
- **Klo (Output on the Liver) Gives the Image:**



- **Cost of 20 Patients: 2623h (Co-registration + Parametric Image).**
- **Cost using a 20-procs Computing Farm: 146h.**
- **Computational Cost Using the Grid: <20h.**



If you have enough resources  
 $20 \times 12 = 240$  computers, EGEE has >15000

- **The problem has a Clear Need for the grid**
  - The Computing Requirements for a Reduced Clinical Trial of 20 Patients Exceeds the Conventional Computational Capabilities of Either a Hospital or a Research Team.
  - There is a Need for a Production Platform 24x7 (users).
  - Added Value of gLite: Need for Access Control in Data and Metadata.
- **The Grid Resources can Easily be Exploited from any Computer Through a Web Service.**
- **Future Plans**
  - Short term: Extend the Clinical Trial up to 50 Patients (this will Require About 4000 CPU hours).
  - Extension to Other Areas
    - The Analysis of Diffusion and Correlation to Vessel Growing has Potential Impact in Most Other Tumoral Localisations.
    - It Also has Relevance in the Study of Adverse Reaction in Infertility Treatments.



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