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## Heavy quarkonia description from a generalized screened potential model

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From lattice results a new non relativistic quark model to calculate the spectrum of heavy quark mesons has been developed. The model interaction is generated from the identification of  $E(r)$ , the energy of two static color sources,  $Q$  and  $\text{anti}Q$ , in terms of the  $Q$ - $\text{anti}Q$  distance, calculated in the lattice, with the sum of the masses of the Quark ( $m_{\{Q\}}$ ) and the antiQuark ( $m_{\{\text{anti}Q\}}$ ) plus the static  $Q$ - $\text{anti}Q$  potential  $V(r)$ . Thus one gets  $V(r)=E(r)-m_{\{Q\}}-m_{\{\text{anti}Q\}}$ . By using this potential in the Schrödinger equation the heavy quarkonia spectra is calculated and compared to data.

In the so called quenched approximation (only the bare valence  $Q_0$ - $\text{anti}Q_0$  configuration) lattice results for  $E(r)$  give rise to a Cornell potential form (see for example [Bal01](#)) which has been widely used in the literature to evaluate heavy quarkonia spectra (see for example [Eic08](#) and references therein).

When the coupling to meson ( $Q$ - $\text{anti}q$ ) - meson ( $\text{anti}Q_0$ - $q$ ) configurations is implemented the form of  $E(r)$  is altered by screening effects [Bal05](#). By interpreting  $E(r)$  as the energy of a dressed quark ( $Q$ )-dressed antiquark state the corresponding  $Q$ - $\text{anti}Q$  interaction incorporates the effect of meson ( $Q_0$ - $\text{anti}q$ ) - meson ( $\text{anti}Q_0$ - $q$ ) configurations. The resulting potential, called Generalized Screened Potential (GSP), preserves the Cornell form but modulated by meson-meson thresholds [Gon14](#). A richer spectrum (bigger number of bound states) than the one resulting from the non-screened Cornell potential is obtained. In charmonium some of these extra states may be assigned to new charmonium states, in particular a quite reasonable description of the masses of X type resonances is obtained.

Bal01 : G. S. Bali, Phys. Rep. 343, 1 (2001).

Eic08 : E. Eichten, S. Godfrey, H. Malke and J. L. Rosner, Rev. Mod. Phys. 80, 1161 (2008).

Bal05 : G. S. Bali et al. (SESAM Collaboration), Phys. Rev. D 71, 114513 (2005).

Gon14 : P. González, J. Phys. G. in print; arXiv:1406.5025 [hep-ph].

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