



# $\Upsilon$ measurements in CMS

*in pp, pPb, PbPb collisions*

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*ERC grant "QuarkGluonPlasmaCMS"*

*Hot Quarks 2014  
Las Negras - Spain*





# *Introductory remarks*

Quarkonia : probes of the QGP medium formation in AA collisions.  
Y suppression seen in AA at LHC and RHIC,  
some modification in pA collisions as well.

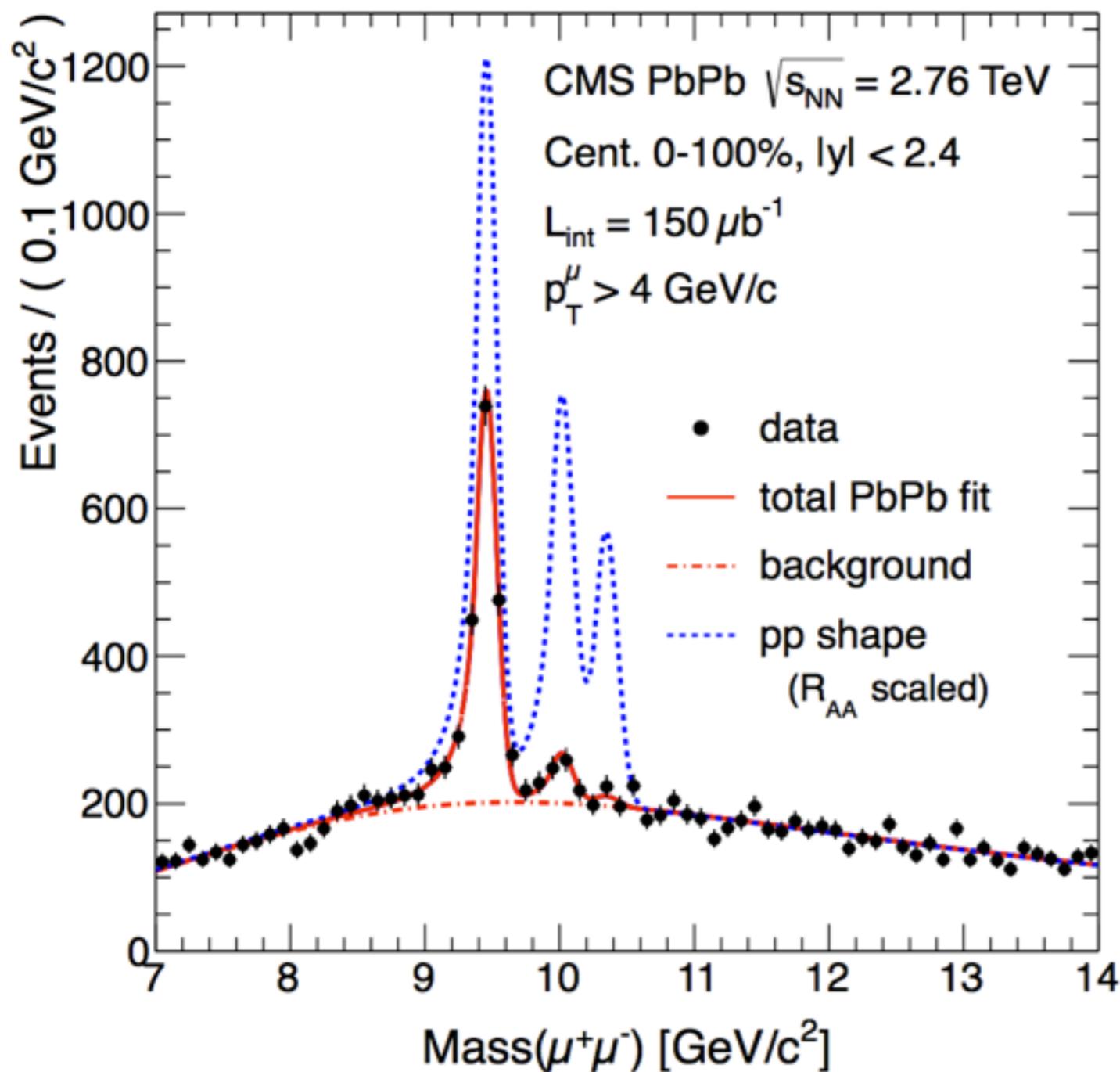
Today, two topics:

- Suppression/Modification/Melting of Y in HI collisions
- Production mechanisms in pp, and in pPb ?

Goal: Look for ‘cold-nuclear matter effects’, with a precise reference (pp)!



PRL 109 (2012) 222301 : Observation of sequential suppression of  $\Upsilon$  in PbPb in CMS



This plot: simultaneous fit pp/AA

Here, the data are scaled to the  $R_{AA}$  values

$$\begin{aligned}
 R_{AA}(\Upsilon(1S)) &= 0.56 \pm 0.08(\text{stat}) \pm 0.07(\text{syst}), \\
 R_{AA}(\Upsilon(2S)) &= 0.12 \pm 0.04(\text{stat}) \pm 0.02(\text{syst}), \\
 R_{AA}(\Upsilon(3S)) &= 0.03 \pm 0.04(\text{stat}) \pm 0.01(\text{syst}) \\
 &< 0.10(95\%CL).
 \end{aligned}$$

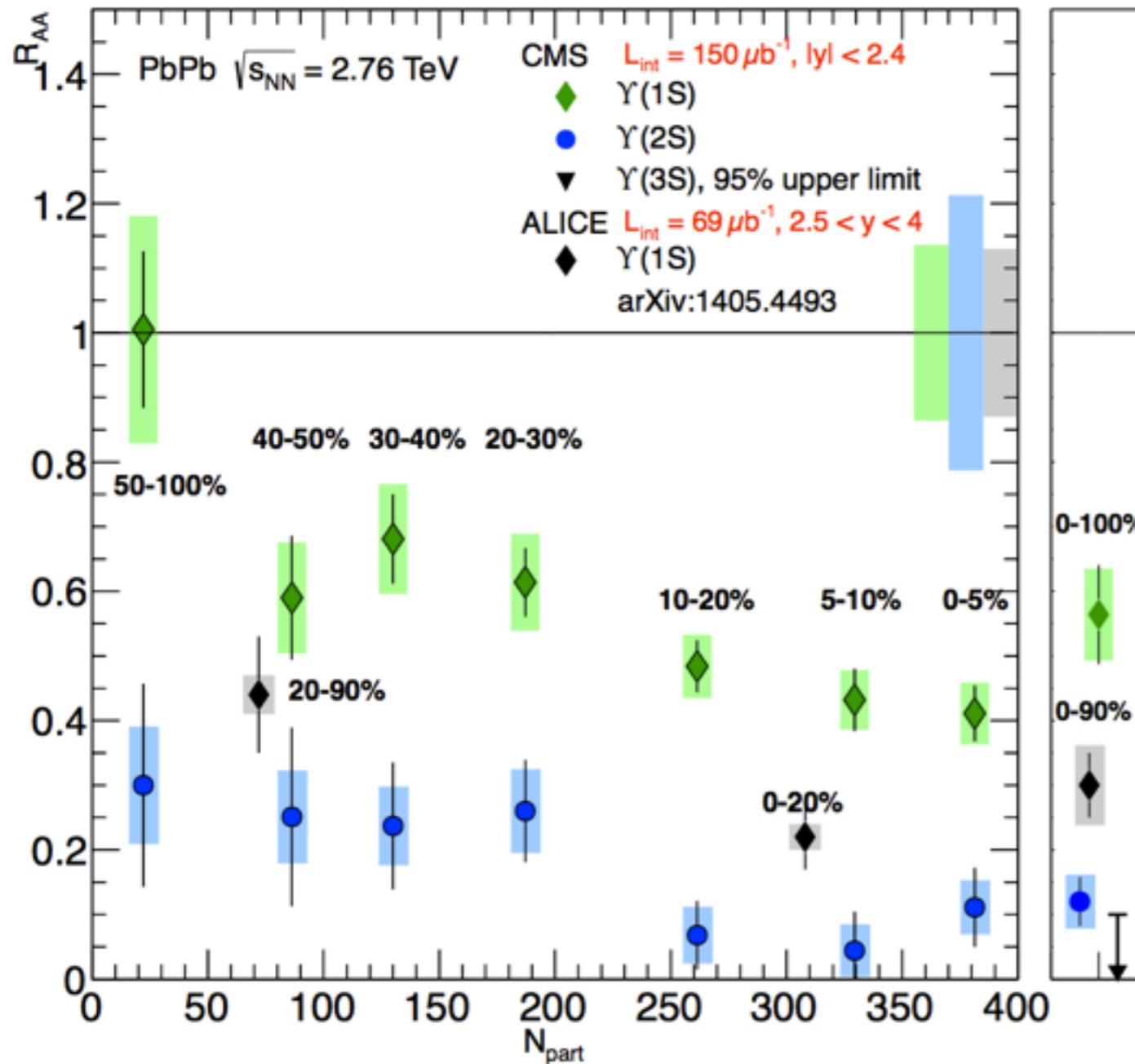
2S,3S are suppressed with respect to 1S  
 significance  $> 5 \sigma$ .

1S yield =  $0.56 * \text{pp}$   
 $\rightarrow$  consistent with feed-down estimates  
 (measured by CDF, different phase space)



# $\Upsilon$ in PbPb

PRL 109 (2012) 222301 : Observation of sequential suppression of  $\Upsilon$  in PbPb in CMS



$$R_{AA} = \frac{\mathcal{L}_{pp}}{T_{AA} N_{MB}} \frac{Y(nS)|_{PbPb}}{Y(nS)|_{pp}} \frac{\epsilon_{pp}}{\epsilon_{PbPb}}$$

Integrated values in the panel to the right

In the most central (< 5%) events:

$$R_{AA}(1S) = 0.41 \pm 0.04 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.07 \text{ (syst.)}$$

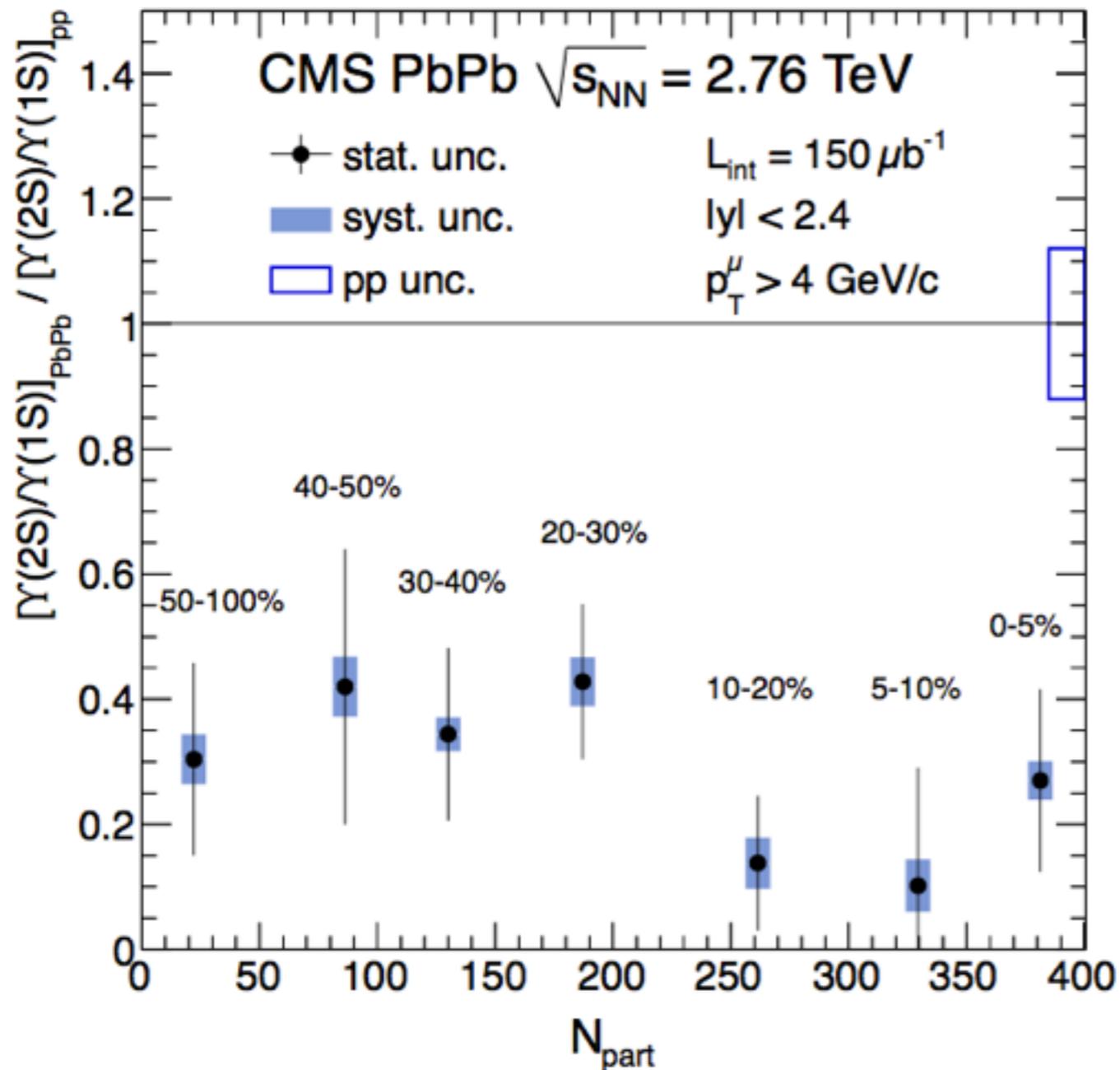
nPDF modifications, energy loss, shadowing should affect all states equivalently,

Looking at double ratios, initial state effects should cancel



# $\Upsilon$ in PbPb

PRL 109 (2012) 222301 : Observation of sequential suppression of  $\Upsilon$  in PbPb in CMS



Effects at the  $b\bar{b}$  stage should cancel here

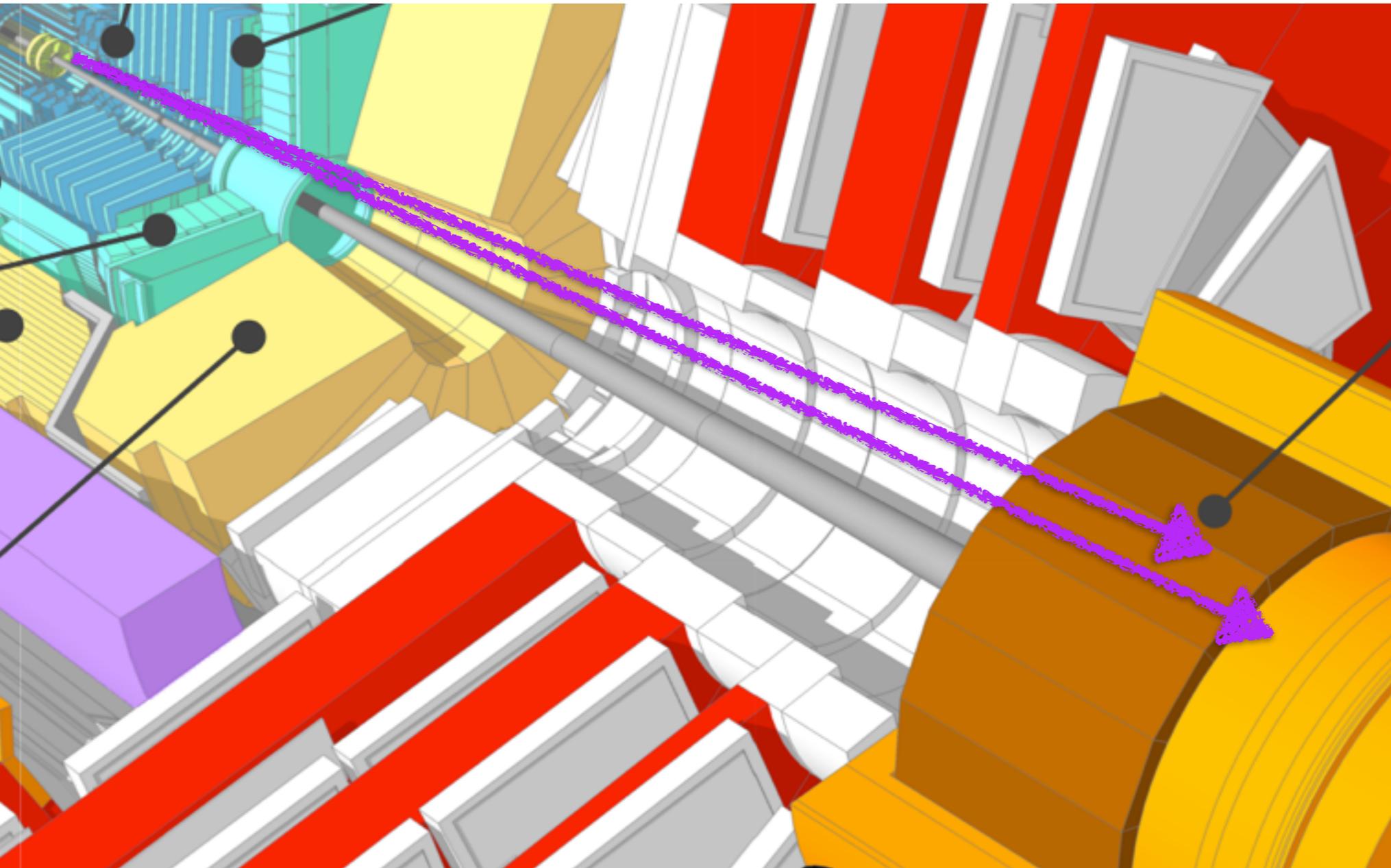
The 2S/1S double ratio reported shows **strong suppression of the 2S** compared to the 1S

Little is known of the **production of associated particles with  $\Upsilon$**

**Calls for event-activity measurements**

# Event activity in $pPb$

## 1. Transverse energy deposit in 'hadron forward' calorimeters



'HF $\pm$ ' calorimeters:

Steel absorbers with embedded quartz fibres:

Čerenkov light from particles in quartz collected at PMTs downstream

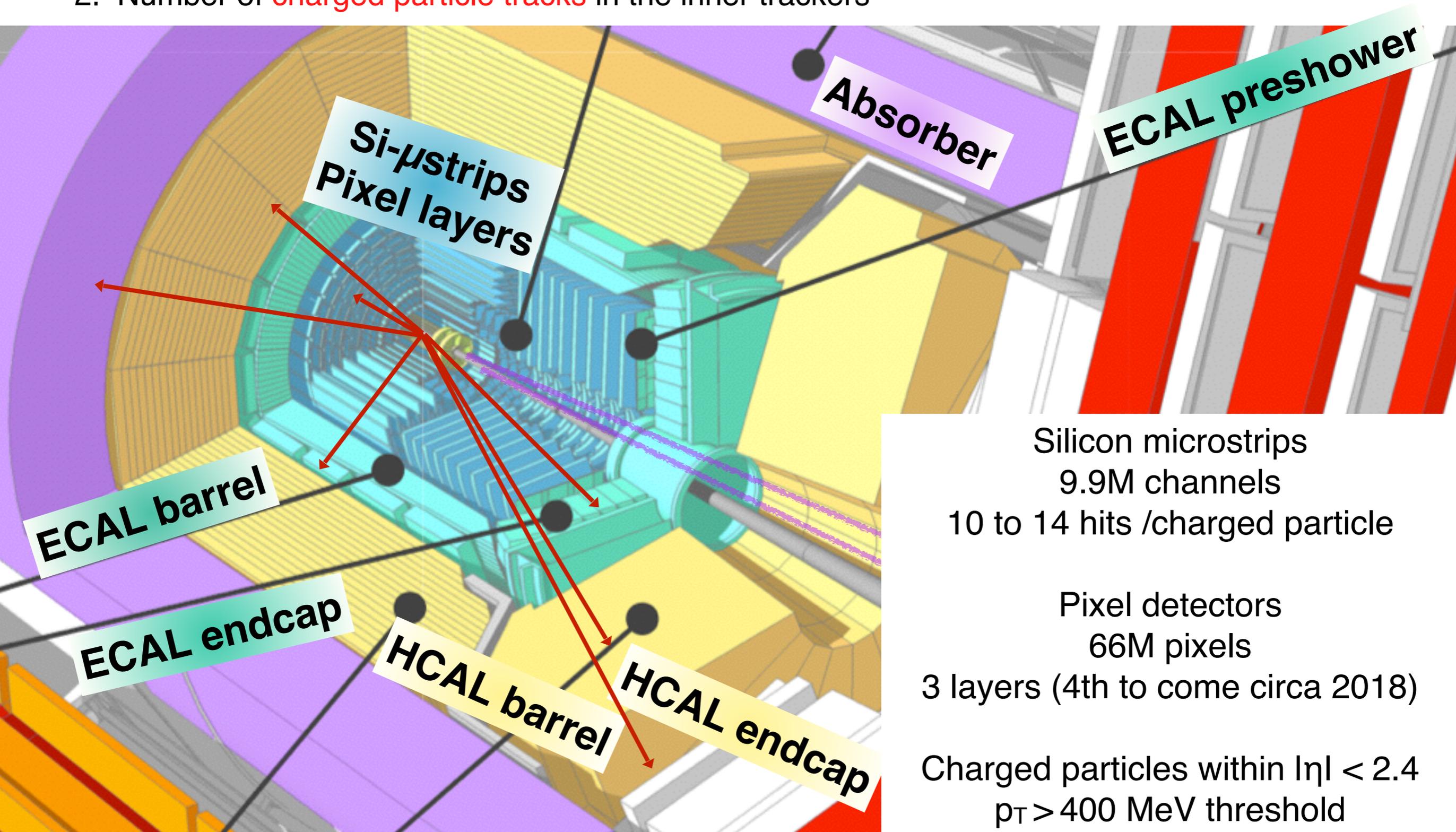
Used for:  
jet tagging (e.g. VBF  $H^0$ )  
Mueller-Navelet jets  
Centrality measurements

- $E_T^{HF}$  provides an event activity estimation
- Rapidity gap with respect to the  $Y$

$$4 < \ln|\eta| < 5.2$$

# Event activity in pPb

2. Number of **charged particle tracks** in the inner trackers



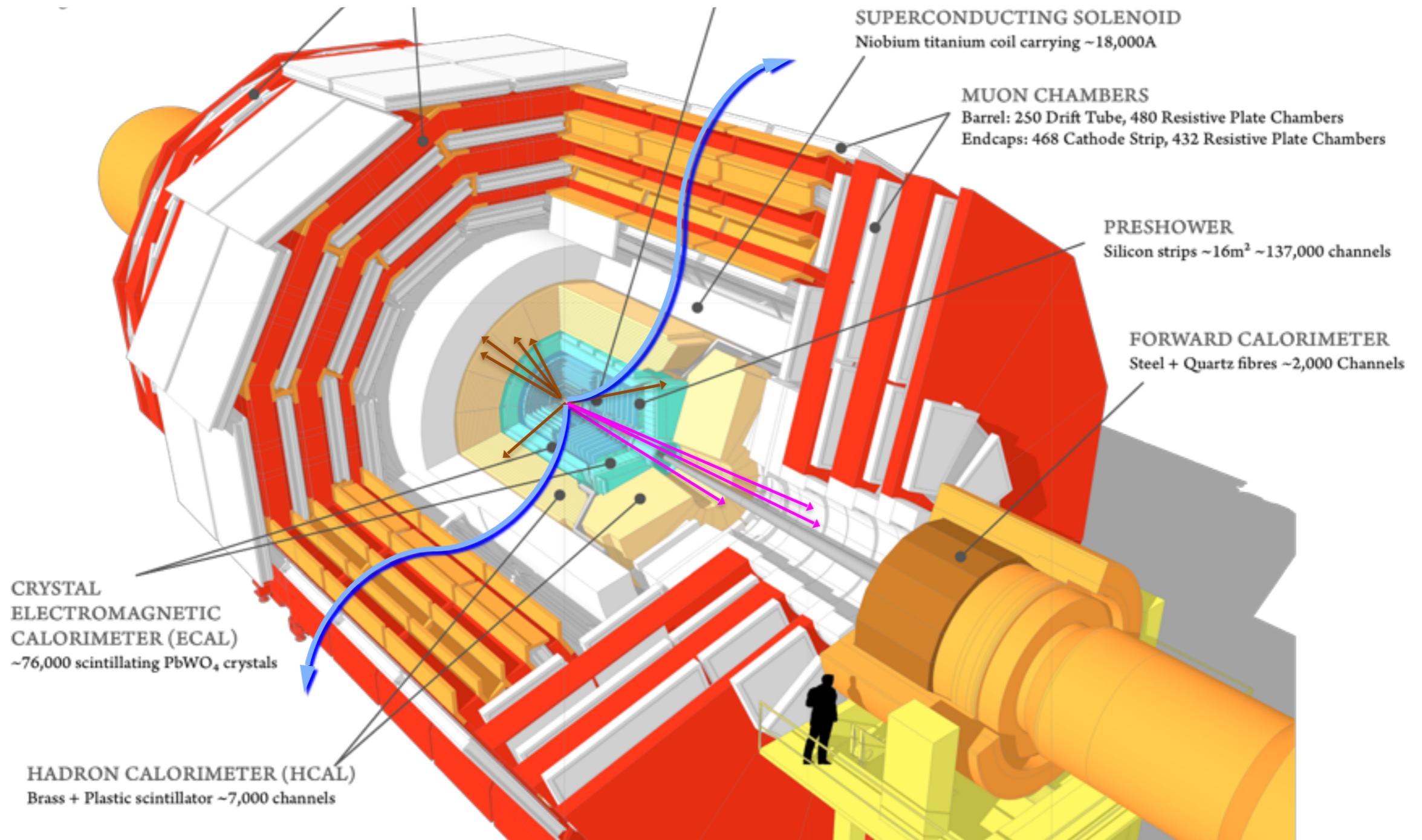
Silicon microstrips  
 9.9M channels  
 10 to 14 hits /charged particle

Pixel detectors  
 66M pixels  
 3 layers (4th to come circa 2018)

Charged particles within  $|\eta| < 2.4$   
 $p_T > 400$  MeV threshold

# and here comes an Upsilon

3. **Muon tracks** that have at least one valid hit in the muon chambers  
 $|\eta_{\text{CML}}| < 1.93$   $p_{\text{T}} > 4 \text{ GeV}/c$

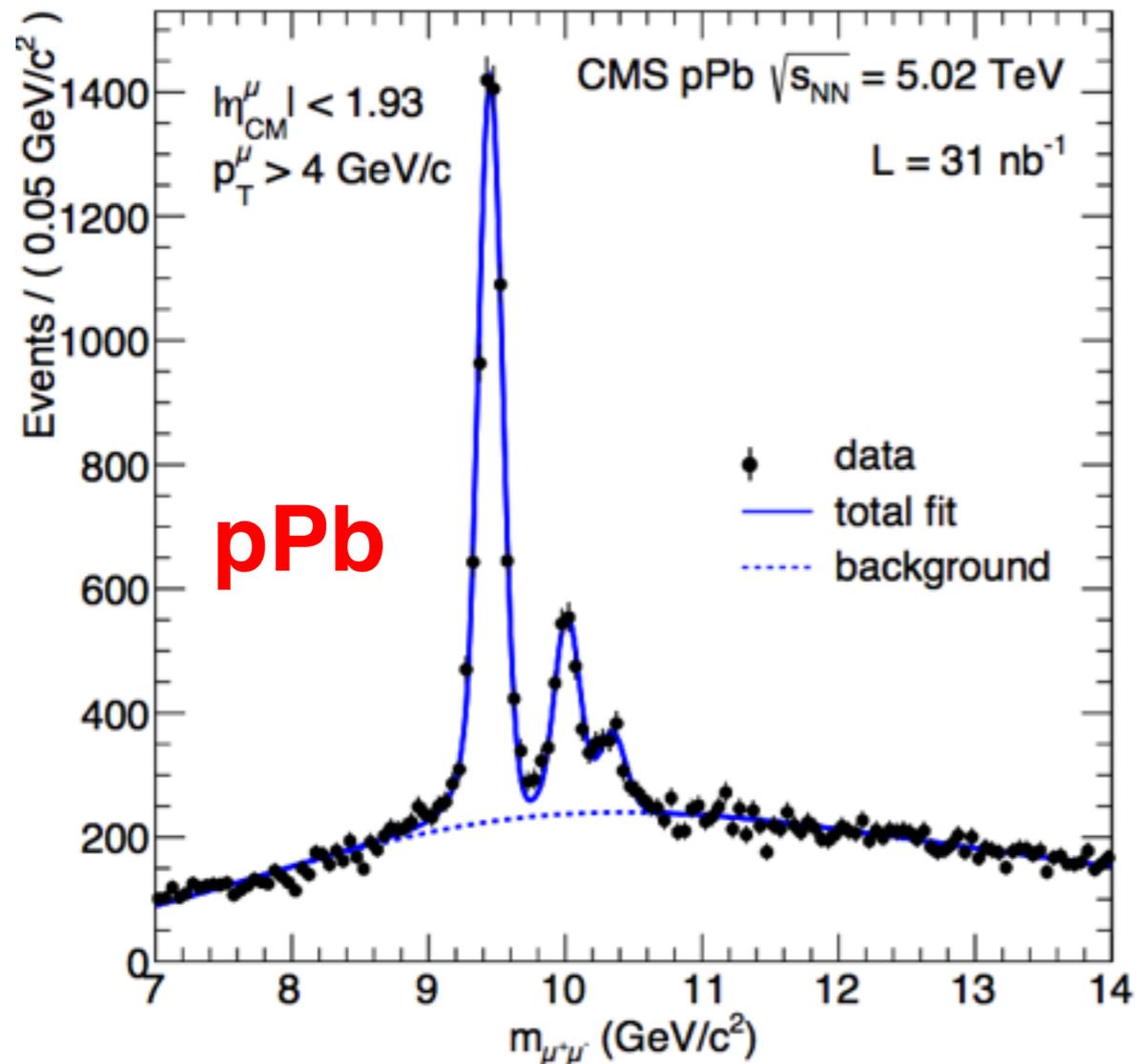




# $\Upsilon$ in pPb

JHEP 04 (2014) 103 - Event activity dependence of  $\Upsilon(nS)$  production in  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.02$  TeV pPb and  $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$  TeV pp

Method: Fit to  $\Upsilon(1S,2S,3S)$  data to extract the **yield ratios  $\Upsilon(nS)/\Upsilon(1S)$**



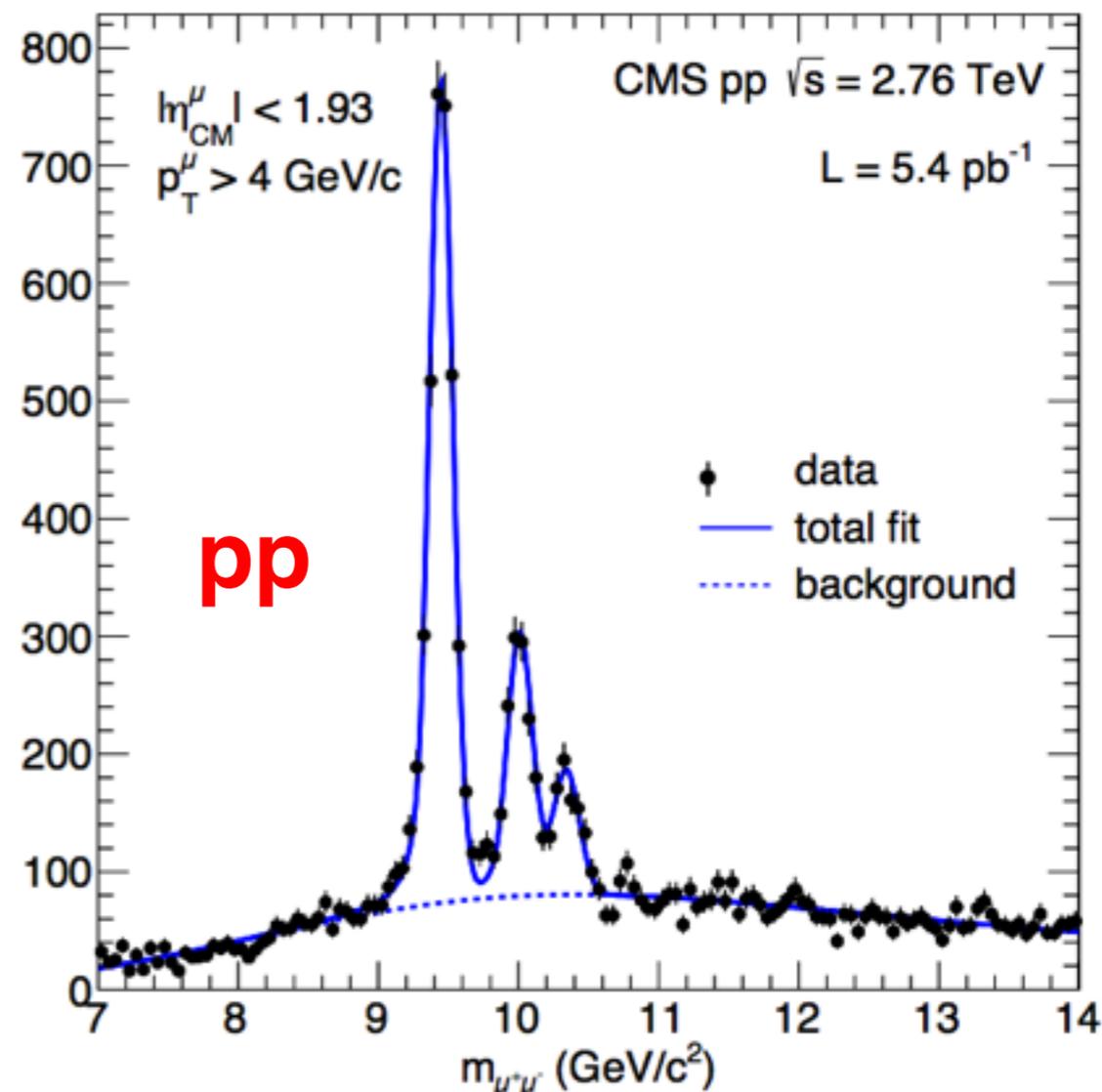
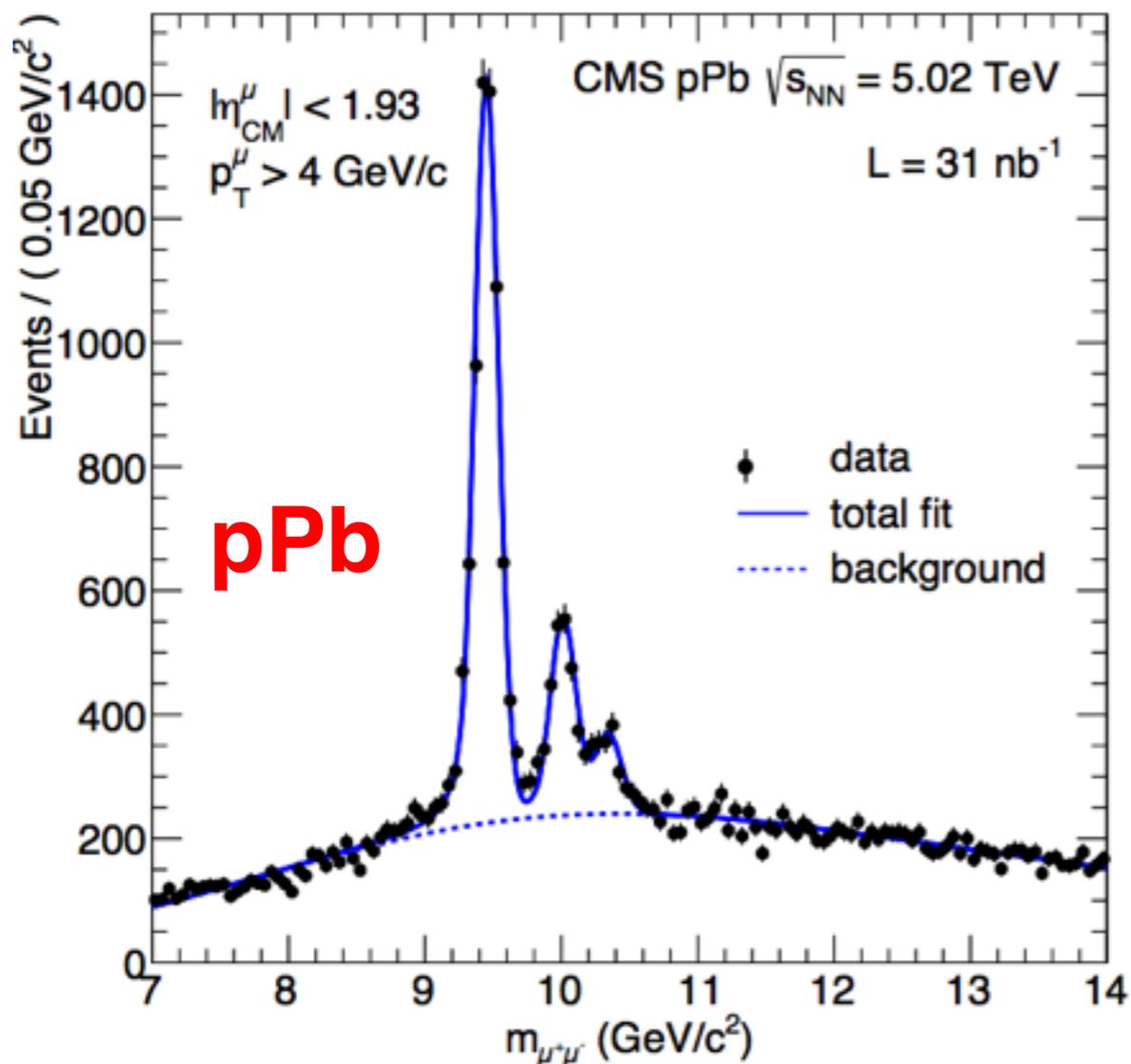


# $\Upsilon$ in pp and pPb

JHEP 04 (2014) 103

Method: Fit to  $Y(1S,2S,3S)$  data to extract the **yield ratios  $Y(nS)/Y(1S)$**

compare with pp ratios  $Y(nS)/Y(1S)$

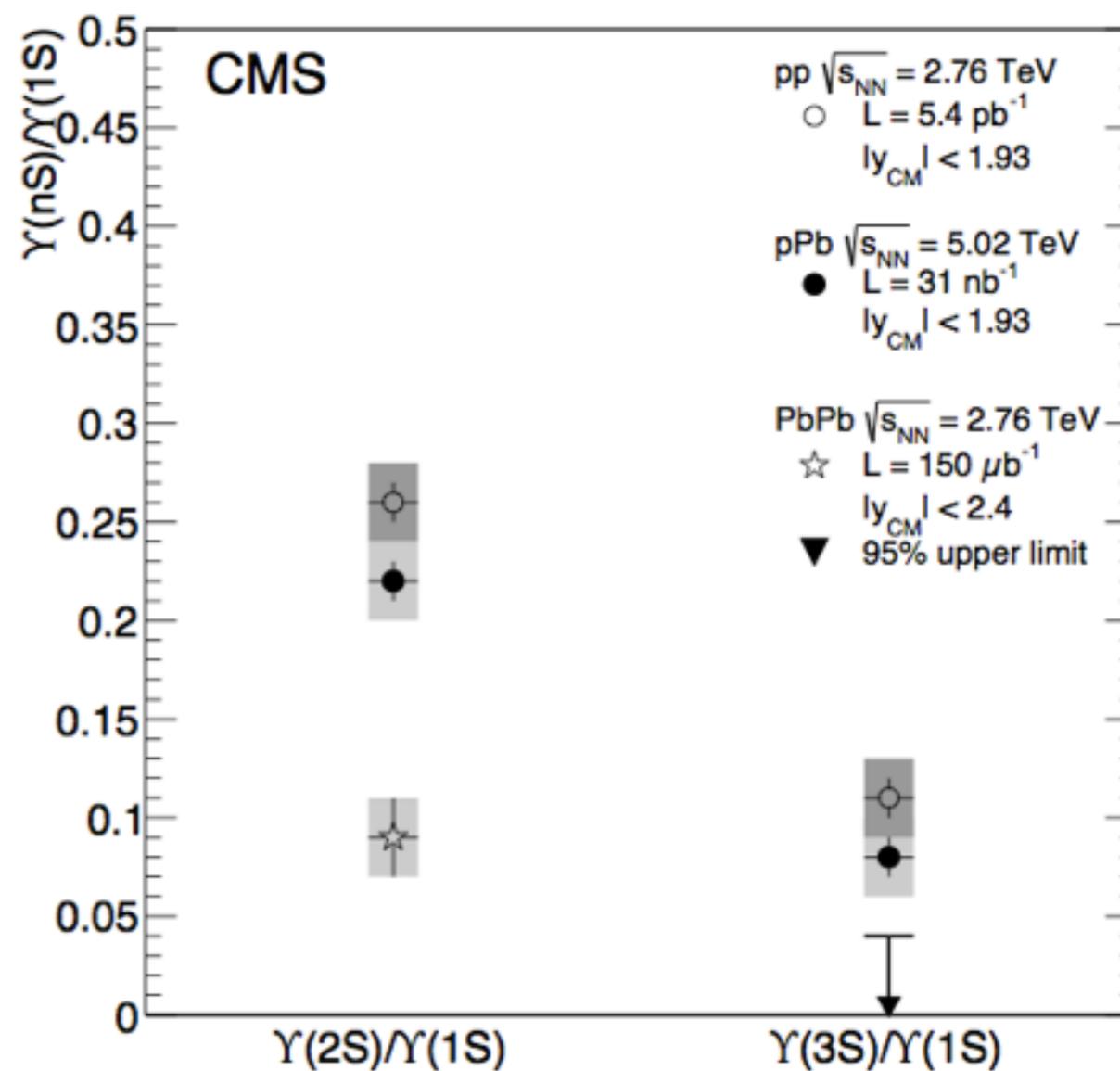




# $\Upsilon(nS)$ ratios in pp, pPb and PbPb

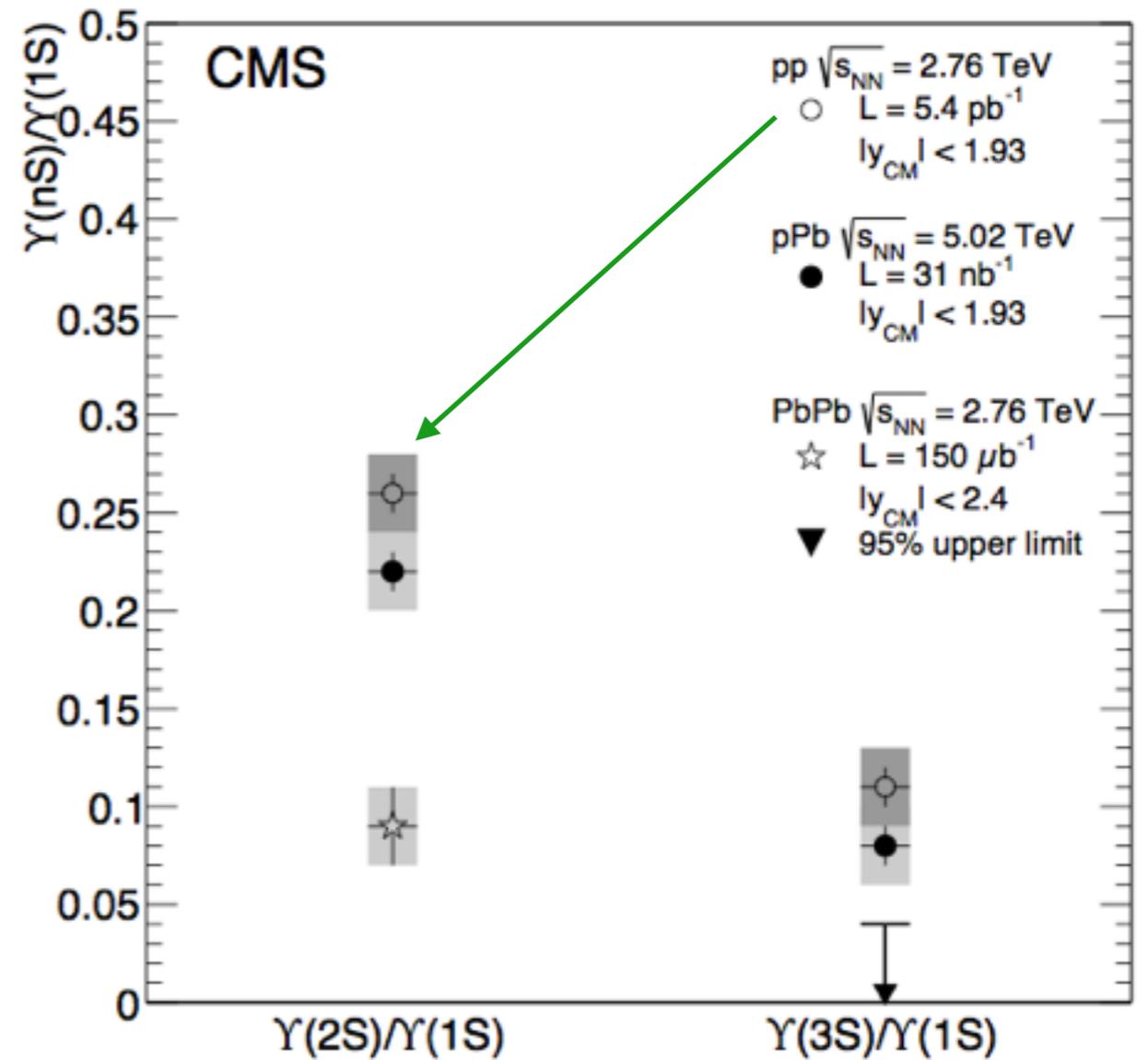
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nS/1S ratio comparisons:



## 2S/1S ratio comparisons:

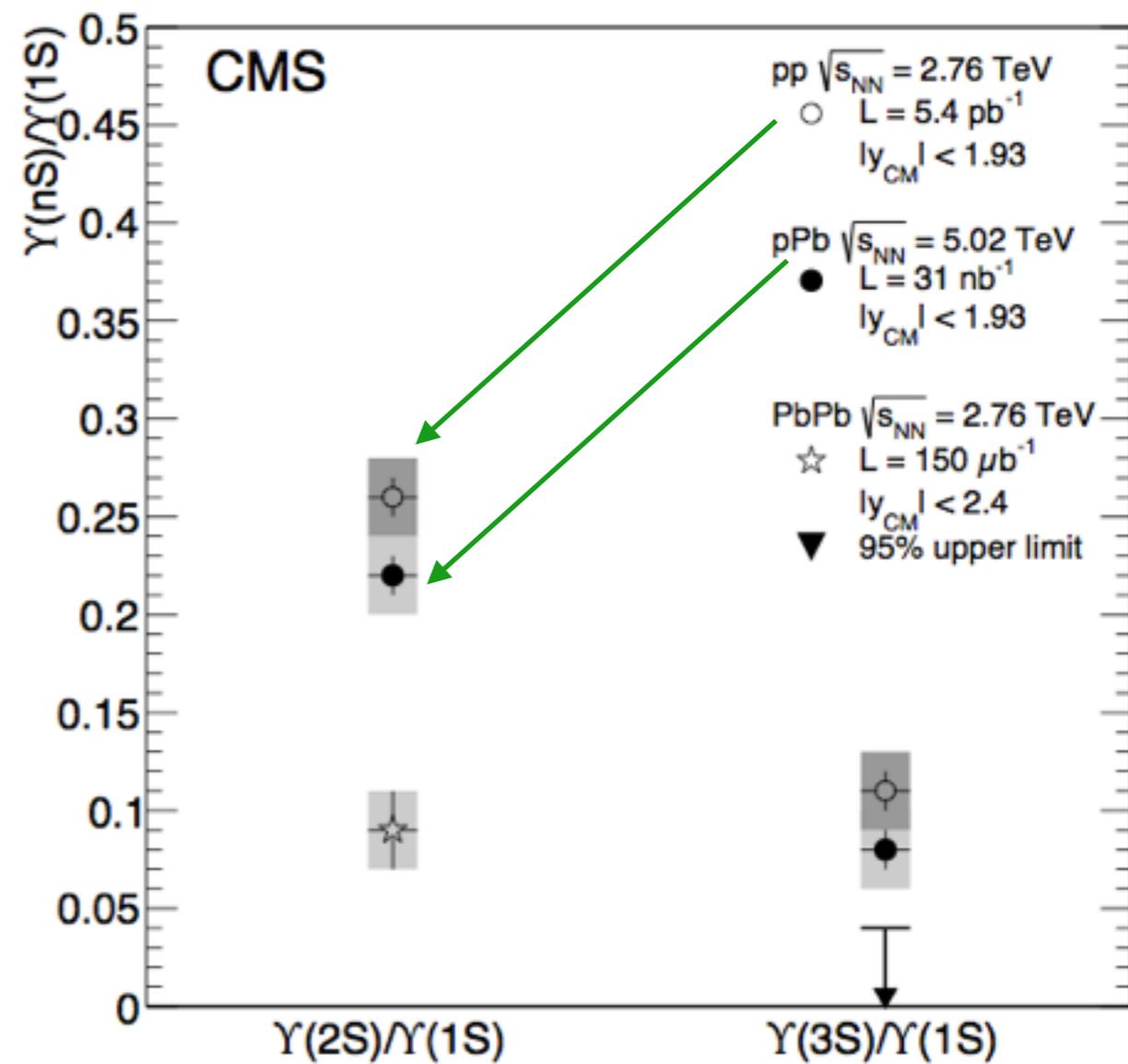
pp:  $Y(2S)/Y(1S) = 0.26 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.02$



## 2S/1S ratio comparisons:

pp:  $Y(2S)/Y(1S) = 0.26 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.02$

pPb:  $Y(2S)/Y(1S) = 0.22 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.02$



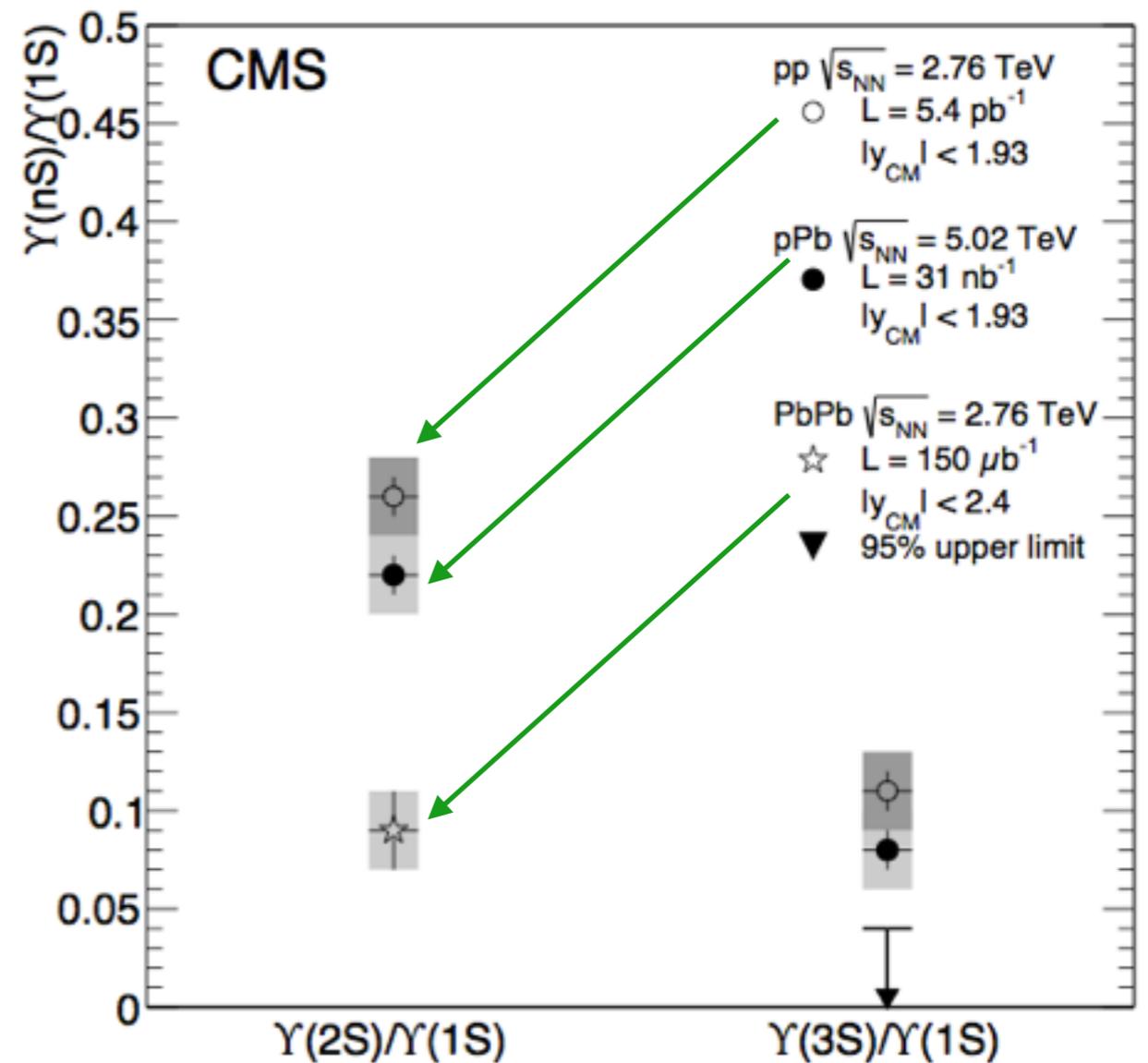
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pPb:  $Y(2S)/Y(1S) = 0.22 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.01$

PbPb:  $Y(2S)/Y(1S) = 0.09 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.02$

→ Can compute **double ratios**  
 (equivalent to ratio of  $R_{pA}$  or  $R_{AA}$ )  
 (Same procedure can be applied to  $Y(3S)$ )



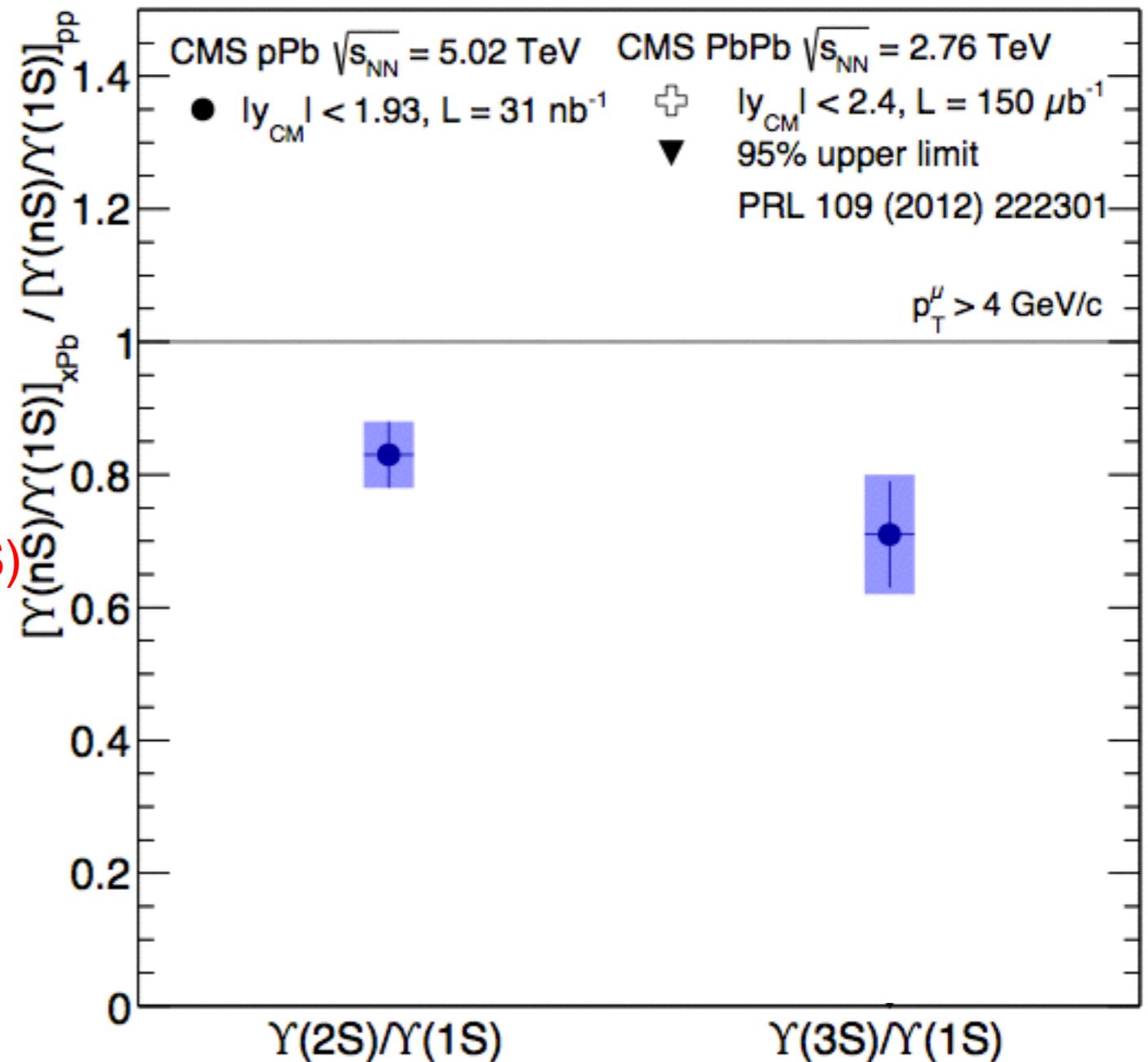
X: **Double ratios** pPb/pp

$$X_2 = 0.83 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.05$$

$$X_3 = 0.71 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.09$$

Excited states more affected than  $\Upsilon(1S)$   
 Suggesting presence of final-state  
 suppression in pPb vs. pp

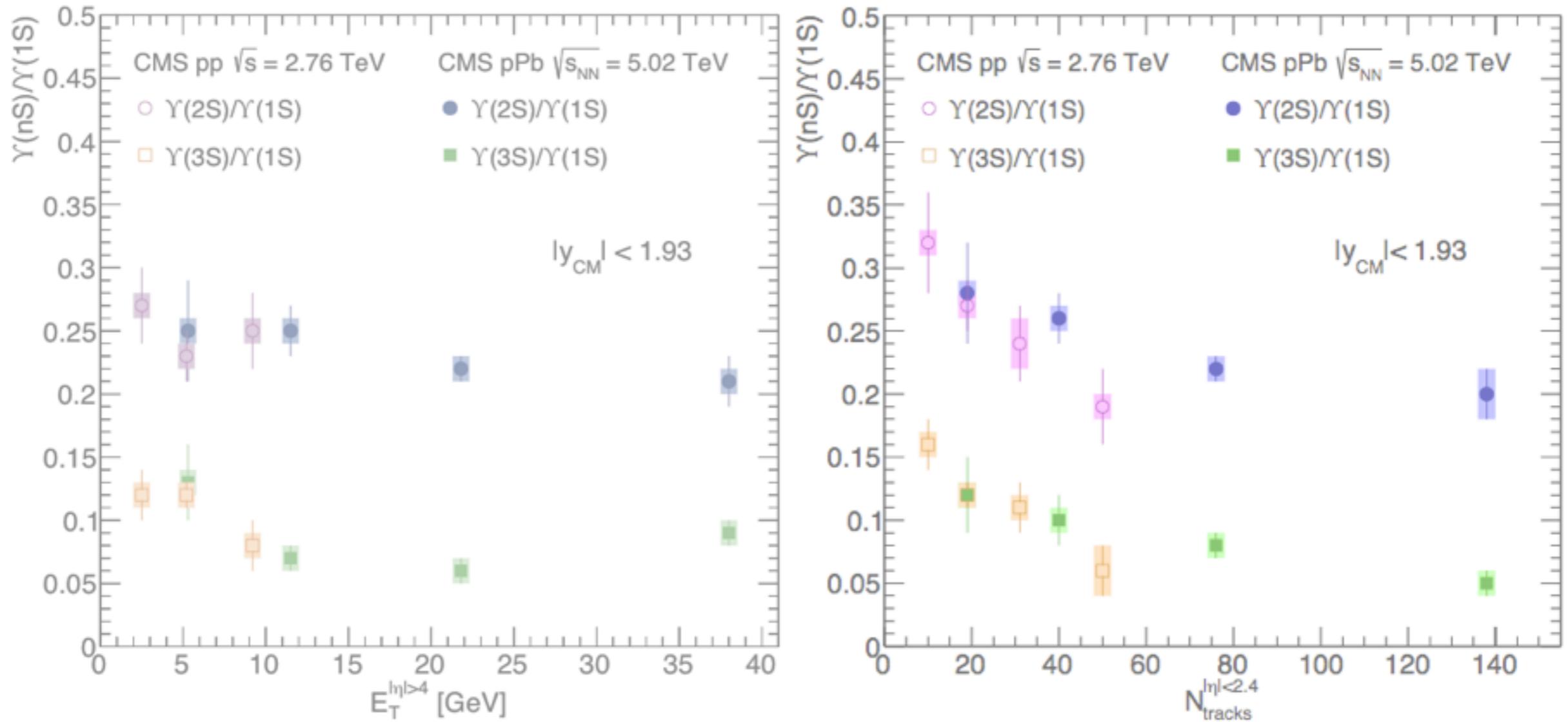
‘Event-activity integrated’:  
 can split the data in bins of  
 $N_{\text{trk}}^{|\eta| < 2.4}$  and  $E_T^{|\eta| > 4}$





# Single ratios vs. event activity

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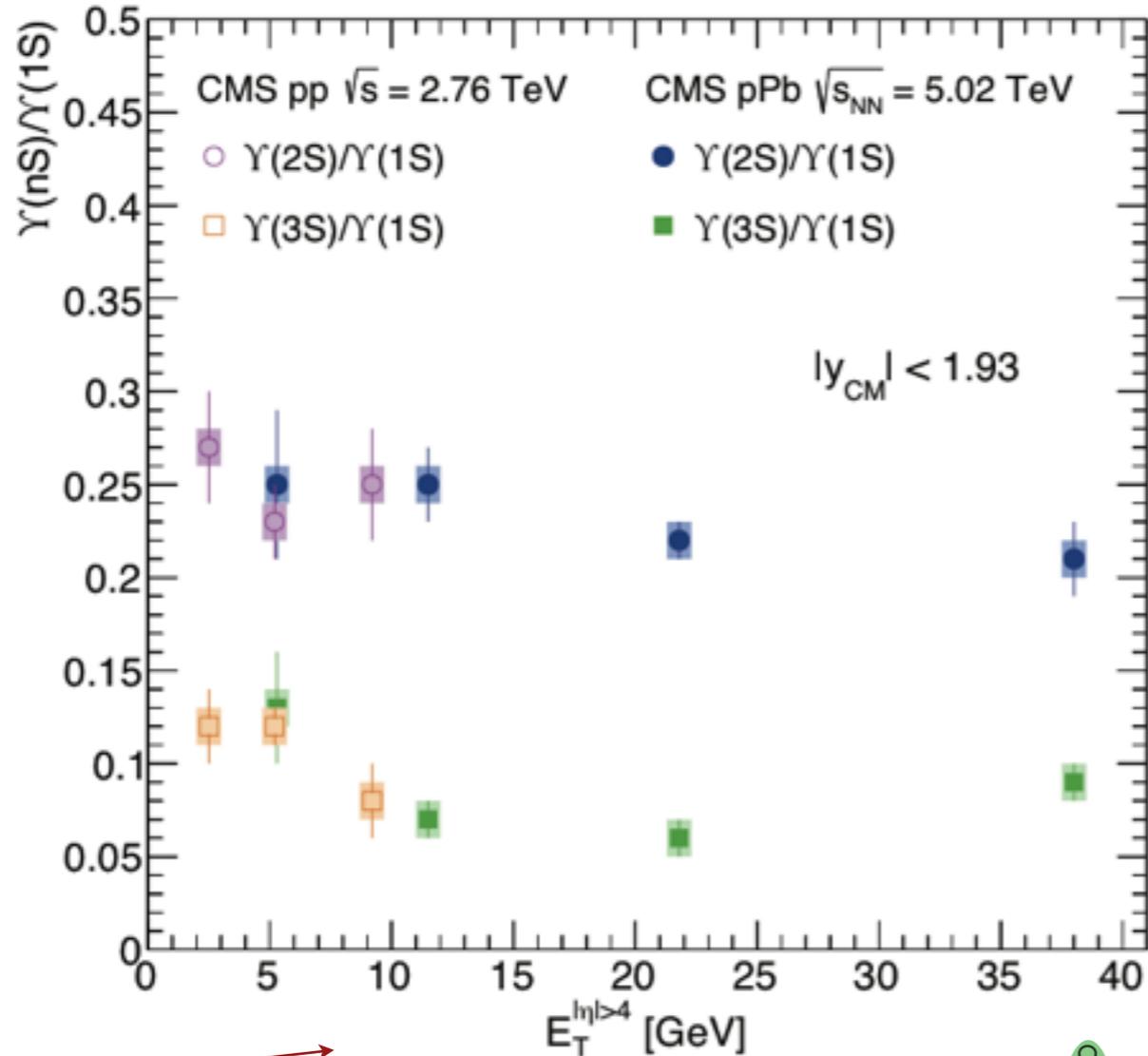




# Single ratios vs. forward energy

JHEP 04 (2014) 103

**Single ratios  $Y(nS)/Y(1S)$  for pp, pPb systems w.r.t forward transverse energy deposit**

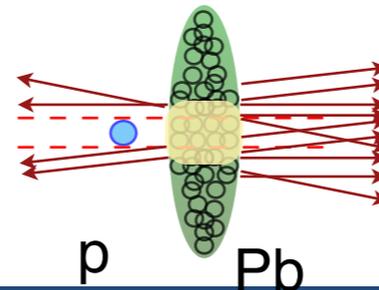
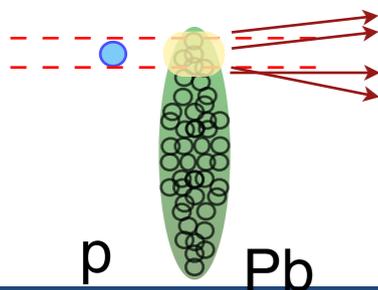


No clear variation of the with  $E_T^{ln|<4}$

Marginal overlap with the PbPb dataset (see below)

coll.	pp	pPb	PbPb (50-100%)
$\langle E$	3.5	15	77

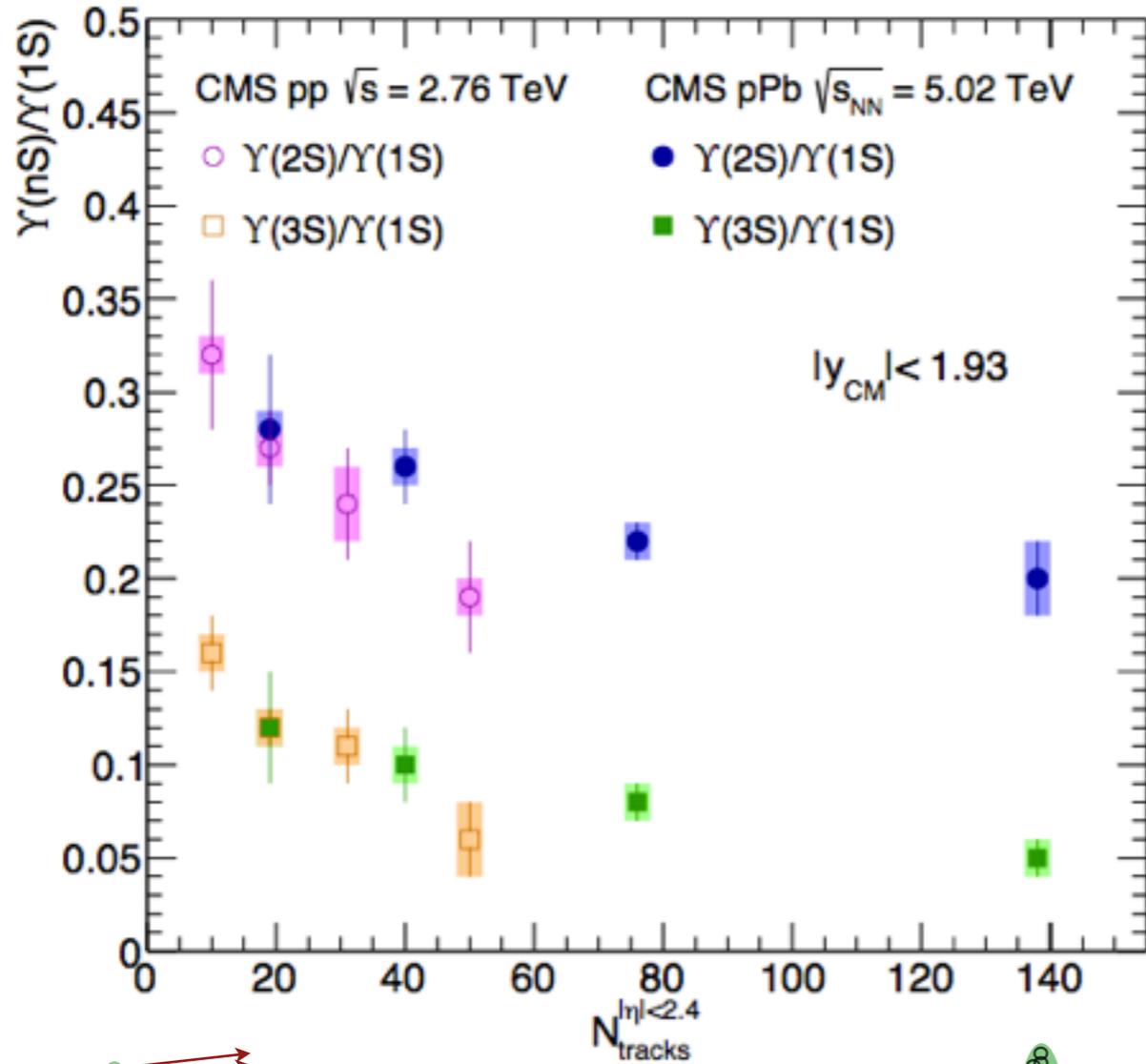
-> Need more peripheral PbPb data !



# Single ratios vs. multiplicity

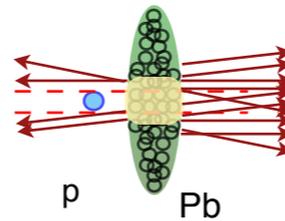
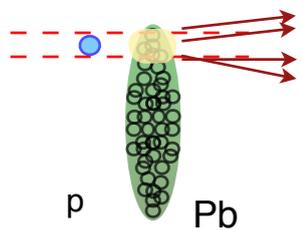
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**Single ratios  $Y(nS)/Y(1S)$  for pp, pPb systems w.r.t charged particle multiplicity**



Sensible variation of **ratios** with  $N_{\text{trk}}^{|\eta|<2.4}$  (unexpected) steeper slope in pp ratios

coll.	pp	pPb	PbPb (50-100%)
<	10	41	278

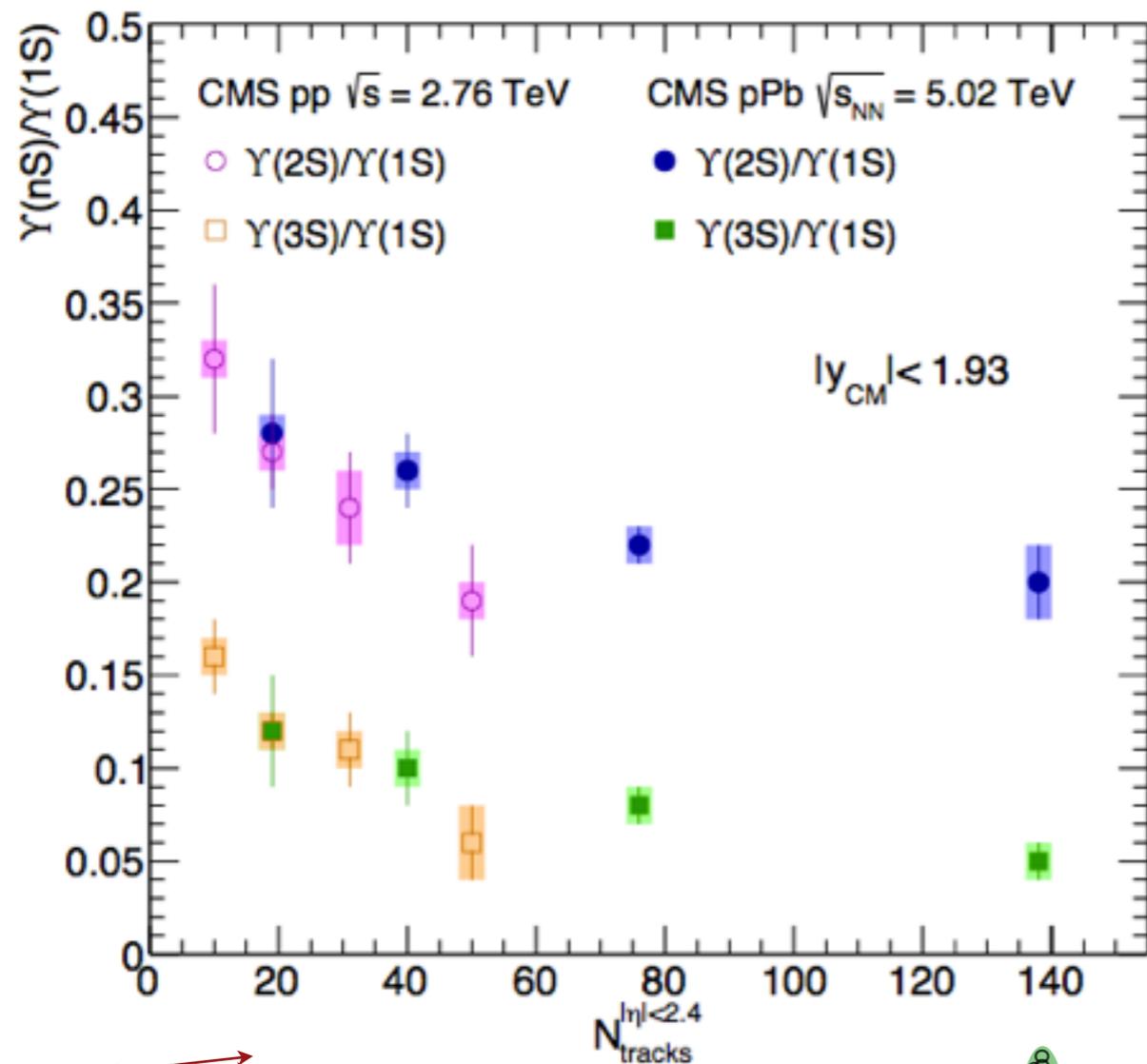




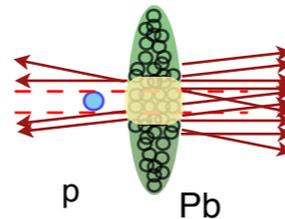
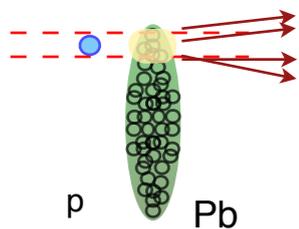
# Multiplicity dependent ratios?

JHEP 04 (2014) 103

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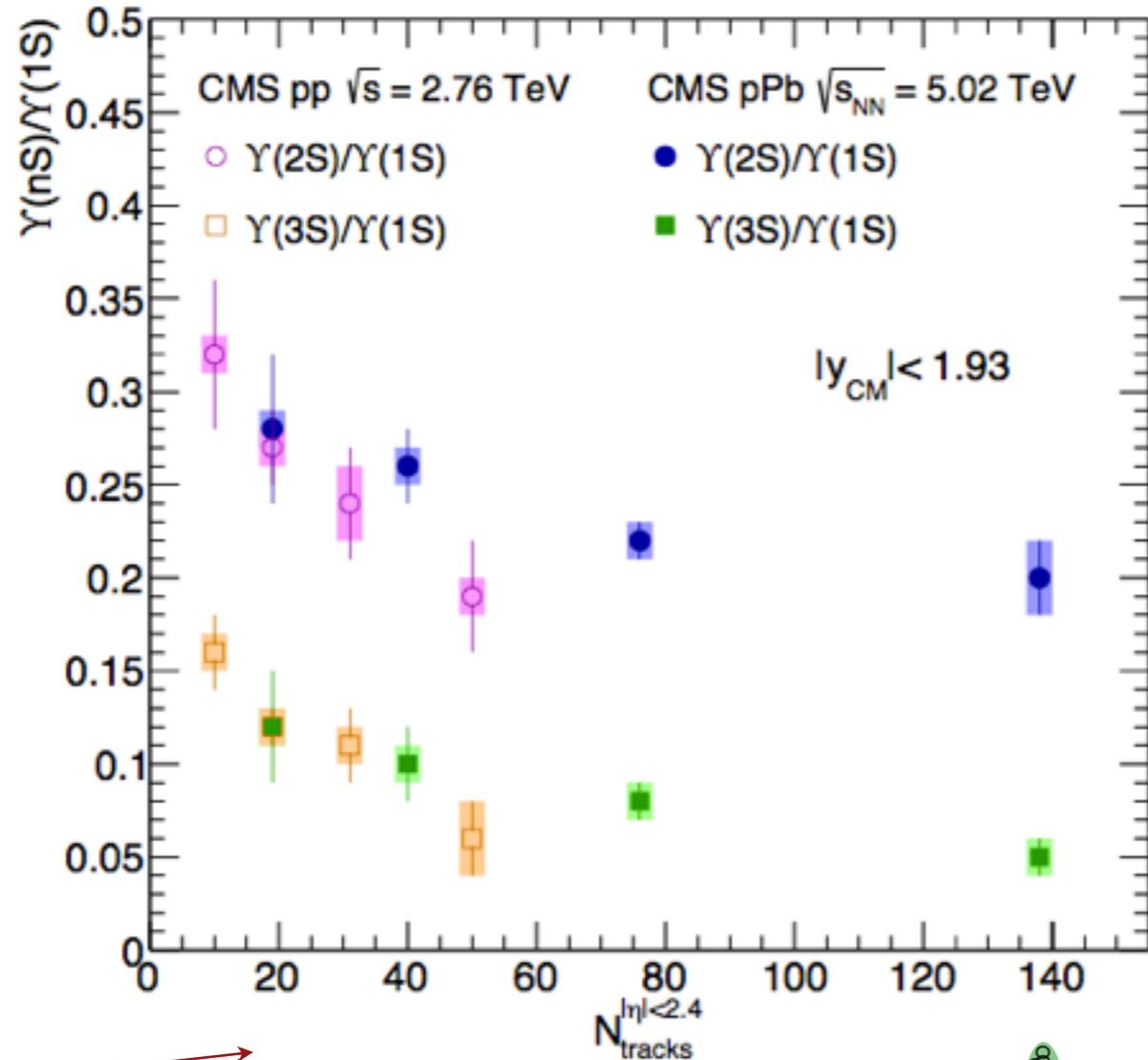
Sensible variation of ratios with  $N_{\text{trk}}^{|\eta|<2.4}$   
**(unexpected) steeper slope in pp ratios**



# Multiplicity dependent ratios?

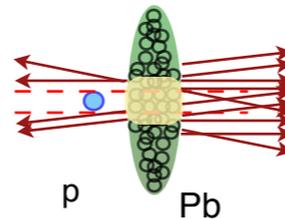
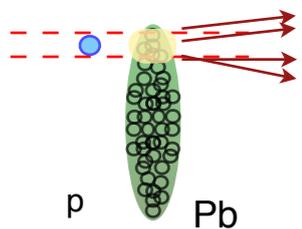
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Sensible variation of ratios with  $N_{\text{trk}}^{|\eta|<2.4}$   
**(unexpected) steeper slope in pp ratios**

**What is causing the slopes?**

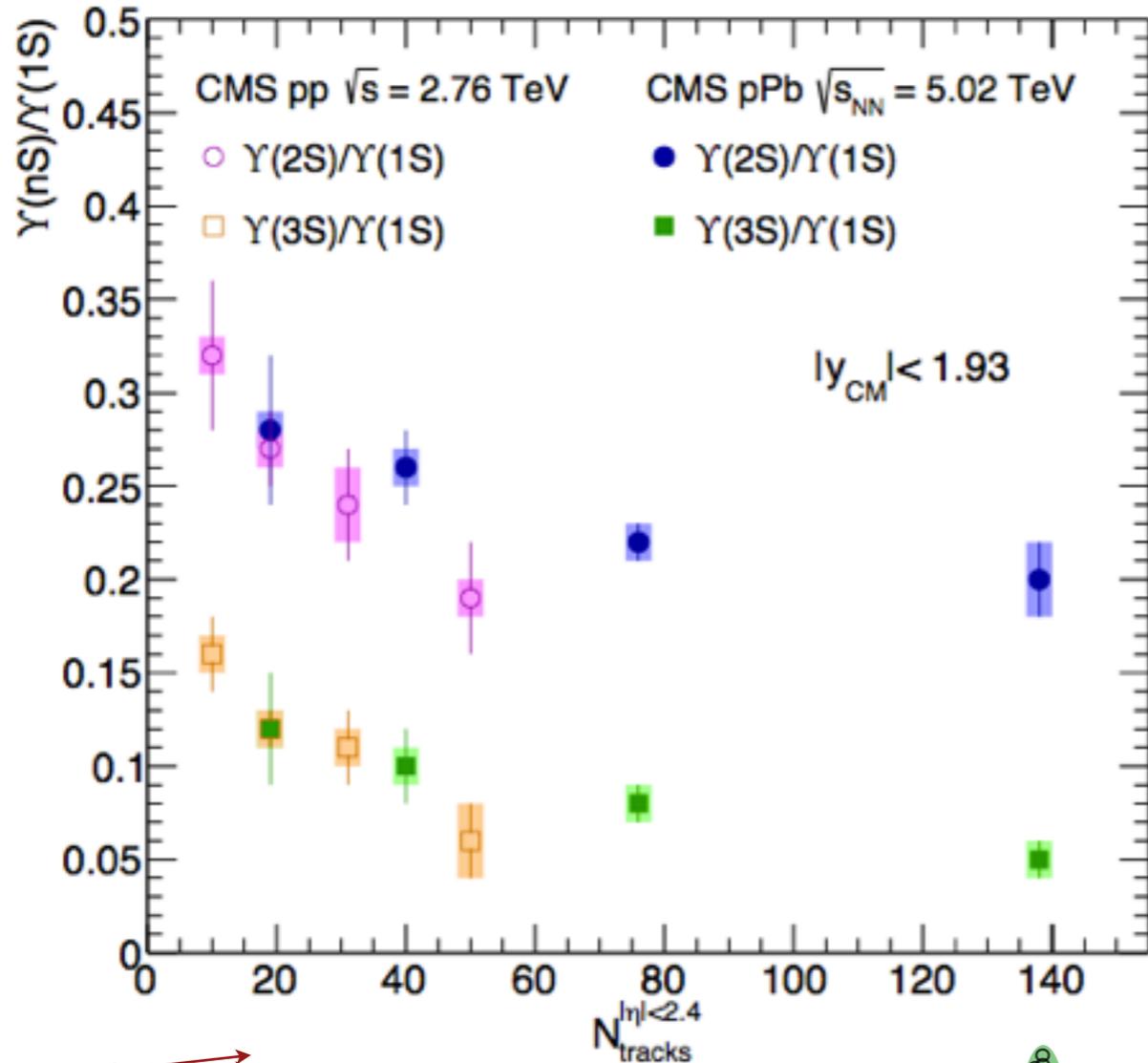




# $\Upsilon$ in pPb: single ratios vs. $N_{trk}^{|\eta|<2.4}$

JHEP 04 (2014) 103

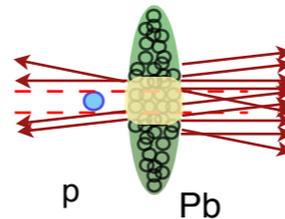
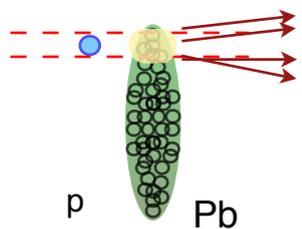
**Single ratios  $Y(nS)/Y(1S)$  for pp, pPb systems w.r.t charged particle multiplicity**



Sensible variation of ratios with  $N_{trk}^{|\eta|<2.4}$   
**(unexpected) steeper slope in pp ratios**

**What is causing the slopes?**

**Study the associated production with  $\Upsilon$  states in more detail**





# Multiplicity effects on $\Upsilon$

- **Observation:**  
Two or three additional charged tracks associated to  $\Upsilon(1S)$  compared to  $\Upsilon'$  or  $\Upsilon''$   
Consistently in pp and pPb collisions
- **Additional tracks in the direction of the  $\Upsilon$ :**  
No additional tracks in cone around the direction of the  $\Upsilon(nS)$





# Multiplicity effects on $\Upsilon$

- **Tracks at the same vertex:**

two or three additional charged tracks associated to 1S compared to  $\Upsilon'$  or  $\Upsilon''$  consistently in pp and pPb collisions

- **Additional tracks in the vicinity of the  $\Upsilon$ :**

no additional tracks in cone around the direction of the  $\Upsilon(nS)$

- **Feed-down from P-states and excited states:**

$\chi_b \rightarrow \Upsilon(nS)\gamma$  but at low-pt, efficiency for electron pair from photon conversion  $< 1\%$   
 $\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-$  is not enough to account for the trend by itself

**A difference in mass between 1S and 2S,3S could reflect itself**

**in the kinematics**

**in the associated particle multiplicity**





# *About individual yields*

JHEP 04 (2014) 103

**Goal:** Quantify the cross-sections in bins of  $E_T^{|\eta|<4}$  or  $N_{\text{trk}}^{|\eta|<2.4}$  with **no multiplicity bias!**

Method: compare the cross-section in a given bin by the integrated result  
→ Make normalised cross-sections

Example given in PbPb:

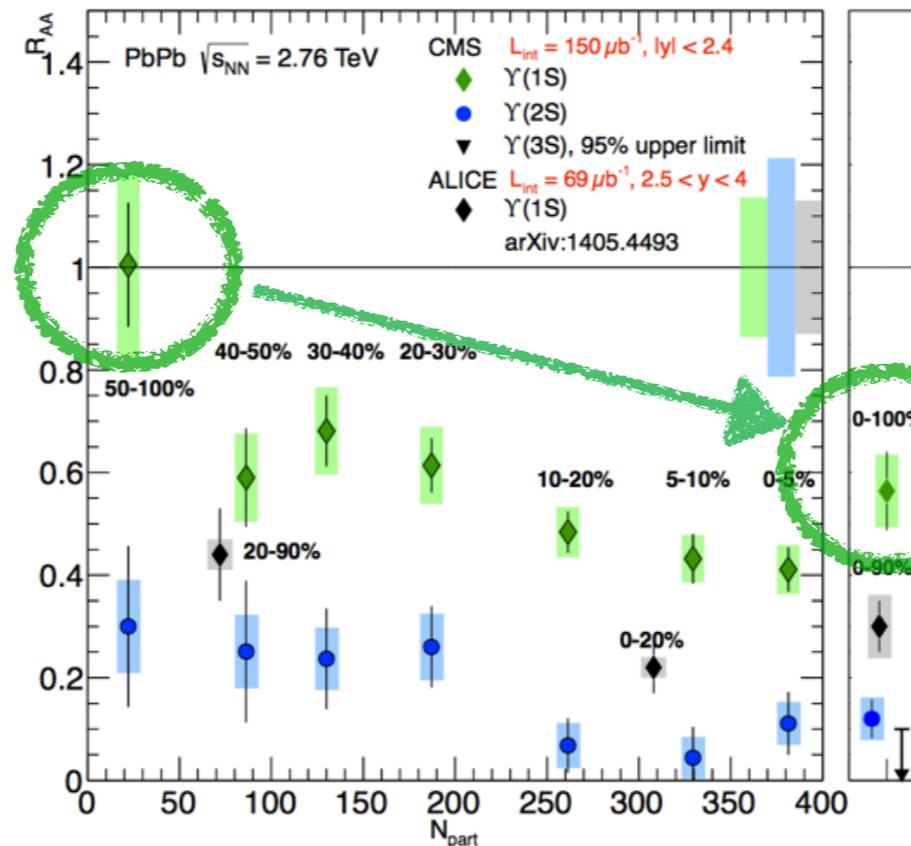


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Method: compare the cross section in a given bin by the integrated result  
 → Make normalised cross sections

Example given in PbPb:

Compare the  $R_{AA}$  of each centrality bin



with the minimum bias result

Caution!

1. absolute PbPb suppression gets 'lost'
2. very different  $N_{\text{track}}$  range compared to pA,pp



# About $\Upsilon(1S)$ cross section

JHEP 04 (2014) 103

**Goal:** Quantify the cross-sections in bins of  $E_T^{|\eta|<4}$  or  $N_{\text{trk}}^{|\eta|<2.4}$  with **no multiplicity bias!**

Method: compare the cross-section in a given bin by the integrated result

→ Make normalised cross-sections

Here, midrapidity multiplicity  $N_{\text{trk}}^{|\eta|<2.4}$   
(simplified x-axis)

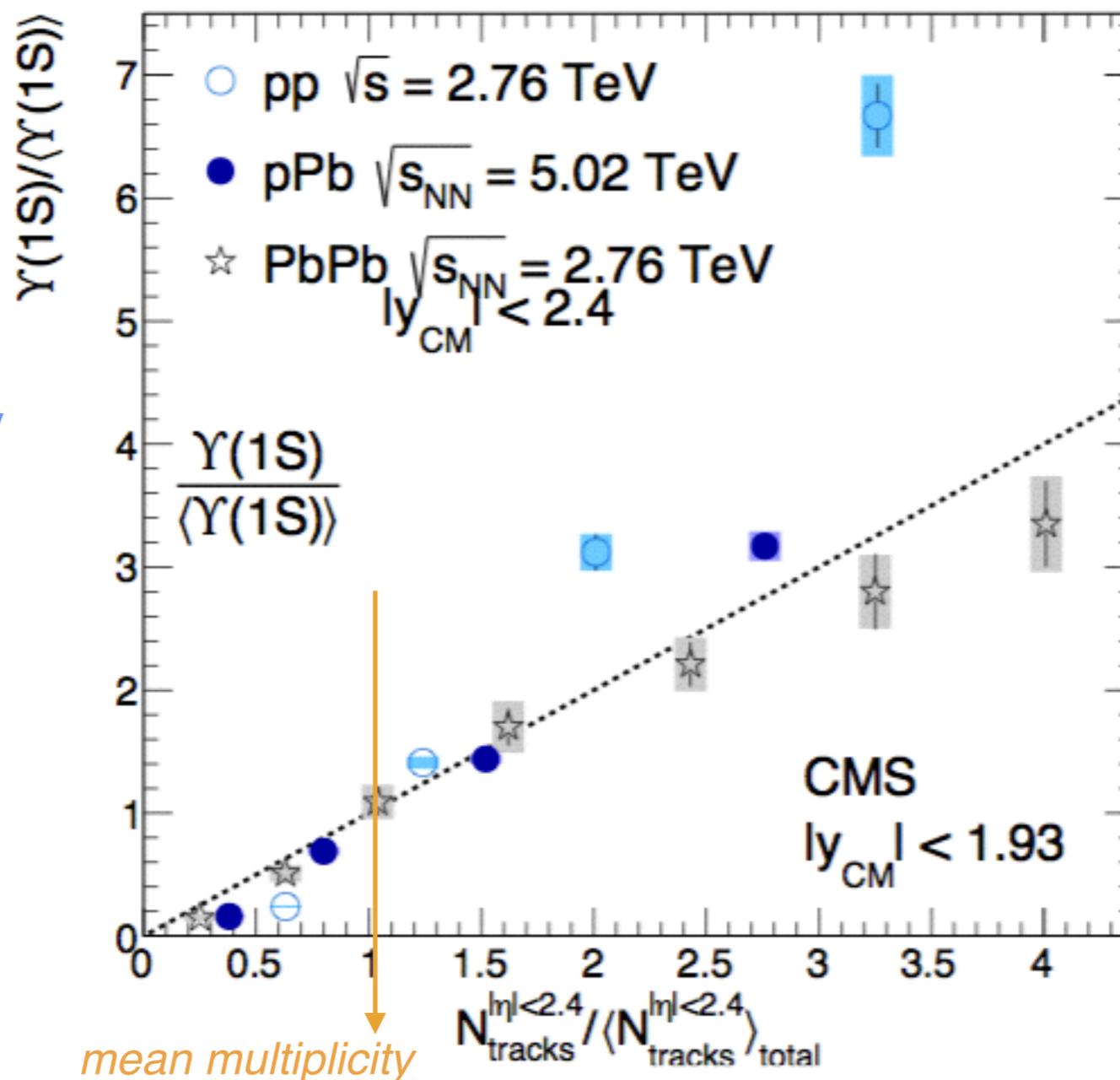
pp: Positive correlation of yield and activity

pPb: Slight offset from unity slope

PbPb: Anti-correlation from suppression

vs.  $E_T^{|\eta|<4}$ , all scale with slope=1

2S, 3S plots (back-up)





# Summary

In HI collisions,

All  $Y$  states are affected in PbPb, exhibiting ordered suppression

$Y(2S,3S)$  more affected than  $Y(1S)$  in pPb

→ supporting the ordered picture

Meanwhile in proton-proton collisions

Positive correlation at mid-rapidity: more  $Y$  in high-multiplicity!!

(Although not observed in forward region)





# Summary

In HI collisions,

All Y states are affected in PbPb, exhibiting ordered suppression

Y(2S,3S) more affected than Y(1S) in pPb

→ supporting the ordered picture

Meanwhile in proton-proton collisions

Positive correlation at mid-rapidity: more Y in high-multiplicity!!

(Although not observed in forward region)

**More multiplicity studies !**

**Next steps:**

**pp+PbPb kinematics**

**Y in peripheral PbPb**





*The end.*

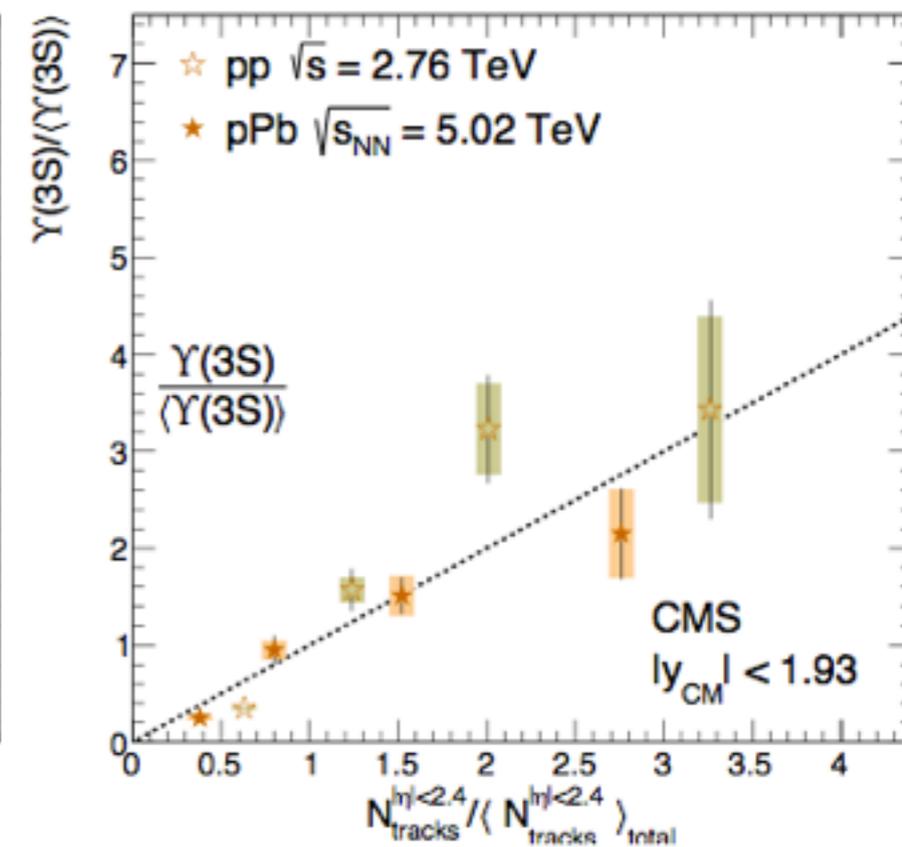
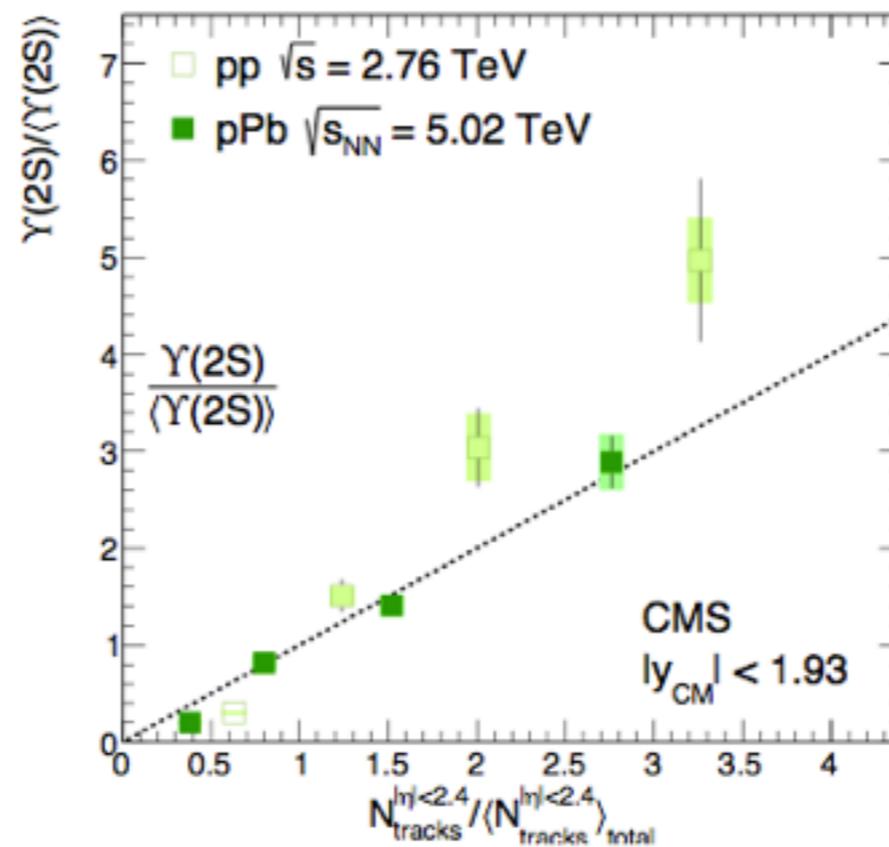
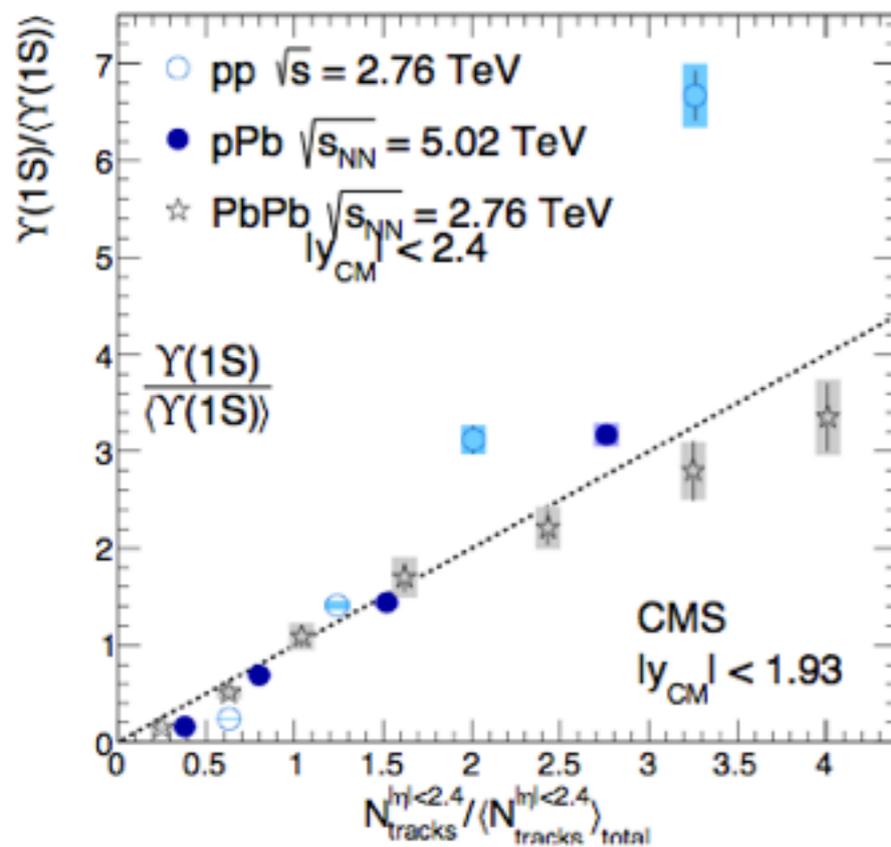
**Thank you!!**



# Backup

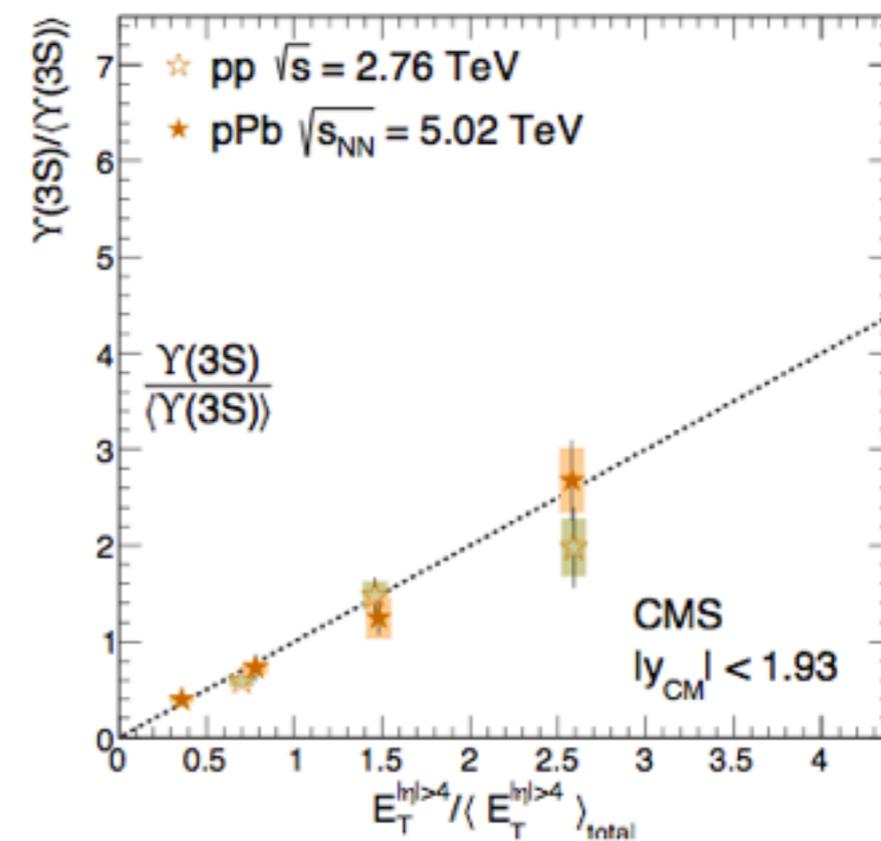
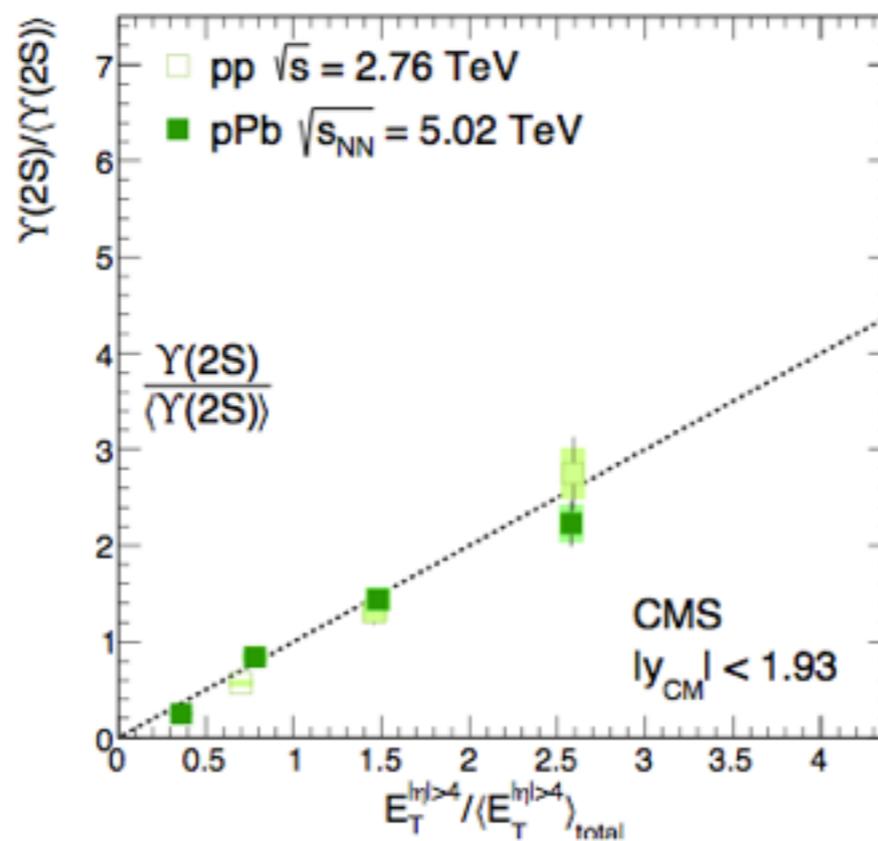
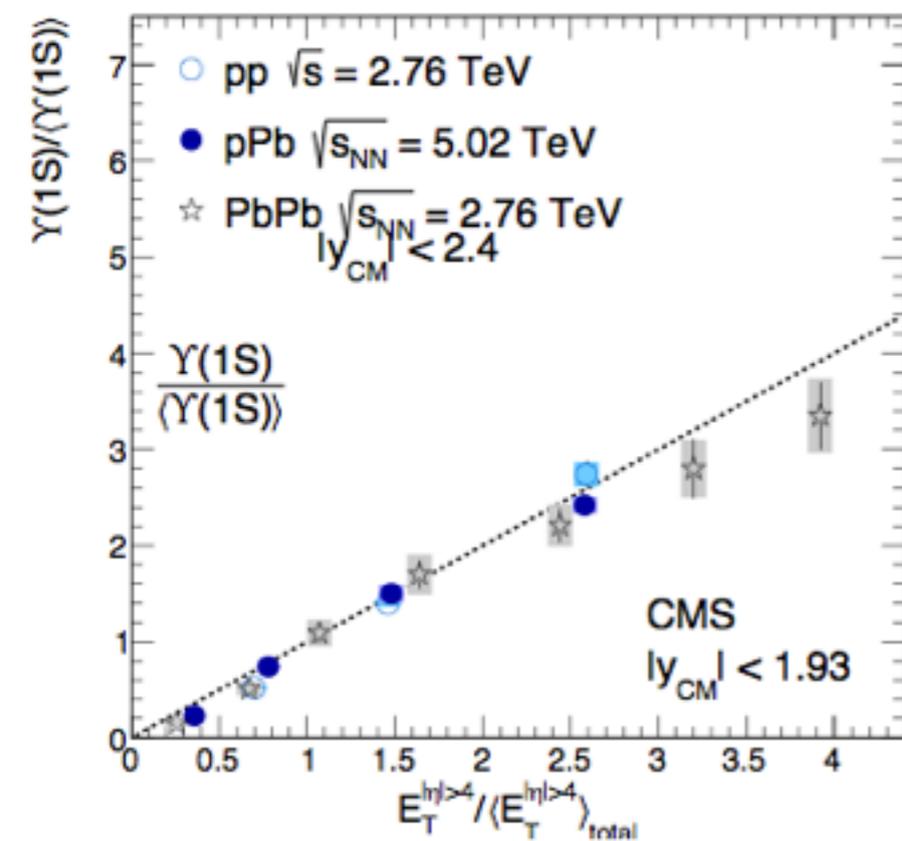


# Self-normalised yields vs $N_{trk}$





# Self-normalised yields vs $E_T$



# $N_{trk} / E_T$ tables

Left: multiplicity tables,

Right: forward energy

Bin	$N_{trk}^{ \eta <2.4}$				$E_T^{ \eta >4}$				
	$[N_{trk}^{ \eta <2.4}]$ (raw)	$\langle N_{trk}^{ \eta <2.4} \rangle$	$\langle E_T^{ \eta >4} \rangle$ [GeV]	Frac (%)	$[E_T^{ \eta >4}]$ [GeV]	$\langle E_T^{ \eta >4} \rangle$	$\langle N_{trk}^{ \eta <2.4} \rangle$	Frac (%)	
PP	1	0–10	$9.8 \pm 0.4$	3.3	64	0–3.5	2.5	$9.6 \pm 0.4$	59
	2	11–20	$19.4 \pm 0.8$	4.7	25	3.5–7.0	5.2	$17.2 \pm 0.7$	32
	3	21–30	$30.7 \pm 1.2$	5.9	8	$\geq 7.0$	9.2	$25.8 \pm 1.0$	9
	4	$\geq 31$	$49.9 \pm 1.9$	7.1	3				
pPb	1	0–21	$19.1 \pm 0.7$	7.3	35	0–7.4	5.3	$19.2 \pm 0.7$	30
	2	22–41	$40.0 \pm 1.6$	13.0	24	7.4–14.7	11.5	$40.2 \pm 1.6$	27
	3	42–82	$75.9 \pm 3.0$	21.6	30	14.7–29.4	21.8	$72.8 \pm 2.8$	33
	4	$\geq 83$	$137.9 \pm 5.4$	34.4	11	$\geq 29.4$	38.0	$118.0 \pm 4.6$	10

1st column - binning in raw number of tracks  
 2nd column - corrected mean number of tracks  
 3rd - corrected mean  $E_T$ , quite correlated

1st column - binning in raw forward  $E_T$   
 2nd column - corrected mean forward energy  
 3rd - corrected mean multiplicity

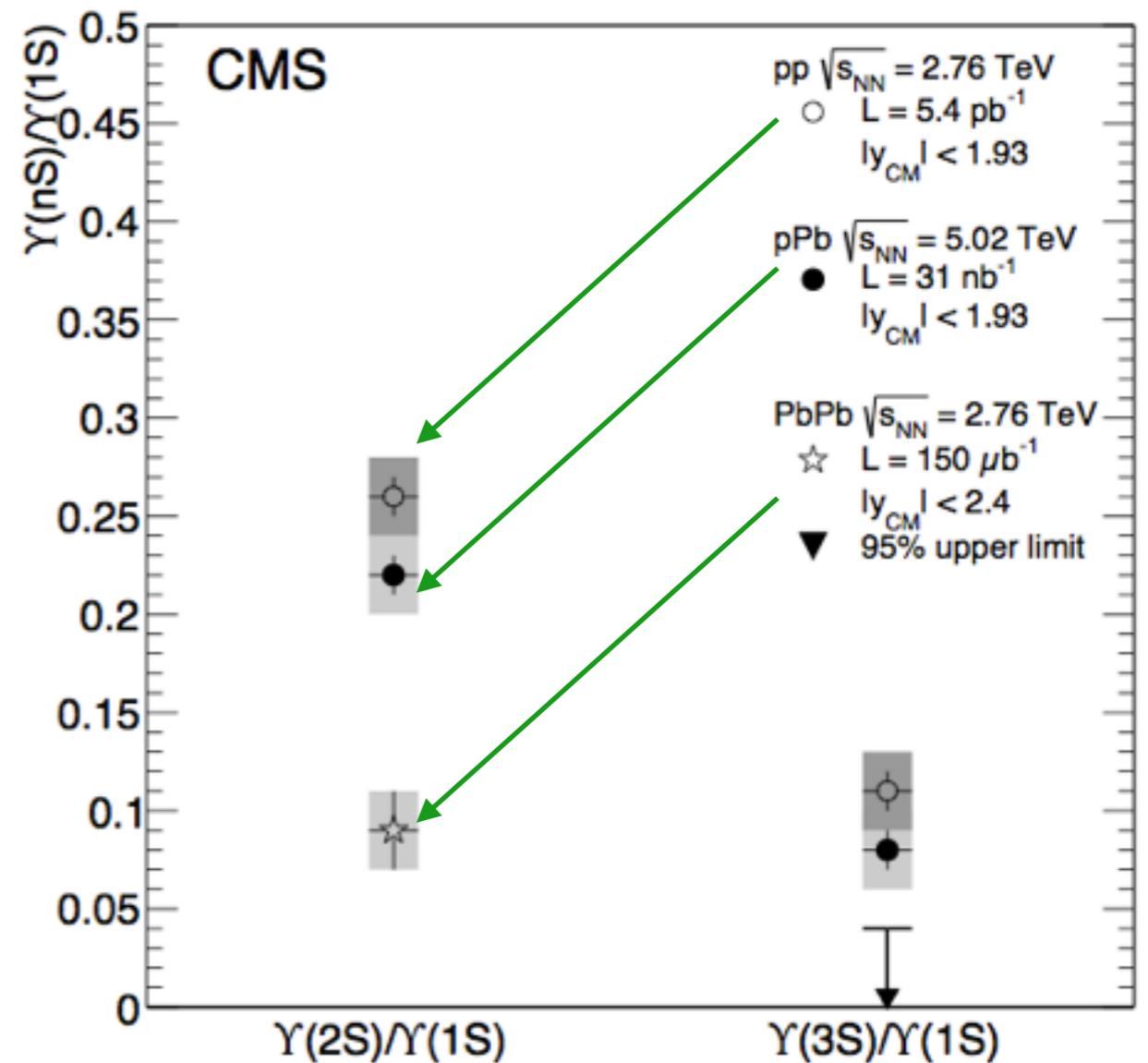
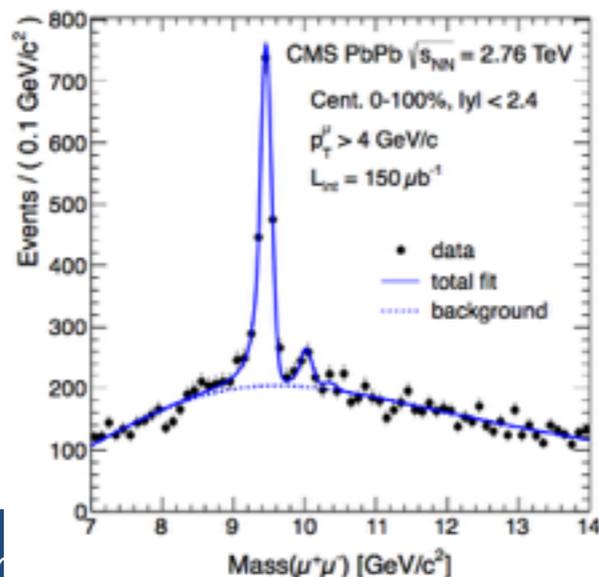
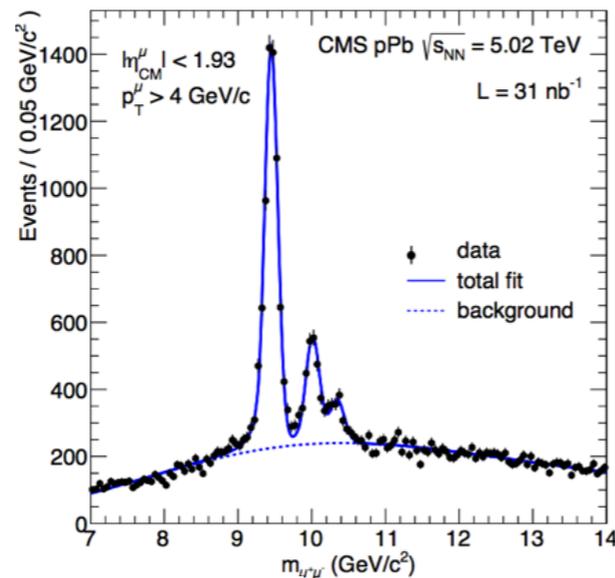
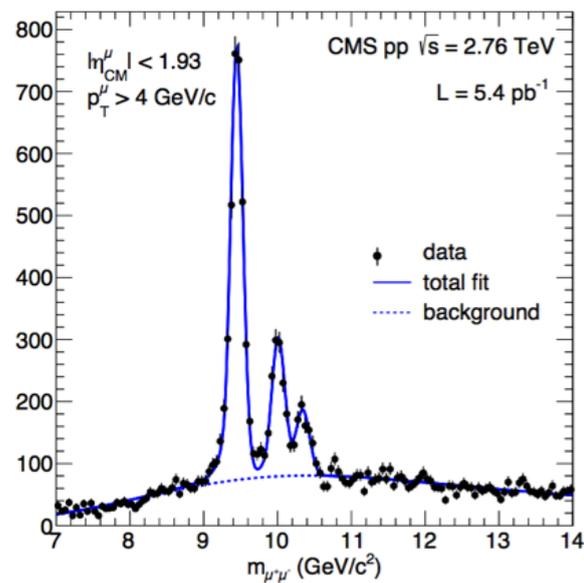


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JHEP 04 (2014) 103 Event activity dependence of  $\Upsilon(nS)$  production in  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.02$  TeV pPb and  $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$  TeV pp

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then compare with pp and PbPb ratios  $\Upsilon(nS)/\Upsilon(1S)$

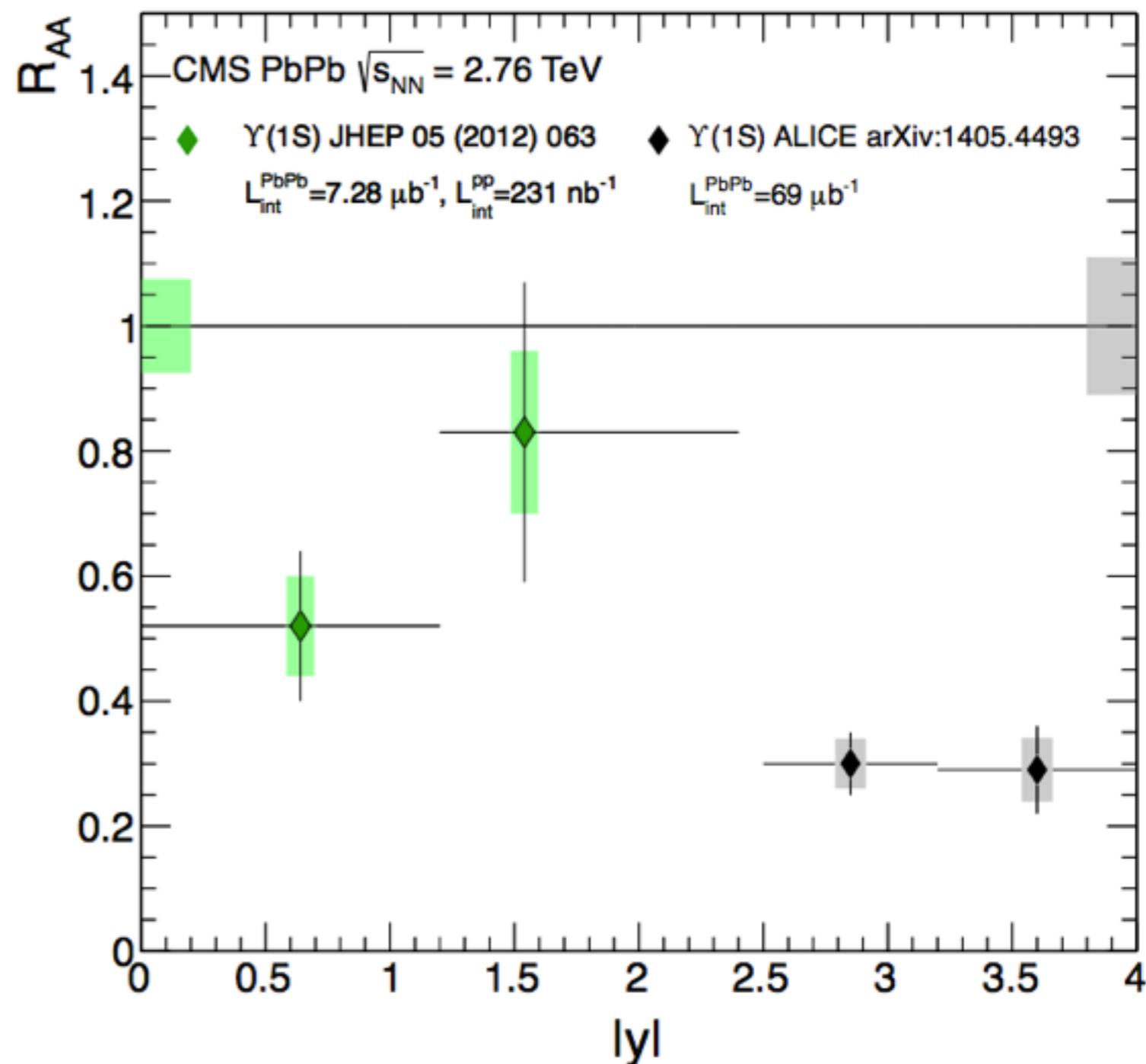




# getting ready for kinematics

CMS points: 'outdated' datasets  
20+ times more pp, PbPb now!

pp: cross-sections @ 2.76 TeV  
**PbPb: dependence of 1S  
suppression?**



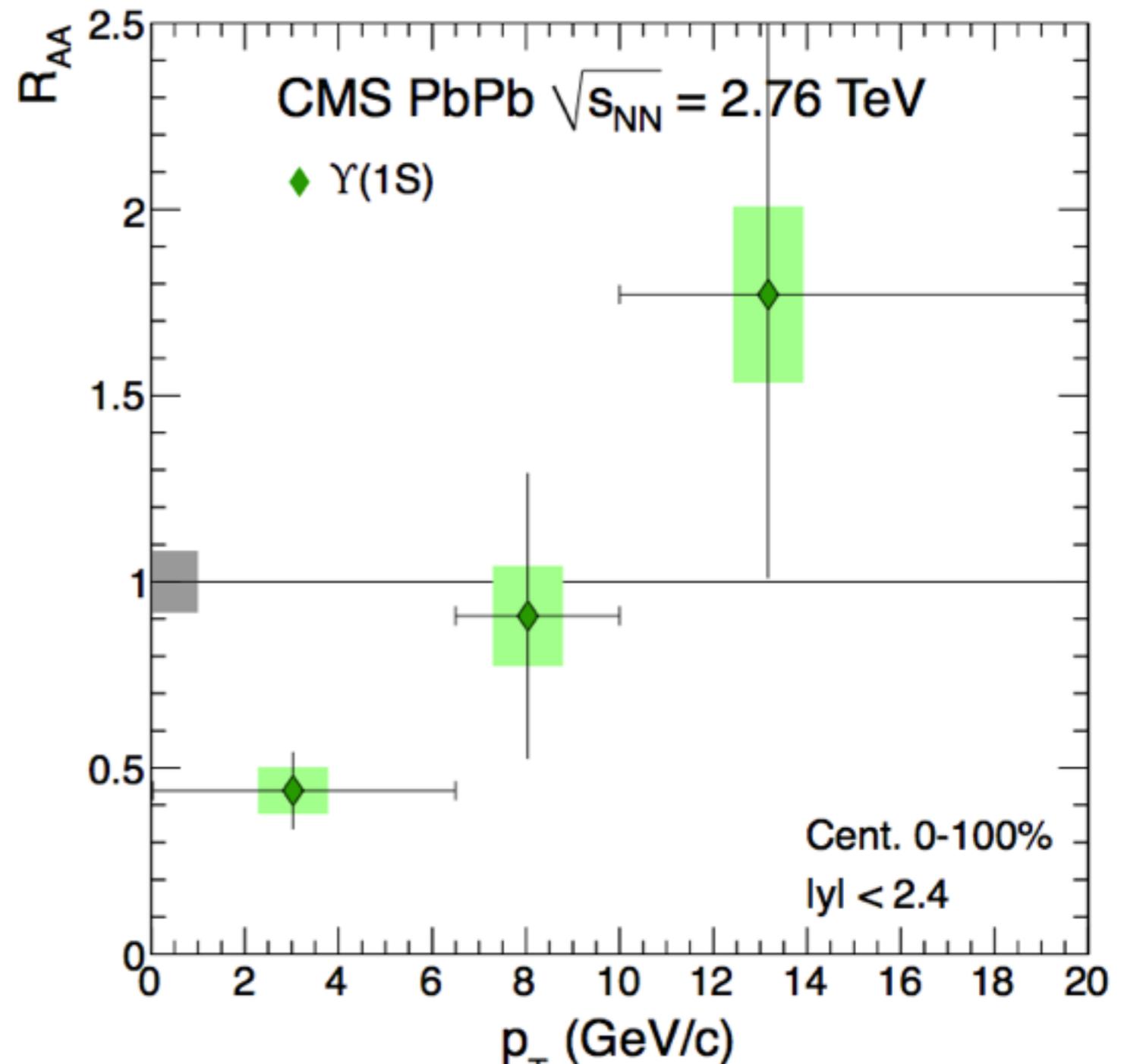


# getting ready for kinematics

JHEP 05 (2012) 063

CMS points: 'outdated' datasets  
20+ times more pp, PbPb now!

pp: cross-sections @ 2.76 TeV  
**PbPb: dependence of 1S  
suppression?**



# Longitudinal view of CMS

