



Recent bottomonium results from Belle

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Quark Confinement and the Hadron Spectrum XI
St. Petersburg, 09/09/2014

Outline

Spectrum and transitions

$$Y(5S) \rightarrow \eta b\bar{b}$$

$$Y(4S) \rightarrow \eta h_b(1P)$$

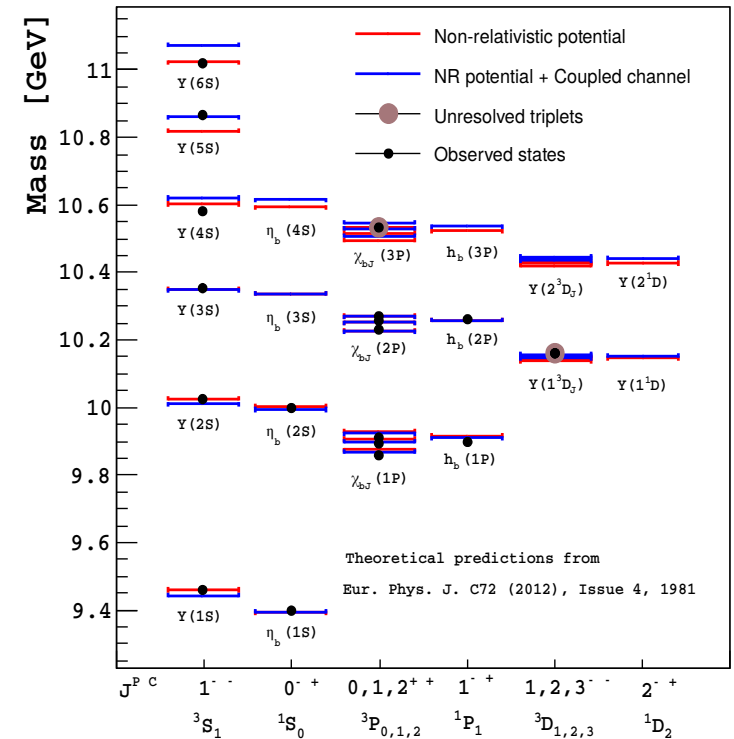
first observation

$\eta_b(1S)$ mass and 1S hyperfine splitting

$$Y(5S) \rightarrow \omega \chi_b(1P)$$

first observation

Search for $X_b \rightarrow \omega Y(1S)$

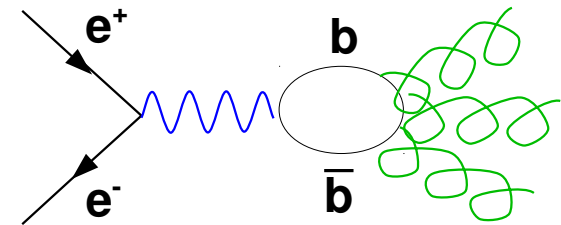


Annihilations

$$Y(1,2S) \rightarrow (c\bar{c})(c\bar{c})$$

first evidence

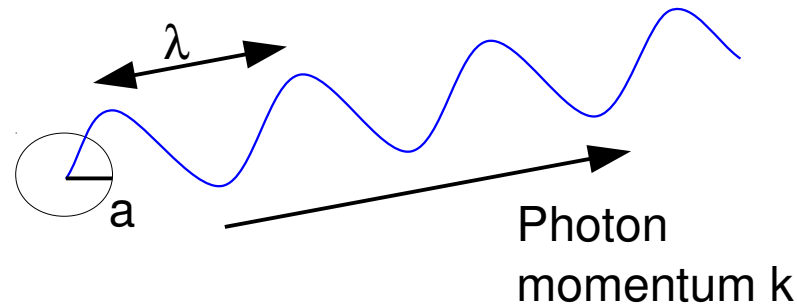
Search for H^0 dibaryon



Hadronic transitions: lower states

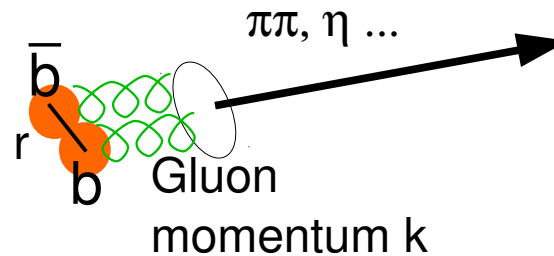
Kuang, Front.Phys.China 1, 19 (2006)

QED multipole expansion term:
 $a/\lambda \sim ak < 1$



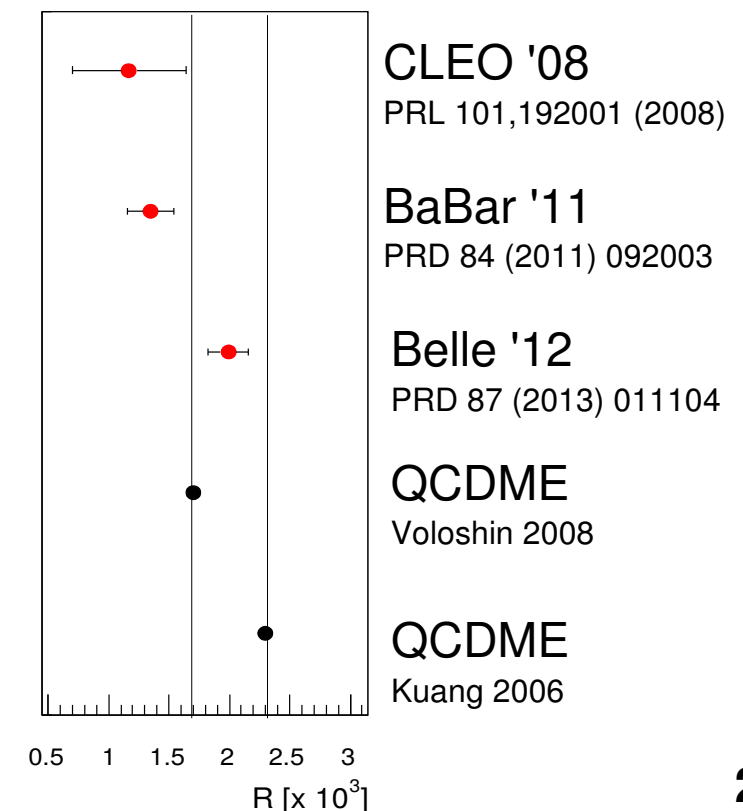
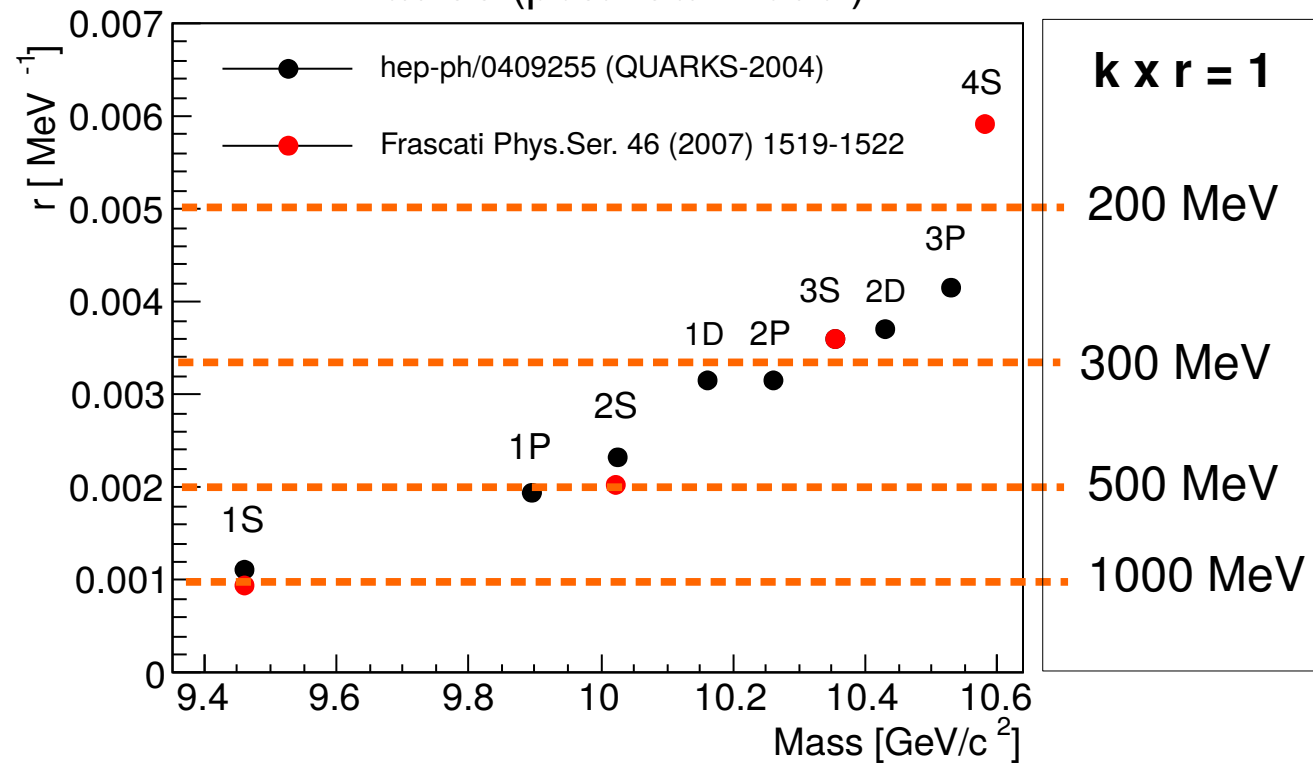
In quarkonia:

$r \sim 0.1 \text{ fm}$ $rk < 1$
 $k \sim 100 \text{ MeV}$



$$\frac{B[Y(2S) \rightarrow \eta Y(1S)]}{B[Y(2S) \rightarrow \pi\pi Y(1S)]}$$

Radius (potential model)



Hadronic transitions: $Y(5S)$



b quark spin flip

Spin-flip prediction

$$\frac{\Gamma[Y(nS) \rightarrow \eta Y(mS)]}{\Gamma[Y(nS) \rightarrow \pi\pi Y(mS)]} \ll 1$$

no b quark spin flip

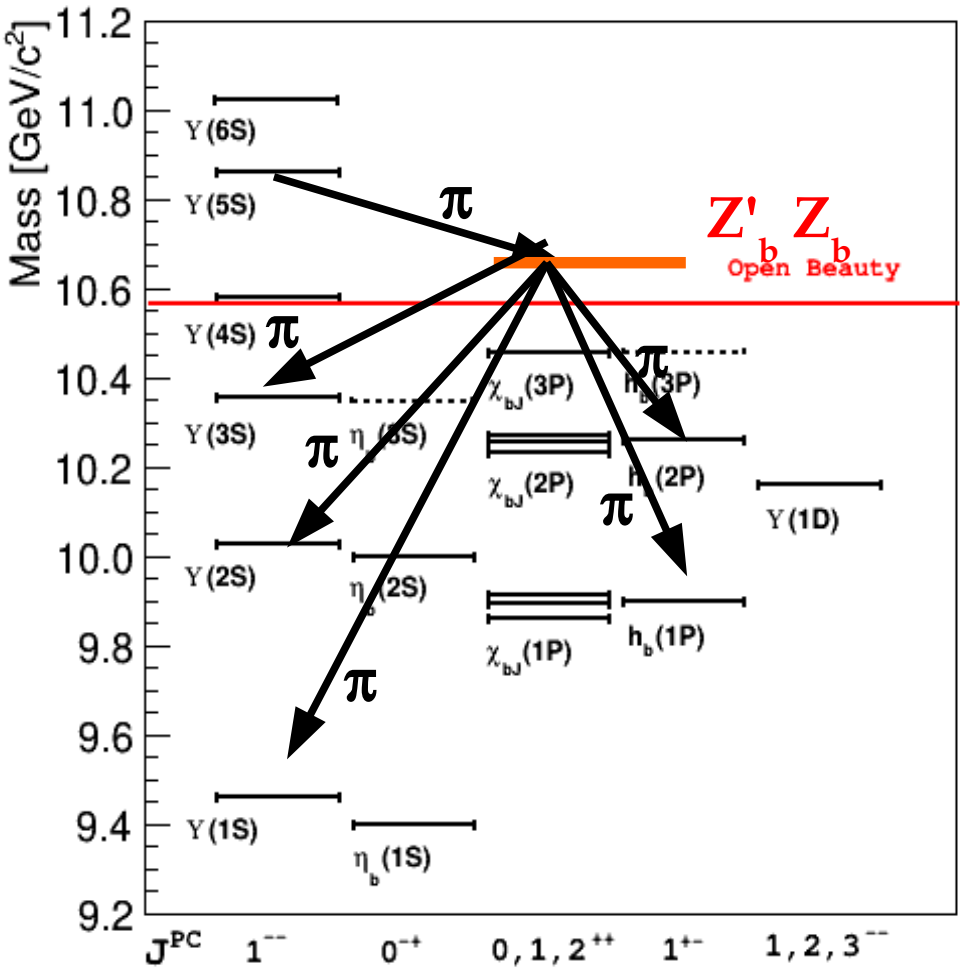
$$\frac{\Gamma[Y(nS) \rightarrow \pi\pi h_b(mP)]}{\Gamma[Y(nS) \rightarrow \pi\pi Y(mS)]} \ll 1$$

Experiment

$$\frac{\Gamma[Y(5S) \rightarrow \pi\pi h_b(2P)]}{\Gamma[Y(5S) \rightarrow \pi\pi Y(2S)]} = 0.77 \pm 0.08^{+0.22}_{-0.17}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma[Y(5S) \rightarrow \pi\pi h_b(1P)]}{\Gamma[Y(5S) \rightarrow \pi\pi Y(2S)]} = 0.46 \pm 0.08^{+0.07}_{-0.12}$$

PRL108, 122001



No suppression

$$Z'_b \quad 10652 \pm 1.5 \text{ MeV} \quad \updownarrow \quad 2 \pm 2 \text{ MeV}$$

$$B^*B^* \quad 10650 \pm 0.4 \text{ MeV}$$

$$Z_b \quad 10607 \pm 2 \text{ MeV} \quad \updownarrow \quad 2 \pm 2.2 \text{ MeV}$$

$$BB^* \quad 10605 \pm 0.4 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma[Y(5S) \rightarrow \eta Y(1S)]}{\Gamma[Y(5S) \rightarrow \pi\pi Y(1S)]} = 0.16$$

Belle preliminary

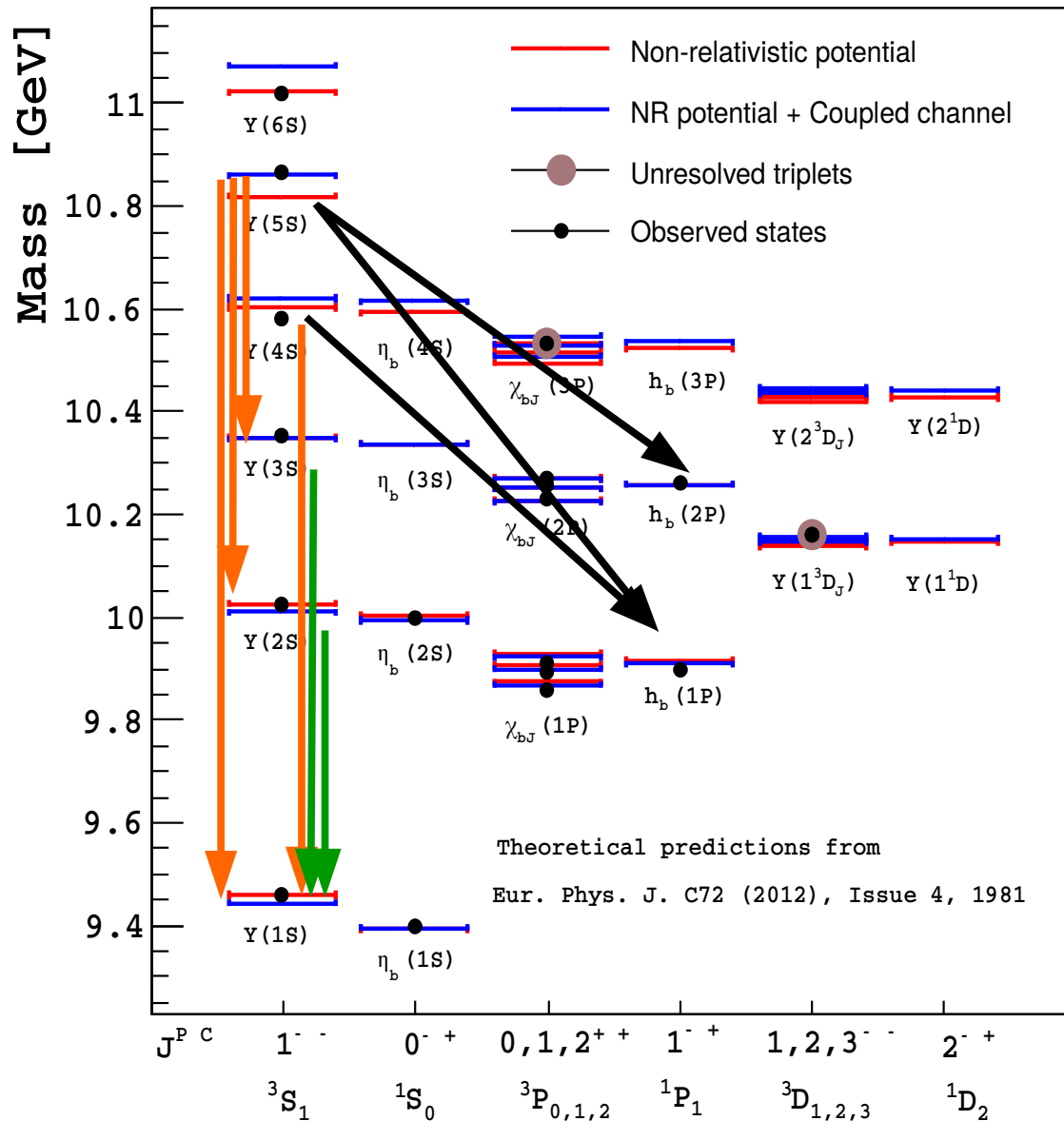
$$\frac{\Gamma[Y(5S) \rightarrow \eta Y(2S)]}{\Gamma[Y(5S) \rightarrow \pi\pi Y(2S)]} = 0.48$$

No suppression 3

Hadronic transitions: $Y(4S)$

$$\frac{\Gamma[Y(4S) \rightarrow \eta Y(1S)]}{\Gamma[Y(4S) \rightarrow \pi\pi Y(1S)]} = 2.41 \pm 0.40 \pm 0.20$$

Spin flipping-enhanced transition PRD 78, 112002



- Spin-flipping suppressed
- Spin-flipping non suppressed
- Missing information

Light quark dynamics is not negligible **in both transitions and spectra**

Light quark dynamics dominates over spin symmetry effects

$Y(4S) \rightarrow \eta h_b(1P)$

Guo, PRL 105

Predicted as large as 10^{-3} (2010) 162001

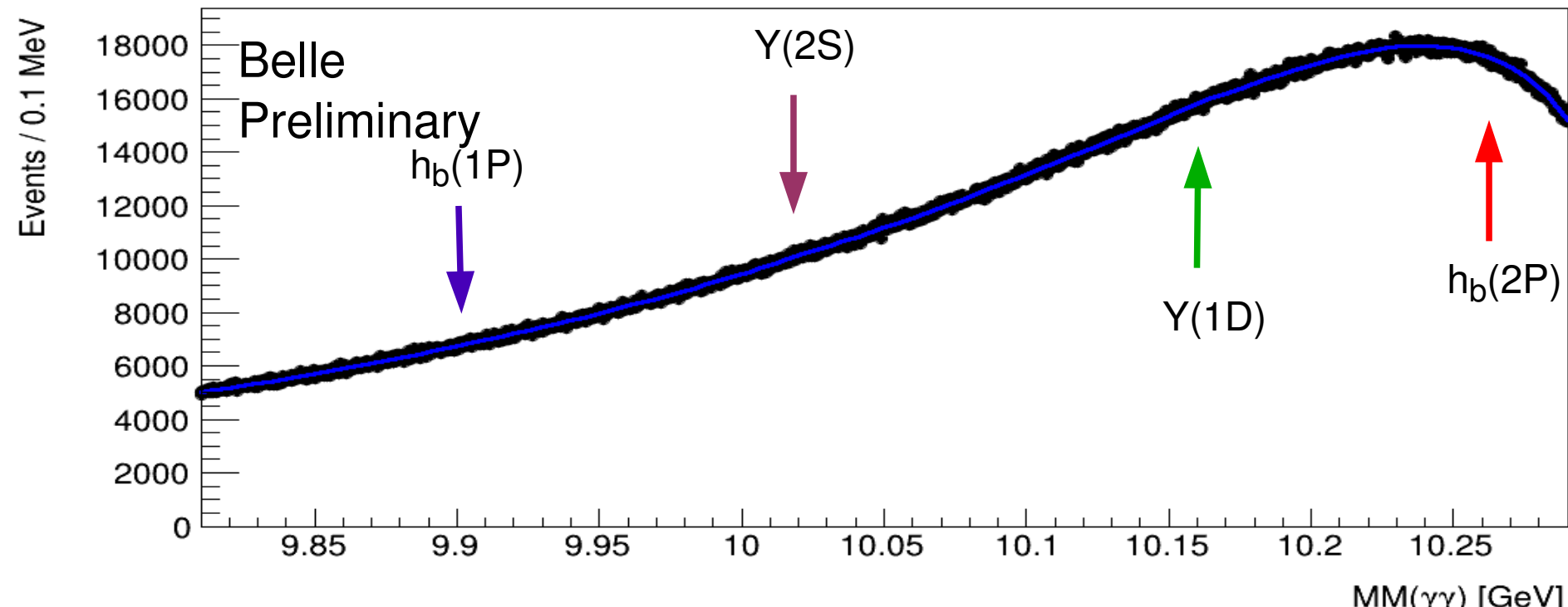
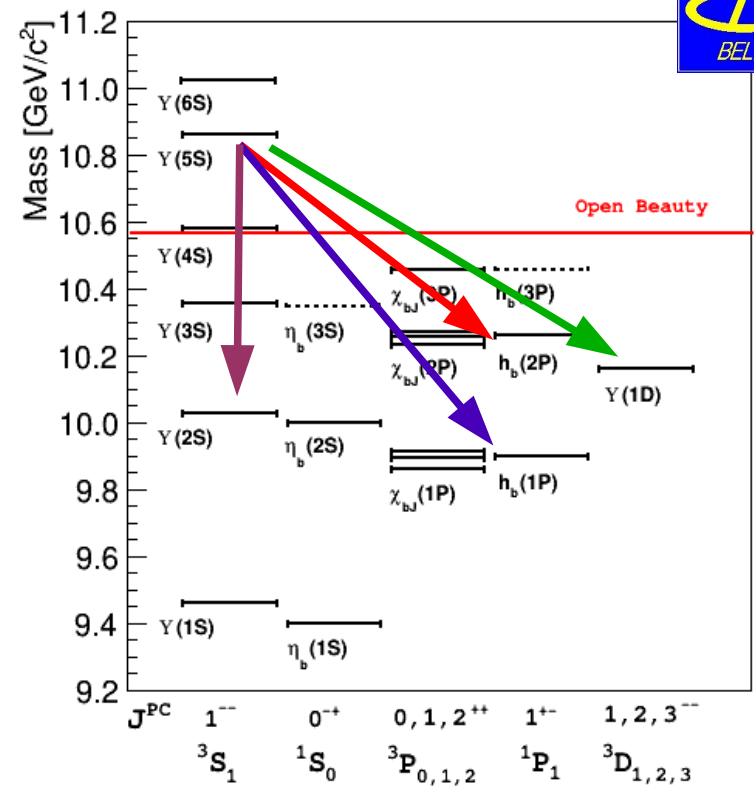
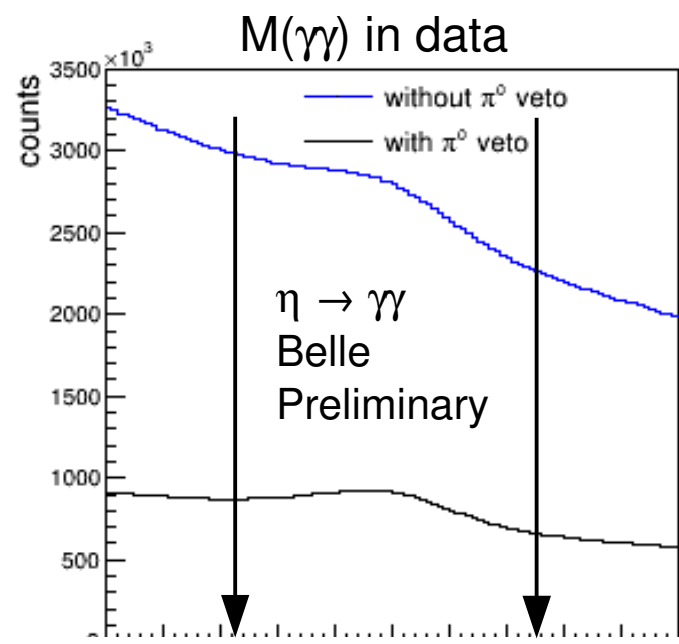
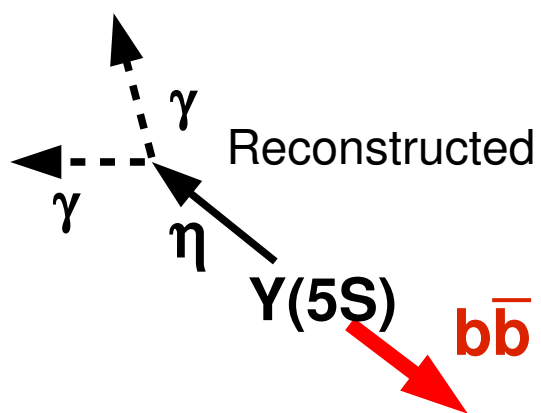
$Y(5S) \rightarrow \eta h_b(1P)$

$Y(5S) \rightarrow \eta h_b(2P)$

No predictions

$Y(5S) \rightarrow \eta b\bar{b}$

121 fb⁻¹ of e⁺e⁻ collisions at Y(5S) energy



$Y(5S) \rightarrow \eta b\bar{b}$

➔ $\text{BF}[Y(5S) \rightarrow \eta Y(2S)] = (2.1 \pm 0.7 \pm 0.3) \times 10^{-3}$

➔ $\text{BF}[Y(5S) \rightarrow \eta Y(1D)] = (2.8 \pm 0.7 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-3}$

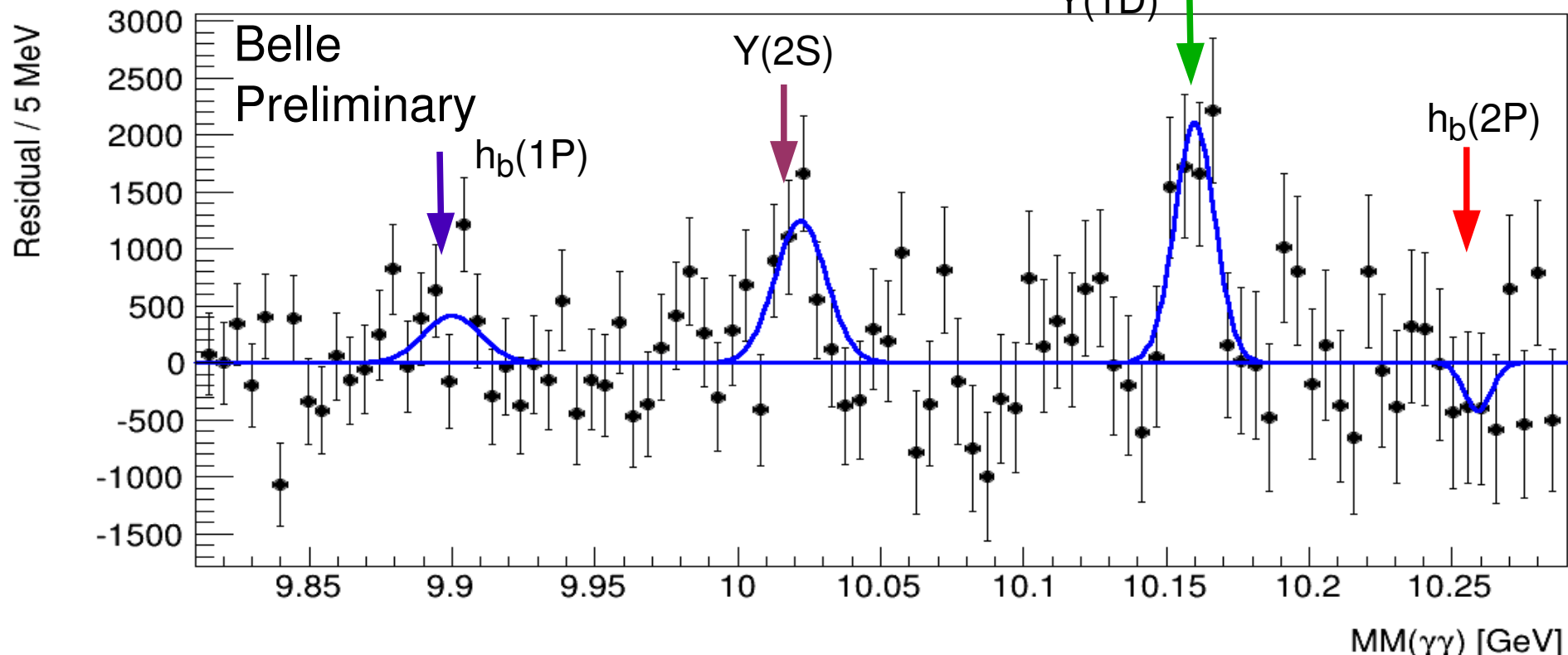
➔ $\text{BF}[Y(5S) \rightarrow \eta h_b(1P)] = < 3.3 \times 10^{-3} \quad (90\% \text{ CL})$

➔ $\text{BF}[Y(5S) \rightarrow \eta h_b(2P)] = < 3.7 \times 10^{-3} \quad (90\% \text{ CL})$

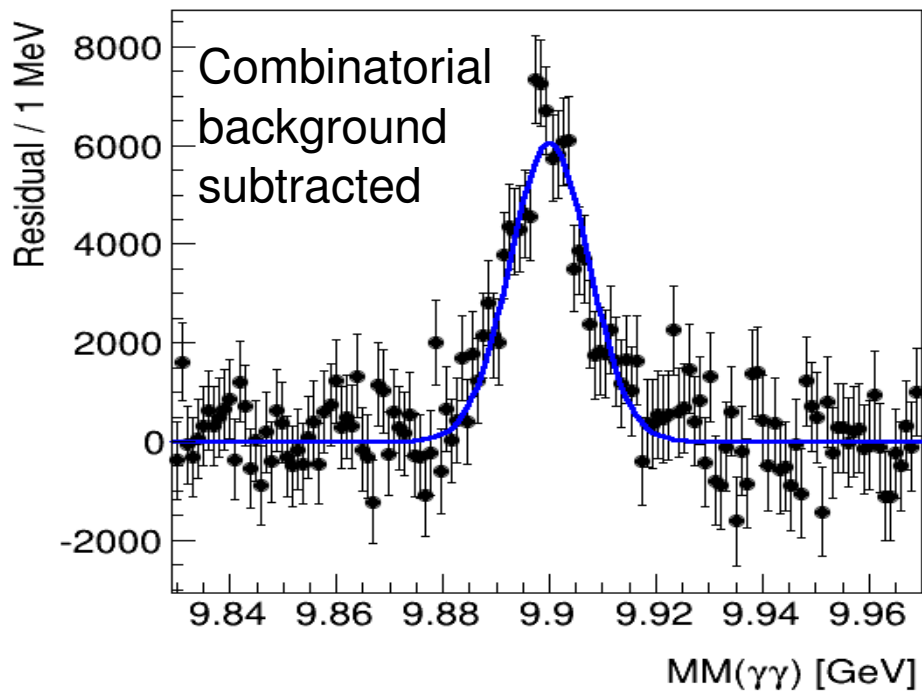
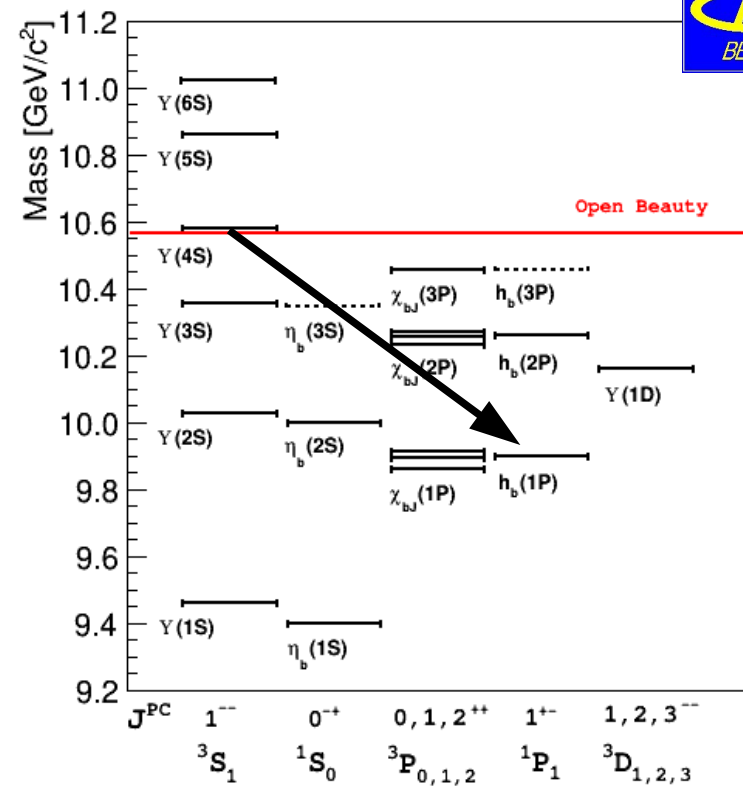
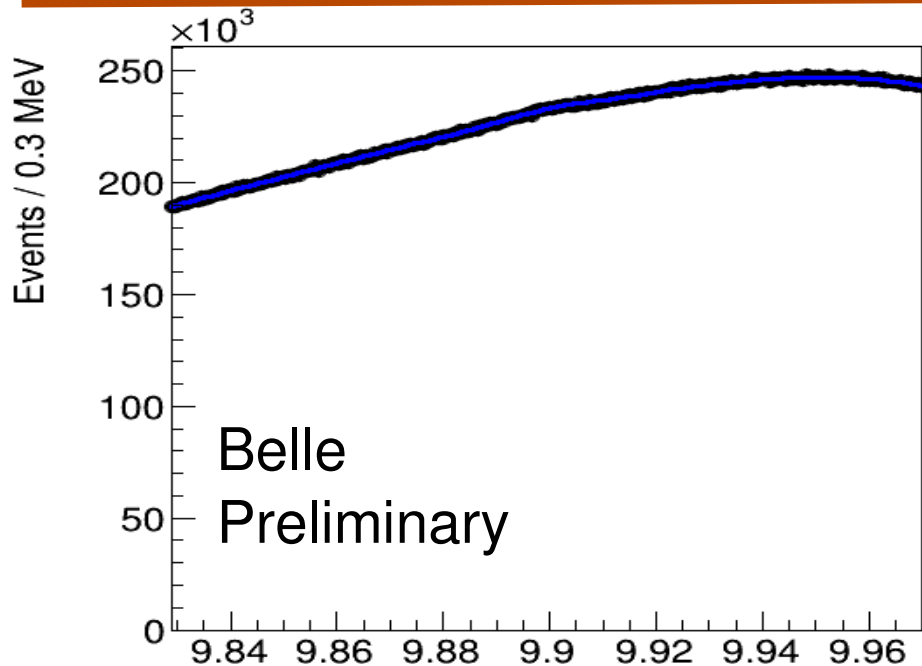
$$\frac{\Gamma[Y(5S) \rightarrow \eta h_b(1P)]}{\Gamma[Y(5S) \rightarrow \pi\pi h_b(1P)]} < 0.94$$

$$\frac{\Gamma[Y(5S) \rightarrow \eta h_b(2P)]}{\Gamma[Y(5S) \rightarrow \pi\pi h_b(2P)]} < 0.62$$

Combinatorial background subtracted



$Y(4S) \rightarrow \eta b\bar{b}$



First **single meson**, $^3S \rightarrow ^1P$ transition observed with $> 5\sigma$

$$BF[Y(4S) \rightarrow \eta h_b(1P)] = (1.83 \pm 0.16 \pm 0.17) \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\Gamma_{\eta Y(1S)} = 4 \text{ KeV}$$

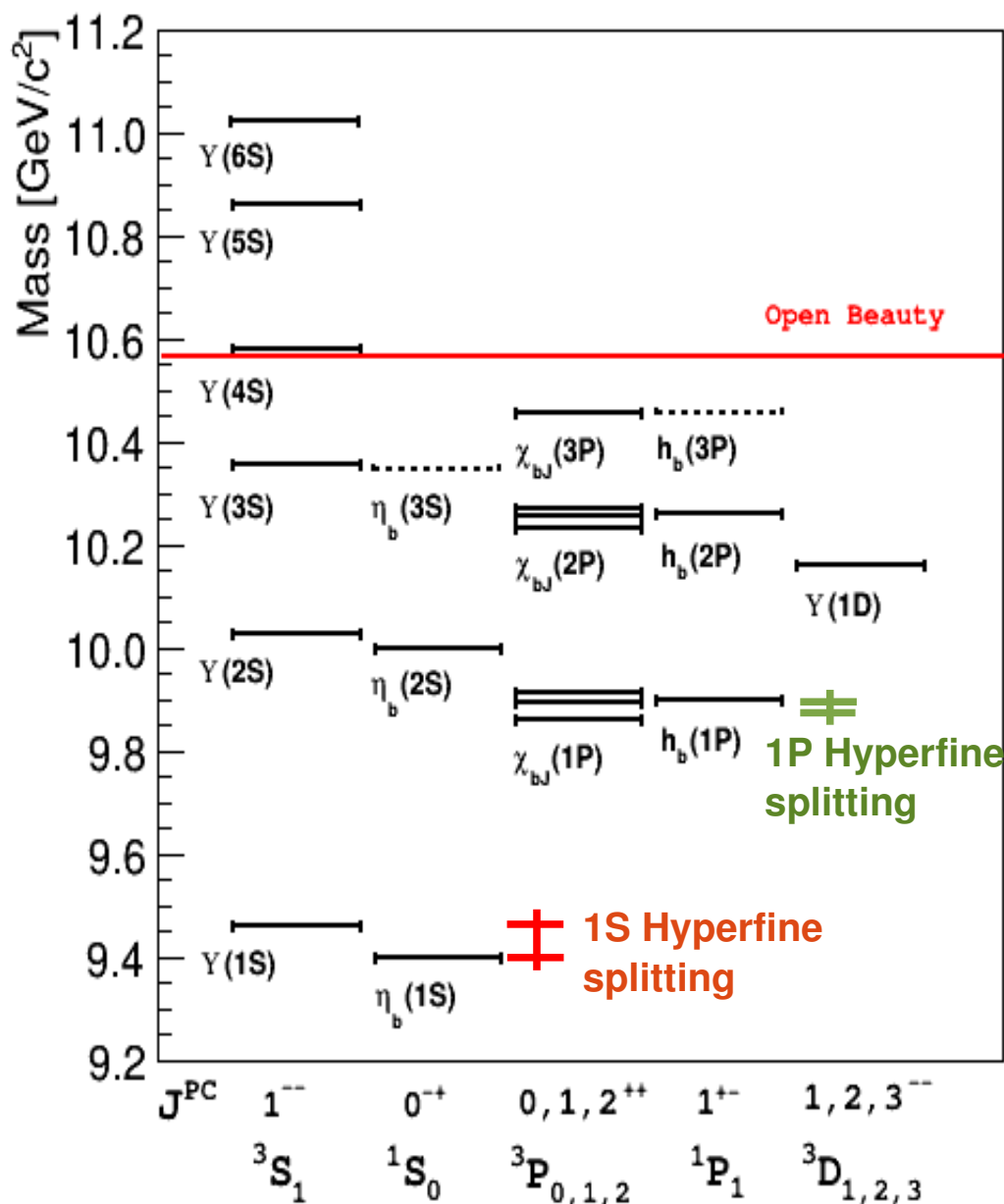
$$\Gamma_{\pi\pi Y(1S)} = 1.7 \text{ KeV}$$

$$\Gamma_{\eta h_b(1P)} = \mathbf{37 \text{ KeV}}$$

One order of magnitude larger than any other $Y(4S)$ transition

Probing the spin structure

Hyperfine splitting = M(triplet) – M(singlet)



Spin interaction term:

$$V_{SS} = \frac{16\pi\alpha_s}{9m^2} \cdot \delta(\vec{r})$$

$$\Delta M_{HF} \propto |\psi(0)|^2$$

P wave → Odd $\psi(r)$ → $|\psi(0)|^2 = 0$

$$\Delta M_{HF}(1P) = +0.8 \pm 1.1 \text{ MeV}/c^2$$

$$\Delta M_{HF}(2P) = +0.5 \pm 1.2 \text{ MeV}/c^2$$

S wave → Even $\psi(r)$ → $|\psi(0)|^2 \neq 0$

$$\text{pNRQCD: } 41 \pm 14 \text{ MeV}/c^2$$

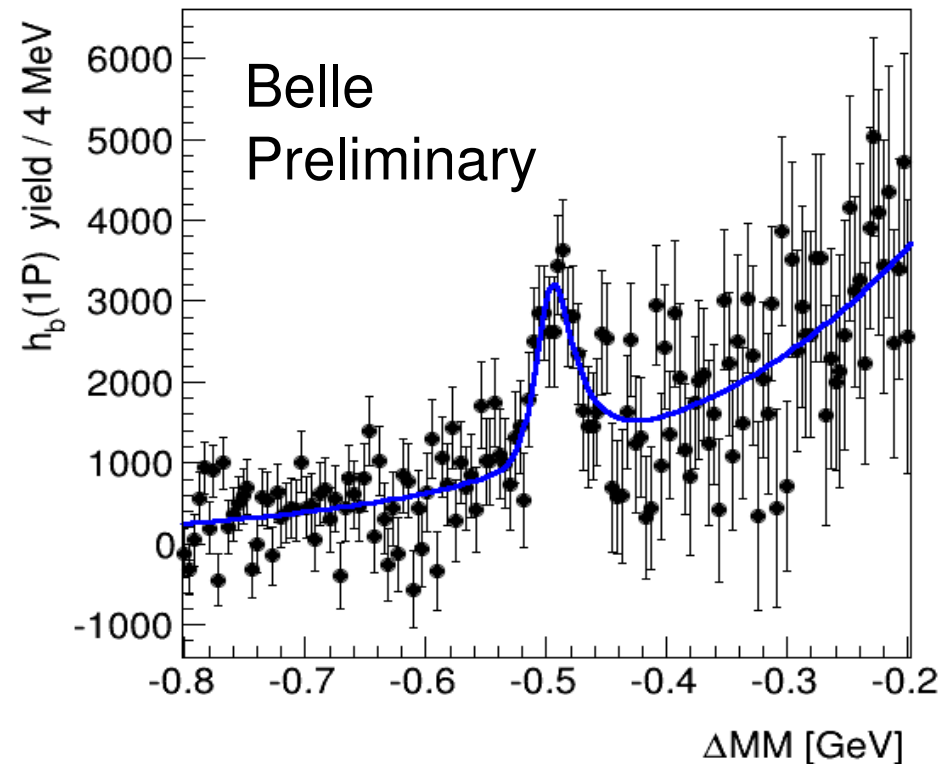
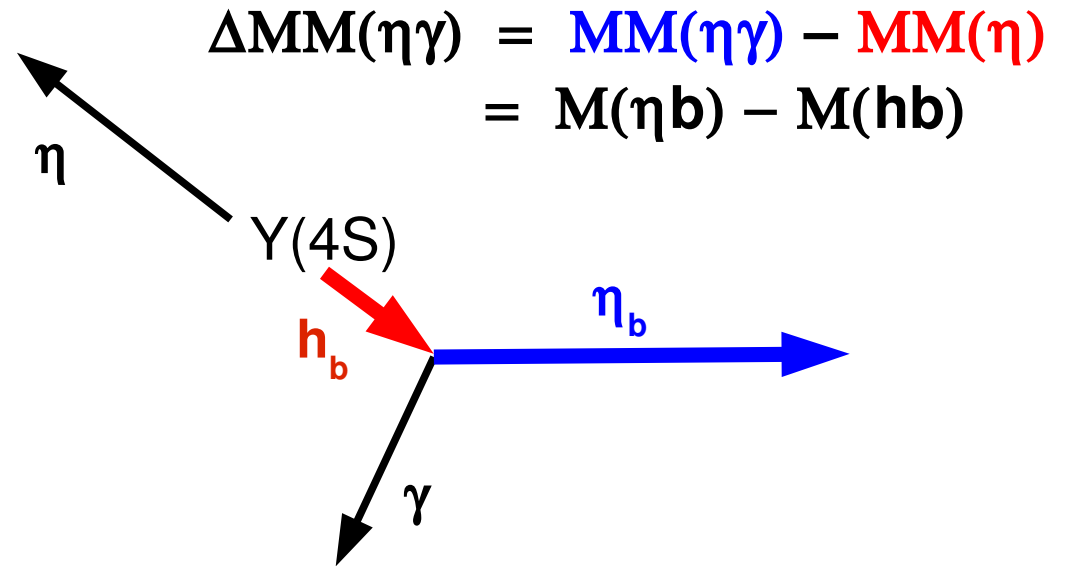
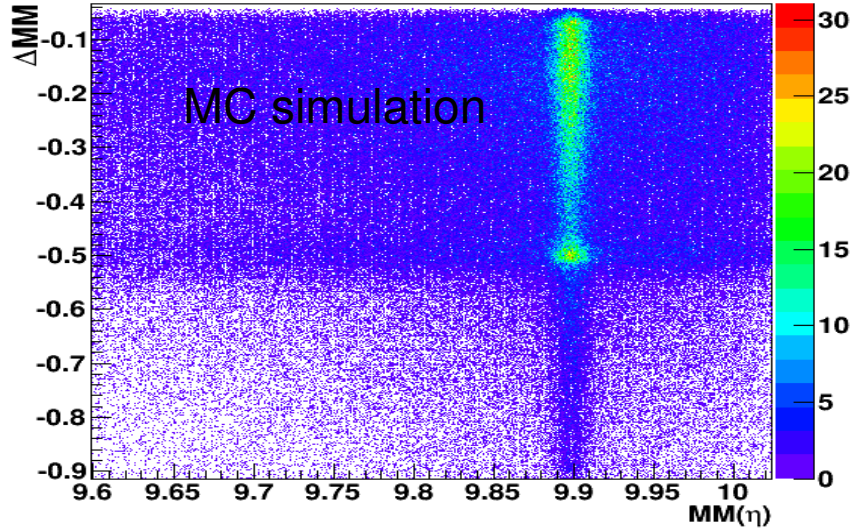
Kniehl et al., PRL92,242001(2004)

$$\text{Lattice: } 60 \pm 8 \text{ MeV}/c^2$$

Meinel, PRD82,114502(2010)

$$\text{PDG '12 : } 69.3 \pm 2.8 \text{ MeV}/c^2$$

Detecting spin singlets



$$M[\eta b(1S)] = (9405.3 \pm 1.3 \pm 3.0) \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Gamma[\eta b(1S)] = (11^{+8}_{-6} \pm 3) \text{ MeV}$$

$$\text{BF}[hb(1P) \rightarrow \gamma \eta b(1S)] = (52^{+11}_{-10} \pm 4) \%$$

$$\Delta M_{\text{HF}}(\eta_b) = M(\eta_b) - M(Y(1S)) =$$

$$(55.0 \pm 1.3 \pm 3.2) \text{ MeV}$$

Assuming $Y(1S)$ mass = 9460.3 MeV

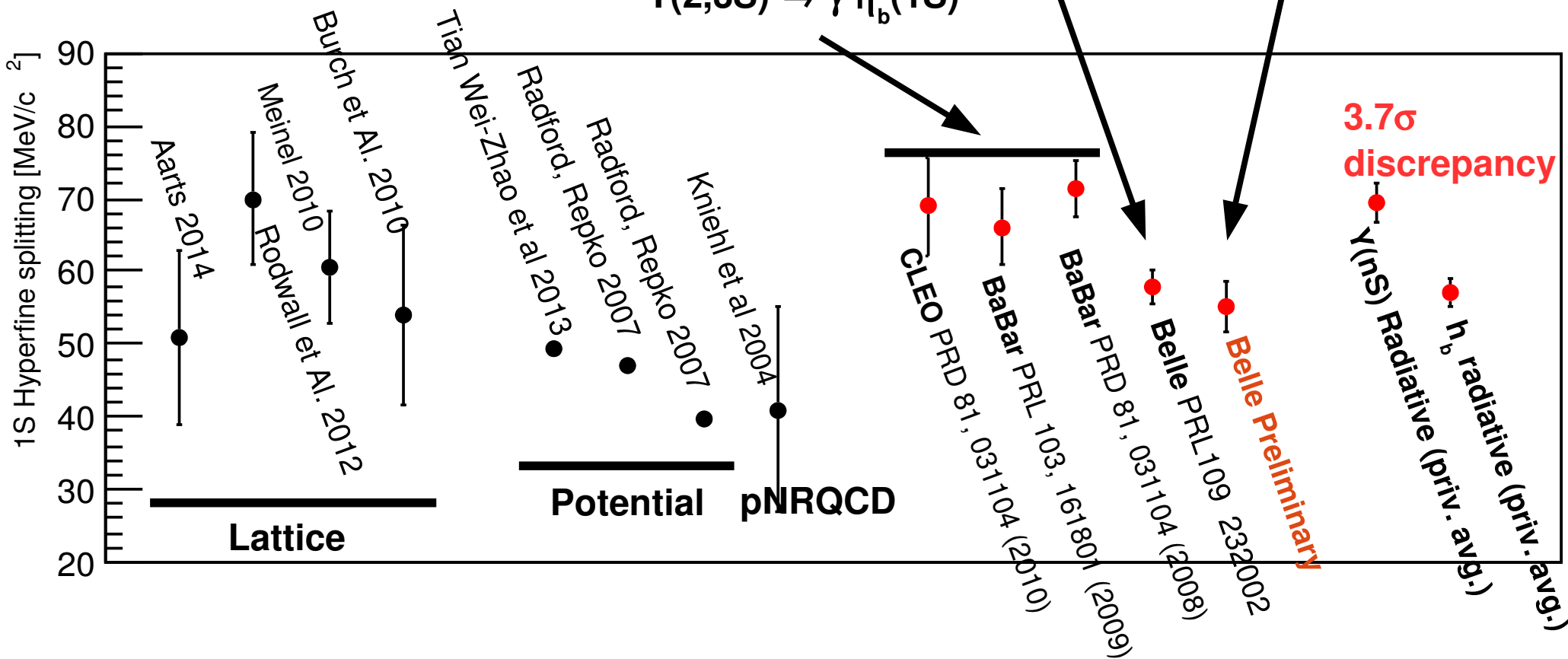
1S hyperfine splitting

$h_b(1P) \rightarrow \eta \gamma \eta_b(1S)$

$h_b(1,2P) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_b(1S)$

$Y(2,3S) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_b(1S)$

3.7 σ
discrepancy



Exotics in $Y(5S)$ decays

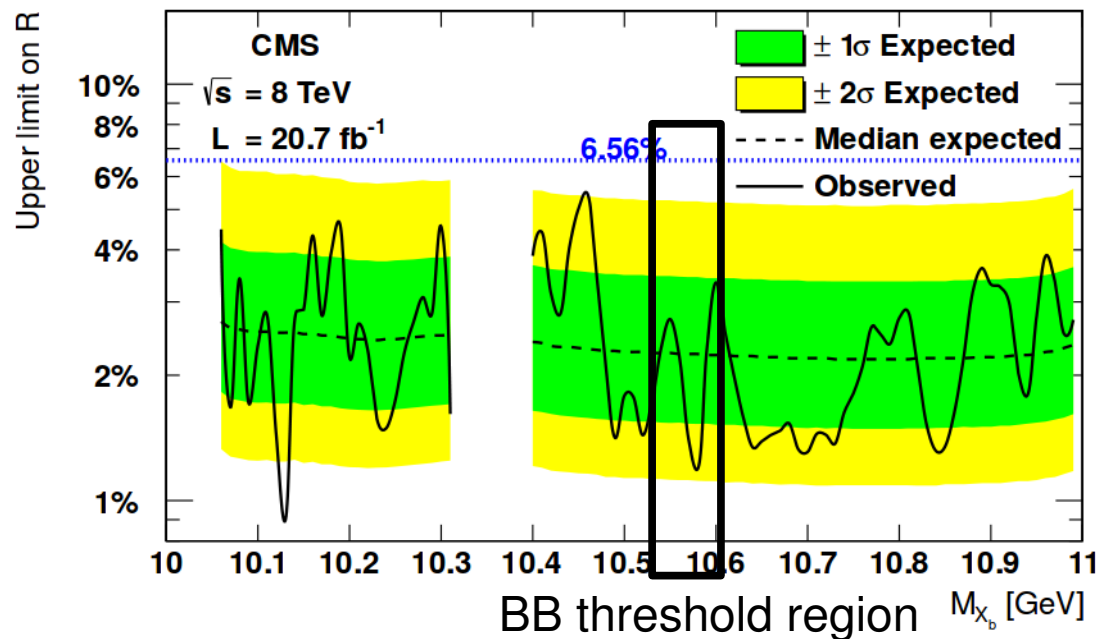
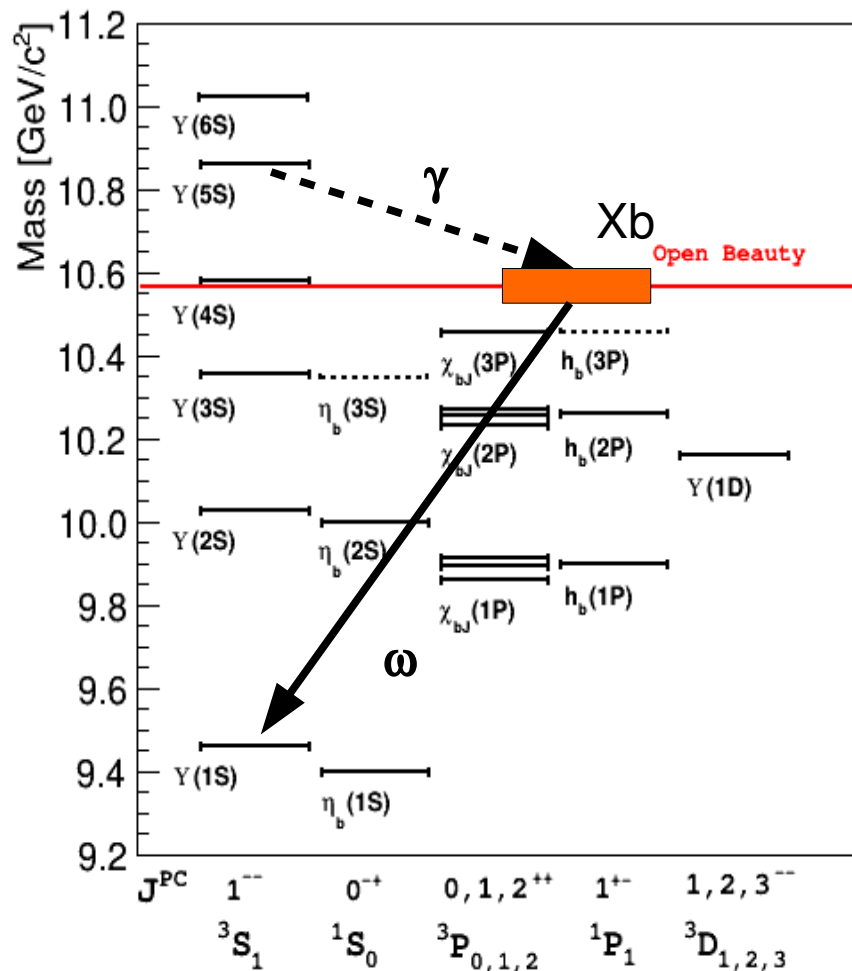
Bottomonium equivalent of $X(3872)$

CMS: inclusive search for X_b PLB 727 (2013) 57

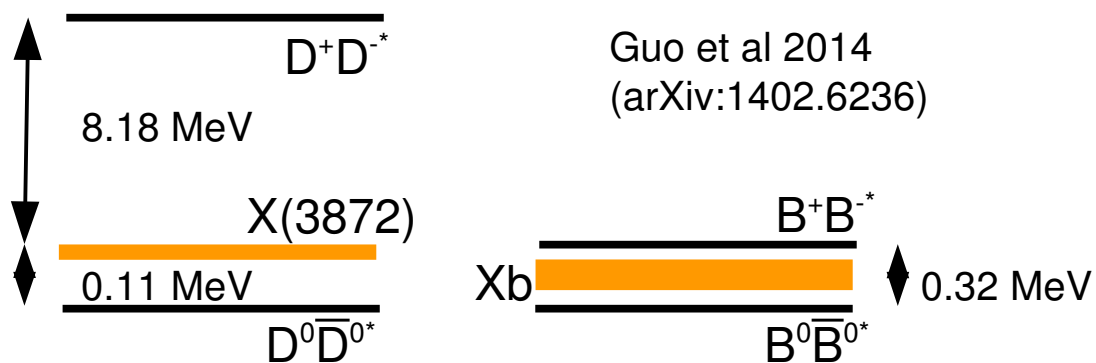
$X_b \rightarrow \pi\pi Y(1S)$ in pp collisions

Belle: exclusive $Y(5S)$ decay

$Y(5S) \rightarrow \gamma X_b \rightarrow \gamma \omega Y(1S)$ arXiv:1408.0504



$X(3872)$ is closer to $D^0\bar{D}^{0*}$ than to D^+D^{*-}
 sizable isospin violation $X(3872) \rightarrow \pi\pi J/\psi$



$X_b \rightarrow \omega Y(1S)$ Isospin preserving

$X_b \rightarrow \pi\pi Y(1S)$ Isospin violating

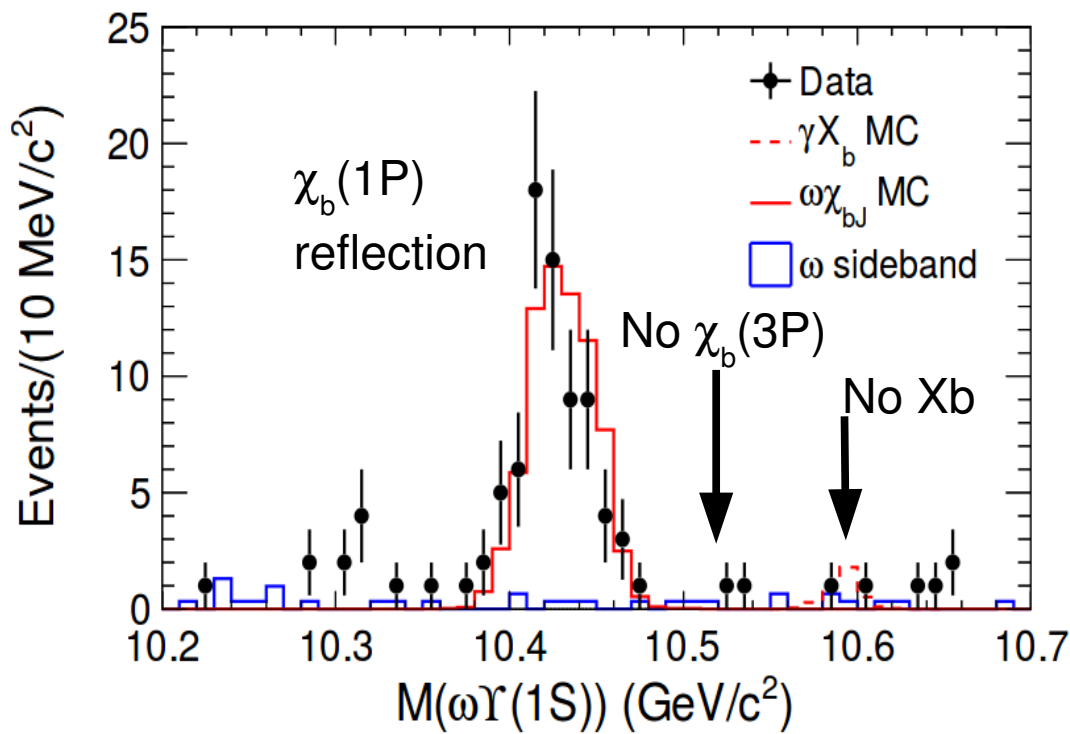
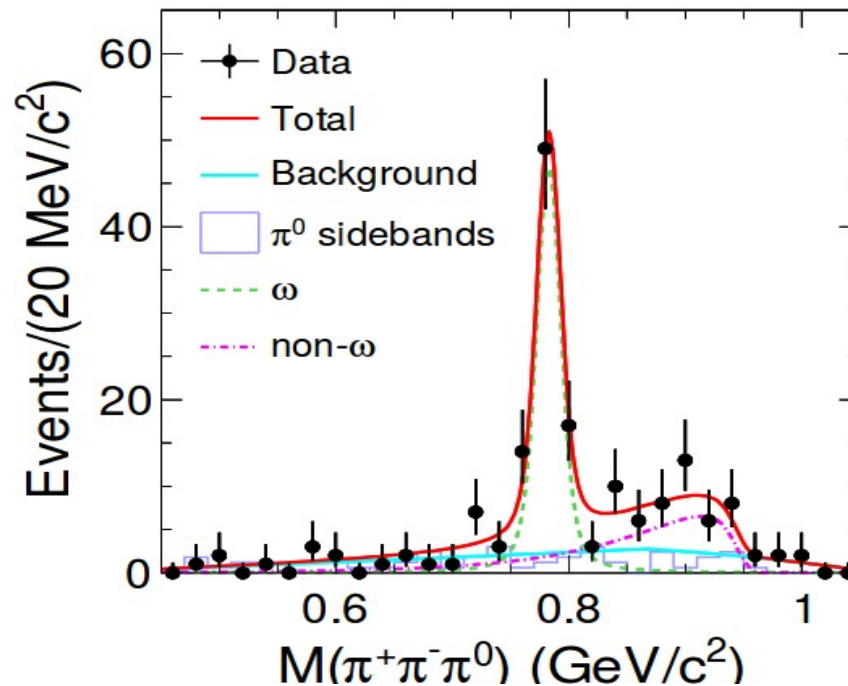
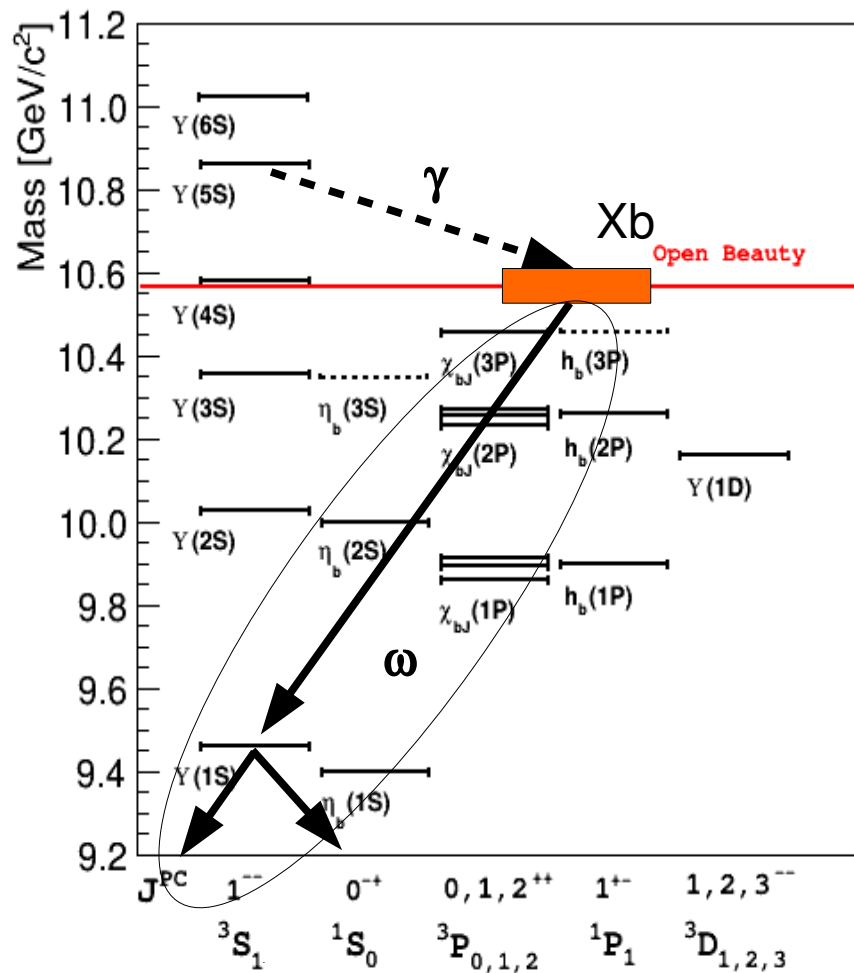
Exotics in $Y(5S)$ decays

arXiv:1408.0504

$$Y(5S) \rightarrow \gamma X_b \rightarrow \gamma \omega Y(1S)$$

$$Y(5S) \rightarrow \gamma \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \quad \mu^+ \mu^- \quad (e^+ e^-)$$

5C kinematic fit $Y(1S)$



$Y(5S) \rightarrow \omega \chi_b(1P)$

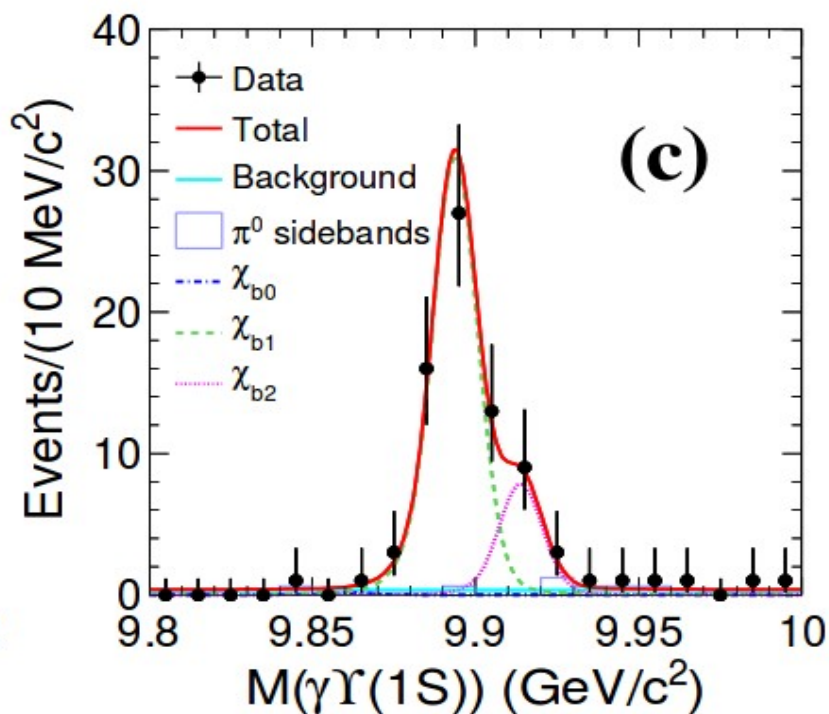
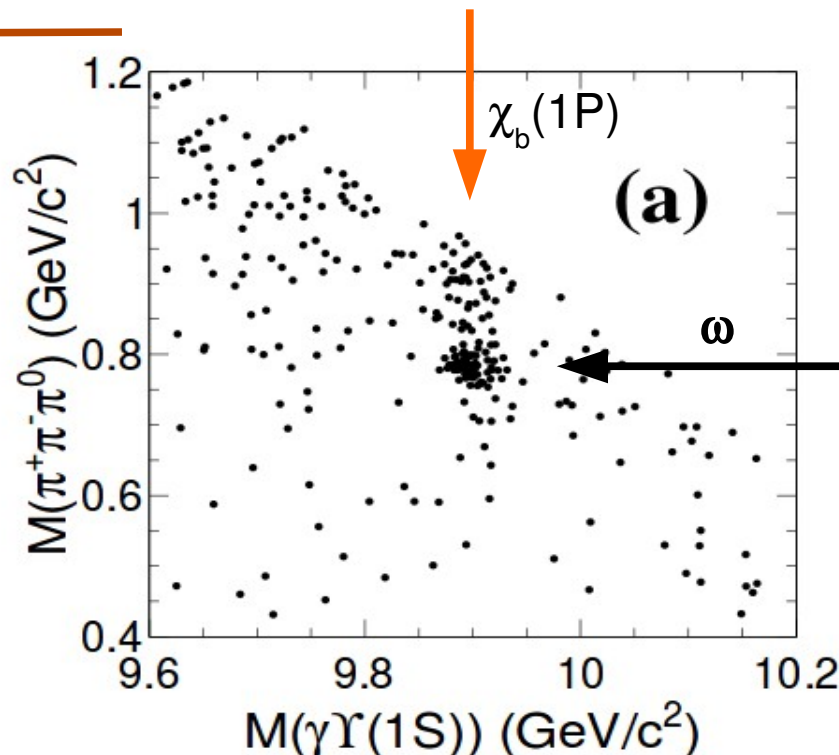
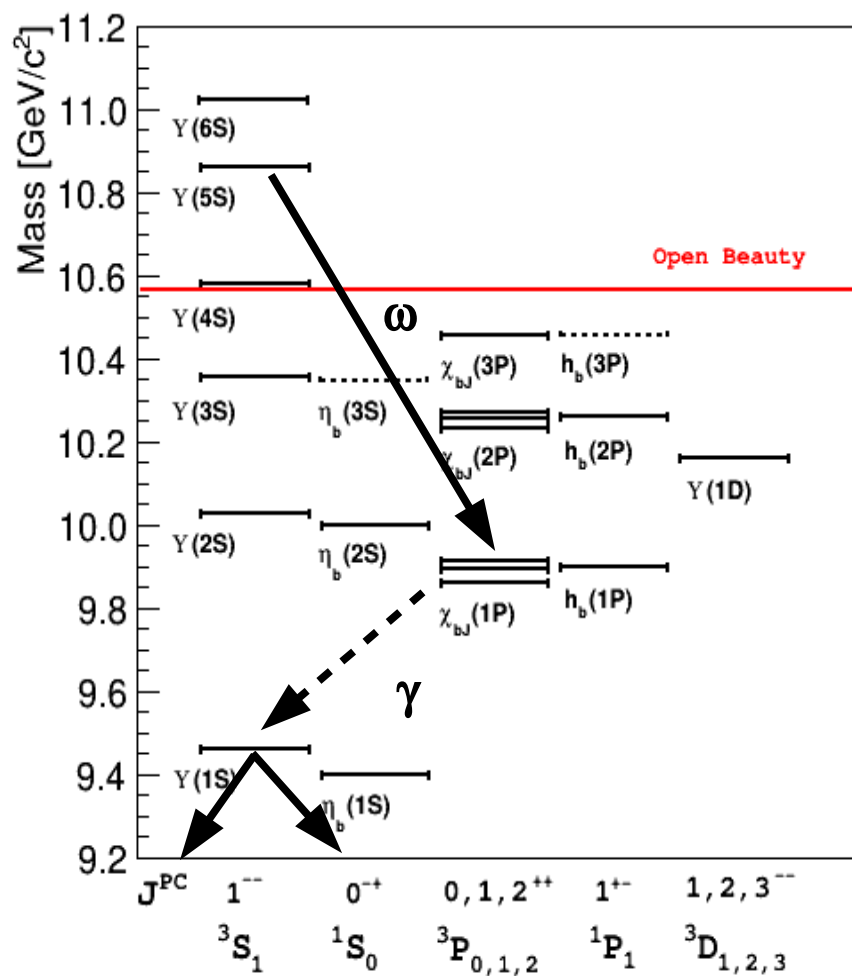
arXiv:1408.0504

$$B[Y(5S) \rightarrow \omega \chi_{b0}(1P)] < 3.9 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$B[Y(5S) \rightarrow \omega \chi_{b1}(1P)] = 1.57 \pm 0.22 \pm 0.21 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$B[Y(5S) \rightarrow \omega \chi_{b2}(1P)] = 0.60 \pm 0.23 \pm 0.15 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$B[Y(5S) \rightarrow \gamma X_b \rightarrow \gamma \omega Y(1S)] < 2.6 - 3.8 \times 10^{-5}$$



Part II

Bottomonium annihilations

$Y(1,2S) \rightarrow$ double charmonium

$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma^* \rightarrow$ double charmonium

PRL 89, 142001

PRD 70, 071102

PRD 72, 031101

~ 10 x theory

$\chi_{bJ}(1P) \rightarrow$ double charmonium

PRD 85, 071102(R) U.L Only

Matching

Light Cone formalism PRD 80, 094008

NRQCD PRD 84,094031

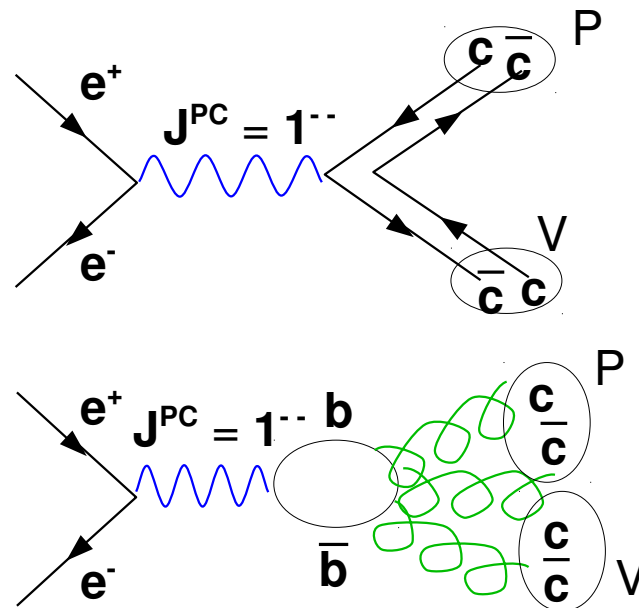
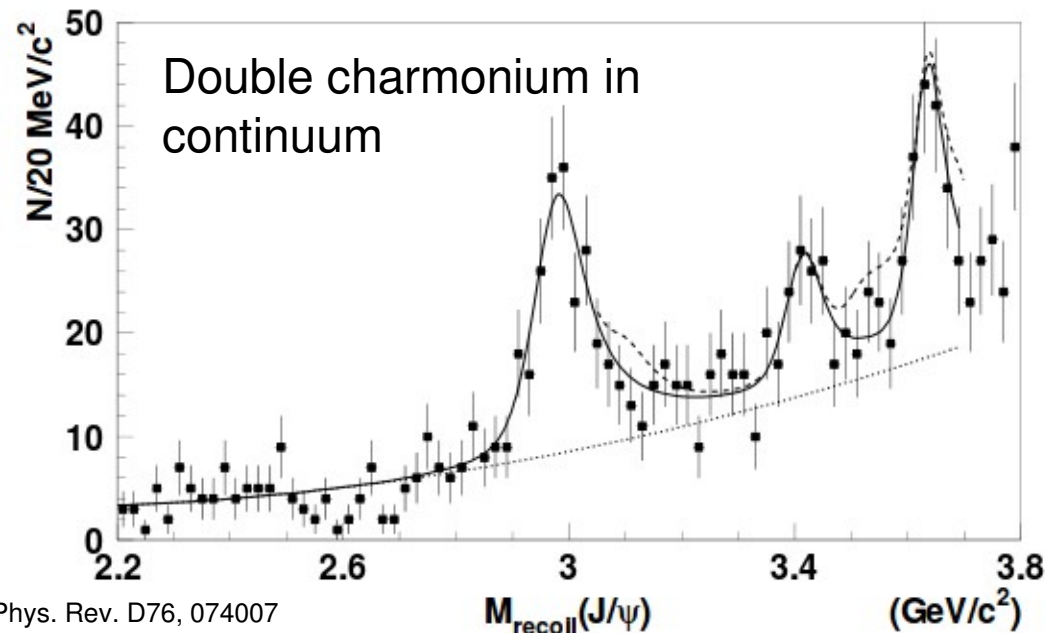
Not matching

Potential QCD PRD 72, 094018

$Y(1,2S) \rightarrow$ double charmonium

Perturbative QCD PRD 76, 074007

NRQCD PRD 87, 094004

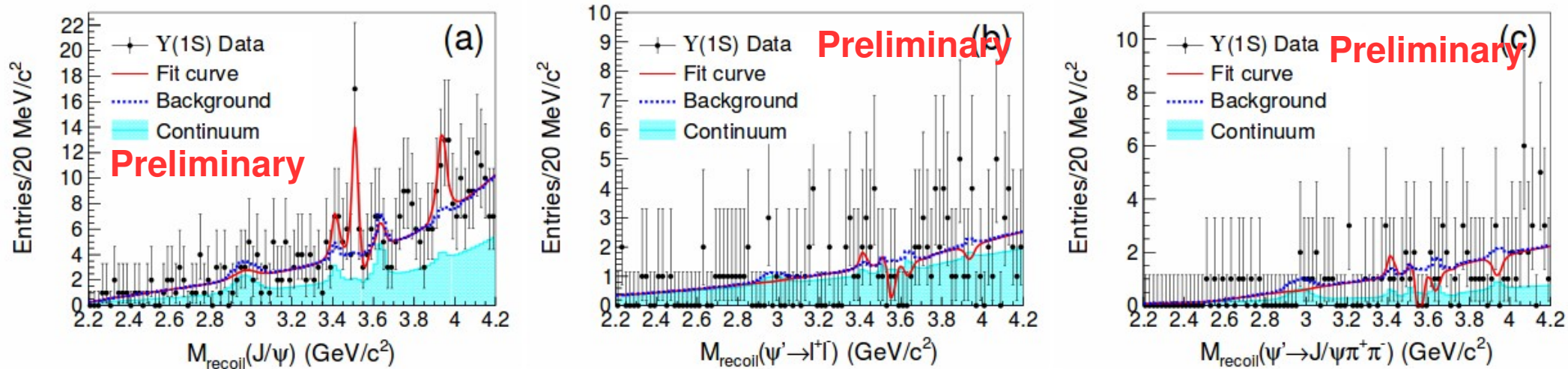


Quantum numbers
 $V \rightarrow VP$

Reconstruct V in
 l^+l^- or $\pi\pi l^+l^-$

Identify P with
missing mass

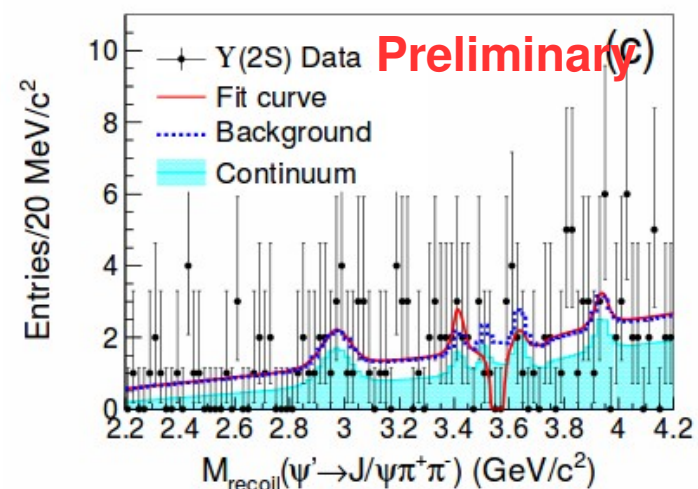
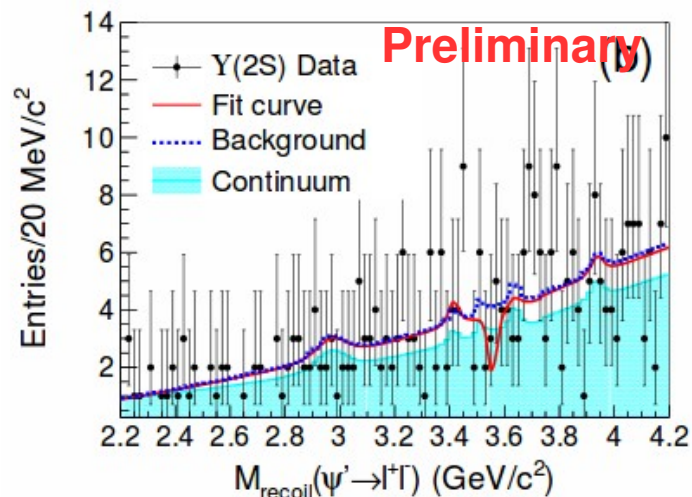
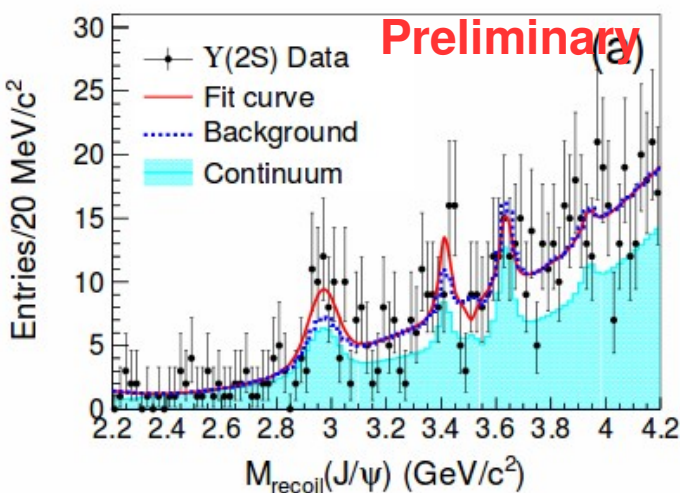
$\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \text{double charmonium}$



Channels	N_{fit}	N_{up}	$\epsilon(\%)$	$\sigma_{syst}(\%)$	$\Sigma(\sigma)$	$\mathcal{B}_R(\times 10^{-6})$	$\mathcal{B}_{th}(\times 10^{-6})$
$\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow J/\psi + \eta_c$	-5.0 ± 6.3	8.1	3.72	9.3	—	< 2.2	$3.9^{+5.6}_{-2.3}$
$\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow J/\psi + \chi_{c0}$	6.0 ± 5.6	14.5	4.23	6.1	1.3	< 3.4	1.3
$\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow J/\psi + \chi_{c1}$	19.9 ± 6.2	—	4.89	5.6	4.6	$3.98 \pm 1.24 \pm 0.22$	4.9
$\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow J/\psi + \chi_{c2}$	-3.2 ± 4.0	6.4	4.55	5.1	—	< 1.4	0.20
$\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow J/\psi + \eta_c(2S)$	-2.1 ± 6.0	9.4	4.32	6.3	—	< 2.2	$2.0^{+3.4}_{-1.4}$
$\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow J/\psi + X(3940)$	19.0 ± 8.7	31.1	5.64	7.1	2.8	< 5.4	—
$\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \psi' + \eta_c$	-5.0 ± 3.9	5.7	1.58	12.6	—	< 3.6	$1.7^{+2.4}_{-1.0}$
$\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \psi' + \chi_{c0}$	2.1 ± 4.1	10.6	1.60	20.0	0.6	< 6.5	—
$\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \psi' + \chi_{c1}$	0.2 ± 3.6	7.7	1.68	20.4	0.1	< 4.5	—
$\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \psi' + \chi_{c2}$	-6.7 ± 2.3	3.4	1.63	7.6	—	< 2.1	—
$\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \psi' + \eta_c(2S)$	-5.7 ± 3.3	5.4	1.68	22.6	—	< 3.2	$0.8^{+1.4}_{-0.6}$
$\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \psi' + X(3940)$	-5.9 ± 4.0	6.6	1.90	8.0	—	< 2.9	—

First evidence

$Y(2S) \rightarrow \text{double charmonium}$



Channels	N_{fit}	N_{up}	$\epsilon(\%)$	$\sigma_{syst}(\%)$	$\Sigma(\sigma)$	$\mathcal{B}_R(\times 10^{-6})$	$\mathcal{B}_{th}(\times 10^{-6})$
$Y(2S) \rightarrow J/\psi + \eta_c$	16.3 ± 11.9	30.6	3.61	8.9	1.9	< 5.4	$2.6^{+3.7}_{-1.6}$
$Y(2S) \rightarrow J/\psi + \chi_{c0}$	7.8 ± 9.5	22.1	4.16	18.5	1.1	< 3.4	1.1
$Y(2S) \rightarrow J/\psi + \chi_{c1}$	-4.4 ± 6.6	8.6	4.72	14.3	—	< 1.2	4.1
$Y(2S) \rightarrow J/\psi + \chi_{c2}$	2.1 ± 7.4	13.4	4.43	13.4	0.4	< 2.0	0.17
$Y(2S) \rightarrow J/\psi + \eta_c(2S)$	-3.8 ± 10.8	16.7	4.23	24.6	—	< 2.5	$1.3^{+2.1}_{-0.9}$
$Y(2S) \rightarrow J/\psi + X(3940)$	0.7 ± 12.1	17.6	5.61	12.7	0.1	< 2.0	—
$Y(2S) \rightarrow \psi' + \eta_c$	-0.4 ± 7.9	12.4	1.56	8.2	—	< 5.1	$1.1^{+1.6}_{-0.7}$
$Y(2S) \rightarrow \psi' + \chi_{c0}$	2.6 ± 5.7	11.9	1.63	7.1	0.6	< 4.7	—
$Y(2S) \rightarrow \psi' + \chi_{c1}$	-2.8 ± 4.2	6.4	1.67	6.8	—	< 2.5	—
$Y(2S) \rightarrow \psi' + \chi_{c2}$	-13.3 ± 4.8	4.9	1.66	6.9	—	< 1.9	—
$Y(2S) \rightarrow \psi' + \eta_c(2S)$	-3.0 ± 5.9	8.5	1.65	7.6	—	< 3.3	$0.5^{+0.9}_{-0.4}$
$Y(2S) \rightarrow \psi' + X(3940)$	-0.3 ± 7.1	11.7	1.93	9.5	—	< 3.9	—

Baryons in $Y(1,2S)$



Large baryon production in quarkonium

$$BF(Y(1S) \rightarrow \Lambda + X) \sim 10\%$$

$$BF(Y(1S) \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + X) \sim 3\%$$

Only exclusive study available:

X = combination of K^+K^- , $\pi^+\pi^-$, $p\bar{p}$ and π^0
(max 6 charged + 1 neutral)

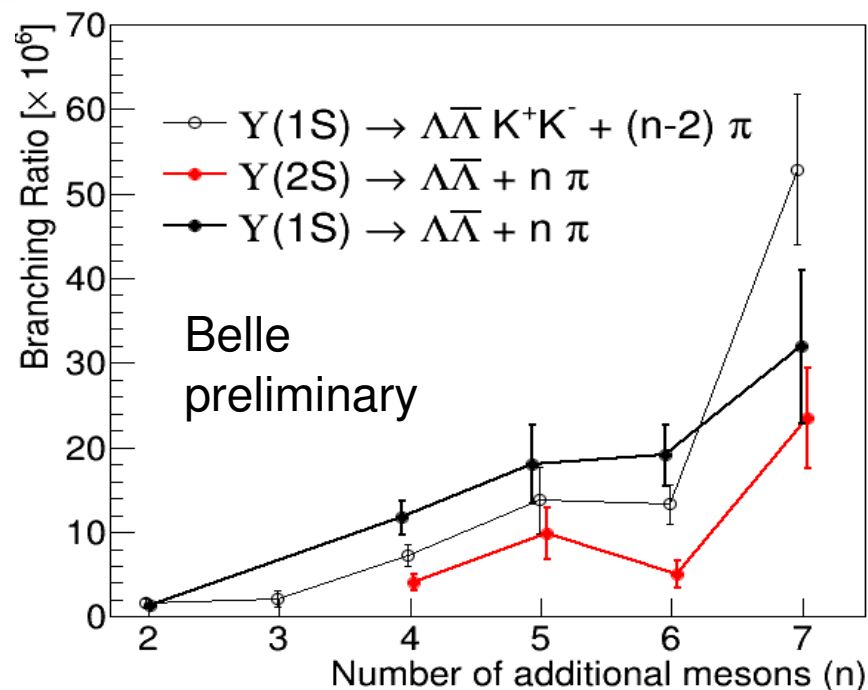
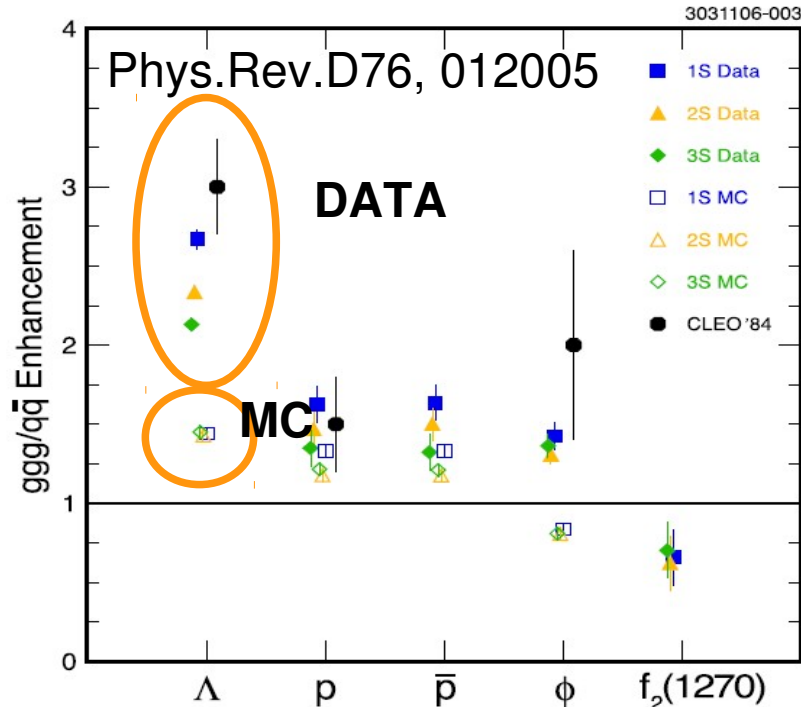
$$\sum_X BF[Y(1S) \rightarrow X] \simeq 2 \times 10^{-4} \quad \text{Belle}$$

$$\sum_X BF[Y(2S) \rightarrow X] \simeq 0.7 \times 10^{-4} \quad \text{preliminary}$$

Hyperons produced in high density environment with low momentum

→ interactions, rescattering and coalescence are possible

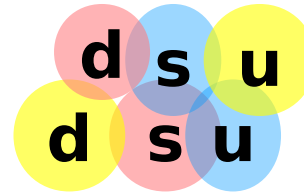
CLEO



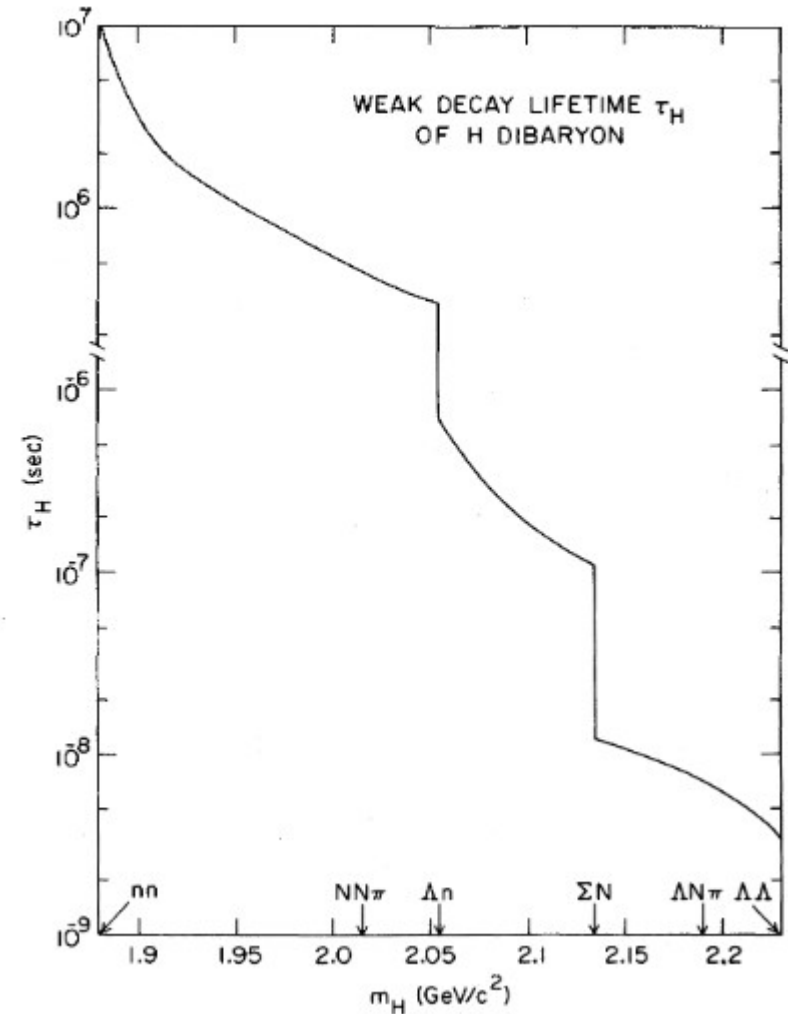
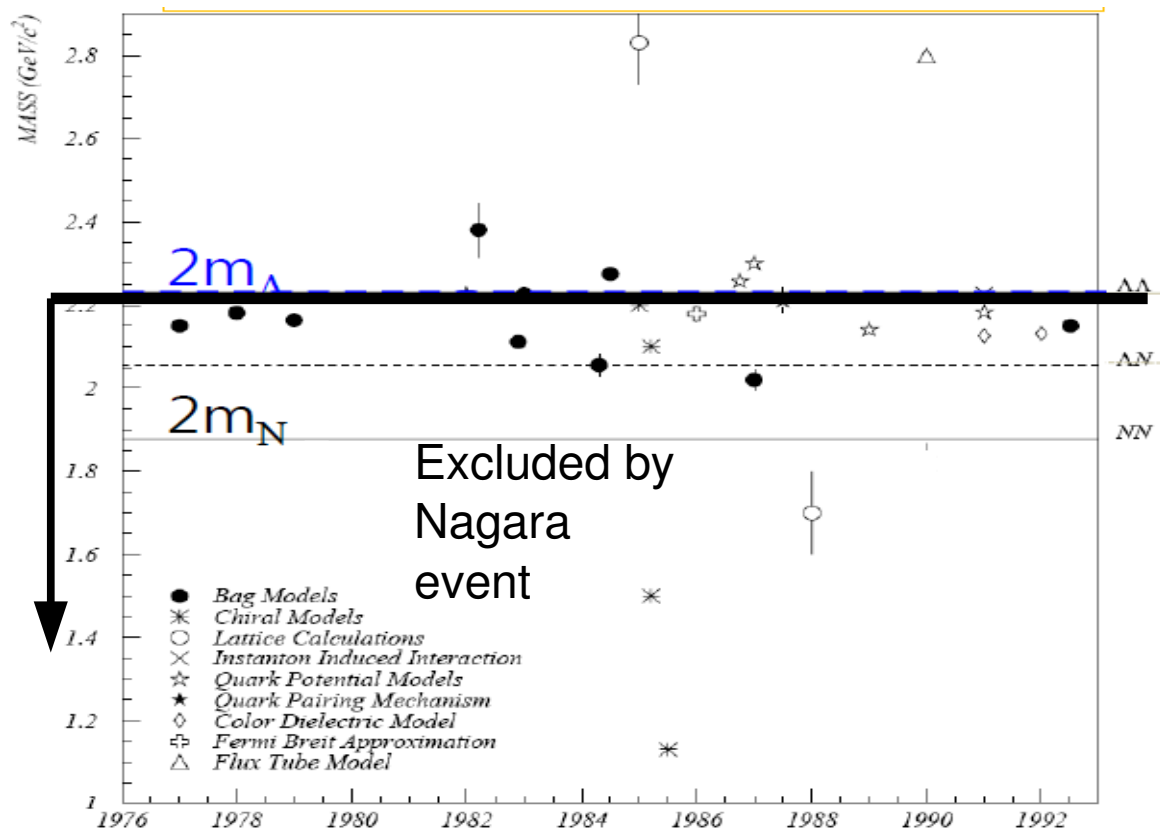
The H dibaryon

Exotic state (Jaffe, 1977)

→ completely antisymmetric arrangement of uuddss



$H \rightarrow \Lambda\Lambda$, $H \rightarrow \Xi^- p$, $H \rightarrow \Lambda p \pi^-$



Search for H dibaryon

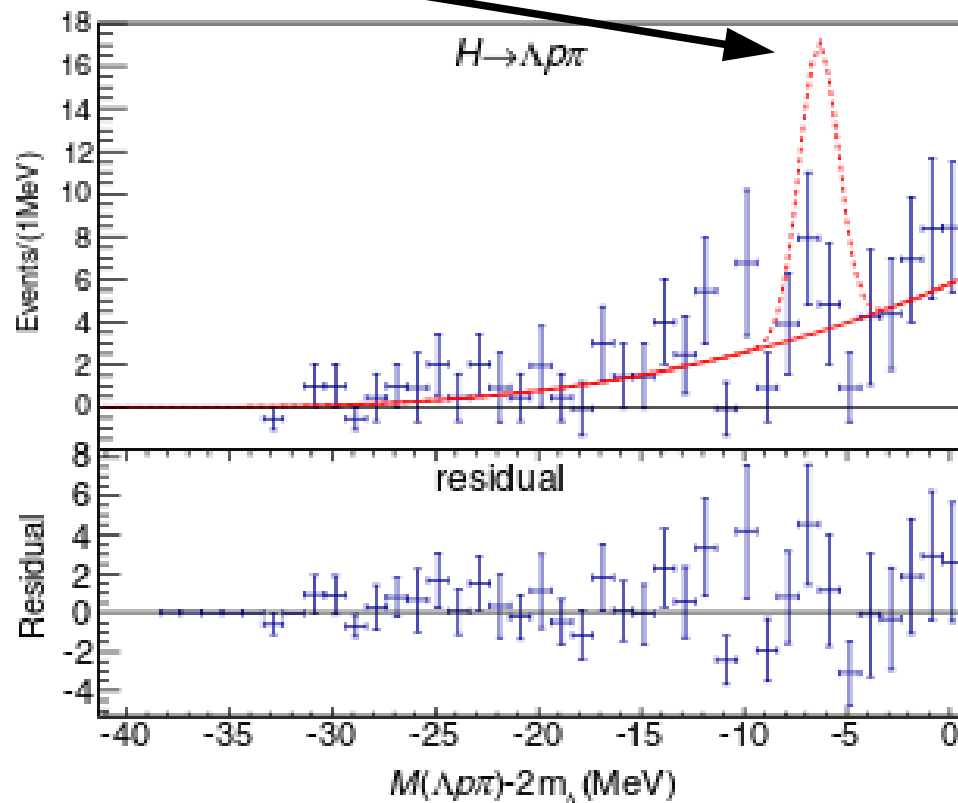
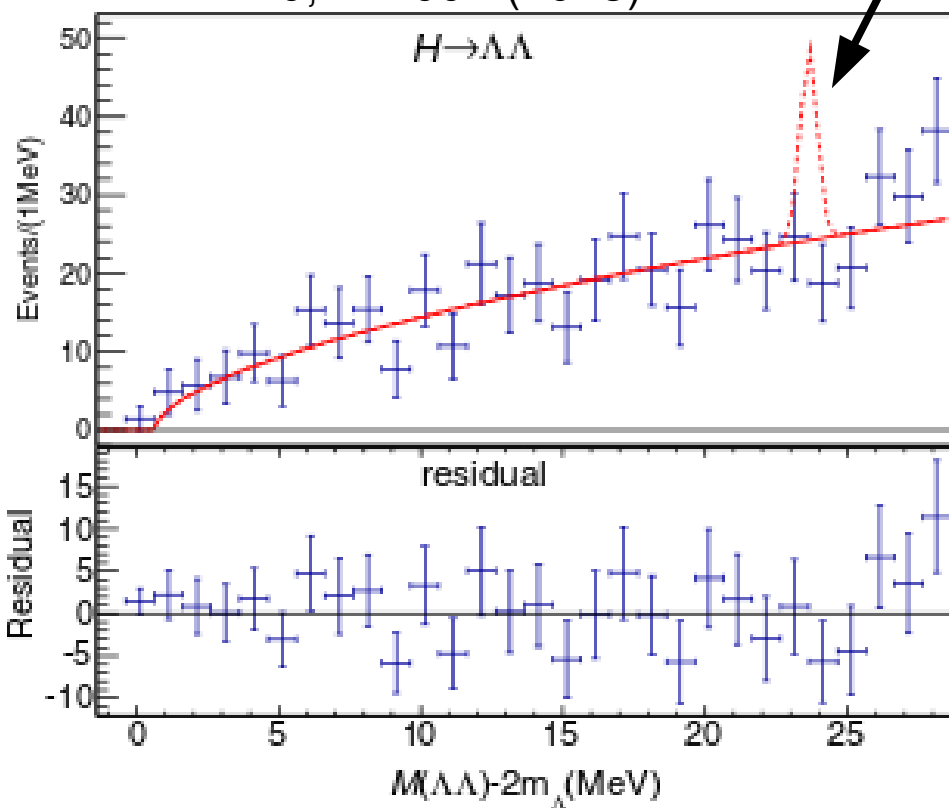
PRL 110, 222002 (2013)

Analysis strategy:

- Inclusive reconstruction in $Y(1S)$ and $Y(2S)$ sample
- Decays with $H \rightarrow \Lambda\Lambda$, $H \rightarrow \Xi^- p$, $H \rightarrow \Lambda p \pi^-$

Assuming $\text{BF}[Y(1,2S) \rightarrow H + X] = 5\% \text{BF}[Y(1,2S) \rightarrow d + X]$

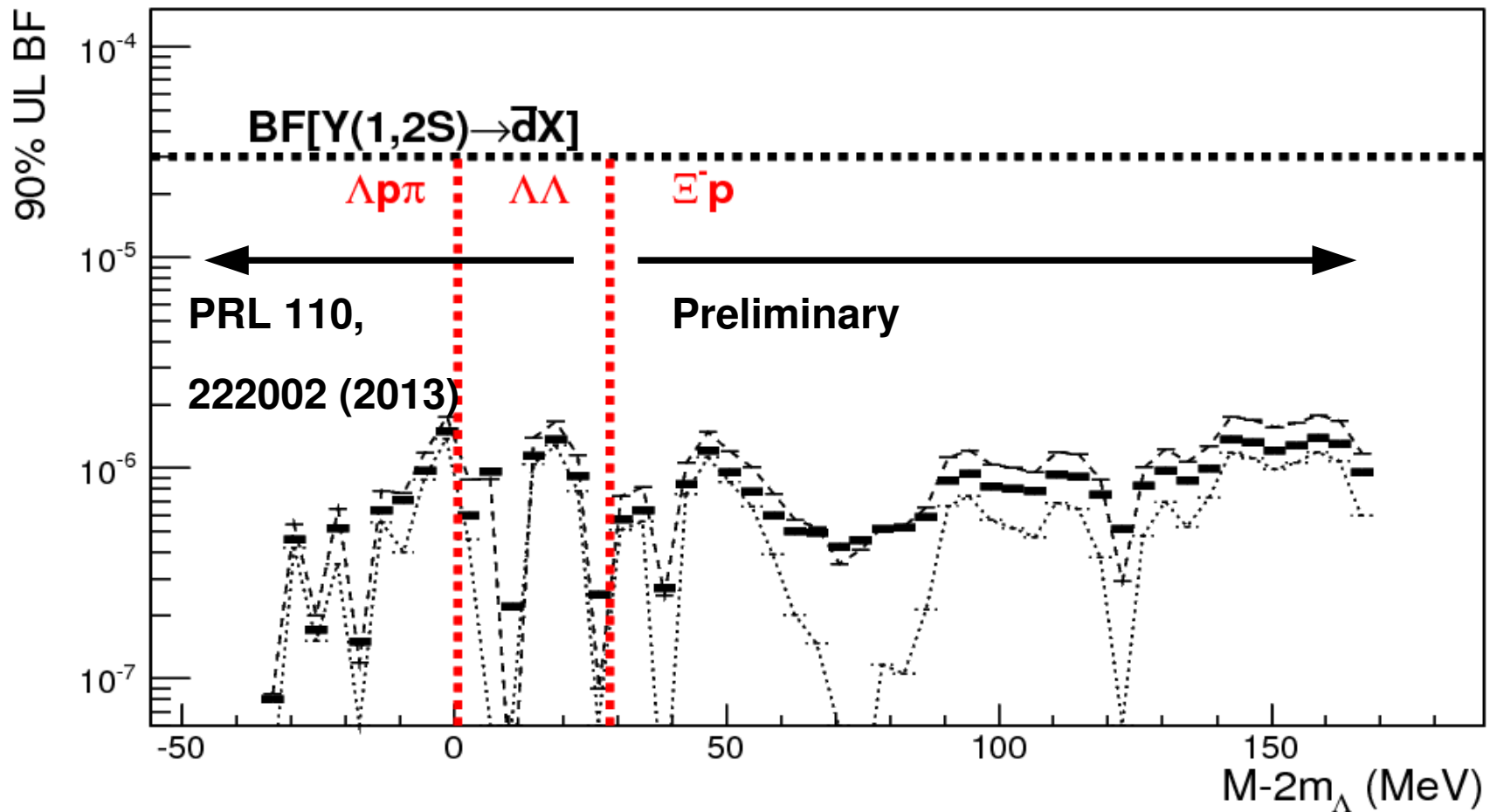
PRL 110, 222002 (2013)



Search for H dibaryon

Analysis strategy:

- Inclusive reconstruction in $Y(1S)$ and $Y(2S)$ sample
- Decays with $H \rightarrow \Lambda\Lambda$, $H \rightarrow \Xi^- p$, $H \rightarrow \Lambda p \pi^-$



Summary

First observation of $Y(4S) \rightarrow \eta h_b(1P)$ Preliminary

→ First test of QCDME with $\eta h_b(1P)$ transitions

First study of $Y(5S) \rightarrow \eta h_b(1P)$ Preliminary

→ No evidences, but upper limits allows to increase our knowledge of the spin flipping transitions pattern

Updated parameters of $\eta_b(1S)$ Preliminary

First evidence of double charmonium in $Y(nS)$ decays

→ Agreement with th. predictions

First observation of $Y(5S) \rightarrow \omega \chi_{bJ}(1P)$

Stringent upper limits on H dibaryon production

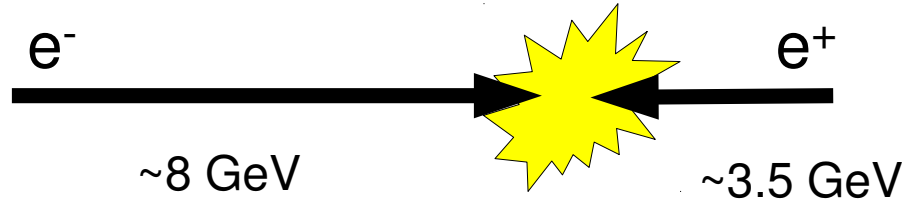
Backup

The Belle experiment

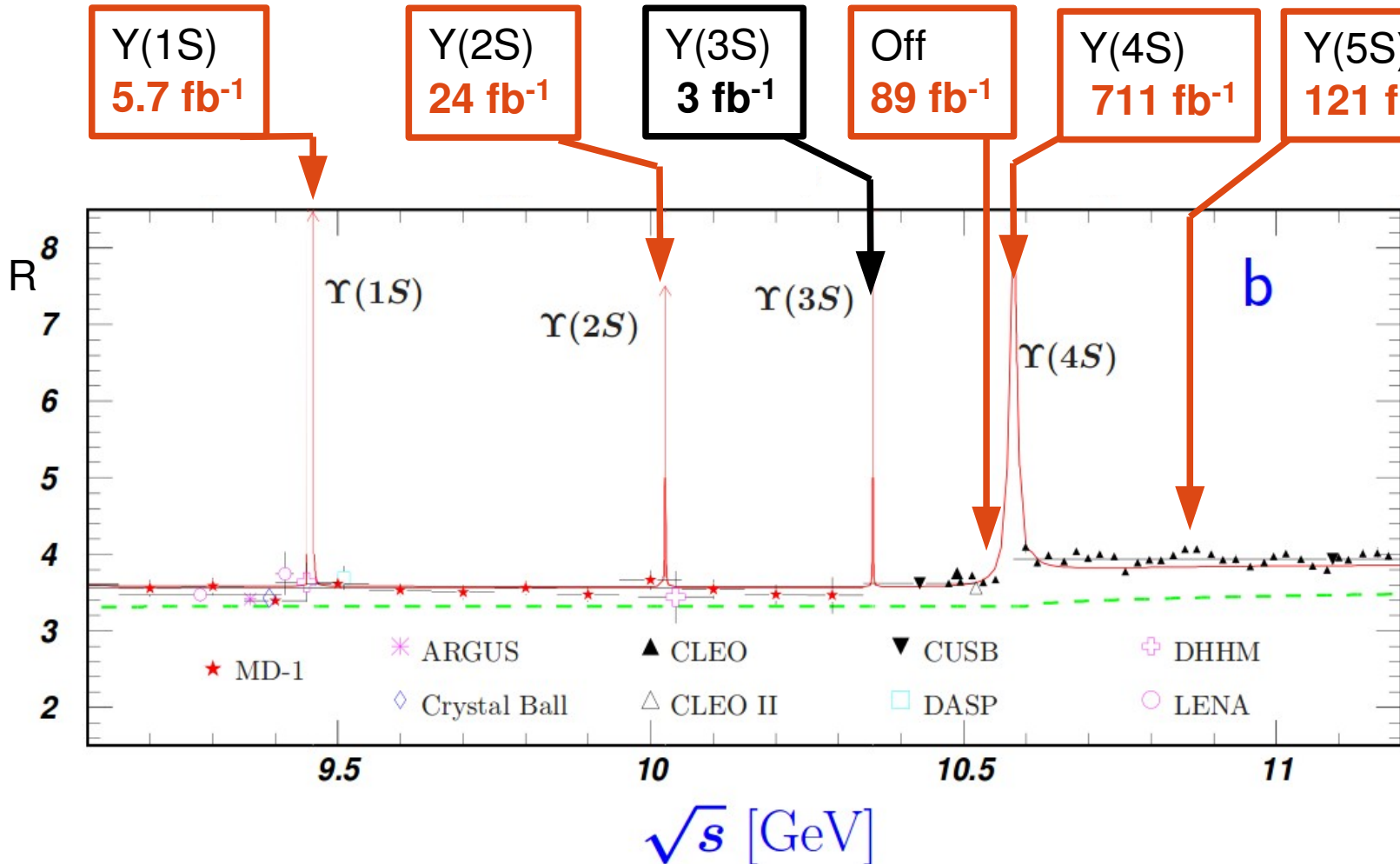


For a summary of Belle's results: arXiv:1212.5342v1

KEKB
asymmetric
collider



1-- quarkonium states
produced at rest



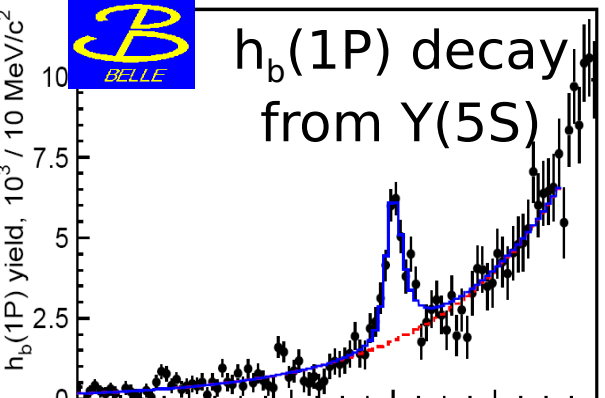
~ 1 ab of e⁺e⁻ events

World largest samples of Y(1S), Y(2S), Y(4S), Y(5S) and off-resonance

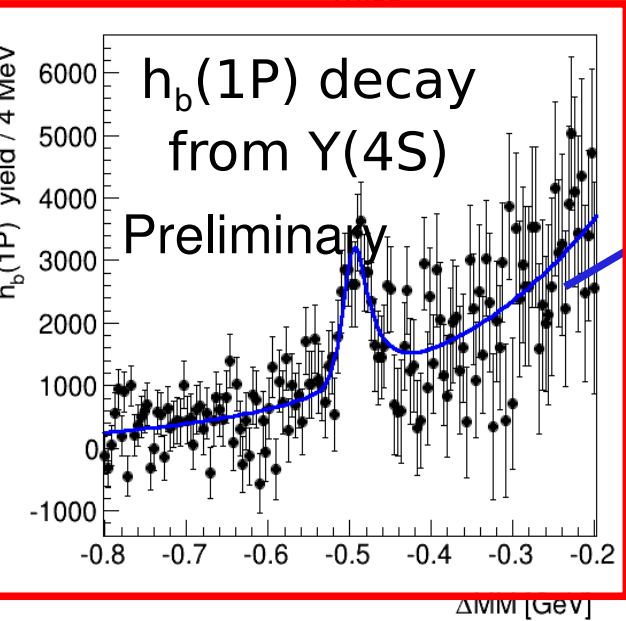
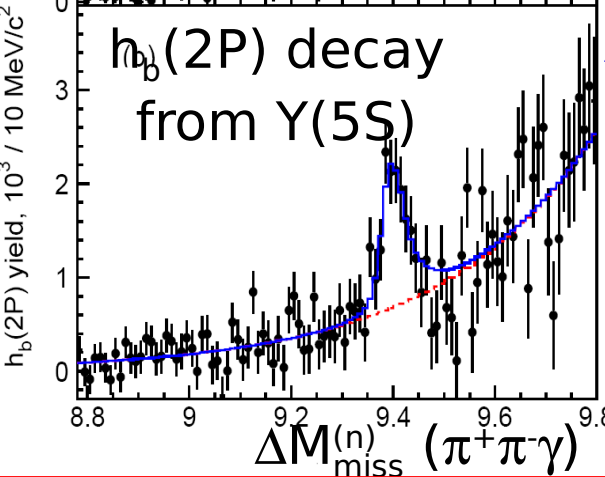
~ 770 M of Y(4S) → BB events



$h_b(1P)$ decay from $Y(5S)$

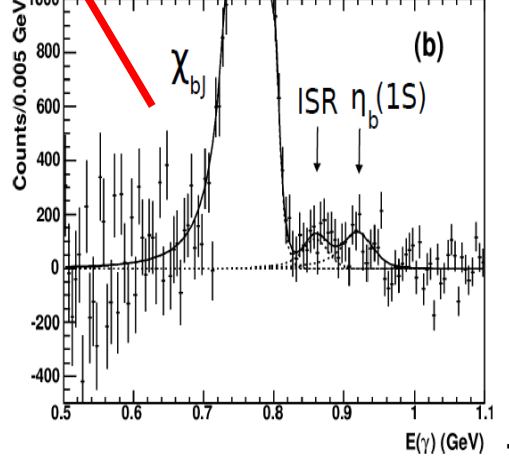
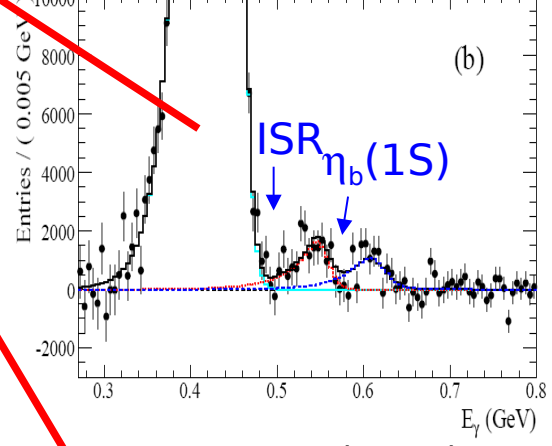
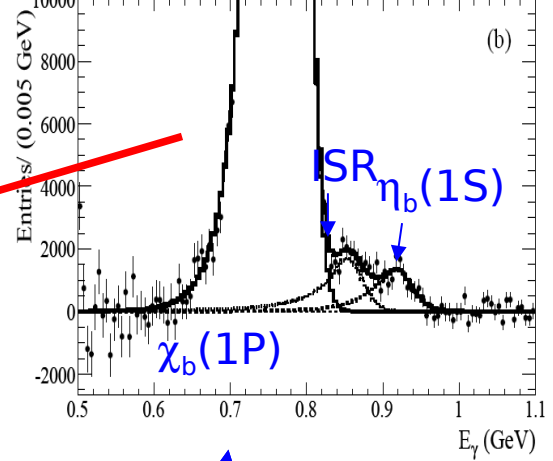
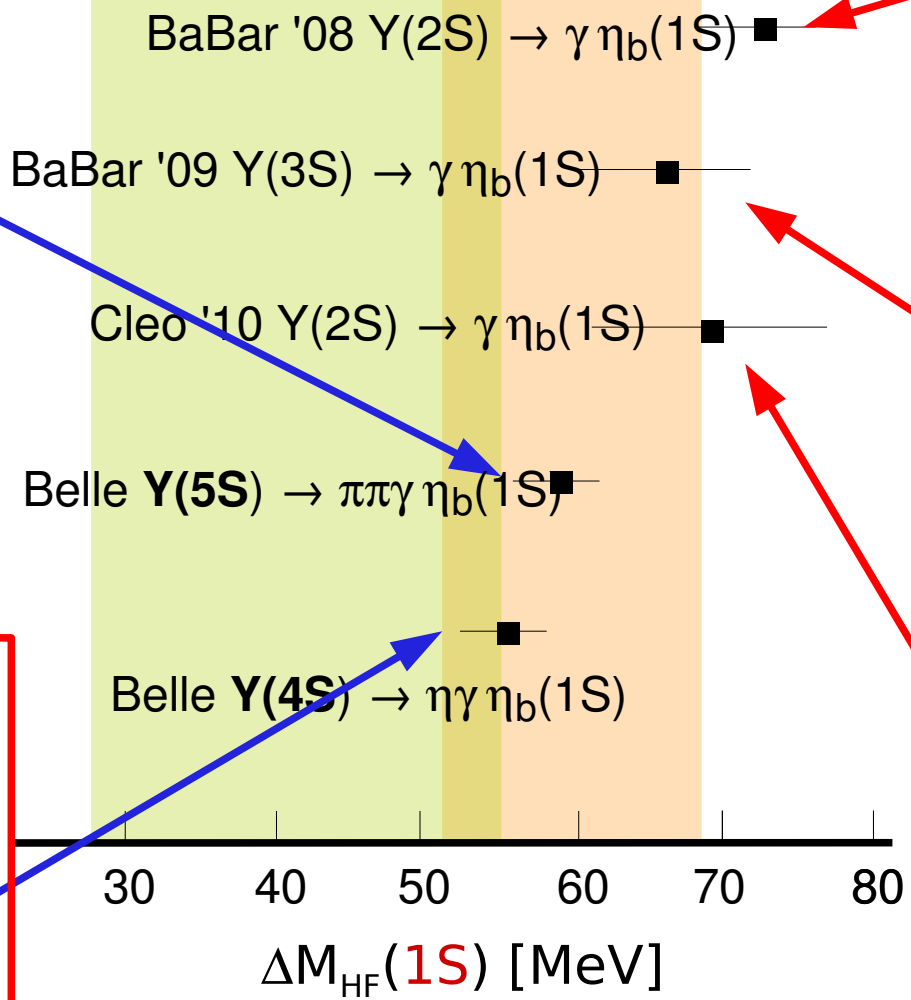


$h_b(2P)$ decay from $Y(5S)$



pNRQCD

LQCD



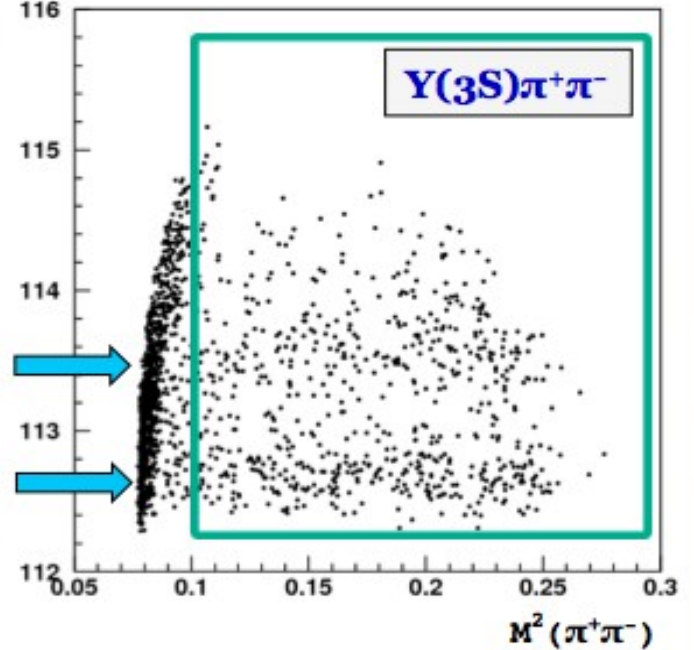
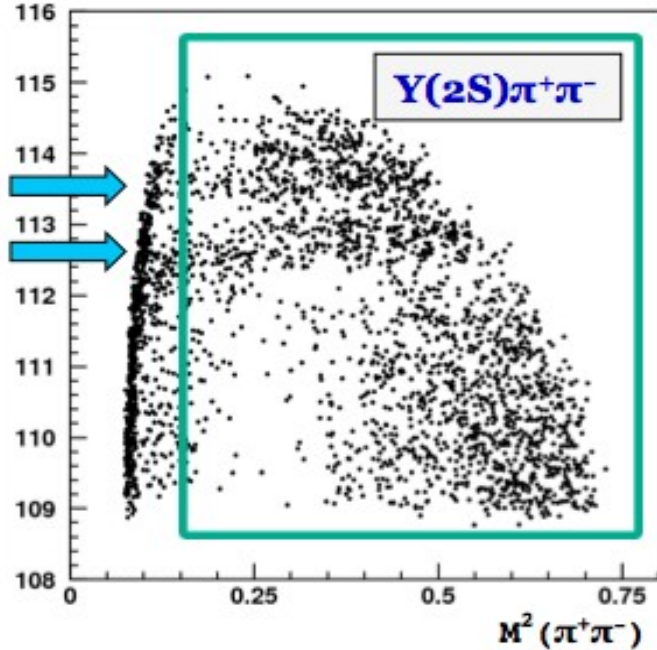
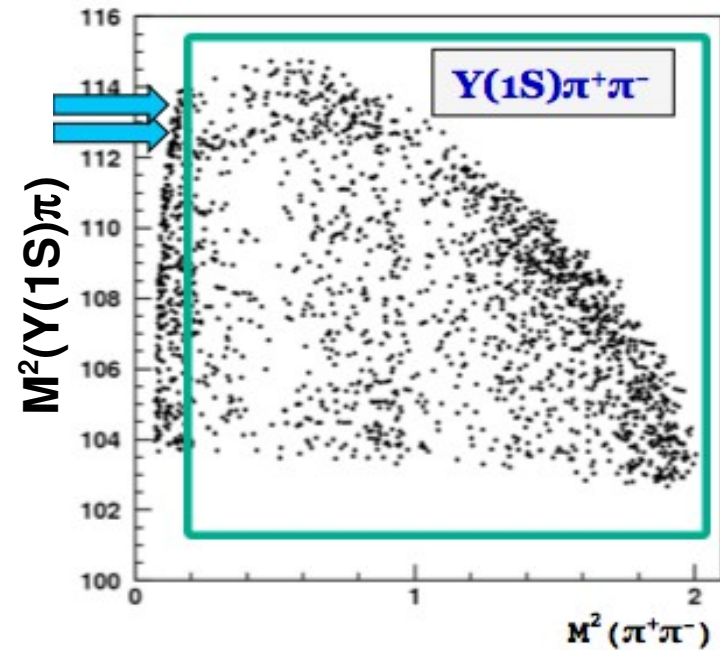
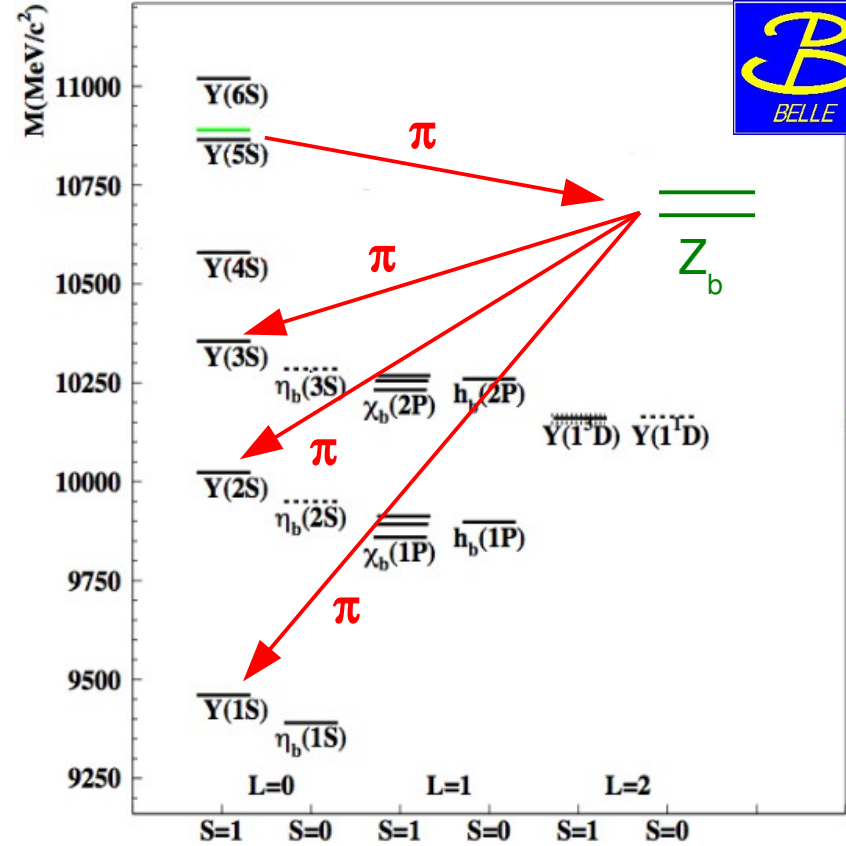
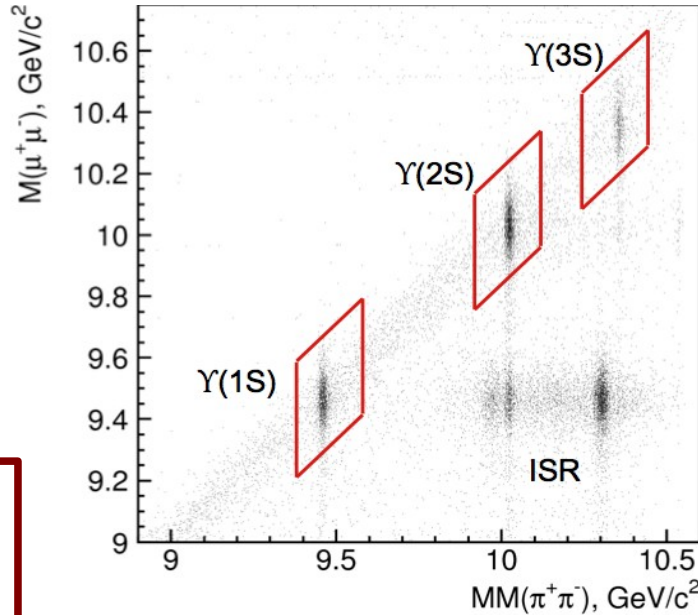
Z_b in $Y(nS)$ final states

PRL108,122001



- $Y(nS) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$
- Clean final state
- Pure $Y(nS)$ sample
- $\pi^+\pi^-$ recoil tag

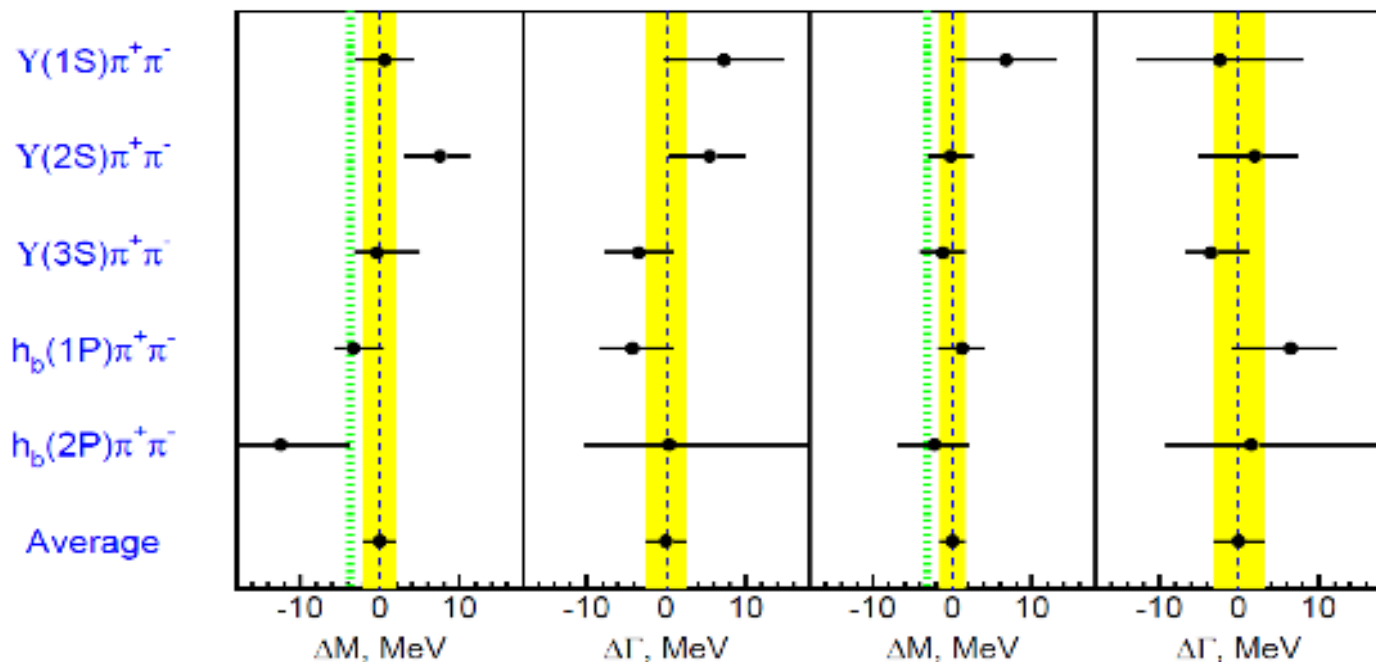
3 other observation of Z_b 's !



Z_b Summary



PRL108,122001



Mass and Γ measured in 5 different final states agree

Angular analysis suggests $J^P = 1^+$

$Z_b(10610)$

$M = 10608 \text{ pm } 2.0 \text{ MeV}$

$\Gamma = 15.6 \text{ pm } 2.5 \text{ MeV}$

$Z_b(10650)$

$M = 10653 \text{ pm } 1.5 \text{ MeV}$

$\Gamma = 14.4 \text{ pm } 3.2 \text{ MeV}$

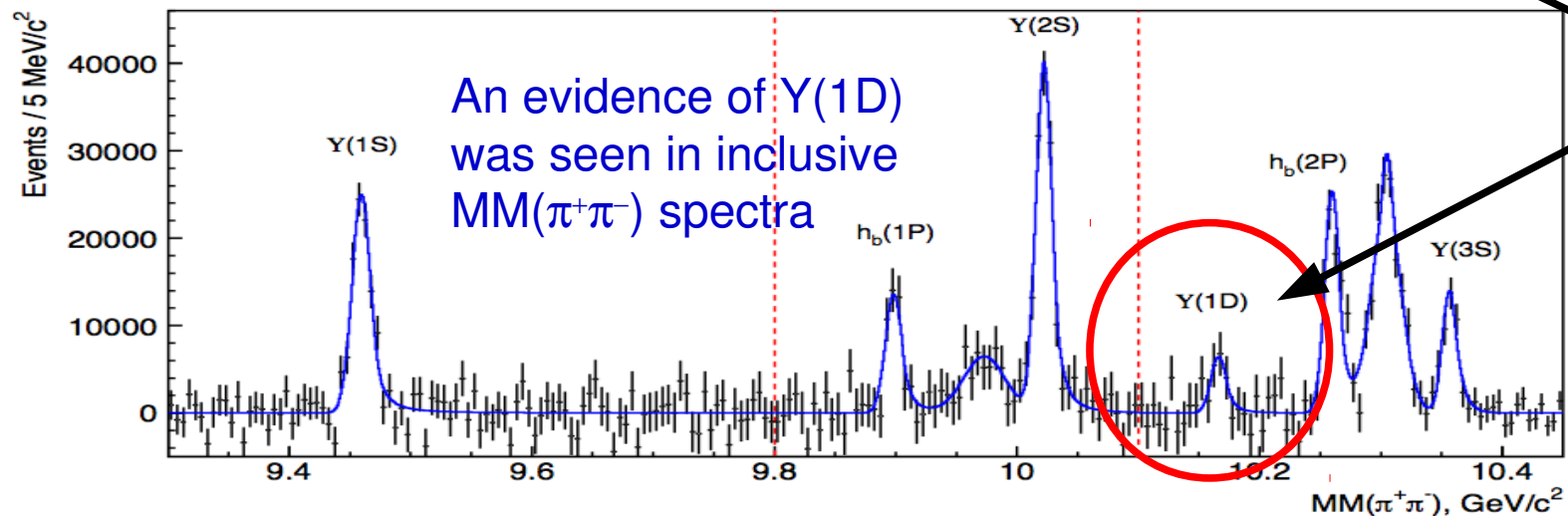
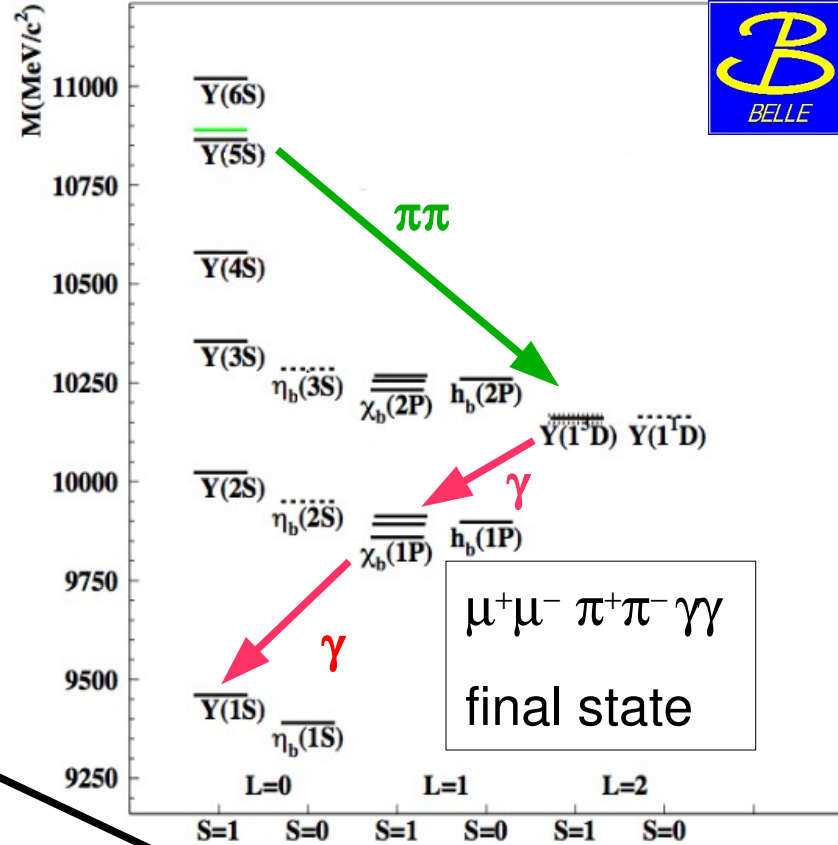
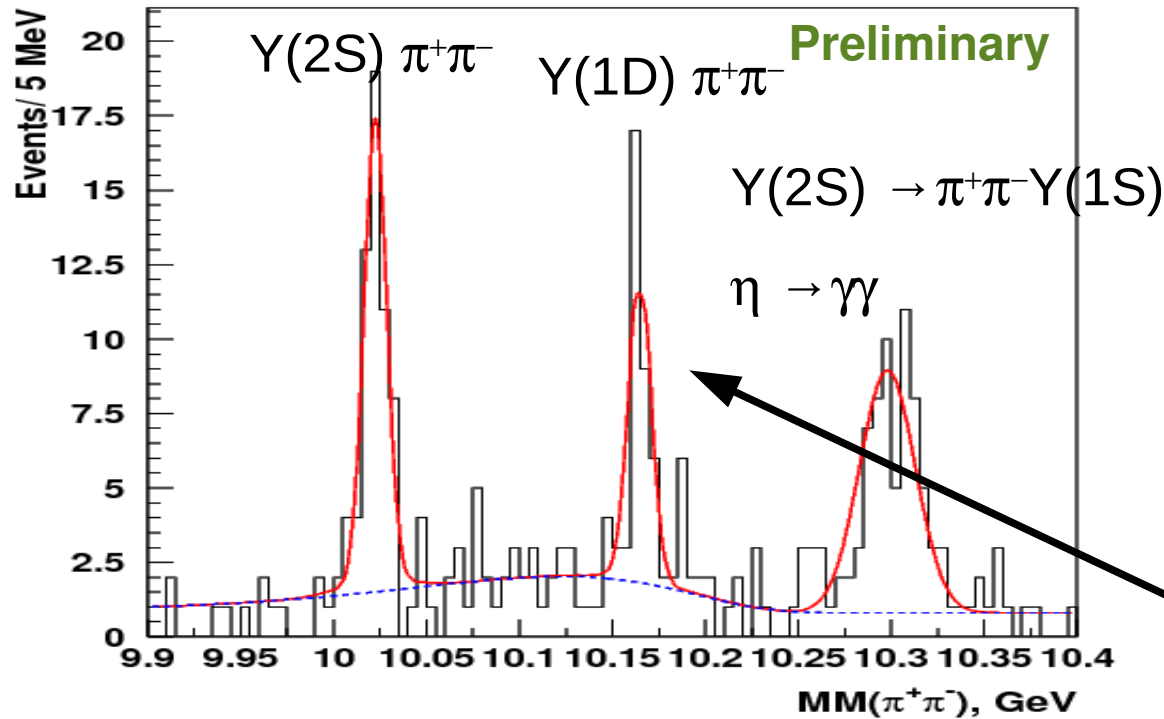
The Di Pion transitions from the Y(5S) proceed via the intermediate charged state Z_b

The transition does not imply spin flip

Masses are close to B^*B and B^*B^* thresholds
Molecules?

The Y(5S) is an unexpected source of h_b

$Y(5S) \rightarrow Y(1D) \pi^+ \pi^-$



Significance 9σ

Significance 2.9σ

$$B[Y(5S) \rightarrow Y(1D) \pi^+ \pi^-] B[Y(1D) \rightarrow \chi_b(1P) \gamma \rightarrow Y(1S) \gamma \gamma] = (2.0 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.3) 10^{-4}$$

$h_b(1P,2P) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_b(1S,2S)$

PRL109 (2012) 232002

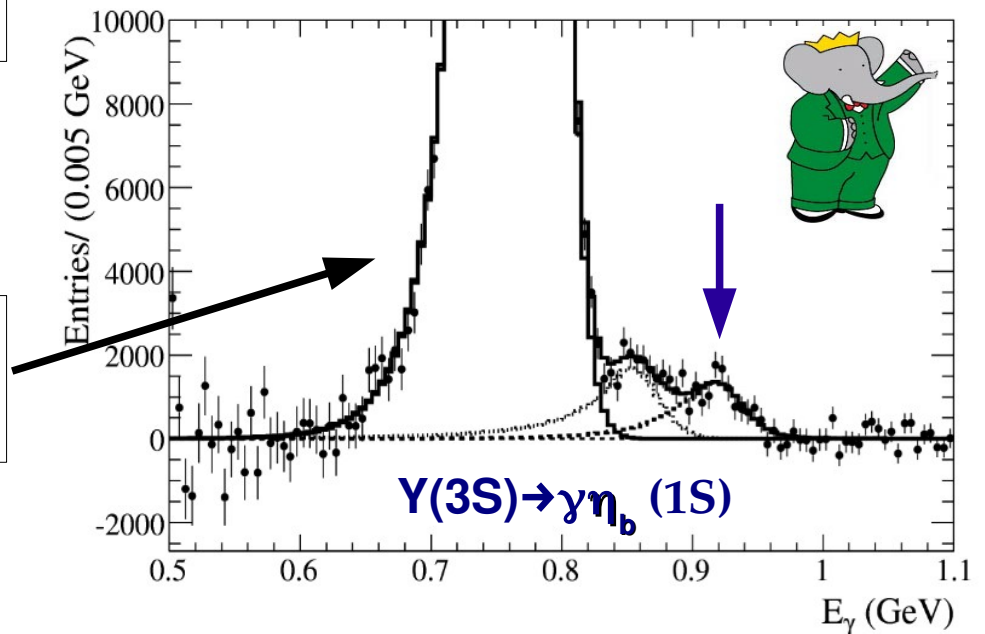
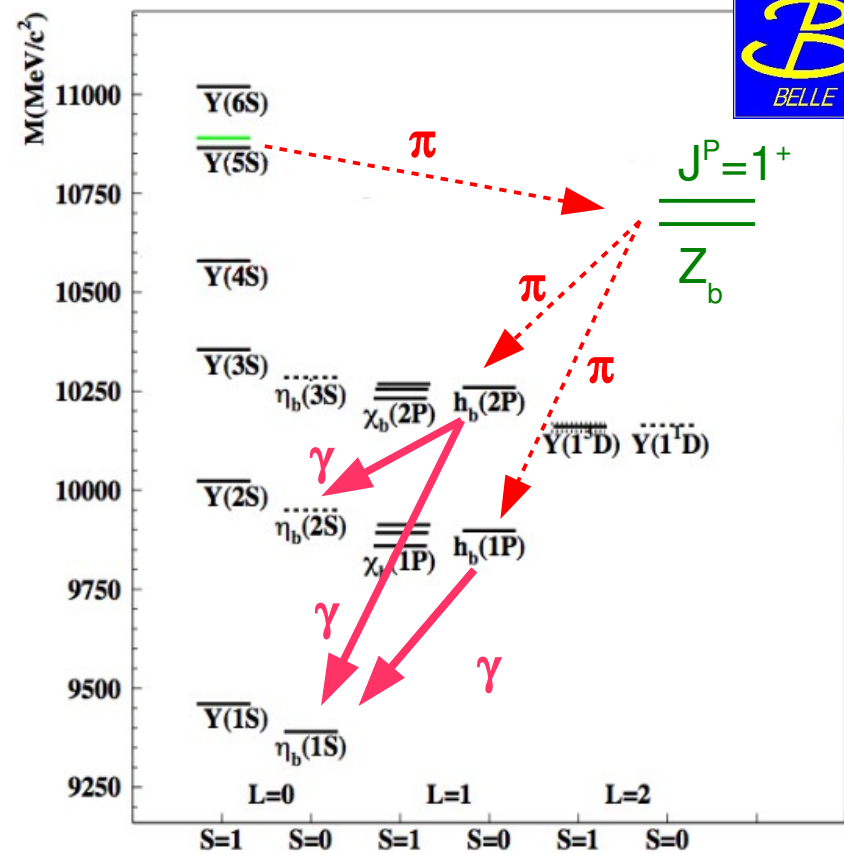
$h_b(1,2P)$ is predicted to have large BF
for radiative decays to η_b

$BF[h_b(1P) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_b(1S)] = 41\%$ $BF[h_b(2P) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_b(1S)] = 63\%$ $BF[h_b(2P) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_b(2S)] = 13\%$	$O(10^4)$ larger than in the Y(nS) system
--	---

Clean experimental signature with the
 $h_b(1,2P)$ and Z_b tagging

Means

Less background than in the inclusive
searches from Y(2,3S)



$Y(5S) \rightarrow \eta Y(1,2S)$

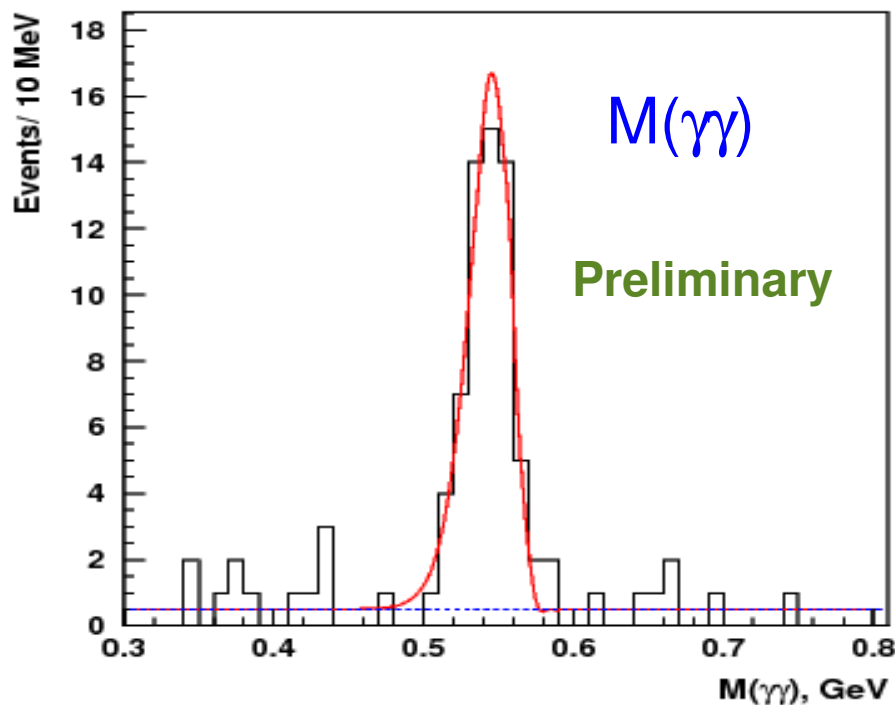
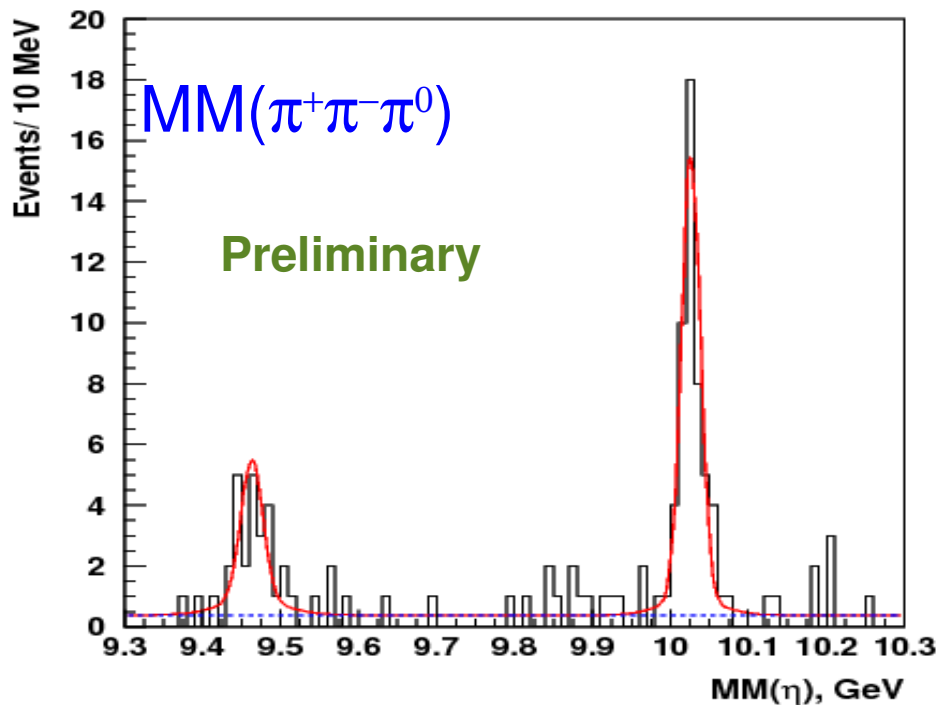
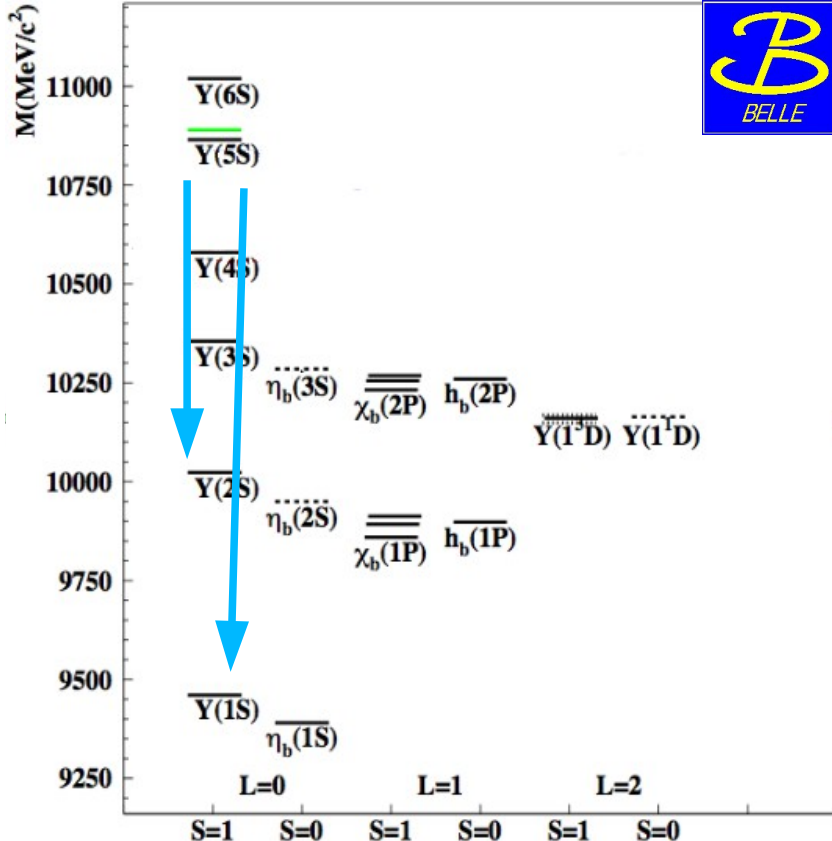


Exclusive reconstruction $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} Y(1,2S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^- + \eta \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0 \\ Y(2S) \rightarrow Y(1S)\pi^+\pi^- + \eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma \end{array} \right.$

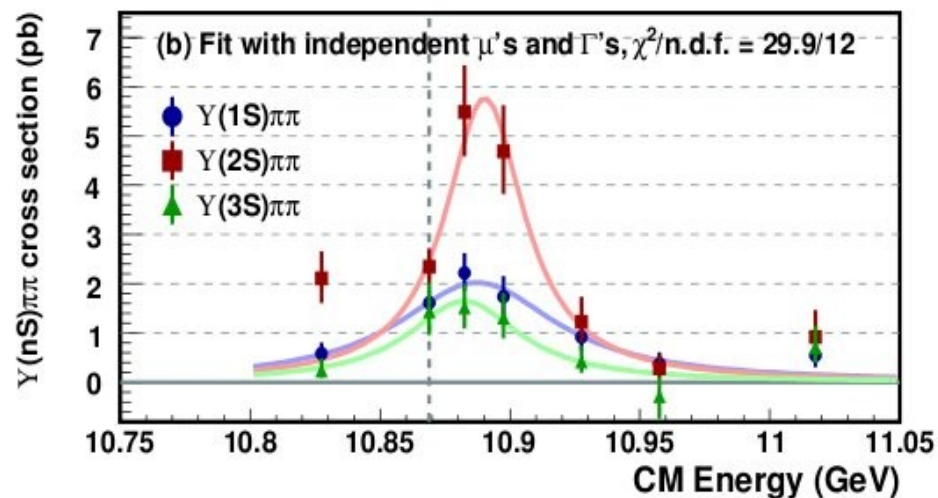
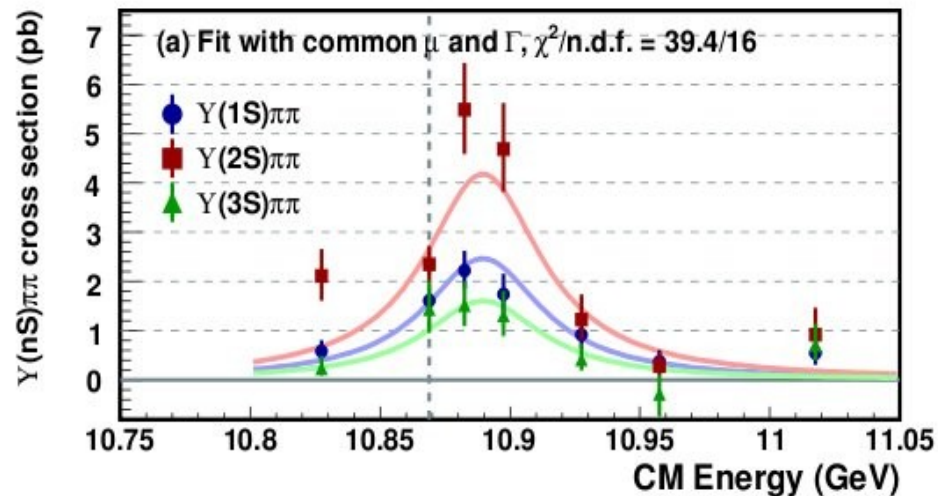
$$B[Y(5S) \rightarrow Y(1S)\eta] = (7.3 \pm 1.6 \pm 0.8) \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$B[Y(5S) \rightarrow Y(2S)\eta] = (38 \pm 4 \pm 5) \cdot 10^{-4}$$

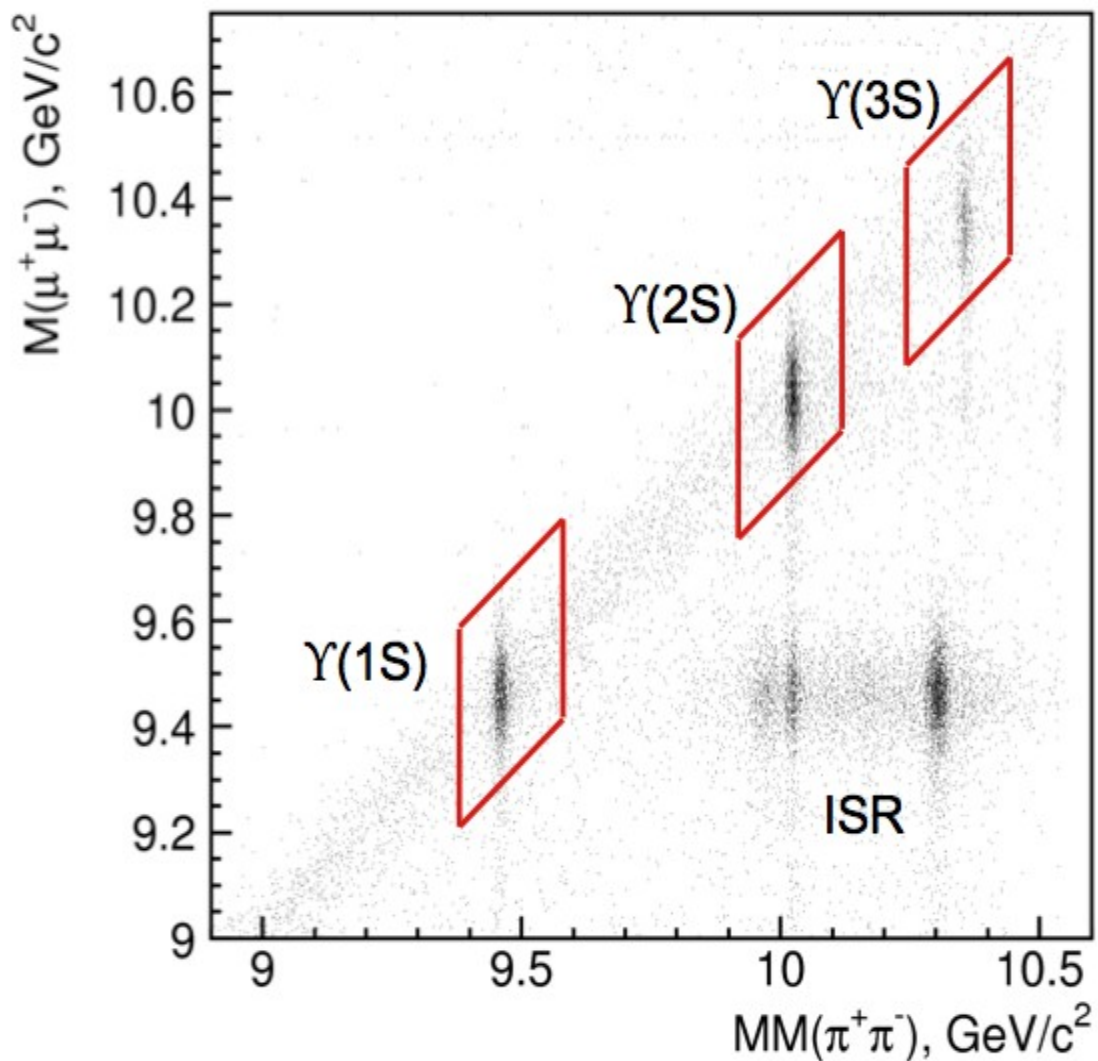
Preliminary



$\pi^+\pi^-$ transitions @ $Y(5S)$



$$Y(5S) \rightarrow Y(nS) \pi^+\pi^- \quad (n = 1,2,3)$$
$$Y(nS) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$$



$\pi^+\pi^-$ transitions @ $Y(5S)$

PRL100,112001(2008)

$\Gamma(\text{MeV})$

$$\Upsilon(5S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^- \quad 0.59 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.09$$

$$\Upsilon(5S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(2S)\pi^+\pi^- \quad 0.85 \pm 0.07 \pm 0.16$$

$$\Upsilon(5S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(3S)\pi^+\pi^- \quad 0.52^{+0.20}_{-0.17} \pm 0.10$$

$$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^- \quad 0.0060$$

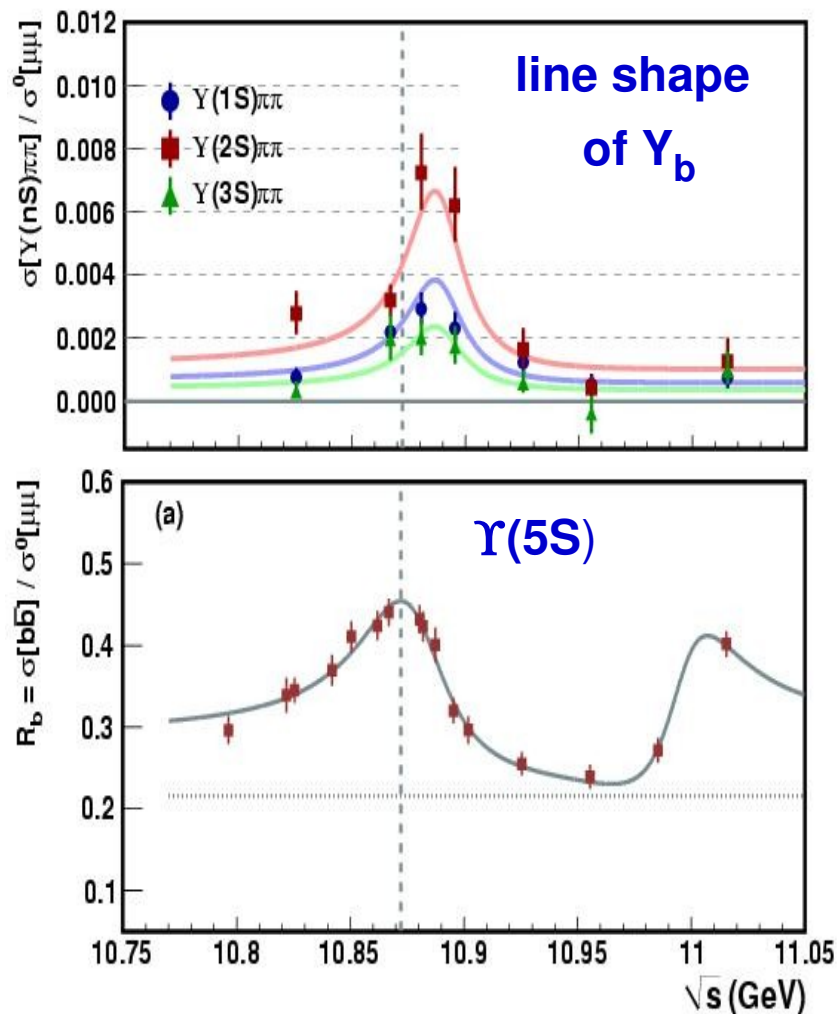
$$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^- \quad 0.0009$$

$$\Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^- \quad 0.0019$$

Simonov JETP Lett 87,147(2008)

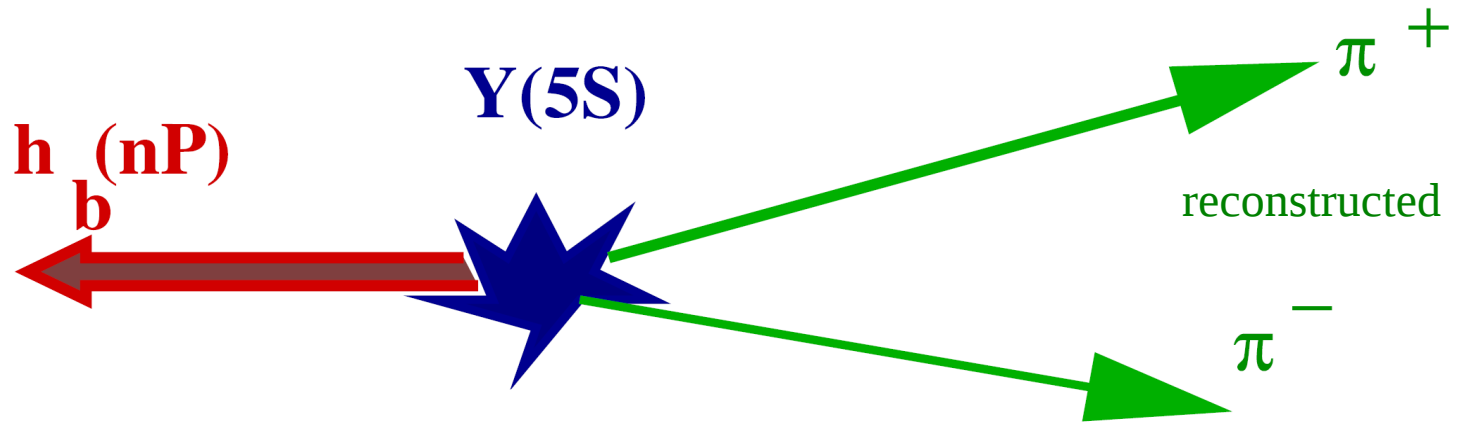
Rescattering $Y(5S) \rightarrow BB\pi\pi \rightarrow Y(nS)$?

PRD82,091106R(2010)



Missing Mass technique

Y(5S) produced at rest in the colliding e^+e^- frame



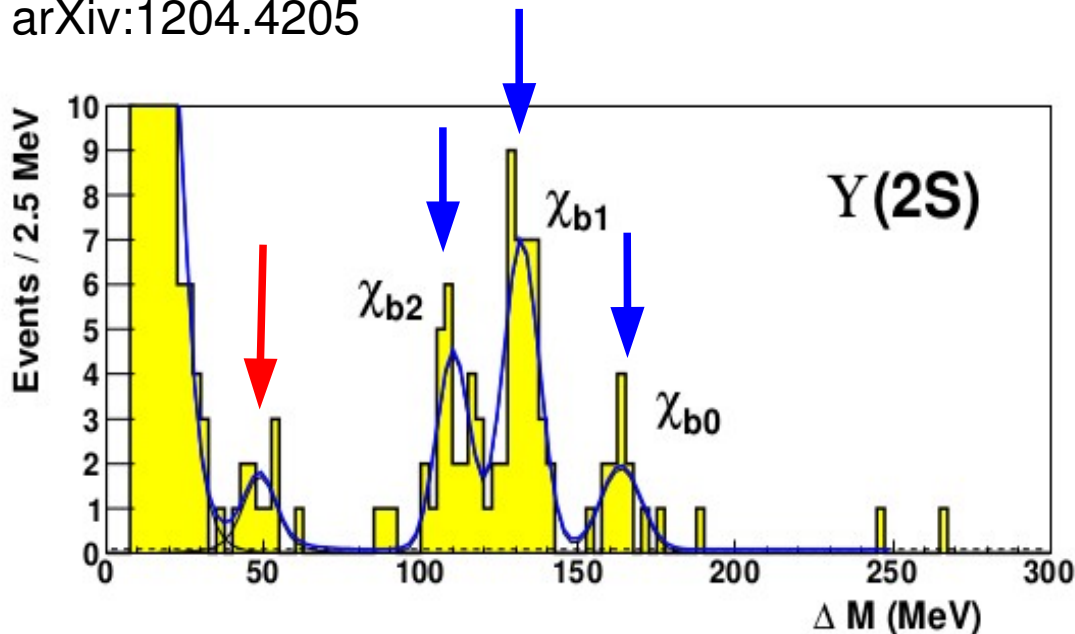
$$M(h_b) = (E_{\text{c.m.}} - E_{\pi^+\pi^-}^*)^2 - p_{\pi^+\pi^-}^2 \equiv M_{\text{miss}}(\pi^+\pi^-)$$

Known Measured

$\eta_b(2S)$ claim



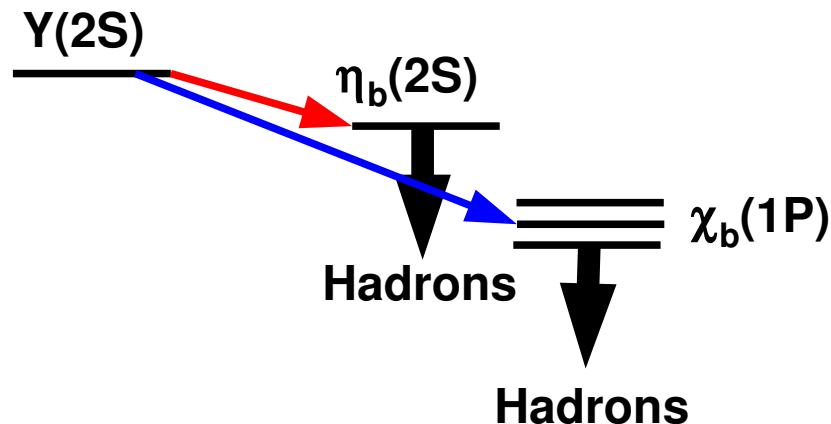
arXiv:1204.4205



Dobbs et. al analyzed the data from CLEO-III searching for $Y(2S) \rightarrow \gamma (b\bar{b})$ with exclusive reconstruction of $(b\bar{b}) \rightarrow X$ in **26 different hadronic modes**

Belle: $\Delta M_{HF}(2S) = 23.4^{+4.0}_{-4.5}$ MeV

Dobbs et al.: $\Delta M_{HF}(2S) = 48.7$ MeV



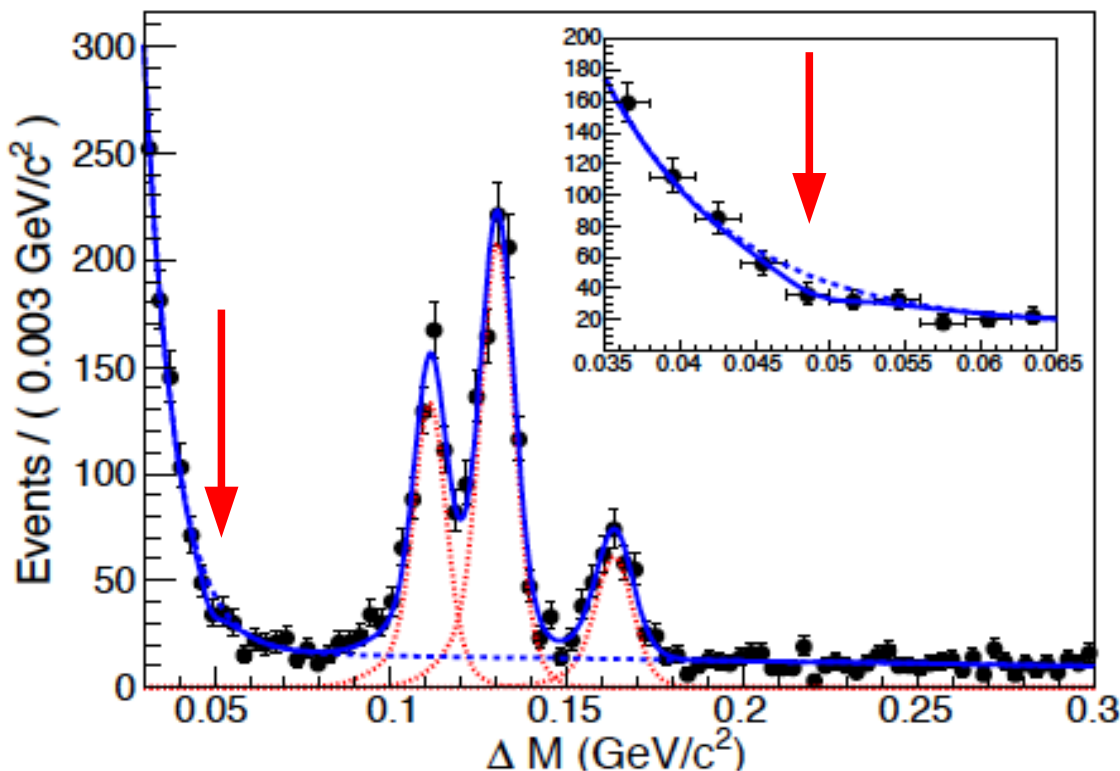
	N	ΔM_{hf} (MeV)	M (MeV)	$\chi^2/d.o.f.$	signif. (σ)	$\mathcal{B}_1 \times \mathcal{B}_2 \times 10^6$
$\eta_b(2S)$	$11.4^{+4.3}_{-3.5}$	$48.7 \pm 2.3 \pm 2.1$	$9974.6 \pm 2.3 \pm 2.1$	91.8/103	4.9	$46.2^{+29.7}_{-14.2} \pm 10.6$
$\eta_b(1S)$	$10.3^{+4.9}_{-4.1}$	$67.1 \pm 3.4 \pm 2.3$	$9393.2 \pm 3.4 \pm 2.3$	114.6/107	3.1	$30.1^{+33.5}_{-7.4} \pm 7.5$

$BF[Y(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_b(2S)] \times BF[\gamma \eta_b(2S) \rightarrow \text{hadrons}] = (46.2^{+29.2}_{-14.2} \pm 10.6) \times 10^{-6}$

Exclusive $\eta_b(2S)$ at Belle



arXiv:1306.6212

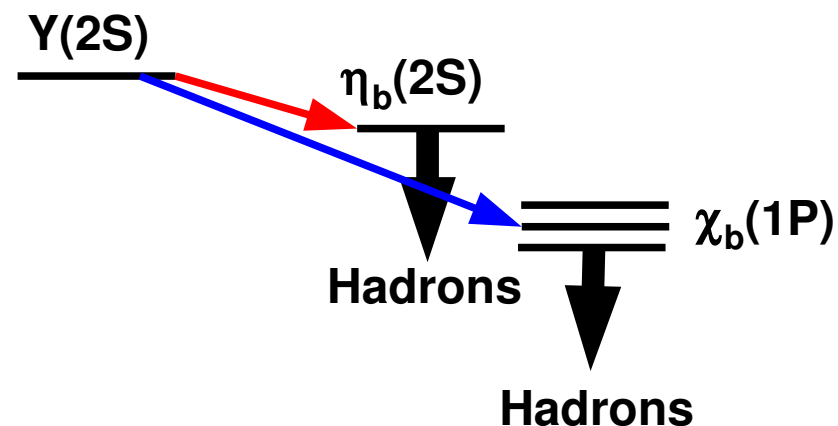


25 fb⁻¹ at Y(2S) energy
(158 M Y(2S) decays, 16x CLEO)

87 fb⁻¹ below Y(4S) energy
for the study of the continuum
background study

$$\text{BF}[Y(2S) \rightarrow \gamma\eta_b(2S)] \times \text{BF}[\gamma\eta_b(2S) \rightarrow \text{had}] < 4.9 \times 10^{-6}$$

Identical reconstruction modes



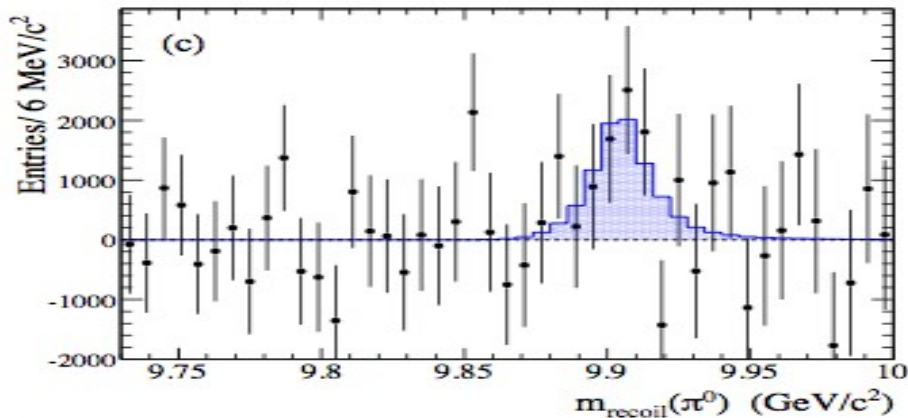
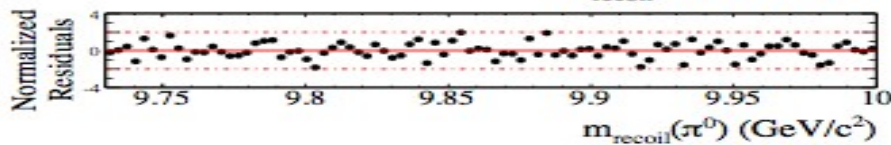
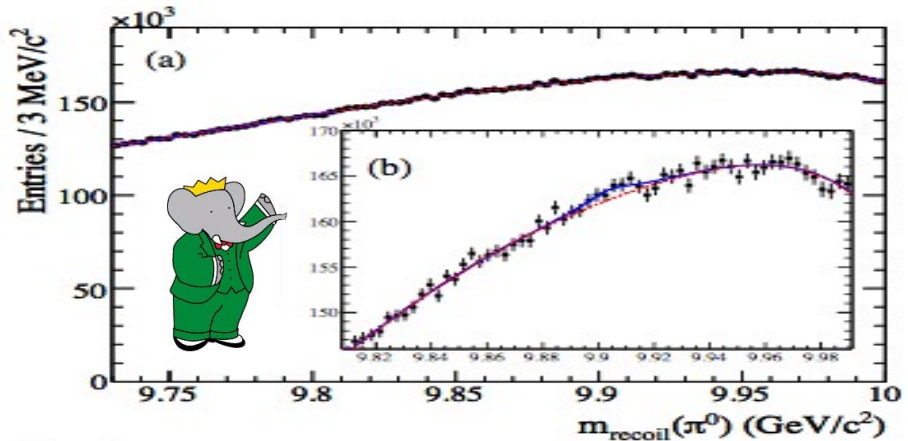
$\eta_b(2S)$ claim by
Dobbs et al. is
disconfirmed by Belle.

~ one order of magnitude
below the claim by
Dobbs et al

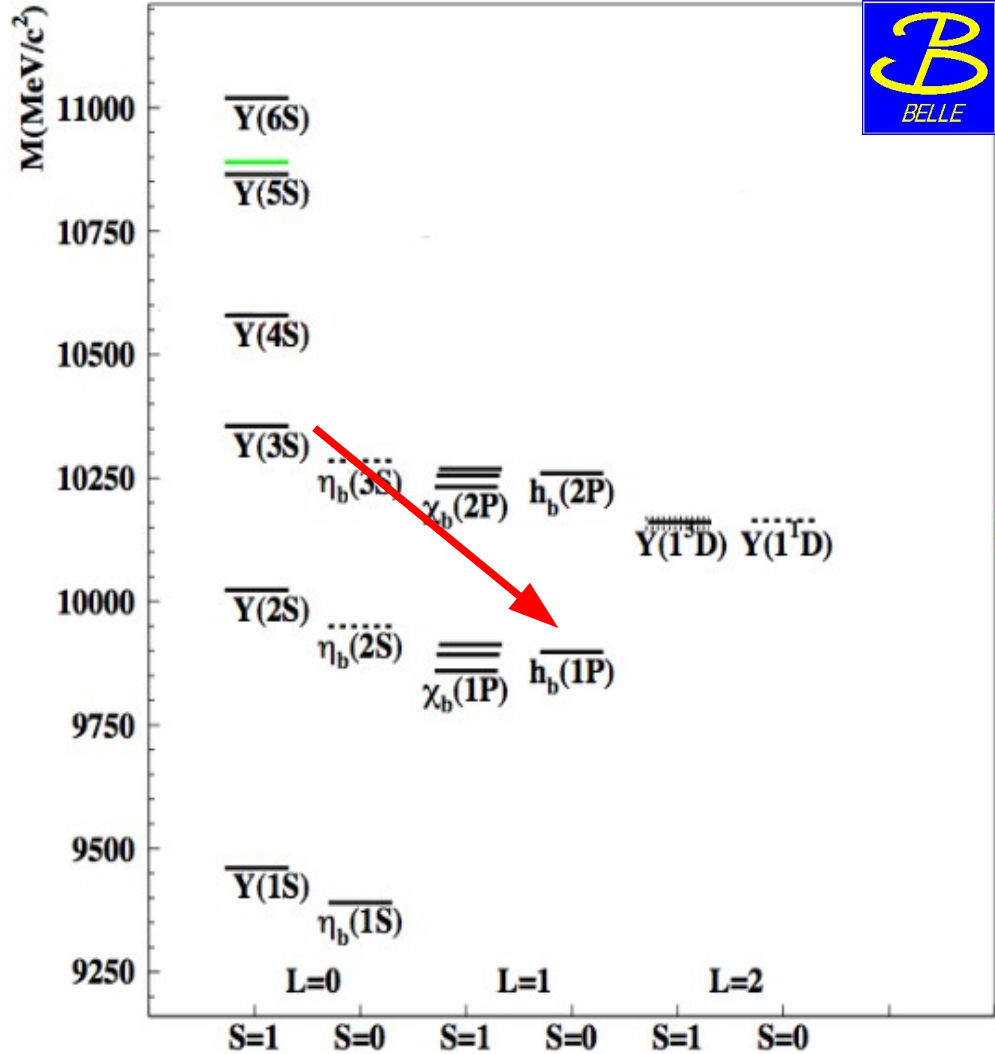
$h_b(1P)$ at BaBar

3 sigma evidence:

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow Y(3S) \rightarrow \pi^0 h_b$$



π^0 recoil mass (GeV/c^2)

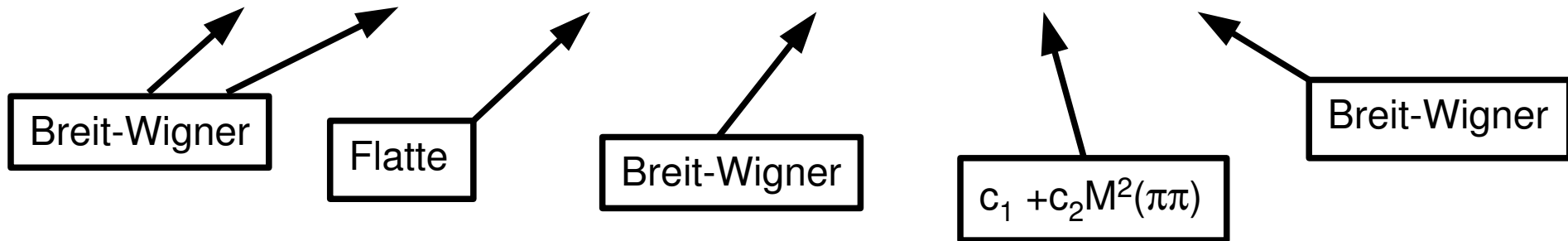


Phys.Rev.D 84 091101(R)

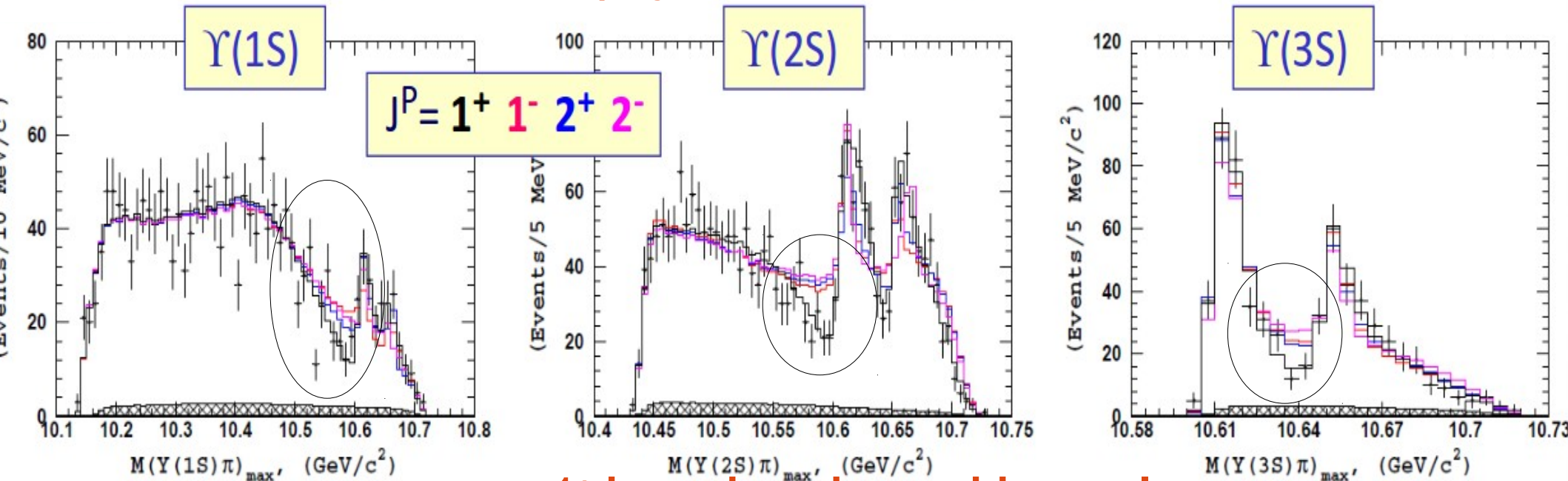
Spin-parity of the Z_b

New study of spin parity with a **6-D fit** that includes contributions from non-resonant S and D waves:

$$S(s_1, s_2) = A(Z_b) + A(Z'_b) + A(f_0(980)) + A(f_2(1275)) + A(NR) + A(\sigma)$$



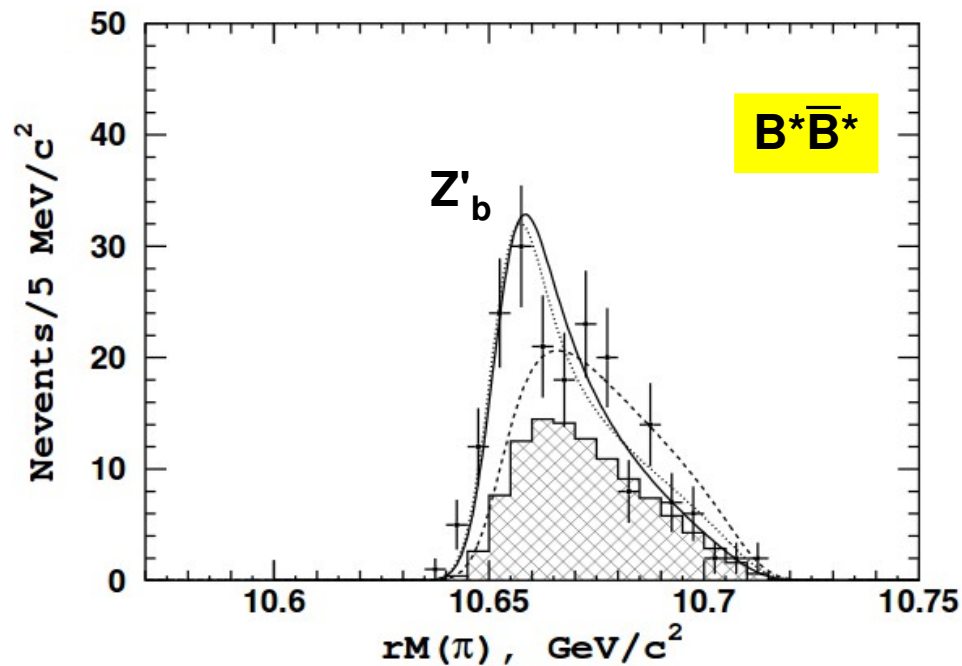
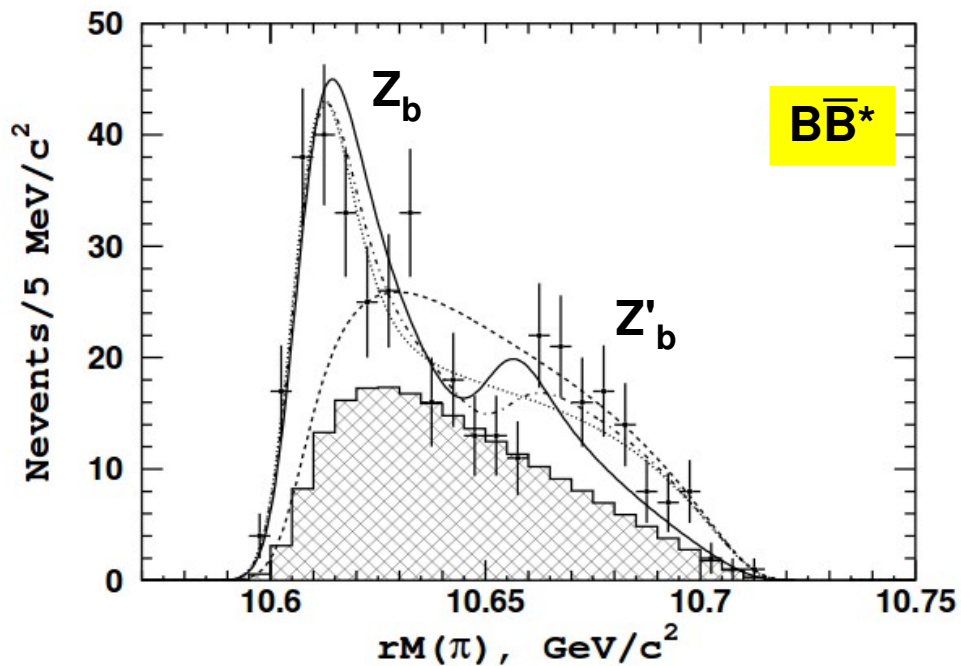
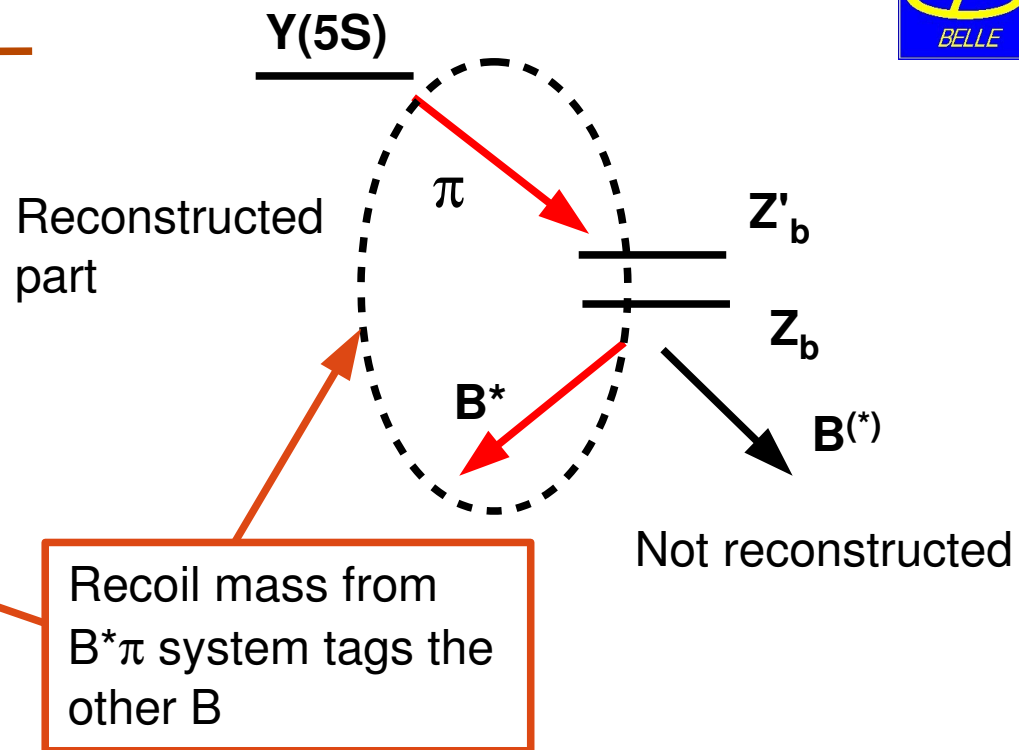
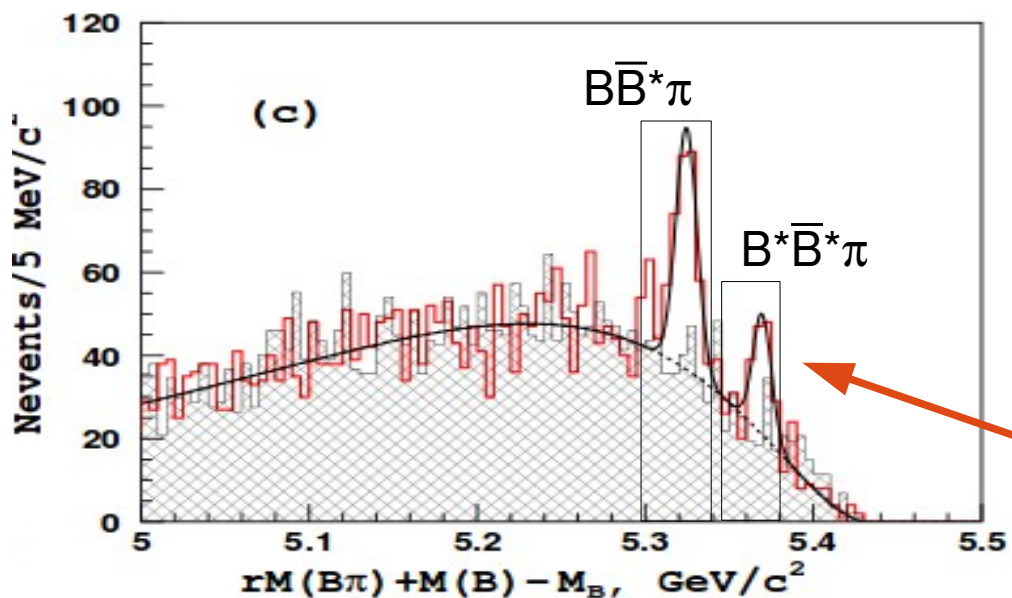
Fit projections in $M(Y(nS)\pi)$



1⁺ is assigned unambiguously

Z_b decay modes

arXiv:1209.6450v2

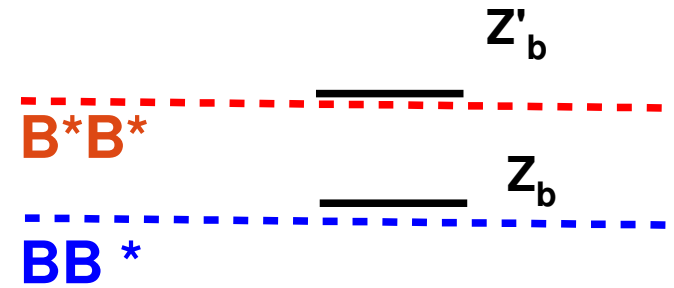


Recoil mass form single pion in selected events

Z_b decay modes

arXiv:1209.6450v2

Channel	Fraction, %	
	$Z_b(10610)$	$Z_b(10650)$
$\Upsilon(1S)\pi^+$	0.32 ± 0.09	0.24 ± 0.07
$\Upsilon(2S)\pi^+$	4.38 ± 1.21	2.40 ± 0.63
$\Upsilon(3S)\pi^+$	2.15 ± 0.56	1.64 ± 0.40
$h_b(1P)\pi^+$	2.81 ± 1.10	7.43 ± 2.70
$h_b(2P)\pi^+$	4.34 ± 2.07	14.8 ± 6.22
$B^+\bar{B}^{*0} + \bar{B}^0B^{*+}$	86.0 ± 3.6	—
$B^{*+}\bar{B}^{*0}$	—	73.4 ± 7.0



From inclusive $\Upsilon(5S) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- + X$ decays

Kinematically favoured but absent

Why $Z_b(10650)$ should not decay in BB^* ?

$$Z_b \sim |BB^*\rangle$$

$$Z'_b \sim |B^*B^*\rangle \quad \text{with negligible } |BB^*\rangle \text{ component}$$

Molecular Model

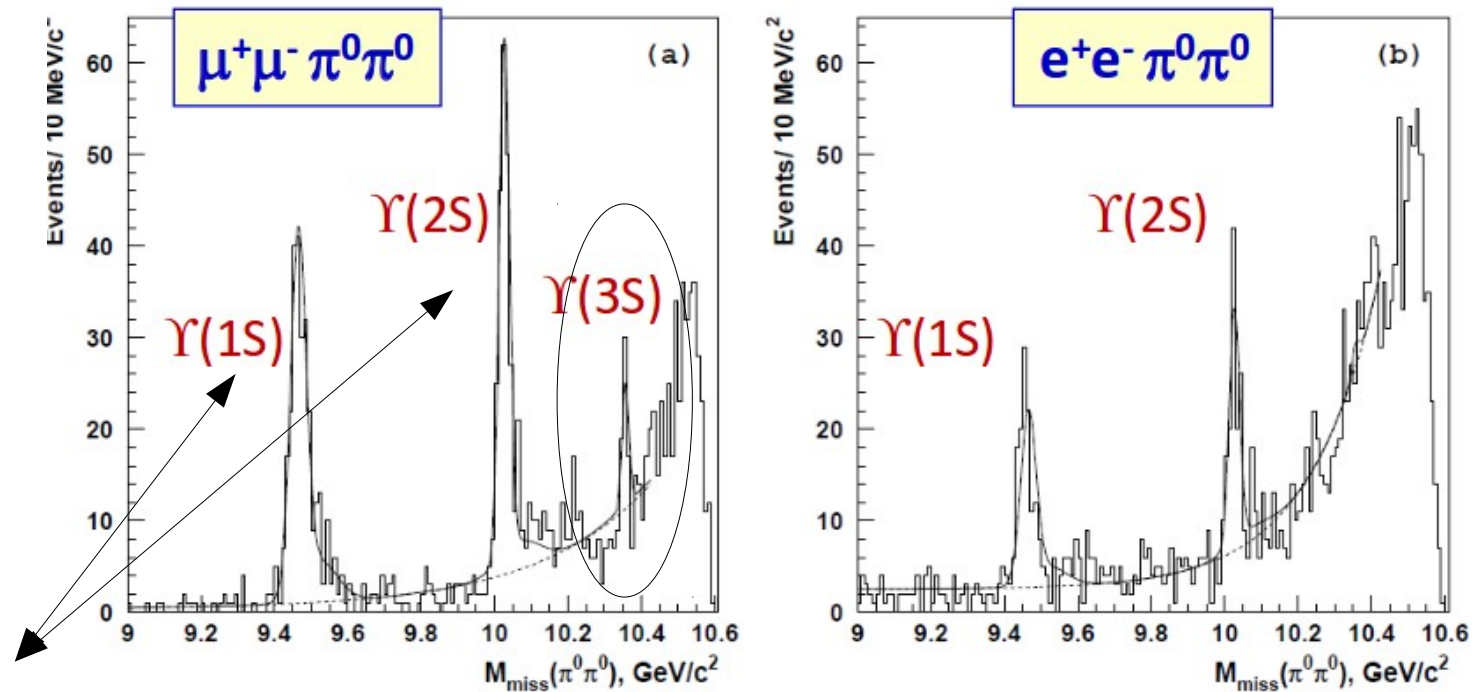
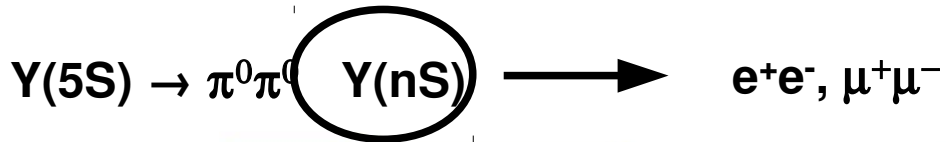
Proximity to open threshold ✓

$\Gamma(\text{open flavour}) \gg \Gamma(\text{narrow quarkonium})$ ✓

The Z_b are BB^* and B^*B^* molecules with $J^P = 1^+$ (?)

Search for Z_b^0

arXiv:1318.2648



$$\text{BF}[Y(5S) \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 Y(1S)] = (2.25 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.20) \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\text{BF}[Y(5S) \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 Y(2S)] = (3.79 \pm 0.24 \pm 0.49) \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\text{BF}[Y(5S) \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 Y(3S)] = (2.09 \pm 0.51 \pm 0.34) \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\text{BF}[\pi^+\pi^-] = (4.45 \pm 0.16 \pm 0.35) \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\text{BF}[\pi^+\pi^-] = (7.97 \pm 0.31 \pm 0.96) \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\text{BF}[\pi^+\pi^-] = (2.88 \pm 0.19 \pm 0.36) \times 10^{-3}$$

Isospin symmetry : $\text{BF}[\pi^+\pi^-] = 2 \times \text{BF}[\pi^0\pi^0]$ **OK**

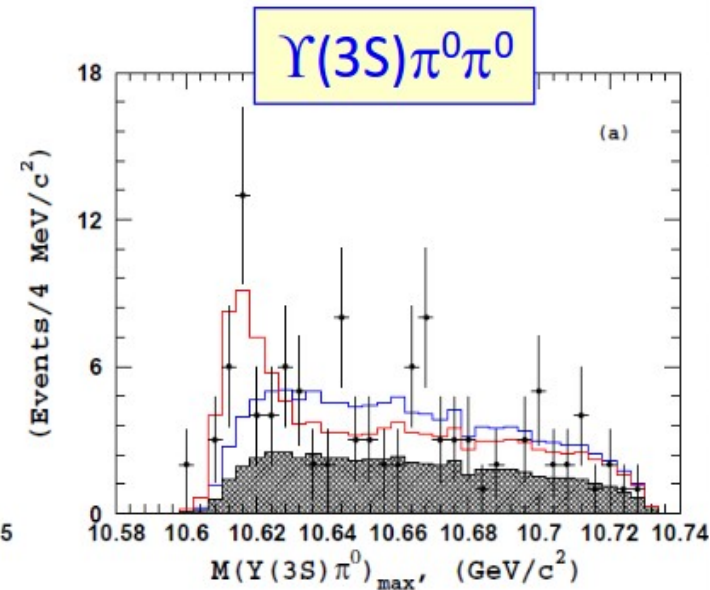
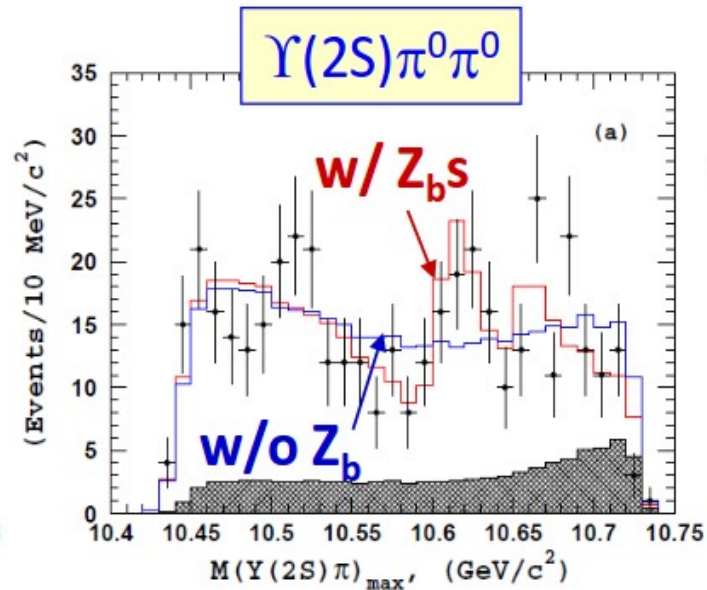
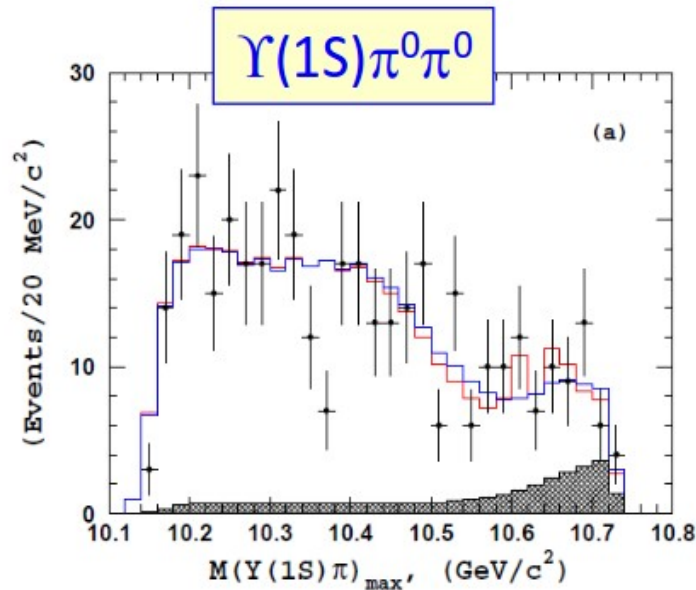
Search for Z_b^0



arXiv:1318.2648

Again multidimensional fit that includes contributions from non resonant S and D wave

$$S(s_1, s_2) = A(Z_b) + A(Z'_b) + A(f_0(980)) + A(f_2(1275)) + A(NR)$$



Significance is calculated from the Multi-dimensional fit

$Z_b^0(10610)$: 6.5σ [4.9σ from $\Upsilon(2S)$ + 4.3σ from $\Upsilon(3S)$] **Observed**

$Z_b^0(10650)$: not observed but not excluded either

$Y(1,2S) \rightarrow \Lambda + X$

Hyperon production is **enhanced** in Y decays with respect to the nearby continuum and is **large**.

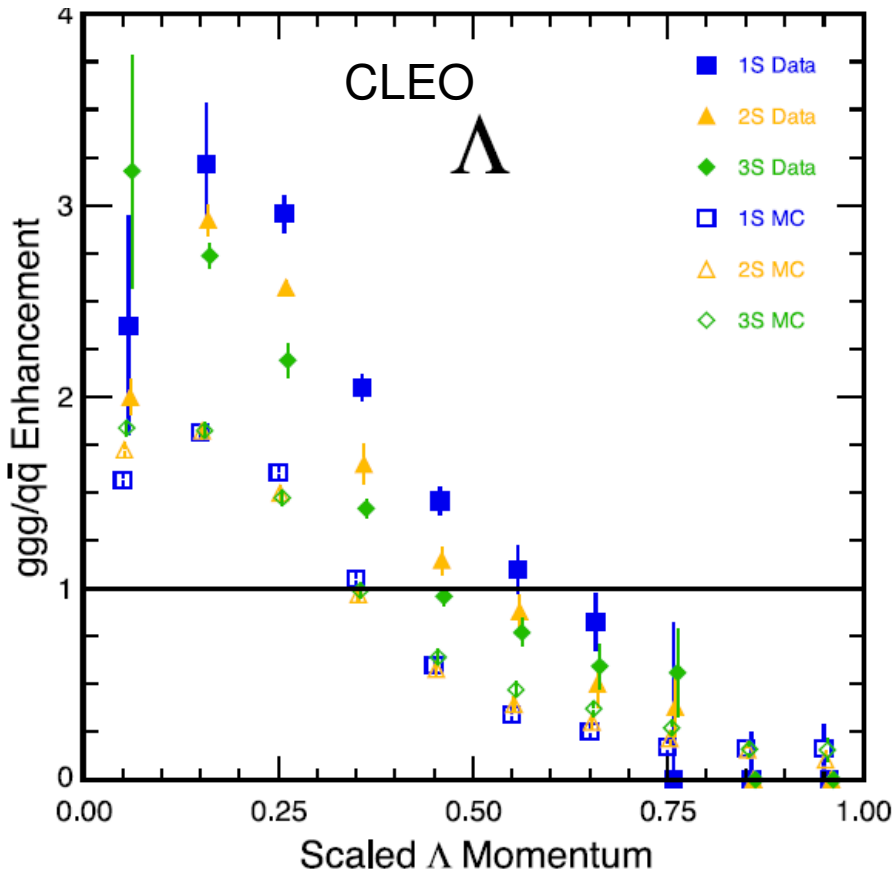
$$BF(Y(1S) \rightarrow \Lambda + X) \sim 10\%$$

Enhancement for baryon \mathcal{B} :

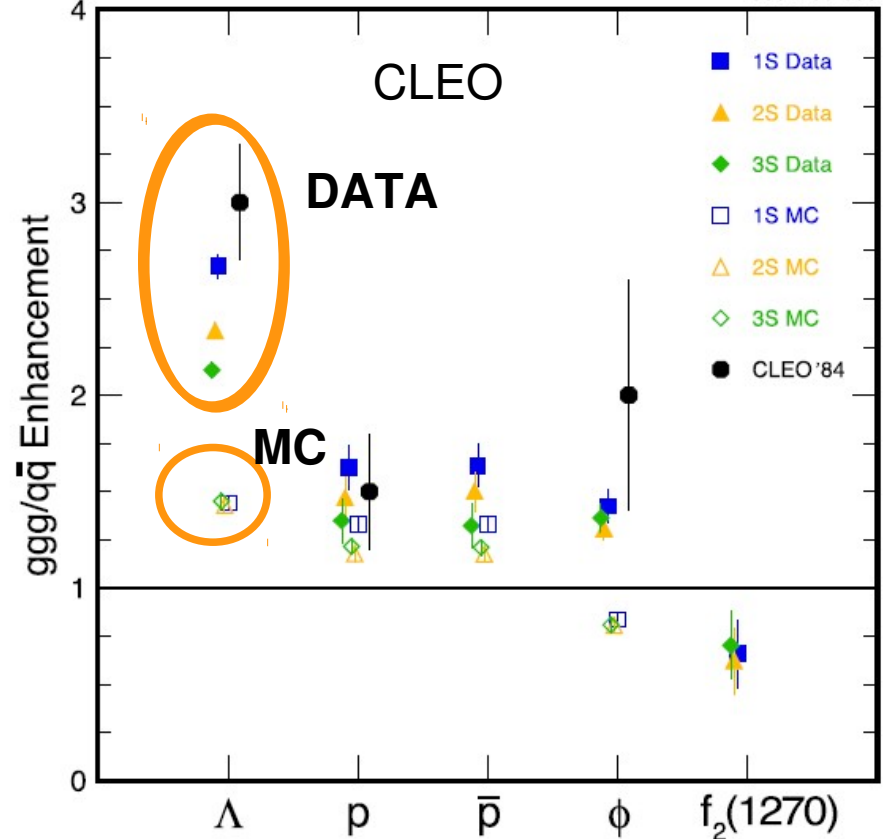
$$\frac{\sigma[e^+e^- \rightarrow Y(nS) \rightarrow \mathcal{B} + X]}{\sigma[e^+e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q} \rightarrow \mathcal{B} + X]}$$

$$\sigma[e^+e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q} \rightarrow \mathcal{B} + X]$$

Phys.Rev.D76, 012005

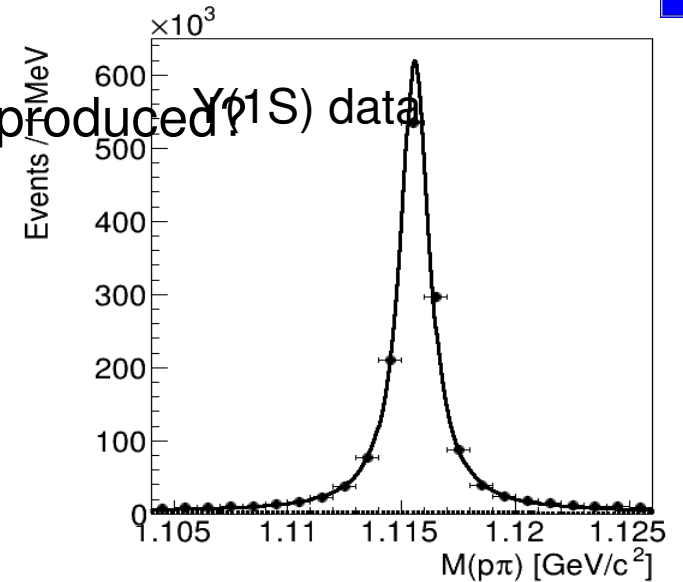
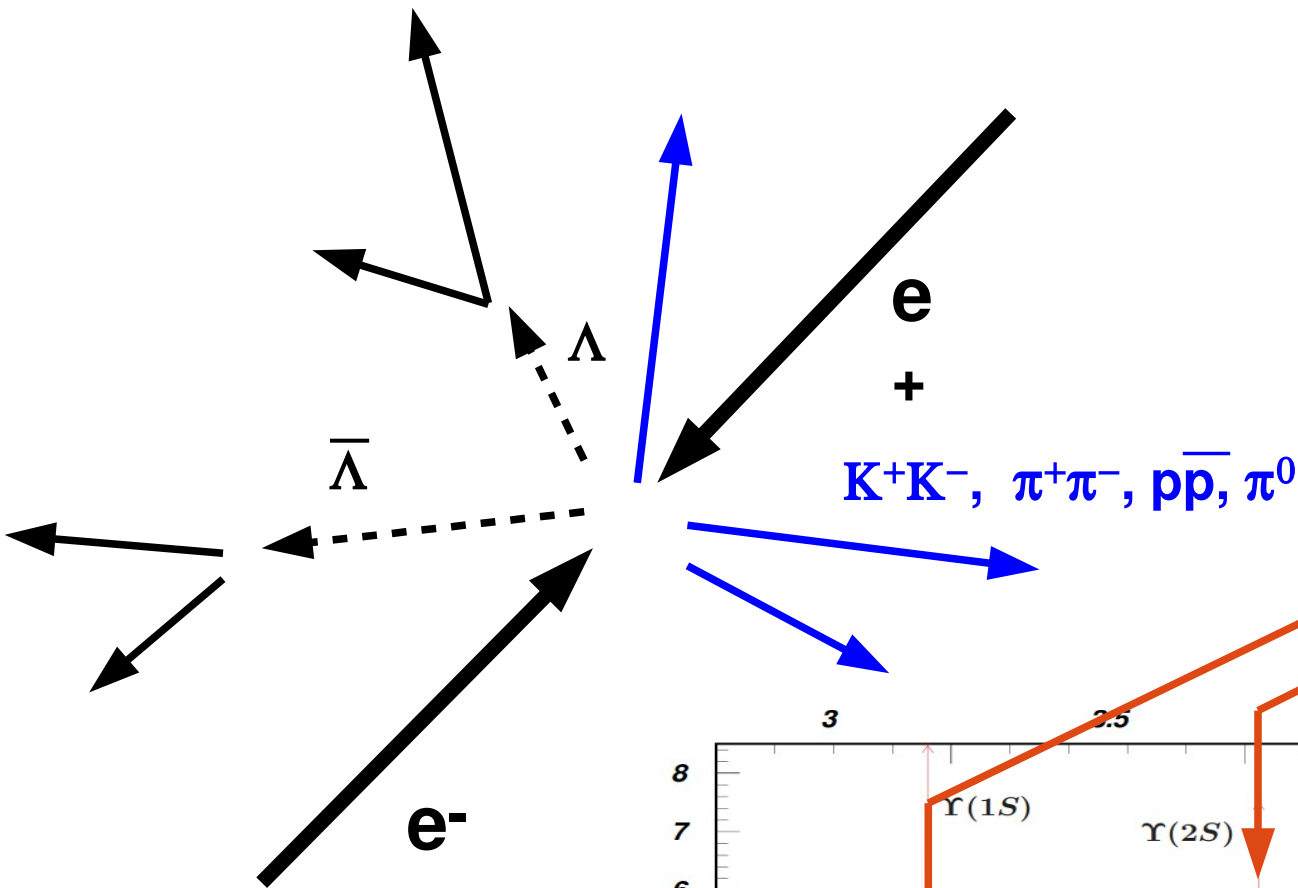


Phys.Rev.D76, 012005



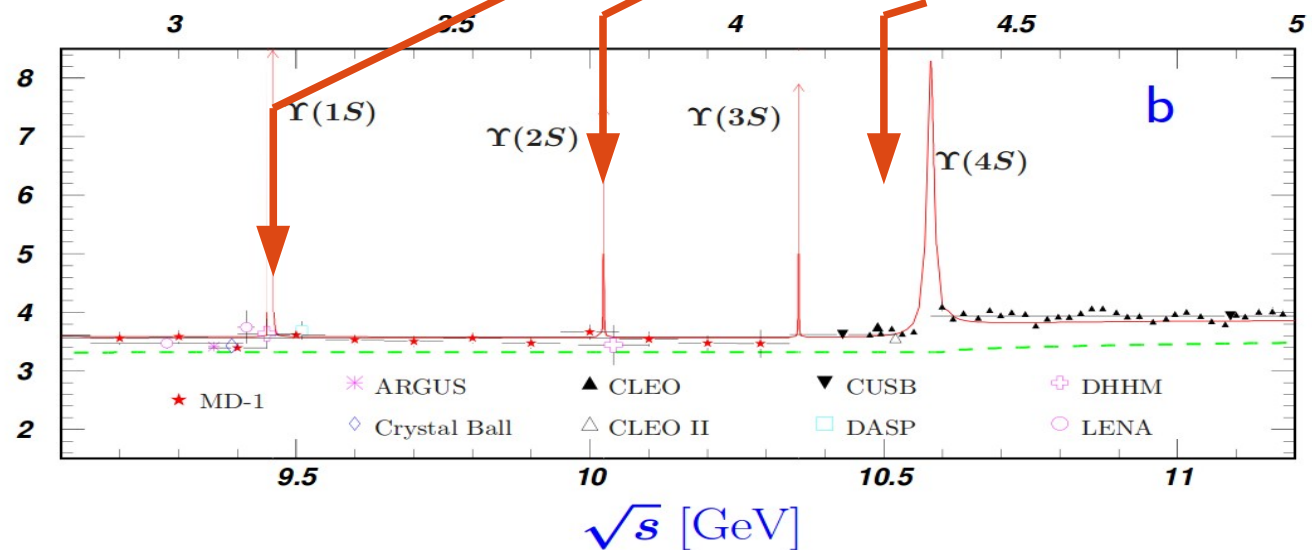
$Y(1,2S) \rightarrow \text{exclusive } \Lambda \bar{\Lambda} + X$

What is the environment in which these hyperons are produced?



Energies:

$Y(1S)$
 $Y(2S)$
 Continuum $q\bar{q}$



$Y(1,2S) \rightarrow \text{exclusive } \Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + X$



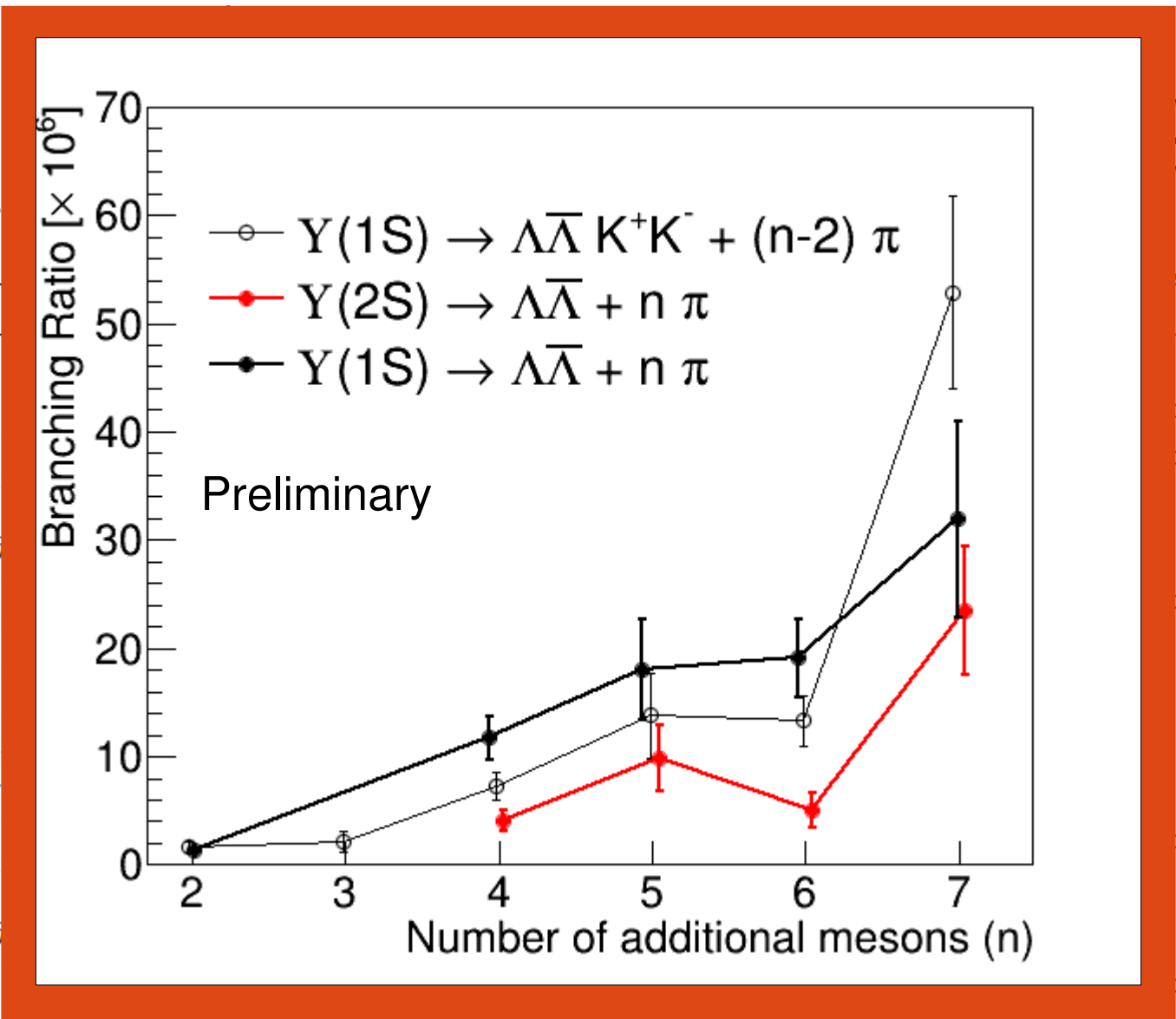
X = combination of K^+K^- , $\pi^+\pi^-$, $p\bar{p}$ and π^0

Max 9 bodies,

$$\sum_X BF[Y(1S) \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + X]$$

$$\sum_X BF[Y(2S) \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + X]$$

Channel
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + \pi^+\pi^-$
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + K^+K^-$
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + 2(\pi^+\pi^-)$
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + \pi^+\pi^-K^+K^-$
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + \pi^+\pi^-p\bar{p}$
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + 3(\pi^+\pi^-)$
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + 2(\pi^+\pi^-)K^+K^-$
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + 2(\pi^+\pi^-)p\bar{p}$
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + \pi^+\pi^-2(\pi^+\pi^-)$
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + \pi^+\pi^- \pi^0$
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + 2(\pi^+\pi^-)K^+K^- \pi^0$
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + 2(\pi^+\pi^-)p\bar{p} \pi^0$
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + 3(\pi^+\pi^-)K^+K^- \pi^0$
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + 2(\pi^+\pi^-)K^+K^- \pi^0 \pi^0$
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + 2(\pi^+\pi^-)p\bar{p} \pi^0$



$$\frac{|2S(0)|^2}{|1S(0)|^2} = 0.77$$

Q
0.53 ± 0.11
0.17 ± 0.06
0.14 ± 0.04
0.30 ± 0.08
0.14 ± 0.05
$0.97 \pm 0.39 \pm 0.12$

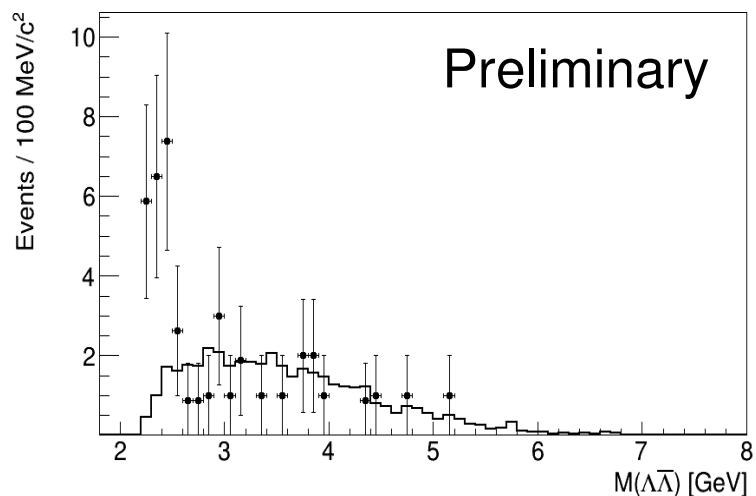
$Y(1,2S) \rightarrow \text{exclusive } \Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + X$



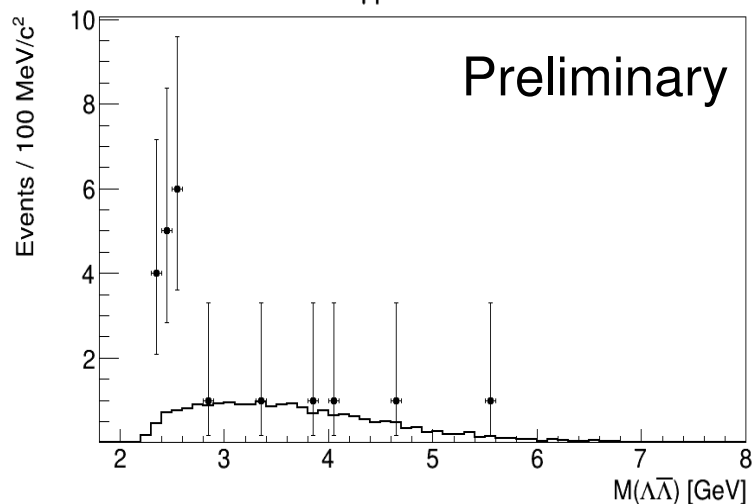
Dynamical interaction within the $\Lambda\bar{\Lambda}$ pair

→ Low threshold enhancement in $M(\mathcal{B}\bar{\mathcal{B}})$ is a common feature in B meson baryonic decays

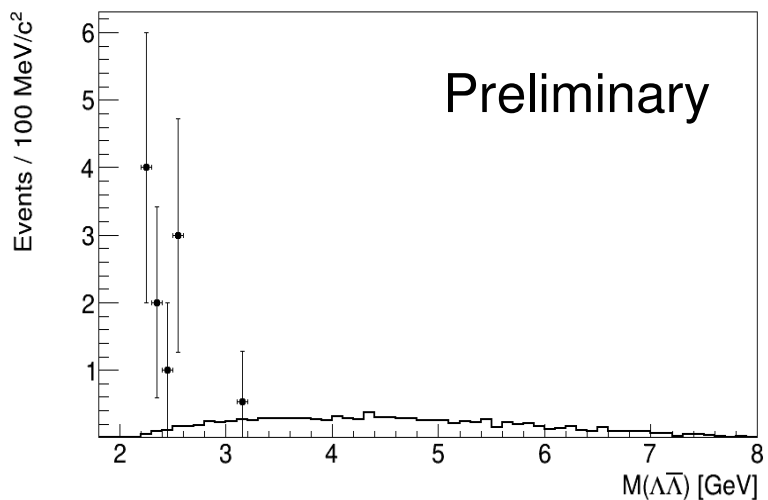
$Y(1S) \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{\Lambda}\pi^+\pi^-K^+K^-$



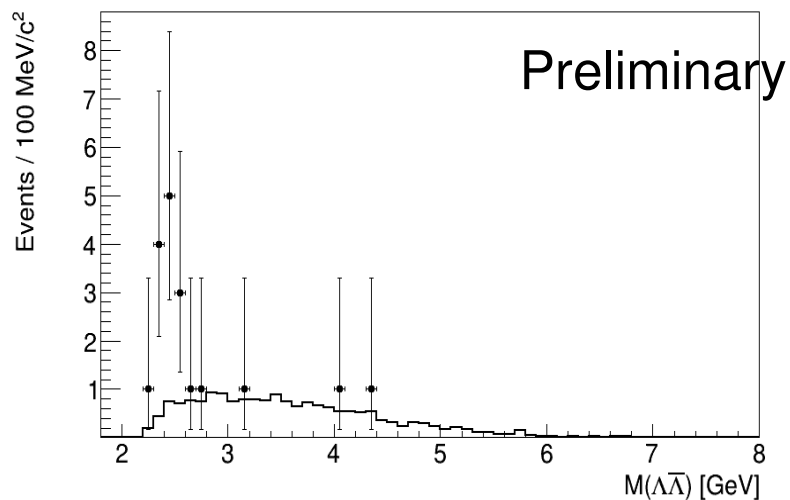
$e^+e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q} \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{\Lambda}\pi^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-$



$Y(2S) \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{\Lambda}K^+K^-$



$e^+e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q} \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{\Lambda}\pi^+\pi^-K^+K^-$



$\Upsilon(1,2S) \rightarrow \text{exclusive } \Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + X$



Preliminary

Dynamical interaction within the $\Lambda\bar{\Lambda}$ pair

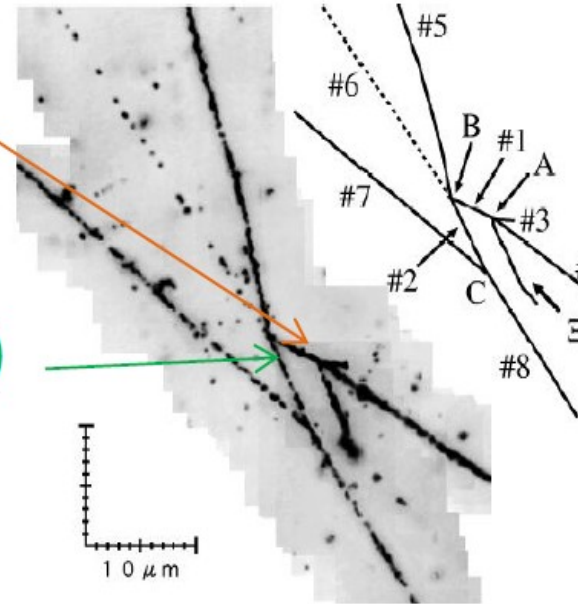
→ Low threshold enhancement in $M(\mathcal{B}\bar{\mathcal{B}})$ is a common feature in B meson baryonic decays

Significance of the deviation from phase space flat distribution

Final state X	$\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow X$	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow X$	$e^+e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q} \rightarrow X$
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + \pi^+\pi^-$	2.16		1.83
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + K^+K^-$	2.94	4.60	
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + 2(\pi^+\pi^-)$	2.96	3.07	4.23
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + \pi^+\pi^-K^+K^-$	4.61		6.08
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + \pi^+\pi^-p\bar{p}$	2.06		0.57
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + 3(\pi^+\pi^-)$	0.31	2.97	3.76
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + 2(\pi^+\pi^-)K^+K^-$	0.36		3.75
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + 2(\pi^+\pi^-)p\bar{p}$	<0.1		0.83
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + \pi^+\pi^-2(K^+K^-)$	0.50	0.29	
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$	1.95		2.36
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + K^+K^-\pi^0$			1.51
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + 2(\pi^+\pi^-)\pi^0$	<0.1	0.36	4.27
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + \pi^+\pi^-K^+K^-\pi^0$	<0.1		2.33
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + \pi^+\pi^-p\bar{p}\pi^0$	<0.1		
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + 3(\pi^+\pi^-)\pi^0$	1.38	0.25	2.10
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + 2(\pi^+\pi^-)K^+K^-\pi^0$	1.28	<0.1	1.28
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + 2(\pi^+\pi^-)p\bar{p}\pi^0$	<0.1		

The Nagara event

Ξ^- beam on emulsion target (Phys. Rev. Lett. 87, 212502)



Event	Nuclide	$B_{\Lambda\Lambda}$ (MeV)	$\Delta B_{\Lambda\Lambda}$ (MeV)
1963	${}^{10}_{\Lambda\Lambda}\text{Be}$	17.7 ± 0.4	4.3 ± 0.4
1966	${}^6_{\Lambda\Lambda}\text{He}$	10.9 ± 0.5	4.7 ± 1.0
1991	${}^{13}_{\Lambda\Lambda}\text{B}$	27.5 ± 0.7	4.8 ± 0.7
NAGARA	${}^6_{\Lambda\Lambda}\text{He}$	7.13 ± 0.87	1.0 ± 0.2
MIKAGE	${}^6_{\Lambda\Lambda}\text{He}$	10.06 ± 1.72	3.82 ± 1.72
DEMACHIYANAGI	${}^{10}_{\Lambda\Lambda}\text{Be}$	11.90 ± 0.13	-1.52 ± 0.15
HIDA	${}^{11}_{\Lambda\Lambda}\text{Be}$	20.49 ± 1.15	2.27 ± 1.23
	${}^{12}_{\Lambda\Lambda}\text{Be}$	22.23 ± 1.15	—
E176	${}^{13}_{\Lambda\Lambda}\text{Be}$	23.3 ± 0.7	0.6 ± 0.8

← $\Lambda\Lambda$ binding energy = 7 MeV
 $M(\text{H}) > 2223.7$ MeV (90% CL)
 $2M(\Lambda) = 2231.36$ MeV

$Y(1,2S) \rightarrow \text{exclusive } \Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + X$



Preliminary

X = combination of K^+K^- , $\pi^+\pi^-$, $p\bar{p}$ and π^0
 Max 9 bodies, Max one π^0 \rightarrow 48 channels

First observation of $Y(nS)$ exclusive decays with hyperons

$$\sum_X BF[Y(1S) \rightarrow X] \approx 2 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$\sum_X BF[Y(2S) \rightarrow X] \approx 0.7 \times 10^{-4}$$

BF ratio
 (th. Prediction = 0.77)

Channel	$B[\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow X] [\times 10^{-6}]$	$B[\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow X] [\times 10^{-6}]$	Q
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + \pi^+\pi^-$	$1.43 \pm 0.48 \pm 0.23$		
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + K^+K^-$	$1.29 \pm 0.51 \pm 0.20$	$1.27 \pm 0.47 \pm 0.20$	$0.98 \pm 0.53 \pm 0.11$
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + 2(\pi^+\pi^-)$	$6.99 \pm 1.28 \pm 1.11$	$3.81 \pm 0.97 \pm 0.61$	$0.55 \pm 0.17 \pm 0.06$
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + \pi^+\pi^-K^+K^-$	$11.83 \pm 2.01 \pm 1.87$		
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + \pi^+\pi^-p\bar{p}$	$2.99 \pm 0.86 \pm 0.47$		
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + 3(\pi^+\pi^-)$	$13.14 \pm 2.36 \pm 2.10$	$4.72 \pm 1.64 \pm 0.75$	$0.36 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.04$
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + 2(\pi^+\pi^-)K^+K^-$	$18.99 \pm 3.60 \pm 3.04$		
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + 2(\pi^+\pi^-)p\bar{p}$	$6.03 \pm 1.67 \pm 0.96$		
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + \pi^+\pi^-2(K^+K^-)$		$2.93 \pm 1.49 \pm 0.47$	
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + \pi^+\pi^- \pi^0$	$2.00 \pm 0.97 \pm 0.34$		
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + 2(\pi^+\pi^-) \pi^0$	$13.86 \pm 3.96 \pm 2.35$	$9.76 \pm 3.06 \pm 1.66$	$0.70 \pm 0.30 \pm 0.08$
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + \pi^+\pi^-K^+K^- \pi^0$	$18.26 \pm 4.68 \pm 3.11$		
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + \pi^+\pi^-p\bar{p} \pi^0$	$5.85 \pm 2.35 \pm 0.99$		
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + 3(\pi^+\pi^-) \pi^0$	$52.83 \pm 8.93 \pm 9.07$	$23.35 \pm 5.97 \pm 4.02$	$0.44 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.05$
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + 2(\pi^+\pi^-)K^+K^- \pi^0$	$31.78 \pm 9.35 \pm 5.54$	$30.70 \pm 8.60 \pm 5.36$	$0.97 \pm 0.39 \pm 0.12$
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + 2(\pi^+\pi^-)p\bar{p} \pi^0$	$15.95 \pm 5.81 \pm 2.76$		