



University
of Windsor

Surface Enhanced Quantum Control: State Preparation and Purification

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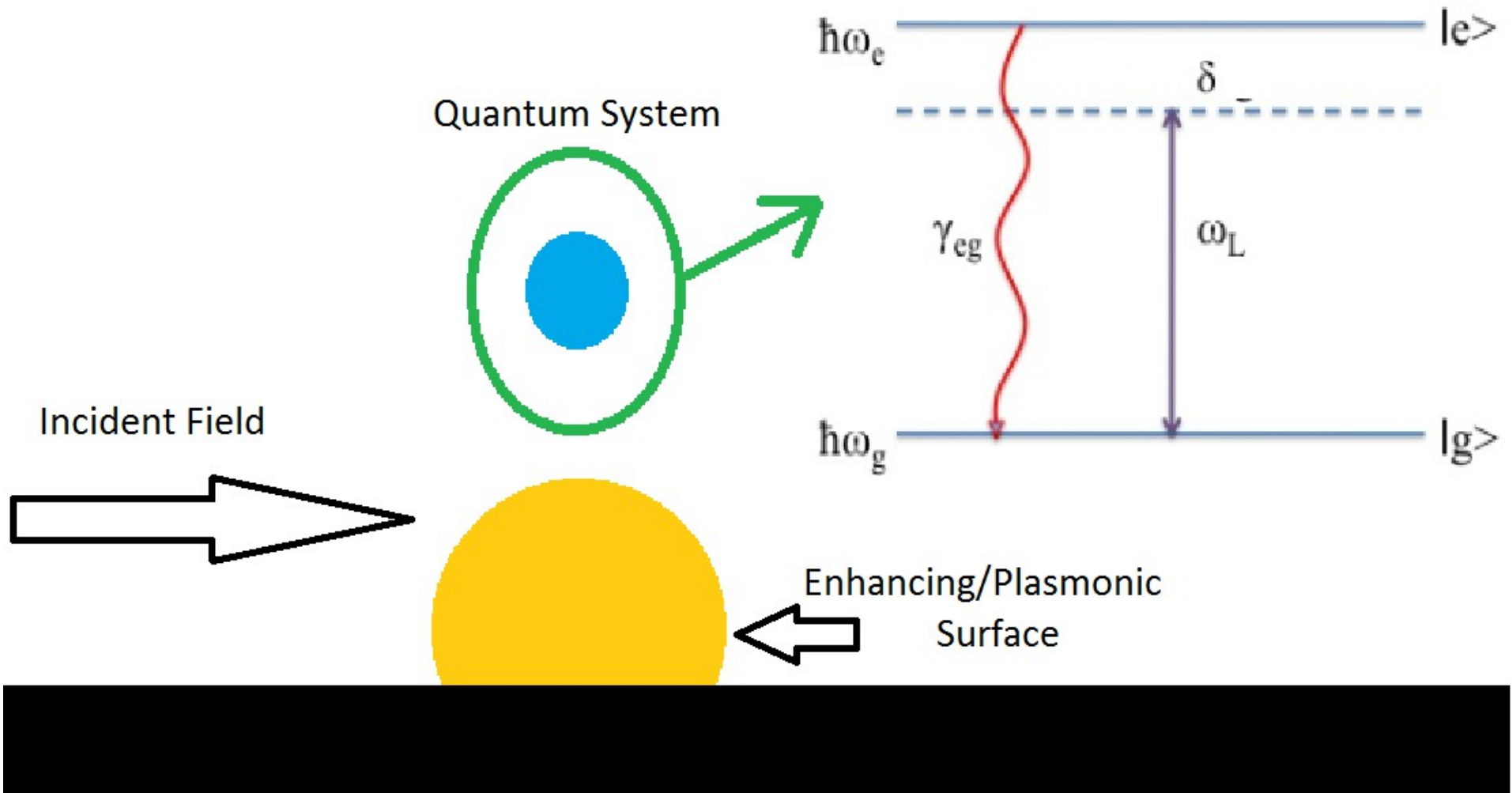
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Outline

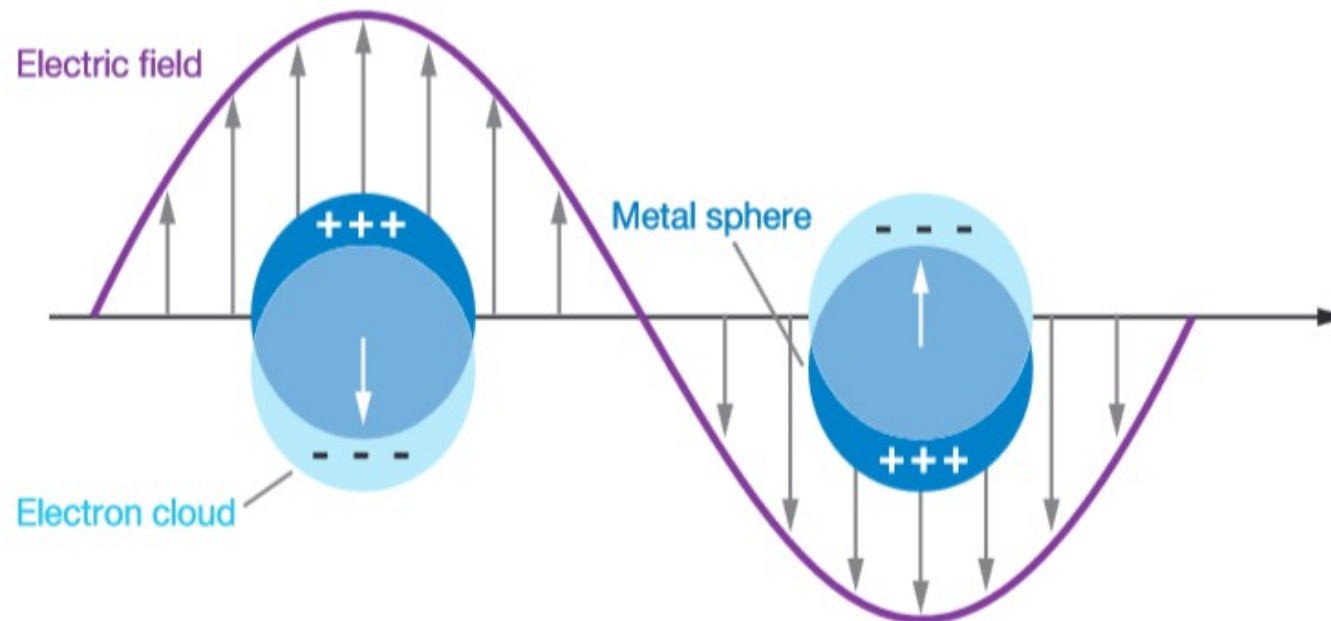
- What is surface-enhanced quantum control (SEQC)?
- How surface enhancement can be used to enhance qubit preparation and purification?
- Future extensions of this research

Surface-Enhanced System



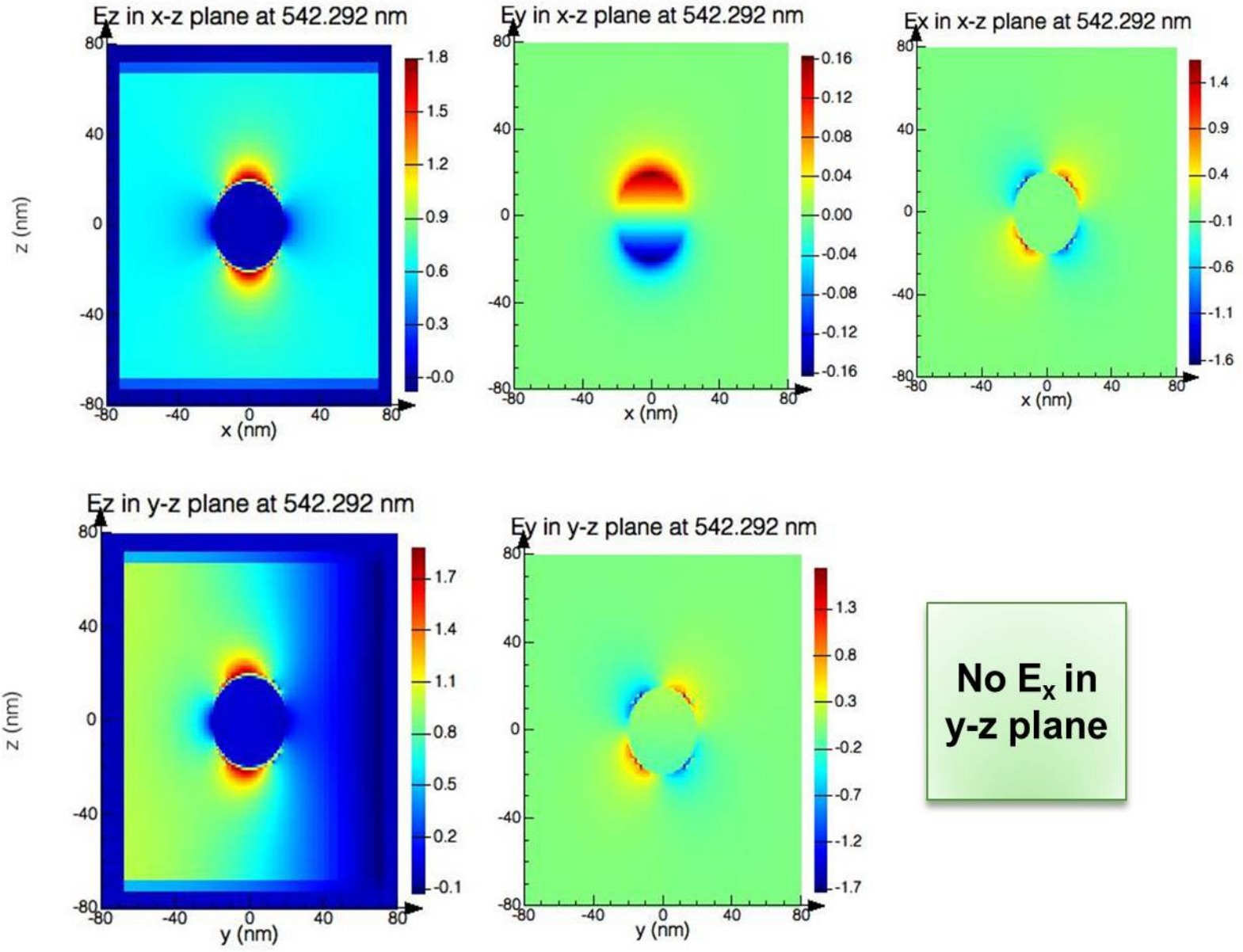
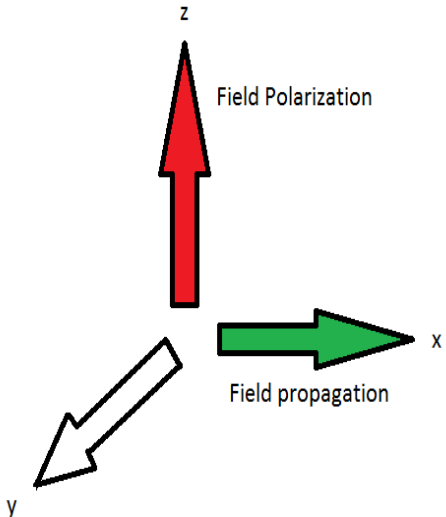
Plasmonic Nanostructures

- Incident field causes a collective oscillation in metals on the enhancing surface that have a resonance wavelength



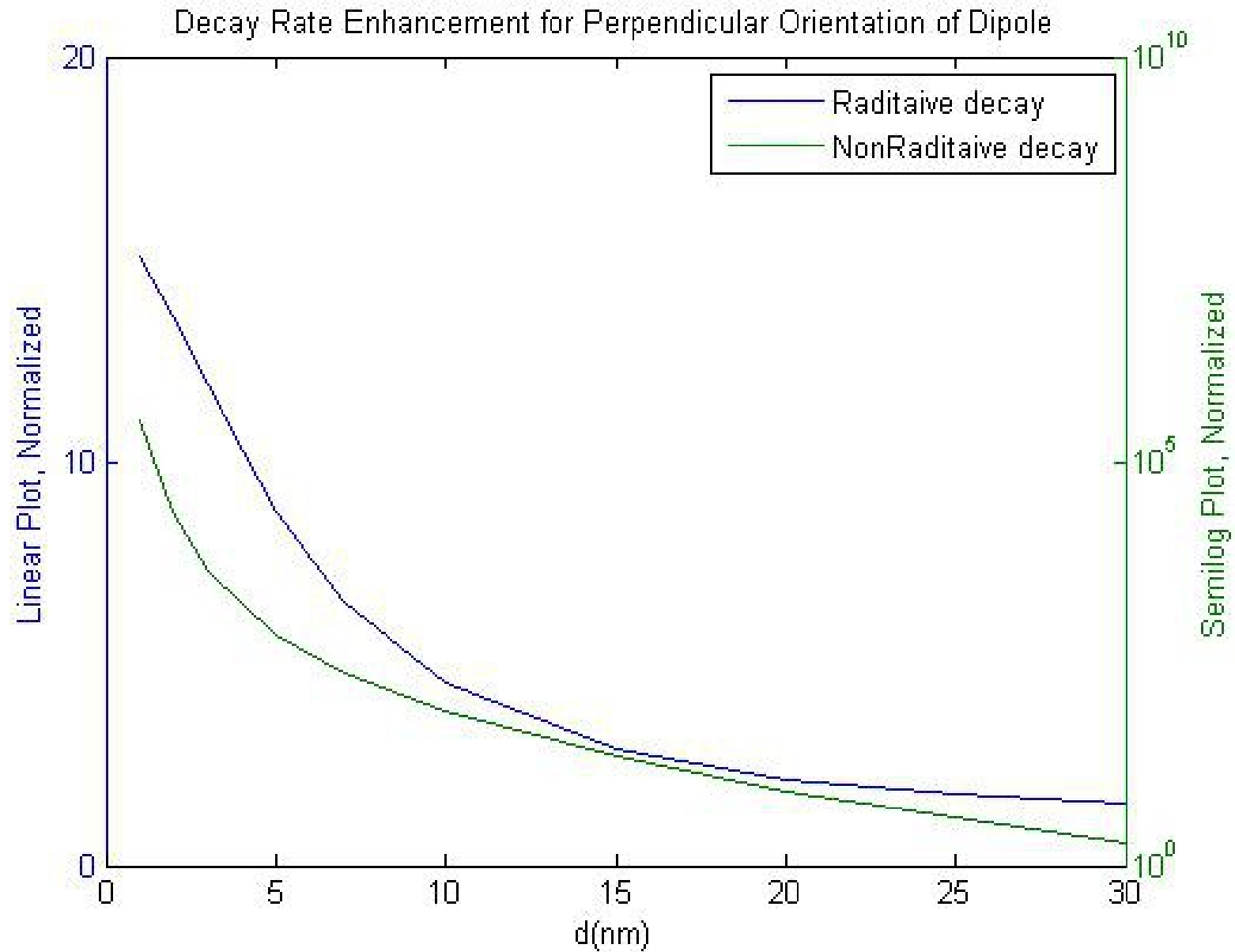
Willems, K. A., & Van Duyne, R. P. Annual Review of Physical Chemistry, 58, 267-297 (2007)

Electric Field Modification



No E_x in y-z plane

Decay Rate Modification



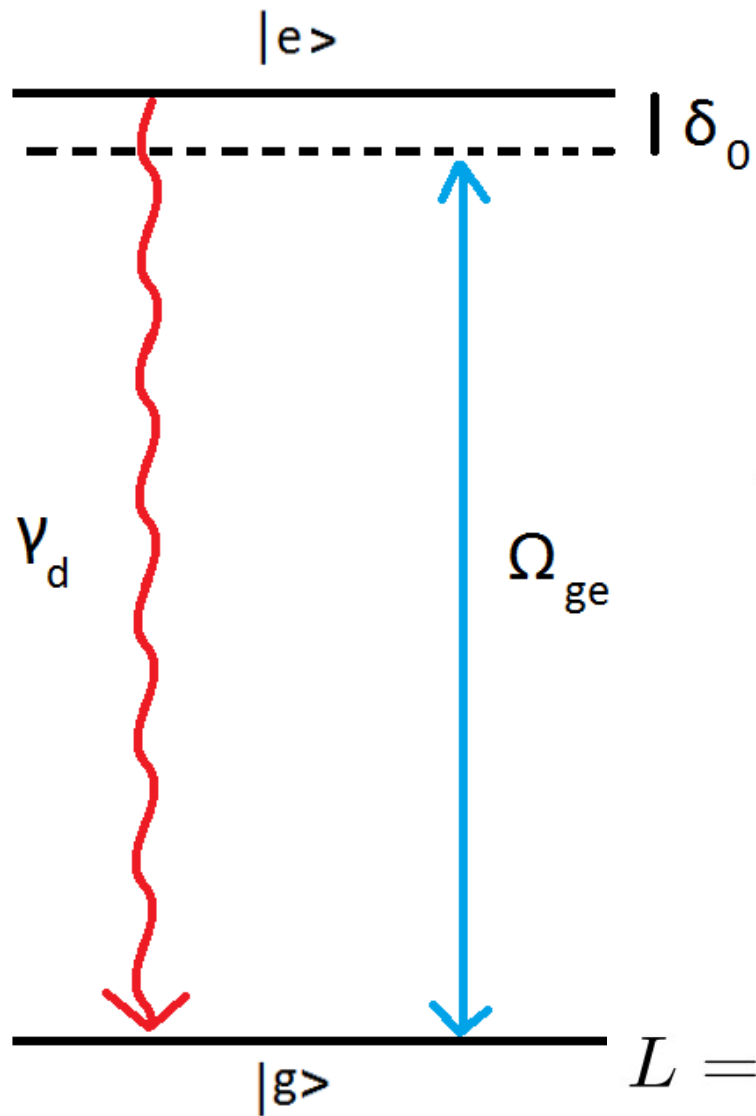
Effect of Surface Enhancement

- Enhances local electromagnetic fields
- Enhances decay rate
- Promising combination of high driving frequencies with high decay

Qubit preparation and purification

- How can surface enhancement affect the preparation of a qubit in a desired steady-state
- How can surface enhancement affect the purification of a particular state
- 2 level system

Two-Level System



$$\rho = \begin{pmatrix} \rho_{gg} & \rho_{ge} \\ \rho_{eg} & \rho_{ee} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$H_{RWA} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -\frac{\hbar\Omega_{ge}}{2} \\ -\frac{\hbar\Omega_{ge}^*}{2} & -\hbar\delta_0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\dot{\rho} = -\frac{i}{\hbar} [H_{RWA}, \rho] - L$$

$$L = \sum_d \frac{M_d \gamma_d}{2} (\sigma_d^\dagger \sigma_d \rho + \rho \sigma_d^\dagger \sigma_d - 2\sigma_d \rho \sigma_d^\dagger)$$

Qubit preparation

- Simulated a two-level system with $\Delta E = 2.38$ eV at various distances around a single gold nanoparticle
- Prepare qubit in a desired target density matrix:

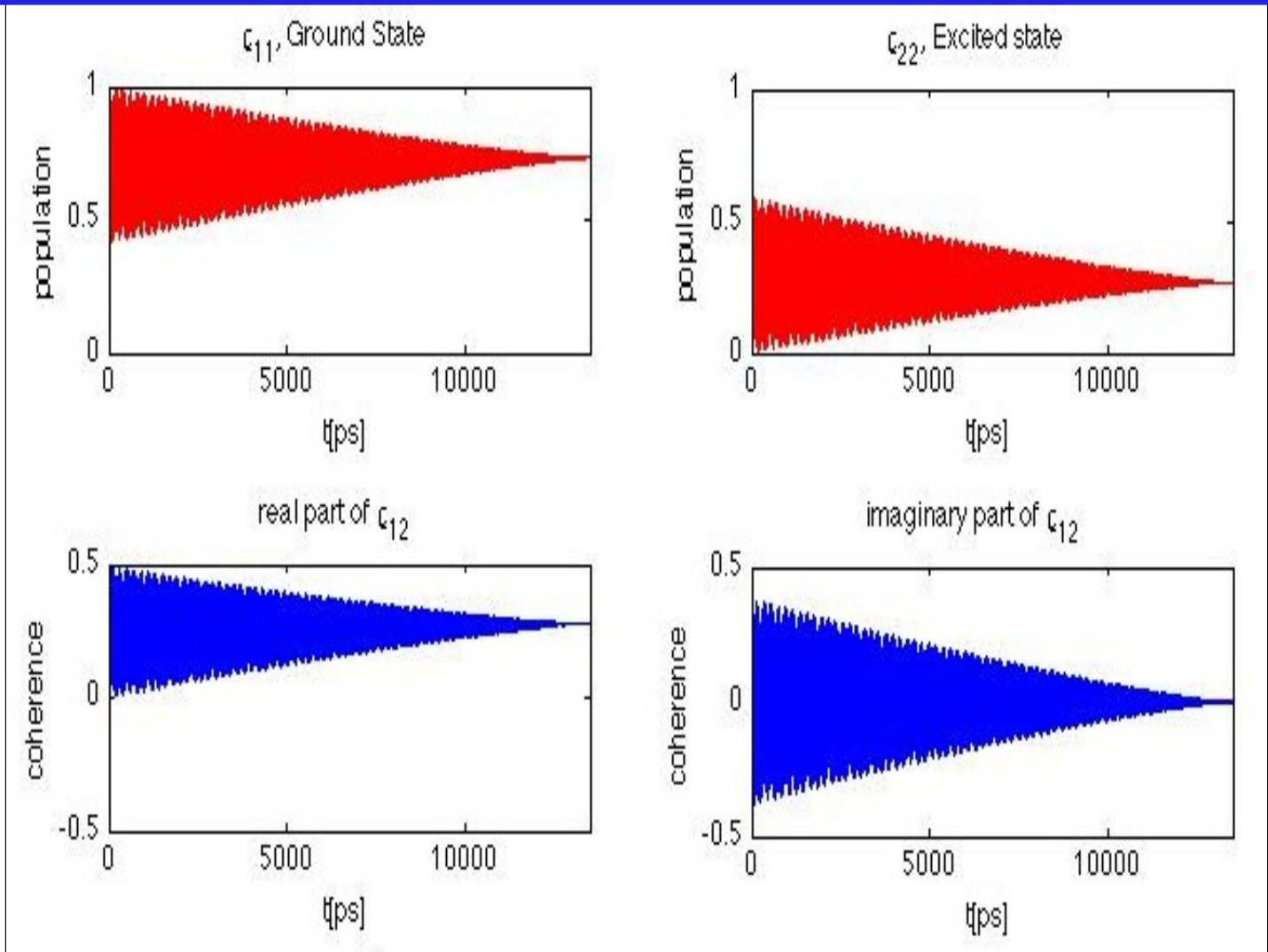
$$\rho_i = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \rho_t = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{4} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \end{pmatrix}$$

- Optimal purification rate

Without Surface Enhancement

$$\rho_i = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

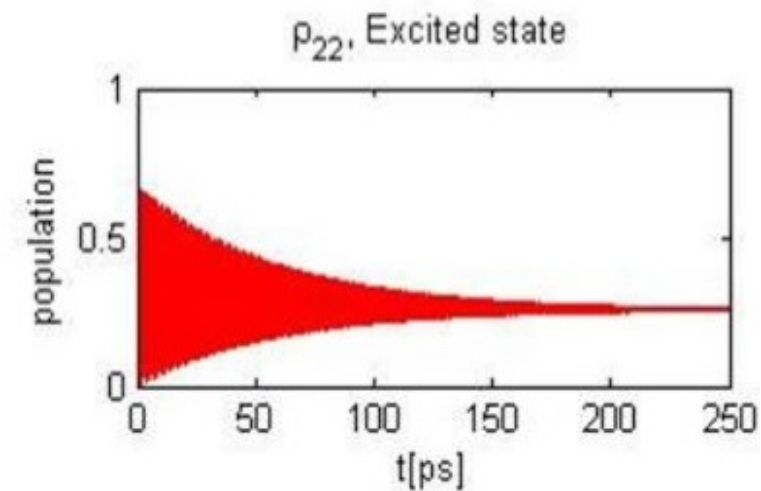
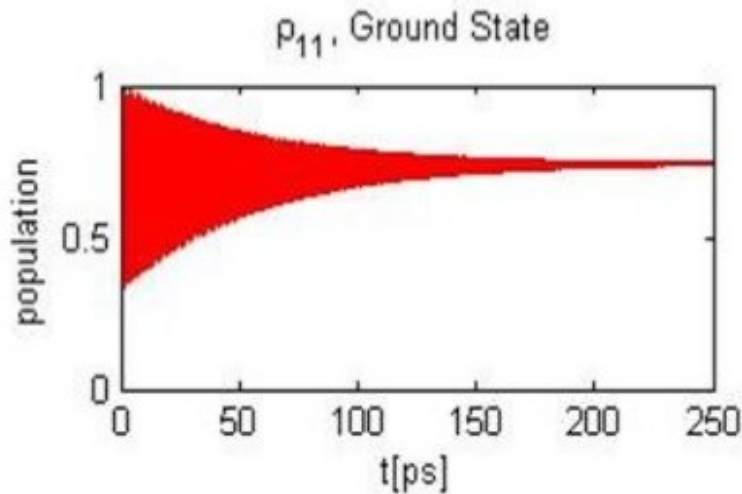
$$\rho_t = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{4} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \end{pmatrix}$$



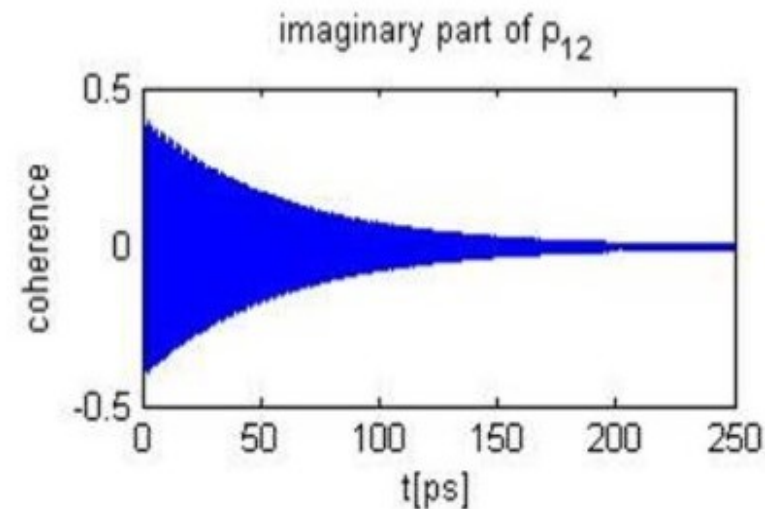
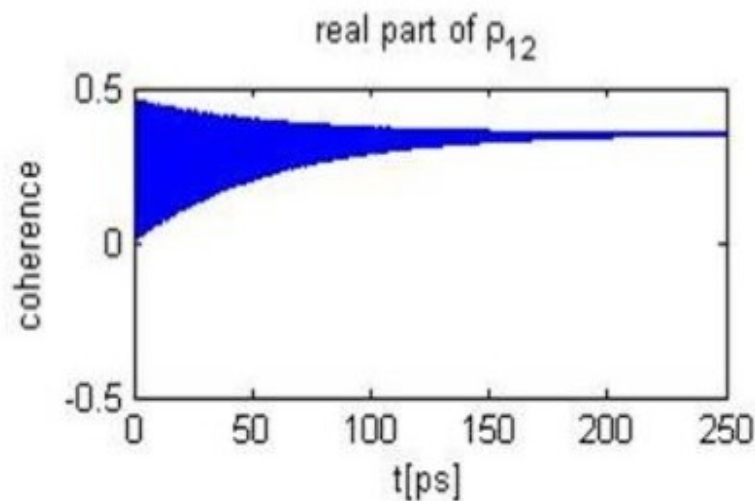
Without GNP
 $E_L = 1.22e9$ V/m
 $t_s \cong 140$ ns

With Surface Enhancement

$$\rho_i = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$



$$\rho_t = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{4} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \end{pmatrix}$$

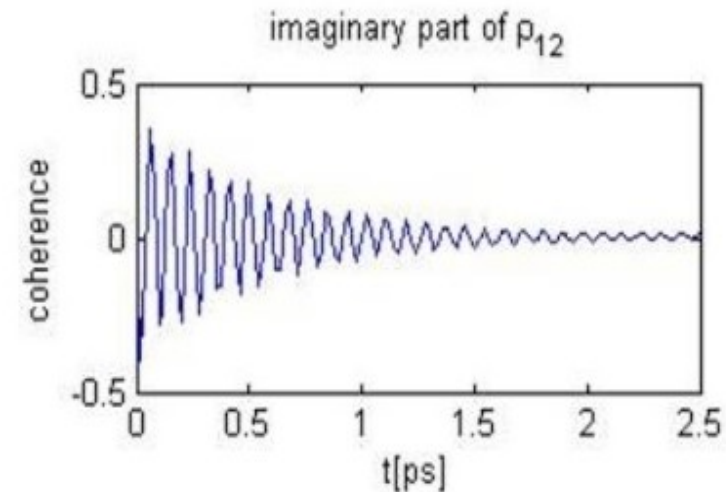
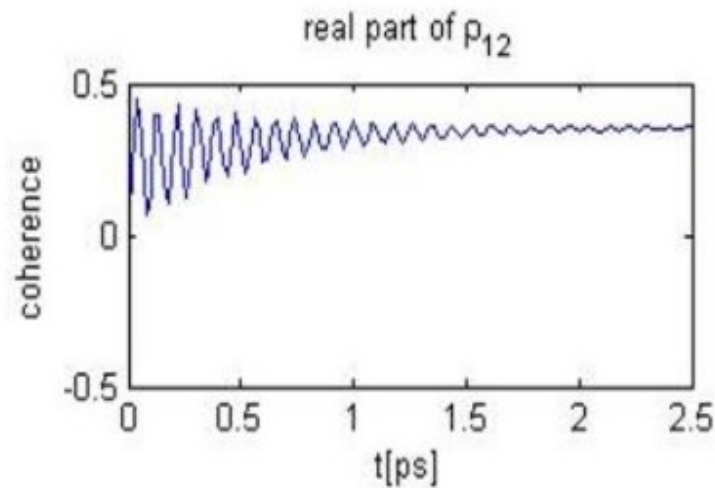
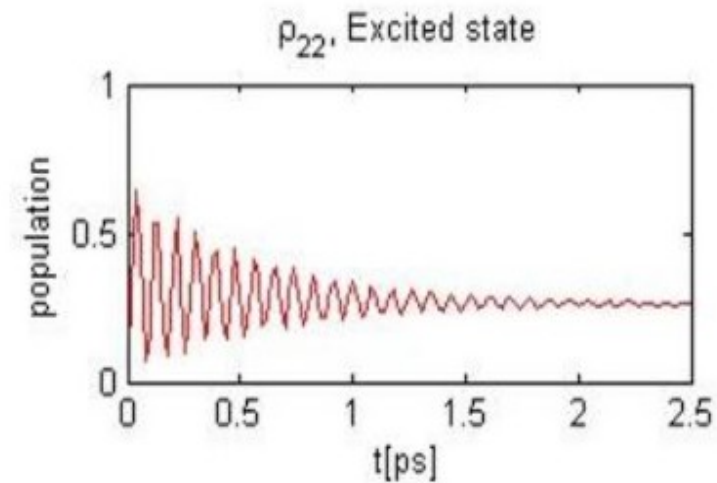
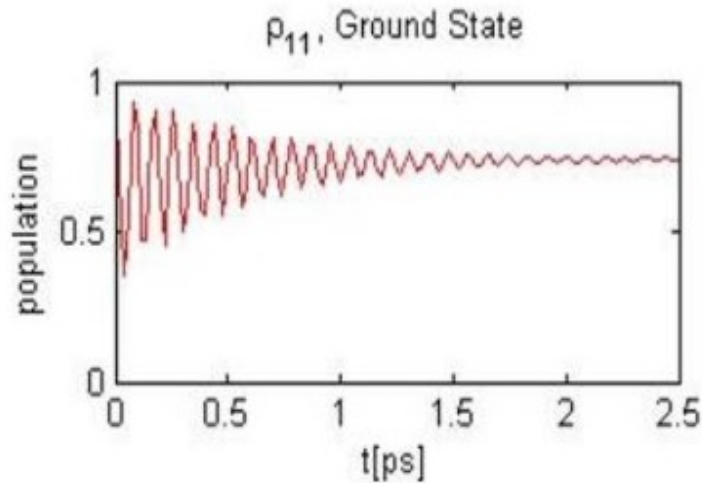


$$\begin{aligned} d &= 15 \text{ nm } \hat{z} \\ E_L &= 5.1 \text{ e}8 \text{ V/m} \\ t_s &\cong 250 \text{ ps} \end{aligned}$$

With Surface Enhancement

$$\rho_i = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\rho_t = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{4} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \end{pmatrix}$$



$d = 5 \text{ nm } \hat{z}$
 $E_L = 1.8 \text{e}8 \text{ V/m}$
 $t_s \cong 0.3 \text{ ps}$

Effect of Enhancement on Preparation

- The presence of a gold nanoparticle reduces the field intensity required to reach a desired steady state
- The presence of a gold nanoparticle reduces the time required to reach a desired steady state

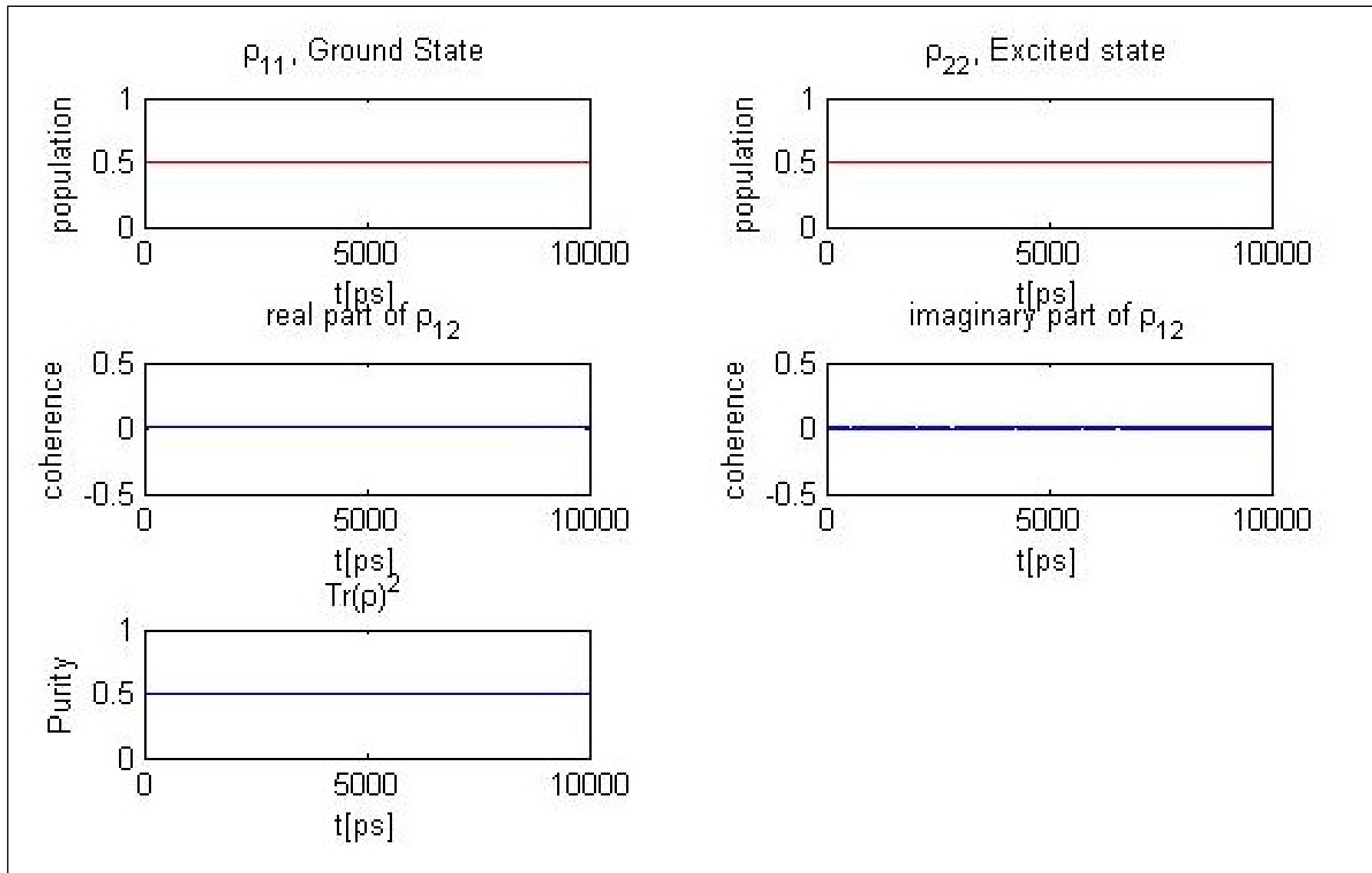
Qubit purification

- Effect of surface-enhancement on qubit purification

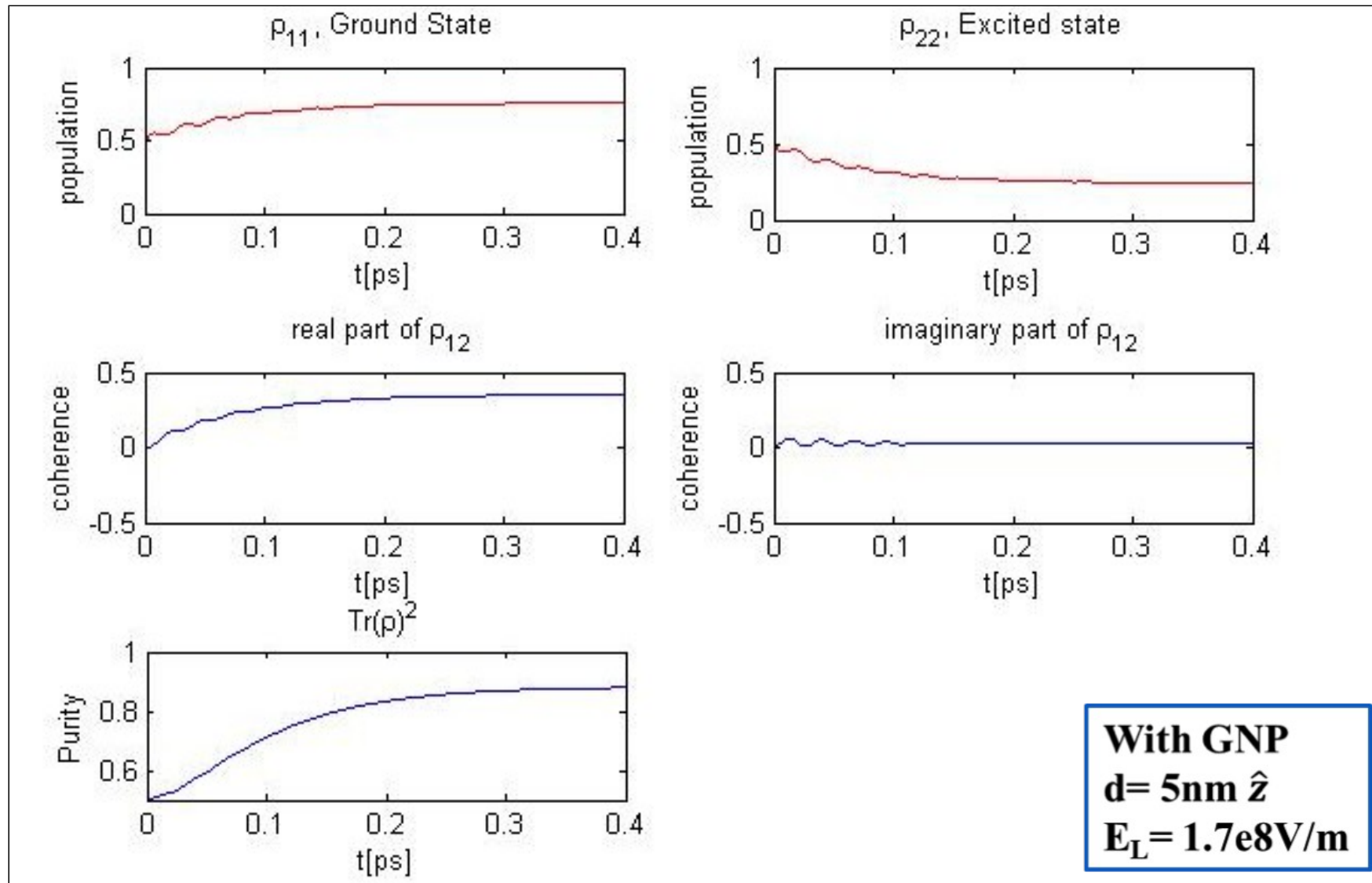
$$Purity = Tr(\rho^2)$$

- Qubit purification is not possible with only Hamiltonian controls

State Purification from Mixed State: Hamiltonian Control



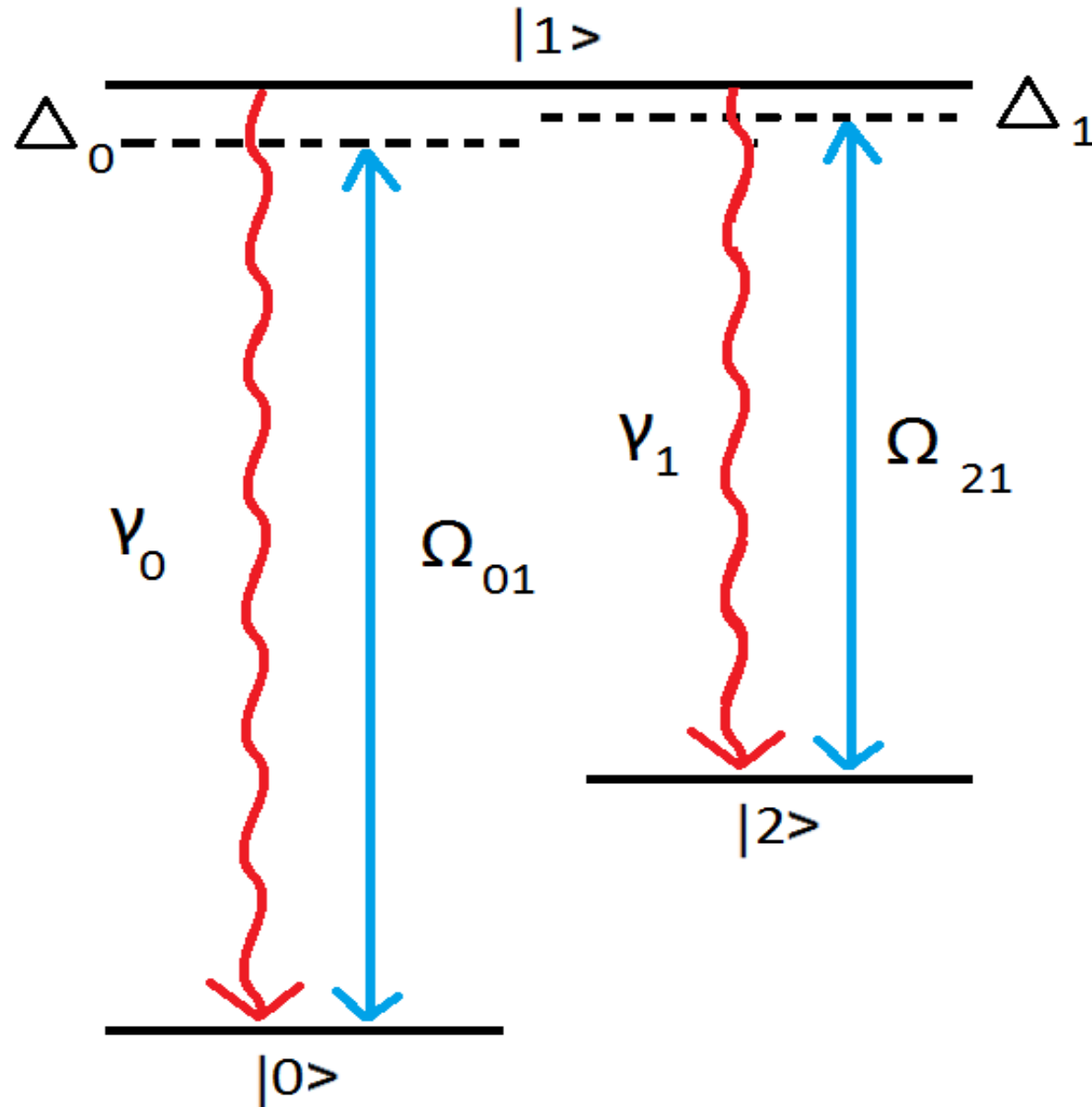
State Purification from Mixed State: Surface Enhanced Control



Effect of Enhancement on Purification

- Surface enhancement can greatly reduced the time and incident field intensity required to reach a desired quantum state
- Surface enhancement allows for the purification of mixed quantum states on a faster timescale (without spontaneous decay to the ground state)

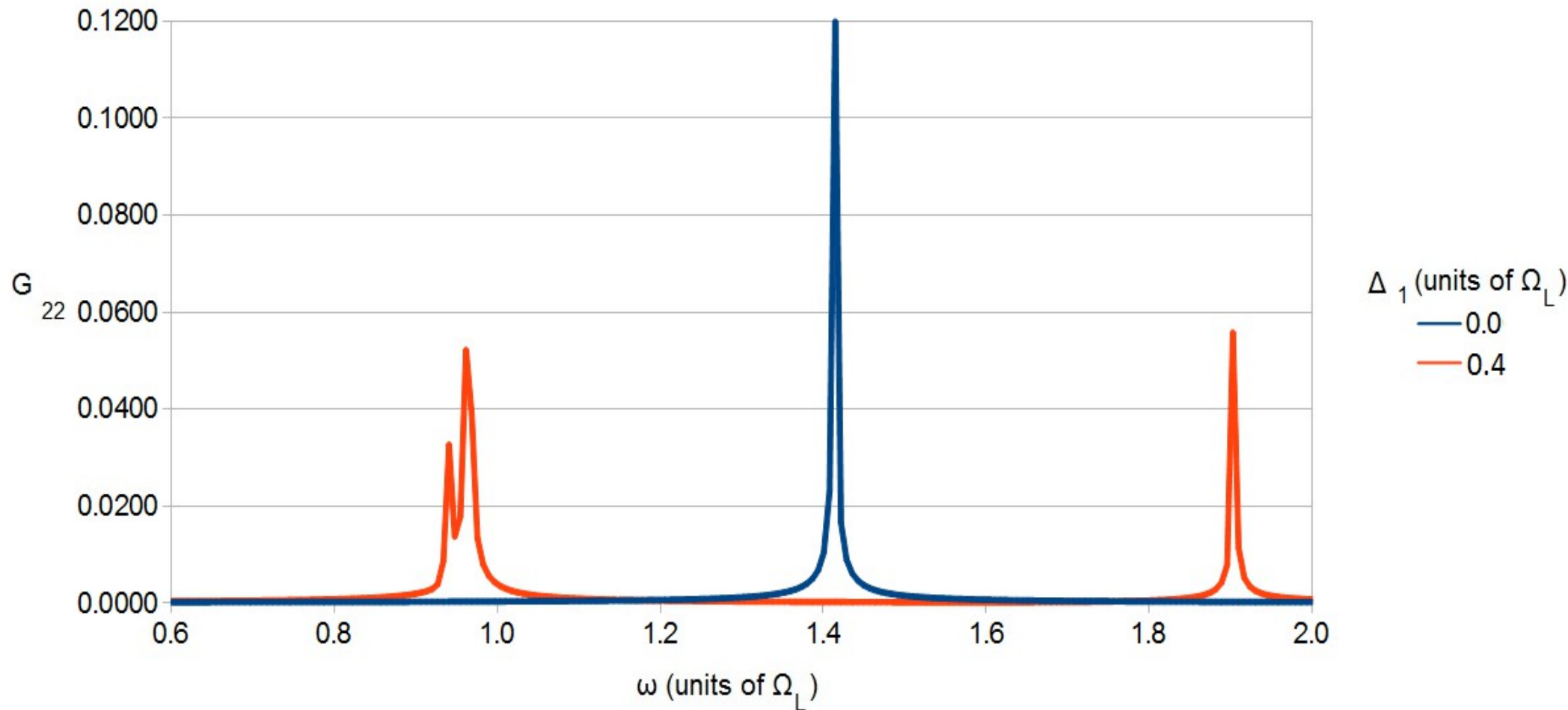
Future Directions: Three-Level System



Intensity-Intensity Correlation Spectra

- Intensity-intensity correlation spectra in driven three-level fluorescent system
- How are these spectra affected by surface enhancement?
- Can we use these spectra to detect changes in the quantum system's environment?

Preliminary Results: Intensity-Intensity Correlation Spectra



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Graduate Opportunities available
Contact rangan@uwindSOR.ca